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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Dean Ornish: The killer American diet that's sweeping the planet | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/dean_ornish_the_killer_am erican_diet_that_s_sweeping_the_planet



All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

legitimate	 <i>adj.</i> accordant with or allowed by law; lawful <i>synonym</i>: lawful, honest, fair (1) a legitimate child, (2) legitimate question Public political demonstrations are considered legitimate rights for citizens.
avian	<i>adj.</i> relating to or characteristic of birds <i>synonym</i> : bird-like, feathered, winged
	(1) avian influenza, (2) avian habitat
	The expert on avian species studied the behavior of different types of birds.
influenza	 n. (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics synonym: grippe, flu
	(1) an epidemic outbreak of influenza , (2) influenza B strain
	The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the
	cause and prevention of influenza.
brilliant	<i>adj.</i> extremely clever, skilled, or impressive <i>synonym</i> : luminous, intelligent, clever

	(1) brilliant idea, (2) brilliant performanceThe more brilliant you are, the more people around you look at you with envy and jealousy.		
pandemic	 <i>n</i>. an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area <i>synonym</i>: outbreak 		
	(1) flu pandemic , (2) global pandemic		
	They fear a pandemic of a new type of virus.		
cardiovascular	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to the heart and blood vessels (= tubes that carry blood around the body)		
	(1) cardiovascular diseases, (2) cardiovascular tissue		
	Smoking places you at severe risk of cardiovascular and respiratory disease.		
disease	 n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems synonym: illness, ailment, affliction 		
	(1) disease prevention, (2) disease control		
	The doctor diagnosed him with a rare disease that had no known cure.		
diabetes	<i>n.</i> a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood		
	(1) juvenile diabetes , (2) diabetes patient		
	My father was tested for diabetes .		
hypertension	 a medical condition characterized by abnormally high blood pressure in the arteries, often leading to an increased risk of heart disease, stroke, and other health problems 		
	synonym: high blood pressure		
	(1) hypertension rate, (2) arterial hypertension		
	To lower hypertension , it is important to maintain a healthy diet and exercise regularly.		

diet	<i>n.</i> the food and drink that a person, animal, or community eats and drinks regularly; a legislative assembly in			
	certain countries, for example, Japan synonym: food, dietary			
	(1) eat a vegetarian diet , (2) Diet approval			
	A balanced diet is more important for health than			
	supplements.			
globalization	 n. the process by which economies, societies, and cultures around the world become increasingly integrated and interconnected through the rapid exchange of goods, services, ideas, and people across international borders synonym: worldwide integration 			
	(1) the rapid pace of globalization , (2) globalization trend			
	The spread of popular culture worldwide is an example of cultural globalization .			
generation	 n. all the people born and living at about the same time, regarded collectively; the production of heat or electricity synonym: cohort, age group, era 			
	(1) generation gap, (2) the generation of electricity			
	The younger generation has different values and beliefs than the older one.			
obesity	 n. the condition of being significantly overweight, typically defined as having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or greater. 			
	synonym: overweight, corpulence, fattiness			
	(1) obesity-related diseases, (2) suffer from obesity			
	The prevalence of obesity has increased significantly in			
	recent years.			
critic	<i>n.</i> someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.			
	synonym: pundit, analyst, attacker			
	(1) art critic, (2) severe critic			
	Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their			

critics.

opportune	<i>adj.</i> suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose<i>synonym</i>: suitable, timely, practical
	(1) opportune occasion, (2) an opportune remark The phone rang at the most opportune time.
	The phone rang at the moot opportane time.
literally	<i>adv.</i> in the real or original meaning of a word or phrase; in a literal sense or way; not figuratively<i>synonym</i>: actually, truly, verily
	(1) translate literally, (2) bite his tongue literally
	He literally jumped out of his chair when he heard the news.
medicinal	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease <i>synonym</i> : curative, therapeutic, healing
	(1) medicinal chemistry, (2) traditional medicinal
	The medicinal properties of this herb have been known to
	help with various ailments.
vessel	n. a ship or large boat synonym: boat, ship, craft
	(1) blood vessels , (2) naval vessels
	The vessel arrived in port the following day.
combine	<i>v.</i> to join or merge to form a single thing or group <i>synonym</i> : coalesce, cohere, blend
	(1) combine chemically with another substance,
	(2) combine augmented reality
	Hydrogen and oxygen combine to form water.
reversible	<i>adj.</i> capable of being turned or done in the opposite direction or way; capable of being reversed or undone
	synonym: invertible, changeable, undoable
	(1) reversible decision, (2) reversible fabrics
	The jacket is reversible so that you can wear it with the fur

lining on the outside or the inside.

technological	<i>adj.</i> based on scientific and industrial progress <i>synonym</i> : specialized, technical
	(1) technological advancement, (2) technological policy
	Technological advances have disrupted many industries.
state-of-the-art	 adj. characterized by the use of the latest and most advanced technology or methods; cutting-edge synonym: advanced, cutting-edge, innovative
	(1) state-of-the-art technology, (2) state-of-the-art software
	The hospital has state-of-the-art equipment and facilities to ensure the best healthcare for its patients.
intervention	 n. the action or process of being done to improve or help a circumstance, often they have not been asked to do so synonym: interference, intercession, treatment
	(1) intervention by foreign powers, (2) surgical
	intervention
	This intervention does not require the patient's consent.
quantitative	 adj. relating to, measuring, or expressing in terms of quantity; involving numerical or statistical data synonym: numerical, measurable
	(1) quantitative tightening, (2) quantitative analysis
	The quantitative research provided statistical evidence to
	support the hypothesis.
artery	 n. one of the thick tubes in humans and most other animals that takes blood away from the heart to one or more parts of the body such as tissues, lungs, brain, etc. synonym: blood vessel, channel, roadway
	(1) artery blockage, (2) risk of coronary artery disease
	Continuous consumption of fatty foods leads to the hardening of the artery .

cardiac	adj. of or relating to the heart or heart disease
	(1) cardiac arrest, (2) cardiac disease
	The cardiac output of a resting adult is around three quarts
	per minute.
pet	n. an animal that you have at home as a companion and treated kindly
	(1) a pet bird, (2) a teacher's pet
	I have a parrot as a pet .
scan	 v. to examine something hastily, with the eyes or with a machine, to get information synonym: look over, scrutinize, browse
	(1) scan the face of the man, (2) scan a document into PDF
	She stood on the podium and scanned an audience.
reverse	 v. to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear synonym: overturn, shift, switch
	(1) reverse the trend, (2) reverse the order
	The restaurant reversed a ban on smoking.
progression	 n. the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward advancement_development_evalution
	synonym: advancement, development, evolution
	(1) progression of civilization, (2) progression of disease
	The company has made great strides in its progression
	toward sustainability.
prostate	 n. a small gland located near the bladder (= an organ located in the lower abdomen) in males that produces fluid that becomes part of semen synonym: gland, bladder
	(1) prostate surgery, (2) enlarged prostate
	Men over the age of 50 are at a higher risk for prostate
	cancer.

cancer	 <i>n</i>. abnormal growth of cells that can invade and destroy surrounding tissues and organs; a disease characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells <i>synonym</i>: tumor, carcinoma, malignancy 		
	(1) cancer diagnosis, (2) cancer research		
	Breast cancer is the most common type of cancer in women.		
regress	 v. to move or develop backward; to return to an earlier or less advanced state or condition; to decline or deteriorate 		
	synonym: retrovert, deteriorate, decline		
	(1) regress to childhood, (2) regress in skills		
	The team's failure to win games has caused them to regress in confidence.		
tumor	 n. a mass of diseased tissue that forms when cells in the body divide and grow in an uncontrolled way synonym: neoplasm, mass, lump 		
	(1) tumor growth, (2) tumor at remote sites		
	The patient was diagnosed with a tumor in her lung.		
inhibit	 v. to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal synonym: deter, hinder, impede 		
	(1) inhibit desires, (2) inhibit tumor growth		
	Excessive parental interference may inhibit children's eagerness to learn.		
spectroscope	<i>n</i> . an optical instrument used for spectrographic analysis (= measurement of properties of light over a specific portion of the electromagnetic spectrum)		
	(1) infrared spectroscope , (2) Fourier spectroscope		
	An X-ray spectroscope can determine the composition of the elements in a sample.		

diminish	 v. to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc. synonym: decline, dwindle, lessen
	(1) diminish a reputation, (2) diminish swelling
	As people get old, their energies may diminish .
epidemic	 n. the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time synonym: outbreak, contagion, plague
	(1) a worldwide epidemic , (2) health epidemic
	The disease is now reaching epidemic proportions in our country.
span	 n. the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers synonym: interval, period, length
	(1) the span of a bird's wings, (2) the average life span
	He slightly modified the span of training because it was just before a match.
pitiful	adj. making people feel sorrow or sympathy; very small or poor
	synonym: miserable, contemptible, sorry
	(1) a pitiful fate, (2) cast pitiful eyes
	We heard their pitiful laments throughout the night.
elect	 v. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something synonym: select, choose, prefer
	(1) elect the school board, (2) elect death
	Every five years, the provincial governors are elected .
obese	 adj. excessively overweight, particularly to the point of being a serious health risk; having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or more
	synonym: overweight, corpulent, plump

	 (1) obese individuals, (2) obese children The doctor warned him that his obese condition put him at risk for numerous health problems. 			
devolve	 v. to transfer or delegate responsibility, power, or authority to someone else, often as a result of a process or procedure; to degrade, deteriorate, or regress to a less advanced or more primitive state or form synonym: degenerate, drop, decline 			
	(1) devolve into chaos, (2) devolve his rights			
	As time has passed, the responsibility has devolved to the younger generation.			
crunch	 n. a loud, crackling noise made by something being crushed or broken; a difficult or critical situation synonym: crushing, snapping, crisis 			
	(1) financial crunch , (2) a gas crunch			
	The crunch of the leaves underfoot was heard as they			
	walked through the park.			
convenient	<i>adj.</i> useful, helpful, or quick to do <i>synonym</i> : timely, fortunate, suitable			
	(1) convenient way, (2) convenient location			
	The airport offers five convenient access routes.			
advisory	<i>adj.</i> giving advice or suggestions on a particular matter; having the function of providing recommendations or guidance			
	synonym: consultative, recommendatory			
	(1) advisory committee, (2) environmental advisory			
	The travel agent provided advisory services to the clients.			
revenue	 n. the income that a government receives from taxes or that a company earns from its business synonym: earnings, payment, remuneration 			
	(1) tax revenue , (2) annual revenue			

This graph indicates the city's tourism **revenue** over five years.

malaria

n. a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito

(1) malaria mosquitoes, (2) malaria-endemic areaMany people in tropical countries die from malaria every year.

Session 2: Spelling

1.	severe crc	n.	someone who expresses opinions
			about the quality of books, music, etc.
2.	carlar diseases	adj.	of or relating to the heart and blood vessels (= tubes that carry blood around the body)
3.	quaive analysis	adj.	relating to, measuring, or expressing in terms of quantity; involving numerical or statistical data
4.	sn a document into PDF	v.	to examine something hastily, with the eyes or with a machine, to get information
5.	health epic	n.	the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time
6.	ary blockage	n.	one of the thick tubes in humans and most other animals that takes blood away from the heart to one or more parts of the body such as tissues, lungs, brain, etc.
7.	quaive tightening	adj.	relating to, measuring, or expressing in terms of quantity; involving numerical or statistical data
8.	meal chemistry	adj.	of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
9.	proon of disease	n.	the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward

ANSWERS: 1. critic, 2. cardiovascular, 3. quantitative, 4. scan, 5. epidemic, 6. artery, 7. quantitative, 8. medicinal, 9. progression

10. car research	n.	abnormal growth of cells that can invade and destroy surrounding tissues and organs; a disease characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells
11. intion by foreign powers	n.	the action or process of being done to improve or help a circumstance, often they have not been asked to do so
12. surgical intion	n.	the action or process of being done to improve or help a circumstance, often they have not been asked to do so
13. a teacher's p_t	n.	an animal that you have at home as a companion and treated kindly
14. the sn of a bird's wings	n.	the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers
15. legte question	adj.	accordant with or allowed by law; lawful
16. opne occasion	adj.	suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
17. connt way	adj.	useful, helpful, or quick to do
18. Fourier speope	n.	an optical instrument used for spectrographic analysis (= measurement of properties of light over a specific portion of the electromagnetic spectrum)
19. dies patient	n.	a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood

ANSWERS: 10. cancer, 11. intervention, 12. intervention, 13. pet, 14. span, 15. legitimate, 16. opportune, 17. convenient, 18. spectroscope, 19. diabetes

20. cac disease	adj.	of or relating to the heart or heart disease
21. car diagnosis	n.	abnormal growth of cells that can invade and destroy surrounding tissues and organs; a disease characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells
22. a pil fate	adj.	making people feel sorrow or sympathy; very small or poor
23. coe augmented reality	<i>V</i> .	to join or merge to form a single thing or group
24. a gas crh	n.	a loud, crackling noise made by something being crushed or broken; a difficult or critical situation
25. res in skills	ν.	to move or develop backward; to return to an earlier or less advanced state or condition; to decline or deteriorate
26. oby-related diseases	n.	the condition of being significantly overweight, typically defined as having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or greater.
27. teccal policy	adj.	based on scientific and industrial progress
28. die control	n.	a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
29. maa mosquitoes	n.	a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito

ANSWERS: 20. cardiac, 21. cancer, 22. pitiful, 23. combine, 24. crunch, 25. regress, 26. obesity, 27. technological, 28. disease, 29. malaria

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ANSWERS: 30. diminish, 31. cardiovascular, 32. globalization, 33. technological, 34. diet, 35. brilliant, 36. tumor, 37. hypertension, 38. diet

39.	translate lily	adv.	in the real or original meaning of a word or phrase; in a literal sense or way; not figuratively
40.	naval vels	n.	a ship or large boat
41.	juvenile dies	n.	a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood
42.	avn influenza	adj.	relating to or characteristic of birds
43.	int tumor growth	v.	to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
44.	genon gap	n.	all the people born and living at about the same time, regarded collectively; the production of heat or electricity
45.	tax ree	n.	the income that a government receives from taxes or that a company earns from its business
46.	an opne remark	adj.	suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
47.	sn the face of the man	v.	to examine something hastily, with the eyes or with a machine, to get information
48.	a worldwide epic	n.	the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time
49.	inza B strain	n.	(formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

ANSWERS: 39. literally, 40. vessel, 41. diabetes, 42. avian, 43. inhibit, 44. generation, 45. revenue, 46. opportune, 47. scan, 48. epidemic, 49. influenza

50.	environmental adry	adj.	giving advice or suggestions on a particular matter; having the function of providing recommendations or guidance
51.	ree the trend	ν.	to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear
52.	int desires	v.	to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
53.	blood vels	n.	a ship or large boat
54.	prte surgery	n.	a small gland located near the bladder (= an organ located in the lower abdomen) in males that produces fluid that becomes part of semen
55.	risk of coronary ary disease	n.	one of the thick tubes in humans and most other animals that takes blood away from the heart to one or more parts of the body such as tissues, lungs, brain, etc.
56.	a p_t bird	n.	an animal that you have at home as a companion and treated kindly
57.	a legte child	adj.	accordant with or allowed by law; lawful
58.	dee his rights	V.	to transfer or delegate responsibility, power, or authority to someone else, often as a result of a process or procedure; to degrade, deteriorate, or regress to a less advanced or more primitive state or form

ANSWERS: 50. advisory, 51. reverse, 52. inhibit, 53. vessel, 54. prostate, 55. artery, 56. pet, 57. legitimate, 58. devolve

59.	avn habitat	adj.	relating to or characteristic of birds
60.	the genon of electricity	n.	all the people born and living at about the same time, regarded collectively; the production of heat or electricity
61.	dee into chaos	v.	to transfer or delegate responsibility, power, or authority to someone else, often as a result of a process or procedure; to degrade, deteriorate, or regress to a less advanced or more primitive state or form
62.	annual ree	n.	the income that a government receives from taxes or that a company earns from its business
63.	financial crh	n.	a loud, crackling noise made by something being crushed or broken; a difficult or critical situation
64.	cac arrest	adj.	of or relating to the heart or heart disease
65.	bite his tongue lily	adv.	in the real or original meaning of a word or phrase; in a literal sense or way; not figuratively
66.	elt death	v.	to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
67.	brnt performance	adj.	extremely clever, skilled, or impressive
68.	an epidemic outbreak of inza	n.	(formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

ANSWERS: 59. avian, 60. generation, 61. devolve, 62. revenue, 63. crunch, 64. cardiac, 65. literally, 66. elect, 67. brilliant, 68. influenza

69. suffer from oby	n.	the condition of being significantly overweight, typically defined as having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or greater.
70. staart software	adj.	characterized by the use of the latest and most advanced technology or methods; cutting-edge
71. maa-endemic area	n.	a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
72. global paic	n.	an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area
73. res to childhood	ν.	to move or develop backward; to return to an earlier or less advanced state or condition; to decline or deteriorate
74. connt location	adj.	useful, helpful, or quick to do
75. the average life sn	n.	the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers
76. obe individuals	adj.	excessively overweight, particularly to the point of being a serious health risk; having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or more
77. adry committee	adj.	giving advice or suggestions on a particular matter; having the function of providing recommendations or guidance
78. obe children	adj.	excessively overweight, particularly to the point of being a serious health risk; having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or more

ANSWERS: 69. obesity, 70. state-of-the-art, 71. malaria, 72. pandemic, 73. regress, 74. convenient, 75. span, 76. obese, 77. advisory, 78. obese

79. infrared speope	n.	an optical instrument used for spectrographic analysis (= measurement of properties of light over a specific portion of the electromagnetic spectrum)
80. proon of civilization	n.	the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
81. die prevention	n.	a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
82. coe chemically with another substance	v.	to join or merge to form a single thing or group
83. the rapid pace of gloion	n.	the process by which economies, societies, and cultures around the world become increasingly integrated and interconnected through the rapid exchange of goods, services, ideas, and people across international borders
84. flu paic	n.	an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area
85. tur growth	n.	a mass of diseased tissue that forms when cells in the body divide and grow in an uncontrolled way
86. elt the school board	v.	to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
87. cast pil eyes	adj.	making people feel sorrow or sympathy; very small or poor

ANSWERS: 79. spectroscope, 80. progression, 81. disease, 82. combine, 83. globalization, 84. pandemic, 85. tumor, 86. elect, 87. pitiful

88. revle fabrics	<i>adj.</i> capable of being turned or done in the opposite direction or way; capable of being reversed or undone
89. revle decision	<i>adj.</i> capable of being turned or done in the opposite direction or way; capable of being reversed or undone
90. dish swelling	 v. to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc.
91. art crc	 n. someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
92. staart technology	 adj. characterized by the use of the latest and most advanced technology or methods; cutting-edge
93. arterial hypion	<i>n.</i> a medical condition characterized by abnormally high blood pressure in the arteries, often leading to an increased risk of heart disease, stroke, and other health problems
94. traditional meal	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
95. enlarged prte	 a small gland located near the bladder (= an organ located in the lower abdomen) in males that produces fluid that becomes part of semen
96. ree the order	 v. to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear

ANSWERS: 88. reversible, 89. reversible, 90. diminish, 91. critic, 92. state-of-the-art, 93. hypertension, 94. medicinal, 95. prostate, 96. reverse

ANSWERS:

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. The spread of popular culture worldwide is an example of cultural
- *n.* the process by which economies, societies, and cultures around the world become increasingly integrated and interconnected through the rapid exchange of goods, services, ideas, and people across international borders
- 2. The doctor diagnosed him with a rare _____ that had no known cure.
- *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
- 3. I have a parrot as a ____.
- *n.* an animal that you have at home as a companion and treated kindly
- 4. Public political demonstrations are considered ______ rights for citizens. *adj.* accordant with or allowed by law; lawful
- 5. We heard their _____ laments throughout the night.
- adj. making people feel sorrow or sympathy; very small or poor
- 6. Men over the age of 50 are at a higher risk for _____ cancer.
- *n*. a small gland located near the bladder (= an organ located in the lower abdomen) in males that produces fluid that becomes part of semen
- 7. Continuous consumption of fatty foods leads to the hardening of the _____.
- *n.* one of the thick tubes in humans and most other animals that takes blood away from the heart to one or more parts of the body such as tissues, lungs, brain, etc.

ANSWERS: 1. globalization, 2. disease, 3. pet, 4. legitimate, 5. pitiful, 6. prostate, 7. artery

- 8. The jacket is ______ so that you can wear it with the fur lining on the outside or the inside.
 - *adj.* capable of being turned or done in the opposite direction or way; capable of being reversed or undone
- 9. The expert on _____ species studied the behavior of different types of birds.

adj. relating to or characteristic of birds

- 10. To lower ______ it is important to maintain a healthy diet and exercise regularly.
 - *n.* a medical condition characterized by abnormally high blood pressure in the arteries, often leading to an increased risk of heart disease, stroke, and other health problems
- 11. The phone rang at the most ______ time.
- *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
- 12. The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of _____.
- *n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
- 13. A balanced _____ is more important for health than supplements.
- *n.* the food and drink that a person, animal, or community eats and drinks regularly; a legislative assembly in certain countries, for example, Japan
- 14. An X-ray ______ can determine the composition of the elements in a sample.
- *n.* an optical instrument used for spectrographic analysis (= measurement of properties of light over a specific portion of the electromagnetic spectrum)

ANSWERS: 8. reversible, 9. avian, 10. hypertension, 11. opportune, 12. influenza, 13. diet, 14. spectroscope

- 15. The doctor warned him that his _____ condition put him at risk for numerous health problems.
- *adj.* excessively overweight, particularly to the point of being a serious health risk; having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or more
- 16. Excessive parental interference may _____ children's eagerness to learn.
- v. to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
- 17. The hospital has ______ equipment and facilities to ensure the best healthcare for its patients.
- *adj.* characterized by the use of the latest and most advanced technology or methods; cutting-edge
- 18. The disease is now reaching ______ proportions in our country.
- *n.* the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time
- 19. _____ advances have disrupted many industries.
- *adj.* based on scientific and industrial progress
- 20. The _____ arrived in port the following day.
- *n.* a ship or large boat
- 21. The younger ______ has different values and beliefs than the older one.
- *n.* all the people born and living at about the same time, regarded collectively; the production of heat or electricity
- 22. The ______ output of a resting adult is around three quarts per minute.
- adj. of or relating to the heart or heart disease

ANSWERS: 15. obese, 16. inhibit, 17. state-of-the-art, 18. epidemic, 19. Technological, 20. vessel, 21. generation, 22. cardiac

- 23. The company has made great strides in its ______ toward sustainability.
- *n.* the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
- 24. The airport offers five ______ access routes.
- adj. useful, helpful, or quick to do
- 25. My father was tested for _____.
- *n.* a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood
- 26. This ______ does not require the patient's consent.
- *n.* the action or process of being done to improve or help a circumstance, often they have not been asked to do so
- 27. The team's failure to win games has caused them to _____ in confidence.
- *v.* to move or develop backward; to return to an earlier or less advanced state or condition; to decline or deteriorate
- 28. They fear a _____ of a new type of virus.
- *n.* an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area
- 29. Hydrogen and oxygen _____ to form water.
 - *v.* to join or merge to form a single thing or group
- 30. She stood on the podium and _____ an audience.
- *v.* to examine something hastily, with the eyes or with a machine, to get information
- 31. The patient was diagnosed with a _____ in her lung.
- *n.* a mass of diseased tissue that forms when cells in the body divide and grow in an uncontrolled way

ANSWERS: 23. progression, 24. convenient, 25. diabetes, 26. intervention, 27. regress, 28. pandemic, 29. combine, 30. scanned, 31. tumor

- 32. He ______ jumped out of his chair when he heard the news.
- *adv.* in the real or original meaning of a word or phrase; in a literal sense or way; not figuratively
- 33. As people get old, their energies may _____.
- v. to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc.
- 34. The ______ of the leaves underfoot was heard as they walked through the park.
- *n.* a loud, crackling noise made by something being crushed or broken; a difficult or critical situation
- 35. The restaurant ______ a ban on smoking.
 - *v.* to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear
- Every five years, the provincial governors are _____.
- *v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
- 37. Smoking places you at severe risk of ______ and respiratory disease.
- *adj.* of or relating to the heart and blood vessels (= tubes that carry blood around the body)
- 38. The ______ research provided statistical evidence to support the hypothesis.
- *adj.* relating to, measuring, or expressing in terms of quantity; involving numerical or statistical data
- 39. The more ______ you are, the more people around you look at you with envy and jealousy.
- adj. extremely clever, skilled, or impressive

ANSWERS: 32. literally, 33. diminish, 34. crunch, 35. reversed, 36. elected, 37. cardiovascular, 38. quantitative, 39. brilliant

- 40. He slightly modified the _____ of training because it was just before a match.
 - *n.* the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers
- 41. Many people in tropical countries die from _____ every year.
- *n*. a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
- 42. Breast _____ is the most common type of cancer in women.
- *n.* abnormal growth of cells that can invade and destroy surrounding tissues and organs; a disease characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells
- 43. This graph indicates the city's tourism _____ over five years.
- *n.* the income that a government receives from taxes or that a company earns from its business
- 44. The ______ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.
- *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
- 45. The travel agent provided ______ services to the clients.
- *adj.* giving advice or suggestions on a particular matter; having the function of providing recommendations or guidance
- 46. The prevalence of _____ has increased significantly in recent years.
 - *n.* the condition of being significantly overweight, typically defined as having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or greater.
- 47. Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their _____.
- *n.* someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.

ANSWERS: 40. span, 41. malaria, 42. cancer, 43. revenue, 44. medicinal, 45. advisory, 46. obesity, 47. critics

- 48. As time has passed, the responsibility has _____ to the younger generation.
 - v. to transfer or delegate responsibility, power, or authority to someone else, often as a result of a process or procedure; to degrade, deteriorate, or regress to a less advanced or more primitive state or form

ANSWERS: 48. devolved