

# Englist.me



## Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Howard Rheingold: The new power of collaboration | TED Talk

[https://www.ted.com/talks/howard\\_rheingold\\_the\\_new\\_power\\_of\\_collaboration](https://www.ted.com/talks/howard_rheingold_the_new_power_of_collaboration)

### Advanced Words Only

#### IMPORTANT

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## Session 1: Word List

### enlist

*v.* to sign up to serve in the military or a particular organization

*synonym* : join, sign up, appoint

(1) **enlist** in a cause, (2) **enlist** for a soldier

He decided to **enlist** in the military after graduating from high school.

### reshape

*v.* to change the form or structure of something

*synonym* : alter, adjust, modify

(1) **reshape** education policy, (2) **reshape** my thoughts

The advent of the Internet completely **reshaped** the manufacturing industry.

### humming

*adj.* producing a continuous, low, vibrating sound like that of the bee

*synonym* : buzzing, droning, vibrating

(1) **humming** sound, (2) **humming** bird

The **humming** of the bees filled the air as she walked through the garden.

### critter

*n.* a small or unimportant creature or animal, often used in a familiar or affectionate way

*synonym* : animal, creature, beast

(1) cute **critter**, (2) wild **critter**

During their camping trip, the kids were excited to go **critter** hunting in the woods.

## interdependent

*adj.* depending on each other; mutually reliant or interconnected

*synonym*: interconnected, interrelated, mutual

(1) **interdependent** systems, (2) develop **interdependent** skills

In nature, all living things are **interdependent** and rely on each other for survival.

## nomadic

*adj.* moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time

*synonym*: mobile, migratory, wandering

(1) **nomadic** life, (2) **nomadic** herdsmen

This desert is the territory of **nomadic** tribes.

## mastodon

*n.* a large, extinct elephant-like mammal that lived during the Pleistocene epoch, characterized by its long curved tusks and massive size

(1) **mastodon** fossils, (2) prehistoric **mastodon**

Archaeologists recently discovered **mastodon** bones in North America, proving that these animals once inhabited this region.

## rot

*v.* to decay, or cause something to decay, naturally and gradually

*synonym*: perish, decay, corrode

(1) begin to **rot**, (2) **rot** with age

Please refrigerate the meat, or it will **rot**.

## literate

*adj.* having the ability to read and write; possessing knowledge or understanding of a particular subject or topic

*synonym*: educated, well-read, knowledgeable

(1) **literate** population, (2) digitally **literate**

Being **literate** in multiple languages can open up many opportunities for travel and work.

## protestant

*adj.* a member of a Western Christian church that is separate from the Roman Catholic Church and that is based on the teachings of Martin Luther and other Reformers

*synonym* : reformed, evangelical, nonconformist

(1) hard-line **Protestant**, (2) **protestant** theology

The **Protestant** church was the dominant religion in the area.

## crossroad

*n.* a place where two or more roads or paths cross or intersect; a point of decision or choice, often involving significant consequences

*synonym* : intersection, junction, fork

(1) critical **crossroad**, (2) major **crossroad**

I'm at a career **crossroads** and unsure which path to take.

## bookkeeping

*n.* the practice of recording and classifying financial transactions in a systematic way

*synonym* : accounting, record-keeping, reckoning

(1) **bookkeeping** software, (2) **bookkeeping** system

**Bookkeeping** errors can lead to inaccurate financial reporting and potential legal issues.

## tether

*v.* to tie or secure an animal, person, or object with a rope, chain, or other similar devices to prevent it from moving too far away; (noun) a rope or chain used to tie up or restrain an animal, such as a horse or dog

*synonym* : tie, fasten, secure

(1) **tether** a horse, (2) **tether** strap

The hiker **tethered** their dog to a tree while they camped for the night.

## supercomputer

*n.* a computer with a high level of computing power and speed, typically used for scientific or engineering computations that require immense amounts of data

processing

*synonym*: high-performance computer, mainframe, giant computer

(1) **supercomputer** performance, (2) **supercomputer** technology

China has developed one of the world's fastest **supercomputers** for its space program.

## sociologist

*n.* a person who studies the institutions and development of human society

(1) religious **sociologist**, (2) French **sociologist**

**Sociologist** studies the changes in family structure due to modernization.

## payoff

*n.* the outcome or result of an action or series of actions; the return or reward gained from an investment, effort, or risk

*synonym*: reward, compensation, return

(1) financial **payoff**, (2) emotional **payoff**

The **payoff** for all my hard work was finally getting a promotion.

## ancestor

*n.* a person from whom one is descended; a forefather

*synonym*: forebear, forefather, progenitor

(1) **ancestor** language, (2) earliest human **ancestor**

My remote **ancestor** immigrated to the United States from Ireland in the 1800s.

## ultimatum

*n.* a final demand or proposal presented by one party to another, usually with a threat of serious consequences if the terms are not met

*synonym*: demand, requirement, condition

(1) **ultimatum** deadline, (2) an **ultimatum** for their rebellious teenager

The company issued an **ultimatum** to its employees, demanding a pay cut or face layoffs.

## neoclassical

*adj.* relating to a revival of classic forms, styles, or ideas, especially those of ancient Greek and Roman art and architecture, that emerged in the late 18th and early 19th centuries

(1) **neoclassical** economics, (2) **neoclassical** music

The **neoclassical** style of architecture is characterized by symmetry and simplicity.

## irrational

*adj.* not based on, or not using reason or clear thinking; (mathematics) a real number that cannot be expressed as the ratio of two integers

*synonym*: illogical, ludicrous, senseless

(1) an **irrational** request, (2) **irrational** numbers

They continued to endure **irrational** treatment by the dictatorship.

## innate

*adj.* existing naturally or from birth; inherent or inborn; not acquired or learned through experience

*synonym*: natural, inherent, inborn

(1) **innate** ability, (2) **innate** quality

The belief in **innate** human goodness is a common philosophical concept.

## anthropology

*n.* the scientific study of humanity, concerned with human behavior, human biology, cultures, societies, and linguistics in both the present and past, including past human species

(1) social **anthropology**, (2) **anthropology** of religion

The areas of **anthropology** and psychology are significantly related to one another.

## overpopulation

*n.* a situation in which the number of people or living organisms in a particular area or environment exceeds the carrying capacity or resources of that area or environment

*synonym*: population explosion, demographic burden, overcrowding

(1) **overpopulation** problem, (2) **overpopulation** crisis  
Many animal species are at risk of extinction due to human **overpopulation** and habitat destruction.

## graze

*v.* to feed on grass or other vegetation, especially by nibbling at it repeatedly; to break the skin of a body part by scraping

*synonym*: nibble, feed, scrape

(1) turn cattle out to **graze**, (2) **graze** the left shoulder  
The sheep **graze** on the green grass in the meadow.

## depletion

*n.* the reduction of something, especially a natural resource, to a critically low level

*synonym*: exhaustion, deficiency, reduction

(1) **depletion** of bodily fluids, (2) **depletion** of ozone  
The **depletion** of natural resources is a major concern for environmentalists.

## gloomy

*adj.* characterized by a lack of light or sunshine, resulting in a dark or dim atmosphere; feeling despondent, dismal, or melancholy

*synonym*: melancholy, dismal, dreary

(1) **gloomy** mood, (2) **gloomy** expression

The **gloomy** weather made staying motivated and happy throughout the day hard.

## despoil

*v.* to strip or plunder something of its possessions or resources; to deprive or rob something of its natural or valuable qualities; to ruin the appearance or integrity of something

*synonym*: plunder, ravage, loot

(1) **despoil** the natural resources, (2) **despoiled** land

The company's practice of using cheap materials to cut costs will **despoil** the quality of the final product.

## restrain

*v.* to prevent or hold back from doing something, often by physical or moral force; to limit or restrict one's actions

or behavior; to control or moderate strong emotions or impulses

*synonym* : restrict, limit, control

(1) **restrain** from violence, (2) **restrain** a child

The police had to **restrain** the suspect after he became violent during the arrest.

## multiplayer

*adj.* referring to a mode of play or game that involves multiple players, often competing or collaborating, typically over a computer network or online

*synonym* : multiuser, collaborative, team-based

(1) **multiplayer** game, (2) **multiplayer** experience

The game has a **multiplayer** mode where you can play with friends online.

## symbiosis

*n.* a close, prolonged association between two or more different species of organisms, typically to the advantage of all

*synonym* : cooperation, interdependence, mutualism

(1) industrial **symbiosis**, (2) **symbiosis** establishment

The **symbiosis** between the coral and the algae is an important example of mutualism.

## overturn

*v.* to turn something upside down; to upset

*synonym* : flip over, upset, topple

(1) **overturn** a decision, (2) **overturn** a table

The court **overturned** the original verdict.

## pun

*n.* a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay

*synonym* : joke, quip, wordplay

(1) witty **pun**, (2) silly **pun**

The comedian's **pun** had the audience laughing out loud.

## altruistic

*adj.* showing a selfless and disinterested concern for the happiness and well-being of other people

*synonym* : selfless, benevolent, philanthropic

(1) **altruistic** behavior, (2) **altruistic** instincts in social animals

The company tried to build an **altruistic** image.

## socialism

*n.* a political and economic theory or system that advocates for the collective ownership and control of the means of production and distribution of goods, aiming for a more equitable and just society; a system that aims to reduce economic inequalities and prioritize the welfare of the community as a whole

*synonym* : communism, collectivism, equality

(1) non-Marxist **socialism**, (2) the rise of **socialism**

The professor held a seminar on the principles of democratic **socialism** and its impact on modern European countries.

## supple

*adj.* flexible and easy to bend or move; gracefully agile; adaptable or responsive to change or new ideas

*synonym* : flexible, pliable, bendable

(1) **supple** muscles, (2) **supple** leather

The ballerina's **supple** movements left the audience mesmerized.

## altruism

*n.* the belief or practice of disinterested and selfless concern for the well-being of others; unselfish devotion to the welfare of others often expressed as acts of kindness or charity

*synonym* : selflessness, philanthropy, generosity

(1) acts of **altruism**, (2) **altruism** in society

His act of volunteering at the homeless shelter was a clear example of practical **altruism**.

## bureaucracy

*n.* a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives

*synonym* : administration, government, system

(1) government **bureaucracy**, (2) arbitrary **bureaucracy**



The bumbling **bureaucracy** made it difficult to get the permits we needed.

## enrich

*v.* to make better or improve in quality by adding something else

*synonym*: enhance, improve, augment

(1) **enrich** a gas with a balloon, (2) **enrich** public services

Reading not only increases knowledge but also **enriches** life.

## suboptimal

*adj.* not the best or ideal option or solution; falling short of the optimal or desired outcome or result

*synonym*: inferior, unsatisfactory, imperfect

(1) **suboptimal** outcome, (2) **suboptimal** performance

The company's decision to cut corners on safety measures resulted in **suboptimal** working conditions for their employees.

## trustworthy

*adj.* reliable and dependable

*synonym*: reliable, dependable, honest

(1) **trustworthy** ally, (2) **trustworthy** source

People tend to believe **trustworthy** friends with their secrets.

## Wikipedia

*n.* an online encyclopedia that allows users to contribute and edit articles collaboratively; a vast and frequently updated repository of information on a wide range of topics

*synonym*: online encyclopedia, webpedia

(1) **Wikipedia** entry, (2) **Wikipedia** article

Not all teachers accept citing **Wikipedia** as a valid source for academic papers.

## hydrate

*v.* to add water or moisture to something; to drink enough fluids to maintain proper moisture; (noun) any compound that contains water of crystallization

*synonym*: moisturize, water, rehydrate

(1) **hydrate** my skin, (2) acid **hydrate**

She drank water to **hydrate** her body.

## cholera

*n.* a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes

*synonym* : infectious disease, epidemic, plague

(1) **cholera** toxin, (2) **cholera** epidemic

The outbreak of **cholera** was a major health crisis in the 19th century.

## illiterate

*adj.* unable to read or write; lacking basic education and knowledge in reading and writing

*synonym* : unlettered, uneducated, unschooled

(1) **illiterate** population, (2) computer- **illiterate**

Despite attending school, he remained **illiterate** and unable to read or write.

## foreigner

*n.* a person who is not a citizen or national of the country they are in; someone from a different country, culture, or origin

*synonym* : outsider, alien, immigrant

(1) **foreigner** visa, (2) unknown **foreigner**

She faced some challenges as a **foreigner** in the business world but was soon respected for her expertise.

## microorganism

*n.* a very small living thing that may exist in its single-celled form or as a colony of cells and is too small to be seen without a microscope

*synonym* : germ, microbe, bacterium

(1) pathogenic **microorganism**, (2) **microorganisms** in his gut

This **microorganism** is a producer of respiratory disease.

## Session 2: Spelling

- |                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1. an irr_____al request      | <i>adj.</i> not based on, or not using reason or clear thinking; (mathematics) a real number that cannot be expressed as the ratio of two integers                                    |
| 2. arbitrary bur_____cy       | <i>n.</i> a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives  |
| 3. hy_____e my skin           | <i>v.</i> to add water or moisture to something; to drink enough fluids to maintain proper moisture; (noun) any compound that contains water of crystallization                       |
| 4. computer-ill_____te        | <i>adj.</i> unable to read or write; lacking basic education and knowledge in reading and writing   |
| 5. tru_____hy ally            | <i>adj.</i> reliable and dependable   |
| 6. de_____on of bodily fluids | <i>n.</i> the reduction of something, especially a natural resource, to a critically low level  |
| 7. Wi_____ia article          | <i>n.</i> an online encyclopedia that allows users to contribute and edit articles collaboratively; a vast and frequently updated repository of information on a wide range of topics |
| 8. an_____or language         | <i>n.</i> a person from whom one is descended; a forefather   |
| 9. ov_____rn a decision       | <i>v.</i> to turn something upside down; to upset   |

ANSWERS: 1. irrational, 2. bureaucracy, 3. hydrate, 4. illiterate, 5. trustworthy, 6. depletion, 7. Wikipedia, 8. ancestor, 9. overturn

10. en\_\_\_h public services *v.* to make better or improve in quality by adding something else
11. sup\_\_\_\_\_ter performance *n.* a computer with a high level of computing power and speed, typically used for scientific or engineering computations that require immense amounts of data processing
12. emotional pa\_\_\_f *n.* the outcome or result of an action or series of actions; the return or reward gained from an investment, effort, or risk
13. social ant\_\_\_\_\_ogy *n.* the scientific study of humanity, concerned with human behavior, human biology, cultures, societies, and linguistics in both the present and past, including past human species
14. silly p\_n *n.* a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay
15. alt\_\_\_\_\_ic behavior *adj.* showing a selfless and disinterested concern for the happiness and well-being of other people
16. ch\_\_\_\_\_a toxin *n.* a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes
17. fo\_\_\_\_\_er visa *n.* a person who is not a citizen or national of the country they are in; someone from a different country, culture, or origin

ANSWERS: 10. enrich, 11. supercomputer, 12. payoff, 13. anthropology, 14. pun, 15. altruistic, 16. cholera, 17. foreigner

18. unknown fo\_\_\_\_\_er *n.* a person who is not a citizen or national of the country they are in; someone from a different country, culture, or origin
19. financial pa\_\_\_\_f *n.* the outcome or result of an action or series of actions; the return or reward gained from an investment, effort, or risk
20. hu\_\_\_\_\_g bird *adj.* producing a continuous, low, vibrating sound like that of the bee
21. religious soc\_\_\_\_\_st *n.* a person who studies the institutions and development of human society
22. earliest human an\_\_\_\_\_or *n.* a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
23. neo\_\_\_\_\_cal music *adj.* relating to a revival of classic forms, styles, or ideas, especially those of ancient Greek and Roman art and architecture, that emerged in the late 18th and early 19th centuries
24. de\_\_\_\_\_l the natural resources *v.* to strip or plunder something of its possessions or resources; to deprive or rob something of its natural or valuable qualities; to ruin the appearance or integrity of something
25. mul\_\_\_\_\_er experience *adj.* referring to a mode of play or game that involves multiple players, often competing or collaborating, typically over a computer network or online
26. sub\_\_\_\_\_al outcome *adj.* not the best or ideal option or solution; falling short of the optimal or desired outcome or result

ANSWERS: 18. foreigner, 19. payoff, 20. humming, 21. sociologist, 22. ancestor, 23. neoclassical, 24. despoil, 25. multiplayer, 26. suboptimal

27. al\_\_\_\_sm in society *n.* the belief or practice of disinterested and selfless concern for the well-being of others; unselfish devotion to the welfare of others often expressed as acts of kindness or charity
28. begin to r\_t *v.* to decay, or cause something to decay, naturally and gradually
29. pro\_\_\_\_\_nt theology *adj.* a member of a Western Christian church that is separate from the Roman Catholic Church and that is based on the teachings of Martin Luther and other Reformers
30. major cr\_\_\_\_\_ad *n.* a place where two or more roads or paths cross or intersect; a point of decision or choice, often involving significant consequences
31. gl\_\_\_y mood *adj.* characterized by a lack of light or sunshine, resulting in a dark or dim atmosphere; feeling despondent, dismal, or melancholy
32. digitally li\_\_\_\_\_te *adj.* having the ability to read and write; possessing knowledge or understanding of a particular subject or topic
33. no\_\_\_\_\_c life *adj.* moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time
34. acid hy\_\_\_\_\_e *v.* to add water or moisture to something; to drink enough fluids to maintain proper moisture; (noun) any compound that contains water of crystallization

ANSWERS: 27. altruism, 28. rot, 29. protestant, 30. crossroad, 31. gloomy, 32. literate, 33. nomadic, 34. hydrate

35. sup\_\_\_\_\_ter technology *n.* a computer with a high level of computing power and speed, typically used for scientific or engineering computations that require immense amounts of data processing
36. ove\_\_\_\_\_ion problem *n.* a situation in which the number of people or living organisms in a particular area or environment exceeds the carrying capacity or resources of that area or environment
37. de\_\_\_\_\_on of ozone *n.* the reduction of something, especially a natural resource, to a critically low level
38. witty p\_n *n.* a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay
39. su\_\_\_e leather *adj.* flexible and easy to bend or move; gracefully agile; adaptable or responsive to change or new ideas
40. alt\_\_\_\_\_ic instincts in social animals *adj.* showing a selfless and disinterested concern for the happiness and well-being of other people
41. acts of al\_\_\_\_\_sm *n.* the belief or practice of disinterested and selfless concern for the well-being of others; unselfish devotion to the welfare of others often expressed as acts of kindness or charity
42. Wi\_\_\_\_\_ia entry *n.* an online encyclopedia that allows users to contribute and edit articles collaboratively; a vast and frequently updated repository of information on a wide range of topics

ANSWERS: 35. supercomputer, 36. overpopulation, 37. depletion, 38. pun, 39. supple, 40. altruistic, 41. altruism, 42. Wikipedia

43. li\_\_\_\_\_te population *adj.* having the ability to read and write; possessing knowledge or understanding of a particular subject or topic
44. cute cr\_\_\_\_\_r *n.* a small or unimportant creature or animal, often used in a familiar or affectionate way
45. ant\_\_\_\_\_ogy of religion *n.* the scientific study of humanity, concerned with human behavior, human biology, cultures, societies, and linguistics in both the present and past, including past human species
46. develop int\_\_\_\_\_ent skills *adj.* depending on each other; mutually reliant or interconnected
47. te\_\_\_\_r a horse *v.* to tie or secure an animal, person, or object with a rope, chain, or other similar devices to prevent it from moving too far away; (noun) a rope or chain used to tie up or restrain an animal, such as a horse or dog
48. mic\_\_\_\_\_isms in his gut *n.* a very small living thing that may exist in its single-celled form or as a colony of cells and is too small to be seen without a microscope
49. wild cr\_\_\_\_\_r *n.* a small or unimportant creature or animal, often used in a familiar or affectionate way
50. re\_\_\_\_\_in from violence *v.* to prevent or hold back from doing something, often by physical or moral force; to limit or restrict one's actions or behavior; to control or moderate strong emotions or impulses

ANSWERS: 43. literate, 44. critter, 45. anthropology, 46. interdependent, 47. tether, 48. microorganism, 49. critter, 50. restrain



51. the rise of so\_\_\_\_\_sm *n.* a political and economic theory or system that advocates for the collective ownership and control of the means of production and distribution of goods, aiming for a more equitable and just society; a system that aims to reduce economic inequalities and prioritize the welfare of the community as a whole
52. critical cr\_\_\_\_\_ad *n.* a place where two or more roads or paths cross or intersect; a point of decision or choice, often involving significant consequences
53. boo\_\_\_\_\_ng system *n.* the practice of recording and classifying financial transactions in a systematic way
54. no\_\_\_\_\_c herdsmen *adj.* moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time
55. tru\_\_\_\_\_hy source *adj.* reliable and dependable
56. mul\_\_\_\_\_er game *adj.* referring to a mode of play or game that involves multiple players, often competing or collaborating, typically over a computer network or online
57. non-Marxist so\_\_\_\_\_sm *n.* a political and economic theory or system that advocates for the collective ownership and control of the means of production and distribution of goods, aiming for a more equitable and just society; a system that aims to reduce economic inequalities and prioritize the welfare of the community as a whole

ANSWERS: 51. socialism, 52. crossroad, 53. bookkeeping, 54. nomadic, 55. trustworthy, 56. multiplayer, 57. socialism

58. su\_\_\_e muscles *adj.* flexible and easy to bend or move; gracefully agile; adaptable or responsive to change or new ideas
59. int\_\_\_\_\_ent systems *adj.* depending on each other; mutually reliant or interconnected
60. hard-line Pro\_\_\_\_\_nt *adj.* a member of a Western Christian church that is separate from the Roman Catholic Church and that is based on the teachings of Martin Luther and other Reformers
61. pathogenic mic\_\_\_\_\_ism *n.* a very small living thing that may exist in its single-celled form or as a colony of cells and is too small to be seen without a microscope
62. prehistoric ma\_\_\_\_\_on *n.* a large, extinct elephant-like mammal that lived during the Pleistocene epoch, characterized by its long curved tusks and massive size
63. in\_\_\_e ability *adj.* existing naturally or from birth; inherent or inborn; not acquired or learned through experience
64. government bur\_\_\_\_\_cy *n.* a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives
65. gl\_\_\_y expression *adj.* characterized by a lack of light or sunshine, resulting in a dark or dim atmosphere; feeling despondent, dismal, or melancholy
66. ove\_\_\_\_\_ion crisis *n.* a situation in which the number of people or living organisms in a particular area or environment exceeds the carrying capacity or resources of that area or environment

ANSWERS: 58. supple, 59. interdependent, 60. protestant, 61. microorganism, 62. mastodon, 63. innate, 64. bureaucracy, 65. gloomy, 66. overpopulation

67. boo\_\_\_\_\_ng software *n.* the practice of recording and classifying financial transactions in a systematic way
68. te\_\_\_r strap *v.* to tie or secure an animal, person, or object with a rope, chain, or other similar devices to prevent it from moving too far away; (noun) a rope or chain used to tie up or restrain an animal, such as a horse or dog
69. re\_\_\_\_\_e my thoughts *v.* to change the form or structure of something
70. gr\_\_e the left shoulder *v.* to feed on grass or other vegetation, especially by nibbling at it repeatedly; to break the skin of a body part by scraping
71. de\_\_\_\_\_led land *v.* to strip or plunder something of its possessions or resources; to deprive or rob something of its natural or valuable qualities; to ruin the appearance or integrity of something
72. sub\_\_\_\_\_al performance *adj.* not the best or ideal option or solution; falling short of the optimal or desired outcome or result
73. irr\_\_\_\_\_al numbers *adj.* not based on, or not using reason or clear thinking; (mathematics) a real number that cannot be expressed as the ratio of two integers
74. industrial sy\_\_\_\_\_is *n.* a close, prolonged association between two or more different species of organisms, typically to the advantage of all

ANSWERS: 67. bookkeeping, 68. tether, 69. reshape, 70. graze, 71. despoil, 72. suboptimal, 73. irrational, 74. symbiosis

75. en\_\_\_t for a soldier      *v.* to sign up to serve in the military or a particular organization
76. ill\_\_\_\_\_te population      *adj.* unable to read or write; lacking basic education and knowledge in reading and writing
77. re\_\_\_\_\_in a child      *v.* to prevent or hold back from doing something, often by physical or moral force; to limit or restrict one's actions or behavior; to control or moderate strong emotions or impulses
78. en\_\_\_h a gas with a balloon      *v.* to make better or improve in quality by adding something else
79. turn cattle out to gr\_\_e      *v.* to feed on grass or other vegetation, especially by nibbling at it repeatedly; to break the skin of a body part by scraping
80. ov\_\_\_\_\_rn a table      *v.* to turn something upside down; to upset
81. re\_\_\_\_\_e education policy      *v.* to change the form or structure of something
82. r\_t with age      *v.* to decay, or cause something to decay, naturally and gradually
83. ch\_\_\_\_\_a epidemic      *n.* a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes
84. ul\_\_\_\_\_um deadline      *n.* a final demand or proposal presented by one party to another, usually with a threat of serious consequences if the terms are not met

ANSWERS: 75. enlist, 76. illiterate, 77. restrain, 78. enrich, 79. graze, 80. overturn, 81. reshape, 82. rot, 83. cholera, 84. ultimatum

85. neo\_\_\_\_\_cal economics *adj.* relating to a revival of classic forms, styles, or ideas, especially those of ancient Greek and Roman art and architecture, that emerged in the late 18th and early 19th centuries
86. French soc\_\_\_\_\_st *n.* a person who studies the institutions and development of human society
87. sy\_\_\_\_\_is establishment *n.* a close, prolonged association between two or more different species of organisms, typically to the advantage of all
88. in\_\_\_e quality *adj.* existing naturally or from birth; inherent or inborn; not acquired or learned through experience
89. hu\_\_\_\_\_g sound *adj.* producing a continuous, low, vibrating sound like that of the bee
90. en\_\_\_t in a cause *v.* to sign up to serve in the military or a particular organization
91. ma\_\_\_\_\_on fossils *n.* a large, extinct elephant-like mammal that lived during the Pleistocene epoch, characterized by its long curved tusks and massive size
92. an ul\_\_\_\_\_um for their rebellious teenager *n.* a final demand or proposal presented by one party to another, usually with a threat of serious consequences if the terms are not met

ANSWERS: 85. neoclassical, 86. sociologist, 87. symbiosis, 88. innate, 89. humming, 90. enlist, 91. mastodon, 92. ultimatum

## Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. This desert is the territory of \_\_\_\_\_ tribes.  
*adj.* moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time
2. Not all teachers accept citing \_\_\_\_\_ as a valid source for academic papers.  
*n.* an online encyclopedia that allows users to contribute and edit articles collaboratively; a vast and frequently updated repository of information on a wide range of topics
3. Being \_\_\_\_\_ in multiple languages can open up many opportunities for travel and work.  
*adj.* having the ability to read and write; possessing knowledge or understanding of a particular subject or topic
4. The hiker \_\_\_\_\_ their dog to a tree while they camped for the night.  
*v.* to tie or secure an animal, person, or object with a rope, chain, or other similar devices to prevent it from moving too far away; (noun) a rope or chain used to tie up or restrain an animal, such as a horse or dog
5. The game has a \_\_\_\_\_ mode where you can play with friends online.  
*adj.* referring to a mode of play or game that involves multiple players, often competing or collaborating, typically over a computer network or online
6. The \_\_\_\_\_ for all my hard work was finally getting a promotion.  
*n.* the outcome or result of an action or series of actions; the return or reward gained from an investment, effort, or risk
7. She drank water to \_\_\_\_\_ her body.  
*v.* to add water or moisture to something; to drink enough fluids to maintain proper moisture; (noun) any compound that contains water of crystallization

ANSWERS: 1. nomadic, 2. Wikipedia, 3. literate, 4. tethered, 5. multiplayer, 6. payoff, 7. hydrate

8. The \_\_\_\_\_ between the coral and the algae is an important example of mutualism.
- n.* a close, prolonged association between two or more different species of organisms, typically to the advantage of all
9. Many animal species are at risk of extinction due to human \_\_\_\_\_ and habitat destruction.
- n.* a situation in which the number of people or living organisms in a particular area or environment exceeds the carrying capacity or resources of that area or environment
10. The \_\_\_\_\_ of natural resources is a major concern for environmentalists.
- n.* the reduction of something, especially a natural resource, to a critically low level
11. The areas of \_\_\_\_\_ and psychology are significantly related to one another.
- n.* the scientific study of humanity, concerned with human behavior, human biology, cultures, societies, and linguistics in both the present and past, including past human species
12. She faced some challenges as a \_\_\_\_\_ in the business world but was soon respected for her expertise.
- n.* a person who is not a citizen or national of the country they are in; someone from a different country, culture, or origin
13. The \_\_\_\_\_ of the bees filled the air as she walked through the garden.
- adj.* producing a continuous, low, vibrating sound like that of the bee
14. In nature, all living things are \_\_\_\_\_ and rely on each other for survival.
- adj.* depending on each other; mutually reliant or interconnected

ANSWERS: 8. symbiosis, 9. overpopulation, 10. depletion, 11. anthropology, 12. foreigner, 13. humming, 14. interdependent

15. Archaeologists recently discovered \_\_\_\_\_ bones in North America, proving that these animals once inhabited this region.
- n.* a large, extinct elephant-like mammal that lived during the Pleistocene epoch, characterized by its long curved tusks and massive size
16. His act of volunteering at the homeless shelter was a clear example of practical \_\_\_\_\_.
- n.* the belief or practice of disinterested and selfless concern for the well-being of others; unselfish devotion to the welfare of others often expressed as acts of kindness or charity
17. The comedian's \_\_\_\_ had the audience laughing out loud.
- n.* a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay
18. This \_\_\_\_\_ is a producer of respiratory disease.
- n.* a very small living thing that may exist in its single-celled form or as a colony of cells and is too small to be seen without a microscope
19. The bumbling \_\_\_\_\_ made it difficult to get the permits we needed.
- n.* a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives
20. China has developed one of the world's fastest \_\_\_\_\_ for its space program.
- n.* a computer with a high level of computing power and speed, typically used for scientific or engineering computations that require immense amounts of data processing
21. The company's decision to cut corners on safety measures resulted in \_\_\_\_\_ working conditions for their employees.
- adj.* not the best or ideal option or solution; falling short of the optimal or desired outcome or result

ANSWERS: 15. mastodon, 16. altruism, 17. pun, 18. microorganism, 19. bureaucracy, 20. supercomputers, 21. suboptimal



22. The \_\_\_\_\_ church was the dominant religion in the area.

*adj.* a member of a Western Christian church that is separate from the Roman Catholic Church and that is based on the teachings of Martin Luther and other Reformers

23. The company tried to build an \_\_\_\_\_ image.

*adj.* showing a selfless and disinterested concern for the happiness and well-being of other people

24. The professor held a seminar on the principles of democratic \_\_\_\_\_ and its impact on modern European countries.

*n.* a political and economic theory or system that advocates for the collective ownership and control of the means of production and distribution of goods, aiming for a more equitable and just society; a system that aims to reduce economic inequalities and prioritize the welfare of the community as a whole

25. Despite attending school, he remained \_\_\_\_\_ and unable to read or write.

*adj.* unable to read or write; lacking basic education and knowledge in reading and writing

26. I'm at a career \_\_\_\_\_ and unsure which path to take.

*n.* a place where two or more roads or paths cross or intersect; a point of decision or choice, often involving significant consequences

27. The police had to \_\_\_\_\_ the suspect after he became violent during the arrest.

*v.* to prevent or hold back from doing something, often by physical or moral force; to limit or restrict one's actions or behavior; to control or moderate strong emotions or impulses

ANSWERS: 22. Protestant, 23. altruistic, 24. socialism, 25. illiterate, 26. crossroads, 27. restrain

28. My remote \_\_\_\_\_ immigrated to the United States from Ireland in the 1800s.  
*n.* a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
29. The court \_\_\_\_\_ the original verdict.  
*v.* to turn something upside down; to upset
30. The \_\_\_\_\_ weather made staying motivated and happy throughout the day hard.  
*adj.* characterized by a lack of light or sunshine, resulting in a dark or dim atmosphere; feeling despondent, dismal, or melancholy
31. \_\_\_\_\_ errors can lead to inaccurate financial reporting and potential legal issues.  
*n.* the practice of recording and classifying financial transactions in a systematic way
32. \_\_\_\_\_ studies the changes in family structure due to modernization.  
*n.* a person who studies the institutions and development of human society
33. The sheep \_\_\_\_\_ on the green grass in the meadow.  
*v.* to feed on grass or other vegetation, especially by nibbling at it repeatedly; to break the skin of a body part by scraping
34. The \_\_\_\_\_ style of architecture is characterized by symmetry and simplicity.  
*adj.* relating to a revival of classic forms, styles, or ideas, especially those of ancient Greek and Roman art and architecture, that emerged in the late 18th and early 19th centuries
35. The company's practice of using cheap materials to cut costs will \_\_\_\_\_ the quality of the final product.  
*v.* to strip or plunder something of its possessions or resources; to deprive or rob something of its natural or valuable qualities; to ruin the appearance or integrity of something

ANSWERS: 28. ancestor, 29. overturned, 30. gloomy, 31. Bookkeeping, 32.

Sociologist, 33. graze, 34. neoclassical, 35. despoil

36. During their camping trip, the kids were excited to go \_\_\_\_\_ hunting in the woods.  
*n.* a small or unimportant creature or animal, often used in a familiar or affectionate way
37. The advent of the Internet completely \_\_\_\_\_ the manufacturing industry.  
*v.* to change the form or structure of something
38. The belief in \_\_\_\_\_ human goodness is a common philosophical concept.  
*adj.* existing naturally or from birth; inherent or inborn; not acquired or learned through experience
39. Please refrigerate the meat, or it will \_\_\_\_\_.  
*v.* to decay, or cause something to decay, naturally and gradually
40. Reading not only increases knowledge but also \_\_\_\_\_ life.  
*v.* to make better or improve in quality by adding something else
41. The outbreak of \_\_\_\_\_ was a major health crisis in the 19th century.  
*n.* a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes
42. The ballerina's \_\_\_\_\_ movements left the audience mesmerized.  
*adj.* flexible and easy to bend or move; gracefully agile; adaptable or responsive to change or new ideas
43. They continued to endure \_\_\_\_\_ treatment by the dictatorship.  
*adj.* not based on, or not using reason or clear thinking; (mathematics) a real number that cannot be expressed as the ratio of two integers

ANSWERS: 36. critter, 37. reshaped, 38. innate, 39. rot, 40. enriches, 41. cholera, 42. supple, 43. irrational

44. People tend to believe \_\_\_\_\_ friends with their secrets.

*adj.* reliable and dependable

45. He decided to \_\_\_\_\_ in the military after graduating from high school.

*v.* to sign up to serve in the military or a particular organization

46. The company issued an \_\_\_\_\_ to its employees, demanding a pay cut or face layoffs.

*n.* a final demand or proposal presented by one party to another, usually with a threat of serious consequences if the terms are not met

ANSWERS: 44. trustworthy, 45. enlist, 46. ultimatum