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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Marcel Dicke: Why not eat insects? | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/marcel_dicke_why_not_eat_insects

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

- diet** *n.* the food and drink that a person, animal, or community eats and drinks regularly; a legislative assembly in certain countries, for example, Japan
synonym : food, dietary
(1) eat a vegetarian **diet**, (2) **Diet** approval
A balanced **diet** is more important for health than supplements.
- insect** *n.* any small creature that has six legs and a body divided into three sections
(1) **insect** antenna, (2) **insect** biology
These **insects** are more prevalent above a certain latitude.
- represent** *v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
synonym : depict, express, describe
(1) **represent** by a diagram, (2) the characters that **represent** numbers
We elected him to **represent** us at the international conference.
- population** *n.* the total number of people in a country, region, or location
synonym : people, inhabitants, folk

(1) **population** change, (2) labor **population**
In just four years, the **population** has doubled.

planet

n. any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star

synonym: earth, world, globe

(1) **planet** like the Earth, (2) save the **planet**
Mercury is the closest **planet** to the sun.

mammal

n. any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body

(1) a primitive **mammal**, (2) a sort of **mammal**

Marine **mammal** populations are declining worldwide due to ocean pollution.

individual

n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group

synonym: person, being, self

(1) a private **individual**, (2) **individual** freedom

As an **individual**, he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.

organism

n. a tiny living thing

synonym: being, creature

(1) aerobic **organism**, (2) group of **organisms**

A diversified plant species generally enhances beneficial **organism** populations.

numb

adj. unable to feel physical sensation and movement; not showing human feeling or sensitivity

synonym: dazed, insensitive, emotionless

(1) **numb** with cold, (2) a **numb** mind

My left arm became **numb**.

gram

n. a metric unit of weight equal to one-thousandth of a kilogram

(1) centimeter- **gram-second** system, (2) **gram** amount
How much is it per one hundred **grams**?

biomass

n. the total quantity of living matter in a given unit of environment, including plants, animals, and microorganisms

(1) **biomass** energy, (2) fuel **biomass**

The **biomass** in a forest can be measured by collecting and weighing all living plants within a specific area.

abundant

adj. present in great quantity

synonym: ample, plentiful, generative

(1) live an **abundant** life, (2) an **abundant** supply of water

The country has **abundant** oil and natural gas resources.

involve

v. to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else

synonym: implicate, include, engage

(1) **involve** a lot of paperwork, (2) **involve** a high degree of risk

The investigation **involves** several government agencies and is expected to take several months.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym: finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

estimate

v. to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something

synonym: calculate, gauge, evaluate

(1) **estimate** a fair value, (2) **estimate** this chicken to weigh three pounds

We **estimated** the season's total trade deficit at \$50 billion.

conservative

adj. holding traditional views and values and opposed to change or innovation

synonym: traditional, reactionary, cautious

(1) a **conservative** society, (2) **conservative** about production

He always makes a **conservative** estimation when predicting future sales.

doll

n. a child's toy that typically represents a human figure, especially a young girl; an attractive woman; a woman who is subservient or passive

synonym: puppet, dolly, toy

(1) plastic **doll**, (2) rag **doll**

The antique **doll** was worth thousands of dollars.

contribution

n. the act of giving something, especially money, to a particular cause or organization; a voluntary gift as of money or service or ideas made to some worthwhile cause

synonym: donation, gift, offering

(1) make a positive **contribution**, (2) **contribution** to society

His **contribution** to the charity was a generous donation of money.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

contribute

v. to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people

synonym : donate, devote, commit

(1) **contribute** a large sum of money to the fund,

(2) **contribute** to society

Government workers cannot **contribute** to political campaigns.

magnitude

n. the extent, level, importance, or amount of something

synonym : size, extent, level

(1) a star of the first **magnitude**, (2) the **magnitude** of the disaster

The **magnitude** of the earthquake was measured at 7.8 on the Richter scale.

dung

n. solid waste from animals, especially from large animals such as cattle and horses; (verb) to fertilize or dress with animals' excrement

synonym : excrement, droppings, manure

(1) ball of **dung**, (2) **dung** the land

You can see the horse **dung** on the country road.

pollinate

v. to transfer pollen from the male part of a flower to the female part, thereby fertilizing the plant and allowing it to produce fruit or seeds; to spread or disseminate an idea or influence to others

synonym : fertilize, propagate

(1) **pollinate** plants, (2) **pollinate** fruit trees

Without bees to **pollinate** the flowers, many crops would not exist.

crop

n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food

synonym : output, produce, product

(1) **crop** field, (2) **crop** herbicide

Sow early for an early **crop**.

- reproduction** *n.* the process by which organisms create offspring; the production of something similar to an original work
synonym: procreation, replication, duplication
(1) **reproduction** rate, (2) **reproduction** system
The **reproduction** of the plant depends on the pollinators.
- pest** *n.* a destructive insect or other animals that are harmful to crops, animals, or humans; someone or something that is annoying or troublesome
synonym: nuisance, problem, annoyance
(1) **pest** control, (2) a **pest** of bean plants
The gardener used natural methods to keep **pests** away from her plants.
- chain** *n.* a series of connected links or objects; a system or group of interconnected elements; a restraint or shackle
synonym: series, string, link
(1) **chain** reaction, (2) supply **chain**
The **chain** on my bike broke, leaving me stranded.
- provincial** *adj.* of or relating to a local government; having characteristics or views that are narrow in scope or limited by a narrow outlook
synonym: rural, narrow-minded, unsophisticated
(1) **provincial** town, (2) **provincial** accent
His **provincial** upbringing left him with a limited view of the world beyond his hometown
- inhabitant** *n.* a person or an animal that lives in a particular place
synonym: dweller, occupant, resident
(1) the early **inhabitants** of Europe, (2) **inhabitant** tax
His family is the oldest **inhabitant** of the island.
- caterpillar** *n.* the wormlike larva of a butterfly or moth
synonym: larva, grub, worm
(1) **caterpillar** of a butterfly, (2) **caterpillar** in a cocoon

The wooly bear **caterpillar** munched on leaves all day.

locust

n. a type of grasshopper that can travel in large swarms and cause extensive damage to crops; can also refer to various other insects such as cicadas or katydids

synonym : grasshopper, cicada, cricket

(1) **locust** army, (2) **locust** plague

The **locust** infestation destroyed the crops, causing widespread famine.

pupa

n. the intermediate stage in the development of an insect between the larva and the adult

synonym : chrysalis, cocoon, pupae

(1) **pupa** stage, (2) emerge from a **pupa**

The **pupa** of the moth was hidden deep inside the cocoon.

delicacy

n. something appealing, refined, or subtle in taste, texture, or appearance; a food item that is considered rare, costly, or requiring special preparation; sensitivity or tact in dealing with others or handling delicate situations

synonym : delectable, daintiness, refinement

(1) **delicacy** of flavor, (2) seafood **delicacy**

She enjoyed the **delicacy** of the French cuisine at the fancy restaurant.

globe

n. the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness

synonym : Earth, world, sphere

(1) terrestrial **globe**, (2) around the **globe**

His final goal is to sail around the **globe**.

cow

n. a domesticated mammal with characteristic features such as a hump, large udders, and curved horns that is raised for its milk or meat

synonym : bovine, cattle, kine

(1) **cow** herd, (2) dairy **cow**

The farmer milked the **cows** every morning before breakfast.

enormous

adj. extremely large or great

synonym : huge, giant, gigantic

(1) **enormous** amount, (2) **enormous** potential
Shakespeare's output of poetry was **enormous**.

occasionally

adv. now and then; sometimes but not often

synonym : periodically, sometimes, from time to time

(1) **occasionally** dine with friends, (2) **occasionally** change the routine

She still **occasionally** writes a short romance novel.

exception

n. something that is not included in a general rule or pattern; a person or thing that is excluded or stands apart from others

synonym : anomaly, rarity, exemption

(1) make an **exception**, (2) without **exception**

She was the **exception** to the rule, as she managed to graduate college in only two years.

peanut

n. a type of legume that grows underground and is widely cultivated and consumed as a food source

synonym : nut, groundnut, earthnut

(1) **peanut** butter, (2) the seed of a **peanut**

Some people have severe allergies to **peanuts** and must avoid them completely.

butt

v. to strike or push something with the flat end of your hip or buttocks; to hit or knock forcefully; (noun) the remaining end of a smoked cigarette

synonym : hit, punch, strike

(1) **butt** into several people, (2) cigarette **butt**

The goats often **butt** heads when they are fighting for dominance.

process

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or

objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

synonym : procedure, method, system

(1) **process** improvement, (2) decision-making **process**

The **process** for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

damage

v. to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity

synonym : harm, impair, injure

(1) **damage** a relationship, (2) **damage** assessment

During the surgery, the doctor had to be extremely cautious not to **damage** a blood vessel.

grocery

n. a shop that sells food and other household items

synonym : foodstuff, market

(1) the **grocery** business, (2) run a **grocery**

I will go to the **grocery** store to buy food for dinner.

requirement

n. something that is needed or wanted

synonym : prerequisite, provision, condition

(1) meet **requirement**, (2) school **requirement**

What is the entry **requirement** for this course?

agency

n. an organization or business that is responsible for specific activities or services, especially when representing other organizations or businesses; the capacity or power to act or exert influence; the ability to make decisions and take action

synonym : organization, bureau, institution

(1) real estate **agency**, (2) intelligence **agency**

The government **agency** regulated the country's food and drug safety standards.

protein

n. a molecule made up of a long chain of amino acids, which is essential for the structure and function of the body's tissues

(1) stress **protein**, (2) **protein** synthesis

The body needs a certain amount of **protein** to build and repair tissues.

accident

n. an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury

synonym: calamity, casualty, chance

(1) cause an **accident**, (2) injury in a car **accident**

The **accident** partially destroyed my vehicle.

slide

v. to move or cause to move smoothly along a surface without interruption

synonym: glide, drift, drop

(1) **slide** a card across the table, (2) **slide** a glance

If necessary, you can **slide** the front seats forward.

stick

v. to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material

synonym: pierce, adhere, stay

(1) **stick** a key in a lock, (2) fire **stick**

You **stick** a bill in the change machine, and the coins pop out.

dye

v. to color a textile or hair by immersing it in a colored liquid or substance

synonym: color, tint, stain

(1) **dye** a T-shirt red, (2) **dye** patterns

She **dyed** her hair purple for a change.

crab

n. a sea creature with two large claws and a flattened back (e.g., blue crab or king crab); a sour or grumpy person who is prone to complaining or criticizing

synonym : crustacean, shellfish, crusty

(1) **crab** cakes, (2) **crab** legs

I ordered a plate of fresh **crab** at the seafood restaurant.

cochineal

n. a scale insect that is used to produce a red dye called carmine; the dye itself

synonym : carmine dye, insect dye

(1) **cochineal** dye, (2) **cochineal** extract

The red dye in the fabric was derived from the **cochineal** insect.

cactus

n. a plant that typically grows in dry regions and has spiny leaves, stems, and often vibrant flowers

synonym : desert plant, succulent, thornbush

(1) small **cactus**, (2) potted **cactus**

The hiker got pricked by a **cactus** needle while walking.

metric

adj. using or relating to the meter as a unit of length; a system of related measures that facilitates the quantification of some particular characteristic

synonym : metrical, measured

(1) **metric** units, (2) key performance **metrics**

In the **metric** system, measurements are made in meters and liters.

canary

n. a small, typically yellow songbird that is often kept as a pet or used to denote the presence of gas or other hazards in a mine

(1) **canary** bird, (2) **canary** yellow

The **canary** in the coal mine was used as an early warning system for miners about dangerous gases.

euro

n. the official currency of most European Union countries

(1) the value of the **Euro**, (2) **Euro** crises

Some countries may leave the **Euro**.

precious

adj. uncommon and extremely valuable

synonym : adored, cherished, valued

(1) price of **precious** metals, (2) **precious** information

We cannot afford to squander **precious** time.

exponential

adj. becoming more and more rapid; of or involving mathematical exponents

(1) **exponential** growth, (2) **exponential** function

Since the 1990s, the Internet has continued to experience **exponential** growth.

confer

v. to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something

synonym : consult, meet, discuss

(1) **confer** degree, (2) **confer** honor

The leaders of the two countries met to **confer** on the issue.

devote

v. to commit or dedicate oneself or one's time, effort, or energy to a particular task or purpose

synonym : commit, dedicate, apply

(1) **devote** all of my energies, (2) **devote** my own life

He **devoted** himself to studying the history of ancient civilizations.

fig

n. a sweet and soft edible fruit with many seeds or a tree on which these grow

(1) **fig** marigold, (2) **fig** tree

He ate the dried **figs** he had preserved.

agriculture

n. the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock

synonym : farming, husbandry, agribusiness

(1) organic **agriculture**, (2) intensive **agriculture**

Agriculture is the foundation of our economy.

wealth

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

synonym: affluence, assets, fortunate

(1) majority of his **wealth**, (2) material **wealth**

The **wealth** inequality was unavoidable.

consist

v. to be composed or made up of

synonym: lie in, comprise, exist

(1) **consist** mainly of cells, (2) **consist** only in knowing facts

This examination **consists** of five problems to solve.

livestock

n. farm animals and birds such as cows, sheep, and chickens

synonym: cattle, oxen, herd

(1) **livestock** agriculture, (2) **livestock** industry

Livestock feed is made from fodder crops.

develop

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

synonym: evolve, progress, advance

(1) **develop** a strategy, (2) **develop** a skill

We must **develop** a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

consumption

n. the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials

synonym: usage, uptake, utilization

(1) average fuel **consumption**, (2) the **consumption** of food

In our country, water **consumption** usually decreases during the winter.

vegetarian

n. a person who does not eat meat or fish, or often any animal products, for health or religious reasons

(1) eat a **vegetarian** diet, (2) a strict **vegetarian**

This restaurant has **vegetarian** dishes as well.

medicinal

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

synonym : curative, therapeutic, healing

(1) **medicinal** chemistry, (2) traditional **medicinal**

The **medicinal** properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

transplant

v. to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another

synonym : relocate, emigrate, graft

(1) **transplant** a heart, (2) **transplant** my family to America

He tried to **transplant** the seedling into a larger pot.

organ

n. a part of the body of an animal or plant that has a particular purpose and performs a specific job

synonym : function, structure

(1) **organ** bleeding, (2) damage to internal **organs**

These infections have the potential to impact practically every **organ** system.

disease

n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

synonym : illness, ailment, affliction

(1) **disease** prevention, (2) **disease** control

The doctor diagnosed him with a rare **disease** that had no known cure.

virus

n. a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants

synonym : bacterium, germ, ailment

(1) spread of the **virus**, (2) a strain of **virus**

An infected person in the hospital will likely pass the **virus** to others.

proliferate

v. to grow or increase rapidly in number; to reproduce or spread rapidly, especially in an uncontrolled manner

synonym: multiply, spread, propagate

(1) **proliferate** cells, (2) **proliferate** weeds

The number of COVID cases continued to **proliferate** in many countries worldwide.

combine

v. to join or merge to form a single thing or group

synonym: coalesce, cohere, blend

(1) **combine** chemically with another substance,

(2) **combine** augmented reality

Hydrogen and oxygen **combine** to form water.

classic

adj. judged or deserving to be regarded as one of the best or most important of its kind over a period of time; of a well-known type

synonym: definitive, traditional, typical

(1) a **classic** experiment, (2) Chinese **classic** literature

He displayed the **classic** symptoms of depression.

swine

n. a domestic pig, especially one bred for its meat

synonym: pig, hog, porker

(1) **swine** flu, (2) **swine** industry

The farmer raises **swine** on his farm for the market.

outbreak

n. a sudden start of something, usually a disease or something dangerous or unpleasant

synonym: eruption, outburst, explosion

(1) infectious disease **outbreaks**, (2) the **outbreak** of hostilities

The government predicts an epidemic **outbreak** of multiple viruses, including coronaviruses and influenza.

deadly

adj. likely to cause or capable of causing death

synonym: fatal, lethal, harmful

(1) fight against the **deadly** disease, (2) a **deadly** weapon

The members of religious organizations released **deadly** poisonous gas on a subway train.

distant

adj. far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship

synonym: far, isolated, remote

(1) a **distant** memory, (2) **distant** ancestors

The sun set over the crest of **distant** hills.

relate

v. to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

synonym: connect, link, associate

(1) **relate** a story, (2) **relate** a message

He tried to **relate** his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.

conversion

n. the act or process of changing something from one thing to another; the state of being changed

synonym: transformation, change, metamorphosis

(1) **conversion** rate, (2) **conversion** therapy

The developer's **conversion** of the old factory into a modern loft apartment complex was a major success.

entrepreneur

n. an individual who creates or invests in one or more businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks

synonym: founder, executive

(1) a successful **entrepreneur**, (2) billionaire **entrepreneur**

Entrepreneurs willingly accept business risks to achieve success.

bonus

n. an extra amount of money that is added to payment as a present or reward for good work

synonym: extra, perk, compensation

(1) **bonus** appraisal, (2) annual **bonus**

The committee abolished the controversial **bonus** system.

environment

n. the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

synonym: atmosphere, surroundings, climate

(1) **environment** affairs, (2) chaotic **environment**

Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's **environment**.

manure

n. organic matter, such as animal dung or decaying plant material, used as fertilizer to improve the fertility of soil; animal waste material used as fertilizer

synonym: fertilizer, dung, compost

(1) composted **manure**, (2) animal **manure**

The farmers used cow **manure** to create compost for their crops.

ammonia

n. a compound of nitrogen and hydrogen that forms a gas with a strong smell, used as cleaning substances, fertilizers, and explosives

(1) **ammonia** water, (2) inhale **ammonia** fumes

The advent of **ammonia** fertilizers markedly increased agricultural productivity.

greenhouse

n. a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in

synonym: conservatory

(1) exotic plants in a **greenhouse**, (2) emissions of **greenhouse** gases

The **greenhouse** effect is a phenomenon that happens naturally.

malign

v. to speak or write about someone or something in a harmful or critical way; (adjective) evil or harmful in nature or influence

synonym: defame, vilify, (adjective) evil

(1) **malign** influence, (2) **malign** the politician in the media

The article **maligned** the company's reputation with false accusations.

analyze

v. to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning

synonym: explore, examine, investigate

(1) **analyze** a chemical compound, (2) **analyze** your real motives

The teacher attempted to **analyze** the root cause of our mistake.

vitamin

n. any of a group of organic compounds that are essential in small quantities to the diet and are present in natural foodstuffs or sometimes produced within the body

synonym: nutrient, micronutrient, dietary supplement

(1) rich in **vitamin D**, (2) **vitamin** deficiency

Vitamin C is important for immune system function and skin health.

comparable

adj. able to link the similarities or differences with others; similar or equivalent to someone or something

synonym: equal, commensurate, similar

(1) **comparable** sales, (2) a **comparable** amount of energy

Humans and apes have **comparable** anatomical structures.

calorie

n. unit of heat defined as the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 gram of water by 1 degree Celsius at atmospheric pressure, used by nutritionists to measure how much energy food will produce

(1) **calorie** calculation, (2) reduce my **calorie** intake

It would be best if you burned off **calories** through vigorous exercise.

grasshopper

n. large jumping insect; used to symbolize restlessness or ephemerality

synonym: locust, katydid, cricket

(1) **grasshopper** mice, (2) **grasshopper** species

The **grasshopper** leaped from one blade of grass to another.

argument

n. a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute

synonym : debate, discourse, discussion

(1) a blazing **argument**, (2) the **argument** against capital punishment

The **argument** between the two sides over the proposed policy was heated.

fee

n. a sum of money charged for a particular service

synonym : charge, cost, expense

(1) **fee** calculation, (2) service **fee**

The lawyer's **fee** for the case was \$10,000.

transport

n. a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on

synonym : shipment, transit, conveyance

(1) **transport** facilities, (2) access to public **transport**

Enhanced rail **transportation** is crucial for our business.

expense

n. the money, time, or effort incurred or required for something

synonym : cost, expenditure, outlay

(1) enormous **expenses**, (2) **expense** account

For this project to be successful, we must control **expenses** strictly.

rainforest

n. a forest rich in biodiversity that is generally found in tropical settings with heavy annual rainfall

(1) **rainforest** destruction, (2) tropical **rainforest**

The destruction of the **rainforest** is a ticking time bomb for the Earth.

limitation

n. a rule or act that restricts the scope of something

synonym :

restriction, constraint, burden

(1) impose **limitation**, (2) **limitation** of exercise

Disability is a physical **limitation** to living everyday life.

minority

n. the smaller part of a group, especially a number or part representing less than half of the whole; a period before adult legal age

synonym: adolescence, nonage, juvenility

(1) a **minority** position, (2) number of **minority** students

Some ethnic **minority** groups experienced discrimination in society.

abundantly

adv. in large quantities; plentifully

synonym: plentifully, copiously, lavishly

(1) **abundantly** clear, (2) **abundantly** available

The policy change resulted in an **abundantly** positive outcome for the company.

vary

v. to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.

synonym: alter, contrast, differ

(1) **vary** according to the age, (2) **vary** directly with the price

Maximum heart rates **vary** a lot for each individual.

shrimp

n. a small, freshwater or saltwater creature with a slender body and long legs

synonym: prawn, langoustine, scampi

(1) **shrimp** cocktail, (2) **shrimp** farming

The seafood restaurant had a variety of dishes featuring **shrimp**.

crayfish

n. a freshwater crustacean resembling a small lobster typically found in streams, rivers, and lakes and often used as a popular food source

synonym: crawfish, crawdad, freshwater lobster

(1) freshwater **crayfish**, (2) cooked **crayfish**

The seafood restaurant is known for its delicious **crayfish**

dish.

mindset

n. the established set of attitudes or fixed ideas held by someone

synonym: attitude, ethos, mentality

(1) flexible **mindset**, (2) the **mindset** in an education system

Countries whose goal is economic development often focus on fostering an entrepreneurial **mindset** in each individual.

perception

n. a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses

synonym: understanding, idea, awareness

(1) keen **perception**, (2) **perception** of a stimulus

He is a man admired for the depth of his **perception**.

colleague

n. one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business

synonym: coworker, associate, fellow

(1) collaborate with **colleagues**, (2) former **colleague**

I decided to seek counseling on the advice of my **colleague**.

magnificent

adj. extremely beautiful and impressive; grand or noble in thought or deed

synonym: splendid, brilliant, exquisite

(1) a **magnificent** plan, (2) a **magnificent** mountain

The **magnificent** scene of the glacier is awe-inspiring.

mar

v. to damage or spoil the appearance or surface of something

synonym: damage, deface, disfigure

(1) **mar** a proper relationship, (2) **mar** the reputation

The scratches on the car **marred** its otherwise perfect appearance.

predict

v. to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience

synonym: forecast, anticipate, foresee

(1) **predict** the future, (2) **predict** when she will arrive

It's notoriously challenging to **predict** birth rates.

visible

adj. capable of being seen; or open to easy view

synonym: clear, observable, seeable

(1) **visible** stars, (2) **visible** by X-ray

My home is easily **visible** from the shore.

innovative

adj. introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.

synonym: creative, ingenious, inventive

(1) use of **innovative** technology, (2) stylistically **innovative** works

The Prime Minister stressed the need to create **innovative** industries.

minister

n. a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department

synonym: bishop, official, ambassador

(1) **Minister** for Education, (2) deputy prime **minister**

The **minister** occasionally preaches at this church.

ministry

n. a department of government responsible for a particular area of public service

synonym: department, agency, bureau

(1) **ministry** officials, (2) enter the **ministry**

The **ministry** of education is responsible for managing the schools in the country.

norm

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

synonym: criterion, mean, standard

(1) **norm** of action, (2) cultural **norm**

The systems we have developed has accepted as industry **norms**.

delicious

adj. exceptionally pleasing to taste or smell

synonym : appetizing, mouthwatering, delectable

(1) **delicious** breeze, (2) variety of **delicious** foods

We could grill the meat in a **delicious** way.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|--|
| 1. da___e assessment | v. | to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity |
| 2. the early inh_____nts of Europe | n. | a person or an animal that lives in a particular place |
| 3. fight against the de___y disease | adj. | likely to cause or capable of causing death |
| 4. co___r honor | v. | to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something |
| 5. plastic d__l | n. | a child's toy that typically represents a human figure, especially a young girl; an attractive woman; a woman who is subservient or passive |
| 6. in___t biology | n. | any small creature that has six legs and a body divided into three sections |
| 7. ind_____al freedom | n. | a single person or thing, as distinct from a group |
| 8. mi_____ry officials | n. | a department of government responsible for a particular area of public service |
| 9. former co_____ue | n. | one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business |

ANSWERS: 1. damage, 2. inhabitant, 3. deadly, 4. confer, 5. doll, 6. insect, 7. individual, 8. ministry, 9. colleague

10. emissions of gre_____se gases *n.* a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in
11. tropical rai_____st *n.* a forest rich in biodiversity that is generally found in tropical settings with heavy annual rainfall
12. animal ma____e *n.* organic matter, such as animal dung or decaying plant material, used as fertilizer to improve the fertility of soil; animal waste material used as fertilizer
13. cat_____ar of a butterfly *n.* the wormlike larva of a butterfly or moth
14. gra_____er species *n.* large jumping insect; used to symbolize restlessness or ephemerality
15. c_w herd *n.* a domesticated mammal with characteristic features such as a hump, large udders, and curved horns that is raised for its milk or meat
16. con_____ive about production *adj.* holding traditional views and values and opposed to change or innovation
17. d_e a T-shirt red *v.* to color a textile or hair by immersing it in a colored liquid or substance
18. c__b cakes *n.* a sea creature with two large claws and a flattened back (e.g., blue crab or king crab); a sour or grumpy person who is prone to complaining or criticizing
19. eat a vegetarian d__t *n.* the food and drink that a person, animal, or community eats and drinks regularly; a legislative assembly in certain countries, for example, Japan

ANSWERS: 10. greenhouse, 11. rainforest, 12. manure, 13. caterpillar, 14. grasshopper, 15. cow, 16. conservative, 17. dye, 18. crab, 19. diet

20. the con_____on of food *n.* the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
21. pr_____n synthesis *n.* a molecule made up of a long chain of amino acids, which is essential for the structure and function of the body's tissues
22. di_____e prevention *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
23. bo__s appraisal *n.* an extra amount of money that is added to payment as a present or reward for good work
24. f_g marigold *n.* a sweet and soft edible fruit with many seeds or a tree on which these grow
25. a strain of vi__s *n.* a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants
26. flexible mi_____t *n.* the established set of attitudes or fixed ideas held by someone
27. stress pr_____n *n.* a molecule made up of a long chain of amino acids, which is essential for the structure and function of the body's tissues
28. average fuel con_____on *n.* the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
29. in_____e a lot of paperwork *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else

ANSWERS: 20. consumption, 21. protein, 22. disease, 23. bonus, 24. fig, 25. virus, 26. mindset, 27. protein, 28. consumption, 29. involve

30. exotic plants in a gre_____se *n.* a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in
31. stylistically inn_____ve works *adj.* introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.
32. a con_____ive society *adj.* holding traditional views and values and opposed to change or innovation
33. pop_____on change *n.* the total number of people in a country, region, or location
34. en_____us potential *adj.* extremely large or great
35. di_____t ancestors *adj.* far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship
36. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
37. emerge from a p__a *n.* the intermediate stage in the development of an insect between the larva and the adult
38. sta_____cs for cancer *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
39. inhale am_____a fumes *n.* a compound of nitrogen and hydrogen that forms a gas with a strong smell, used as cleaning substances, fertilizers, and explosives
40. sw__e flu *n.* a domestic pig, especially one bred for its meat

ANSWERS: 30. greenhouse, 31. innovative, 32. conservative, 33. population, 34. enormous, 35. distant, 36. statistics, 37. pupa, 38. statistics, 39. ammonia, 40. swine

41. sl__e a card across the table *v.* to move or cause to move smoothly along a surface without interruption
42. the characters that re_____nt numbers *v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
43. lim_____on of exercise *n.* a rule or act that restricts the scope of something
44. material we___h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
45. reduce my ca_____e intake *n.* unit of heat defined as the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 gram of water by 1 degree Celsius at atmospheric pressure, used by nutritionists to measure how much energy food will produce
46. a com_____le amount of energy *adj.* able to link the similarities or differences with others; similar or equivalent to someone or something
47. de___e all of my energies *v.* to commit or dedicate oneself or one's time, effort, or energy to a particular task or purpose
48. injury in a car ac_____nt *n.* an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury
49. es_____te this chicken to weigh three pounds *v.* to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something
50. intelligence ag____y *n.* an organization or business that is responsible for specific activities or services, especially when representing other organizations or businesses; the capacity or power to act or exert influence; the ability to make decisions and take action

ANSWERS: 41. slide, 42. represent, 43. limitation, 44. wealth, 45. calorie, 46. comparable, 47. devote, 48. accident, 49. estimate, 50. agency

51. freshwater cr____sh *n.* a freshwater crustacean resembling a small lobster typically found in streams, rivers, and lakes and often used as a popular food source
52. pr____us information *adj.* uncommon and extremely valuable
53. d__g the land *n.* solid waste from animals, especially from large animals such as cattle and horses; (verb) to fertilize or dress with animals' excrement
54. pro____te cells *v.* to grow or increase rapidly in number; to reproduce or spread rapidly, especially in an uncontrolled manner
55. key performance me____cs *adj.* using or relating to the meter as a unit of length; a system of related measures that facilitates the quantification of some particular characteristic
56. ma____n influence *v.* to speak or write about someone or something in a harmful or critical way; (adjective) evil or harmful in nature or influence
57. v__y directly with the price *v.* to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.
58. n__m of action *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
59. c__p herbicide *n.* a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
60. ex____e account *n.* the money, time, or effort incurred or required for something
61. co____al extract *n.* a scale insect that is used to produce a red dye called carmine; the dye itself

ANSWERS: 51. crayfish, 52. precious, 53. dung, 54. proliferate, 55. metric, 56. malign, 57. vary, 58. norm, 59. crop, 60. expense, 61. cochineal

62. enormous ex_____es *n.* the money, time, or effort incurred or required for something
63. da___e a relationship *v.* to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity
64. n__b with cold *adj.* unable to feel physical sensation and movement; not showing human feeling or sensitivity
65. ma___n the politician in the media *v.* to speak or write about someone or something in a harmful or critical way; (adjective) evil or harmful in nature or influence
66. ca___y bird *n.* a small, typically yellow songbird that is often kept as a pet or used to denote the presence of gas or other hazards in a mine
67. rep_____ion rate *n.* the process by which organisms create offspring; the production of something similar to an original work
68. an_____e a chemical compound *v.* to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning
69. the ma_____de of the disaster *n.* the extent, level, importance, or amount of something
70. group of or_____sms *n.* a tiny living thing
71. a sort of ma___l *n.* any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body

ANSWERS: 62. expense, 63. damage, 64. numb, 65. malign, 66. canary, 67. reproduction, 68. analyze, 69. magnitude, 70. organism, 71. mammal

72. small ca___s *n.* a plant that typically grows in dry regions and has spiny leaves, stems, and often vibrant flowers
73. lo___t army *n.* a type of grasshopper that can travel in large swarms and cause extensive damage to crops; can also refer to various other insects such as cicadas or katydids
74. a blazing ar_____nt *n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
75. me___c units *adj.* using or relating to the meter as a unit of length; a system of related measures that facilitates the quantification of some particular characteristic
76. en_____us amount *adj.* extremely large or great
77. m_r the reputation *v.* to damage or spoil the appearance or surface of something
78. school req_____nt *n.* something that is needed or wanted
79. am_____a water *n.* a compound of nitrogen and hydrogen that forms a gas with a strong smell, used as cleaning substances, fertilizers, and explosives
80. pr_____t when she will arrive *v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
81. rai_____st destruction *n.* a forest rich in biodiversity that is generally found in tropical settings with heavy annual rainfall

ANSWERS: 72. cactus, 73. locust, 74. argument, 75. metric, 76. enormous, 77. mar, 78. requirement, 79. ammonia, 80. predict, 81. rainforest

82. make a positive con_____ion *n.* the act of giving something, especially money, to a particular cause or organization; a voluntary gift as of money or service or ideas made to some worthwhile cause
83. save the pl____t *n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
84. terrestrial gl__e *n.* the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness
85. g__m amount *n.* a metric unit of weight equal to one-thousandth of a kilogram
86. price of pr____us metals *adj.* uncommon and extremely valuable
87. access to public tr____rt *n.* a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on
88. make an ex_____on *n.* something that is not included in a general rule or pattern; a person or thing that is excluded or stands apart from others
89. po_____te plants *v.* to transfer pollen from the male part of a flower to the female part, thereby fertilizing the plant and allowing it to produce fruit or seeds; to spread or disseminate an idea or influence to others
90. real estate ag____y *n.* an organization or business that is responsible for specific activities or services, especially when representing other organizations or businesses; the capacity or power to act or exert influence; the ability to make decisions and take action

ANSWERS: 82. contribution, 83. planet, 84. globe, 85. gram, 86. precious, 87. transport, 88. exception, 89. pollinate, 90. agency

91. bi____s energy *n.* the total quantity of living matter in a given unit of environment, including plants, animals, and microorganisms
92. ball of d__g *n.* solid waste from animals, especially from large animals such as cattle and horses; (verb) to fertilize or dress with animals' excrement
93. con_____te to society *v.* to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
94. seafood de____cy *n.* something appealing, refined, or subtle in taste, texture, or appearance; a food item that is considered rare, costly, or requiring special preparation; sensitivity or tact in dealing with others or handling delicate situations
95. li_____ck agriculture *n.* farm animals and birds such as cows, sheep, and chickens
96. tr_____rt facilities *n.* a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on
97. vi_____e stars *adj.* capable of being seen; or open to easy view
98. inh_____nt tax *n.* a person or an animal that lives in a particular place
99. a mag_____nt mountain *adj.* extremely beautiful and impressive; grand or noble in thought or deed
100. li_____ck industry *n.* farm animals and birds such as cows, sheep, and chickens

ANSWERS: 91. biomass, 92. dung, 93. contribute, 94. delicacy, 95. livestock, 96. transport, 97. visible, 98. inhabitant, 99. magnificent, 100. livestock

101. ca_____e calculation *n.* unit of heat defined as the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 gram of water by 1 degree Celsius at atmospheric pressure, used by nutritionists to measure how much energy food will produce
102. po_____te fruit trees *v.* to transfer pollen from the male part of a flower to the female part, thereby fertilizing the plant and allowing it to produce fruit or seeds; to spread or disseminate an idea or influence to others
103. sh____p cocktail *n.* a small, freshwater or saltwater creature with a slender body and long legs
104. di_____e control *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
105. a de____y weapon *adj.* likely to cause or capable of causing death
106. de_____p a strategy *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
107. decision-making pr_____s *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

ANSWERS: 101. calorie, 102. pollinate, 103. shrimp, 104. disease, 105. deadly, 106. develop, 107. process

108. v__y according to the age *v.* to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.
109. composted ma___e *n.* organic matter, such as animal dung or decaying plant material, used as fertilizer to improve the fertility of soil; animal waste material used as fertilizer
110. aerobic or____sm *n.* a tiny living thing
111. co____e chemically with another substance *v.* to join or merge to form a single thing or group
112. cooked cr____sh *n.* a freshwater crustacean resembling a small lobster typically found in streams, rivers, and lakes and often used as a popular food source
113. the value of the E__o *n.* the official currency of most European Union countries
114. con_____te a large sum of money to the fund *v.* to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
115. re_____nt by a diagram *v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
116. sh___p farming *n.* a small, freshwater or saltwater creature with a slender body and long legs
117. con_____on therapy *n.* the act or process of changing something from one thing to another; the state of being changed
118. fire st__k *v.* to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material

ANSWERS: 108. vary, 109. manure, 110. organism, 111. combine, 112. crayfish, 113. euro, 114. contribute, 115. represent, 116. shrimp, 117. conversion, 118. stick

119. co___r degree *v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
120. supply ch__n *n.* a series of connected links or objects; a system or group of interconnected elements; a restraint or shackle
121. vi_____n deficiency *n.* any of a group of organic compounds that are essential in small quantities to the diet and are present in natural foodstuffs or sometimes produced within the body
122. pro_____al town *adj.* of or relating to a local government; having characteristics or views that are narrow in scope or limited by a narrow outlook
123. the ar_____nt against capital punishment *n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
124. co_____al dye *n.* a scale insect that is used to produce a red dye called carmine; the dye itself
125. number of mi_____ty students *n.* the smaller part of a group, especially a number or part representing less than half of the whole; a period before adult legal age
126. rep_____ion system *n.* the process by which organisms create offspring; the production of something similar to an original work
127. rich in vi_____n D *n.* any of a group of organic compounds that are essential in small quantities to the diet and are present in natural foodstuffs or sometimes produced within the body

ANSWERS: 119. confer, 120. chain, 121. vitamin, 122. provincial, 123. argument, 124. cochineal, 125. minority, 126. reproduction, 127. vitamin

128. co_____t mainly of cells *v.* to be composed or made up of
129. sl__e a glance *v.* to move or cause to move smoothly along a surface without interruption
130. fuel bi_____s *n.* the total quantity of living matter in a given unit of environment, including plants, animals, and microorganisms
131. infectious disease ou_____aks *n.* a sudden start of something, usually a disease or something dangerous or unpleasant
132. live an ab_____nt life *adj.* present in great quantity
133. D__t approval *n.* the food and drink that a person, animal, or community eats and drinks regularly; a legislative assembly in certain countries, for example, Japan
134. re___e a message *v.* to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
135. de_____cy of flavor *n.* something appealing, refined, or subtle in taste, texture, or appearance; a food item that is considered rare, costly, or requiring special preparation; sensitivity or tact in dealing with others or handling delicate situations
136. pr_____t the future *v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
137. occ_____lly change the routine *adv.* now and then; sometimes but not often

ANSWERS: 128. consist, 129. slide, 130. biomass, 131. outbreak, 132. abundant, 133. diet, 134. relate, 135. delicacy, 136. predict, 137. occasionally

138. spread of the vi__s *n.* a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants
139. annual bo__s *n.* an extra amount of money that is added to payment as a present or reward for good work
140. around the gl__e *n.* the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness
141. or__n bleeding *n.* a part of the body of an animal or plant that has a particular purpose and performs a specific job
142. ca___y yellow *n.* a small, typically yellow songbird that is often kept as a pet or used to denote the presence of gas or other hazards in a mine
143. a private ind____al *n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
144. de____p a skill *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
145. potted ca___s *n.* a plant that typically grows in dry regions and has spiny leaves, stems, and often vibrant flowers
146. in____e a high degree of risk *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else

ANSWERS: 138. virus, 139. bonus, 140. globe, 141. organ, 142. canary, 143. individual, 144. develop, 145. cactus, 146. involve

147. traditional me_____al *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
148. pl____t like the Earth *n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
149. de____e my own life *v.* to commit or dedicate oneself or one's time, effort, or energy to a particular task or purpose
150. con_____on rate *n.* the act or process of changing something from one thing to another; the state of being changed
151. es_____te a fair value *v.* to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something
152. vi_____e by X-ray *adj.* capable of being seen; or open to easy view
153. service f_e *n.* a sum of money charged for a particular service
154. ch__n reaction *n.* a series of connected links or objects; a system or group of interconnected elements; a restraint or shackle
155. m_r a proper relationship *v.* to damage or spoil the appearance or surface of something
156. enter the mi_____ry *n.* a department of government responsible for a particular area of public service
157. cultural n__m *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
158. a cl_____c experiment *adj.* judged or deserving to be regarded as one of the best or most important of its kind over a period of time; of a well-known type

ANSWERS: 147. medicinal, 148. planet, 149. devote, 150. conversion, 151. estimate, 152. visible, 153. fee, 154. chain, 155. mar, 156. ministry, 157. norm, 158. classic

159. exp_____al growth *adj.* becoming more and more rapid; of or involving mathematical exponents
160. com_____le sales *adj.* able to link the similarities or differences with others; similar or equivalent to someone or something
161. without ex_____on *n.* something that is not included in a general rule or pattern; a person or thing that is excluded or stands apart from others
162. damage to internal or____ns *n.* a part of the body of an animal or plant that has a particular purpose and performs a specific job
163. ec_____y of scale *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
164. co_____t only in knowing facts *v.* to be composed or made up of
165. p__t control *n.* a destructive insect or other animals that are harmful to crops, animals, or humans; someone or something that is annoying or troublesome
166. abu_____ly clear *adv.* in large quantities; plentifully
167. impose lim_____on *n.* a rule or act that restricts the scope of something
168. a successful ent_____eur *n.* an individual who creates or invests in one or more businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks

ANSWERS: 159. exponential, 160. comparable, 161. exception, 162. organ, 163. economy, 164. consist, 165. pest, 166. abundantly, 167. limitation, 168. entrepreneur

169. c__p field *n.* a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
170. pr____s improvement *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
171. occ_____lly dine with friends *adv.* now and then; sometimes but not often
172. a primitive ma___l *n.* any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
173. the mi_____t in an education system *n.* the established set of attitudes or fixed ideas held by someone
174. an ab_____nt supply of water *adj.* present in great quantity
175. the ou_____ak of hostilities *n.* a sudden start of something, usually a disease or something dangerous or unpleasant
176. collaborate with co_____ues *n.* one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
177. keen per_____on *n.* a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
178. pro_____te weeds *v.* to grow or increase rapidly in number; to reproduce or spread rapidly, especially in an uncontrolled manner

ANSWERS: 169. crop, 170. process, 171. occasionally, 172. mammal, 173. mindset, 174. abundant, 175. outbreak, 176. colleague, 177. perception, 178. proliferate

179. tra_____nt a heart *v.* to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another
180. a di_____t memory *adj.* far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship
181. billionaire ent_____eur *n.* an individual who creates or invests in one or more businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks
182. env_____nt affairs *n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
183. deputy prime mi_____er *n.* a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department
184. intensive agr_____re *n.* the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
185. organic agr_____re *n.* the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
186. pe____t butter *n.* a type of legume that grows underground and is widely cultivated and consumed as a food source
187. co_____e augmented reality *v.* to join or merge to form a single thing or group
188. Mi_____er for Education *n.* a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department
189. lo____t plague *n.* a type of grasshopper that can travel in large swarms and cause extensive damage to crops; can also refer to various other insects such as cicadas or katydids

ANSWERS: 179. transplant, 180. distant, 181. entrepreneur, 182. environment, 183. minister, 184. agriculture, 185. agriculture, 186. peanut, 187. combine, 188. minister, 189. locust

190. a p__t of bean plants *n.* a destructive insect or other animals that are harmful to crops, animals, or humans; someone or something that is annoying or troublesome
191. a mi____ty position *n.* the smaller part of a group, especially a number or part representing less than half of the whole; a period before adult legal age
192. a strict veg_____an *n.* a person who does not eat meat or fish, or often any animal products, for health or religious reasons
193. cigarette b__t *v.* to strike or push something with the flat end of your hip or buttocks; to hit or knock forcefully; (noun) the remaining end of a smoked cigarette
194. per_____on of a stimulus *n.* a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
195. cause an ac_____nt *n.* an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury
196. an_____e your real motives *v.* to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning
197. eat a veg_____an diet *n.* a person who does not eat meat or fish, or often any animal products, for health or religious reasons
198. f_g tree *n.* a sweet and soft edible fruit with many seeds or a tree on which these grow

ANSWERS: 190. pest, 191. minority, 192. vegetarian, 193. butt, 194. perception, 195. accident, 196. analyze, 197. vegetarian, 198. fig

199. chaotic env_____nt	<i>n.</i> the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
200. variety of de_____us foods	<i>adj.</i> exceptionally pleasing to taste or smell
201. labor pop_____on	<i>n.</i> the total number of people in a country, region, or location
202. the seed of a pe____t	<i>n.</i> a type of legume that grows underground and is widely cultivated and consumed as a food source
203. me_____al chemistry	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
204. b__t into several people	<i>v.</i> to strike or push something with the flat end of your hip or buttocks; to hit or knock forcefully; (noun) the remaining end of a smoked cigarette
205. a mag_____nt plan	<i>adj.</i> extremely beautiful and impressive; grand or noble in thought or deed
206. d_e patterns	<i>v.</i> to color a textile or hair by immersing it in a colored liquid or substance
207. Chinese cl_____c literature	<i>adj.</i> judged or deserving to be regarded as one of the best or most important of its kind over a period of time; of a well-known type
208. f_e calculation	<i>n.</i> a sum of money charged for a particular service
209. in____t antenna	<i>n.</i> any small creature that has six legs and a body divided into three sections
210. abu_____ly available	<i>adv.</i> in large quantities; plentifully

ANSWERS: 199. environment, 200. delicious, 201. population, 202. peanut, 203. medicinal, 204. butt, 205. magnificent, 206. dye, 207. classic, 208. fee, 209. insect, 210. abundantly

211. run a gr____y *n.* a shop that sells food and other household items
212. dairy c_w *n.* a domesticated mammal with characteristic features such as a hump, large udders, and curved horns that is raised for its milk or meat
213. sw__e industry *n.* a domestic pig, especially one bred for its meat
214. E__o crises *n.* the official currency of most European Union countries
215. tra_____nt my family to America *v.* to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another
216. gra_____er mice *n.* large jumping insect; used to symbolize restlessness or ephemerality
217. rag d__l *n.* a child's toy that typically represents a human figure, especially a young girl; an attractive woman; a woman who is subservient or passive
218. st__k a key in a lock *v.* to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material
219. centimeter-g__m-second system *n.* a metric unit of weight equal to one-thousandth of a kilogram
220. con_____ion to society *n.* the act of giving something, especially money, to a particular cause or organization; a voluntary gift as of money or service or ideas made to some worthwhile cause

ANSWERS: 211. grocery, 212. cow, 213. swine, 214. euro, 215. transplant, 216. grasshopper, 217. doll, 218. stick, 219. gram, 220. contribution

221. a star of the first ma_____de	<i>n.</i> the extent, level, importance, or amount of something
222. a n__b mind	<i>adj.</i> unable to feel physical sensation and movement; not showing human feeling or sensitivity
223. the gr_____y business	<i>n.</i> a shop that sells food and other household items
224. re___e a story	<i>v.</i> to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
225. de_____us breeze	<i>adj.</i> exceptionally pleasing to taste or smell
226. pro_____al accent	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to a local government; having characteristics or views that are narrow in scope or limited by a narrow outlook
227. majority of his we___h	<i>n.</i> a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
228. c__b legs	<i>n.</i> a sea creature with two large claws and a flattened back (e.g., blue crab or king crab); a sour or grumpy person who is prone to complaining or criticizing
229. use of inn_____ve technology	<i>adj.</i> introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.
230. exp_____al function	<i>adj.</i> becoming more and more rapid; of or involving mathematical exponents
231. cat_____ar in a cocoon	<i>n.</i> the wormlike larva of a butterfly or moth

ANSWERS: 221. magnitude, 222. numb, 223. grocery, 224. relate, 225. delicious, 226. provincial, 227. wealth, 228. crab, 229. innovative, 230. exponential, 231. caterpillar

232. meet req_____nt *n.* something that is needed or wanted
233. p__a stage *n.* the intermediate stage in the development of an insect between the larva and the adult
234. ec_____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

ANSWERS: 232. requirement, 233. pupa, 234. economy

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The _____ of the earthquake was measured at 7.8 on the Richter scale.
n. the extent, level, importance, or amount of something
2. The article _____ the company's reputation with false accusations.
v. to speak or write about someone or something in a harmful or critical way;
(adjective) evil or harmful in nature or influence
3. The _____ scene of the glacier is awe-inspiring.
adj. extremely beautiful and impressive; grand or noble in thought or deed
4. The destruction of the _____ is a ticking time bomb for the Earth.
n. a forest rich in biodiversity that is generally found in tropical settings with heavy annual rainfall
5. The lawyer's _____ for the case was \$10,000.
n. a sum of money charged for a particular service
6. The _____ in the coal mine was used as an early warning system for miners about dangerous gases.
n. a small, typically yellow songbird that is often kept as a pet or used to denote the presence of gas or other hazards in a mine
7. The _____ of the moth was hidden deep inside the cocoon.
n. the intermediate stage in the development of an insect between the larva and the adult
8. This restaurant has _____ dishes as well.
n. a person who does not eat meat or fish, or often any animal products, for health or religious reasons

ANSWERS: 1. magnitude, 2. maligned, 3. magnificent, 4. rainforest, 5. fee, 6. canary, 7. pupa, 8. vegetarian

9. The _____ between the two sides over the proposed policy was heated.
- n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
10. It would be best if you burned off _____ through vigorous exercise.
- n.* unit of heat defined as the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 gram of water by 1 degree Celsius at atmospheric pressure, used by nutritionists to measure how much energy food will produce
11. The number of COVID cases continued to _____ in many countries worldwide.
- v.* to grow or increase rapidly in number; to reproduce or spread rapidly, especially in an uncontrolled manner
12. We could grill the meat in a _____ way.
- adj.* exceptionally pleasing to taste or smell
13. The _____ leaped from one blade of grass to another.
- n.* large jumping insect; used to symbolize restlessness or ephemerality
14. In the _____ system, measurements are made in meters and liters.
- adj.* using or relating to the meter as a unit of length; a system of related measures that facilitates the quantification of some particular characteristic
15. Without bees to _____ the flowers, many crops would not exist.
- v.* to transfer pollen from the male part of a flower to the female part, thereby fertilizing the plant and allowing it to produce fruit or seeds; to spread or disseminate an idea or influence to others
16. He displayed the _____ symptoms of depression.
- adj.* judged or deserving to be regarded as one of the best or most important of its kind over a period of time; of a well-known type

ANSWERS: 9. argument, 10. calories, 11. proliferate, 12. delicious, 13. grasshopper, 14. metric, 15. pollinate, 16. classic

17. I will go to the _____ store to buy food for dinner.

n. a shop that sells food and other household items

18. The _____ in a forest can be measured by collecting and weighing all living plants within a specific area.

n. the total quantity of living matter in a given unit of environment, including plants, animals, and microorganisms

19. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

20. The antique _____ was worth thousands of dollars.

n. a child's toy that typically represents a human figure, especially a young girl; an attractive woman; a woman who is subservient or passive

21. The _____ partially destroyed my vehicle.

n. an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury

22. The country has _____ oil and natural gas resources.

adj. present in great quantity

23. In our country, water _____ usually decreases during the winter.

n. the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials

24. The _____ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

ANSWERS: 17. grocery, 18. biomass, 19. statistics, 20. doll, 21. accident, 22. abundant, 23. consumption, 24. medicinal

25. Humans and apes have _____ anatomical structures.
adj. able to link the similarities or differences with others; similar or equivalent to someone or something
26. Since the 1990s, the Internet has continued to experience _____ growth.
adj. becoming more and more rapid; of or involving mathematical exponents
27. Sow early for an early _____.
n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
28. An infected person in the hospital will likely pass the _____ to others.
n. a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants
29. The advent of _____ fertilizers markedly increased agricultural productivity.
n. a compound of nitrogen and hydrogen that forms a gas with a strong smell, used as cleaning substances, fertilizers, and explosives
30. In just four years, the _____ has doubled.
n. the total number of people in a country, region, or location
31. The policy change resulted in an _____ positive outcome for the company.
adv. in large quantities; plentifully
32. You can see the horse _____ on the country road.
n. solid waste from animals, especially from large animals such as cattle and horses; (verb) to fertilize or dress with animals' excrement
33. He tried to _____ his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.
v. to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

ANSWERS: 25. comparable, 26. exponential, 27. crop, 28. virus, 29. ammonia, 30. population, 31. abundantly, 32. dung, 33. relate

34. The farmer raises _____ on his farm for the market.
n. a domestic pig, especially one bred for its meat
35. We cannot afford to squander _____ time.
adj. uncommon and extremely valuable
36. A balanced _____ is more important for health than supplements.
n. the food and drink that a person, animal, or community eats and drinks regularly; a legislative assembly in certain countries, for example, Japan
37. We must _____ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.
v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
38. The committee abolished the controversial _____ system.
n. an extra amount of money that is added to payment as a present or reward for good work
39. He tried to _____ the seedling into a larger pot.
v. to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another
40. Countries whose goal is economic development often focus on fostering an entrepreneurial _____ in each individual.
n. the established set of attitudes or fixed ideas held by someone
41. The doctor diagnosed him with a rare _____ that had no known cure.
n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

ANSWERS: 34. swine, 35. precious, 36. diet, 37. develop, 38. bonus, 39. transplant, 40. mindset, 41. disease

42. We elected him to _____ us at the international conference.

- v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute

43. He always makes a _____ estimation when predicting future sales.

- adj.* holding traditional views and values and opposed to change or innovation

44. It's notoriously challenging to _____ birth rates.

- v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience

45. I ordered a plate of fresh _____ at the seafood restaurant.

- n.* a sea creature with two large claws and a flattened back (e.g., blue crab or king crab); a sour or grumpy person who is prone to complaining or criticizing

46. The members of religious organizations released _____ poisonous gas on a subway train.

- adj.* likely to cause or capable of causing death

47. Marine _____ populations are declining worldwide due to ocean pollution.

- n.* any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body

48. My home is easily _____ from the shore.

- adj.* capable of being seen; or open to easy view

49. For this project to be successful, we must control _____ strictly.

- n.* the money, time, or effort incurred or required for something

ANSWERS: 42. represent, 43. conservative, 44. predict, 45. crab, 46. deadly, 47. mammal, 48. visible, 49. expenses

50. The seafood restaurant is known for its delicious _____ dish.
- n.* a freshwater crustacean resembling a small lobster typically found in streams, rivers, and lakes and often used as a popular food source
51. If necessary, you can _____ the front seats forward.
- v.* to move or cause to move smoothly along a surface without interruption
52. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
- n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
53. Maximum heart rates _____ a lot for each individual.
- v.* to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.
54. We _____ the season's total trade deficit at \$50 billion.
- v.* to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something
55. A diversified plant species generally enhances beneficial _____ populations.
- n.* a tiny living thing
56. How much is it per one hundred _____
- n.* a metric unit of weight equal to one-thousandth of a kilogram
57. His _____ to the charity was a generous donation of money.
- n.* the act of giving something, especially money, to a particular cause or organization; a voluntary gift as of money or service or ideas made to some worthwhile cause

ANSWERS: 50. crayfish, 51. slide, 52. economy, 53. vary, 54. estimated, 55. organism, 56. grams?, 57. contribution

58. _____ is the foundation of our economy.
n. the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
59. The _____ effect is a phenomenon that happens naturally.
n. a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in
60. The farmers used cow _____ to create compost for their crops.
n. organic matter, such as animal dung or decaying plant material, used as fertilizer to improve the fertility of soil; animal waste material used as fertilizer
61. He ate the dried _____ he had preserved.
n. a sweet and soft edible fruit with many seeds or a tree on which these grow
62. These infections have the potential to impact practically every _____ system.
n. a part of the body of an animal or plant that has a particular purpose and performs a specific job
63. She enjoyed the _____ of the French cuisine at the fancy restaurant.
n. something appealing, refined, or subtle in taste, texture, or appearance; a food item that is considered rare, costly, or requiring special preparation; sensitivity or tact in dealing with others or handling delicate situations
64. Mercury is the closest _____ to the sun.
n. any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
65. She _____ her hair purple for a change.
v. to color a textile or hair by immersing it in a colored liquid or substance

ANSWERS: 58. Agriculture, 59. greenhouse, 60. manure, 61. figs, 62. organ, 63. delicacy, 64. planet, 65. dyed

66. The leaders of the two countries met to _____ on the issue.
- v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
67. The developer's _____ of the old factory into a modern loft apartment complex was a major success.
- n.* the act or process of changing something from one thing to another; the state of being changed
68. The red dye in the fabric was derived from the _____ insect.
- n.* a scale insect that is used to produce a red dye called carmine; the dye itself
69. The government _____ regulated the country's food and drug safety standards.
- n.* an organization or business that is responsible for specific activities or services, especially when representing other organizations or businesses; the capacity or power to act or exert influence; the ability to make decisions and take action
70. Enhanced rail _____ is crucial for our business.
- n.* a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on
71. The government predicts an epidemic _____ of multiple viruses, including coronaviruses and influenza.
- n.* a sudden start of something, usually a disease or something dangerous or unpleasant
72. Government workers cannot _____ to political campaigns.
- v.* to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people

ANSWERS: 66. confer, 67. conversion, 68. cochineal, 69. agency, 70. transportation, 71. outbreak, 72. contribute

73. During the surgery, the doctor had to be extremely cautious not to _____ a blood vessel.
- v. to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity
74. _____ willingly accept business risks to achieve success.
- n. an individual who creates or invests in one or more businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks
75. The goats often _____ heads when they are fighting for dominance.
- v. to strike or push something with the flat end of your hip or buttocks; to hit or knock forcefully; (noun) the remaining end of a smoked cigarette
76. The scratches on the car _____ its otherwise perfect appearance.
- v. to damage or spoil the appearance or surface of something
77. You _____ a bill in the change machine, and the coins pop out.
- v. to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material
78. The sun set over the crest of _____ hills.
- adj. far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship
79. Some people have severe allergies to _____ and must avoid them completely.
- n. a type of legume that grows underground and is widely cultivated and consumed as a food source

ANSWERS: 73. damage, 74. Entrepreneurs, 75. butt, 76. marred, 77. stick, 78. distant, 79. peanuts

80. Hydrogen and oxygen _____ to form water.

v. to join or merge to form a single thing or group

81. The seafood restaurant had a variety of dishes featuring _____.

n. a small, freshwater or saltwater creature with a slender body and long legs

82. The Prime Minister stressed the need to create _____ industries.

adj. introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.

83. The hiker got pricked by a _____ needle while walking.

n. a plant that typically grows in dry regions and has spiny leaves, stems, and often vibrant flowers

84. I decided to seek counseling on the advice of my _____.

n. one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business

85. His family is the oldest _____ of the island.

n. a person or an animal that lives in a particular place

86. Some countries may leave the _____.

n. the official currency of most European Union countries

87. Disability is a physical _____ to living everyday life.

n. a rule or act that restricts the scope of something

88. The farmer milked the _____ every morning before breakfast.

n. a domesticated mammal with characteristic features such as a hump, large udders, and curved horns that is raised for its milk or meat

ANSWERS: 80. combine, 81. shrimp, 82. innovative, 83. cactus, 84. colleague, 85. inhabitant, 86. Euro, 87. limitation, 88. cows

89. The gardener used natural methods to keep _____ away from her plants.
n. a destructive insect or other animals that are harmful to crops, animals, or humans; someone or something that is annoying or troublesome
90. This examination _____ of five problems to solve.
v. to be composed or made up of
91. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.
n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
92. The teacher attempted to _____ the root cause of our mistake.
v. to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning
93. The investigation _____ several government agencies and is expected to take several months.
v. to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
94. _____ C is important for immune system function and skin health.
n. any of a group of organic compounds that are essential in small quantities to the diet and are present in natural foodstuffs or sometimes produced within the body
95. The _____ occasionally preaches at this church.
n. a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department
96. Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's _____.
n. the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

ANSWERS: 89. pests, 90. consists, 91. norms, 92. analyze, 93. involves, 94. Vitamin, 95. minister, 96. environment

97. My left arm became _____.

adj. unable to feel physical sensation and movement; not showing human feeling or sensitivity

98. Shakespeare's output of poetry was _____.

adj. extremely large or great

99. He is a man admired for the depth of his _____.

n. a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses

100. His final goal is to sail around the _____.

n. the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness

101. These _____ are more prevalent above a certain latitude.

n. any small creature that has six legs and a body divided into three sections

102. His _____ upbringing left him with a limited view of the world beyond his hometown

adj. of or relating to a local government; having characteristics or views that are narrow in scope or limited by a narrow outlook

103. She still _____ writes a short romance novel.

adv. now and then; sometimes but not often

104. He _____ himself to studying the history of ancient civilizations.

v. to commit or dedicate oneself or one's time, effort, or energy to a particular task or purpose

ANSWERS: 97. numb, 98. enormous, 99. perception, 100. globe, 101. insects, 102. provincial, 103. occasionally, 104. devoted

105. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.

- n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

106. Some ethnic _____ groups experienced discrimination in society.

- n.* the smaller part of a group, especially a number or part representing less than half of the whole; a period before adult legal age

107. She was the _____ to the rule, as she managed to graduate college in only two years.

- n.* something that is not included in a general rule or pattern; a person or thing that is excluded or stands apart from others

108. The body needs a certain amount of _____ to build and repair tissues.

- n.* a molecule made up of a long chain of amino acids, which is essential for the structure and function of the body's tissues

109. The _____ of education is responsible for managing the schools in the country.

- n.* a department of government responsible for a particular area of public service

110. The _____ on my bike broke, leaving me stranded.

- n.* a series of connected links or objects; a system or group of interconnected elements; a restraint or shackle

111. As an _____ he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.

- n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group

112. The _____ of the plant depends on the pollinators.

- n.* the process by which organisms create offspring; the production of something similar to an original work

ANSWERS: 105. wealth, 106. minority, 107. exception, 108. protein, 109. ministry, 110. chain, 111. individual, 112. reproduction

113. The _____ for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

- n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

114. What is the entry _____ for this course?

- n.* something that is needed or wanted

115. The woolly bear _____ munched on leaves all day.

- n.* the wormlike larva of a butterfly or moth

116. _____ feed is made from fodder crops.

- n.* farm animals and birds such as cows, sheep, and chickens

117. The _____ infestation destroyed the crops, causing widespread famine.

- n.* a type of grasshopper that can travel in large swarms and cause extensive damage to crops; can also refer to various other insects such as cicadas or katydids

ANSWERS: 113. process, 114. requirement, 115. caterpillar, 116. Livestock, 117. locust