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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Joseph Nye: Global power shifts | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/joseph_nye_global_power_shifts

All Words

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Session 1: Word List

discuss

v. to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic

synonym: talk about, converse, debate

(1) **discuss** options, (2) **discuss** solutions

We need to **discuss** the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.

transition

n. the process or period of changing from one state or circumstance to another

synonym: change, growth, shift

(1) **transition** phase, (2) ensure a smooth **transition**

The nation's healthcare system is in **transition** at the moment.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

moving

adj. causing strong emotions or feelings, especially sadness or sympathy

synonym: emotional, poignant, touching

(1) **moving** experience, (2) **moving** ceremony
His **moving** speech about his struggles with addiction brought tears to the audience's eyes.

diffusion

n. a spreading motion in multiple directions
synonym: dispersal, scattering, disbandment

(1) the **diffusion** of knowledge, (2) **diffusion** of lightning
Due to the **diffusion** of television and video, cinema theaters had a small audience.

shift

n. a slight transition in position, direction, or trend
synonym: transition, change, modification

(1) Doppler **shift**, (2) major paradigm **shift**
Could you help me **shift** some furniture?

separate

v. to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
synonym: disunite, isolate, ramify

(1) **separate** video into chapter, (2) **separate** cream from milk
We need to **separate** the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.

interact

v. to communicate or react with somebody
synonym: cooperate, combine, collaborate

(1) **interact** directly with customers, (2) **interact** with one another
He should **interact** more with his colleagues.

recover

v. to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength
synonym: come back, convalesce, heal

(1) **recover** a loss, (2) **recover** approval ratings
She is still **recovering** from a shot to her shoulder.

industrial

adj. of or relating to or resulting from industry
synonym: manufacturing, mechanical

(1) beginning of the **industrial** revolution, (2) **industrial**

alcohol

Industrial design has become more focused on human nature aspect than ever before.

revolution

n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;

synonym: coup, innovation, rebellion

(1) beginning of the industrial **revolution**, (2) a political **revolution**

The **revolution** by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

dominant

adj. more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type

synonym: chief, predominant, prevailing

(1) achieve a **dominant** share, (2) **dominant** force
Her company soon won a **dominant** market share.

gradual

adj. happening slowly over a long period of time or distance; not steep or abrupt

synonym: incremental, gradational, piecemeal

(1) a **gradual** process, (2) a **gradual** change

The country experienced a **gradual** increase in population.

population

n. the total number of people in a country, region, or location

synonym: people, inhabitants, folk

(1) **population** change, (2) labor **population**

In just four years, the **population** has doubled.

compute

v. to make a mathematical calculation

synonym: calculate

(1) **compute** an average score, (2) **compute** the value
I tried to **compute** the efficiency of the investment.

communicate

v. to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals

synonym : convey, share, transmit

(1) **communicate** his anxieties to the psychiatrist,

(2) **communicate** well with my advisor

Dolphins use sound to **communicate** with each other.

hundredfold

adj. a hundred times as great or as much

(1) rise nearly **hundredfold**, (2) improve **hundredfold**

The development team reported two **hundredfold** increases in performance.

abstract

adj. based on general ideas, feelings, or qualities and not on any a physical or concrete existence

synonym : conceptual, theoretical, ideational

(1) an **abstract** noun, (2) **abstract** science

The invention of the camera triggered the development of **abstract** painting.

automobile

n. a road vehicle that has four wheels and is powered by an engine, used for transporting people or goods

synonym : car, vehicle, motorcar

(1) driverless **automobile**, (2) **automobile** insurance

The **automobile** industry is a major contributor to air pollution in cities.

doll

n. a child's toy that typically represents a human figure, especially a young girl; an attractive woman; a woman who is subservient or passive

synonym : puppet, dolly, toy

(1) plastic **doll**, (2) rag **doll**

The antique **doll** was worth thousands of dollars.

decline

v. to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept

synonym : descend, drop, deny

(1) **decline** a job offer, (2) **decline** in quality
As people age, their digestive capacity also gradually **declines**.

dramatically

adv. in a very impressive manner

synonym: greatly, noticeably, suddenly

(1) he confessed **dramatically**, (2) the cabin pressure fell **dramatically**

Life expectancy has grown **dramatically** this century.

barrier

n. a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective

synonym: border, barricade, fence

(1) cost **barrier**, (2) information **barrier**

The police placed a **barrier** across the street to halt traffic.

simultaneously

adv. at the same time

synonym: concurrently, coincidentally, together

(1) **simultaneously** affected, (2) take several inputs **simultaneously**

Two students answered the teacher's question **simultaneously**.

government

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

synonym: administration, regime, state

(1) **government** bureaucracy, (2) **government** funding

The federal **government** is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

multinational

adj. relating to or involving multiple countries or nationalities; having operations or business interests in multiple countries

synonym: international, global, cross-border

(1) **multinational** enterprise, (2) **multinational** team

The **multinational** corporation has offices in over 30 countries.

corporation

n. a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit

synonym: business, company, enterprise

(1) a public **corporation**, (2) **corporation** assets

Four companies were amalgamated into a single **corporation**.

Catholic

adj. universal and including many different types of things; related to or associated with the part of the Christian Church that has the Pope as its leader

(1) **catholic** in his tastes, (2) the **Catholic** Church

Sociologists are now interested in **catholic** world peace.

church

n. a building or institution dedicated to religious worship or activities; a Christian religious organization or denomination

synonym: chapel, cathedral, synagogue

(1) **church** bell, (2) small **church**

The **church** on the corner is hosting a free community meal tonight.

wealth

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

synonym: affluence, assets, fortunate

(1) majority of his **wealth**, (2) material **wealth**

The **wealth** inequality was unavoidable.

restricted

adj. limited in extent, number, scope, or action, especially by official rules, laws, etc.

synonym: limited, determinate, fixed

(1) **restricted** area, (2) lactose **restricted** diet

The country has designated our products as **restricted** import goods.

pound

n. the standard unit of money in the UK; the standard unit of weight equal to 16 ounces

(1) three-fourths of a **pound**, (2) thousands of **pounds**

The car's front bumper cost fifteen hundred **pounds**.

capability

n. the ability, skill, or competence to do something; the potential or aptitude for a particular task or function

synonym: ability, capacity, competence

(1) **capability** assessment, (2) technological **capability**

The company's pricing strategy limits its **capability** to compete with other businesses in the market.

nongovernmental

adj. not belonging to or controlled by a government

synonym: private, non-public, non-state

(1) **nongovernmental** aid worker, (2) **nongovernmental** agency

The **nongovernmental** organization works to promote human rights in developing countries.

tradition

n. a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society

synonym: custom, practice, ritual

(1) a **tradition** of a culture, (2) against **tradition**

It is a **tradition** in many families to have a big Thanksgiving dinner with all their relatives.

concept

n. an idea or principle associated with something abstract

synonym: idea, notion, vision

(1) learn new **concepts**, (2) **concept** car

One such rapidly growing **concept** is quantum cryptography.

interstate

adj. between or involving different states (= the territory occupied by one of the constituent administrative districts of a nation)

synonym: cross-state, between states

(1) **interstate** disputes, (2) **interstate** travel

The **interstate** highway connects the major cities of the state.

pearl

n. a hard, roundish object found within the shells of certain mollusks and used as a gem

synonym: bead, gem, nacre

(1) a cultured **pearl**, (2) **pearl** beyond price

She wore a **pearl** necklace passed down to her from her grandmother.

harbor

n. an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession

synonym: port, dock, pier

(1) a sheltered **harbor**, (2) **harbor** a resentment

The tsunami swamped every boat in the **harbor**.

privatize

v. to transfer ownership or control of a business or industry from government or public control to private ownership or control; to make something into a private enterprise or organization

synonym: deregulate, denationalize

(1) **privatize** post offices, (2) **privatize** healthcare

The government wants to **privatize** specific industries to boost their efficiency.

innovative

adj. introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.

synonym: creative, ingenious, inventive

(1) use of **innovative** technology, (2) stylistically **innovative** works

The Prime Minister stressed the need to create **innovative** industries.

outcome

n. the result or effect of an action, event, etc.

synonym: result, consequence, effect

(1) improved student **outcomes**, (2) a desirable **outcome**

They awaited news of the **outcome** of the election.

threat

n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

synonym: menace, danger, hazard

(1) economic **threat**, (2) environmental **threat**

The **threat** of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.

coercion

n. the use of force, threats, or intimidation to persuade someone to do something against their will; the practice of controlling or manipulating someone through the use of power or authority

synonym: pressure, force, compulsion

(1) **coercion** through force, (2) physical **coercion**

The government used **coercion** to force citizens to comply with pandemic restrictions.

stick

v. to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material

synonym: pierce, adhere, stay

(1) **stick** a key in a lock, (2) fire **stick**

You **stick** a bill in the change machine, and the coins pop out.

neglect

v. to not give enough care or attention to something; to leave something undone

synonym: delinquency, carelessness, decay

(1) **neglect** to call, (2) **neglect** ethical issues

He **neglected** his health to make the project a success.

misunderstand

v. to interpret or understand something in the wrong way

synonym: misinterpret, misperceive, misapprehend

(1) **misunderstand** each other, (2) **misunderstand** entirely about her

You should not **misunderstand** the meaning of freedom.

tremendous

adj. very great in degree or extent or amount or impact;
extremely good

synonym : enormous, giant, immense

(1) **tremendous** amount, (2) **tremendous** popularity

We had a **tremendous** time yesterday.

traditionally

adv. in accordance with tradition; typically or commonly done
in a particular way

synonym : conventionally, commonly, generally

(1) **traditionally** accepted concept, (2) **traditionally** sung at
a banquet

Traditionally, the ceremony was held outdoors.

primarily

adv. mainly

synonym : largely, mainly, mostly

(1) intended **primarily** for young people, (2) **primarily** affect
adults

All peaceful cooperation is based **primarily** on mutual trust.

military

adj. relating to or characteristic of members of the armed
forces; of or relating to war or warfare

synonym : armed, martial, warlike

(1) a **military** operation, (2) a **military** leader

The **military** academy was known for its strict discipline and
training.

historic

adj. famous or significant in history, or potentially so

synonym : memorable, momentous, historical

(1) **historic** accomplishment, (2) achieve the **historic** feat

The Chinese people have accomplished several **historic**
feats.

define

v. to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or
meaning of something

synonym :

characterize, depict, express

(1) **define** a word, (2) **define** my position

To advance this discussion, we must **define** "success" rigorously.

prevail

v. to be common, widespread, or frequent; to be the strongest or most powerful

synonym: triumph, prevail over, be victorious

(1) good will **prevail**, (2) **prevail** in a suit

It is common for oppressive governments to **prevail** through violence, using military and police force to control their citizens and suppress dissent.

narrative

n. a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story

synonym: the tale, chronology, annals

(1) **narrative** poetry, (2) personal **narrative**

The **narrative** handles multiple plot lines and has unpredictable ends.

prevailing

adj. most frequent, widespread, or currently dominant, usually referring to a particular opinion, attitude, or trend

synonym: dominant, prevalent, current

(1) **prevailing** wind, (2) **prevailing** trend

The **prevailing** opinion was that the project would be a success.

persist

v. to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable

synonym: endure, continue, carry on

(1) **persist** over time, (2) **persist** in success

Consult your doctor if the symptoms **persist**.

crisis

n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

synonym:

concern, problem, emergency

(1) financial **crisis**, (2) **crisis** management

The Chinese word for **crisis** comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

tectonic

adj. relating to the structure of the Earth's crust and the large-scale processes that occur as a result of movements within it

synonym: seismic, geologic, geological

(1) **tectonic** valleys, (2) a **tectonic** earthquake

The **tectonic** plates shifted, causing an earthquake.

plat

n. a map or a plan that shows the division and layout of land into lots or parcels; a piece of land typically used for building or agricultural purposes

synonym: map, chart, diagram

(1) **plat** book, (2) a former **plat** of farmland

The city planning department keeps detailed **plats** of all the local properties.

shifting

adj. constantly changing or moving

synonym: unfirm, shifty, fluctuating

(1) **shifting** balance, (2) continuously **shifting** landscape

Trends in the fashion industry are so **shifting** that it is challenging to keep up with them.

president

n. the leader of a republic, for example, the US; the person in charge of the organization such as a company, university, club, etc.

synonym: leader, CEO, chairperson

(1) **president** emeritus, (2) vice- **president** for finance

The club **president** does not have absolute power.

pronounced

adj. clearly and distinctly expressed or noticeable; emphasized

synonym: emphasized, distinct, noticeable

(1) clearly- **pronounced** utterances, (2) **pronounced** difference

The chef's herbs and spices gave the dish a **pronounced** flavor.

metaphor

n. a figure of speech in which an expression is used to refer to something that it does not denote to suggest a similarity

synonym: conceit, analogy, symbol

(1) **metaphor** for death, (2) visual **metaphor**

She expressed her thought in an artful choice of **metaphors**.

mislead

v. to cause someone to believe something that is not true

synonym: misinform, delude, belie

(1) **mislead** him into trusting her, (2) **mislead** the enemy

Our troops pulled back to **mislead** the enemy.

cycle

n. an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle

synonym: revolution, rotation, bike

(1) the **cycle** of the seasons, (2) go to the workplace by **cycle**

The food chain causes a material **cycle**.

embargo

n. a ban or restriction on trade, commerce, or travel imposed by one country or group of countries against another as a means of political or economic pressure or punishment

synonym: ban, prohibition, restriction

(1) oil **embargo**, (2) economic **embargo**

The **embargo** on trade with the neighboring countries severely impacted the local economy.

rust

n. a reddish-brown coating or corrosion layer that forms on iron or steel as a result of exposure to moisture and oxygen; the process of corrosion on metal caused by oxidation

synonym: corrosion, oxidation, decay

(1) **rust-proofing**, (2) **rusty** metal

The old car was covered in **rust** and needed extensive repair work.

belt

v. to sing loudly and forcefully; to hit someone or something hard; (noun) a strip of leather or other material worn to tie or buckle something around the body

synonym: sing, hit hard, (noun) strap

(1) **belt** him in the face, (2) leather **belt**

The band was **belting** out old songs in response to audience requests.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym: finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

silicon

n. a chemical element with the symbol Si that is a hard, brittle crystalline solid with a blue-grey metallic luster and used for the transistors and integrated circuit chips in computers

(1) **silicon** wafer, (2) crystalline **silicon**

Silicon is the second most abundant element on earth after oxygen.

valley

n. a long depression on the surface of the land, which typically contains a river

synonym: canyon, gorge, dale

(1) **valley** bottom, (2) basin-shaped **valley**

The **valley** had received a mild snowfall the previous week.

enthusiastic

adj. having or showing great excitement, interest, or eagerness; energetic or passionate about something

synonym : ardent, fervent, crazy

(1) **enthusiastic** football fan, (2) **enthusiastic** audience

She was **enthusiastic** about starting her new job.

disastrous

adj. extremely bad, harmful, or unsuccessful

synonym : catastrophic, destructive, fatal

(1) have **disastrous** consequences, (2) absolutely **disastrous** effect

The emission of hazardous substances has **disastrous** effects on the ecology of a region.

policy

n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

synonym : strategy, plan, guideline

(1) health **policy**, (2) foreign **policy**

The company's new **policy** on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

adventure

n. a journey or a series of events that is unusual, exciting, or dangerous

synonym : experience, happening, incident

(1) gastronomic **adventures**, (2) **adventure** film

He sailed the Atlantic Ocean multiple times during his **adventures**.

moral

adj. concerned with the principles of what is right and wrong, fairness, honesty, etc.

synonym : honest, ethical, conscientious

(1) **moral** hazard, (2) **moral** burden

Ethics deals with **moral** conduct.

psychology

n. the scientific study of mind and behavior

(1) **psychology** experiment, (2) **psychology** of crowd

She had a master's degree in **psychology**.

surpass

v. to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something

synonym: excel, outdo, outperform

(1) **surpass** imagination, (2) **surpass** \$20 billion in sales

The athlete's record-breaking performance **surpassed** all expectations.

projection

n. the act of calculating or guessing, or the state of being estimated; any solid shape or object that juts out from something; an image on a screen cast from something

synonym: estimate, forecast, prediction

(1) draw a **projection** chart, (2) **projection** mapping

The weather forecast includes a **projection** of the high and low temperatures for the next week.

accurate

adj. correct and exact in all details

synonym: exact, precise, proper

(1) provide **accurate** information, (2) **accurate** measurements

The official transcript contains **accurate** academic records.

mention

v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly

synonym: reference, allude, cite

(1) **mention** name, (2) **mention** in a report

I **mentioned** to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.

linear

adj. of, relating to, or consisting of lines or length; able to be expressed as a straight line, especially on a graph

synonym: straight, direct, right

(1) **linear** trend, (2) a **linear** equation

People tend to make **linear** predictions.

straight

adj. extending or moving in one direction without bending or curving; having no deviations

synonym : linear, honest, consecutive

(1) a **straight** line, (2) **straight** for two months

He was sick for five **straight** days.

bump

v. to hit or knock against something hard, often with a dull sound; to meet with by accident

synonym : collide, hit, jolt

(1) **bump** against a wall, (2) **bump** up prices

She accidentally **bumped** into him in the crowded room.

accident

n. an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury

synonym : calamity, casualty, chance

(1) cause an **accident**, (2) injury in a car **accident**

The **accident** partially destroyed my vehicle.

passee

adj. no longer fashionable or current; outdated; considered to be old-fashioned or out of date

synonym : outdated, old-fashioned, antique

(1) **passee** entertainment, (2) **passee** trend

Bell-bottom jeans, once considered **passee** fashion, have made a surprising comeback in recent years.

capita

n. a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone

synonym : head, headcount, person

(1) per **capita** sales, (2) the agricultural yield per **capita**
GDP per **capita** shrunk by almost 10 percent for the third consecutive year.

composition

n. the different parts of something's elements or ingredients; the way in which the different components are organized; a piece of music written by someone

synonym : creating, formatting, arrangement

(1) age **composition** of the population, (2) the piano passages in the **composition**

Their innovative concepts were consistent across their bodies of **composition**.

underdeveloped

adj. not fully developed or mature; lacking in progress or advancement

synonym: unadvanced, immature, backward

(1) an **underdeveloped** child, (2) remain **underdeveloped**

Many people in **underdeveloped** countries need clean water or proper healthcare access.

sophistication

n. the quality or state of having a great deal of worldly experience; the quality or state of being intellectually or culturally refined

synonym: refinement, culture, elegance

(1) cultural **sophistication**, (2) linguistic **sophistication**

The new technology added a level of **sophistication** to the manufacturing process.

latter

adj. situated nearer to the end of something than the beginning; recent

synonym: following, recent, latest

(1) the **latter** part of the 20th century, (2) the **latter** half of life

We plan to schedule the feature update for the **latter** ten days of September.

dimension

n. a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length

synonym: extent, measurement, size

(1) new **dimension**, (2) the crosswise **dimension**

Overall **dimensions** are approximately 400x200mm.

measured

adj. done with careful consideration or calculated precision; controlled or regulated in manner or speech; deliberate and thoughtful

synonym: calculated, deliberate, thought-out

(1) **measured** analysis, (2) **measured** tone of voice

Her **measured** response to the criticism showed her ability to remain calm and composed under pressure.

advantage

n. a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has

synonym: benefit, edge, asset

(1) score an **advantage**, (2) take **advantage** of his weak points

One of the main **advantages** of the new product is its increased efficiency.

insure

v. to provide coverage in the event of loss or damage

synonym: protect, guard, safeguard

(1) **insure** my house against fire, (2) **insure** domestic tranquility

I will **insure** my car before I go on a road trip.

hostile

adj. unfriendly or aggressively opposed

synonym: unfriendly, aggressive, antagonistic

(1) take up a **hostile** attitude, (2) **hostile** environment

The **hostile** takeover of the company was met with resistance from the employees.

diplomat

n. a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations

synonym: envoy, ambassador, representative

(1) allied **diplomat**, (2) expel a **diplomat**

The senior **diplomat** worked tirelessly to negotiate a peace treaty between the two countries.

academic

adj. associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills

synonym : educational, scholarly, theoretical

(1) **academic** probation, (2) an **academic** discussion

An excellent historian must possess an **academic** mentality.

myth

n. an ancient story or set of stories accepted as history, especially explaining the worldview of a people

synonym : fable, legend, lore

(1) the **myth** of an old religion, (2) perpetuate a **myth**

With the financial bubble bursting, the **myth** of economic growth in investment banking collapsed.

conflict

n. a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals

synonym : clash, discord, competition

(1) the **conflict** between good and evil, (2) the longstanding **conflict**

He and I often had **conflicts**, not only in personality but also in ideology.

millennium

n. a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia)

(1) past **millennium**, (2) **millennium** bottle of wine

Our world is in the third **millennium**.

spartan

adj. of or relating to Sparta (= a prominent city-state in Laconia, in ancient Greece) or its people; showing self-discipline and determination, especially in the face of hardship or adversity

synonym : ascetic, austere, hard

(1) **spartan** training, (2) a **spartan** diet

The soldier lived a **spartan** lifestyle, with few possessions and luxuries.

explanation

n. the information or arguments that someone provides to make something understandable or clear

synonym: description, elucidation, account

(1) the **explanation** for the failure, (2) detailed **explanation**

The following **explanation** is currently being used to explain the phenomenon in question.

argue

v. to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others

synonym: debate, dispute, quarrel

(1) **argue** a case, (2) **argue** passionately

The couple began to **argue** over which restaurant to go to for dinner.

conflagration

n. a large, destructive fire that spreads quickly and can cause extensive damage; a great and wide-ranging conflict or war

synonym: blaze, holocaust, firestorm

(1) **conflagration** aftermath, (2) urban **conflagration**

The **conflagration** in the forest destroyed many homes and caused much damage.

destroy

v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

synonym: demolish, ruin, obliterate

(1) **destroy** the ecosystem, (2) **destroyed** evidence

The building was **destroyed** in the fire and had to be rebuilt.

reproduce

v. to make a copy of something such as a picture, piece of text, music, etc.; to produce offspring through a sexual or asexual process

synonym: duplicate, breed, imitate

(1) **reproduce** the painting, (2) **reproduce** by myself

By dividing and creating copies of themselves, bacteria **reproduce**.

strength

n. the quality or state of being physically, or sometimes mentally, strong

synonym : resilience, power, muscles

(1) **strength** of the economy, (2) muscular **strength**

Health and **strength** are, above all, gold.

overreact

v. to react more strongly or excessively than is necessary or appropriate

synonym : overplay, exaggerate, overstate

(1) **overreact** with anger, (2) **overreact** to the criticism

She **overreacted** to the situation and caused unnecessary stress.

paraphrase

v. to restate or reword a passage in one's own words, often to clarify or simplify the original meaning

synonym : rephrase, reword, reinterpret

(1) **paraphrase** a poem into prose, (2) **paraphrase** the meaning

He **paraphrased** the article in his own words to avoid being accused of plagiarism.

context

n. the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning

synonym : background, setting, environment

(1) historical **context**, (2) legal **context**

It's important to understand the **context** of a situation before making a decision.

perspective

n. a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something

synonym : viewpoint, standpoint, outlook

(1) a **perspective** view, (2) the **perspective** of the battle

His father's death changed his whole **perspective** on life.

process

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable

for consumption or use in other dairy products

synonym: procedure, method, system

(1) **process** improvement, (2) decision-making **process**

The **process** for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

distribute

v. to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something

synonym: broadcast, disperse, hand out

(1) **distribute** wealth evenly, (2) **distribute** video content

His estate was **distributed** to his sons.

relate

v. to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

synonym: connect, link, associate

(1) **relate** a story, (2) **relate** a message

He tried to **relate** his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.

superpower

n. a country or nation that has significant global influence or formidable military, economic, or technological strength; a supernatural ability or force capable of extraordinary feats or feats beyond normal human capabilities

synonym: great power, empire, hegemony

(1) **superpower** country, (2) **superpower** leader

The ability to fly like a bird is often considered a **superpower** in comic books and movies.

replace

v. to take the place of something

synonym: substitute, supersede, displace

(1) **replace** one word with another, (2) **replace** a phone

Eventually, the new design will **replace** all older models.

polar

adj. relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites

synonym : opposing, contrary, contrasting

(1) **polar** bears, (2) **polar** regions

Polar animals are graceful and efficient swimmers.

balance

n. a condition in which everything has the same weight or force; something left after other parts have been taken away

synonym : equilibrium, counterpoise, remainder

(1) the **balance** of power, (2) asset on the company's **balance** sheet

Try to keep a **balance** between work and off.

transnational

adj. relating to or involving activities, organizations, or individuals that cross national boundaries or operate in multiple countries; having a presence or influence in multiple countries or regions

synonym : international, global, cross-border

(1) **transnational** migration, (2) **transnational** crime

The company operates as a **transnational** corporation, with offices and operations in multiple countries.

relation

n. the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another

synonym : association, linkage, connection

(1) **relation** between cause and effect, (2) **relation** of inclusion

The industrial **relations** laws were passed with little to no alteration.

climate

n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

synonym : atmosphere, weather, environment

(1) a cold **climate**, (2) effects of **climate** change

Climate and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

pandemic

n. an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area

synonym: outbreak

(1) flu **pandemic**, (2) global **pandemic**

They fear a **pandemic** of a new type of virus.

chaotic

adj. without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing

synonym: disorderly, cluttered, topsy-turvy

(1) the **chaotic** economic situation, (2) **chaotic** theory

Change is also occurring in Turkey as a result of **chaotic** reform.

cooperation

n. the act or situation of working together with someone towards a shared purpose, benefit, etc.

synonym: collaboration, affiliation, alliance

(1) **cooperation** with strategic partners, (2) thoroughgoing **cooperation**

The **cooperation** between businesses and universities created this groundbreaking product.

organ

n. a part of the body of an animal or plant that has a particular purpose and performs a specific job

synonym: function, structure

(1) **organ** bleeding, (2) damage to internal **organs**

These infections have the potential to impact practically every **organ** system.

vice

n. wrongdoing or wicked behavior; (in the form of vice versa) with the order reversed; (as a prefix) someone with a job immediately below a particular person

synonym: corruption, depravity, evil

(1) virtue and **vice**, (2) **vice-chair** of the committee

Cats hate dogs and **vice** versa.

develop

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve

greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

synonym: evolve, progress, advance

(1) **develop** a strategy, (2) **develop** a skill

We must **develop** a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

security

n. the state of being free from danger, risk, or harm; measures taken to protect against threats or attacks; a financial asset, such as a stock or bond that derives value exclusively from the ownership interest or claim to a particular underlying asset or obligation

synonym: safety, protection, stock

(1) national **security**, (2) **security** analyst

The building's **security** system includes cameras, alarms, and security guards.

carbon

n. a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals

(1) **carbon** dioxide, (2) **carbon** emission

Trees absorb **carbon** dioxide and give off oxygen.

emission

n. the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.

synonym: emanation, radiation, discharge

(1) global **emissions** of greenhouse gases, (2) the **emission** of light

There are five distinct **emissions** at five unique wavelengths.

empower

v. to give someone the power or authority to do something

synonym: authorize, endow, entitle

(1) **empower** my life, (2) **empower** the secretary to do the same

The company **empowered** employees to buy low-price items without approval to achieve efficient purchasing.

strategy

n. a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.

synonym: approach, procedure, scenario

(1) military **strategy**, (2) develop a **strategy**

Our plan includes a comprehensive marketing **strategy**.

nation

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

synonym: country, state, sovereign entity

(1) **nation-state**, (2) a seafaring **nation**

The **nation** of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

monetary

adj. of or relating to the money in the country

synonym: financial, fiscal, economic

(1) the stance of **monetary** policy, (2) **monetary** rewards

The policy might bring more excellent **monetary** stability to the country.

stability

n. the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast

synonym: resilience, solidity, steadiness

(1) **stability** pact, (2) fiscal **stability** pact

The policy should increase the country's monetary **stability**.

analog

adj. relating to or using signals or information represented by a continuous physical quantity such as spatial position, voltage, etc.

(1) an **analog** watch, (2) digitization of **analog** sounds

Mercury thermometers are a type of **analog** sensor.

enhance

v. to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something

synonym: improve, enrich, refine

(1) **enhance** value, (2) **enhance** the flavor of the vanilla

The new strategy will **enhance** the profitability of our

company.

impressive

adj. arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill

synonym : impactful, remarkable, exceptional

(1) **impressive** performances, (2) an **impressive** array of facts

The budget reduction was an **impressive** feat for our nation.

administer

v. to oversee and control the operation or arrangement of something

synonym : allocate, distribute, dispense

(1) **administer** justice, (2) **administer** the funds

After the accident, three governmental bodies **administer** the company.

represent

v. to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute

synonym : depict, express, describe

(1) **represent** by a diagram, (2) the characters that **represent** numbers

We elected him to **represent** us at the international conference.

combine

v. to join or merge to form a single thing or group

synonym : coalesce, cohere, blend

(1) **combine** chemically with another substance,

(2) **combine** augmented reality

Hydrogen and oxygen **combine** to form water.

Session 2: Spelling

1. ab____ct science *adj.* based on general ideas, feelings, or qualities and not on any a physical or concrete existence
2. score an ad_____ge *n.* a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has
3. sp_____n training *adj.* of or relating to Sparta (= a prominent city-state in Laconia, in ancient Greece) or its people; showing self-discipline and determination, especially in the face of hardship or adversity
4. personal na_____ve *n.* a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story
5. age com_____on of the population *n.* the different parts of something's elements or ingredients; the way in which the different components are organized; a piece of music written by someone
6. me_____ed tone of voice *adj.* done with careful consideration or calculated precision; controlled or regulated in manner or speech; deliberate and thoughtful
7. the em_____on of light *n.* the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.
8. sh_____ng balance *adj.* constantly changing or moving

ANSWERS: 1. abstract, 2. advantage, 3. spartan, 4. narrative, 5. composition, 6. measured, 7. emission, 8. shifting

9. re___e a message *v.* to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
10. ec_____y of scale *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
11. economic th___t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
12. re_____r approval ratings *v.* to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength
13. a desirable ou_____e *n.* the result or effect of an action, event, etc.
14. mo_____ry rewards *adj.* of or relating to the money in the country
15. the cabin pressure fell dra_____lly *adv.* in a very impressive manner
16. b__p against a wall *v.* to hit or knock against something hard, often with a dull sound; to meet with by accident
17. major paradigm sh__t *n.* a slight transition in position, direction, or trend

ANSWERS: 9. relate, 10. economy, 11. threat, 12. recover, 13. outcome, 14. monetary, 15. dramatically, 16. bump, 17. shift

18. a mi____ry operation *adj.* relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare
19. pr_____ze healthcare *v.* to transfer ownership or control of a business or industry from government or public control to private ownership or control; to make something into a private enterprise or organization
20. improve hun_____ld *adj.* a hundred times as great or as much
21. per ca___a sales *n.* a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone
22. re_____ce the painting *v.* to make a copy of something such as a picture, piece of text, music, etc.; to produce offspring through a sexual or asexual process
23. va___y bottom *n.* a long depression on the surface of the land, which typically contains a river
24. int_____te travel *adj.* between or involving different states (= the territory occupied by one of the constituent administrative districts of a nation)
25. leather b__t *v.* to sing loudly and forcefully; to hit someone or something hard; (noun) a strip of leather or other material worn to tie or buckle something around the body
26. remain und_____ped *adj.* not fully developed or mature; lacking in progress or advancement

ANSWERS: 18. military, 19. privatize, 20. hundredfold, 21. capita, 22. reproduce, 23. valley, 24. interstate, 25. belt, 26. underdeveloped

36. tre_____us amount *adj.* very great in degree or extent or amount or impact; extremely good
37. coo_____on with strategic partners *n.* the act or situation of working together with someone towards a shared purpose, benefit, etc.
38. di_____on of lightning *n.* a spreading motion in multiple directions
39. pr_____s improvement *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
40. a gr_____l change *adj.* happening slowly over a long period of time or distance; not steep or abrupt
41. mo____g ceremony *adj.* causing strong emotions or feelings, especially sadness or sympathy
42. pro_____on mapping *n.* the act of calculating or guessing, or the state of being estimated; any solid shape or object that juts out from something; an image on a screen cast from something
43. the co_____ct between good and evil *n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
44. use of inn_____ve technology *adj.* introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.

ANSWERS: 36. tremendous, 37. cooperation, 38. diffusion, 39. process, 40. gradual, 41. moving, 42. projection, 43. conflict, 44. innovative

45. tra_____lly sung at a banquet *adv.* in accordance with tradition; typically or commonly done in a particular way
46. expel a di_____at *n.* a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations
47. digitization of an____g sounds *adj.* relating to or using signals or information represented by a continuous physical quantity such as spatial position, voltage, etc.
48. the agricultural yield per ca____a *n.* a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone
49. in_____ct directly with customers *v.* to communicate or react with somebody
50. develop a st_____gy *n.* a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
51. de_____p a skill *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
52. three-fourths of a po__d *n.* the standard unit of money in the UK; the standard unit of weight equal to 16 ounces
53. ho_____e environment *adj.* unfriendly or aggressively opposed
54. em_____r my life *v.* to give someone the power or authority to do something

ANSWERS: 45. traditionally, 46. diplomat, 47. analog, 48. capita, 49. interact, 50. strategy, 51. develop, 52. pound, 53. hostile, 54. empower

55. pr____l in a suit *v.* to be common, widespread, or frequent; to be the strongest or most powerful
56. st_____ty pact *n.* the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast
57. r__t-proofing *n.* a reddish-brown coating or corrosion layer that forms on iron or steel as a result of exposure to moisture and oxygen; the process of corrosion on metal caused by oxidation
58. b__t him in the face *v.* to sing loudly and forcefully; to hit someone or something hard; (noun) a strip of leather or other material worn to tie or buckle something around the body
59. gastronomic ad_____res *n.* a journey or a series of events that is unusual, exciting, or dangerous
60. he confessed dra_____lly *adv.* in a very impressive manner
61. sup_____er country *n.* a country or nation that has significant global influence or formidable military, economic, or technological strength; a supernatural ability or force capable of extraordinary feats or feats beyond normal human capabilities
62. b__p up prices *v.* to hit or knock against something hard, often with a dull sound; to meet with by accident
63. pr_____nt emeritus *n.* the leader of a republic, for example, the US; the person in charge of the organization such as a company, university, club, etc.

ANSWERS: 55. prevail, 56. stability, 57. rust, 58. belt, 59. adventure, 60. dramatically, 61. superpower, 62. bump, 63. president

64. a political rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
65. con_____ion aftermath *n.* a large, destructive fire that spreads quickly and can cause extensive damage; a great and wide-ranging conflict or war
66. co_____e chemically with another substance *v.* to join or merge to form a single thing or group
67. an an____g watch *adj.* relating to or using signals or information represented by a continuous physical quantity such as spatial position, voltage, etc.
68. mi_____d him into trusting her *v.* to cause someone to believe something that is not true
69. se_____te cream from milk *v.* to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
70. ent_____tic audience *adj.* having or showing great excitement, interest, or eagerness; energetic or passionate about something
71. foreign po____y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
72. en_____e the flavor of the vanilla *v.* to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something

ANSWERS: 64. revolution, 65. conflagration, 66. combine, 67. analog, 68. mislead, 69. separate, 70. enthusiastic, 71. policy, 72. enhance

73. adm_____er justice *v.* to oversee and control the operation or arrangement of something
74. national se_____ty *n.* the state of being free from danger, risk, or harm; measures taken to protect against threats or attacks; a financial asset, such as a stock or bond that derives value exclusively from the ownership interest or claim to a particular underlying asset or obligation
75. cause an ac_____nt *n.* an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury
76. ne_____t to call *v.* to not give enough care or attention to something; to leave something undone
77. the m__h of an old religion *n.* an ancient story or set of stories accepted as history, especially explaining the worldview of a people
78. ar__e passionately *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
79. asset on the company's ba_____e sheet *n.* a condition in which everything has the same weight or force; something left after other parts have been taken away
80. na_____ve poetry *n.* a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story
81. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
82. se_____ty analyst *n.* the state of being free from danger, risk, or harm; measures taken to protect against threats or attacks; a financial asset, such as a stock or bond that derives value exclusively from the ownership interest or claim to a particular underlying asset or obligation

ANSWERS: 73. administer, 74. security, 75. accident, 76. neglect, 77. myth, 78. argue, 79. balance, 80. narrative, 81. statistics, 82. security

83. global pa____ic *n.* an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area
84. me____n name *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly
85. provide ac____te information *adj.* correct and exact in all details
86. ac____ic probation *adj.* associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills
87. di____s options *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
88. a te____ic earthquake *adj.* relating to the structure of the Earth's crust and the large-scale processes that occur as a result of movements within it
89. co____e the value *v.* to make a mathematical calculation
90. economic em____o *n.* a ban or restriction on trade, commerce, or travel imposed by one country or group of countries against another as a means of political or economic pressure or punishment
91. the ch____c economic situation *adj.* without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing
92. decision-making pr____s *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

ANSWERS: 83. pandemic, 84. mention, 85. accurate, 86. academic, 87. discuss, 88. tectonic, 89. compute, 90. embargo, 91. chaotic, 92. process

93. ind_____al alcohol *adj.* of or relating to or resulting from industry
94. par_____se a poem into prose *v.* to restate or reword a passage in one's own words, often to clarify or simplify the original meaning
95. the Ca_____ic Church *adj.* universal and including many different types of things; related to or associated with the part of the Christian Church that has the Pope as its leader
96. res_____ed area *adj.* limited in extent, number, scope, or action, especially by official rules, laws, etc.
97. hi_____ic accomplishment *adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
98. absolutely dis_____us effect *adj.* extremely bad, harmful, or unsuccessful
99. re_____e one word with another *v.* to take the place of something
100. in___e my house against fire *v.* to provide coverage in the event of loss or damage
101. mul_____nal team *adj.* relating to or involving multiple countries or nationalities; having operations or business interests in multiple countries
102. pe__l beyond price *n.* a hard, roundish object found within the shells of certain mollusks and used as a gem
103. a gr_____l process *adj.* happening slowly over a long period of time or distance; not steep or abrupt
104. urban con_____ion *n.* a large, destructive fire that spreads quickly and can cause extensive damage; a great and wide-ranging conflict or war

ANSWERS: 93. industrial, 94. paraphrase, 95. Catholic, 96. restricted, 97. historic, 98. disastrous, 99. replace, 100. insure, 101. multinational, 102. pearl, 103. gradual, 104. conflagration

105. cor_____on assets *n.* a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit
106. crystalline si_____n *n.* a chemical element with the symbol Si that is a hard, brittle crystalline solid with a blue-grey metallic luster and used for the transistors and integrated circuit chips in computers
107. labor pop_____on *n.* the total number of people in a country, region, or location
108. fire st__k *v.* to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material
109. mis_____and each other *v.* to interpret or understand something in the wrong way
110. visual me_____or *n.* a figure of speech in which an expression is used to refer to something that it does not denote to suggest a similarity
111. pe_____t over time *v.* to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable
112. the characters that re_____nt numbers *v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
113. st_____th of the economy *n.* the quality or state of being physically, or sometimes mentally, strong

ANSWERS: 105. corporation, 106. silicon, 107. population, 108. stick, 109. misunderstand, 110. metaphor, 111. persist, 112. represent, 113. strength

124. take several inputs sim_____sly *adv.* at the same time
125. ca___n emission *n.* a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals
126. a public cor_____on *n.* a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit
127. ar___e a case *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
128. en_____e value *v.* to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something
129. re_____on of inclusion *n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
130. sim_____sly affected *adv.* at the same time
131. r___ty metal *n.* a reddish-brown coating or corrosion layer that forms on iron or steel as a result of exposure to moisture and oxygen; the process of corrosion on metal caused by oxidation
132. te_____ic valleys *adj.* relating to the structure of the Earth's crust and the large-scale processes that occur as a result of movements within it
133. de_____y the ecosystem *v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

ANSWERS: 124. simultaneously, 125. carbon, 126. corporation, 127. argue, 128. enhance, 129. relation, 130. simultaneously, 131. rust, 132. tectonic, 133. destroy

134. basin-shaped va___y *n.* a long depression on the surface of the land, which typically contains a river
135. draw a pro_____on chart *n.* the act of calculating or guessing, or the state of being estimated; any solid shape or object that juts out from something; an image on a screen cast from something
136. po__r bears *adj.* relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites
137. p__t book *n.* a map or a plan that shows the division and layout of land into lots or parcels; a piece of land typically used for building or agricultural purposes
138. a seafaring na___n *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
139. re_____on between cause and effect *n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
140. financial cr___s *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
141. the piano passages in the com_____on *n.* the different parts of something's elements or ingredients; the way in which the different components are organized; a piece of music written by someone
142. an ab_____ct noun *adj.* based on general ideas, feelings, or qualities and not on any a physical or concrete existence

ANSWERS: 134. valley, 135. projection, 136. polar, 137. plat, 138. nation, 139. relation, 140. crisis, 141. composition, 142. abstract

143. de___e my position *v.* to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or meaning of something
144. an ac____ic discussion *adj.* associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills
145. ca___n dioxide *n.* a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals
146. clearly-pro_____ed utterances *adj.* clearly and distinctly expressed or noticeable; emphasized
147. psy_____gy experiment *n.* the scientific study of mind and behavior
148. mis_____and entirely about her *v.* to interpret or understand something in the wrong way
149. dis_____te video content *v.* to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
150. de___e a word *v.* to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or meaning of something
151. thousands of po__ds *n.* the standard unit of money in the UK; the standard unit of weight equal to 16 ounces
152. de____p a strategy *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
153. plastic d__l *n.* a child's toy that typically represents a human figure, especially a young girl; an attractive woman; a woman who is subservient or passive

ANSWERS: 143. define, 144. academic, 145. carbon, 146. pronounced, 147. psychology, 148. misunderstand, 149. distribute, 150. define, 151. pound, 152. develop, 153. doll

154. a st_____ht line *adj.* extending or moving in one direction without bending or curving; having no deviations
155. material we____h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
156. st_____ht for two months *adj.* extending or moving in one direction without bending or curving; having no deviations
157. take up a ho_____e attitude *adj.* unfriendly or aggressively opposed
158. li____r trend *adj.* of, relating to, or consisting of lines or length; able to be expressed as a straight line, especially on a graph
159. a sp_____n diet *adj.* of or relating to Sparta (= a prominent city-state in Laconia, in ancient Greece) or its people; showing self-discipline and determination, especially in the face of hardship or adversity
160. com_____te his anxieties to the psychiatrist *v.* to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals
161. good will pr_____l *v.* to be common, widespread, or frequent; to be the strongest or most powerful
162. aut_____le insurance *n.* a road vehicle that has four wheels and is powered by an engine, used for transporting people or goods
163. mo__l burden *adj.* concerned with the principles of what is right and wrong, fairness, honesty, etc.
164. sta_____cs for cancer *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

ANSWERS: 154. straight, 155. wealth, 156. straight, 157. hostile, 158. linear, 159. spartan, 160. communicate, 161. prevail, 162. automobile, 163. moral, 164. statistics

165. com_____te well with my advisor *v.* to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals
166. flu pa_____ic *n.* an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area
167. learn new co_____ts *n.* an idea or principle associated with something abstract
168. de_____e a job offer *v.* to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept
169. improved student ou_____es *n.* the result or effect of an action, event, etc.
170. me_____or for death *n.* a figure of speech in which an expression is used to refer to something that it does not denote to suggest a similarity
171. lactose res_____ed diet *adj.* limited in extent, number, scope, or action, especially by official rules, laws, etc.
172. co_____e an average score *v.* to make a mathematical calculation
173. new di_____on *n.* a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length
174. pr_____ze post offices *v.* to transfer ownership or control of a business or industry from government or public control to private ownership or control; to make something into a private enterprise or organization
175. tra_____lly accepted concept *adv.* in accordance with tradition; typically or commonly done in a particular way

ANSWERS: 165. communicate, 166. pandemic, 167. concept, 168. decline, 169. outcome, 170. metaphor, 171. restricted, 172. compute, 173. dimension, 174. privatize, 175. traditionally

176. pr_____ly affect adults *adv.* mainly
177. or__n bleeding *n.* a part of the body of an animal or plant that has a particular purpose and performs a specific job
178. par_____se the meaning *v.* to restate or reword a passage in one's own words, often to clarify or simplify the original meaning
179. a li____r equation *adj.* of, relating to, or consisting of lines or length; able to be expressed as a straight line, especially on a graph
180. ensure a smooth tra_____on *n.* the process or period of changing from one state or circumstance to another
181. go to the workplace by cy__e *n.* an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle
182. mo____g experience *adj.* causing strong emotions or feelings, especially sadness or sympathy
183. adm_____er the funds *v.* to oversee and control the operation or arrangement of something
184. legal co_____t *n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
185. the di_____on of knowledge *n.* a spreading motion in multiple directions
186. global em_____ons of greenhouse gases *n.* the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.
187. mul_____nal enterprise *adj.* relating to or involving multiple countries or nationalities; having operations or business interests in multiple countries

ANSWERS: 176. primarily, 177. organ, 178. paraphrase, 179. linear, 180. transition, 181. cycle, 182. moving, 183. administer, 184. context, 185. diffusion, 186. emission, 187. multinational

188. injury in a car ac____nt *n.* an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury
189. de____yed evidence *v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
190. v__e-chair of the committee *n.* wrongdoing or wicked behavior; (in the form of vice versa) with the order reversed; (as a prefix) someone with a job immediately below a particular person
191. an und_____ped child *adj.* not fully developed or mature; lacking in progress or advancement
192. muscular st____th *n.* the quality or state of being physically, or sometimes mentally, strong
193. co____t car *n.* an idea or principle associated with something abstract
194. ent_____tic football fan *adj.* having or showing great excitement, interest, or eagerness; energetic or passionate about something
195. si____n wafer *n.* a chemical element with the symbol Si that is a hard, brittle crystalline solid with a blue-grey metallic luster and used for the transistors and integrated circuit chips in computers
196. mo__l hazard *adj.* concerned with the principles of what is right and wrong, fairness, honesty, etc.
197. in____ct with one another *v.* to communicate or react with somebody
198. st__k a key in a lock *v.* to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material

ANSWERS: 188. accident, 189. destroy, 190. vice, 191. underdeveloped, 192. strength, 193. concept, 194. enthusiastic, 195. silicon, 196. moral, 197. interact, 198. stick

199. the longstanding co_____ct *n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
200. dis_____te wealth evenly *v.* to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
201. po__r regions *adj.* relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites
202. the la____r part of the 20th century *adj.* situated nearer to the end of something than the beginning; recent
203. allied di_____at *n.* a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations
204. me_____n in a report *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly
205. a former p__t of farmland *n.* a map or a plan that shows the division and layout of land into lots or parcels; a piece of land typically used for building or agricultural purposes
206. mil_____um bottle of wine *n.* a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia)
207. the la____r half of life *adj.* situated nearer to the end of something than the beginning; recent
208. a cultured pe__l *n.* a hard, roundish object found within the shells of certain mollusks and used as a gem

ANSWERS: 199. conflict, 200. distribute, 201. polar, 202. latter, 203. diplomat, 204. mention, 205. plat, 206. millennium, 207. latter, 208. pearl

209. cost ba____r *n.* a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective
210. military st____gy *n.* a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
211. the per____ve of the battle *n.* a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something
212. against tr____on *n.* a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society
213. ov____ct with anger *v.* to react more strongly or excessively than is necessary or appropriate
214. pre____ng trend *adj.* most frequent, widespread, or currently dominant, usually referring to a particular opinion, attitude, or trend
215. ha____r a resentment *n.* an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession
216. ad____re film *n.* a journey or a series of events that is unusual, exciting, or dangerous
217. intended pr____ly for young people *adv.* mainly
218. cr____s management *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

ANSWERS: 209. barrier, 210. strategy, 211. perspective, 212. tradition, 213. overreact, 214. prevailing, 215. harbor, 216. adventure, 217. primarily, 218. crisis

219. Doppler sh__t *n.* a slight transition in position, direction, or trend
220. ec____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
221. de____e in quality *v.* to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept
222. damage to internal or__ns *n.* a part of the body of an animal or plant that has a particular purpose and performs a specific job
223. cultural sop_____ion *n.* the quality or state of having a great deal of worldly experience; the quality or state of being intellectually or culturally refined
224. gov_____nt bureaucracy *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
225. gov_____nt funding *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
226. information ba____r *n.* a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective
227. psy_____gy of crowd *n.* the scientific study of mind and behavior
228. the exp_____on for the failure *n.* the information or arguments that someone provides to make something understandable or clear

ANSWERS: 219. shift, 220. economy, 221. decline, 222. organ, 223. sophistication, 224. government, 225. government, 226. barrier, 227. psychology, 228. explanation

229. re_____r a loss *v.* to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength
230. tre_____us popularity *adj.* very great in degree or extent or amount or impact; extremely good
231. do_____nt force *adj.* more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type
232. a tr_____on of a culture *n.* a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society
233. vice-pr_____nt for finance *n.* the leader of a republic, for example, the US; the person in charge of the organization such as a company, university, club, etc.
234. take ad_____ge of his weak points *n.* a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has
235. su_____s imagination *v.* to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something
236. past mil_____um *n.* a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia)
237. thoroughgoing coo_____on *n.* the act or situation of working together with someone towards a shared purpose, benefit, etc.
238. achieve a do_____nt share *adj.* more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type

ANSWERS: 229. recover, 230. tremendous, 231. dominant, 232. tradition, 233. president, 234. advantage, 235. surpass, 236. millennium, 237. cooperation, 238. dominant

239. a per_____ve view *n.* a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something
240. tra_____nal crime *adj.* relating to or involving activities, organizations, or individuals that cross national boundaries or operate in multiple countries; having a presence or influence in multiple countries or regions
241. small ch___h *n.* a building or institution dedicated to religious worship or activities; a Christian religious organization or denomination
242. linguistic sop_____ion *n.* the quality or state of having a great deal of worldly experience; the quality or state of being intellectually or culturally refined
243. a cold cl_____e *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
244. pa__e entertainment *adj.* no longer fashionable or current; outdated; considered to be old-fashioned or out of date
245. ov_____ct to the criticism *v.* to react more strongly or excessively than is necessary or appropriate
246. perpetuate a m__h *n.* an ancient story or set of stories accepted as history, especially explaining the worldview of a people
247. the stance of mo_____ry policy *adj.* of or relating to the money in the country

ANSWERS: 239. perspective, 240. transnational, 241. church, 242. sophistication, 243. climate, 244. passe, 245. overreact, 246. myth, 247. monetary

248. cap_____ty assessment *n.* the ability, skill, or competence to do something; the potential or aptitude for a particular task or function
249. driverless aut_____le *n.* a road vehicle that has four wheels and is powered by an engine, used for transporting people or goods
250. na___n-state *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
251. detailed exp_____on *n.* the information or arguments that someone provides to make something understandable or clear
252. pre_____ng wind *adj.* most frequent, widespread, or currently dominant, usually referring to a particular opinion, attitude, or trend
253. the ba_____e of power *n.* a condition in which everything has the same weight or force; something left after other parts have been taken away
254. re_____nt by a diagram *v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
255. non_____tal aid worker *adj.* not belonging to or controlled by a government
256. continuously sh_____ng landscape *adj.* constantly changing or moving
257. pro_____ed difference *adj.* clearly and distinctly expressed or noticeable; emphasized
258. pe_____t in success *v.* to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable

ANSWERS: 248. capability, 249. automobile, 250. nation, 251. explanation, 252. prevailing, 253. balance, 254. represent, 255. nongovernmental, 256. shifting, 257. pronounced, 258. persist

259. physical co_____on *n.* the use of force, threats, or intimidation to persuade someone to do something against their will; the practice of controlling or manipulating someone through the use of power or authority
260. achieve the hi_____ic feat *adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
261. rag d__l *n.* a child's toy that typically represents a human figure, especially a young girl; an attractive woman; a woman who is subservient or passive
262. tra_____nal migration *adj.* relating to or involving activities, organizations, or individuals that cross national boundaries or operate in multiple countries; having a presence or influence in multiple countries or regions
263. co_____e augmented reality *v.* to join or merge to form a single thing or group
264. an imp_____ve array of facts *adj.* arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill
265. virtue and v__e *n.* wrongdoing or wicked behavior; (in the form of vice versa) with the order reversed; (as a prefix) someone with a job immediately below a particular person
266. beginning of the industrial rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
267. di_____s solutions *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic

ANSWERS: 259. coercion, 260. historic, 261. doll, 262. transnational, 263. combine, 264. impressive, 265. vice, 266. revolution, 267. discuss

268. stylistically inn_____ve works *adj.* introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.
269. se_____te video into chapter *v.* to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
270. tra_____on phase *n.* the process or period of changing from one state or circumstance to another
271. ca_____ic in his tastes *adj.* universal and including many different types of things; related to or associated with the part of the Christian Church that has the Pope as its leader
272. environmental th_____t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
273. a sheltered ha_____r *n.* an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession
274. int_____te disputes *adj.* between or involving different states (= the territory occupied by one of the constituent administrative districts of a nation)
275. re_____e a phone *v.* to take the place of something
276. have dis_____us consequences *adj.* extremely bad, harmful, or unsuccessful
277. in_____e domestic tranquility *v.* to provide coverage in the event of loss or damage

ANSWERS: 268. innovative, 269. separate, 270. transition, 271. Catholic, 272. threat, 273. harbor, 274. interstate, 275. replace, 276. disastrous, 277. insure

278. the cy__e of the seasons *n.* an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle
279. technological cap_____ty *n.* the ability, skill, or competence to do something; the potential or aptitude for a particular task or function
280. pa__e trend *adj.* no longer fashionable or current; outdated; considered to be old-fashioned or out of date
281. health po___y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
282. ch___h bell *n.* a building or institution dedicated to religious worship or activities; a Christian religious organization or denomination
283. non_____tal agency *adj.* not belonging to or controlled by a government
284. fiscal st_____ty pact *n.* the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast
285. the crosswise di_____on *n.* a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length
286. effects of cl_____e change *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

ANSWERS: 278. cycle, 279. capability, 280. passe, 281. policy, 282. church, 283. nongovernmental, 284. stability, 285. dimension, 286. climate

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. All peaceful cooperation is based _____ on mutual trust.
adv. mainly
2. The budget reduction was an _____ feat for our nation.
adj. arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill
3. He _____ the article in his own words to avoid being accused of plagiarism.
v. to restate or reword a passage in one's own words, often to clarify or simplify the original meaning
4. He should _____ more with his colleagues.
v. to communicate or react with somebody
5. The official transcript contains _____ academic records.
adj. correct and exact in all details
6. The _____ had received a mild snowfall the previous week.
n. a long depression on the surface of the land, which typically contains a river
7. As people age, their digestive capacity also gradually _____.
v. to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept
8. The following _____ is currently being used to explain the phenomenon in question.
n. the information or arguments that someone provides to make something understandable or clear

ANSWERS: 1. primarily, 2. impressive, 3. paraphrased, 4. interact, 5. accurate, 6. valley, 7. declines, 8. explanation

9. The new technology added a level of _____ to the manufacturing process.
- n.* the quality or state of having a great deal of worldly experience; the quality or state of being intellectually or culturally refined
10. She had a master's degree in _____.
- n.* the scientific study of mind and behavior
11. _____ design has become more focused on human nature aspect than ever before.
- adj.* of or relating to or resulting from industry
12. You should not _____ the meaning of freedom.
- v.* to interpret or understand something in the wrong way
13. The soldier lived a _____ lifestyle, with few possessions and luxuries.
- adj.* of or relating to Sparta (= a prominent city-state in Laconia, in ancient Greece) or its people; showing self-discipline and determination, especially in the face of hardship or adversity
14. She was _____ about starting her new job.
- adj.* having or showing great excitement, interest, or eagerness; energetic or passionate about something
15. Try to keep a _____ between work and off.
- n.* a condition in which everything has the same weight or force; something left after other parts have been taken away
16. She expressed her thought in an artful choice of _____.
- n.* a figure of speech in which an expression is used to refer to something that it does not denote to suggest a similarity

ANSWERS: 9. sophistication, 10. psychology, 11. Industrial, 12. misunderstand, 13. spartan, 14. enthusiastic, 15. balance, 16. metaphors

17. The _____ by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.
- n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
18. His estate was _____ to his sons.
- v.* to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
19. We need to _____ the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.
- v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
20. Many people in _____ countries need clean water or proper healthcare access.
- adj.* not fully developed or mature; lacking in progress or advancement
21. The antique _____ was worth thousands of dollars.
- n.* a child's toy that typically represents a human figure, especially a young girl; an attractive woman; a woman who is subservient or passive
22. The _____ highway connects the major cities of the state.
- adj.* between or involving different states (= the territory occupied by one of the constituent administrative districts of a nation)
23. These infections have the potential to impact practically every _____ system.
- n.* a part of the body of an animal or plant that has a particular purpose and performs a specific job
24. One such rapidly growing _____ is quantum cryptography.
- n.* an idea or principle associated with something abstract

ANSWERS: 17. revolution, 18. distributed, 19. discuss, 20. underdeveloped, 21. doll, 22. interstate, 23. organ, 24. concept

25. The food chain causes a material _____.
- n.* an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle
26. In just four years, the _____ has doubled.
- n.* the total number of people in a country, region, or location
27. His father's death changed his whole _____ on life.
- n.* a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something
28. The weather forecast includes a _____ of the high and low temperatures for the next week.
- n.* the act of calculating or guessing, or the state of being estimated; any solid shape or object that juts out from something; an image on a screen cast from something
29. The industrial _____ laws were passed with little to no alteration.
- n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
30. _____ animals are graceful and efficient swimmers.
- adj.* relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites
31. The Chinese people have accomplished several _____ feats.
- adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
32. We plan to schedule the feature update for the _____ ten days of September.
- adj.* situated nearer to the end of something than the beginning; recent

ANSWERS: 25. cycle, 26. population, 27. perspective, 28. projection, 29. relations, 30. Polar, 31. historic, 32. latter

33. He sailed the Atlantic Ocean multiple times during his _____.
- n.* a journey or a series of events that is unusual, exciting, or dangerous
34. People tend to make _____ predictions.
- adj.* of, relating to, or consisting of lines or length; able to be expressed as a straight line, especially on a graph
35. The _____ between businesses and universities created this groundbreaking product.
- n.* the act or situation of working together with someone towards a shared purpose, benefit, etc.
36. _____ the ceremony was held outdoors.
- adv.* in accordance with tradition; typically or commonly done in a particular way
37. Bell-bottom jeans, once considered _____ fashion, have made a surprising comeback in recent years.
- adj.* no longer fashionable or current; outdated; considered to be old-fashioned or out of date
38. GDP per _____ shrunk by almost 10 percent for the third consecutive year.
- n.* a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone
39. The company's pricing strategy limits its _____ to compete with other businesses in the market.
- n.* the ability, skill, or competence to do something; the potential or aptitude for a particular task or function
40. He was sick for five _____ days.
- adj.* extending or moving in one direction without bending or curving; having no deviations

ANSWERS: 33. adventures, 34. linear, 35. cooperation, 36. Traditionally, 37. passe, 38. capita, 39. capability, 40. straight

41. The _____ opinion was that the project would be a success.
adj. most frequent, widespread, or currently dominant, usually referring to a particular opinion, attitude, or trend
42. Mercury thermometers are a type of _____ sensor.
adj. relating to or using signals or information represented by a continuous physical quantity such as spatial position, voltage, etc.
43. The _____ on the corner is hosting a free community meal tonight.
n. a building or institution dedicated to religious worship or activities; a Christian religious organization or denomination
44. Health and _____ are, above all, gold.
n. the quality or state of being physically, or sometimes mentally, strong
45. The ability to fly like a bird is often considered a _____ in comic books and movies.
n. a country or nation that has significant global influence or formidable military, economic, or technological strength; a supernatural ability or force capable of extraordinary feats or feats beyond normal human capabilities
46. The police placed a _____ across the street to halt traffic.
n. a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective
47. Hydrogen and oxygen _____ to form water.
v. to join or merge to form a single thing or group
48. An excellent historian must possess an _____ mentality.
adj. associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills

ANSWERS: 41. prevailing, 42. analog, 43. church, 44. strength, 45. superpower, 46. barrier, 47. combine, 48. academic

49. The _____ on trade with the neighboring countries severely impacted the local economy.
- n.* a ban or restriction on trade, commerce, or travel imposed by one country or group of countries against another as a means of political or economic pressure or punishment
50. The _____ handles multiple plot lines and has unpredictable ends.
- n.* a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story
51. It's important to understand the _____ of a situation before making a decision.
- n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
52. Overall _____ are approximately 400x200mm.
- n.* a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length
53. The chef's herbs and spices gave the dish a _____ flavor.
- adj.* clearly and distinctly expressed or noticeable; emphasized
54. The Chinese word for _____ comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.
- n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
55. Their innovative concepts were consistent across their bodies of _____.
- n.* the different parts of something's elements or ingredients; the way in which the different components are organized; a piece of music written by someone
56. I will _____ my car before I go on a road trip.
- v.* to provide coverage in the event of loss or damage

ANSWERS: 49. embargo, 50. narrative, 51. context, 52. dimensions, 53. pronounced, 54. crisis, 55. composition, 56. insure

57. Trends in the fashion industry are so _____ that it is challenging to keep up with them.

adj. constantly changing or moving

58. We had a _____ time yesterday.

adj. very great in degree or extent or amount or impact; extremely good

59. Dolphins use sound to _____ with each other.

v. to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals

60. Change is also occurring in Turkey as a result of _____ reform.

adj. without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing

61. The athlete's record-breaking performance _____ all expectations.

v. to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something

62. There are five distinct _____ at five unique wavelengths.

n. the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.

63. We must _____ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

64. I _____ to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.

v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly

ANSWERS: 57. shifting, 58. tremendous, 59. communicate, 60. chaotic, 61. surpassed, 62. emissions, 63. develop, 64. mentioned

65. Ethics deals with _____ conduct.

adj. concerned with the principles of what is right and wrong, fairness, honesty, etc.

66. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

67. Two students answered the teacher's question _____.

adv. at the same time

68. Eventually, the new design will _____ all older models.

v. to take the place of something

69. The government used _____ to force citizens to comply with pandemic restrictions.

n. the use of force, threats, or intimidation to persuade someone to do something against their will; the practice of controlling or manipulating someone through the use of power or authority

70. The _____ plates shifted, causing an earthquake.

adj. relating to the structure of the Earth's crust and the large-scale processes that occur as a result of movements within it

71. The new strategy will _____ the profitability of our company.

v. to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something

72. He tried to _____ his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.

v. to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

ANSWERS: 65. moral, 66. economy, 67. simultaneously, 68. replace, 69. coercion, 70. tectonic, 71. enhance, 72. relate

73. The _____ corporation has offices in over 30 countries.

adj. relating to or involving multiple countries or nationalities; having operations or business interests in multiple countries

74. You _____ a bill in the change machine, and the coins pop out.

v. to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material

75. The _____ of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.

n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

76. _____ is the second most abundant element on earth after oxygen.

n. a chemical element with the symbol Si that is a hard, brittle crystalline solid with a blue-grey metallic luster and used for the transistors and integrated circuit chips in computers

77. Could you help me _____ some furniture?

n. a slight transition in position, direction, or trend

78. By dividing and creating copies of themselves, bacteria _____.

v. to make a copy of something such as a picture, piece of text, music, etc.; to produce offspring through a sexual or asexual process

79. Our plan includes a comprehensive marketing _____.

n. a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.

80. Cats hate dogs and _____ versa.

n. wrongdoing or wicked behavior; (in the form of vice versa) with the order reversed; (as a prefix) someone with a job immediately below a particular person

ANSWERS: 73. multinational, 74. stick, 75. threat, 76. Silicon, 77. shift, 78. reproduce, 79. strategy, 80. vice

81. The car's front bumper cost fifteen hundred _____.
- n.* the standard unit of money in the UK; the standard unit of weight equal to 16 ounces
82. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.
- n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
83. He _____ his health to make the project a success.
- v.* to not give enough care or attention to something; to leave something undone
84. The nation's healthcare system is in _____ at the moment.
- n.* the process or period of changing from one state or circumstance to another
85. We elected him to _____ us at the international conference.
- v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
86. One of the main _____ of the new product is its increased efficiency.
- n.* a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has
87. She accidentally _____ into him in the crowded room.
- v.* to hit or knock against something hard, often with a dull sound; to meet with by accident
88. The company's new _____ on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.
- n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

ANSWERS: 81. pounds, 82. statistics, 83. neglected, 84. transition, 85. represent, 86. advantages, 87. bumped, 88. policy

89. The emission of hazardous substances has _____ effects on the ecology of a region.

adj. extremely bad, harmful, or unsuccessful

90. Consult your doctor if the symptoms _____.

v. to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable

91. The senior _____ worked tirelessly to negotiate a peace treaty between the two countries.

n. a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations

92. She wore a _____ necklace passed down to her from her grandmother.

n. a hard, roundish object found within the shells of certain mollusks and used as a gem

93. Trees absorb _____ dioxide and give off oxygen.

n. a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals

94. Life expectancy has grown _____ this century.

adv. in a very impressive manner

95. They fear a _____ of a new type of virus.

n. an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area

96. The _____ organization works to promote human rights in developing countries.

adj. not belonging to or controlled by a government

ANSWERS: 89. disastrous, 90. persist, 91. diplomat, 92. pearl, 93. carbon, 94. dramatically, 95. pandemic, 96. nongovernmental

97. The _____ industry is a major contributor to air pollution in cities.
- n.* a road vehicle that has four wheels and is powered by an engine, used for transporting people or goods
98. The building was _____ in the fire and had to be rebuilt.
- v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
99. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.
- n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
100. With the financial bubble bursting, the _____ of economic growth in investment banking collapsed.
- n.* an ancient story or set of stories accepted as history, especially explaining the worldview of a people
101. The _____ for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.
- n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
102. He and I often had _____ not only in personality but also in ideology.
- n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
103. I tried to _____ the efficiency of the investment.
- v.* to make a mathematical calculation
104. The federal _____ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.
- n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state

ANSWERS: 97. automobile, 98. destroyed, 99. wealth, 100. myth, 101. process, 102. conflicts, 103. compute, 104. government

105. She is still _____ from a shot to her shoulder.

v. to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength

106. Four companies were amalgamated into a single _____.

n. a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit

107. The old car was covered in _____ and needed extensive repair work.

n. a reddish-brown coating or corrosion layer that forms on iron or steel as a result of exposure to moisture and oxygen; the process of corrosion on metal caused by oxidation

108. The couple began to _____ over which restaurant to go to for dinner.

v. to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others

109. The government wants to _____ specific industries to boost their efficiency.

v. to transfer ownership or control of a business or industry from government or public control to private ownership or control; to make something into a private enterprise or organization

110. The company operates as a _____ corporation, with offices and operations in multiple countries.

adj. relating to or involving activities, organizations, or individuals that cross national boundaries or operate in multiple countries; having a presence or influence in multiple countries or regions

111. The company _____ employees to buy low-price items without approval to achieve efficient purchasing.

v. to give someone the power or authority to do something

ANSWERS: 105. recovering, 106. corporation, 107. rust, 108. argue, 109. privatize, 110. transnational, 111. empowered

112. The club _____ does not have absolute power.

- n.* the leader of a republic, for example, the US; the person in charge of the organization such as a company, university, club, etc.

113. Her company soon won a _____ market share.

- adj.* more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type

114. The _____ partially destroyed my vehicle.

- n.* an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury

115. Our world is in the third _____.

- n.* a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia)

116. _____ and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

- n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

117. The development team reported two _____ increases in performance.

- adj.* a hundred times as great or as much

118. The _____ academy was known for its strict discipline and training.

- adj.* relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare

119. Our troops pulled back to _____ the enemy.

- v.* to cause someone to believe something that is not true

120. The policy should increase the country's monetary _____.

- n.* the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast

ANSWERS: 112. president, 113. dominant, 114. accident, 115. millennium, 116. Climate, 117. hundredfold, 118. military, 119. mislead, 120. stability

121. It is common for oppressive governments to _____ through violence, using military and police force to control their citizens and suppress dissent.
- v.* to be common, widespread, or frequent; to be the strongest or most powerful
122. The city planning department keeps detailed _____ of all the local properties.
- n.* a map or a plan that shows the division and layout of land into lots or parcels; a piece of land typically used for building or agricultural purposes
123. We need to _____ the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.
- v.* to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
124. It is a _____ in many families to have a big Thanksgiving dinner with all their relatives.
- n.* a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society
125. The Prime Minister stressed the need to create _____ industries.
- adj.* introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.
126. The building's _____ system includes cameras, alarms, and security guards.
- n.* the state of being free from danger, risk, or harm; measures taken to protect against threats or attacks; a financial asset, such as a stock or bond that derives value exclusively from the ownership interest or claim to a particular underlying asset or obligation
127. Sociologists are now interested in _____ world peace.
- adj.* universal and including many different types of things; related to or associated with the part of the Christian Church that has the Pope as its leader

ANSWERS: 121. prevail, 122. plats, 123. separate, 124. tradition, 125. innovative, 126. security, 127. catholic

128. Her _____ response to the criticism showed her ability to remain calm and composed under pressure.

adj. done with careful consideration or calculated precision; controlled or regulated in manner or speech; deliberate and thoughtful

129. The tsunami swamped every boat in the _____.

n. an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession

130. The _____ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

131. The _____ in the forest destroyed many homes and caused much damage.

n. a large, destructive fire that spreads quickly and can cause extensive damage; a great and wide-ranging conflict or war

132. The country experienced a _____ increase in population.

adj. happening slowly over a long period of time or distance; not steep or abrupt

133. The _____ takeover of the company was met with resistance from the employees.

adj. unfriendly or aggressively opposed

134. The band was _____ out old songs in response to audience requests.

v. to sing loudly and forcefully; to hit someone or something hard; (noun) a strip of leather or other material worn to tie or buckle something around the body

ANSWERS: 128. measured, 129. harbor, 130. nation, 131. conflagration, 132. gradual, 133. hostile, 134. belting

135. They awaited news of the _____ of the election.

n. the result or effect of an action, event, etc.

136. She _____ to the situation and caused unnecessary stress.

v. to react more strongly or excessively than is necessary or appropriate

137. Due to the _____ of television and video, cinema theaters had a small audience.

n. a spreading motion in multiple directions

138. His _____ speech about his struggles with addiction brought tears to the audience's eyes.

adj. causing strong emotions or feelings, especially sadness or sympathy

139. The country has designated our products as _____ import goods.

adj. limited in extent, number, scope, or action, especially by official rules, laws, etc.

140. The invention of the camera triggered the development of _____ painting.

adj. based on general ideas, feelings, or qualities and not on any a physical or concrete existence

141. To advance this discussion, we must _____ "success" rigorously.

v. to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or meaning of something

142. The policy might bring more excellent _____ stability to the country.

adj. of or relating to the money in the country

143. After the accident, three governmental bodies _____ the company.

v. to oversee and control the operation or arrangement of something

ANSWERS: 135. outcome, 136. overreacted, 137. diffusion, 138. moving, 139. restricted, 140. abstract, 141. define, 142. monetary, 143. administer

ANSWERS: