Englist.me

Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Taryn Simon: The stories behind the bloodlines | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/taryn_simon_the_stories_b ehind_the_bloodlines

Advanced Words Only

IMPORTANT

This material is a commentary and does not contain any copyrighted material of the reference source. We strongly recommend accessing/buying the reference source at the same time.

Session 1: Word List

broth	 <i>n</i>. a liquid in which meat, fish, or vegetables have been cooked, used as a base for soups and stews <i>synonym</i>: bouillon, consomme, soup (1) chicken broth, (2) remains of broth
	I always add a bit of broth to my soup to give it more flavor.
bribe	 v. to try to make someone do something to gain one's favors or influence by giving a gift of money or other inducements synonym: graft, corrupt
	(1) bribe a politician, (2) bribe him with food
	He tries to bribe the ship's captain to export illegal products.
hereditary	<i>adj.</i> passed down from one generation to another through inheritance<i>synonym</i>: inherited, transmitted, genetic
	 (1) a hereditary disease, (2) hereditary property A hereditary condition is a medical condition caused by a genetic mutation passed down from one's parents.
inherit	 v. to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died synonym: obtain, gain, acquire



	(1) inherit estate, (2) inherit ancestral property
	After his death, his sons inherited his business.
ancestral	 adj. related to or connected with members of your family from the past synonym: hereditary, inherited, patrimonial
	(1) an ancestral graveyard, (2) ancestral roots
	The ancestral home has been in the family for generations.
farmland	<i>n.</i> land used for farming or agricultural purposes <i>synonym</i> : agriculture, cropland
	(1) farmland acreage, (2) fertile farmland
	The government is encouraging farmers to expand their farmland to increase food production.
vacate	 v. to leave or give up possession of a place or position; to make a place or position empty synonym: empty, evacuate, abandon
	(1) vacate a property, (2) vacate a seat
	I need to vacate my apartment by the end of the month.
cremate	 v. to burn a dead body to reduce it to ash, often as part of a funeral or other death-related ritual synonym: burn, incinerate, immolate
	(1) cremate a body, (2) cremate the remains
	They plan to cremate their loved ones according to their cultural traditions.
disorient	 v. to make someone confused about where they are or where they should go synonym: confuse, flummox, perplex
	(1) disorient his audience, (2) disorient and wrong-foot viewers
	Several studies have indicated that human activity at sea might disorient dolphins and whales.

quandary	<i>n.</i> a state of uncertainty or confusion, particularly when one is unsure of what to do; a dilemma
	synonym: dilemma, uncertainty, predicament
	(1) quandary situation, (2) financial quandary
	I was in a quandary over which job offer to accept.
bloodline	 n. the hereditary line of descent of a group of related individuals; the genetic lineage or ancestry of a family, group, or species synonym: ancestry, lineage, descent
	(1) bloodline inheritance, (2) royal bloodline
	The new champion racehorse came from a long line of strong bloodlines .
determinant	 n. a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result synonym: cause, factor, element
	(1) environmental determinant , (2) a determinant of crop yields
	One determinant of success is having a positive attitude and a strong work ethic.
feud	 n. a bitter argument between two parties, causing a lot of anger or violence synonym: argument, conflict, dispute
	(1) family feud , (2) carry out a feud
	The retired politician resolved the feud between groups
	through mediation.
hijack	 v. to seize control of an airplane or other vehicle during an operation, especially with violence synonym: commandeer, seize, pirate
	(1) hijack a helicopter, (2) hijack a phone number
	He made a desperate effort to hijack an airliner.
	· · ·

collide	v. to hit something violently when movingsynonym: clash, slam, contradict
	(1) collide head-on, (2) collide in midair
	The interests of the two countries collide .
footnote	 <i>n</i>. a note of additional information provided at the bottom of a page in a book or document, often indicated by a superscript number or symbol in the main text <i>synonym</i>: annotation, comment, reference
	(1) footnote citation, (2) add a footnote
	I included a footnote in my essay to provide additional information and sources for my argument.
unalterable	<i>adj.</i> impossible to change or modify; permanent, fixed, or constant
	synonym: fixed, immutable, unchangeable
	(1) unalterable fact, (2) unalterable truth
	The Constitution contains unalterable rights for all citizens.
curate	 n. a clergyman who is in charge of a parish; a person in charge of a museum, gallery, or church, responsible for the care and display of its collections and exhibitions; (verb) to carefully select, organize, and maintain items in a collection, exhibition, or presentation synonym: minister, caretaker, (verb) arrange
	(1) perpetual curate, (2) curate an art website
	The art museum has hired a curate to select and display pieces from its collection.
butte	 <i>n</i>. a steep hill or small mountain with a flat top and steep sides, usually found in arid or desert regions <i>synonym</i>: mesa, plateau, mound
	(1) butte landscape, (2) limestone butte
	We hiked up the red butte for a panoramic view of the surrounding landscape.

chaotic	 adj. without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing synonym: disorderly, cluttered, topsy-turvy
	(1) the chaotic economic situation, (2) chaotic theory
	Change is also occurring in Turkey as a result of chaotic reform.
descendant	<i>n.</i> children or offspring of a specific person, plant, or animal <i>synonym</i> : child, offspring, heir
	(1) descendant of a pioneer, (2) third-generation descendant
	Those warriors' descendants are still skilled archers.
Arthurian	<i>adj.</i> relating to king Arthur and the tales and legends associated with him
	(1) the Arthurian cycle, (2) Arthurian romances
	The Arthurian legends of King Arthur and the knights of the
	Round Table are popular literary motifs.
Zionism	 a movement for the return of Jews to Zion (Israel) and the resumption of Jewish sovereignty in the Land of Israel
	synonym: Jewish nationalism, Jewish restorationism
	(1) Zionism movement, (2) Zionism ideology
	Theodor Herzl is considered to be the father of modern Zionism .
Jewish	adj. of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism synonym: Judaic
	(1) Jewish history, (2) Jewish culture
	My friend is a Jewish woman who celebrates Hanukkah every year.
infertile	 adj. unable to grow crops or sustain life; not able to produce offspring or offspring that are viable synonym: barren, sterile, unproductive

	(1) infertile woman, (2) infertile land The soil in the desert is infertile, making it difficult to grow crops.
grandchild	<i>n.</i> a child of someone's son or daughter <i>synonym</i> : offspring, descendant, progeny
	(1) grandchild-grandparent relationship, (2) grandchild development
	The grandparents take care of their grandchild while the parents are at work.
deserted	<i>adj.</i> empty or abandoned; lacking inhabitants or visitors; left alone or left behind
	synonym: abandoned, empty, vacated
	(1) deserted city, (2) deserted island
	The deserted street was quiet and eerie, with no signs of life.
passe	<i>adj.</i> no longer fashionable or current; outdated; considered to be old-fashioned or out of date
	synonym: outdated, old-fashioned, antique
	(1) passe entertainment, (2) passe trend
	Bell-bottom jeans, once considered passe fashion, have
	made a surprising comeback in recent years.
polygamy	<i>n.</i> the practice of having more than one spouse at the same time
	synonym: bigamy, multiple marriages
	(1) abolish polygamy , (2) polygamy law
	The practice of polygamy has been controversial and
	debated for centuries.
dowry	 n. property or money brought by a bride to her husband on their marriage, traditionally in some cultures
	synonym: dower, portion, settlement
	(1) dowry payment, (2) donate a dowry
	Traditionally, a bride's dowry consisted of money, property,

	or other valuable possessions given to the groom's family.
dengue	 n. (also "breakbone fever") a viral disease transmitted by mosquitoes, characterized by fever, severe joint and muscle pain, and a rash synonym: breakbone fever, infectious tropical disease
	(1) dengue mosquito, (2) dengue outbreak
	Many people in this region have contracted dengue fever
	from mosquito bites.
moth	 an insect with wings similar to a butterfly that travels at night and is attracted to light
	(1) moth larva, (2) moth attracted to the light
	The moth is a serious threat to the farm's output.
kidnapping	<i>n.</i> the act of taking somebody away illegally and holding them captive
	synonym: abduction, snatch, kidnap
	(1) kidnapping attempt, (2) mass kidnapping
	She received a year's imprisonment for aggravated
	kidnapping.
settler	<i>n.</i> a person who moved with a group of others to live in a different country or area
	synonym: frontiersperson, immigrant, emigrant
	(1) new settlers , (2) settlers on some foreign shore
	A large proportion of railway workers in settler colonies were white.
explode	 v. to burst or break open violently and noisily; to cause something to burst or break open synonym: detonate, blast, rupture
	(1) explode in anger, (2) explode in popularity
	The old building exploded in a fiery inferno.
predator	<i>n.</i> an animal whose natural behavior is to prey on others <i>synonym</i> : vulture, bloodsucker

(1) apex predator, (2) sexual predators

The native South American animals were in danger because of the **predator's** arrival.

to make something worse, especially in quality; to show degrade v. or treat someone in a way that makes them seem no value and do not have the respect or reasonable opinion of others synonym: demean, disgrace, impair (1) degrade his public image, (2) degrade environmental quality You should not **degrade** yourself by allowing them to use you. a set of measures and protocols designed to protect biosecurity n. against the risks associated with the intentional or accidental release of biological agents, such as viruses or bacteria that could cause harm to humans, animals, or plants synonym: biosafety, bio-defense, bio-protection (1) **biosecurity** measures, (2) **biosecurity** protocol Researchers are developing new technologies to improve **biosecurity** in the agricultural industry. infect to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a v. disease-causing organism synonym: pollute, contaminate, affect (1) infect other animal species, (2) infect a computer with a virus Children often **infect** parents with this head cold. the degree or intensity of a pathogen's ability to cause virulence n. disease or harm; the strength or power of a negative attribute or quality synonym: intensity, fierceness, acuteness (1) aggressive virulence, (2) infectious virulence The virulence of the disease caused widespread concern

among the population.

euthanize	 v. to put a sick, injured, or very old animal to death humanely
	(1) euthanize my terminally ill pet, (2) euthanize the rat
	The family asked the doctor to euthanize their grandfather.
massacre	 n. the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals synonym: slaughter, bloodbath, butchery
	(1) massacre in the village, (2) animal massacre
	The massacre of innocent civilians in the war zone was a tragic event.
exhume	 v. to dig up or remove something, especially a corpse, from a grave or other burial place; to uncover or bring something hidden or forgotten to light synonym: unearth, disinter
	(1) exhume remains, (2) exhume the past
	The authorities had to exhume the body for further
	investigation into the cause of death.
graffiti	 writing or drawings scribbled, scratched, or sprayed illicitly on a wall or other surface in a public place synonym: street art, tagging, vandalism
	(1) graffiti art, (2) graffiti tag
	The city spent a lot of money cleaning up the graffiti on the
	buildings downtown.
scorpion	 a small creature similar to an insect with a segmented body, a pair of pincers, and a long, thin tail that ends in a venomous sting
	synonym: arachnid, stinger
	(1) scorpion fish, (2) poisonous scorpion
	The scorpion's venom can be lethal to humans.

orthodox	 adj. following or conforming to the traditional, normal, or commonly accepted beliefs, ideas, or activities; of or relating to Judaism; of or relating to the Eastern Orthodox Church synonym: traditional, conventional, established
	(1) an orthodox doctrine, (2) orthodox thought
	He challenged the orthodox views on business.
	The challenged the chilledox views on busiless.
solicit	 v. to ask for something, especially in an urgent or pleading manner; to seek something through entreaty synonym: request, seek, ask
	(1) solicit advice, (2) solicit patronage
	The company solicited donations from its employees for the charity event.
multigenerational	 adj. involving or encompassing multiple generations, particularly within a family or community; relating to or affecting people of different age groups or life stages synonym: cross-generational, intergenerational
	(1) multigenerational home, (2) multigenerational workforce
	The multigenerational family farm has been passed down for generations.
situ	adj. short for "situated," meaning located or placed in a particular position or circumstance synonym: situational, contextual, circumstantial
	(1) ex- situ conservation, (2) in- situ control
	Melanoma in situ is considered the earliest stage of
	melanoma and has a high cure rate with appropriate
	treatment.
instruct	 v. to teach someone practical skills or knowledge; to formally order or tell someone to do something synonym: train, coach, guide
	(1) instruct a student, (2) instruct a computer
	The facility manager instructed the security guards to be on

high alert.

sect	 n. a group of people who follow a particular religious or philosophical belief system, especially one that is regarded as outside the norm or mainstream synonym: group, faction, cult
	(1) sect beliefs, (2) secret sect
	The minority sect believed in a set of unconventional religious practices.
rescind	 v. to officially revoke or cancel a decision, law, or agreement; to undo or annul something previously established
	synonym: cancel, revoke, annul
	(1) rescind a decision, (2) rescind a contract
	The company had to rescind its new policy when it caused
	employee outrage.
recognizable	adj. easy to become aware of or identify synonym: noticeable, perceptible, definite
	(1) to a recognizable degree, (2) recognizable landmark
	His car was easily recognizable in the parking lot.
imitation	 <i>n.</i> a duplicate of anything, particularly something valuable; the act of replicating someone or something <i>synonym</i>: fabrication, replica, fake
	(1) imitation antique, (2) artificial imitation
	Many individuals believe that children learn languages
	through imitation.
usurp	 v. to take or claim a position, power, authority, etc., without the right or legitimate claim; to seize and hold something, especially a position or power, by force synonym: seize, preempt, annex
	(1) usurp power, (2) attempt to usurp the throne
	The competitor tried to usurp the reigning champion's title.

bystander	 a person who witnesses an event or situation but does not actively participate or intervene
	synonym: spectator, observer, witness
	(1) innocent bystander , (2) shocked bystander
	The bystander effect is a phenomenon where people are
	less likely to intervene in an emergency if others are present.
decapitate	v. to cut off the head of someone; to behead
	synonym: behead, sever, cut off
	(1) decapitate the enemy, (2) decapitate a statue
	The executioner was about to decapitate the condemned prisoner.
turret	 n. a small tower or tall structure, often found on the corner of a building, typically used for defensive purposes; a rotating armored structure on a military vehicle or ship for mounting weapons synonym: tower, fortification, bastion
	(1) medieval turret , (2) turret lathe
	The turret atop the castle provided a panoramic view of the
	surrounding area.
retribution	 n. punishment inflicted on someone as vengeance for a wrong or criminal act; just dessert or compensation for wrongdoing synonym: punishment, revenge, recompense
	(1) divine retribution , (2) seek retribution
	He faced retribution for his crimes and was sentenced to
	many years.
	many youro.
retaliate	 v. to respond to an action or attack with a similar action, especially one that is intended to harm or punish the other person
	synonym: get back, strike back, revenge
	(1) retaliate for the blow, (2) retaliate in a like fashion
	After the other team scored, we retaliated by playing even
	harder and scoring two quick goals.

archetype	 n. a very typical example of a certain person or thing; a recurrent symbol or motif in literature, art, or mythology that represents a universal pattern of human nature synonym: prototype, model, paradigm
	(1) archetype symbol, (2) feminine archetype The hero's journey is a common archetype in many myths
	and stories.
orphanage	 an institution for the care of orphans (= a child whose parents are dead)
	synonym: home for orphans, children's home, foster home
	(1) build an orphanage , (2) orphanage director
	He grew up in a Christian orphanage and never knew his biological parents.
prostitute	 n. a person, typically a woman, who engages in sexual activity in exchange for payment synonym: hooker, harlot, whore
	(1) prostitute street, (2) a male prostitute
	She turned to prostitute to make ends meet.
supple	adj. flexible and easy to bend or move; gracefully agile; adaptable or responsive to change or new ideas synonym: flexible, pliable, bendable
	(1) supple muscles, (2) supple leather
	The ballerina's supple movements left the audience mesmerized.
bathe	 v. to wash or immerse oneself or another person in the water or a liquid; to expose a part of the body to a natural element, such as sunlight or air synonym: cleanse, soak, immerse
	(1) bathe in the sea, (2) bathe the baby
	I always bathe my dog after she swims in the lake.
infrequent	adj. occurring rarely or irregularly; happening at long intervals; not happening often or in large numbers

synonym: rare, sporadic, uncommon

(1) infrequent showers, (2) infrequent meetingsTraveling to remote villages can be difficult due to infrequent transportation.

abridge to shorten or condense a book, a play, a speech, etc., v. while maintaining its essence synonym: condense, shorten, abbreviate (1) **abridge** a biography, (2) **abridge** a speech I had to **abridge** the novel to fit it into the time allotted for the movie. *adj.* persistent and determined; continuing despite difficulties relentless or setbacks synonym: unvielding, tireless, unremitting (1) relentless attack, (2) face relentless pressure The athlete's **relentless** training paid off in the end. adj. seeming to have no end unending synonym: endless, eternal, lasting (1) **unending** battle, (2) the **unending** bliss Creating amazing shows requires constant **unending** effort.

Session 2: Spelling

1.	red a decision	v.	to officially revoke or cancel a decision, law, or agreement; to undo or annul something previously established
2.	deed island	adj.	empty or abandoned; lacking inhabitants or visitors; left alone or left behind
3.	usp power	v.	to take or claim a position, power, authority, etc., without the right or legitimate claim; to seize and hold something, especially a position or power, by force
4.	animal mare	n.	the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals
5.	hik a phone number	v.	to seize control of an airplane or other vehicle during an operation, especially with violence
6.	the Aran cycle	adj.	relating to king Arthur and the tales and legends associated with him
7.	m_h larva	n.	an insect with wings similar to a butterfly that travels at night and is attracted to light
8.	unale fact	adj.	impossible to change or modify; permanent, fixed, or constant
9.	secret st	n.	a group of people who follow a particular religious or philosophical belief system, especially one that is regarded as outside the norm or mainstream

ANSWERS: 1. rescind, 2. deserted, 3. usurp, 4. massacre, 5. hijack, 6. Arthurian, 7. moth, 8. unalterable, 9. sect

10.	inct a student	v.	to teach someone practical skills or knowledge; to formally order or tell someone to do something
11.	family fd	n.	a bitter argument between two parties, causing a lot of anger or violence
12.	a male prote	n.	a person, typically a woman, who engages in sexual activity in exchange for payment
13.	bae the baby	v.	to wash or immerse oneself or another person in the water or a liquid; to expose a part of the body to a natural element, such as sunlight or air
14.	abolish pomy	n.	the practice of having more than one spouse at the same time
15.	cre a body	v.	to burn a dead body to reduce it to ash, often as part of a funeral or other death-related ritual
16.	infnt showers	adj.	occurring rarely or irregularly; happening at long intervals; not happening often or in large numbers
17.	mass kidng	n.	the act of taking somebody away illegally and holding them captive
18.	perpetual cue	n.	a clergyman who is in charge of a parish; a person in charge of a museum, gallery, or church, responsible for the care and display of its collections and exhibitions; (verb) to carefully select, organize, and maintain items in a collection, exhibition, or presentation

ANSWERS: 10. instruct, 11. feud, 12. prostitute, 13. bathe, 14. polygamy, 15. cremate, 16. infrequent, 17. kidnapping, 18. curate

19. fote citation	n.	a note of additional information provided at the bottom of a page in a book or document, often indicated by a superscript number or symbol in the main text
20. dint his audience	v.	to make someone confused about where they are or where they should go
21. bioty protocol	n.	a set of measures and protocols designed to protect against the risks associated with the intentional or accidental release of biological agents, such as viruses or bacteria that could cause harm to humans, animals, or plants
22. remains of brh	n.	a liquid in which meat, fish, or vegetables have been cooked, used as a base for soups and stews
23. feminine arpe	n.	a very typical example of a certain person or thing; a recurrent symbol or motif in literature, art, or mythology that represents a universal pattern of human nature
24. unng battle	adj.	seeming to have no end
25. chc theory	adj.	without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing
26. pae trend	adj.	no longer fashionable or current; outdated; considered to be old-fashioned or out of date

ANSWERS: 19. footnote, 20. disorient, 21. biosecurity, 22. broth, 23. archetype, 24. unending, 25. chaotic, 26. passe

27.	dee environmental quality	v.	to make something worse, especially in quality; to show or treat someone in a way that makes them seem no value and do not have the respect or reasonable opinion of others
28.	ex-su conservation	adj.	short for "situated," meaning located or placed in a particular position or circumstance
29.	sot advice	v.	to ask for something, especially in an urgent or pleading manner; to seek something through entreaty
30.	cre the remains	v.	to burn a dead body to reduce it to ash, often as part of a funeral or other death-related ritual
31.	vae a seat	v.	to leave or give up possession of a place or position; to make a place or position empty
32.	rete in a like fashion	v.	to respond to an action or attack with a similar action, especially one that is intended to harm or punish the other person
33.	an anal graveyard	adj.	related to or connected with members of your family from the past
34.	in-su control	adj.	short for "situated," meaning located or placed in a particular position or circumstance
35.	grald-grandparent relationship	n.	a child of someone's son or daughter
36.	fertile fand	n.	land used for farming or agricultural purposes

ANSWERS: 27. degrade, 28. situ, 29. solicit, 30. cremate, 31. vacate, 32. retaliate, 33. ancestral, 34. situ, 35. grandchild, 36. farmland

37. donate a doy	n.	property or money brought by a bride to her husband on their marriage, traditionally in some cultures
38. blne inheritance	n.	the hereditary line of descent of a group of related individuals; the genetic lineage or ancestry of a family, group, or species
39. int estate	v.	to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died
40. poisonous scon	n.	a small creature similar to an insect with a segmented body, a pair of pincers, and a long, thin tail that ends in a venomous sting
41. red a contract	v.	to officially revoke or cancel a decision, law, or agreement; to undo or annul something previously established
42. herry property	adj.	passed down from one generation to another through inheritance
43. exe the past	v.	to dig up or remove something, especially a corpse, from a grave or other burial place; to uncover or bring something hidden or forgotten to light
44. attempt to usp the throne	v.	to take or claim a position, power, authority, etc., without the right or legitimate claim; to seize and hold something, especially a position or power, by force
45. coe in midair	v.	to hit something violently when moving
46. Aran romances	adj.	relating to king Arthur and the tales and legends associated with him

ANSWERS: 37. dowry, 38. bloodline, 39. inherit, 40. scorpion, 41. rescind, 42. hereditary, 43. exhume, 44. usurp, 45. collide, 46. Arthurian

47. dee mosquito	n.	(also "breakbone fever") a viral disease transmitted by mosquitoes, characterized by fever, severe joint and muscle pain, and a rash
48. new sers	n.	a person who moved with a group of others to live in a different country or area
49. sers on some foreign shore	n.	a person who moved with a group of others to live in a different country or area
50. rete for the blow	v.	to respond to an action or attack with a similar action, especially one that is intended to harm or punish the other person
51. pae entertainment	adj.	no longer fashionable or current; outdated; considered to be old-fashioned or out of date
52. infnt meetings	adj.	occurring rarely or irregularly; happening at long intervals; not happening often or in large numbers
53. scon fish	n.	a small creature similar to an insect with a segmented body, a pair of pincers, and a long, thin tail that ends in a venomous sting
54. grti tag	n.	writing or drawings scribbled, scratched, or sprayed illicitly on a wall or other surface in a public place
55. royal blne	n.	the hereditary line of descent of a group of related individuals; the genetic lineage or ancestry of a family, group, or species

ANSWERS: 47. dengue, 48. settler, 49. settler, 50. retaliate, 51. passe, 52. infrequent, 53. scorpion, 54. graffiti, 55. bloodline

56.	tut lathe	n.	a small tower or tall structure, often found on the corner of a building, typically used for defensive purposes; a rotating armored structure on a military vehicle or ship for mounting weapons
57.	limestone bue	n.	a steep hill or small mountain with a flat top and steep sides, usually found in arid or desert regions
58.	qury situation	n.	a state of uncertainty or confusion, particularly when one is unsure of what to do; a dilemma
59.	bioty measures	n.	a set of measures and protocols designed to protect against the risks associated with the intentional or accidental release of biological agents, such as viruses or bacteria that could cause harm to humans, animals, or plants
60.	divine reton	n.	punishment inflicted on someone as vengeance for a wrong or criminal act; just dessert or compensation for wrongdoing
61.	third-generation desnt	n.	children or offspring of a specific person, plant, or animal
62.	chicken brh	n.	a liquid in which meat, fish, or vegetables have been cooked, used as a base for soups and stews
63.	fand acreage	n.	land used for farming or agricultural purposes
64.	dee outbreak	n.	(also "breakbone fever") a viral disease transmitted by mosquitoes, characterized by fever, severe joint and muscle pain, and a rash

ANSWERS: 56. turret, 57. butte, 58. quandary, 59. biosecurity, 60. retribution, 61. descendant, 62. broth, 63. farmland, 64. dengue

65.	seek reton	n.	punishment inflicted on someone as vengeance for a wrong or criminal act; just dessert or compensation for wrongdoing
66.	int ancestral property	v.	to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died
67.	st beliefs	n.	a group of people who follow a particular religious or philosophical belief system, especially one that is regarded as outside the norm or mainstream
68.	hik a helicopter	v.	to seize control of an airplane or other vehicle during an operation, especially with violence
69.	dint and wrong-foot viewers	v.	to make someone confused about where they are or where they should go
70.	innocent byer	n.	a person who witnesses an event or situation but does not actively participate or intervene
71.	doy payment	n.	property or money brought by a bride to her husband on their marriage, traditionally in some cultures
72.	decte a statue	v.	to cut off the head of someone; to behead
73.	recble landmark	adj.	easy to become aware of or identify
74.	the chc economic situation	adj.	without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing
75.	bue landscape	n.	a steep hill or small mountain with a flat top and steep sides, usually found in arid or desert regions

ANSWERS: 65. retribution, 66. inherit, 67. sect, 68. hijack, 69. disorient, 70. bystander, 71. dowry, 72. decapitate, 73. recognizable, 74. chaotic, 75. butte

76. add a fote	n.	a note of additional information provided at the bottom of a page in a book or document, often indicated by a superscript number or symbol in the main text
77. int a computer with a virus	<i>v</i> .	to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
78. exe in anger	v.	to burst or break open violently and noisily; to cause something to burst or break open
79. anal roots	adj.	related to or connected with members of your family from the past
80. orge director	n.	an institution for the care of orphans (= a child whose parents are dead)
81. Jeh history	adj.	of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism
82. inct a computer	v.	to teach someone practical skills or knowledge; to formally order or tell someone to do something
83. unale truth	adj.	impossible to change or modify; permanent, fixed, or constant
84. inle land	adj.	unable to grow crops or sustain life; not able to produce offspring or offspring that are viable
85. face relss pressure	adj.	persistent and determined; continuing despite difficulties or setbacks
86. euze the rat	ν.	to put a sick, injured, or very old animal to death humanely
87. sue leather	adj.	flexible and easy to bend or move; gracefully agile; adaptable or responsive to change or new ideas

ANSWERS: 76. footnote, 77. infect, 78. explode, 79. ancestral, 80. orphanage, 81. Jewish, 82. instruct, 83. unalterable, 84. infertile, 85. relentless, 86. euthanize, 87. supple

88. Zim movement	n.	a movement for the return of Jews to Zion (Israel) and the resumption of Jewish sovereignty in the Land of Israel
89. infectious vice	n.	the degree or intensity of a pathogen's ability to cause disease or harm; the strength or power of a negative attribute or quality
90. inle woman	adj.	unable to grow crops or sustain life; not able to produce offspring or offspring that are viable
91. prote street	n.	a person, typically a woman, who engages in sexual activity in exchange for payment
92. vae a property	v.	to leave or give up possession of a place or position; to make a place or position empty
93. sot patronage	v.	to ask for something, especially in an urgent or pleading manner; to seek something through entreaty
94. orox thought	adj.	following or conforming to the traditional, normal, or commonly accepted beliefs, ideas, or activities; of or relating to Judaism; of or relating to the Eastern Orthodox Church
95. cue an art website	n.	a clergyman who is in charge of a parish; a person in charge of a museum, gallery, or church, responsible for the care and display of its collections and exhibitions; (verb) to carefully select, organize, and maintain items in a collection, exhibition, or presentation

ANSWERS: 88. Zionism, 89. virulence, 90. infertile, 91. prostitute, 92. vacate, 93. solicit, 94. orthodox, 95. curate

96. aggressive vice	n.	the degree or intensity of a pathogen's ability to cause disease or harm; the strength or power of a negative attribute or quality
97. pomy law	n.	the practice of having more than one spouse at the same time
98. a herry disease	adj.	passed down from one generation to another through inheritance
99. desnt of a pioneer	n.	children or offspring of a specific person, plant, or animal
100. exe remains	v.	to dig up or remove something, especially a corpse, from a grave or other burial place; to uncover or bring something hidden or forgotten to light
101. build an orge	n.	an institution for the care of orphans (= a child whose parents are dead)
102. exe in popularity	v.	to burst or break open violently and noisily; to cause something to burst or break open
103. imon antique	n.	a duplicate of anything, particularly something valuable; the act of replicating someone or something
104. an orox doctrine	adj.	following or conforming to the traditional, normal, or commonly accepted beliefs, ideas, or activities; of or relating to Judaism; of or relating to the Eastern Orthodox Church
105. dee his public image	v.	to make something worse, especially in quality; to show or treat someone in a way that makes them seem no value and do not have the respect or reasonable opinion of others

ANSWERS: 96. virulence, 97. polygamy, 98. hereditary, 99. descendant, 100. exhume, 101. orphanage, 102. explode, 103. imitation, 104. orthodox, 105. degrade

106. mulnal workforce	<i>adj.</i> involving or encompassing multiple generations, particularly within a family or community; relating to or affecting people of different age groups or life stages
107. bre a politician	 v. to try to make someone do something to gain one's favors or influence by giving a gift of money or other inducements
108. mulnal home	<i>adj.</i> involving or encompassing multiple generations, particularly within a family or community; relating to or affecting people of different age groups or life stages
109. sexual prors	 an animal whose natural behavior is to prey on others
110. decte the enemy	 v. to cut off the head of someone; to behead
111. artificial imon	 n. a duplicate of anything, particularly something valuable; the act of replicating someone or something
112. int other animal species	 v. to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
113. sue muscles	<i>adj.</i> flexible and easy to bend or move; gracefully agile; adaptable or responsive to change or new ideas
114. the unng bliss	adj. seeming to have no end
115. coe head-on	v. to hit something violently when moving

ANSWERS: 106. multigenerational, 107. bribe, 108. multigenerational, 109. predator, 110. decapitate, 111. imitation, 112. infect, 113. supple, 114. unending, 115. collide

116. a detnt of crop yields	n.	a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result
117. arpe symbol	n.	a very typical example of a certain person or thing; a recurrent symbol or motif in literature, art, or mythology that represents a universal pattern of human nature
118. Zim ideology	n.	a movement for the return of Jews to Zion (Israel) and the resumption of Jewish sovereignty in the Land of Israel
119. deed city	adj.	empty or abandoned; lacking inhabitants or visitors; left alone or left behind
120. mh attracted to the light	n.	an insect with wings similar to a butterfly that travels at night and is attracted to light
121. carry out a fd	n.	a bitter argument between two parties, causing a lot of anger or violence
122. bre him with food	v.	to try to make someone do something to gain one's favors or influence by giving a gift of money or other inducements
123. abe a speech	v.	to shorten or condense a book, a play, a speech, etc., while maintaining its essence
124. abe a biography	v.	to shorten or condense a book, a play, a speech, etc., while maintaining its essence

ANSWERS: 116. determinant, 117. archetype, 118. Zionism, 119. deserted, 120. moth, 121. feud, 122. bribe, 123. abridge, 124. abridge

125. kidng attempt	n.	the act of taking somebody away illegally and holding them captive
126. mare in the village	n.	the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals
127. bae in the sea	v.	to wash or immerse oneself or another person in the water or a liquid; to expose a part of the body to a natural element, such as sunlight or air
128. financial qury	n.	a state of uncertainty or confusion, particularly when one is unsure of what to do; a dilemma
129. grti art	n.	writing or drawings scribbled, scratched, or sprayed illicitly on a wall or other surface in a public place
130. euze my terminally ill pet	v.	to put a sick, injured, or very old animal to death humanely
131. apex pror	n.	an animal whose natural behavior is to prey on others
132. environmental detnt	n.	a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result
133. graId development	n.	a child of someone's son or daughter
134. to a recble degree	adj.	easy to become aware of or identify
135. medieval tut	n.	a small tower or tall structure, often found on the corner of a building, typically used for defensive purposes; a rotating armored structure on a military vehicle or ship for mounting weapons

ANSWERS: 125. kidnapping, 126. massacre, 127. bathe, 128. quandary, 129. graffiti, 130. euthanize, 131. predator, 132. determinant, 133. grandchild, 134. recognizable, 135. turret

136. relss attack	adj.	persistent and determined; continuing despite difficulties or setbacks
137. Jeh culture	adj.	of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism
138. shocked byer	n.	a person who witnesses an event or situation but does not actively participate or intervene

ANSWERS: 136. relentless, 137. Jewish, 138. bystander

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. Children often _____ parents with this head cold.
- v. to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
- Theodor Herzl is considered to be the father of modern _____.
- *n.* a movement for the return of Jews to Zion (Israel) and the resumption of Jewish sovereignty in the Land of Israel
- 3. The athlete's ______ training paid off in the end.
- *adj.* persistent and determined; continuing despite difficulties or setbacks
- 4. The new champion racehorse came from a long line of strong ______.
- *n.* the hereditary line of descent of a group of related individuals; the genetic lineage or ancestry of a family, group, or species
- 5. I always add a bit of _____ to my soup to give it more flavor.
- *n.* a liquid in which meat, fish, or vegetables have been cooked, used as a base for soups and stews
- 6. The interests of the two countries _____.
- v. to hit something violently when moving
- 7. The old building _____ in a fiery inferno.
- *v.* to burst or break open violently and noisily; to cause something to burst or break open
- 8. His car was easily _____ in the parking lot.
- adj. easy to become aware of or identify

ANSWERS: 1. infect, 2. Zionism, 3. relentless, 4. bloodlines, 5. broth, 6. collide, 7. exploded, 8. recognizable

- 9. Bell-bottom jeans, once considered _____ fashion, have made a surprising comeback in recent years.
- *adj.* no longer fashionable or current; outdated; considered to be old-fashioned or out of date
- 10. The _____ is a serious threat to the farm's output.
- *n.* an insect with wings similar to a butterfly that travels at night and is attracted to light
- 11. The _____ atop the castle provided a panoramic view of the surrounding area.
- *n*. a small tower or tall structure, often found on the corner of a building, typically used for defensive purposes; a rotating armored structure on a military vehicle or ship for mounting weapons
- 12. I included a ______ in my essay to provide additional information and sources for my argument.
- *n.* a note of additional information provided at the bottom of a page in a book or document, often indicated by a superscript number or symbol in the main text
- 13. The city spent a lot of money cleaning up the _____ on the buildings downtown.
- *n.* writing or drawings scribbled, scratched, or sprayed illicitly on a wall or other surface in a public place
- 14. I was in a _____ over which job offer to accept.
- *n.* a state of uncertainty or confusion, particularly when one is unsure of what to do; a dilemma
- 15. Researchers are developing new technologies to improve ______ in the agricultural industry.
- *n.* a set of measures and protocols designed to protect against the risks associated with the intentional or accidental release of biological agents, such as viruses or bacteria that could cause harm to humans, animals, or plants

ANSWERS: 9. passe, 10. moth, 11. turret, 12. footnote, 13. graffiti, 14. quandary, 15. biosecurity

- 16. He made a desperate effort to _____ an airliner.
- v. to seize control of an airplane or other vehicle during an operation, especially with violence
- 17. Creating amazing shows requires constant ______ effort.
- *adj.* seeming to have no end
- 18. The minority _____ believed in a set of unconventional religious practices.
- *n.* a group of people who follow a particular religious or philosophical belief system, especially one that is regarded as outside the norm or mainstream
- 19. My friend is a ______ woman who celebrates Hanukkah every year.
- *adj.* of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism
- 20. The company had to ______ its new policy when it caused employee outrage.
- v. to officially revoke or cancel a decision, law, or agreement; to undo or annul something previously established
- 21. I need to _____ my apartment by the end of the month.
 - *v.* to leave or give up possession of a place or position; to make a place or position empty
- 22. He grew up in a Christian ______ and never knew his biological parents.
- *n.* an institution for the care of orphans (= a child whose parents are dead)
- 23. I always _____ my dog after she swims in the lake.
- v. to wash or immerse oneself or another person in the water or a liquid; to expose a part of the body to a natural element, such as sunlight or air

ANSWERS: 16. hijack, 17. unending, 18. sect, 19. Jewish, 20. rescind, 21. vacate, 22. orphanage, 23. bathe

- 24. The art museum has hired a ______ to select and display pieces from its collection.
- *n*. a clergyman who is in charge of a parish; a person in charge of a museum, gallery, or church, responsible for the care and display of its collections and exhibitions; (verb) to carefully select, organize, and maintain items in a collection, exhibition, or presentation
- 25. The ______ venom can be lethal to humans.
- *n*. a small creature similar to an insect with a segmented body, a pair of pincers, and a long, thin tail that ends in a venomous sting
- 26. The government is encouraging farmers to expand their ______ to increase food production.
- *n.* land used for farming or agricultural purposes
- 27. He tries to _____ the ship's captain to export illegal products.
- v. to try to make someone do something to gain one's favors or influence by giving a gift of money or other inducements
- 28. Many individuals believe that children learn languages through ______.
- *n*. a duplicate of anything, particularly something valuable; the act of replicating someone or something
- 29. Several studies have indicated that human activity at sea might ______ dolphins and whales.
- *v.* to make someone confused about where they are or where they should go
- 30. Those warriors' ______ are still skilled archers.
- *n.* children or offspring of a specific person, plant, or animal

ANSWERS: 24. curate, 25. scorpion's, 26. farmland, 27. bribe, 28. imitation, 29. disorient, 30. descendants

- 31. The ______ legends of King Arthur and the knights of the Round Table are popular literary motifs.
- adj. relating to king Arthur and the tales and legends associated with him
- 32. The ______ family farm has been passed down for generations.
- *adj.* involving or encompassing multiple generations, particularly within a family or community; relating to or affecting people of different age groups or life stages
- 33. The family asked the doctor to ______ their grandfather.
 - v. to put a sick, injured, or very old animal to death humanely
- 34. The grandparents take care of their ______ while the parents are at work.
- *n.* a child of someone's son or daughter
- 35. The executioner was about to ______ the condemned prisoner.
 - v. to cut off the head of someone; to behead
- 36. After the other team scored, we _____ by playing even harder and scoring two quick goals.
- v. to respond to an action or attack with a similar action, especially one that is intended to harm or punish the other person
- 37. The ballerina's _____ movements left the audience mesmerized.
- *adj.* flexible and easy to bend or move; gracefully agile; adaptable or responsive to change or new ideas
- 38. We hiked up the red _____ for a panoramic view of the surrounding landscape.
- *n*. a steep hill or small mountain with a flat top and steep sides, usually found in arid or desert regions

ANSWERS: 31. Arthurian, 32. multigenerational, 33. euthanize, 34. grandchild, 35. decapitate, 36. retaliated, 37. supple, 38. butte

- 39. The ______ effect is a phenomenon where people are less likely to intervene in an emergency if others are present.
- *n.* a person who witnesses an event or situation but does not actively participate or intervene
- 40. The company ______ donations from its employees for the charity event.
- v. to ask for something, especially in an urgent or pleading manner; to seek something through entreaty
- 41. A ______ condition is a medical condition caused by a genetic mutation passed down from one's parents.
- *adj.* passed down from one generation to another through inheritance
- 42. After his death, his sons _____ his business.
- v. to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died
- 43. Melanoma in _____ is considered the earliest stage of melanoma and has a high cure rate with appropriate treatment.
- *adj.* short for "situated," meaning located or placed in a particular position or circumstance
- 44. Traveling to remote villages can be difficult due to ______ transportation.
- *adj.* occurring rarely or irregularly; happening at long intervals; not happening often or in large numbers
- 45. The facility manager ______ the security guards to be on high alert.
 - v. to teach someone practical skills or knowledge; to formally order or tell someone to do something
- 46. Change is also occurring in Turkey as a result of _____ reform.
- *adj.* without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing

ANSWERS: 39. bystander, 40. solicited, 41. hereditary, 42. inherited, 43. situ, 44. infrequent, 45. instructed, 46. chaotic

- 47. The ______ home has been in the family for generations.
- *adj.* related to or connected with members of your family from the past
- 48. He challenged the _____ views on business.
- *adj.* following or conforming to the traditional, normal, or commonly accepted beliefs, ideas, or activities; of or relating to Judaism; of or relating to the Eastern Orthodox Church
- 49. The retired politician resolved the _____ between groups through mediation.
- *n.* a bitter argument between two parties, causing a lot of anger or violence
- 50. I had to ______ the novel to fit it into the time allotted for the movie.
 - v. to shorten or condense a book, a play, a speech, etc., while maintaining its essence
- 51. The Constitution contains ______ rights for all citizens.
- *adj.* impossible to change or modify; permanent, fixed, or constant
- 52. He faced ______ for his crimes and was sentenced to many years.
- *n.* punishment inflicted on someone as vengeance for a wrong or criminal act; just dessert or compensation for wrongdoing
- 53. The competitor tried to _____ the reigning champion's title.
- *v.* to take or claim a position, power, authority, etc., without the right or legitimate claim; to seize and hold something, especially a position or power, by force
- 54. She received a year's imprisonment for aggravated ______.
- *n.* the act of taking somebody away illegally and holding them captive

ANSWERS: 47. ancestral, 48. orthodox, 49. feud, 50. abridge, 51. unalterable, 52. retribution, 53. usurp, 54. kidnapping

- 55. She turned to ______ to make ends meet.
- *n.* a person, typically a woman, who engages in sexual activity in exchange for payment
- 56. You should not ______ yourself by allowing them to use you.
- v. to make something worse, especially in quality; to show or treat someone in a way that makes them seem no value and do not have the respect or reasonable opinion of others
- 57. The ______ of innocent civilians in the war zone was a tragic event.
- *n.* the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals
- 58. The native South American animals were in danger because of the ______ arrival.
- *n.* an animal whose natural behavior is to prey on others
- 59. The ______ street was quiet and eerie, with no signs of life.
- adj. empty or abandoned; lacking inhabitants or visitors; left alone or left behind
- 60. The authorities had to ______ the body for further investigation into the cause of death.
- *v*. to dig up or remove something, especially a corpse, from a grave or other burial place; to uncover or bring something hidden or forgotten to light
- 61. One ______ of success is having a positive attitude and a strong work ethic.
- *n.* a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result

ANSWERS: 55. prostitute, 56. degrade, 57. massacre, 58. predator's, 59. deserted, 60. exhume, 61. determinant

- 62. The hero's journey is a common _____ in many myths and stories.
 - *n.* a very typical example of a certain person or thing; a recurrent symbol or motif in literature, art, or mythology that represents a universal pattern of human nature
- 63. The ______ of the disease caused widespread concern among the population.
 - *n.* the degree or intensity of a pathogen's ability to cause disease or harm; the strength or power of a negative attribute or quality
- 64. The soil in the desert is _____ making it difficult to grow crops.
- *adj.* unable to grow crops or sustain life; not able to produce offspring or offspring that are viable
- 65. The practice of ______ has been controversial and debated for centuries.
- *n.* the practice of having more than one spouse at the same time
- 66. Many people in this region have contracted ______ fever from mosquito bites.
- *n.* (also "breakbone fever") a viral disease transmitted by mosquitoes, characterized by fever, severe joint and muscle pain, and a rash
- 67. Traditionally, a bride's _____ consisted of money, property, or other valuable possessions given to the groom's family.
 - *n.* property or money brought by a bride to her husband on their marriage, traditionally in some cultures
- 68. A large proportion of railway workers in _____ colonies were white.
- *n.* a person who moved with a group of others to live in a different country or area
- 69. They plan to ______ their loved ones according to their cultural traditions.
 - v. to burn a dead body to reduce it to ash, often as part of a funeral or other death-related ritual

ANSWERS: 62. archetype, 63. virulence, 64. infertile, 65. polygamy, 66. dengue, 67. dowry, 68. settler, 69. cremate

ANSWERS: