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All Words

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Session 1: Word List

poem

n. a piece of writing that emphasizes the expression of feelings and ideas by paying particular attention to diction (sometimes rhyme), rhythm, and imagery

synonym: ballad, lyric, verse

(1) a narrative **poem**, (2) **poem** to the dead

A great **poem** is a fountain forever overflowing with the waters of wisdom and delight.

poet

n. a person who writes poetry

synonym: versifier, rhymer, writer

(1) a court **poet**, (2) a **poet** of sorts

She is a talented **poet** who has been recognized for her work.

echo

n. a sound heard after being reflected off a surface, such as a wall or a cliff

synonym: reverberate, repeat, reflection

(1) the **echo** of a person's footsteps, (2) sound **echo**

A thunderous boom **echoed** throughout the valley.

brain

n. the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling

synonym: intellect, mind, encephalon

(1) basic **brain** function, (2) permanent **brain** damage

X-rays revealed a small tumor in his **brain**.

idle *adj.* not working hard or not having a job; useless
synonym : inactive, jobless, inoperative
(1) live an **idle** life, (2) **idle** capital
There are several **idle** machines in the factory because of the decreased orders.

stream *n.* a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc.
synonym : flow, current, brook
(1) the **stream** of time, (2) an endless **stream** of cars
Jet **streams** are the common name for air currents that form high in the atmosphere.

hark *v.* to recall, to return, or to revert, especially to an earlier time, situation, or condition; to listen attentively; to pay close attention to something
synonym : listen, heed, obey
(1) **hark** to the wind in the trees, (2) **hark** forward to a time of peace
The new smartphone's design **harks** back to the original model, which was much simpler and compact.

distant *adj.* far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship
synonym : far, isolated, remote
(1) a **distant** memory, (2) **distant** ancestors
The sun set over the crest of **distant** hills.

powder *n.* a dry and fine substance that consists of very small, loose particles
synonym : dust, crumb, grain
(1) **powder** additive, (2) curry **powder**
She used a **powder** brush to apply her foundation evenly.

march

v. to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps

synonym : parade

(1) **march** against the war, (2) **march** east

The troops **marched** shoulder-to-shoulder.

poetry

n. poems in general as a genre of literature

synonym : ode, poesy, verse

(1) modern **poetry**, (2) book of **poetry**

Different cultures have different comfortable word rhythms, so the composition of **poetry** varies greatly.

lad

n. a young boy or man, often used in an informal or affectionate way

synonym : boy, youth, youngster

(1) working-class **lad**, (2) local **lad**

The older man gave the young **lad** some helpful life advice.

symphony

n. a long musical composition in Western classical music for orchestra, usually with three or four main parts called movements

synonym : orchestra, harmony, concert

(1) a **symphony** orchestra, (2) a beautiful **symphony**

The frequent performances of the **symphony** prove its popularity.

sylvan

adj. relating to or characteristic of woods or forests; existing or occurring in a wooded area; suggesting a peaceful, natural, or rural environment

synonym : wooded, forested, leafy

(1) **sylvan** landscape, (2) **sylvan** retreat

The cabin nestled in the **sylvan** forest provided a serene and peaceful retreat.

stability

n. the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast

synonym : resilience, solidity, steadiness

(1) **stability** pact, (2) fiscal **stability** pact

The policy should increase the country's monetary **stability**.

terrifying

adj. very frightening or intimidating

synonym: frightening, intimidating, alarming

(1) **terrifying** experience, (2) **terrifying** events

Large earthquakes often generate **terrifying** tsunamis.

accompany

v. to go somewhere or travel with someone or something

synonym: follow, escort, attend

(1) **accompany** a chicken dish, (2) **accompany** the book

Please let me know if you want to **accompany** me to my hometown.

turbulence

n. a state of great disturbance, confusion, or uncertainty, often accompanied by violent or disruptive activity or behavior, such as air turbulence during a flight

synonym: choppiness, tumult, agitation

(1) financial **turbulence**, (2) emotional **turbulence**

The ride on the rollercoaster was full of dips and turns, creating a feeling of **turbulence**.

condemn

v. to express strong disapproval or criticism of something

synonym: criticize, denounce, censure

(1) **condemn** violence, (2) **condemn** crime

The government was **condemned** for its handling of the crisis.

gimbal

n. a pivoted support that allows for the rotation of an object along multiple axes typically used to stabilize or control the movement of cameras, compasses, or other equipment

synonym: pivot, swivel, rotation

(1) camera **gimbal**, (2) 3-axis **gimbal**

The drone's **gimbal** allowed for smooth and steady aerial photography.

turbulent

adj. marked by a lot of sudden changes, confusion, or uncertainty; characterized by intense activity or agitation

synonym : chaotic, stormy, tumultuous

(1) **turbulent** waves, (2) **turbulent** age

The stock market has been **turbulent** lately, with prices fluctuating rapidly.

bloody

adj. covered in or smeared with blood; involving or characterized by bloodshed or brutality

synonym : gory, gruesome, savage

(1) **bloody** massacre, (2) **bloody** diarrhea

The crime scene was **bloody** and gruesome.

argue

v. to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others

synonym : debate, dispute, quarrel

(1) **argue** a case, (2) **argue** passionately

The couple began to **argue** over which restaurant to go to for dinner.

nation

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

synonym : country, state, sovereign entity

(1) **nation-state**, (2) a seafaring **nation**

The **nation** of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

Atlantic

adj. relating to or located near the Atlantic Ocean, which is the second-largest ocean on Earth, located between the continents of North and South America to the west and Europe and Africa to the east

(1) **Atlantic** breeze, (2) **Atlantic** salmon

The **Atlantic** hurricane season runs from June to November each year.

emerging

adj. starting to exist, mature, or become well-known
synonym : arising, occurring, state-of-the-art

(1) **emerging** country, (2) **emerging** technologies
Emerging technologies have dramatically improved productivity in various industries.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

vacuum

n. a space empty of matter; a device or tool used for cleaning or removing debris by creating suction

synonym : void, emptiness, gap

(1) **vacuum** cleaner, (2) **vacuum** packing

Please use the **vacuum** to clean up the mess on the floor.

catastrophe

n. a sudden event that causes extreme ruin and misfortune

synonym : disaster, calamity, cataclysm

(1) **catastrophe** risk management, (2) avoid climate **catastrophe**

The lack of funds has resulted in a **catastrophe** for our university system.

refer

v. to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support

synonym : cite, allude, mention

(1) **refer** to a book, (2) **refer** to a map

Please **refer** to the instruction manual for further assistance.

accurate

adj. correct and exact in all details

synonym : exact, precise, proper

(1) provide **accurate** information, (2) **accurate** measurements

The official transcript contains **accurate** academic records.

shift

n. a slight transition in position, direction, or trend

synonym: transition, change, modification

(1) Doppler **shift**, (2) major paradigm **shift**

Could you help me **shift** some furniture?

dimension

n. a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length

synonym: extent, measurement, size

(1) new **dimension**, (2) the crosswise **dimension**

Overall **dimensions** are approximately 400x200mm.

frightening

adj. causing fear or alarm, or very surprising and alarming

synonym: scary, terrifying, alarming

(1) cast **frightening** eyes, (2) **frightening** experience

The news of the pandemic was a **frightening** reminder of the fragility of human health.

slightly

adv. in a small degree or extent; a little

synonym: barely, narrowly, scarcely

(1) increase **slightly**, (2) **slightly** alkaline soils

He moved his body **slightly** to the left.

vertical

adj. upright or perpendicular to a horizontal surface or line

synonym: perpendicular, upright, plumb

(1) **vertical** takeoff, (2) **vertical** axis

The ladder leaned against the **vertical** surface of the building.

encase

v. to enclose or cover something in a protective or decorative layer

synonym: encircle, enclose, enclasp

(1) **encase** in glass, (2) **encase** his feet

They **encased** the fragile vase in bubble wrap to protect it during shipping.

institutionalize

v. to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)

synonym: formalize, establish, regularize

(1) **institutionalize** a system, (2) **institutionalize** customary laws

The new policy aims to **institutionalize** the use of renewable energy sources.

migrate

v. to move from one country or region to another and settle there; to move from one place to another periodically or seasonally

synonym: relocate, emigrate, roam

(1) **migrate** across borders, (2) **migrate** a service

Many Germans **migrated** to South America in the mid-19th century.

reside

v. to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time

synonym: live, dwell, inhabit

(1) **reside** on the skin, (2) **reside** permanently

They **reside** in a beautiful old house in the countryside.

satellite

n. an electronic device that is sent up into space and moves around the Earth or another planet, used for gathering information or communicating by radio, television, etc.

synonym: orbiter, asteroid, moon

(1) a GPS **satellite**, (2) a meteorological **satellite**

Launching an artificial **satellite** contributed to the technological development of our country.

broadcast

v. to send out a program or some information on radio or television

synonym: air, announce, advertise

(1) **broadcast** a concert, (2) **broadcast** a radio ad

Most of the programs are **broadcast** in this area.

vast

adj. enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity

synonym : expansive, extended, boundless

(1) **vast** majority, (2) **vast** desert

A **vast** audience viewed the broadcast.

circulate

v. to move continuously or freely around a place or closed system

synonym : flow, disperse, rotate

(1) **circulate** a rumor, (2) **circulate** an agenda before the meeting

The fan **circulates** the air in the room quickly.

suppose

v. to think that something is likely to be actual or possible

synonym : guess, assume, presume

(1) **suppose** you're right, (2) **suppose** beforehand

What do you **suppose** the culprit's motive was?

finance

n. the management of money, credit, banking, and investments, especially by a government or commercial organization; the branch of economics that studies the management of money and other assets

synonym : banking, investment, fund

(1) **finance** act, (2) manage my **finances**

Our company decided to hire an advisor who specializes in **finance**.

speculator

n. a person who invests in a venture with the hope of making a profit, often taking on significant risks; someone who engages in speculation

synonym : investor, trader, gambler

(1) risky **speculator**, (2) stock market **speculator**

The land **speculator** purchased large tracts of land in anticipation of future development.

multinational

adj. relating to or involving multiple countries or nationalities; having operations or business interests in multiple countries

synonym : international, global, cross-border

(1) **multinational** enterprise, (2) **multinational** team
The **multinational** corporation has offices in over 30 countries.

corporation

n. a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit

synonym : business, company, enterprise

(1) a public **corporation**, (2) **corporation** assets
Four companies were amalgamated into a single **corporation**.

develop

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

synonym : evolve, progress, advance

(1) **develop** a strategy, (2) **develop** a skill

We must **develop** a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

medium

adj. of a size, amount, or level that is average or intermediate; (noun) a means or instrumentality for storing or communicating information

synonym : average, intermediate, (noun) channel

(1) **medium** color, (2) an advertising **medium**

The **medium** size shirt fits him perfectly.

largely

adv. virtually entirely; to a large degree

synonym : mainly, chiefly, broadly

(1) **largely** accepted, (2) **largely** mitigate the issue

Nevada is **largely** a desert state.

unregulated

adj. not subject to official rules, procedures, or oversight; not controlled or supervised by a governing authority or system

synonym : uncontrolled, unmonitored, unbridled

(1) **unregulated** market, (2) **unregulated** off-shore fishing

Without regulations, the industry is **unregulated** and potentially dangerous.

constraint

n. a limit or restriction on something, such as an action, behavior, or thought

synonym : limitation, restriction, bound

(1) **constraint** on business activity, (2) strict time **constraints**

The budget **constraint** forced them to make difficult decisions.

suit

n. a set of clothes that are made from the same material; a claim or complaint that a person or organization can file in court against another party; (verb) to be fit or acceptable for

synonym : clothes, lawsuit, (verb) fit

(1) **suit** and tie restaurant, (2) **suit** at law

Six **suits** are awaiting trial or verdict.

suitable

adj. fit or appropriate; proper; adapted

synonym : appropriate, fitting, proper

(1) **suitable** amount, (2) date **suitable** to both groups

The dress was **suitable** for the formal occasion.

criminal

n. a person who has committed a crime

synonym : offender, lawbreaker, delinquent

(1) wanted **criminal**, (2) **criminal** investigation

The police are searching for the **criminal** who stole the jewels.

revelation

n. a fact that has been disclosed to others, especially a surprising one; the act of revealing or telling the fact or truth to others; communication of knowledge to humans by a divine or supernatural agency

synonym : disclosure, telling, annunciation

(1) a divine **revelation**, (2) the **revelation** of a secret
The shocking **revelation** embarrassed the administration.

nevertheless

adv. in spite of that; yet

synonym: nonetheless, yet, still

(1) keep working **nevertheless**, (2) **nevertheless**, she persevered

She was tired and hungry, but **nevertheless**, she persevered.

inhabit

v. to live in a specific location; to reside

synonym: settle, occupy, populate

(1) **inhabit** a cave, (2) **inhabit** the stomach

I have no idea what sort of folks **inhabit** the neighborhood.

icon

n. a picture or statue of a holy person considered to be a sacred thing; a little icon on the screen of a computer or smartphone that denotes an application or a file

synonym: figure, hero, idol

(1) **icon** for young people, (2) television **icon**

Some comic book characters are considered gay **icons**.

twin

n. either of two children born at the same time from the same mother

(1) a **twin-lens** camera, (2) a **twin** room

Its **twin** brothers are difficult to tell apart except for their parents.

destroy

v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

synonym: demolish, ruin, obliterate

(1) **destroy** the ecosystem, (2) **destroyed** evidence

The building was **destroyed** in the fire and had to be rebuilt.

mass

n. a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together

synonym : abundance, crowd, mob

(1) a **mass** of molten rock, (2) critical **mass**

The **mass** of people who do not own property is politically impotent.

poison

n. a substance that can cause illness, injury, or death when ingested, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin; something harmful, malicious, or toxic; the act of damaging or ruining a relationship; (verb) to introduce a substance into something or someone harmful and potentially deadly

synonym : toxin, venom, pollutant

(1) **poison** ivy, (2) **poison** bilateral relations

The plant's leaves contain a deadly **poison** that can cause hallucinations and seizures.

governance

n. the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes

synonym : administration, management, direction

(1) good **governance**, (2) corporate **governance**

The United Nations assists countries in building strong **governance** frameworks and institutions.

phenomenon

n. something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood

synonym : marvel, wonder, splendor

(1) natural **phenomenon**, (2) historical **phenomenon**

A rainbow is a natural **phenomenon**.

extent

n. the point or degree or area to which something extends

synonym : amount, degree, intensity

(1) certain **extent**, (2) the **extent** of the damage

I was amazed at the **extent** of her generosity.

achieve

v. to successfully complete a task or goal, often through hard work, perseverance, and dedication; to attain or

accomplish something that one has set out to do

synonym: accomplish, attain, reach

(1) **achieve** success, (2) **achieve** milestones

I will work hard to **achieve** my goals and realize my dreams.

aim

v. to try or plan to get or achieve something

synonym: aspire, direct, target

(1) **aim** at a specific target, (2) **aim** to be a nurse

We **aim** for an overseas expansion.

government

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

synonym: administration, regime, state

(1) **government** bureaucracy, (2) **government** funding

The federal **government** is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

democracy

n. a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so

synonym: self-government, republic, commonwealth

(1) **democracy** advocate, (2) principles of **democracy**

Democracy often entails inclusive capitalism as well.

unlikely

adj. not probable or likely to happen

synonym: doubtful, questionable, far-fetched

(1) **unlikely** event, (2) it is **unlikely** that he would win the game

The passage of the bill is **unlikely**.

spawn

v. to lay eggs or to produce offspring; to cause something to develop

synonym: beget, breed, generate

(1) **spawn** in spring, (2) **spawn** a new concept

The salmon swims upstream to **spawn** in the place they were released.

invention

n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing

synonym: creation, design, innovation

(1) the **invention** of new techniques, (2) common **invention**

Necessity is the mother of **invention**.

legitimate

adj. accordant with or allowed by law; lawful

synonym: lawful, honest, fair

(1) a **legitimate** child, (2) **legitimate** question

Public political demonstrations are considered **legitimate** rights for citizens.

treaty

n. a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities

synonym: agreement, pact, accord

(1) **treaty** negotiation, (2) global climate **treaty**

The two countries signed a **treaty** to establish peaceful relations.

govern

v. to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services

synonym: control, rule, preside

(1) a nation's right to **govern**, (2) **govern** a public enterprise

The regulations **governing** medical malpractice claims are rigorous.

emerge

v. to move out of or away from something and become visible

synonym: arise, occur, appear

(1) **emerge** as a butterfly, (2) **emerge** from poverty

During colonial eras, new migratory patterns **emerged**.

organization

n. a group of people who work together for a shared purpose

synonym: association, institution, community

(1) **organization** chart, (2) agricultural **organization**

She is the president of a large international **organization**.

entirely

adv. completely

synonym: completely, fully, totally

(1) **entirely** satisfied with the meal, (2) he was **entirely** to blame

Later, his claim was found to be **entirely** false.

struggle

v. to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction

synonym: toil, strive, compete

(1) **struggle** against discrimination, (2) **struggle** to get the job

He could not **struggle** against temptation.

speculate

v. to form a theory or conjecture or guess about a subject without solid evidence

synonym: assume, conjecture, infer

(1) **speculate** about the reason, (2) **speculate** on the outcome

He **speculated** that this investment would lead to success.

shifting

adj. constantly changing or moving

synonym: unfirm, shifty, fluctuating

(1) **shifting** balance, (2) continuously **shifting** landscape

Trends in the fashion industry are so **shifting** that it is challenging to keep up with them.

horizontal

adj. parallel to the ground or in a baseline; being at the same level as all members of a group

synonym: even, lying, parallel

(1) **horizontal** lines, (2) **horizontal** stripes

Airplanes need **horizontal** tails to improve stability.

ascend

v. to go or move upward; to become king or queen; to inherit something, such as a power

synonym : rise, climb, go up

(1) **ascend** the ladder, (2) **ascend** to power

The plane began to **ascend** into the sky.

fundamental

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

synonym : basic, essential, entire

(1) **fundamental** education, (2) **fundamental** rights

Human behavior has **fundamental** characteristics.

broad

adj. very wide; general

synonym : wide, expansive, comprehensive

(1) attract **broad** attention, (2) a **broad** mind

He accumulated wealth across a **broad** spectrum of assets.

seaboard

n. the coastal areas or region adjacent to the sea or ocean; a coastline or shore

synonym : coastline, shoreline, seaside

(1) eastern **seaboard**, (2) coastal **seaboard**

The seafood cuisine in the **seaboard** region is renowned for its freshness and variety.

pacific

adj. peaceful in character or intent; tending to lessen or avoid conflict; calm or soothing in manner or tone; (noun, as "Pacific") the largest and deepest of Earth's oceanic divisions

synonym : calm, peaceful, tranquil

(1) **pacific-natured** disposition, (2) the **Pacific** Ocean

They adopted a **pacific** approach to resolving their differences, emphasizing dialogue and understanding.

rim

n. the edge of something in the shape of a more or less circular object

synonym : boundary, lip, edge

(1) **rim** of the ear, (2) crater **rim**

The water level was even with the basin's **rim**.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym: finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

policy

n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

synonym: strategy, plan, guideline

(1) health **policy**, (2) foreign **policy**

The company's new **policy** on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

augment

v. to increase the size, extent, quantity, etc. of something by adding something to it

synonym: boost, increase, expand

(1) **augment** the reality, (2) **augment** immunity

Economic factors and monetary policy **augmented** inflation.

military

adj. relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare

synonym: armed, martial, warlike

(1) a **military** operation, (2) a **military** leader

The **military** academy was known for its strict discipline and training.

context

n. the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it

meaning

synonym : background, setting, environment

(1) historical **context**, (2) legal **context**

It's important to understand the **context** of a situation before making a decision.

polar

adj. relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites

synonym : opposing, contrary, contrasting

(1) **polar** bears, (2) **polar** regions

Polar animals are graceful and efficient swimmers.

compass

n. a navigational instrument for finding directions with a needle that can move easily and that always points to the north; the limit or range of capability

synonym : guideline, borderline, ambit

(1) read a **compass**, (2) sailing without a **compass**

The results were beyond our **compass** of imagination.

needle

n. a thin, pointed object typically used for sewing or medical purposes; a metal or plastic instrument used for administering injections or drawing blood

synonym : thorn, spike, pin

(1) **needle** prick, (2) sewing **needle**

The acupuncturist inserted **needles** into specific points on my body to alleviate my pain.

bestride

v. (also "bestraddle") to sit or stand with one leg on either side of something; to span or cover

synonym : stride over, mount, climb on

(1) **bestride** the situation, (2) **bestride** the fence

The cowboy could **bestride** his horse gracefully and skillfully, even without a saddle.

colossus

n. a person or thing that is unusually large, powerful, or impressive; a person or entity that is a dominant force in their field or industry

synonym : giant, titan, mammoth

(1) **colossus** company, (2) ancient **colossus**

The automobile industry is a **colossus** behemoth of the modern economy.

norm

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

synonym : criterion, mean, standard

(1) **norm** of action, (2) cultural **norm**

The systems we have developed has accepted as industry **norms**.

emergence

n. the process or fact of coming into existence or becoming apparent

synonym : appearance, emergence, rise

(1) **emergence** as a national leader, (2) re- **emergence** of rampant inflation

The **emergence** of a new virus can cause concern for public health.

dominant

adj. more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type

synonym : chief, predominant, prevailing

(1) achieve a **dominant** share, (2) **dominant** force

Her company soon won a **dominant** market share.

feat

n. a notable or impressive achievement, especially one that requires great skill or bravery

synonym : achievement, accomplishment, exploit

(1) intellectual **feat**, (2) **feat** accomplishment

It is an incredible **feat** to climb Mount Everest, the highest mountain in the world.

increasingly

adv. more and more

synonym : more and more, progressively

(1) **increasingly** become common, (2) face **increasingly** complicated challenges

Our company found it **increasingly** difficult to keep up with the competition.

alternative

n. one of two or more available possibilities or choice

synonym: choice, option

(1) an **alternative** plan, (2) there is no other **alternative**

Doctors are gradually coming around to the idea of using **alternative** medicines.

ascent

n. the act of climbing or moving upwards, often referring to a physical ascent of a mountain or a spiritual ascent or improvement; an upward movement; the process of moving upwards

synonym: climb, rise, hike

(1) spiritual **ascent**, (2) the **ascent** of a rocket

The hikers experienced a difficult **ascent** to the summit due to the steep and rocky terrain.

grumpy

adj. easily annoyed or irritable; inclined to complain or show dissatisfaction, often in an ill-tempered way

synonym: crabby, grouchy, irritable

(1) **grumpy** cat, (2) **grumpy** mood

The **grumpy** older man snapped at the children for playing too loudly.

discuss

v. to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic

synonym: talk about, converse, debate

(1) **discuss** options, (2) **discuss** solutions

We need to **discuss** the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.

lord

n. a person who has general authority, control, or power over others; a man of noble rank or high office

synonym: master, noble, peer

(1) a young **lord**, (2) **lord** of castle

The feudal **lord** had ruled the land for many years.

concert

n. a musical performance given in public by one or more players or singers

synonym: gig, musical, show

(1) have a **concert** again, (2) a benefit **concert**

This artist always packs the **concert** halls.

balance

n. a condition in which everything has the same weight or force; something left after other parts have been taken away

synonym: equilibrium, counterpoise, remainder

(1) the **balance** of power, (2) asset on the company's **balance** sheet

Try to keep a **balance** between work and off.

counterbalance

v. to offset or balance the effect of something by applying an equal or opposite force or effect; to provide a counteracting or balancing influence for something;
(noun) a weight or force that is used to balance or offset another weight or force

synonym: offset, counteract, neutralize

(1) **counterbalance** the seriousness of the topic,

(2) **counterbalance** the effects

The heavyweights on one end of the scale **counterbalanced** the lighter weights on the other end.

dominate

v. to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something

synonym: govern, rule, prevail

(1) **dominate** possession, (2) **dominate** over the weak

The perspective of his right brain **dominates** his consciousness.

pact

n. a formal agreement between two or more parties

synonym: agreement, treaty, covenant

(1) a nonaggression **pact**, (2) aviation **pact**

The two countries made a **pact** to reduce their carbon emissions.

cozy

adj. comfortable and warm; giving a feeling of comfort, warmth, and relaxation

synonym : comfortable, warm, snug

(1) have **cozy** relations, (2) **cozy** sound of rain

The fireplace made the room feel **cozy** and inviting.

league

n. an association of sports teams who compete against each other; an obsolete unit of distance of variable length, equal to about 3 miles or 4,000 meters

synonym : association, organization, alliance

(1) **league** championship, (2) a baseball **league**

He was recruited to play in the professional **league**.

Ottoman

n. a historical empire founded at the end of the 13th century in northwestern Anatolia by the Turkoman tribal leader Osman I; (used as "ottoman") a type of upholstered seat or bench without a back or arms, typically used as a stool or footstool, or in some cases as a coffee table

synonym : Turkish Empire, footstool

(1) **Ottoman** Empire, (2) **ottoman** furniture

The **Ottoman** Sultan was considered the supreme ruler and held great authority.

empire

n. a group of countries ruled by one leader or government

synonym : imperium, conglomerate, kingdom

(1) **empire** building, (2) **empire** of the Maya

He has built a thriving e-commerce **empire**.

hegemony

n. the dominance or influence of one group, country, or ideology over others, especially in political, economic, or cultural domains

synonym : dominance, leadership, supremacy

(1) regional **hegemony**, (2) corporate **hegemony**

For decades, the US has been viewed as having economic and military **hegemony** worldwide.

propose

v. to make a proposal, declare a plan for something

synonym : suggest, offer, recommend

(1) **propose** the amendment, (2) **propose** changes

I want to **propose** a toast in honor of our longstanding relationship.

dispose

v. to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away

synonym : get rid of, arrange, set

(1) **dispose** battleships for a battle, (2) **dispose** of a used product

Generally speaking, the child is innately **disposed** to learn a language.

crisis

n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

synonym : concern, problem, emergency

(1) financial **crisis**, (2) **crisis** management

The Chinese word for **crisis** comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

woods

n. a dense area of trees and shrubs, typically forming a forest or woodland; a place of natural beauty and tranquility; a golf club used for hitting long shots, also known as a driver

synonym : forest, woodland, timberland

(1) mystery **woods**, (2) deep **woods**

The **woods** behind the house are a great place to hike and explore.

monetary

adj. of or relating to the money in the country

synonym : financial, fiscal, economic

(1) the stance of **monetary** policy, (2) **monetary** rewards
The policy might bring more excellent **monetary** stability to the country.

prediction

n. the act of predicting the future by reasoning; a statement made about the future

synonym: forecast, anticipation, foretelling

(1) make my **predictions**, (2) gloomy **predictions**

These results muddied the **prediction**.

startling

adj. extremely surprising, astonishing, and sometimes worrying

synonym: alarming, astonishing, shocking

(1) **startling** earthquake shocks, (2) **startling** discovery

He describes the story with **startling** reality.

suspect

v. to consider anything to be actual or probable

synonym: assume, distrust, surmise

(1) **suspect** a plot, (2) **suspect** that he is sick

The cops **suspected** him of being the killer.

involve

v. to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else

synonym: implicate, include, engage

(1) **involve** a lot of paperwork, (2) **involve** a high degree of risk

The investigation **involves** several government agencies and is expected to take several months.

peacemaker

n. a person who helps to reconcile conflicting parties and bring peace

synonym: mediator, arbitrator, conciliator

(1) act as **peacemaker**, (2) **peacemaker** effort

The dedicated **peacemaker** worked tirelessly to resolve the conflict between the two sides.

multilateral

adj. involving or occurring among three or more parties or nations; having multiple sides or aspects; characterized by a cooperative or consensus-building approach to problem-solving or decision-making

synonym : multiple, many-sided, polyvalent

(1) **multilateral** negotiations, (2) **multilateral** trade agreement

The project's success depended on the cooperation of all the **multilateral** parties involved.

troop

n. a group of soldiers, especially a large one; a group of people, animals, or things considered as a unit.

synonym : group, unit, band

(1) the members of a military **troop**, (2) a **troop** of deer

The **troop** of soldiers marched through the city in a parade.

beret

n. a soft, round, flat-crowned felt or woolen hat, typically worn by men and associated with French or Basque culture

synonym : cap, tam, military hat

(1) military **beret**, (2) woolen **beret**

The French painter wore a black **beret** as a symbol of his artistic identity.

command

n. authority, control, or mastery over something, often referring to military or leadership contexts; a directive, order, or instruction; expertise or confidence in a specific area; (verb) to give an authoritative order or instruction, or to be in charge or control of something

synonym : control, authority, leadership

(1) **command** and control, (2) **command** a battery

The general gave a **command** to his troops to prepare for battle.

naval

adj. of or relating to ships, sailors, or the navy

synonym : marine, seafaring, maritime

(1) **naval** battles, (2) **naval** base

The **naval** officer was responsible for the safety and well-being of the crew on his ship.

contingent

adj. possible but not certain to occur; (noun) a group of people or things that are present or available to do something if it is needed

synonym : conditional, possible, (noun) batch

(1) **contingent** event, (2) **contingent** of troops

The project's success is **contingent** upon the cooperation of all team members.

tackle

v. to try to deal with a complex problem or situation

synonym : deal with, dive into, work on

(1) **tackle** the issue, (2) help **tackle** climate change

The government is determined to **tackle** sharp inflation.

pirate

n. (especially in the past) a person who attacks and robs ships at sea

synonym : buccaneer, corsair, privateer

(1) **pirate** treasure, (2) video **pirate**

The **pirate** captain ordered his crew to attack the merchant ship.

mercantile

adj. related to or associated with trade or commerce, particularly the buying and selling of goods or services

synonym : commercial, trade, business

(1) **mercantile** exchange, (2) **mercantile** system

The **mercantile** district of the city is bustling with shops and businesses.

lane

n. a narrow road in the countryside; a well-defined track or path for someone such as a swimmer or driver

synonym : roadway, street, artery

(1) **lane** change, (2) first **lane**

We walked along a muddy **lane** to reach the farm.

modern

adj. of or belonging to the present time or recent times

synonym : contemporary, stylish, current

(1) **modern** poetry, (2) pre- **modern** agricultural society

Their headquarters are in a **modern** skyscraper.

interdependent

adj. depending on each other; mutually reliant or interconnected

synonym : interconnected, interrelated, mutual

(1) **interdependent** systems, (2) develop **interdependent** skills

In nature, all living things are **interdependent** and rely on each other for survival.

interlocking

adj. fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole

synonym : connected, linked, joined

(1) **interlocking** braid, (2) **interlocking** mechanism

The **interlocking** puzzle pieces were difficult to separate.

individual

n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group

synonym : person, being, self

(1) a private **individual**, (2) **individual** freedom

As an **individual**, he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.

relation

n. the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another

synonym : association, linkage, connection

(1) **relation** between cause and effect, (2) **relation** of inclusion

The industrial **relations** laws were passed with little to no alteration.

diplomacy

n. the art and practice of conducting negotiations between nations, organizations, or people; the fine art of dealing with people in a sensitive and effective way

synonym : tact, negotiation, delicacy

(1) the language of **diplomacy**, (2) the art of **diplomacy**
Effective **diplomacy** is necessary to resolve conflicts and maintain relationships between countries.

intimate

adj. having a very close friendship, personal
synonym: close, tight, friendly

(1) my **intimate** affairs, (2) **intimate** relationship
He has an **intimate** knowledge of American history.

swine

n. a domestic pig, especially one bred for its meat
synonym: pig, hog, porker

(1) **swine** flu, (2) **swine** industry
The farmer raises **swine** on his farm for the market.

influenza

n. (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

synonym: grippe, flu

(1) an epidemic outbreak of **influenza**, (2) **influenza B** strain

The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of **influenza**.

broth

n. a liquid in which meat, fish, or vegetables have been cooked, used as a base for soups and stews

synonym: bouillon, consomme, soup

(1) chicken **broth**, (2) remains of **broth**

I always add a bit of **broth** to my soup to give it more flavor.

collapse

v. to fall down or give way suddenly, often after breaking apart

synonym: tumble, spill, bankruptcy

(1) the stock market **collapsed**, (2) ready to **collapse**

The roof finally **collapsed** after three days and three nights of heavy snowfall.

riot *n.* a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals
synonym: disturbance, unrest, upheaval
(1) **riot** police, (2) **riot** control gas
The **riots** in the city have left many buildings damaged and several people injured.

interconnect *v.* to connect similar things
synonym: interlink, connect, annex
(1) directly **interconnect** with those systems, (2) human activities **interconnect** with the environment
Our system can now **interconnect** with other databases.

viable *adj.* capable of being done as intended; able to succeed
synonym: feasible, possible, attainable
(1) achieve a **viable** relationship, (2) develop a **viable** therapy
Male gorillas with good drumming skills are more **viable**.

confine *v.* to restrict the movement of someone or something
synonym: restrict, limit, contain
(1) **confine** themselves solely, (2) **confine** the scope of use
The animal was **confined** in a small cage.

sufficient *adj.* adequate; enough for a particular purpose or requirement
synonym: acceptable, ample, satisfactory
(1) **sufficient** time, (2) self- **sufficient** economy
That candidate does not have **sufficient** means to win an election with certainty.

territory *n.* an area under the control of a ruler or state
synonym: domain, region, realm
(1) acquire **territory**, (2) **territory** in charge
They incorporated the conquered **territory** into their nation.

defend

v. to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.

synonym : protect, guard, support

(1) **defend** my country, (2) **defend** against a threat

International law allows each nation to **defend** itself when its rights and interests are illegally violated.

minister

n. a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department

synonym : bishop, official, ambassador

(1) **Minister** for Education, (2) deputy prime **minister**

The **minister** occasionally preaches at this church.

pandemic

n. an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area

synonym : outbreak

(1) flu **pandemic**, (2) global **pandemic**

They fear a **pandemic** of a new type of virus.

disease

n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

synonym : illness, ailment, affliction

(1) **disease** prevention, (2) **disease** control

The doctor diagnosed him with a rare **disease** that had no known cure.

threat

n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

synonym : menace, danger, hazard

(1) economic **threat**, (2) environmental **threat**

The **threat** of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.

agriculture

n. the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock

synonym: farming, husbandry, agribusiness

(1) organic **agriculture**, (2) intensive **agriculture**

Agriculture is the foundation of our economy.

industrious

adj. hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort

synonym: diligent, hardworking, assiduous

(1) **industrious** worker, (2) **industrious** student

He was known to be very **industrious** and would often work late into the night.

fragility

n. the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable

synonym: delicacy, weakness, frailty

(1) **fragility** of life, (2) emotional **fragility**

The **fragility** of the glass required careful handling during shipping.

technological

adj. based on scientific and industrial progress

synonym: specialized, technical

(1) **technological** advancement, (2) **technological** policy

Technological advances have disrupted many industries.

infrastructure

n. the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies

synonym: foundation, framework

(1) IT **infrastructure**, (2) **infrastructure** cost

Aging societies tend to require huge costs for **infrastructure** maintenance.

cyber

adj. relating to or involving computers, computer networks, or virtual reality

synonym: digital, computer, Internet

(1) **cyber** bullying, (2) **cyber** crime

Cyber espionage between countries can have serious consequences.

warfare

n. the use of military force to achieve political, economic, or social objectives

synonym : combat, fighting, conflict

(1) **warfare** aircraft, (2) spiritual **warfare**

The country has been engaged in a prolonged conflict, with both sides using modern **warfare** tactics.

terrace

n. commonly paved outdoor space next to a house; a row of homes that were all constructed in the same design and shared dividing walls

synonym : sundeck, balcony, patio

(1) private **terrace**, (2) rooftop **terrace**

Heavy rain soaked a significant part of the **terrace**.

bomb

n. a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something

synonym : missile, explosive, ammunition

(1) atomic **bombs**, (2) disarm the **bomb**

The use of cluster **bombs** is strictly prohibited by international law.

construct

v. to build or create something; to assemble or combine different parts to form something whole

synonym : build, assemble, create

(1) **construct** a 3D image, (2) **construct** a dam

He **constructs** hypotheses that no mathematician has ever imagined before.

industrial

adj. of or relating to or resulting from industry

synonym : manufacturing, mechanical

(1) beginning of the **industrial** revolution, (2) **industrial** alcohol

Industrial design has become more focused on human

nature aspect than ever before.

revolution

n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;

synonym: coup, innovation, rebellion

(1) beginning of the industrial **revolution**, (2) a political **revolution**

The **revolution** by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

hierarchy

n. a system in which people or things are organized into different levels of importance from highest to lowest

synonym: ranking, order, scale

(1) top of the **hierarchy**, (2) **hierarchy** of folders

She has taken a step up in the organizational **hierarchy**.

structure

n. the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts

synonym: construction, architecture, establishment

(1) the **structure** of a machine, (2) **structure** and function of the brain

The organizational **structure** of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.

paradigm

n. a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model

synonym: example, standard, epitome

(1) major **paradigm** shift, (2) cultural **paradigm**

He postulated a completely different **paradigm** to explain all these phenomena.

external

adj. belonging to or situated outside of someone or something

synonym: outside, exterior, foreign

(1) **external** factors, (2) **external** commerce

When a company discloses information to the market, an **external** auditor verifies them.

regiment

n. a large military unit, usually consisting of several battalions and commanded by a colonel or higher-ranking officer; a strict or organized system or routine

synonym: unit, brigade, battalion

(1) logistics **regiment**, (2) marching **regiment**

The army **regiment** marched in perfect unison during the parade.

dock

n. a structure or platform that extends from the shoreline into a body of water, used for loading and unloading ships or boats; an enclosed area of water used as a basin for shipping or pleasure boats; a place where a ship can be repaired or maintained

synonym: harbor, pier, quay

(1) fishing **dock**, (2) loading **dock**

The ship pulled to the **dock**, and we disembarked to start our adventure.

destiny

n. the events that will inevitably happen to a particular person or thing in the future

synonym: fate, future, outcome

(1) foreordained **destiny**, (2) **destiny** of the individual

It is said that our **destiny** is written in the stars.

suddenly

adv. quickly and unexpectedly

synonym: abruptly, unexpectedly, unawares

(1) **suddenly** attacked by an enemy, (2) die **suddenly**

Who answers **suddenly** knows little.

concept

n. an idea or principle associated with something abstract

synonym: idea, notion, vision

(1) learn new **concepts**, (2) **concept** car

One such rapidly growing **concept** is quantum cryptography.

tribe

n. a social group made up of members who live together, sharing the same language, culture, religion, etc., especially those who do not live in towns or cities

synonym : family, clan, kinsfolk

(1) aboriginal **tribe**, (2) mountain **tribe**

The **tribe** had distinctly defined gender roles.

advent

n. the arrival or beginning of something; the coming of Jesus Christ at his birth

synonym : coming, arrival, approach

(1) **advent** calendar, (2) celebrate the **advent** of spring

The **advent** of the internet has dramatically changed the way we communicate.

destruction

n. the act of causing so much damage to something

synonym : devastation, annihilation, ruin

(1) path of **destruction**, (2) cyclonic **destruction**

The extinction of several subspecies has been linked to climate change and habitat **destruction**.

diplomat

n. a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations

synonym : envoy, ambassador, representative

(1) allied **diplomat**, (2) expel a **diplomat**

The senior **diplomat** worked tirelessly to negotiate a peace treaty between the two countries.

negotiate

v. to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement

synonym : discuss, mediate, bargain

(1) **negotiate** a settlement, (2) **negotiate** the price of the house

We are always happy to **negotiate** a discount.

disarm

v. to remove weapons or the means of attack from a person, group, or situation; to win over or reduce suspicion or hostility from an opponent or adversary

synonym : demilitarize, neutralize

(1) **disarm** opponents, (2) **disarm** a bomb

The police were able to **disarm** the suspect without any violence.

union

n. a group of employees who have banded together to advocate for their rights and better their working conditions; the act or the state of joining together or being joined together

synonym : alliance, coalition, confederation

(1) bank and credit **unions**, (2) a craft **union**

The trade **union** remained adamant about its demands.

collective

adj. done or shared by every member of a group of people

synonym : composite, concerted, cumulative

(1) right to **collective** bargaining, (2) **collective** ownership

Product development is a **collective** effort.

zero-sum

adj. referring to a situation in which an equal loss offsets each gain; describing a condition in which the total gains and losses balance to zero

synonym : equivalent, balanced, even-handed

(1) **zero-sum** economics, (2) **zero-sum** mentality

In some sports, such as tennis, the competition is a **zero-sum** game, with only one player able to win each match.

barrier

n. a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective

synonym : border, barricade, fence

(1) cost **barrier**, (2) information **barrier**

The police placed a **barrier** across the street to halt traffic.

visionary

adj. having or showing exceptional foresight and imagination; not practical or realizable; speculative

synonym : prophetic, far-sighted, imaginative

(1) **visionary** business, (2) **visionary** ideas

The **visionary** leader had a clear plan for the company's future.

toll

n. money that you have to pay to use a particular road, bridge, etc.; (verb) to ring slowly

synonym : fee, cost, expense

(1) a **toll** road, (2) **toll** a bell at his death

There is no **toll** car park nearby.

humankind

n. the whole of the living human inhabitants of the earth

synonym : humanity, human race, society

(1) **humankind** as a species, (2) history of **humankind**

On the geological time scale, **humankind** has existed for a brief moment.

recommendation

n. an official suggestion that something is good or suitable for a particular purpose or job

synonym : guidance, advice, suggestion

(1) follow his **recommendations**, (2) a letter of **recommendation**

We made a **recommendation** to the client.

morality

n. principles of right and evil or good and bad behavior

synonym : decency, rectitude, righteousness

(1) business **morality**, (2) sense of **morality**

She found fault with the **morality** of politicians.

equation

n. the act of regarding as equal; (mathematics) a statement that expresses the equality of two expressions by connecting them with the equals sign

(1) the **equation** of poverty with ignorance, (2) a chemical **equation**

In this class, you will learn how to solve quadratic **equations**.

survival

n. the state of continuing to exist or live, frequently in the face of difficulty or danger

synonym: endurance, continuity

(1) **survival** ability, (2) **survival** food

He evaluated his chances for **survival** rather pessimistically.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. the eq_____on of poverty with ignorance | <i>n.</i> the act of regarding as equal; (mathematics) a statement that expresses the equality of two expressions by connecting them with the equals sign |
| 2. tu_____nt waves | <i>adj.</i> marked by a lot of sudden changes, confusion, or uncertainty; characterized by intense activity or agitation |
| 3. corporate he_____ny | <i>n.</i> the dominance or influence of one group, country, or ideology over others, especially in political, economic, or cultural domains |
| 4. do_____te possession | <i>v.</i> to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something |
| 5. follow his rec_____ions | <i>n.</i> an official suggestion that something is good or suitable for a particular purpose or job |
| 6. crater r_m | <i>n.</i> the edge of something in the shape of a more or less circular object |
| 7. sta_____cs for cancer | <i>n.</i> the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data |
| 8. pa_____c-natured disposition | <i>adj.</i> peaceful in character or intent; tending to lessen or avoid conflict; calm or soothing in manner or tone; (noun, as "Pacific") the largest and deepest of Earth's oceanic divisions |

ANSWERS: 1. equation, 2. turbulent, 3. hegemony, 4. dominate, 5. recommendation, 6. rim, 7. statistics, 8. pacific

9. col_____ve ownership *adj.* done or shared by every member of a group of people
10. a nonaggression p__t *n.* a formal agreement between two or more parties
11. the members of a military tr__p *n.* a group of soldiers, especially a large one; a group of people, animals, or things considered as a unit.
12. vi_____ry ideas *adj.* having or showing exceptional foresight and imagination; not practical or realizable; speculative
13. a craft un__n *n.* a group of employees who have banded together to advocate for their rights and better their working conditions; the act or the state of joining together or being joined together
14. a political rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
15. su_____al ability *n.* the state of continuing to exist or live, frequently in the face of difficulty or danger
16. there is no other alt_____ve *n.* one of two or more available possibilities or choice
17. wanted cr_____al *n.* a person who has committed a crime
18. a young l__d *n.* a person who has general authority, control, or power over others; a man of noble rank or high office
19. a di_____t memory *adj.* far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship

ANSWERS: 9. collective, 10. pact, 11. troop, 12. visionary, 13. union, 14. revolution, 15. survival, 16. alternative, 17. criminal, 18. lord, 19. distant

20. ar__e a case *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
21. br_____st a concert *v.* to send out a program or some information on radio or television
22. eastern se_____rd *n.* the coastal areas or region adjacent to the sea or ocean; a coastline or shore
23. ne___e prick *n.* a thin, pointed object typically used for sewing or medical purposes; a metal or plastic instrument used for administering injections or drawing blood
24. su_____le amount *adj.* fit or appropriate; proper; adapted
25. directly int_____ect with those systems *v.* to connect similar things
26. a_m to be a nurse *v.* to try or plan to get or achieve something
27. fun_____al rights *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
28. ind_____us worker *adj.* hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
29. mer_____le system *adj.* related to or associated with trade or commerce, particularly the buying and selling of goods or services
30. expel a di_____at *n.* a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations

ANSWERS: 20. argue, 21. broadcast, 22. seaboard, 23. needle, 24. suitable, 25. interconnect, 26. aim, 27. fundamental, 28. industrious, 29. mercantile, 30. diplomat

31. int_____ing mechanism *adj.* fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole
32. ec_____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
33. the st_____re of a machine *n.* the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
34. critical m____s *n.* a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together
35. asset on the company's ba_____e sheet *n.* a condition in which everything has the same weight or force; something left after other parts have been taken away
36. have c____y relations *adj.* comfortable and warm; giving a feeling of comfort, warmth, and relaxation
37. sl_____ly alkaline soils *adv.* in a small degree or extent; a little
38. cultural n____m *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
39. path of des_____on *n.* the act of causing so much damage to something
40. re____r to a book *v.* to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support

ANSWERS: 31. interlocking, 32. economy, 33. structure, 34. mass, 35. balance, 36. cozy, 37. slightly, 38. norm, 39. destruction, 40. refer

41. fun_____al education *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
42. hor_____al lines *adj.* parallel to the ground or in a baseline; being at the same level as all members of a group
43. the language of di_____cy *n.* the art and practice of conducting negotiations between nations, organizations, or people; the fine art of dealing with people in a sensitive and effective way
44. gloomy pre_____ons *n.* the act of predicting the future by reasoning; a statement made about the future
45. va___m packing *n.* a space empty of matter; a device or tool used for cleaning or removing debris by creating suction
46. di_____s options *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
47. ancient co_____us *n.* a person or thing that is unusually large, powerful, or impressive; a person or entity that is a dominant force in their field or industry
48. basic br__n function *n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
49. achieve a do_____nt share *adj.* more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type

ANSWERS: 41. fundamental, 42. horizontal, 43. diplomacy, 44. prediction, 45. vacuum, 46. discuss, 47. colossus, 48. brain, 49. dominant

50. leg_____te question *adj.* accordant with or allowed by law; lawful
51. be_____de the situation *v.* (also "bestraddle") to sit or stand with one leg on either side of something; to span or cover
52. mi_____e a service *v.* to move from one country or region to another and settle there; to move from one place to another periodically or seasonally
53. sw__e flu *n.* a domestic pig, especially one bred for its meat
54. the stock market co_____sed *v.* to fall down or give way suddenly, often after breaking apart
55. a t__n room *n.* either of two children born at the same time from the same mother
56. manage my fi_____es *n.* the management of money, credit, banking, and investments, especially by a government or commercial organization; the branch of economics that studies the management of money and other assets
57. v__t desert *adj.* enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity
58. p__m to the dead *n.* a piece of writing that emphasizes the expression of feelings and ideas by paying particular attention to diction (sometimes rhyme), rhythm, and imagery
59. pi_____e treasure *n.* (especially in the past) a person who attacks and robs ships at sea

ANSWERS: 50. legitimate, 51. bestride, 52. migrate, 53. swine, 54. collapse, 55. twin, 56. finance, 57. vast, 58. poem, 59. pirate

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| 60. in_____t a cave | <i>v.</i> to live in a specific location; to reside |
| 61. sw__e industry | <i>n.</i> a domestic pig, especially one bred for its meat |
| 62. woolen be__t | <i>n.</i> a soft, round, flat-crowned felt or woolen hat, typically worn by men and associated with French or Basque culture |
| 63. co_____e the scope of use | <i>v.</i> to restrict the movement of someone or something |
| 64. ready to co_____se | <i>v.</i> to fall down or give way suddenly, often after breaking apart |
| 65. la_____y accepted | <i>adv.</i> virtually entirely; to a large degree |
| 66. gr_____y mood | <i>adj.</i> easily annoyed or irritable; inclined to complain or show dissatisfaction, often in an ill-tempered way |
| 67. em_____e building | <i>n.</i> a group of countries ruled by one leader or government |
| 68. a court p__t | <i>n.</i> a person who writes poetry |
| 69. na_____n-state | <i>n.</i> a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture |
| 70. ci_____te a rumor | <i>v.</i> to move continuously or freely around a place or closed system |
| 71. st_____ng earthquake shocks | <i>adj.</i> extremely surprising, astonishing, and sometimes worrying |
| 72. tec_____cal policy | <i>adj.</i> based on scientific and industrial progress |

ANSWERS: 60. inhabit, 61. swine, 62. beret, 63. confine, 64. collapse, 65. largely, 66. grumpy, 67. empire, 68. poet, 69. nation, 70. circulate, 71. startling, 72. technological

73. ex____al factors *adj.* belonging to or situated outside of someone or something
74. l__d of castle *n.* a person who has general authority, control, or power over others; a man of noble rank or high office
75. read a co____s *n.* a navigational instrument for finding directions with a needle that can move easily and that always points to the north; the limit or range of capability
76. re___e permanently *v.* to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time
77. su____t a plot *v.* to consider anything to be actual or probable
78. de____yed evidence *v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
79. fri____ng experience *adj.* causing fear or alarm, or very surprising and alarming
80. en___e in glass *v.* to enclose or cover something in a protective or decorative layer
81. the as___t of a rocket *n.* the act of climbing or moving upwards, often referring to a physical ascent of a mountain or a spiritual ascent or improvement; an upward movement; the process of moving upwards
82. economic th___t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

ANSWERS: 73. external, 74. lord, 75. compass, 76. reside, 77. suspect, 78. destroy, 79. frightening, 80. encase, 81. ascent, 82. threat

83. inf_____ure cost *n.* the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies
84. go___n a public enterprise *v.* to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
85. t__l a bell at his death *n.* money that you have to pay to use a particular road, bridge, etc.; (verb) to ring slowly
86. di_____s solutions *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
87. face inc_____gly complicated challenges *adv.* more and more
88. bank and credit un___ns *n.* a group of employees who have banded together to advocate for their rights and better their working conditions; the act or the state of joining together or being joined together
89. org_____ion chart *n.* a group of people who work together for a shared purpose
90. local l_d *n.* a young boy or man, often used in an informal or affectionate way
91. po___n bilateral relations *n.* a substance that can cause illness, injury, or death when ingested, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin; something harmful, malicious, or toxic; the act of damaging or ruining a relationship; (verb) to introduce a substance into something or someone harmful and potentially deadly

ANSWERS: 83. infrastructure, 84. govern, 85. toll, 86. discuss, 87. increasingly, 88. union, 89. organization, 90. lad, 91. poison

92. history of hu_____nd *n.* the whole of the living human inhabitants of the earth
93. permanent br__n damage *n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
94. he was en_____ly to blame *adv.* completely
95. flu pa_____ic *n.* an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area
96. cr___s management *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
97. help ta___e climate change *v.* to try to deal with a complex problem or situation
98. int_____ing braid *adj.* fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole
99. learn new co_____ts *n.* an idea or principle associated with something abstract
100. celebrate the ad___t of spring *n.* the arrival or beginning of something; the coming of Jesus Christ at his birth
101. ac_____ny the book *v.* to go somewhere or travel with someone or something
102. strict time con_____nts *n.* a limit or restriction on something, such as an action, behavior, or thought
103. co_____d and control *n.* authority, control, or mastery over something, often referring to military or leadership contexts; a directive, order, or instruction; expertise or confidence in a specific area; (verb) to give an authoritative order or instruction, or to be in charge or control of something

ANSWERS: 92. humankind, 93. brain, 94. entirely, 95. pandemic, 96. crisis, 97. tackle, 98. interlocking, 99. concept, 100. advent, 101. accompany, 102. constraint, 103. command

104. en___e his feet *v.* to enclose or cover something in a protective or decorative layer
105. intensive agr_____re *n.* the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
106. continuously sh_____ng landscape *adj.* constantly changing or moving
107. in_____e a lot of paperwork *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
108. ma__h east *v.* to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps
109. legal co_____t *n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
110. de_____p a skill *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
111. in_____te relationship *adj.* having a very close friendship, personal
112. the e__o of a person's footsteps *n.* a sound heard after being reflected off a surface, such as a wall or a cliff
113. new di_____on *n.* a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length
114. achieve a vi___e relationship *adj.* capable of being done as intended; able to succeed
115. financial cr___s *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

ANSWERS: 104. encase, 105. agriculture, 106. shifting, 107. involve, 108. march, 109. context, 110. develop, 111. intimate, 112. echo, 113. dimension, 114. viable, 115. crisis

116. cost ba____r *n.* a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective
117. mul_____nal team *adj.* relating to or involving multiple countries or nationalities; having operations or business interests in multiple countries
118. loading d__k *n.* a structure or platform that extends from the shoreline into a body of water, used for loading and unloading ships or boats; an enclosed area of water used as a basin for shipping or pleasure boats; a place where a ship can be repaired or maintained
119. mi_____e across borders *v.* to move from one country or region to another and settle there; to move from one place to another periodically or seasonally
120. private te_____e *n.* commonly paved outdoor space next to a house; a row of homes that were all constructed in the same design and shared dividing walls
121. ne_____te a settlement *v.* to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement
122. ze_____um economics *adj.* referring to a situation in which an equal loss offsets each gain; describing a condition in which the total gains and losses balance to zero
123. as____d to power *v.* to go or move upward; to become king or queen; to inherit something, such as a power

ANSWERS: 116. barrier, 117. multinational, 118. dock, 119. migrate, 120. terrace, 121. negotiate, 122. zero-sum, 123. ascend

124. a m__s of molten rock *n.* a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together
125. tu_____nt age *adj.* marked by a lot of sudden changes, confusion, or uncertainty; characterized by intense activity or agitation
126. cyclonic des_____on *n.* the act of causing so much damage to something
127. di___m a bomb *v.* to remove weapons or the means of attack from a person, group, or situation; to win over or reduce suspicion or hostility from an opponent or adversary
128. develop int_____ent skills *adj.* depending on each other; mutually reliant or interconnected
129. a t__l road *n.* money that you have to pay to use a particular road, bridge, etc.; (verb) to ring slowly
130. sy___n landscape *adj.* relating to or characteristic of woods or forests; existing or occurring in a wooded area; suggesting a peaceful, natural, or rural environment
131. a baseball le___e *n.* an association of sports teams who compete against each other; an obsolete unit of distance of variable length, equal to about 3 miles or 4,000 meters
132. the art of di_____cy *n.* the art and practice of conducting negotiations between nations, organizations, or people; the fine art of dealing with people in a sensitive and effective way

ANSWERS: 124. mass, 125. turbulent, 126. destruction, 127. disarm, 128. interdependent, 129. toll, 130. sylvan, 131. league, 132. diplomacy

133. do_____te over the weak *v.* to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
134. business mo_____ty *n.* principles of right and evil or good and bad behavior
135. book of po_____y *n.* poems in general as a genre of literature
136. logistics re_____nt *n.* a large military unit, usually consisting of several battalions and commanded by a colonel or higher-ranking officer; a strict or organized system or routine
137. the ba_____e of power *n.* a condition in which everything has the same weight or force; something left after other parts have been taken away
138. ot_____n furniture *n.* a historical empire founded at the end of the 13th century in northwestern Anatolia by the Turkoman tribal leader Osman I; (used as "ottoman") a type of upholstered seat or bench without a back or arms, typically used as a stool or footstool, or in some cases as a coffee table
139. emotional tur_____ce *n.* a state of great disturbance, confusion, or uncertainty, often accompanied by violent or disruptive activity or behavior, such as air turbulence during a flight
140. mul_____nal enterprise *adj.* relating to or involving multiple countries or nationalities; having operations or business interests in multiple countries
141. co_____us company *n.* a person or thing that is unusually large, powerful, or impressive; a person or entity that is a dominant force in their field or industry

ANSWERS: 133. dominate, 134. morality, 135. poetry, 136. regiment, 137. balance, 138. Ottoman, 139. turbulence, 140. multinational, 141. colossus

142. mul_____ral trade agreement *adj.* involving or occurring among three or more parties or nations; having multiple sides or aspects; characterized by a cooperative or consensus-building approach to problem-solving or decision-making
143. television i__n *n.* a picture or statue of a holy person considered to be a sacred thing; a little icon on the screen of a computer or smartphone that denotes an application or a file
144. historical co_____t *n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
145. su_____e you're right *v.* to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
146. military be__t *n.* a soft, round, flat-crowned felt or woolen hat, typically worn by men and associated with French or Basque culture
147. first l__e *n.* a narrow road in the countryside; a well-defined track or path for someone such as a swimmer or driver
148. a meteorological sa_____te *n.* an electronic device that is sent up into space and moves around the Earth or another planet, used for gathering information or communicating by radio, television, etc.
149. su_____t that he is sick *v.* to consider anything to be actual or probable

ANSWERS: 142. multilateral, 143. icon, 144. context, 145. suppose, 146. beret, 147. lane, 148. satellite, 149. suspect

150. ex____al commerce *adj.* belonging to or situated outside of someone or something
151. sound e__o *n.* a sound heard after being reflected off a surface, such as a wall or a cliff
152. sense of mo____ty *n.* principles of right and evil or good and bad behavior
153. de_____cy advocate *n.* a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
154. ins_____ize a system *v.* to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)
155. right to col_____ve bargaining *adj.* done or shared by every member of a group of people
156. in_____e a high degree of risk *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
157. remains of br__h *n.* a liquid in which meat, fish, or vegetables have been cooked, used as a base for soups and stews
158. financial tur_____ce *n.* a state of great disturbance, confusion, or uncertainty, often accompanied by violent or disruptive activity or behavior, such as air turbulence during a flight
159. mo_____ry rewards *adj.* of or relating to the money in the country
160. a letter of rec_____ion *n.* an official suggestion that something is good or suitable for a particular purpose or job

ANSWERS: 150. external, 151. echo, 152. morality, 153. democracy, 154. institutionalize, 155. collective, 156. involve, 157. broth, 158. turbulence, 159. monetary, 160. recommendation

161. a mi____ry operation *adj.* relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare
162. r__t control gas *n.* a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals
163. h__k forward to a time of peace *v.* to recall, to return, or to revert, especially to an earlier time, situation, or condition; to listen attentively; to pay close attention to something
164. co____e themselves solely *v.* to restrict the movement of someone or something
165. c__y sound of rain *adj.* comfortable and warm; giving a feeling of comfort, warmth, and relaxation
166. pea_____er effort *n.* a person who helps to reconcile conflicting parties and bring peace
167. st____le to get the job *v.* to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction
168. a seafaring na____n *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
169. sp____te on the outcome *v.* to form a theory or conjecture or guess about a subject without solid evidence
170. self-suf_____nt economy *adj.* adequate; enough for a particular purpose or requirement
171. the crosswise di____on *n.* a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length

ANSWERS: 161. military, 162. riot, 163. hark, 164. confine, 165. cozy, 166. peacemaker, 167. struggle, 168. nation, 169. speculate, 170. sufficient, 171. dimension

172. cou_____nce the seriousness of the topic *v.* to offset or balance the effect of something by applying an equal or opposite force or effect; to provide a counteracting or balancing influence for something; (noun) a weight or force that is used to balance or offset another weight or force
173. an epidemic outbreak of in_____za *n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
174. ec_____y of scale *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
175. common in_____on *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing
176. a public cor_____on *n.* a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit
177. con_____nt on business activity *n.* a limit or restriction on something, such as an action, behavior, or thought
178. human activities int_____ect with the environment *v.* to connect similar things
179. su_____ly attacked by an enemy *adv.* quickly and unexpectedly

ANSWERS: 172. counterbalance, 173. influenza, 174. economy, 175. invention, 176. corporation, 177. constraint, 178. interconnect, 179. suddenly

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| 180. wa_____e aircraft | <i>n.</i> the use of military force to achieve political, economic, or social objectives |
| 181. inc_____gly become common | <i>adv.</i> more and more |
| 182. spiritual wa_____e | <i>n.</i> the use of military force to achieve political, economic, or social objectives |
| 183. working-class l_d | <i>n.</i> a young boy or man, often used in an informal or affectionate way |
| 184. mountain tr__e | <i>n.</i> a social group made up of members who live together, sharing the same language, culture, religion, etc., especially those who do not live in towns or cities |
| 185. agricultural org_____ion | <i>n.</i> a group of people who work together for a shared purpose |
| 186. make my pre_____ons | <i>n.</i> the act of predicting the future by reasoning; a statement made about the future |
| 187. a_m at a specific target | <i>v.</i> to try or plan to get or achieve something |
| 188. cy__r crime | <i>adj.</i> relating to or involving computers, computer networks, or virtual reality |
| 189. ac_____e milestones | <i>v.</i> to successfully complete a task or goal, often through hard work, perseverance, and dedication; to attain or accomplish something that one has set out to do |
| 190. r_m of the ear | <i>n.</i> the edge of something in the shape of a more or less circular object |
| 191. fiscal st_____ty pact | <i>n.</i> the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast |

ANSWERS: 180. warfare, 181. increasingly, 182. warfare, 183. lad, 184. tribe, 185. organization, 186. prediction, 187. aim, 188. cyber, 189. achieve, 190. rim, 191. stability

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| 192. major paradigm sh__t | <i>n.</i> a slight transition in position, direction, or trend |
| 193. cr____al investigation | <i>n.</i> a person who has committed a crime |
| 194. ind_____al alcohol | <i>adj.</i> of or relating to or resulting from industry |
| 195. st_____re and function of the brain | <i>n.</i> the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts |
| 196. beginning of the industrial rev_____on | <i>n.</i> a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war; |
| 197. date su_____le to both groups | <i>adj.</i> fit or appropriate; proper; adapted |
| 198. sewing ne___e | <i>n.</i> a thin, pointed object typically used for sewing or medical purposes; a metal or plastic instrument used for administering injections or drawing blood |
| 199. it is un_____ly that he would win the game | <i>adj.</i> not probable or likely to happen |
| 200. sh_____ng balance | <i>adj.</i> constantly changing or moving |
| 201. live an i___e life | <i>adj.</i> not working hard or not having a job; useless |
| 202. sp_____te about the reason | <i>v.</i> to form a theory or conjecture or guess about a subject without solid evidence |
| 203. cultural pa_____gm | <i>n.</i> a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model |

ANSWERS: 192. shift, 193. criminal, 194. industrial, 195. structure, 196. revolution, 197. suitable, 198. needle, 199. unlikely, 200. shifting, 201. idle, 202. speculate, 203. paradigm

204. bl___y diarrhea *adj.* covered in or smeared with blood; involving or characterized by bloodshed or brutality
205. spiritual as___t *n.* the act of climbing or moving upwards, often referring to a physical ascent of a mountain or a spiritual ascent or improvement; an upward movement; the process of moving upwards
206. di_____t ancestors *adj.* far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship
207. co_____n crime *v.* to express strong disapproval or criticism of something
208. unr_____ed off-shore fishing *adj.* not subject to official rules, procedures, or oversight; not controlled or supervised by a governing authority or system
209. l___e change *n.* a narrow road in the countryside; a well-defined track or path for someone such as a swimmer or driver
210. camera gi___l *n.* a pivoted support that allows for the rotation of an object along multiple axes typically used to stabilize or control the movement of cameras, compasses, or other equipment
211. a sy_____ny orchestra *n.* a long musical composition in Western classical music for orchestra, usually with three or four main parts called movements
212. act as pea_____er *n.* a person who helps to reconcile conflicting parties and bring peace

ANSWERS: 204. bloody, 205. ascent, 206. distant, 207. condemn, 208. unregulated, 209. lane, 210. gimbal, 211. symphony, 212. peacemaker

213. a GPS sa_____te *n.* an electronic device that is sent up into space and moves around the Earth or another planet, used for gathering information or communicating by radio, television, etc.
214. die su_____ly *adv.* quickly and unexpectedly
215. rooftop te_____e *n.* commonly paved outdoor space next to a house; a row of homes that were all constructed in the same design and shared dividing walls
216. an advertising me_____m *adj.* of a size, amount, or level that is average or intermediate; (noun) a means or instrumentality for storing or communicating information
217. de_____y of the individual *n.* the events that will inevitably happen to a particular person or thing in the future
218. co_____ct a dam *v.* to build or create something; to assemble or combine different parts to form something whole
219. a narrative p__m *n.* a piece of writing that emphasizes the expression of feelings and ideas by paying particular attention to diction (sometimes rhyme), rhythm, and imagery
220. vi_____ry business *adj.* having or showing exceptional foresight and imagination; not practical or realizable; speculative
221. the in_____on of new techniques *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing

ANSWERS: 213. satellite, 214. suddenly, 215. terrace, 216. medium, 217. destiny, 218. construct, 219. poem, 220. visionary, 221. invention

222. de____p a strategy *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
223. con_____nt event *adj.* possible but not certain to occur; (noun) a group of people or things that are present or available to do something if it is needed
224. deep wo__s *n.* a dense area of trees and shrubs, typically forming a forest or woodland; a place of natural beauty and tranquility; a golf club used for hitting long shots, also known as a driver
225. historical phe_____on *n.* something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood
226. le___e championship *n.* an association of sports teams who compete against each other; an obsolete unit of distance of variable length, equal to about 3 miles or 4,000 meters
227. di___m opponents *v.* to remove weapons or the means of attack from a person, group, or situation; to win over or reduce suspicion or hostility from an opponent or adversary
228. ind_____us student *adj.* hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort

ANSWERS: 222. develop, 223. contingent, 224. woods, 225. phenomenon, 226. league, 227. disarm, 228. industrious

229. top of the hi_____hy *n.* a system in which people or things are organized into different levels of importance from highest to lowest
230. certain ex___t *n.* the point or degree or area to which something extends
231. mystery wo__s *n.* a dense area of trees and shrubs, typically forming a forest or woodland; a place of natural beauty and tranquility; a golf club used for hitting long shots, also known as a driver
232. ac_____e success *v.* to successfully complete a task or goal, often through hard work, perseverance, and dedication; to attain or accomplish something that one has set out to do
233. st_____le against discrimination *v.* to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction
234. hi_____hy of folders *n.* a system in which people or things are organized into different levels of importance from highest to lowest
235. re-em_____ce of rampant inflation *n.* the process or fact of coming into existence or becoming apparent
236. disarm the b__b *n.* a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something
237. fr_____ty of life *n.* the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable

ANSWERS: 229. hierarchy, 230. extent, 231. woods, 232. achieve, 233. struggle, 234. hierarchy, 235. emergence, 236. bomb, 237. fragility

238. la_____y mitigate the issue *adv.* virtually entirely; to a large degree
239. global pa_____ic *n.* an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area
240. em_____e as a butterfly *v.* to move out of or away from something and become visible
241. di_____e battleships for a battle *v.* to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away
242. information ba_____r *n.* a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective
243. ter_____ng experience *adj.* very frightening or intimidating
244. pre-mo_____n agricultural society *adj.* of or belonging to the present time or recent times
245. ind_____al freedom *n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
246. corporate gov_____ce *n.* the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes
247. i____n for young people *n.* a picture or statue of a holy person considered to be a sacred thing; a little icon on the screen of a computer or smartphone that denotes an application or a file
248. su_____al food *n.* the state of continuing to exist or live, frequently in the face of difficulty or danger

ANSWERS: 238. largely, 239. pandemic, 240. emerge, 241. dispose, 242. barrier, 243. terrifying, 244. modern, 245. individual, 246. governance, 247. icon, 248. survival

249. cy__r bullying *adj.* relating to or involving computers, computer networks, or virtual reality
250. tr___y negotiation *n.* a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities
251. allied di_____at *n.* a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations
252. avoid climate cat_____he *n.* a sudden event that causes extreme ruin and misfortune
253. hu_____nd as a species *n.* the whole of the living human inhabitants of the earth
254. de_____y the ecosystem *v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
255. ar__e passionately *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
256. su_____e beforehand *v.* to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
257. in_____za B strain *n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
258. ter_____ng events *adj.* very frightening or intimidating
259. v__t majority *adj.* enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity

ANSWERS: 249. cyber, 250. treaty, 251. diplomat, 252. catastrophe, 253. humankind, 254. destroy, 255. argue, 256. suppose, 257. influenza, 258. terrifying, 259. vast

260. fishing d__k *n.* a structure or platform that extends from the shoreline into a body of water, used for loading and unloading ships or boats; an enclosed area of water used as a basin for shipping or pleasure boats; a place where a ship can be repaired or maintained
261. a private ind_____al *n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
262. em_____ng technologies *adj.* starting to exist, mature, or become well-known
263. as____d the ladder *v.* to go or move upward; to become king or queen; to inherit something, such as a power
264. nev_____ess, she persevered *adv.* in spite of that; yet
265. gov_____nt funding *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
266. re_____on between cause and effect *n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
267. natural phe_____on *n.* something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood
268. po__r bears *adj.* relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites
269. pr_____e the amendment *v.* to make a proposal, declare a plan for something
270. stock market spe_____or *n.* a person who invests in a venture with the hope of making a profit, often taking on significant risks; someone who engages in speculation

ANSWERS: 260. dock, 261. individual, 262. emerging, 263. ascend, 264. nevertheless, 265. government, 266. relation, 267. phenomenon, 268. polar, 269. propose, 270. speculator

271. f__t accomplishment *n.* a notable or impressive achievement, especially one that requires great skill or bravery
272. cou_____nce the effects *v.* to offset or balance the effect of something by applying an equal or opposite force or effect; to provide a counteracting or balancing influence for something; (noun) a weight or force that is used to balance or offset another weight or force
273. an alt_____ve plan *n.* one of two or more available possibilities or choice
274. my in_____te affairs *adj.* having a very close friendship, personal
275. acquire te_____ry *n.* an area under the control of a ruler or state
276. the ex_____t of the damage *n.* the point or degree or area to which something extends
277. ci_____te an agenda before the meeting *v.* to move continuously or freely around a place or closed system
278. co_____d a battery *n.* authority, control, or mastery over something, often referring to military or leadership contexts; a directive, order, or instruction; expertise or confidence in a specific area; (verb) to give an authoritative order or instruction, or to be in charge or control of something
279. au_____t the reality *v.* to increase the size, extent, quantity, etc. of something by adding something to it

ANSWERS: 271. feat, 272. counterbalance, 273. alternative, 274. intimate, 275. territory, 276. extent, 277. circulate, 278. command, 279. augment

280. re_____on of inclusion *n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
281. cat_____he risk management *n.* a sudden event that causes extreme ruin and misfortune
282. tec_____cal advancement *adj.* based on scientific and industrial progress
283. sy____n retreat *adj.* relating to or characteristic of woods or forests; existing or occurring in a wooded area; suggesting a peaceful, natural, or rural environment
284. br_____st a radio ad *v.* to send out a program or some information on radio or television
285. ma__h against the war *v.* to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps
286. de___d against a threat *v.* to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
287. a p__t of sorts *n.* a person who writes poetry
288. a divine rev_____on *n.* a fact that has been disclosed to others, especially a surprising one; the act of revealing or telling the fact or truth to others; communication of knowledge to humans by a divine or supernatural agency
289. Mi_____er for Education *n.* a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department
290. cor_____on assets *n.* a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit
291. a t__n-lens camera *n.* either of two children born at the same time from the same mother

ANSWERS: 280. relation, 281. catastrophe, 282. technological, 283. sylvan, 284. broadcast, 285. march, 286. defend, 287. poet, 288. revelation, 289. minister, 290. corporation, 291. twin

292. a mi____ry leader *adj.* relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare
293. deputy prime mi____er *n.* a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department
294. bl____y massacre *adj.* covered in or smeared with blood; involving or characterized by bloodshed or brutality
295. the rev____on of a secret *n.* a fact that has been disclosed to others, especially a surprising one; the act of revealing or telling the fact or truth to others; communication of knowledge to humans by a divine or supernatural agency
296. have a co____t again *n.* a musical performance given in public by one or more players or singers
297. con____nt of troops *adj.* possible but not certain to occur; (noun) a group of people or things that are present or available to do something if it is needed
298. environmental th____t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
299. em____ce as a national leader *n.* the process or fact of coming into existence or becoming apparent
300. pr____e changes *v.* to make a proposal, declare a plan for something

ANSWERS: 292. military, 293. minister, 294. bloody, 295. revelation, 296. concert, 297. contingent, 298. threat, 299. emergence, 300. propose

301. sp__n in spring *v.* to lay eggs or to produce offspring; to cause something to develop
302. en____ly satisfied with the meal *adv.* completely
303. sailing without a co____s *n.* a navigational instrument for finding directions with a needle that can move easily and that always points to the north; the limit or range of capability
304. regional he____ny *n.* the dominance or influence of one group, country, or ideology over others, especially in political, economic, or cultural domains
305. un____ly event *adj.* not probable or likely to happen
306. aviation p__t *n.* a formal agreement between two or more parties
307. te____ry in charge *n.* an area under the control of a ruler or state
308. IT inf_____ure *n.* the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies
309. au____t immunity *v.* to increase the size, extent, quantity, etc. of something by adding something to it
310. ne____te the price of the house *v.* to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement
311. risky spe____or *n.* a person who invests in a venture with the hope of making a profit, often taking on significant risks; someone who engages in speculation

ANSWERS: 301. spawn, 302. entirely, 303. compass, 304. hegemony, 305. unlikely, 306. pact, 307. territory, 308. infrastructure, 309. augment, 310. negotiate, 311. speculator

312. do_____nt force *adj.* more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type
313. em_____ng country *adj.* starting to exist, mature, or become well-known
314. chicken br___h *n.* a liquid in which meat, fish, or vegetables have been cooked, used as a base for soups and stews
315. co_____ct a 3D image *v.* to build or create something; to assemble or combine different parts to form something whole
316. st_____ty pact *n.* the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast
317. 3-axis gi___l *n.* a pivoted support that allows for the rotation of an object along multiple axes typically used to stabilize or control the movement of cameras, compasses, or other equipment
318. modern po___y *n.* poems in general as a genre of literature
319. keep working nev_____ess *adv.* in spite of that; yet
320. me___m color *adj.* of a size, amount, or level that is average or intermediate; (noun) a means or instrumentality for storing or communicating information
321. the st___m of time *n.* a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc.
322. ac_____te measurements *adj.* correct and exact in all details

ANSWERS: 312. dominant, 313. emerging, 314. broth, 315. construct, 316. stability, 317. gimbal, 318. poetry, 319. nevertheless, 320. medium, 321. stream, 322. accurate

323. the Pa____c Ocean *adj.* peaceful in character or intent; tending to lessen or avoid conflict; calm or soothing in manner or tone; (noun, as "Pacific") the largest and deepest of Earth's oceanic divisions
324. de___d my country *v.* to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
325. n__m of action *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
326. a beautiful sy____ny *n.* a long musical composition in Western classical music for orchestra, usually with three or four main parts called movements
327. unr_____ed market *adj.* not subject to official rules, procedures, or oversight; not controlled or supervised by a governing authority or system
328. h__k to the wind in the trees *v.* to recall, to return, or to revert, especially to an earlier time, situation, or condition; to listen attentively; to pay close attention to something
329. fi_____e act *n.* the management of money, credit, banking, and investments, especially by a government or commercial organization; the branch of economics that studies the management of money and other assets
330. re__r to a map *v.* to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support

ANSWERS: 323. pacific, 324. defend, 325. norm, 326. symphony, 327. unregulated, 328. hark, 329. finance, 330. refer

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|---|-------------|---|
| 331. in____t the stomach | <i>v.</i> | to live in a specific location; to reside |
| 332. a tr__p of deer | <i>n.</i> | a group of soldiers, especially a large one; a group of people, animals, or things considered as a unit. |
| 333. a br__d mind | <i>adj.</i> | very wide; general |
| 334. di_____e control | <i>n.</i> | a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems |
| 335. foreordained de_____y | <i>n.</i> | the events that will inevitably happen to a particular person or thing in the future |
| 336. s__t and tie restaurant | <i>n.</i> | a set of clothes that are made from the same material; a claim or complaint that a person or organization can file in court against another party; (verb) to be fit or acceptable for |
| 337. major pa_____gm shift | <i>n.</i> | a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model |
| 338. intellectual f__t | <i>n.</i> | a notable or impressive achievement, especially one that requires great skill or bravery |
| 339. coastal se_____rd | <i>n.</i> | the coastal areas or region adjacent to the sea or ocean; a coastline or shore |
| 340. provide ac_____te information | <i>adj.</i> | correct and exact in all details |
| 341. beginning of the ind_____al revolution | <i>adj.</i> | of or relating to or resulting from industry |
| 342. principles of de_____cy | <i>n.</i> | a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so |

ANSWERS: 331. inhabit, 332. troop, 333. broad, 334. disease, 335. destiny, 336. suit, 337. paradigm, 338. feat, 339. seaboard, 340. accurate, 341. industrial, 342. democracy

343. gr___y cat *adj.* easily annoyed or irritable; inclined to complain or show dissatisfaction, often in an ill-tempered way
344. foreign po___y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
345. health po___y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
346. a leg_____te child *adj.* accordant with or allowed by law; lawful
347. video pi___e *n.* (especially in the past) a person who attacks and robs ships at sea
348. co_____n violence *v.* to express strong disapproval or criticism of something
349. atomic b__bs *n.* a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something
350. va___m cleaner *n.* a space empty of matter; a device or tool used for cleaning or removing debris by creating suction
351. be_____de the fence *v.* (also "bestraddle") to sit or stand with one leg on either side of something; to span or cover

ANSWERS: 343. grumpy, 344. policy, 345. policy, 346. legitimate, 347. pirate, 348. condemn, 349. bomb, 350. vacuum, 351. bestride

352. good gov_____ce *n.* the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes
353. mo___n poetry *adj.* of or belonging to the present time or recent times
354. em___e from poverty *v.* to move out of or away from something and become visible
355. global climate tr___y *n.* a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities
356. marching re_____nt *n.* a large military unit, usually consisting of several battalions and commanded by a colonel or higher-ranking officer; a strict or organized system or routine
357. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
358. cast fri_____ng eyes *adj.* causing fear or alarm, or very surprising and alarming
359. develop a vi___e therapy *adj.* capable of being done as intended; able to succeed
360. ta___e the issue *v.* to try to deal with a complex problem or situation
361. ze_____um mentality *adj.* referring to a situation in which an equal loss offsets each gain; describing a condition in which the total gains and losses balance to zero
362. i___e capital *adj.* not working hard or not having a job; useless

ANSWERS: 352. governance, 353. modern, 354. emerge, 355. treaty, 356. regiment, 357. statistics, 358. frightening, 359. viable, 360. tackle, 361. zero-sum, 362. idle

363. di_____e of a used product *v.* to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away
364. po____r additive *n.* a dry and fine substance that consists of very small, loose particles
365. curry po____r *n.* a dry and fine substance that consists of very small, loose particles
366. hor_____al stripes *adj.* parallel to the ground or in a baseline; being at the same level as all members of a group
367. Doppler sh__t *n.* a slight transition in position, direction, or trend
368. int_____ent systems *adj.* depending on each other; mutually reliant or interconnected
369. na__l battles *adj.* of or relating to ships, sailors, or the navy
370. increase sl_____ly *adv.* in a small degree or extent; a little
371. na__l base *adj.* of or relating to ships, sailors, or the navy
372. st_____ng discovery *adj.* extremely surprising, astonishing, and sometimes worrying
373. At_____ic salmon *adj.* relating to or located near the Atlantic Ocean, which is the second-largest ocean on Earth, located between the continents of North and South America to the west and Europe and Africa to the east

ANSWERS: 363. dispose, 364. powder, 365. powder, 366. horizontal, 367. shift, 368. interdependent, 369. naval, 370. slightly, 371. naval, 372. startling, 373. Atlantic

374. At____ic breeze *adj.* relating to or located near the Atlantic Ocean, which is the second-largest ocean on Earth, located between the continents of North and South America to the west and Europe and Africa to the east
375. sp__n a new concept *v.* to lay eggs or to produce offspring; to cause something to develop
376. em___e of the Maya *n.* a group of countries ruled by one leader or government
377. organic agr____re *n.* the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
378. Ot____n Empire *n.* a historical empire founded at the end of the 13th century in northwestern Anatolia by the Turkoman tribal leader Osman I; (used as "ottoman") a type of upholstered seat or bench without a back or arms, typically used as a stool or footstool, or in some cases as a coffee table
379. co____t car *n.* an idea or principle associated with something abstract
380. suf____nt time *adj.* adequate; enough for a particular purpose or requirement
381. a chemical eq____on *n.* the act of regarding as equal; (mathematics) a statement that expresses the equality of two expressions by connecting them with the equals sign
382. po____n ivy *n.* a substance that can cause illness, injury, or death when ingested, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin; something harmful, malicious, or toxic; the act of damaging or ruining a relationship; (verb) to introduce a substance into something or someone harmful and potentially deadly

ANSWERS: 374. Atlantic, 375. spawn, 376. empire, 377. agriculture, 378. Ottoman, 379. concept, 380. sufficient, 381. equation, 382. poison

383. re___e on the skin *v.* to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time
384. mer_____le exchange *adj.* related to or associated with trade or commerce, particularly the buying and selling of goods or services
385. aboriginal tr__e *n.* a social group made up of members who live together, sharing the same language, culture, religion, etc., especially those who do not live in towns or cities
386. ad___t calendar *n.* the arrival or beginning of something; the coming of Jesus Christ at his birth
387. s__t at law *n.* a set of clothes that are made from the same material; a claim or complaint that a person or organization can file in court against another party; (verb) to be fit or acceptable for
388. mul_____ral negotiations *adj.* involving or occurring among three or more parties or nations; having multiple sides or aspects; characterized by a cooperative or consensus-building approach to problem-solving or decision-making
389. di_____e prevention *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
390. a nation's right to go___n *v.* to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services

ANSWERS: 383. reside, 384. mercantile, 385. tribe, 386. advent, 387. suit, 388. multilateral, 389. disease, 390. govern

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|-------------------------------------|---|
| 391. ve____al axis | <i>adj.</i> upright or perpendicular to a horizontal surface or line |
| 392. emotional fr_____ty | <i>n.</i> the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable |
| 393. gov_____nt bureaucracy | <i>n.</i> the group of people with authority to control a country or state |
| 394. r__t police | <i>n.</i> a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals |
| 395. po__r regions | <i>adj.</i> relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites |
| 396. ve____al takeoff | <i>adj.</i> upright or perpendicular to a horizontal surface or line |
| 397. the stance of mo_____ry policy | <i>adj.</i> of or relating to the money in the country |
| 398. attract br__d attention | <i>adj.</i> very wide; general |
| 399. an endless st___m of cars | <i>n.</i> a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc. |
| 400. ac_____ny a chicken dish | <i>v.</i> to go somewhere or travel with someone or something |
| 401. ins_____ize customary laws | <i>v.</i> to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.) |
| 402. a benefit co_____t | <i>n.</i> a musical performance given in public by one or more players or singers |

ANSWERS: 391. vertical, 392. fragility, 393. government, 394. riot, 395. polar, 396. vertical, 397. monetary, 398. broad, 399. stream, 400. accompany, 401. institutionalize, 402. concert

ANSWERS:

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The _____ hurricane season runs from June to November each year.
adj. relating to or located near the Atlantic Ocean, which is the second-largest ocean on Earth, located between the continents of North and South America to the west and Europe and Africa to the east
2. A great _____ is a fountain forever overflowing with the waters of wisdom and delight.
n. a piece of writing that emphasizes the expression of feelings and ideas by paying particular attention to diction (sometimes rhyme), rhythm, and imagery
3. Our system can now _____ with other databases.
v. to connect similar things
4. _____ is the foundation of our economy.
n. the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
5. The automobile industry is a _____ behemoth of the modern economy.
n. a person or thing that is unusually large, powerful, or impressive; a person or entity that is a dominant force in their field or industry
6. The _____ behind the house are a great place to hike and explore.
n. a dense area of trees and shrubs, typically forming a forest or woodland; a place of natural beauty and tranquility; a golf club used for hitting long shots, also known as a driver
7. The ladder leaned against the _____ surface of the building.
adj. upright or perpendicular to a horizontal surface or line

ANSWERS: 1. Atlantic, 2. poem, 3. interconnect, 4. Agriculture, 5. colossus, 6. woods, 7. vertical

8. He moved his body _____ to the left.

adv. in a small degree or extent; a little

9. The _____ by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;

10. The _____ of soldiers marched through the city in a parade.

n. a group of soldiers, especially a large one; a group of people, animals, or things considered as a unit.

11. They _____ in a beautiful old house in the countryside.

v. to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time

12. She is the president of a large international _____.

n. a group of people who work together for a shared purpose

13. She was tired and hungry, but _____ she persevered.

adv. in spite of that; yet

14. The stock market has been _____ lately, with prices fluctuating rapidly.

adj. marked by a lot of sudden changes, confusion, or uncertainty; characterized by intense activity or agitation

15. Our company decided to hire an advisor who specializes in _____.

n. the management of money, credit, banking, and investments, especially by a government or commercial organization; the branch of economics that studies the management of money and other assets

ANSWERS: 8. slightly, 9. revolution, 10. troop, 11. reside, 12. organization, 13. nevertheless, 14. turbulent, 15. finance

16. Generally speaking, the child is innately _____ to learn a language.
v. to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away
17. Later, his claim was found to be _____ false.
adv. completely
18. The dedicated _____ worked tirelessly to resolve the conflict between the two sides.
n. a person who helps to reconcile conflicting parties and bring peace
19. The new policy aims to _____ the use of renewable energy sources.
v. to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)
20. The news of the pandemic was a _____ reminder of the fragility of human health.
adj. causing fear or alarm, or very surprising and alarming
21. This artist always packs the _____ halls.
n. a musical performance given in public by one or more players or singers
22. The perspective of his right brain _____ his consciousness.
v. to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
23. The fan _____ the air in the room quickly.
v. to move continuously or freely around a place or closed system

ANSWERS: 16. disposed, 17. entirely, 18. peacemaker, 19. institutionalize, 20. frightening, 21. concert, 22. dominates, 23. circulates

24. The extinction of several subspecies has been linked to climate change and habitat _____.
- n.* the act of causing so much damage to something
25. The army _____ marched in perfect unison during the parade.
- n.* a large military unit, usually consisting of several battalions and commanded by a colonel or higher-ranking officer; a strict or organized system or routine
26. The United Nations assists countries in building strong _____ frameworks and institutions.
- n.* the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes
27. The roof finally _____ after three days and three nights of heavy snowfall.
- v.* to fall down or give way suddenly, often after breaking apart
28. The investigation _____ several government agencies and is expected to take several months.
- v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
29. The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of _____.
- n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
30. The senior _____ worked tirelessly to negotiate a peace treaty between the two countries.
- n.* a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations

ANSWERS: 24. destruction, 25. regiment, 26. governance, 27. collapsed, 28. involves, 29. influenza, 30. diplomat

31. The crime scene was _____ and gruesome.

adj. covered in or smeared with blood; involving or characterized by bloodshed or brutality

32. The _____ of a new virus can cause concern for public health.

n. the process or fact of coming into existence or becoming apparent

33. The policy might bring more excellent _____ stability to the country.

adj. of or relating to the money in the country

34. He has an _____ knowledge of American history.

adj. having a very close friendship, personal

35. He could not _____ against temptation.

v. to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction

36. Our company found it _____ difficult to keep up with the competition.

adv. more and more

37. We must _____ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

38. The country has been engaged in a prolonged conflict, with both sides using modern _____ tactics.

n. the use of military force to achieve political, economic, or social objectives

ANSWERS: 31. bloody, 32. emergence, 33. monetary, 34. intimate, 35. struggle, 36. increasingly, 37. develop, 38. warfare

39. Please use the _____ to clean up the mess on the floor.
n. a space empty of matter; a device or tool used for cleaning or removing debris by creating suction
40. The _____ leader had a clear plan for the company's future.
adj. having or showing exceptional foresight and imagination; not practical or realizable; speculative
41. The organizational _____ of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.
n. the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
42. The _____ in the city have left many buildings damaged and several people injured.
n. a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals
43. The dress was _____ for the formal occasion.
adj. fit or appropriate; proper; adapted
44. The government was _____ for its handling of the crisis.
v. to express strong disapproval or criticism of something
45. The project's success is _____ upon the cooperation of all team members.
adj. possible but not certain to occur; (noun) a group of people or things that are present or available to do something if it is needed
46. He was recruited to play in the professional _____.
n. an association of sports teams who compete against each other; an obsolete unit of distance of variable length, equal to about 3 miles or 4,000 meters

ANSWERS: 39. vacuum, 40. visionary, 41. structure, 42. riots, 43. suitable, 44. condemned, 45. contingent, 46. league

47. The salmon swims upstream to _____ in the place they were released.
v. to lay eggs or to produce offspring; to cause something to develop
48. She used a _____ brush to apply her foundation evenly.
n. a dry and fine substance that consists of very small, loose particles
49. The regulations _____ medical malpractice claims are rigorous.
v. to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
50. He postulated a completely different _____ to explain all these phenomena.
n. a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model
51. The animal was _____ in a small cage.
v. to restrict the movement of someone or something
52. She found fault with the _____ of politicians.
n. principles of right and evil or good and bad behavior
53. The police placed a _____ across the street to halt traffic.
n. a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective
54. They _____ the fragile vase in bubble wrap to protect it during shipping.
v. to enclose or cover something in a protective or decorative layer
55. The _____ occasionally preaches at this church.
n. a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department

ANSWERS: 47. spawn, 48. powder, 49. governing, 50. paradigm, 51. confined, 52. morality, 53. barrier, 54. encased, 55. minister

56. He evaluated his chances for _____ rather pessimistically.

n. the state of continuing to exist or live, frequently in the face of difficulty or danger

57. Her company soon won a _____ market share.

adj. more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type

58. Many Germans _____ to South America in the mid-19th century.

v. to move from one country or region to another and settle there; to move from one place to another periodically or seasonally

59. That candidate does not have _____ means to win an election with certainty.

adj. adequate; enough for a particular purpose or requirement

60. Overall _____ are approximately 400x200mm.

n. a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length

61. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

62. The _____ Sultan was considered the supreme ruler and held great authority.

n. a historical empire founded at the end of the 13th century in northwestern Anatolia by the Turkoman tribal leader Osman I; (used as "ottoman") a type of upholstered seat or bench without a back or arms, typically used as a stool or footstool, or in some cases as a coffee table

63. The industrial _____ laws were passed with little to no alteration.

n. the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another

ANSWERS: 56. survival, 57. dominant, 58. migrated, 59. sufficient, 60. dimensions, 61. norms, 62. Ottoman, 63. relations

64. Doctors are gradually coming around to the idea of using _____ medicines.

n. one of two or more available possibilities or choice

65. A _____ audience viewed the broadcast.

adj. enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity

66. What do you _____ the culprit's motive was?

v. to think that something is likely to be actual or possible

67. Please let me know if you want to _____ me to my hometown.

v. to go somewhere or travel with someone or something

68. Economic factors and monetary policy _____ inflation.

v. to increase the size, extent, quantity, etc. of something by adding something to it

69. The building was _____ in the fire and had to be rebuilt.

v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

70. The farmer raises _____ on his farm for the market.

n. a domestic pig, especially one bred for its meat

71. The lack of funds has resulted in a _____ for our university system.

n. a sudden event that causes extreme ruin and misfortune

72. In nature, all living things are _____ and rely on each other for survival.

adj. depending on each other; mutually reliant or interconnected

ANSWERS: 64. alternative, 65. vast, 66. suppose, 67. accompany, 68. augmented, 69. destroyed, 70. swine, 71. catastrophe, 72. interdependent

73. The _____ of the glass required careful handling during shipping.
n. the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable
74. The Chinese word for _____ comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.
n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
75. Launching an artificial _____ contributed to the technological development of our country.
n. an electronic device that is sent up into space and moves around the Earth or another planet, used for gathering information or communicating by radio, television, etc.
76. Airplanes need _____ tails to improve stability.
adj. parallel to the ground or in a baseline; being at the same level as all members of a group
77. The new smartphone's design _____ back to the original model, which was much simpler and compact.
v. to recall, to return, or to revert, especially to an earlier time, situation, or condition; to listen attentively; to pay close attention to something
78. Jet _____ are the common name for air currents that form high in the atmosphere.
n. a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc.
79. Who answers _____ knows little.
adv. quickly and unexpectedly

ANSWERS: 73. fragility, 74. crisis, 75. satellite, 76. horizontal, 77. harks, 78. streams, 79. suddenly

80. He _____ that this investment would lead to success.

v. to form a theory or conjecture or guess about a subject without solid evidence

81. The frequent performances of the _____ prove its popularity.

n. a long musical composition in Western classical music for orchestra, usually with three or four main parts called movements

82. Human behavior has _____ characteristics.

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

83. Aging societies tend to require huge costs for _____ maintenance.

n. the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies

84. There is no _____ car park nearby.

n. money that you have to pay to use a particular road, bridge, etc.; (verb) to ring slowly

85. He has built a thriving e-commerce _____.

n. a group of countries ruled by one leader or government

86. We made a _____ to the client.

n. an official suggestion that something is good or suitable for a particular purpose or job

87. He describes the story with _____ reality.

adj. extremely surprising, astonishing, and sometimes worrying

ANSWERS: 80. speculated, 81. symphony, 82. fundamental, 83. infrastructure, 84. toll, 85. empire, 86. recommendation, 87. startling

88. The government is determined to _____ sharp inflation.
v. to try to deal with a complex problem or situation
89. The two countries signed a _____ to establish peaceful relations.
n. a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities
90. The acupuncturist inserted _____ into specific points on my body to alleviate my pain.
n. a thin, pointed object typically used for sewing or medical purposes; a metal or plastic instrument used for administering injections or drawing blood
91. The _____ size shirt fits him perfectly.
adj. of a size, amount, or level that is average or intermediate; (noun) a means or instrumentality for storing or communicating information
92. _____ advances have disrupted many industries.
adj. based on scientific and industrial progress
93. The _____ of the internet has dramatically changed the way we communicate.
n. the arrival or beginning of something; the coming of Jesus Christ at his birth
94. During colonial eras, new migratory patterns _____.
v. to move out of or away from something and become visible
95. The policy should increase the country's monetary _____.
n. the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast
96. I want to _____ a toast in honor of our longstanding relationship.
v. to make a proposal, declare a plan for something

ANSWERS: 88. tackle, 89. treaty, 90. needles, 91. medium, 92. Technological, 93. advent, 94. emerged, 95. stability, 96. propose

97. The police are searching for the _____ who stole the jewels.
n. a person who has committed a crime
98. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
n. the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
99. The _____ captain ordered his crew to attack the merchant ship.
n. (especially in the past) a person who attacks and robs ships at sea
100. The two countries made a _____ to reduce their carbon emissions.
n. a formal agreement between two or more parties
101. A rainbow is a natural _____.
n. something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood
102. The _____ corporation has offices in over 30 countries.
adj. relating to or involving multiple countries or nationalities; having operations or business interests in multiple countries
103. The results were beyond our _____ of imagination.
n. a navigational instrument for finding directions with a needle that can move easily and that always points to the north; the limit or range of capability
104. X-rays revealed a small tumor in his _____.
n. the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling

ANSWERS: 97. criminal, 98. economy, 99. pirate, 100. pact, 101. phenomenon, 102. multinational, 103. compass, 104. brain

105. _____ technologies have dramatically improved productivity in various industries.

adj. starting to exist, mature, or become well-known

106. She has taken a step up in the organizational _____.

n. a system in which people or things are organized into different levels of importance from highest to lowest

107. _____ animals are graceful and efficient swimmers.

adj. relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites

108. The plane began to _____ into the sky.

v. to go or move upward; to become king or queen; to inherit something, such as a power

109. The _____ district of the city is bustling with shops and businesses.

adj. related to or associated with trade or commerce, particularly the buying and selling of goods or services

110. Trends in the fashion industry are so _____ that it is challenging to keep up with them.

adj. constantly changing or moving

111. Most of the programs are _____ in this area.

v. to send out a program or some information on radio or television

112. I always add a bit of _____ to my soup to give it more flavor.

n. a liquid in which meat, fish, or vegetables have been cooked, used as a base for soups and stews

ANSWERS: 105. Emerging, 106. hierarchy, 107. Polar, 108. ascend, 109. mercantile, 110. shifting, 111. broadcast, 112. broth

113. He was known to be very _____ and would often work late into the night.
adj. hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
114. The _____ older man snapped at the children for playing too loudly.
adj. easily annoyed or irritable; inclined to complain or show dissatisfaction, often in an ill-tempered way
115. When a company discloses information to the market, an _____ auditor verifies them.
adj. belonging to or situated outside of someone or something
116. These results muddied the _____.
n. the act of predicting the future by reasoning; a statement made about the future
117. Heavy rain soaked a significant part of the _____.
n. commonly paved outdoor space next to a house; a row of homes that were all constructed in the same design and shared dividing walls
118. Their headquarters are in a _____ skyscraper.
adj. of or belonging to the present time or recent times
119. Some comic book characters are considered gay _____.
n. a picture or statue of a holy person considered to be a sacred thing; a little icon on the screen of a computer or smartphone that denotes an application or a file
120. Large earthquakes often generate _____ tsunamis.
adj. very frightening or intimidating
121. Try to keep a _____ between work and off.
n. a condition in which everything has the same weight or force; something left after other parts have been taken away

ANSWERS: 113. industrious, 114. grumpy, 115. external, 116. prediction, 117. terrace, 118. modern, 119. icons, 120. terrifying, 121. balance

122. Public political demonstrations are considered _____ rights for citizens.

adj. accordant with or allowed by law; lawful

123. The land _____ purchased large tracts of land in anticipation of future development.

n. a person who invests in a venture with the hope of making a profit, often taking on significant risks; someone who engages in speculation

124. We are always happy to _____ a discount.

v. to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement

125. The federal _____ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

126. International law allows each nation to _____ itself when its rights and interests are illegally violated.

v. to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.

127. It is said that our _____ is written in the stars.

n. the events that will inevitably happen to a particular person or thing in the future

128. Effective _____ is necessary to resolve conflicts and maintain relationships between countries.

n. the art and practice of conducting negotiations between nations, organizations, or people; the fine art of dealing with people in a sensitive and effective way

129. The fireplace made the room feel _____ and inviting.

adj. comfortable and warm; giving a feeling of comfort, warmth, and relaxation

ANSWERS: 122. legitimate, 123. speculator, 124. negotiate, 125. government, 126. defend, 127. destiny, 128. diplomacy, 129. cozy

130. A thunderous boom _____ throughout the valley.

n. a sound heard after being reflected off a surface, such as a wall or a cliff

131. The general gave a _____ to his troops to prepare for battle.

n. authority, control, or mastery over something, often referring to military or leadership contexts; a directive, order, or instruction; expertise or confidence in a specific area; (verb) to give an authoritative order or instruction, or to be in charge or control of something

132. On the geological time scale, _____ has existed for a brief moment.

n. the whole of the living human inhabitants of the earth

133. The trade _____ remained adamant about its demands.

n. a group of employees who have banded together to advocate for their rights and better their working conditions; the act or the state of joining together or being joined together

134. In this class, you will learn how to solve quadratic _____.

n. the act of regarding as equal; (mathematics) a statement that expresses the equality of two expressions by connecting them with the equals sign

135. The hikers experienced a difficult _____ to the summit due to the steep and rocky terrain.

n. the act of climbing or moving upwards, often referring to a physical ascent of a mountain or a spiritual ascent or improvement; an upward movement; the process of moving upwards

136. The budget _____ forced them to make difficult decisions.

n. a limit or restriction on something, such as an action, behavior, or thought

ANSWERS: 130. echoed, 131. command, 132. humankind, 133. union, 134. equations, 135. ascent, 136. constraint

137. The _____ academy was known for its strict discipline and training.

adj. relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare

138. The ship pulled to the _____ and we disembarked to start our adventure.

n. a structure or platform that extends from the shoreline into a body of water, used for loading and unloading ships or boats; an enclosed area of water used as a basin for shipping or pleasure boats; a place where a ship can be repaired or maintained

139. The _____ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

140. The company's new _____ on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

141. The _____ puzzle pieces were difficult to separate.

adj. fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole

142. The cowboy could _____ his horse gracefully and skillfully, even without a saddle.

v. (also "bestride") to sit or stand with one leg on either side of something; to span or cover

143. He accumulated wealth across a _____ spectrum of assets.

adj. very wide; general

ANSWERS: 137. military, 138. dock, 139. nation, 140. policy, 141. interlocking, 142. bestride, 143. broad

144. The heavyweights on one end of the scale _____ the lighter weights on the other end.
- v.* to offset or balance the effect of something by applying an equal or opposite force or effect; to provide a counteracting or balancing influence for something; (noun) a weight or force that is used to balance or offset another weight or force
145. _____ espionage between countries can have serious consequences.
- adj.* relating to or involving computers, computer networks, or virtual reality
146. The official transcript contains _____ academic records.
- adj.* correct and exact in all details
147. It is an incredible _____ to climb Mount Everest, the highest mountain in the world.
- n.* a notable or impressive achievement, especially one that requires great skill or bravery
148. I was amazed at the _____ of her generosity.
- n.* the point or degree or area to which something extends
149. The _____ of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.
- n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
150. Six _____ are awaiting trial or verdict.
- n.* a set of clothes that are made from the same material; a claim or complaint that a person or organization can file in court against another party; (verb) to be fit or acceptable for

ANSWERS: 144. counterbalanced, 145. Cyber, 146. accurate, 147. feat, 148. extent, 149. threat, 150. suits

151. The project's success depended on the cooperation of all the _____ parties involved.
- adj.* involving or occurring among three or more parties or nations; having multiple sides or aspects; characterized by a cooperative or consensus-building approach to problem-solving or decision-making
152. We ___ for an overseas expansion.
- v.* to try or plan to get or achieve something
153. The _____ had distinctly defined gender roles.
- n.* a social group made up of members who live together, sharing the same language, culture, religion, etc., especially those who do not live in towns or cities
154. Please _____ to the instruction manual for further assistance.
- v.* to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support
155. The sun set over the crest of _____ hills.
- adj.* far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship
156. The cops _____ him of being the killer.
- v.* to consider anything to be actual or probable
157. The seafood cuisine in the _____ region is renowned for its freshness and variety.
- n.* the coastal areas or region adjacent to the sea or ocean; a coastline or shore
158. The doctor diagnosed him with a rare _____ that had no known cure.
- n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

ANSWERS: 151. multilateral, 152. aim, 153. tribe, 154. refer, 155. distant, 156. suspected, 157. seaboard, 158. disease

159. The feudal _____ had ruled the land for many years.

- n.* a person who has general authority, control, or power over others; a man of noble rank or high office

160. Its _____ brothers are difficult to tell apart except for their parents.

- n.* either of two children born at the same time from the same mother

161. The French painter wore a black _____ as a symbol of his artistic identity.

- n.* a soft, round, flat-crowned felt or woolen hat, typically worn by men and associated with French or Basque culture

162. The shocking _____ embarrassed the administration.

- n.* a fact that has been disclosed to others, especially a surprising one; the act of revealing or telling the fact or truth to others; communication of knowledge to humans by a divine or supernatural agency

163. Nevada is _____ a desert state.

- adv.* virtually entirely; to a large degree

164. The passage of the bill is _____.

- adj.* not probable or likely to happen

165. The couple began to _____ over which restaurant to go to for dinner.

- v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others

166. He _____ hypotheses that no mathematician has ever imagined before.

- v.* to build or create something; to assemble or combine different parts to form something whole

ANSWERS: 159. lord, 160. twin, 161. beret, 162. revelation, 163. largely, 164. unlikely, 165. argue, 166. constructs

167. She is a talented _____ who has been recognized for her work.

n. a person who writes poetry

168. _____ design has become more focused on human nature aspect than ever before.

adj. of or relating to or resulting from industry

169. _____ often entails inclusive capitalism as well.

n. a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so

170. The cabin nestled in the _____ forest provided a serene and peaceful retreat.

adj. relating to or characteristic of woods or forests; existing or occurring in a wooded area; suggesting a peaceful, natural, or rural environment

171. They adopted a _____ approach to resolving their differences, emphasizing dialogue and understanding.

adj. peaceful in character or intent; tending to lessen or avoid conflict; calm or soothing in manner or tone; (noun, as "Pacific") the largest and deepest of Earth's oceanic divisions

172. The _____ of people who do not own property is politically impotent.

n. a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together

173. As an _____ he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.

n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group

174. There are several _____ machines in the factory because of the decreased orders.

adj. not working hard or not having a job; useless

ANSWERS: 167. poet, 168. Industrial, 169. Democracy, 170. sylvan, 171. pacific, 172. mass, 173. individual, 174. idle

175. For decades, the US has been viewed as having economic and military _____ worldwide.

n. the dominance or influence of one group, country, or ideology over others, especially in political, economic, or cultural domains

176. Without regulations, the industry is _____ and potentially dangerous.

adj. not subject to official rules, procedures, or oversight; not controlled or supervised by a governing authority or system

177. Product development is a _____ effort.

adj. done or shared by every member of a group of people

178. Male gorillas with good drumming skills are more _____.

adj. capable of being done as intended; able to succeed

179. Four companies were amalgamated into a single _____.

n. a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit

180. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

181. The drone's _____ allowed for smooth and steady aerial photography.

n. a pivoted support that allows for the rotation of an object along multiple axes typically used to stabilize or control the movement of cameras, compasses, or other equipment

182. The troops _____ shoulder-to-shoulder.

v. to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps

ANSWERS: 175. hegemony, 176. unregulated, 177. collective, 178. viable, 179. corporation, 180. statistics, 181. gimbal, 182. marched

183. We need to _____ the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.
- v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
184. In some sports, such as tennis, the competition is a _____ game, with only one player able to win each match.
- adj.* referring to a situation in which an equal loss offsets each gain; describing a condition in which the total gains and losses balance to zero
185. The _____ officer was responsible for the safety and well-being of the crew on his ship.
- adj.* of or relating to ships, sailors, or the navy
186. Different cultures have different comfortable word rhythms, so the composition of _____ varies greatly.
- n.* poems in general as a genre of literature
187. It's important to understand the _____ of a situation before making a decision.
- n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
188. One such rapidly growing _____ is quantum cryptography.
- n.* an idea or principle associated with something abstract
189. We walked along a muddy _____ to reach the farm.
- n.* a narrow road in the countryside; a well-defined track or path for someone such as a swimmer or driver
190. The plant's leaves contain a deadly _____ that can cause hallucinations and seizures.
- n.* a substance that can cause illness, injury, or death when ingested, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin; something harmful, malicious, or toxic; the act of damaging or ruining a relationship; (verb) to introduce a substance into something or someone harmful and potentially deadly

ANSWERS: 183. discuss, 184. zero-sum, 185. naval, 186. poetry, 187. context, 188.

concept, 189. lane, 190. poison

191. The ride on the rollercoaster was full of dips and turns, creating a feeling of _____.

- n.* a state of great disturbance, confusion, or uncertainty, often accompanied by violent or disruptive activity or behavior, such as air turbulence during a flight

192. The police were able to _____ the suspect without any violence.

- v.* to remove weapons or the means of attack from a person, group, or situation; to win over or reduce suspicion or hostility from an opponent or adversary

193. Could you help me _____ some furniture?

- n.* a slight transition in position, direction, or trend

194. The water level was even with the basin's _____.

- n.* the edge of something in the shape of a more or less circular object

195. I will work hard to _____ my goals and realize my dreams.

- v.* to successfully complete a task or goal, often through hard work, perseverance, and dedication; to attain or accomplish something that one has set out to do

196. I have no idea what sort of folks _____ the neighborhood.

- v.* to live in a specific location; to reside

197. Necessity is the mother of _____.

- n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing

198. The older man gave the young _____ some helpful life advice.

- n.* a young boy or man, often used in an informal or affectionate way

ANSWERS: 191. turbulence, 192. disarm, 193. shift, 194. rim, 195. achieve, 196. inhabit, 197. invention, 198. lad

199. They incorporated the conquered _____ into their nation.

n. an area under the control of a ruler or state

200. The use of cluster _____ is strictly prohibited by international law.

n. a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something

201. They fear a _____ of a new type of virus.

n. an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area

ANSWERS: 199. territory, 200. bombs, 201. pandemic