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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Jeff Speck: The walkable city | TED Talk

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All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

urban

adj. relating to or located in a town or city

synonym : metropolitan, civic

(1) **urban** planning, (2) **urban** property owners

Only a small number of **urban** utilities offer sanitation services.

advocate

n. a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something

synonym : proponent, exponent, promoter

(1) an **advocate** of disarmament, (2) public education

advocates

Advocates of abolishing the death penalty often argue that the alternative heaviest sentence should be life in prison.

architecture

n. the art and science of designing and constructing buildings

synonym : design, structure, layout

(1) **architecture** design, (2) classic **architecture**

The city is known for its impressive **architecture** and beautiful old buildings.

economical

adj. providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary

synonym : frugal, thrifty, parsimonious

(1) **economical** use of her time, (2) an **economical** meal
It is more **economical** to wash your plastic bottle and reuse it.

resilient

adj. able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions

synonym: robust, sturdy, tough

(1) a hard and **resilient** steel, (2) **resilient** population
She is a **resilient** person and has always bounced back from setbacks.

environment

n. the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

synonym: atmosphere, surroundings, climate

(1) **environment** affairs, (2) chaotic **environment**
Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's **environment**.

sustainable

adj. able to continue or be continued for a long time

synonym: continuable, endurable, tolerable

(1) **sustainable** alternative fuel, (2) principles of **sustainable** development

The government should do more to support environmentally **sustainable** agriculture.

appropriate

adj. suitable or proper in the circumstances; fitting

synonym: fitting, suitable, proper

(1) **appropriate** behavior, (2) an **appropriate** time

It would be **appropriate** to dress nicely for the wedding.

suburb

n. an outlying district or residential area of a city or town, typically comprising middle-class and affluent neighborhoods

synonym: outskirts, district, quarter

(1) **suburb** development, (2) **suburb** life

He grew up in the **suburbs** but always dreamed of living in

the city.

sprawl

v. to sit, lie, or fall with one's arms and legs spread out
synonym : drape, spread out

(1) **sprawl** out luxuriously on the sofa, (2) **sprawl** for acres
The lush vegetation **sprawls** across the wonderfully landscaped gardens.

refer

v. to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support

synonym : cite, allude, mention

(1) **refer** to a book, (2) **refer** to a map

Please **refer** to the instruction manual for further assistance.

reorganize

v. to change to a more sufficient or suitable form of organization

synonym : rearrange, reconstruct, reshuffle

(1) **reorganize** a department, (2) **reorganize** his debts

The new CEO was appointed to **reorganize** their business.

landscape

n. an expanse of scenery that can be seen in a single view; a large area of land, especially in the country and relating to its appearance

synonym : geography, terrain, topography

(1) a peaceful **landscape**, (2) **landscape** painting

Recent electoral shocks have shaken the political **landscape** in Europe.

requirement

n. something that is needed or wanted

synonym : prerequisite, provision, condition

(1) meet **requirement**, (2) school **requirement**

What is the entry **requirement** for this course?

automobile

n. a road vehicle that has four wheels and is powered by an engine, used for transporting people or goods

synonym : car, vehicle, motorcar

(1) driverless **automobile**, (2) **automobile** insurance
The **automobile** industry is a major contributor to air pollution in cities.

instrument

n. an object used to make musical sounds, such as a piano, guitar, or drum; a tool or device used for a specific activity, particularly in specialist or scientific work

synonym: apparatus, tool, device

(1) musical **instruments**, (2) surgical **instruments**
This electronic **instrument** is required to undergo periodic inspections to ensure precision.

belch

v. to expel air from the stomach through the mouth with a noisy or offensive sound, typically as a result of swallowing air or because of indigestion

synonym: burp, eruct, rumble

(1) **belch** chemical waste into the atmosphere, (2) **belch** loudly

The bubbling mud in the hot spring occasionally **belch** up a foul odor.

threaten

v. to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone

synonym: endanger, terrorize, intimidate

(1) **threaten** a healthy relationship, (2) **threaten** national security

Various artificially induced causes are **threatening** our ecosystem.

prosthetic

adj. of or relating to an artificial part of the body, such as a limb, a heart, or a breast implant

(1) have **prosthetic** arms, (2) **prosthetic** limbs

New **prosthetic** joints are less prone to metal poisoning.

device

n. a piece of equipment, tool, or technology that serves a particular purpose or function, often mechanical or

electronic

synonym : gadget, instrument, tool

(1) electronic **device**, (2) tracking **device**

I always carry a backup **device** in case my phone runs out of battery.

alternative

n. one of two or more available possibilities or choice

synonym : choice, option

(1) an **alternative** plan, (2) there is no other **alternative**

Doctors are gradually coming around to the idea of using **alternative** medicines.

argument

n. a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute

synonym : debate, discourse, discussion

(1) a blazing **argument**, (2) the **argument** against capital punishment

The **argument** between the two sides over the proposed policy was heated.

epidemiology

n. the study of the distribution and determinants of health-related states or events, including diseases, in specified populations, and the application of this study to the control of health problems

synonym : public health, disease control

(1) **epidemiology** research, (2) cancer **epidemiology**

The **epidemiology** of influenza has been well studied over the years, leading to the development of effective vaccines and treatment strategies.

environmentalist

n. a person who is concerned with and advocates for the protection of the natural environment

synonym : conservationist

(1) dedicated **environmentalist**, (2) an **environmentalist** political party

The **environmentalist** lobby changed the mindset of many conservative politicians.

typical

adj. having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things

synonym : characteristic, usual, distinctive

(1) **typical** leader, (2) fairly **typical** symptoms

This artwork is **typical** of her work.

transport

n. a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on

synonym : shipment, transit, conveyance

(1) **transport** facilities, (2) access to public **transport**

Enhanced rail **transportation** is crucial for our business.

define

v. to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or meaning of something

synonym : characterize, depict, express

(1) **define** a word, (2) **define** my position

To advance this discussion, we must **define** "success" rigorously.

slightly

adv. in a small degree or extent; a little

synonym : barely, narrowly, scarcely

(1) increase **slightly**, (2) **slightly** alkaline soils

He moved his body **slightly** to the left.

phenomenon

n. something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood

synonym : marvel, wonder, splendor

(1) natural **phenomenon**, (2) historical **phenomenon**

A rainbow is a natural **phenomenon**.

qualify

v. to reach the standard or fulfill the requirement of ability or knowledge needed to do a particular job or receive a particular benefit or privilege

synonym : permit, authorize, allow

(1) **qualify** as a candidate, (2) **qualify** for membership
The top three teams in this tournament **qualify** for the Olympics.

commute

v. to regularly travel a particular journey, especially between one's home and place of work; (noun) a regular journey of some distance to and from your place of work
synonym: travel, journey, trip

(1) **commute** to work, (2) daily **commute**

He had to **commute** two hours each way to get to work.

valley

n. a long depression on the surface of the land, which typically contains a river

synonym: canyon, gorge, dale

(1) **valley** bottom, (2) basin-shaped **valley**

The **valley** had received a mild snowfall the previous week.

bubble

n. a thin, round, and often transparent mass of gas that is surrounded by a thin layer of liquid; a state of economic or social prosperity that is unsustainable and eventually collapses

synonym: blob, balloon, mania

(1) **bubble** in the champagne glass, (2) economic **bubble**

Many people worry that the current real estate market is a **bubble** that could burst soon.

decimate

v. to destroy a significant portion of something or reduce by ten percent; to cause extensive destruction or severe damage; to drastically reduce in size or number

synonym: devastate, destroy, annihilate

(1) **decimate** population, (2) **decimate** economy

The hurricane **decimated** the small town, leaving behind destruction and devastation.

vacant

adj. not occupied or in use; empty; showing no indication of thought or life, lacking expression or animation

synonym: empty, unoccupied, available

(1) **vacant** land, (2) **vacant** position

The real estate agent showed me a **vacant** apartment perfect for my needs.

communal

adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

synonym: collaborative, combined, collective

(1) **communal** swimming pool, (2) **communal** combination of funds

Communal elections were held in several European countries.

mortgage

n. a loan secured by the collateral of a specific property, such as a house, that is repaid over a set period of time with interest; the legal agreement governing this loan

synonym: home loan, loan, lien

(1) **mortgage** payment, (2) fixed-rate **mortgage**

They were able to purchase their dream home with a **mortgage** from the bank.

underwater

adv. below or under the surface of the water

synonym: submerged, undersea, submarine

(1) hold my breath **underwater**, (2) seals sleep **underwater**

He is good at swimming **underwater**.

decide

v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options

synonym: choose, determine, settle

(1) **decide** a question, (2) **decide** on a course of action

She couldn't **decide** whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.

priority

n. something that is more important than other things and should be dealt with first

synonym: importance, precedence, primacy

(1) **priority** call, (2) **priority** seating for elderly

Her **priority** is to be a mother.

bunch

n. a grouping of several similar things which are growing or fastened together

synonym: group, assemblage, bundle

(1) a **bunch** of trees, (2) a **bunch** of schoolgirls

One bad apple spoils the whole **bunch**.

decision

n. the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options

synonym: choice, determination, judgment

(1) **decision** authority, (2) a selfish **decision**

She was struggling to make a **decision** between two job offers.

distinguish

v. to notice or understand the difference between two people or things

synonym: determine, differentiate, characterize

(1) **distinguish** these two things, (2) **distinguish** man from the other animals

This study **distinguished** four different ways to run a business.

undifferentiated

adj. having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions

synonym: uniform, identical, alike

(1) **undifferentiated** cells, (2) **undifferentiated** market

The infant makes **undifferentiated** reflex responses to stimuli.

spare

adj. additional to what is necessary for ordinary use; (verb) to give time, money, space, etc. to someone

synonym: extra, excess, (verb) afford

(1) **spare** parts, (2) **spare** cost

I made plans to spend my **spare** time beneficially.

- tire**
- v.* to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued; (noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving
- synonym*: exhaust, weary, fatigue
- (1) **tire** my patience, (2) **tire** pressure
- I need to **tire** out my dog with a long walk so that he will sleep through the night.
- institute**
- n.* an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something
- synonym*: academy, university, college
- (1) **institute** a lawsuit, (2) research **institutes**
- This region has many **institutes** offering higher education.
- boundary**
- n.* a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places
- synonym*: border, frontier, limitation
- (1) geographical **boundary**, (2) the **boundary** between reality and fantasy
- He wandered the **boundary** between life and death by gunfire.
- ream**
- n.* a unit of measurement for the quantity of paper, usually equal to 500 sheets; a large quantity of something
- synonym*: batch, heap, ton
- (1) **ream** weight, (2) **ream** of ideas
- I need to buy a **ream** of printer paper for the office.
- parallel**
- adj.* being everywhere equidistant and not intersecting; of or relating to the simultaneous performance of multiple operations
- synonym*: aligned, side-by-side, similar
- (1) a **parallel** case, (2) **parallel** processing

He walked a road **parallel** to the railroad.

traffic

n. the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time

synonym : congestion, jam, flow

(1) **traffic** jam, (2) heavy **traffic**

We decided to take a detour to avoid the construction **traffic** on the main road.

skinny

adj. having a very thin or slim body; referring to clothing that is tightly fitting and reveals the shape of the body; referring to information or details that are kept secret or confidential

synonym : slender, lean, thin

(1) **skinny** jeans, (2) **skinny** finger

His mom was always concerned about his **skinny** frame and encouraged him to eat more

invest

v. to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result

synonym : fund, sponsor, support

(1) **invest** in stocks, (2) **invest** capital

The government should view children as national assets and actively **invest** in them.

highway

n. a main road, especially one connecting major towns or cities

synonym : road, expressway, freeway

(1) **highway** system, (2) an interstate **highway**

I'm going to take the **highway** to get to my destination faster.

facility

n. a building or place that provides a particular service or is used for a particular industry

synonym : building, structure, installation

(1) a cell phone with an internet **facility**, (2) **facility** design

This company has an entire recycling **facility**, including major

reprocessing plants.

clover

n. a small plant with trifoliate leaves and small, typically white or pink flowers, often used as a fodder crop or for soil improvement due to its ability to fix nitrogen in the soil

synonym: shamrock, trefoil, trifolium

(1) **clover** leaf, (2) four-leaf **clover**

The rabbits happily grazed on the **clover-filled** field.

rebuild

v. to build again or anew

synonym: reconstruct, renovate, restore

(1) **rebuild** a company, (2) **rebuild** communities

They are planning to **rebuild** the house after the fire.

peak

n. the point to which something or someone is at its strongest, best, or most successful; the pointed top of a mountain

synonym: summit, vertex, apex

(1) at **peak** hour, (2) the **peak** current in the circuit

This measurement aims to reduce traffic at **peak** periods.

mathematics

n. the science dealing with the logic of quantities, shapes, spaces, and arrangement

synonym: arithmetic, calculation, calculus

(1) a good grounding in **mathematics**, (2) **mathematics** competition

He has a flair for **mathematics**.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym: finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent

political instability.

reputed

adj. widely believed to be a certain way or to have a certain quality, without necessarily being proven or confirmed; having a certain reputation or status based on hearsay or common belief

synonym : alleged, supposed, rumored

(1) **reputed** company, (2) **reputed** author

He was a **reputed** expert in his field, known for his groundbreaking research.

rack

n. a framework or support structure used to hold or display objects; a set of interconnected shelves or compartments used for storage; a source of torture, distress, or mental anguish

synonym : shelf, stand, frame

(1) clothing **rack**, (2) spice **rack**

I need to buy a new coat **rack** to organize my winter jackets.

capita

n. a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone

synonym : head, headcount, person

(1) per **capita** sales, (2) the agricultural yield per **capita**
GDP per **capita** shrunk by almost 10 percent for the third consecutive year.

independence

n. freedom from another's or others' control or influence

synonym : freedom, liberty, autonomy

(1) financial **independence**, (2) **independence** ceremony

There is nothing more valuable than **independence** and freedom.

strip

v. to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc.

synonym : deprive, undress, (noun) ribbon

(1) **strip** a tire off, (2) coast **strip**

The doctor advised him to **strip** down for a check.

exaggeration

n. an overstatement of facts or description; the act of making something seem larger, more important, or more significant than it is

synonym: hyperbole, overstatement, embellishment

(1) sensational **exaggeration**, (2) minimal **exaggeration**

His story was filled with obvious **exaggerations**.

slight

adj. very small in degree or amount

synonym: feeble, nuanced, subtle

(1) feel a **slight** concern, (2) **slight** increase

We made **slight** modifications to reflect the views of both sides.

fundamental

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

synonym: basic, essential, entire

(1) **fundamental** education, (2) **fundamental** rights

Human behavior has **fundamental** characteristics.

recreation

n. the activity that renews your health and spirits by enjoyment and relaxation; the act or process of making something that existed in the past exists or seems to exist again in a different time or place

synonym: amusement, entertainment, refreshment

(1) outdoor **recreation**, (2) **recreation** of the homeland

Basketball is their usual **recreation** after school.

alcohol

n. a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.

synonym: booze, liquor, ethanol

(1) stop drinking **alcohol**, (2) diluted **alcohol**

There is a clear association between **alcohol** consumption and cognitive decline.

calculus

n. a branch of mathematics that deals with rates of change and limits; the accumulation of hard mineral deposits that can form in organs or ducts in the body, such as kidney stones or gallstones

synonym: mathematics, math, analysis

(1) **calculus** equations, (2) **calculus** disease

I needed help understanding the advanced **calculus** course material.

educated

adj. having received a high standard of education

synonym: knowledgeable, erudite, enlightened

(1) **educated** adult, (2) **educated** speech

Excellent speech is a characteristic of an **educated** man.

census

n. an official count or survey of a population, typically recording various details such as age, sex, occupation, and education levels

synonym: count, survey, enumeration

(1) **census** data, (2) population **census**

The government conducted a **census** of the population to gather data on demographics.

millennial

adj. relating to a period of a thousand years or the year 2000; (noun) a person born between the early 1980s and the late 1990s, also called Generation Y

synonym: thousand, (noun) Generation Y

(1) **millennial** record, (2) the **millennial** reign

Earth's ecosystems are greatly affected by **millennial-scale** changes in climate.

nation

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

synonym: country, state, sovereign entity

(1) **nation-state**, (2) a seafaring **nation**

The **nation** of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

resident

n. a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place

synonym: dweller, inhabitant, inhabitant

(1) a **resident** of the city, (2) **resident** tax

Visa renewal for **resident** foreigners in this country is once every five years.

strategy

n. a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.

synonym: approach, procedure, scenario

(1) military **strategy**, (2) develop a **strategy**

Our plan includes a comprehensive marketing **strategy**.

attract

v. to draw or entice someone or something towards them through the qualities they have, especially positive ones

synonym: lure, entice, draw in

(1) **attract** attention, (2) **attract** customers

The government is eager to **attract** international investment.

corporation

n. a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit

synonym: business, company, enterprise

(1) a public **corporation**, (2) **corporation** assets

Four companies were amalgamated into a single **corporation**.

biology

n. the scientific study of life and the natural processes of living things

(1) evolutionary **biology**, (2) cell and molecular **biology**

In junior high school, we had to dissect a frog in **biology** class.

cluster

n. a group of similar things or people close together, often forming a distinct mass or unit

synonym: group, aggregation, array

(1) live in a **cluster**, (2) a **cluster** of stars

A **cluster** of grapes hung from the vine.

medical

adj. relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine

synonym: health, disease, treatment

(1) a **medical** opinion, (2) temporary **medical** treatment

The **medical** team worked quickly to save the patient's life.

aerospace

adj. pertaining to the design, engineering, science, and technology related to the Earth's atmosphere and the exploration or use of space beyond it

synonym: aeronautical, space, aviation

(1) **aerospace** engineering, (2) **aerospace** and defense industry

NASA is an **aerospace** organization that explores space and improves aviation technology.

engine

n. a machine that converts thermal energy to mechanical work; something that has an important role used to achieve a purpose

synonym: motor, locomotive, driver

(1) a steam **engine**, (2) an air-cooled **engine**

The policies he announces can be the **engine** of economic growth in the country.

entrepreneurship

n. the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one

synonym: self-employment, risk-taking

(1) **entrepreneurship** culture, (2) embody **entrepreneurship**

The government is investing in programs to support **entrepreneurship** and small business development.

scare

v. to frighten a person or animal, or to become frightened

synonym: frighten, spook, intimidate

(1) **scare** off her attacker by screaming, (2) **scare** the birds

away

We hit the ground to **scare** out the rabbits.

obese

adj. excessively overweight, particularly to the point of being a serious health risk; having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or more

synonym: overweight, corpulent, plump

(1) **obese** individuals, (2) **obese** children

The doctor warned him that his **obese** condition put him at risk for numerous health problems.

overweight

adj. weighing more than is considered normal, desirable, or healthy for a particular height and build

synonym: heavy, obese, fat

(1) dangerously **overweight**, (2) an **overweight** patient

The doctor advised him to lose weight and maintain a healthy diet to avoid becoming **overweight**.

enlist

v. to sign up to serve in the military or a particular organization

synonym: join, sign up, appoint

(1) **enlist** in a cause, (2) **enlist** for a soldier

He decided to **enlist** in the military after graduating from high school.

military

adj. relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare

synonym: armed, martial, warlike

(1) a **military** operation, (2) a **military** leader

The **military** academy was known for its strict discipline and training.

accord

n. an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.; (verb) allow to have

synonym: alliance, pact, agreement

(1) **accord** with public opinion, (2) binational **accord**

The organization finally signed a peace **accord**.

disease

n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

synonym: illness, ailment, affliction

(1) **disease** prevention, (2) **disease** control

The doctor diagnosed him with a rare **disease** that had no known cure.

diabetes

n. a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood

(1) juvenile **diabetes**, (2) **diabetes** patient

My father was tested for **diabetes**.

predict

v. to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience

synonym: forecast, anticipate, foresee

(1) **predict** the future, (2) **predict** when she will arrive

It's notoriously challenging to **predict** birth rates.

healthcare

n. the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession

(1) **healthcare** agency, (2) rising **healthcare** cost

In an aging population, citizens must pay more to maintain quality **healthcare**.

crisis

n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

synonym: concern, problem, emergency

(1) financial **crisis**, (2) **crisis** management

The Chinese word for **crisis** comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

- diet** *n.* the food and drink that a person, animal, or community eats and drinks regularly; a legislative assembly in certain countries, for example, Japan
synonym : food, dietary
(1) eat a vegetarian **diet**, (2) **Diet** approval
A balanced **diet** is more important for health than supplements.
- inactive** *adj.* not doing any or much physical activity; lying idle or unused
synonym : inoperative, passive, stagnant
(1) become **inactive**, (2) an **inactive** volcano
The chronic back pain forced him to live an **inactive** life.
- gluttony** *n.* the habitual and excessive consumption of food or drink, often to the point of waste or harm; the tendency to overindulge or be excessively greedy or selfish
synonym : greed, overindulgence, gluttonousness
(1) the sin of **gluttony**, (2) **gluttony** feast
His **gluttony** for sweets and fatty foods led to his obesity and health problems.
- sloth** *n.* laziness or lack of energy or motivation to do something; a slow-moving, arboreal mammal found in Central and South America
synonym : laziness, indolence, idleness
(1) lazy **sloth**, (2) overcome **sloth**
The **sloth's** slow movements are a product of their physiology.
- correlation** *n.* a statistical relationship between two variables in which one variable is affected by the other; a reciprocal relation between two or more facts, numbers, etc.
synonym : relationship, connection, association
(1) ecological **correlation**, (2) **correlation** coefficient
There is a strong **correlation** between education level and income.

latter

adj. situated nearer to the end of something than the beginning; recent

synonym : following, recent, latest

(1) the **latter** part of the 20th century, (2) the **latter** half of life

We plan to schedule the feature update for the **latter** ten days of September.

aptly

adv. in a way that is appropriate or fitting; in a way that demonstrates understanding or intelligence

synonym : appropriately, fittingly, properly

(1) **aptly** named, (2) **aptly** timed

She **aptly** described the complex scientific concept in simple terms everyone could understand.

clinic

n. a building or hospital department where people can go for medical care or advice, especially of a particular condition

synonym : hospital, infirmary

(1) visit to the veterinary **clinic**, (2) a dental **clinic**

She holds a **clinic** on Tuesday mornings.

electron

n. a tiny particle with the negative electrical charge

synonym : negatron

(1) flow of **electrons**, (2) beam of **electrons**

The outermost **electron** shell determines the chemical properties of an atom.

underwear

n. clothes worn next to the skin under outer clothes

synonym : undergarments, lingerie, innerwear

(1) **underwear** clothing, (2) men's **underwear**

I want to buy new winter **underwear** because mine have holes in them.

steady

adj. firmly fixed, supported, or balanced; not shaking or moving

synonym : stable, solid, secure

(1) **steady** increase, (2) take a **steady** job

The patient's vital signs are **steady**, indicating a stable condition.

pump

v. to cause water, air, gas, etc. to move from one place to another by using mechanical equipment; to get or supply something such as money, information, etc. in significant quantities

synonym: drain, inject, send

(1) **pump** a secret out of success, (2) **pump** blood throughout the body

He was alert and could not **pump** any critical information out of him.

calorie

n. unit of heat defined as the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 gram of water by 1 degree Celsius at atmospheric pressure, used by nutritionists to measure how much energy food will produce

(1) **calorie** calculation, (2) reduce my **calorie** intake

It would be best if you burned off **calories** through vigorous exercise.

metabolism

n. the set of chemical reactions in cells or organisms that are necessary for life-sustaining

(1) **metabolism** enzyme, (2) hemoglobin **metabolism**

Better sleep leads to increased **metabolism**.

shock

n. a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant

synonym: amazement, surprise, stunner

(1) death from **shock**, (2) **shock-resistant**

He got an electric **shock** at work.

stem

n. the central part of something from which other parts can develop or grow; the part of a word common to all its inflected variants; (verb) to grow out of, have roots in, or

originate in

synonym : branch, limb, (verb) come from

(1) **stem** from a belief, (2) the **stem** of a matchstick

A rose has thorns on its **stem**.

induce

v. to persuade someone to do something; to cause to act in a specific manner

synonym : cause, encourage, persuade

(1) **induce** a crisis, (2) **induce** him to see a doctor

The lack of sleep **induces** both physical and psychological diseases.

obesity

n. the condition of being significantly overweight, typically defined as having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or greater.

synonym : overweight, corpulence, fattiness

(1) **obesity-related** diseases, (2) suffer from **obesity**

The prevalence of **obesity** has increased significantly in recent years.

mention

v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly

synonym : reference, allude, cite

(1) **mention** name, (2) **mention** in a report

I **mentioned** to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.

asthma

n. a chronic respiratory disease characterized by wheezing, coughing, and difficulty breathing

synonym : bronchial, bronchitis, respiratory ailment

(1) **asthma** attack, (2) **asthma** symptoms

He always had to carry an inhaler due to his severe **asthma**.

epidemic

n. the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time

synonym : outbreak, contagion, plague

(1) a worldwide **epidemic**, (2) health **epidemic**

The disease is now reaching **epidemic** proportions in our country.

exhaust

n. the system in a vehicle that removes waste gases from the engine; (verb) to make someone completely tired

synonym: emission, fumes, (verb) deplete

(1) **exhaust** pipe, (2) **exhaust** a topic

The factory's **exhaust** fumes polluted the air and affected the health of the nearby residents.

pollution

n. the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change

synonym: corrosion, deterioration, corruption

(1) environmental **pollution**, (2) high levels of air **pollution**

The **pollution** is endangering the local plants and animals.

prediction

n. the act of predicting the future by reasoning; a statement made about the future

synonym: forecast, anticipation, foretelling

(1) make my **predictions**, (2) gloomy **predictions**

These results muddied the **prediction**.

grant

v. to agree to give or allow somebody

synonym: allocate, authorize, give

(1) **grant** a new license, (2) **grant** a land

The chairperson **granted** him the right to speak.

smashing

adj. very successful or impressive; causing something to be broken or destroyed

synonym: great, wonderful, breaking

(1) a **smashing** blow, (2) give **smashing** results

The band's new album was a **smashing** success, reaching the top of the charts.

fascinating

adj. extremely interesting

synonym: alluring, intriguing, captivating

(1) **fascinating** story, (2) completely **fascinating** to me
The museum houses a **fascinating** collection of Celtic artifacts.

dime

n. an American or Canadian coin worth one-tenth of a dollar

(1) **dime** store, (2) behind a **dime**

He never received a **dime**, even from the company of a close friend.

movement

n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

synonym: motion, progression, action

(1) a circular **movement**, (2) **movement** of troops

The **movement** of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.

historic

adj. famous or significant in history, or potentially so

synonym: memorable, momentous, historical

(1) **historic** accomplishment, (2) achieve the **historic** feat

The Chinese people have accomplished several **historic** feats.

pestilential

adj. relating to or causing infectious diseases or plagues; having the characteristics or qualities associated with a destructive or harmful influence

synonym: noxious, infectious, plague-ridden

(1) **pestilential** mosquito, (2) **pestilential** disease

The **pestilential** smell coming from the garbage bin was unbearable.

liberty

n. the state of being free within society from oppressive restrictions imposed by authority on one's way of life, behavior, or political views

synonym: freedom, autonomy, independence

(1) personal **liberty**, (2) **liberty** as a right

The founding fathers fought for the **liberty** of the American people.

moral

adj. concerned with the principles of what is right and wrong, fairness, honesty, etc.

synonym: honest, ethical, conscientious

(1) **moral** hazard, (2) **moral** burden

Ethics deals with **moral** conduct.

pile

n. a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money

synonym: accumulation, heap, stack

(1) a sand **pile**, (2) the height of a **pile**

After the party, they had to clean up **piles** of dirty dishes.

corrupt

adj. characterized by dishonest behavior or actions, often involving bribery, fraud, or the abuse of power for personal gain; morally or ethically flawed or polluted; (verb) to make someone or something morally depraved or causing it to become dishonest

synonym: dishonest, unethical, immoral

(1) **corrupt** good manners, (2) **corrupt** discipline

The **corrupt** politician was finally exposed and faced criminal charges.

apparently

adv. based on what you have heard or read

synonym: evidently, obviously, supposedly

(1) **apparently** simple, (2) **apparently** unrelated

The police **apparently** believed this explanation was plausible.

humor

n. the quality of being amusing or funny; the liquid parts of the body

synonym: comedy, funniness, liquid substance

(1) sardonic **humor**, (2) vitreous **humor**

My wife seems to be in ill **humor**.

communion

n. the act or condition of exchanging or sharing thoughts and feelings; (Christianity) the act of participating in the celebration of the Eucharist

synonym : affinity, intimacy, camaraderie

(1) **communion** with God, (2) spiritual **communion** with nature

We use this tableware in a **communion** service.

carbon

n. a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals

(1) **carbon** dioxide, (2) **carbon** emission

Trees absorb **carbon** dioxide and give off oxygen.

emit

v. to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.

synonym : give off, radiate, expel

(1) **emit** a gamma ray, (2) **emit** air pollution

During the unloading, the container box **emits** a clicking sound.

satellite

n. an electronic device that is sent up into space and moves around the Earth or another planet, used for gathering information or communicating by radio, television, etc.

synonym : orbiter, asteroid, moon

(1) a GPS **satellite**, (2) a meteorological **satellite**

Launching an artificial **satellite** contributed to the technological development of our country.

peaceful

adj. not involving violence, conflict, or war

synonym : friendly, pacific, amicable

(1) **peaceful** country, (2) **peaceful** coexistence

Plutonium has limited **peaceful** applications.

countryside

n. rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery

synonym : rural, rustic, pastoral

(1) **countryside** scenery, (2) **countryside** lifestyle

The small village in the **countryside** was perfect for a quiet getaway.

flip

v. to turn over into a different position quickly; to throw or toss with a light motion

synonym : throw, jump

(1) **flip** over the pork chop, (2) **flip** a coin

He **flipped** when he heard that he had been accepted into the university.

shift

n. a slight transition in position, direction, or trend

synonym : transition, change, modification

(1) Doppler **shift**, (2) major paradigm **shift**

Could you help me **shift** some furniture?

destructive

adj. causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage

synonym : destroying, harmful, disastrous

(1) lead to **destructive** behavior, (2) a habit **destructive** to health

It was the most **destructive** storm in decades.

dense

adj. containing a large number of people or something with little space between them

synonym : heavy, thick, idiotic

(1) nutrient- **dense** foods, (2) **dense** forests

The entire mountain is covered in **dense** rainforest.

consume

v. to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount

synonym : absorb, ingest, use up

(1) **consume** a large of alcohol, (2) **consume** electricity

A smaller car will **consume** less fuel.

gasoline

n. a volatile flammable liquid obtained from petroleum, used mainly as a fuel in car engines, etc.

synonym: gas, petrol, fuel

(1) lead-free **gasoline**, (2) small **gasoline** engine

Luxury cars often require high-octane **gasoline** as fuel.

electrify

v. to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something

synonym: wire, amaze, astonish

(1) **electrify** the audience, (2) **electrify** a manufacturing process

The product developed through years of research continues to **electrify** the market.

obvious

adj. easy to see, discover or understand

synonym: apparent, conspicuous, evident

(1) **obvious** reasons, (2) his conclusion was **obvious**

There are **obvious** differences between the two wine-producing regions.

topic

n. a subject that is being discussed or written about

synonym: subject, theme, issue

(1) a serious **topic**, (2) the **topic** of the book

The **topic** of the discussion was the current state of the economy.

gadget

n. a small tool or device that is useful for a particular job

synonym: appliance, gimmick, device

(1) a handy **gadget**, (2) time-saving **gadget**

I found the kitchen **gadget** that will serve as a bottle opener in the store.

dominate

v. to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something

synonym : govern, rule, prevail

(1) **dominate** possession, (2) **dominate** over the weak

The perspective of his right brain **dominates** his consciousness.

discuss

v. to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic

synonym : talk about, converse, debate

(1) **discuss** options, (2) **discuss** solutions

We need to **discuss** the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.

immune

adj. protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells

synonym : resistant, unsusceptible, unaffected

(1) **immune** from criminal prosecution, (2) the cell of the **immune** system

The vaccination does not necessarily make you completely **immune**.

abandon

v. to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity

synonym : relinquish, leave behind, disregard

(1) **abandon** a friend, (2) **abandon** the practice

The castle was **abandoned** several years later.

photovoltaics

n. a branch of technology that involves the conversion of sunlight into electricity using solar cells or other photoelectric devices; the generation of electricity directly from sunlight, typically using solar panels

synonym : solar cells, solar power

(1) **photovoltaics** recycling initiatives, (2) **photovoltaics** system

The development of thin-film **photovoltaics** has allowed for a wider range of applications in building design.

dual

adj. having two parts, aspects, or elements

synonym : twofold, binary, double

(1) **dual** purpose, (2) **dual** nationality

This laptop has a **dual-core** processor, making it fast and efficient.

flush

v. to become red on your face, especially because you are embarrassed, angry, or hot; to rinse, clean, or empty something, especially a toilet, by causing large quantities of water to flow

synonym : redden, burn, suffuse

(1) the blood **flush** into my face, (2) **flush** the toilet

The girl **flushed** when a young man whistled as she walked by.

toilet

n. a bowl-shaped plumbing fixture with a seat for defecation and urination, or a room or building containing one or more of this fixture

synonym : bathroom, lavatory, washroom

(1) **toilet** paper, (2) **toilet** seat

She walked to the **toilet** to freshen up before the meeting.

bamboo

n. a fast-growing plant that has long, hollow stems and is widely used as a building material, food source, and decorative element, especially in Asian cultures

synonym : cane, reed, stem

(1) **bamboo** crafts, (2) **bamboo** flooring

The stalks of **bamboo** can grow up to a foot per day in optimal conditions.

germ

n. a very tiny living that causes the disease; a piece of something such as an organism, concept, etc., capable of growing into a new one or part of one

synonym : bacterium, microbe, pathogen

(1) antibiotic-resistant **germ**, (2) a **germ-free** environment
The **germ** of his idea came from watching birds flying in flocks.

technological

adj. based on scientific and industrial progress

synonym: specialized, technical

(1) **technological** advancement, (2) **technological** policy
Technological advances have disrupted many industries.

stove

n. a kitchen appliance consisting of a flat top, usually with heating elements, used for cooking food

synonym: range, cooker, hotplate

(1) **stove** top, (2) hot **stove**

I made dinner on the **stove** using a pot and a pan.

supposedly

adv. according to what is generally assumed or believed without actually knowing for sure

synonym: seemingly, allegedly, purportedly

(1) **supposedly** identical, (2) neckless **supposedly** made of pure gold

He is **supposedly** nominated for a Nobel Prize.

contribute

v. to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people

synonym: donate, devote, commit

(1) **contribute** a large sum of money to the fund,

(2) **contribute** to society

Government workers cannot **contribute** to political campaigns.

atmosphere

n. the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work

synonym: air, ambiance, circumstances

(1) carbon dioxide in the **atmosphere**, (2) a convivial **atmosphere**

The spaceship began to burn up as it approached the Earth's

atmosphere.

decompose

v. to break down or cause to break down over time into simpler substances or elements

synonym: break down, rot, spoil

(1) **decompose** matter, (2) **decompose** into simpler molecules

After the earthquake, many of the buildings in the city were left in ruins and began to **decompose**.

innovation

n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation

synonym: invention, initiation, creation

(1) **innovation** leader, (2) cutting-edge **innovation**

The vegetarian burger was an **innovation** that quickly spread to the United Kingdom.

brochure

n. a small book or pamphlet advertising a product, service, or place of interest

synonym: pamphlet, leaflet, booklet

(1) company **brochure**, (2) informative **brochure**

The travel agency provided us with a **brochure** outlining the city's attractions.

fraction

n. a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers

synonym: piece, part, fragment

(1) a **fractional** share of the vote, (2) a numerator in a **fraction**

He spent only a **fraction** of his earnings.

metro

n. a mass transit system in an urban area, such as a subway or light rail system; (short for "metropolitan") a large city, either a capital or a major urban area, often characterized by densely populated areas with significant economic, cultural, and political importance

synonym: subway, underground, tube

(1) **metro** station, (2) **metro** area

I prefer taking the **metro** to drive in heavy traffic.

bulb

n. a rounded underground storage organ of some plants from which the plant grows; the rounded part of a cylindrical structure; electric lamp consisting of a glass ball

(1) wet- **bulb** thermometer, (2) a lily **bulb**

The light **bulb** has burned out.

politician

n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.

synonym: congressperson, lawmaker, legislator

(1) a **politician** in the ruling party, (2) a corrupt **politician**

The **politician** lost his position in the end due to the scandal.

forbid

v. to order somebody not to do something, especially officially; to keep something from happening or arising

synonym: prohibit, ban, outlaw

(1) **forbid** smoking in public areas, (2) **forbid** the use of chemical weapons

God **forbid** you should regret your marriage.

rank

n. a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others

synonym: position, status, standing

(1) **rank** amateur, (2) high **rank**

He was promoted to the **rank** of captain in the military.

survey

n. an investigation of the opinions, behavior, etc. of a particular group of people, made by asking people questions

synonym: study, examination, poll

(1) a comprehensive **survey**, (2) recent **survey**

That **survey** shows that people are accepting the tax increase to some extent.

criteria

n. (plural of criterion) standards or conditions by which something may be judged or decided

synonym: bars, benchmarks, standards

(1) **criteria** for action, (2) consistency **criteria**

He didn't meet all the **criteria**, but he was hired anyway.

economics

n. the branch of social science that deals with the production, consumption, and transfer of goods and services

synonym: social science, finance, business

(1) welfare **economics**, (2) **economics** professor

His class will cover an introduction to agricultural **economics**.

suspect

v. to consider anything to be actual or probable

synonym: assume, distrust, surmise

(1) **suspect** a plot, (2) **suspect** that he is sick

The cops **suspected** him of being the killer.

belt

v. to sing loudly and forcefully; to hit someone or something hard; (noun) a strip of leather or other material worn to tie or buckle something around the body

synonym: sing, hit hard, (noun) strap

(1) **belt** him in the face, (2) leather **belt**

The band was **belting** out old songs in response to audience requests.

fuel

n. a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy

synonym: energy, power, gas

(1) biomass **fuel**, (2) smokeless **fuel**

The **fuel** scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector

alignment

n. an arrangement in which two or more elements are placed in a straight line or parallel to each other

synonym: conjunction, arrangement, coalition

(1) **alignment** in an organization, (2) be in **alignment**
In the last century, Britain formed a strong **alignment** with Egypt.

argue

v. to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others

synonym: debate, dispute, quarrel

(1) **argue** a case, (2) **argue** passionately

The couple began to **argue** over which restaurant to go to for dinner.

wealth

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

synonym: affluence, assets, fortunate

(1) majority of his **wealth**, (2) material **wealth**

The **wealth** inequality was unavoidable.

function

n. the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose

synonym: purpose, mapping, job

(1) **function** properly, (2) immune **function**

The brain is an incredibly complex organ that controls the body's **function**.

pollute

v. to make an area or substance, such as land, air, water, etc., dirty or harmful to living things by adding waste matter or harmful chemicals

synonym: contaminate, corrupt, degrade

(1) **pollute** the air, (2) **pollute** the thread

We should do our best not to **pollute** the environment.

globe

n. the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness

synonym : Earth, world, sphere

(1) terrestrial **globe**, (2) around the **globe**

His final goal is to sail around the **globe**.

solace

n. comfort or consolation in a time of distress, sadness, or disappointment; (verb) to comfort or console someone in a time of distress, loss, or suffering

synonym : comfort, condolence, peace

(1) **solace** in music, (2) offer **solace**

The grieving widow found **solace** in reading her late husband's letters.

exhausted

adj. extremely tired

synonym : drowsy, depleted, fatigued

(1) the **exhausted** food sources, (2) **exhausted** parents

The **exhausted** runner fell to the ground and gasped.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. an env_____ist political party | <i>n.</i> a person who is concerned with and advocates for the protection of the natural environment |
| 2. coast st__p | <i>v.</i> to remove the surface from something;
<i>(noun)</i> a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc. |
| 3. ob_____y-related diseases | <i>n.</i> the condition of being significantly overweight, typically defined as having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or greater. |
| 4. a peaceful la_____pe | <i>n.</i> an expanse of scenery that can be seen in a single view; a large area of land, especially in the country and relating to its appearance |
| 5. pe_____ul coexistence | <i>adj.</i> not involving violence, conflict, or war |
| 6. do_____te over the weak | <i>v.</i> to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something |
| 7. va_____t land | <i>adj.</i> not occupied or in use; empty; showing no indication of thought or life, lacking expression or animation |
| 8. pr_____ty seating for elderly | <i>n.</i> something that is more important than other things and should be dealt with first |
| 9. four-leaf cl____r | <i>n.</i> a small plant with trifoliate leaves and small, typically white or pink flowers, often used as a fodder crop or for soil improvement due to its ability to fix nitrogen in the soil |

ANSWERS: 1. environmentalist, 2. strip, 3. obesity, 4. landscape, 5. peaceful, 6. dominate, 7. vacant, 8. priority, 9. clover

10. a g__m-free environment *n.* a very tiny living that causes the disease; a piece of something such as an organism, concept, etc., capable of growing into a new one or part of one
11. t__e my patience *v.* to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued; (noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving
12. material we___h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
13. ae_____ce engineering *adj.* pertaining to the design, engineering, science, and technology related to the Earth's atmosphere and the exploration or use of space beyond it
14. the to__c of the book *n.* a subject that is being discussed or written about
15. re_____d communities *v.* to build again or anew
16. su_____t a plot *v.* to consider anything to be actual or probable
17. clothing r__k *n.* a framework or support structure used to hold or display objects; a set of interconnected shelves or compartments used for storage; a source of torture, distress, or mental anguish

ANSWERS: 10. germ, 11. tire, 12. wealth, 13. aerospace, 14. topic, 15. rebuild, 16. suspect, 17. rack

18. ed____ed speech *adj.* having received a high standard of education
19. fairly ty____l symptoms *adj.* having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things
20. to____t seat *n.* a bowl-shaped plumbing fixture with a seat for defecation and urination, or a room or building containing one or more of this fixture
21. mo____nt of troops *n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
22. a sand p__e *n.* a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money
23. in____t in stocks *v.* to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result
24. sp____l out luxuriously on the sofa *v.* to sit, lie, or fall with one's arms and legs spread out
25. a numerator in a fr____on *n.* a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers
26. con____te to society *v.* to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
27. the ex____ed food sources *adj.* extremely tired
28. consistency cr____ia *n.* (plural of criterion) standards or conditions by which something may be judged or decided

ANSWERS: 18. educated, 19. typical, 20. toilet, 21. movement, 22. pile, 23. invest, 24. sprawl, 25. fraction, 26. contribute, 27. exhausted, 28. criteria

29. el_____fy a manufacturing process *v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
30. vitreous hu__r *n.* the quality of being amusing or funny; the liquid parts of the body
31. there is no other alt_____ve *n.* one of two or more available possibilities or choice
32. a pa_____el case *adj.* being everywhere equidistant and not intersecting; of or relating to the simultaneous performance of multiple operations
33. embody ent_____hip *n.* the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one
34. ur__n property owners *adj.* relating to or located in a town or city
35. de___e a question *v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
36. re__r to a book *v.* to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support
37. meet req_____nt *n.* something that is needed or wanted
38. app_____te behavior *adj.* suitable or proper in the circumstances; fitting
39. f__p over the pork chop *v.* to turn over into a different position quickly; to throw or toss with a light motion

ANSWERS: 29. electrify, 30. humor, 31. alternative, 32. parallel, 33. entrepreneurship, 34. urban, 35. decide, 36. refer, 37. requirement, 38. appropriate, 39. flip

40. pr____t when she will arrive *v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
41. an ad____te of disarmament *n.* a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something
42. bu____e in the champagne glass *n.* a thin, round, and often transparent mass of gas that is surrounded by a thin layer of liquid; a state of economic or social prosperity that is unsustainable and eventually collapses
43. the p__k current in the circuit *n.* the point to which something or someone is at its strongest, best, or most successful; the pointed top of a mountain
44. ec____cs professor *n.* the branch of social science that deals with the production, consumption, and transfer of goods and services
45. immune fu____on *n.* the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose
46. fo____d smoking in public areas *v.* to order somebody not to do something, especially officially; to keep something from happening or arising

ANSWERS: 40. predict, 41. advocate, 42. bubble, 43. peak, 44. economics, 45. function, 46. forbid

47. co____al combination of funds *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
48. completely fas_____ng to me *adj.* extremely interesting
49. li_____y as a right *n.* the state of being free within society from oppressive restrictions imposed by authority on one's way of life, behavior, or political views
50. an eco_____al meal *adj.* providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary
51. d__l nationality *adj.* having two parts, aspects, or elements
52. th_____en national security *v.* to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone
53. sus_____le alternative fuel *adj.* able to continue or be continued for a long time
54. ar__e passionately *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
55. financial ind_____nce *n.* freedom from another's or others' control or influence
56. military st_____gy *n.* a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
57. mo_____ge payment *n.* a loan secured by the collateral of a specific property, such as a house, that is repaid over a set period of time with interest; the legal agreement governing this loan

ANSWERS: 47. communal, 48. fascinating, 49. liberty, 50. economical, 51. dual, 52. threaten, 53. sustainable, 54. argue, 55. independence, 56. strategy, 57. mortgage

58. daily co_____e
v. to regularly travel a particular journey, especially between one's home and place of work; (noun) a regular journey of some distance to and from your place of work
59. und_____ted cells
adj. having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions
60. sk____y jeans
adj. having a very thin or slim body; referring to clothing that is tightly fitting and reveals the shape of the body; referring to information or details that are kept secret or confidential
61. sp__e parts
adj. additional to what is necessary for ordinary use; (verb) to give time, money, space, etc. to someone
62. me_____n in a report
v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly
63. flow of el_____ons
n. a tiny particle with the negative electrical charge
64. reo_____ze a department
v. to change to a more sufficient or suitable form of organization
65. al_____nt in an organization
n. an arrangement in which two or more elements are placed in a straight line or parallel to each other
66. a mi_____ry leader
adj. relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare

ANSWERS: 58. commute, 59. undifferentiated, 60. skinny, 61. spare, 62. mention, 63. electron, 64. reorganize, 65. alignment, 66. military

67. the sin of gl____ny *n.* the habitual and excessive consumption of food or drink, often to the point of waste or harm; the tendency to overindulge or be excessively greedy or selfish
68. ind_____nce ceremony *n.* freedom from another's or others' control or influence
69. ap__y timed *adv.* in a way that is appropriate or fitting; in a way that demonstrates understanding or intelligence
70. pes_____ial mosquito *adj.* relating to or causing infectious diseases or plagues; having the characteristics or qualities associated with a destructive or harmful influence
71. gl____ny feast *n.* the habitual and excessive consumption of food or drink, often to the point of waste or harm; the tendency to overindulge or be excessively greedy or selfish
72. el_____fy the audience *v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
73. an alt_____ve plan *n.* one of two or more available possibilities or choice
74. an ove_____ht patient *adj.* weighing more than is considered normal, desirable, or healthy for a particular height and build
75. nutrient-de__e foods *adj.* containing a large number of people or something with little space between them

ANSWERS: 67. gluttony, 68. independence, 69. aptly, 70. pestilential, 71. gluttony, 72. electrify, 73. alternative, 74. overweight, 75. dense

76. di____e prevention *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
77. visit to the veterinary cl____c *n.* a building or hospital department where people can go for medical care or advice, especially of a particular condition
78. su____b development *n.* an outlying district or residential area of a city or town, typically comprising middle-class and affluent neighborhoods
79. app____ly simple *adv.* based on what you have heard or read
80. spice r__k *n.* a framework or support structure used to hold or display objects; a set of interconnected shelves or compartments used for storage; a source of torture, distress, or mental anguish
81. suffer from ob____y *n.* the condition of being significantly overweight, typically defined as having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or greater.
82. ecological cor____on *n.* a statistical relationship between two variables in which one variable is affected by the other; a reciprocal relation between two or more facts, numbers, etc.
83. a re____nt of the city *n.* a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place

ANSWERS: 76. disease, 77. clinic, 78. suburb, 79. apparently, 80. rack, 81. obesity, 82. correlation, 83. resident

84. tec_____cal policy *adj.* based on scientific and industrial progress
85. na___n-state *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
86. re__r to a map *v.* to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support
87. neckless sup_____ly made of pure gold *adv.* according to what is generally assumed or believed without actually knowing for sure
88. an interstate hi_____y *n.* a main road, especially one connecting major towns or cities
89. qu_____y as a candidate *v.* to reach the standard or fulfill the requirement of ability or knowledge needed to do a particular job or receive a particular benefit or privilege
90. env_____nt affairs *n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
91. as___a attack *n.* a chronic respiratory disease characterized by wheezing, coughing, and difficulty breathing
92. the bo_____ry between reality and fantasy *n.* a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places
93. environmental po_____on *n.* the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change

ANSWERS: 84. technological, 85. nation, 86. refer, 87. supposedly, 88. highway, 89. qualify, 90. environment, 91. asthma, 92. boundary, 93. pollution

94. at p__k hour *n.* the point to which something or someone is at its strongest, best, or most successful; the pointed top of a mountain
95. p__p blood throughout the body *v.* to cause water, air, gas, etc. to move from one place to another by using mechanical equipment; to get or supply something such as money, information, etc. in significant quantities
96. e__t a gamma ray *v.* to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.
97. co____t good manners *adj.* characterized by dishonest behavior or actions, often involving bribery, fraud, or the abuse of power for personal gain; morally or ethically flawed or polluted; (verb) to make someone or something morally depraved or causing it to become dishonest
98. f__p a coin *v.* to turn over into a different position quickly; to throw or toss with a light motion
99. a meteorological sa____te *n.* an electronic device that is sent up into space and moves around the Earth or another planet, used for gathering information or communicating by radio, television, etc.
100. a good grounding in mat____cs *n.* the science dealing with the logic of quantities, shapes, spaces, and arrangement
101. offer so___e *n.* comfort or consolation in a time of distress, sadness, or disappointment; (verb) to comfort or console someone in a time of distress, loss, or suffering

ANSWERS: 94. peak, 95. pump, 96. emit, 97. corrupt, 98. flip, 99. satellite, 100. mathematics, 101. solace

102. d__e store *n.* an American or Canadian coin worth one-tenth of a dollar
103. po_____e the air *v.* to make an area or substance, such as land, air, water, etc., dirty or harmful to living things by adding waste matter or harmful chemicals
104. app_____ly unrelated *adv.* based on what you have heard or read
105. su___b life *n.* an outlying district or residential area of a city or town, typically comprising middle-class and affluent neighborhoods
106. sardonic hu__r *n.* the quality of being amusing or funny; the liquid parts of the body
107. leather b__t *v.* to sing loudly and forcefully; to hit someone or something hard; (noun) a strip of leather or other material worn to tie or buckle something around the body
108. ar__e a case *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
109. research in_____tes *n.* an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something
110. informative br_____re *n.* a small book or pamphlet advertising a product, service, or place of interest
111. ba___o crafts *n.* a fast-growing plant that has long, hollow stems and is widely used as a building material, food source, and decorative element, especially in Asian cultures

ANSWERS: 102. dime, 103. pollute, 104. apparently, 105. suburb, 106. humor, 107. belt, 108. argue, 109. institute, 110. brochure, 111. bamboo

112. a steam en___e *n.* a machine that converts thermal energy to mechanical work; something that has an important role used to achieve a purpose
113. health ep____ic *n.* the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time
114. sh__k-resistant *n.* a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant
115. a circular mo____nt *n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
116. co_____on with God *n.* the act or condition of exchanging or sharing thoughts and feelings; (Christianity) the act of participating in the celebration of the Eucharist
117. a bu__h of trees *n.* a grouping of several similar things which are growing or fastened together
118. un_____ar clothing *n.* clothes worn next to the skin under outer clothes
119. dis_____sh these two things *v.* to notice or understand the difference between two people or things
120. fu_____on properly *n.* the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose

ANSWERS: 112. engine, 113. epidemic, 114. shock, 115. movement, 116. communion, 117. bunch, 118. underwear, 119. distinguish, 120. function

121. increase sl_____ly	<i>adv.</i> in a small degree or extent; a little
122. va____y bottom	<i>n.</i> a long depression on the surface of the land, which typically contains a river
123. the la____r part of the 20th century	<i>adj.</i> situated nearer to the end of something than the beginning; recent
124. ob_____s reasons	<i>adj.</i> easy to see, discover or understand
125. hi_____y system	<i>n.</i> a main road, especially one connecting major towns or cities
126. D__t approval	<i>n.</i> the food and drink that a person, animal, or community eats and drinks regularly; a legislative assembly in certain countries, for example, Japan
127. as____a symptoms	<i>n.</i> a chronic respiratory disease characterized by wheezing, coughing, and difficulty breathing
128. con_____te a large sum of money to the fund	<i>v.</i> to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
129. lead-free ga_____ne	<i>n.</i> a volatile flammable liquid obtained from petroleum, used mainly as a fuel in car engines, etc.
130. a corrupt pol_____an	<i>n.</i> a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
131. an app_____te time	<i>adj.</i> suitable or proper in the circumstances; fitting
132. ex_____t pipe	<i>n.</i> the system in a vehicle that removes waste gases from the engine; (verb) to make someone completely tired

ANSWERS: 121. slightly, 122. valley, 123. latter, 124. obvious, 125. highway, 126. diet, 127. asthma, 128. contribute, 129. gasoline, 130. politician, 131. appropriate, 132. exhaust

133. en___t for a soldier *v.* to sign up to serve in the military or a particular organization
134. qu_____y for membership *v.* to reach the standard or fulfill the requirement of ability or knowledge needed to do a particular job or receive a particular benefit or privilege
135. diluted al_____l *n.* a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
136. pes_____ial disease *adj.* relating to or causing infectious diseases or plagues; having the characteristics or qualities associated with a destructive or harmful influence
137. st__e top *n.* a kitchen appliance consisting of a flat top, usually with heating elements, used for cooking food
138. carbon dioxide in the atm_____re *n.* the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work
139. fas_____ng story *adj.* extremely interesting
140. cl___r leaf *n.* a small plant with trifoliate leaves and small, typically white or pink flowers, often used as a fodder crop or for soil improvement due to its ability to fix nitrogen in the soil
141. a cl_____r of stars *n.* a group of similar things or people close together, often forming a distinct mass or unit
142. t__e pressure *v.* to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued;
(noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving

ANSWERS: 133. enlist, 134. qualify, 135. alcohol, 136. pestilential, 137. stove, 138. atmosphere, 139. fascinating, 140. clover, 141. cluster, 142. tire

143. ab____n the practice *v.* to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity
144. recent su____y *n.* an investigation of the opinions, behavior, etc. of a particular group of people, made by asking people questions
145. personal li____y *n.* the state of being free within society from oppressive restrictions imposed by authority on one's way of life, behavior, or political views
146. mil_____al record *adj.* relating to a period of a thousand years or the year 2000; (noun) a person born between the early 1980s and the late 1990s, also called Generation Y
147. ec____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
148. have pro_____ic arms *adj.* of or relating to an artificial part of the body, such as a limb, a heart, or a breast implant
149. smokeless f__l *n.* a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
150. sc__e off her attacker by screaming *v.* to frighten a person or animal, or to become frightened
151. ae_____ce and defense industry *adj.* pertaining to the design, engineering, science, and technology related to the Earth's atmosphere and the exploration or use of space beyond it

ANSWERS: 143. abandon, 144. survey, 145. liberty, 146. millennial, 147. economy, 148. prosthetic, 149. fuel, 150. scare, 151. aerospace

152. death from sh__k *n.* a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant
153. a sm_____ng blow *adj.* very successful or impressive; causing something to be broken or destroyed
154. a comprehensive su____y *n.* an investigation of the opinions, behavior, etc. of a particular group of people, made by asking people questions
155. hold my breath und_____er *adv.* below or under the surface of the water
156. per ca___a sales *n.* a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone
157. cutting-edge inn_____on *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation
158. the height of a p__e *n.* a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money
159. ca_____e calculation *n.* unit of heat defined as the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 gram of water by 1 degree Celsius at atmospheric pressure, used by nutritionists to measure how much energy food will produce
160. around the gl__e *n.* the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness

ANSWERS: 152. shock, 153. smashing, 154. survey, 155. underwater, 156. capita, 157. innovation, 158. pile, 159. calorie, 160. globe

161. give sm_____ng results *adj.* very successful or impressive; causing something to be broken or destroyed
162. und_____ted market *adj.* having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions
163. sl_____ly alkaline soils *adv.* in a small degree or extent; a little
164. small ga_____ne engine *n.* a volatile flammable liquid obtained from petroleum, used mainly as a fuel in car engines, etc.
165. ex_____t a topic *n.* the system in a vehicle that removes waste gases from the engine; (verb) to make someone completely tired
166. basin-shaped va_____y *n.* a long depression on the surface of the land, which typically contains a river
167. de_____te economy *v.* to destroy a significant portion of something or reduce by ten percent; to cause extensive destruction or severe damage; to drastically reduce in size or number
168. geographical bo_____ry *n.* a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places
169. dedicated env_____ist *n.* a person who is concerned with and advocates for the protection of the natural environment
170. sup_____ly identical *adv.* according to what is generally assumed or believed without actually knowing for sure

ANSWERS: 161. smashing, 162. undifferentiated, 163. slightly, 164. gasoline, 165. exhaust, 166. valley, 167. decimate, 168. boundary, 169. environmentalist, 170. supposedly

171. ty____l leader *adj.* having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things
172. cr____ia for action *n.* (plural of criterion) standards or conditions by which something may be judged or decided
173. st____y increase *adj.* firmly fixed, supported, or balanced; not shaking or moving
174. di____es patient *n.* a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood
175. be__h chemical waste into the atmosphere *v.* to expel air from the stomach through the mouth with a noisy or offensive sound, typically as a result of swallowing air or because of indigestion
176. behind a d__e *n.* an American or Canadian coin worth one-tenth of a dollar
177. di____s options *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
178. welfare ec____cs *n.* the branch of social science that deals with the production, consumption, and transfer of goods and services
179. cou____de lifestyle *n.* rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery
180. a me____l opinion *adj.* relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine

ANSWERS: 171. typical, 172. criteria, 173. steady, 174. diabetes, 175. belch, 176. dime, 177. discuss, 178. economics, 179. countryside, 180. medical

181. cou_____de scenery *n.* rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery
182. a public cor_____on *n.* a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit
183. me__o area *n.* a mass transit system in an urban area, such as a subway or light rail system; (short for "metropolitan") a large city, either a capital or a major urban area, often characterized by densely populated areas with significant economic, cultural, and political importance
184. access to public tr_____rt *n.* a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on
185. po_____e the thread *v.* to make an area or substance, such as land, air, water, etc., dirty or harmful to living things by adding waste matter or harmful chemicals
186. ac____d with public opinion *n.* an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.; (verb) allow to have
187. ed_____ed adult *adj.* having received a high standard of education
188. a dental cl____c *n.* a building or hospital department where people can go for medical care or advice, especially of a particular condition

ANSWERS: 181. countryside, 182. corporation, 183. metro, 184. transport, 185. pollute, 186. accord, 187. educated, 188. clinic

189. binational ac___d *n.* an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.; (verb) allow to have
190. pr_____t the future *v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
191. men's un_____ar *n.* clothes worn next to the skin under outer clothes
192. lead to des_____ve behavior *adj.* causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
193. sk___y finger *adj.* having a very thin or slim body; referring to clothing that is tightly fitting and reveals the shape of the body; referring to information or details that are kept secret or confidential
194. in_____te a lawsuit *n.* an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something
195. a mi_____ry operation *adj.* relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare
196. de___e a word *v.* to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or meaning of something
197. the la___r half of life *adj.* situated nearer to the end of something than the beginning; recent
198. financial cr___s *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

ANSWERS: 189. accord, 190. predict, 191. underwear, 192. destructive, 193. skinny, 194. institute, 195. military, 196. define, 197. latter, 198. crisis

199. sp___l for acres *v.* to sit, lie, or fall with one's arms and legs spread out
200. co_____e a large of alcohol *v.* to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount
201. dis_____sh man from the other animals *v.* to notice or understand the difference between two people or things
202. in___t capital *v.* to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result
203. me_____n name *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly
204. to___t paper *n.* a bowl-shaped plumbing fixture with a seat for defecation and urination, or a room or building containing one or more of this fixture
205. pro_____ic limbs *adj.* of or relating to an artificial part of the body, such as a limb, a heart, or a breast implant
206. ap___y named *adv.* in a way that is appropriate or fitting; in a way that demonstrates understanding or intelligence
207. ba___o flooring *n.* a fast-growing plant that has long, hollow stems and is widely used as a building material, food source, and decorative element, especially in Asian cultures
208. a seafaring na___n *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

ANSWERS: 199. sprawl, 200. consume, 201. distinguish, 202. invest, 203. mention, 204. toilet, 205. prosthetic, 206. aptly, 207. bamboo, 208. nation

209. time-saving ga__t *n.* a small tool or device that is useful for a particular job
210. de____on authority *n.* the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options
211. tec_____cal advancement *adj.* based on scientific and industrial progress
212. company br____re *n.* a small book or pamphlet advertising a product, service, or place of interest
213. aut____le insurance *n.* a road vehicle that has four wheels and is powered by an engine, used for transporting people or goods
214. musical ins____nts *n.* an object used to make musical sounds, such as a piano, guitar, or drum; a tool or device used for a specific activity, particularly in specialist or scientific work
215. stop drinking al____l *n.* a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
216. pr____ty call *n.* something that is more important than other things and should be dealt with first
217. an air-cooled en____e *n.* a machine that converts thermal energy to mechanical work; something that has an important role used to achieve a purpose
218. a bu__h of schoolgirls *n.* a grouping of several similar things which are growing or fastened together

ANSWERS: 209. gadget, 210. decision, 211. technological, 212. brochure, 213. automobile, 214. instrument, 215. alcohol, 216. priority, 217. engine, 218. bunch

219. ca___n dioxide *n.* a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals
220. spiritual co_____on with nature *n.* the act or condition of exchanging or sharing thoughts and feelings; (Christianity) the act of participating in the celebration of the Eucharist
221. surgical ins_____nts *n.* an object used to make musical sounds, such as a piano, guitar, or drum; a tool or device used for a specific activity, particularly in specialist or scientific work
222. hot st__e *n.* a kitchen appliance consisting of a flat top, usually with heating elements, used for cooking food
223. ur__n planning *adj.* relating to or located in a town or city
224. co_____t discipline *adj.* characterized by dishonest behavior or actions, often involving bribery, fraud, or the abuse of power for personal gain; morally or ethically flawed or polluted; (verb) to make someone or something morally depraved or causing it to become dishonest
225. feel a sl___t concern *adj.* very small in degree or amount
226. a blazing ar_____nt *n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute

ANSWERS: 219. carbon, 220. communion, 221. instrument, 222. stove, 223. urban, 224. corrupt, 225. slight, 226. argument

227. pho_____ics system *n.* a branch of technology that involves the conversion of sunlight into electricity using solar cells or other photoelectric devices; the generation of electricity directly from sunlight, typically using solar panels
228. a lily b__b *n.* a rounded underground storage organ of some plants from which the plant grows; the rounded part of a cylindrical structure; electric lamp consisting of a glass ball
229. do_____te possession *v.* to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
230. de__e forests *adj.* containing a large number of people or something with little space between them
231. achieve the hi_____ic feat *adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
232. cell and molecular bi_____y *n.* the scientific study of life and the natural processes of living things
233. overcome sl__h *n.* laziness or lack of energy or motivation to do something; a slow-moving, arboreal mammal found in Central and South America
234. a handy ga____t *n.* a small tool or device that is useful for a particular job
235. minimal exa_____ion *n.* an overstatement of facts or description; the act of making something seem larger, more important, or more significant than it is

ANSWERS: 227. photovoltaics, 228. bulb, 229. dominate, 230. dense, 231. historic, 232. biology, 233. sloth, 234. gadget, 235. exaggeration

236. st__p a tire off *v.* to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc.
237. tr_____rt facilities *n.* a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on
238. pe_____ul country *adj.* not involving violence, conflict, or war
239. re_____nt tax *n.* a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
240. pho_____ics recycling initiatives *n.* a branch of technology that involves the conversion of sunlight into electricity using solar cells or other photoelectric devices; the generation of electricity directly from sunlight, typically using solar panels
241. di_____s solutions *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
242. live in a cl_____r *n.* a group of similar things or people close together, often forming a distinct mass or unit
243. in___e a crisis *v.* to persuade someone to do something; to cause to act in a specific manner
244. be in al_____nt *n.* an arrangement in which two or more elements are placed in a straight line or parallel to each other
245. sp__e cost *adj.* additional to what is necessary for ordinary use; (verb) to give time, money, space, etc. to someone

ANSWERS: 236. strip, 237. transport, 238. peaceful, 239. resident, 240. photovoltaics, 241. discuss, 242. cluster, 243. induce, 244. alignment, 245. spare

246. the agricultural yield per ca___a *n.* a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone
247. ob__e individuals *adj.* excessively overweight, particularly to the point of being a serious health risk; having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or more
248. ca_____us disease *n.* a branch of mathematics that deals with rates of change and limits; the accumulation of hard mineral deposits that can form in organs or ducts in the body, such as kidney stones or gallstones
249. at_____t attention *v.* to draw or entice someone or something towards them through the qualities they have, especially positive ones
250. a serious to__c *n.* a subject that is being discussed or written about
251. inn_____on leader *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation
252. temporary me_____l treatment *adj.* relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine
253. a selfish de_____on *n.* the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options

ANSWERS: 246. capita, 247. obese, 248. calculus, 249. attract, 250. topic, 251. innovation, 252. medical, 253. decision

254. public education ad_____tes *n.* a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something
255. natural phe_____on *n.* something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood
256. im___e from criminal prosecution *adj.* protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
257. economic bu___e *n.* a thin, round, and often transparent mass of gas that is surrounded by a thin layer of liquid; a state of economic or social prosperity that is unsustainable and eventually collapses
258. ce___s data *n.* an official count or survey of a population, typically recording various details such as age, sex, occupation, and education levels
259. eat a vegetarian d__t *n.* the food and drink that a person, animal, or community eats and drinks regularly; a legislative assembly in certain countries, for example, Japan
260. d__l purpose *adj.* having two parts, aspects, or elements
261. the s__m of a matchstick *n.* the central part of something from which other parts can develop or grow; the part of a word common to all its inflected variants; (verb) to grow out of, have roots in, or originate in

ANSWERS: 254. advocate, 255. phenomenon, 256. immune, 257. bubble, 258. census, 259. diet, 260. dual, 261. stem

262. s__m from a belief *n.* the central part of something from which other parts can develop or grow; the part of a word common to all its inflected variants; (verb) to grow out of, have roots in, or originate in
263. la_____pe painting *n.* an expanse of scenery that can be seen in a single view; a large area of land, especially in the country and relating to its appearance
264. a convivial atm_____re *n.* the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work
265. a worldwide ep_____ic *n.* the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time
266. cr____s management *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
267. outdoor rec_____on *n.* the activity that renews your health and spirits by enjoyment and relaxation; the act or process of making something that existed in the past exists or seems to exist again in a different time or place
268. va____t position *adj.* not occupied or in use; empty; showing no indication of thought or life, lacking expression or animation
269. a cell phone with an internet
fa_____ty *n.* a building or place that provides a particular service or is used for a particular industry

ANSWERS: 262. stem, 263. landscape, 264. atmosphere, 265. epidemic, 266. crisis, 267. recreation, 268. vacant, 269. facility

270. principles of sus_____le
development *adj.* able to continue or be continued for a long time
271. driverless aut_____le *n.* a road vehicle that has four wheels and is powered by an engine, used for transporting people or goods
272. ob__e children *adj.* excessively overweight, particularly to the point of being a serious health risk; having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or more
273. en___t in a cause *v.* to sign up to serve in the military or a particular organization
274. p__p a secret out of success *v.* to cause water, air, gas, etc. to move from one place to another by using mechanical equipment; to get or supply something such as money, information, etc. in significant quantities
275. re_____d company *adj.* widely believed to be a certain way or to have a certain quality, without necessarily being proven or confirmed; having a certain reputation or status based on hearsay or common belief
276. be__h loudly *v.* to expel air from the stomach through the mouth with a noisy or offensive sound, typically as a result of swallowing air or because of indigestion
277. ca_____us equations *n.* a branch of mathematics that deals with rates of change and limits; the accumulation of hard mineral deposits that can form in organs or ducts in the body, such as kidney stones or gallstones

ANSWERS: 270. sustainable, 271. automobile, 272. obese, 273. enlist, 274. pump, 275. reputed, 276. belch, 277. calculus

278. majority of his we___h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
279. de___e on a course of action *v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
280. hemoglobin met_____sm *n.* the set of chemical reactions in cells or organisms that are necessary for life-sustaining
281. mat_____cs competition *n.* the science dealing with the logic of quantities, shapes, spaces, and arrangement
282. epi_____ogy research *n.* the study of the distribution and determinants of health-related states or events, including diseases, in specified populations, and the application of this study to the control of health problems
283. chaotic env_____nt *n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
284. hi___ic accomplishment *adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
285. pa___el processing *adj.* being everywhere equidistant and not intersecting; of or relating to the simultaneous performance of multiple operations
286. co___e to work *v.* to regularly travel a particular journey, especially between one's home and place of work; (noun) a regular journey of some distance to and from your place of work

ANSWERS: 278. wealth, 279. decide, 280. metabolism, 281. mathematics, 282. epidemiology, 283. environment, 284. historic, 285. parallel, 286. commute

287. lazy sl__h *n.* laziness or lack of energy or motivation to do something; a slow-moving, arboreal mammal found in Central and South America
288. a pol_____an in the ruling party *n.* a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
289. reduce my ca_____e intake *n.* unit of heat defined as the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 gram of water by 1 degree Celsius at atmospheric pressure, used by nutritionists to measure how much energy food will produce
290. reo_____ze his debts *v.* to change to a more sufficient or suitable form of organization
291. an in_____ve volcano *adj.* not doing any or much physical activity; lying idle or unused
292. met_____sm enzyme *n.* the set of chemical reactions in cells or organisms that are necessary for life-sustaining
293. fa_____ty design *n.* a building or place that provides a particular service or is used for a particular industry
294. high r__k *n.* a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
295. high levels of air po_____on *n.* the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change

ANSWERS: 287. sloth, 288. politician, 289. calorie, 290. reorganize, 291. inactive, 292. metabolism, 293. facility, 294. rank, 295. pollution

296. re_____nt population *adj.* able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions
297. cancer epi_____ogy *n.* the study of the distribution and determinants of health-related states or events, including diseases, in specified populations, and the application of this study to the control of health problems
298. the ar_____nt against capital punishment *n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
299. wet-b__b thermometer *n.* a rounded underground storage organ of some plants from which the plant grows; the rounded part of a cylindrical structure; electric lamp consisting of a glass ball
300. so___e in music *n.* comfort or consolation in a time of distress, sadness, or disappointment; (verb) to comfort or console someone in a time of distress, loss, or suffering
301. tracking de___e *n.* a piece of equipment, tool, or technology that serves a particular purpose or function, often mechanical or electronic
302. r__m weight *n.* a unit of measurement for the quantity of paper, usually equal to 500 sheets; a large quantity of something
303. fun_____al education *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

ANSWERS: 296. resilient, 297. epidemiology, 298. argument, 299. bulb, 300. solace, 301. device, 302. ream, 303. fundamental

304. gr__t a land *v.* to agree to give or allow somebody
305. mo__l burden *adj.* concerned with the principles of what is right and wrong, fairness, honesty, etc.
306. the cell of the im___e system *adj.* protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
307. a habit des_____ve to health *adj.* causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
308. de___e my position *v.* to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or meaning of something
309. make my pre_____ons *n.* the act of predicting the future by reasoning; a statement made about the future
310. fo___d the use of chemical weapons *v.* to order somebody not to do something, especially officially; to keep something from happening or arising
311. tr_____c jam *n.* the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time
312. mo__l hazard *adj.* concerned with the principles of what is right and wrong, fairness, honesty, etc.
313. r__k amateur *n.* a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
314. gr__t a new license *v.* to agree to give or allow somebody

ANSWERS: 304. grant, 305. moral, 306. immune, 307. destructive, 308. define, 309. prediction, 310. forbid, 311. traffic, 312. moral, 313. rank, 314. grant

315. r__m of ideas	<i>n.</i> a unit of measurement for the quantity of paper, usually equal to 500 sheets; a large quantity of something
316. a fr____onal share of the vote	<i>n.</i> a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers
317. ent_____hip culture	<i>n.</i> the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one
318. a hard and re_____nt steel	<i>adj.</i> able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions
319. juvenile di_____es	<i>n.</i> a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood
320. seals sleep und_____er	<i>adv.</i> below or under the surface of the water
321. re_____d author	<i>adj.</i> widely believed to be a certain way or to have a certain quality, without necessarily being proven or confirmed; having a certain reputation or status based on hearsay or common belief
322. antibiotic-resistant g__m	<i>n.</i> a very tiny living that causes the disease; a piece of something such as an organism, concept, etc., capable of growing into a new one or part of one
323. b__t him in the face	<i>v.</i> to sing loudly and forcefully; to hit someone or something hard; (noun) a strip of leather or other material worn to tie or buckle something around the body
324. th_____en a healthy relationship	<i>v.</i> to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone

ANSWERS: 315. ream, 316. fraction, 317. entrepreneurship, 318. resilient, 319. diabetes, 320. underwater, 321. reputed, 322. germ, 323. belt, 324. threaten

325. rising hea_____re cost *n.* the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
326. at_____t customers *v.* to draw or entice someone or something towards them through the qualities they have, especially positive ones
327. his conclusion was ob_____s *adj.* easy to see, discover or understand
328. heavy tr_____c *n.* the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time
329. the mil_____al reign *adj.* relating to a period of a thousand years or the year 2000; (noun) a person born between the early 1980s and the late 1990s, also called Generation Y
330. sl_____t increase *adj.* very small in degree or amount
331. fixed-rate mo_____ge *n.* a loan secured by the collateral of a specific property, such as a house, that is repaid over a set period of time with interest; the legal agreement governing this loan
332. biomass f__l *n.* a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
333. evolutionary bi_____y *n.* the scientific study of life and the natural processes of living things

ANSWERS: 325. healthcare, 326. attract, 327. obvious, 328. traffic, 329. millennial, 330. slight, 331. mortgage, 332. fuel, 333. biology

334. ec____y of scale *n.* the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
335. in____e him to see a doctor *v.* to persuade someone to do something; to cause to act in a specific manner
336. rec_____on of the homeland *n.* the activity that renews your health and spirits by enjoyment and relaxation; the act or process of making something that existed in the past exist or seem to exist again in a different time or place
337. become in_____ve *adj.* not doing any or much physical activity; lying idle or unused
338. terrestrial gl__e *n.* the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness
339. arc_____ure design *n.* the art and science of designing and constructing buildings
340. fl__h the toilet *v.* to become red on your face, especially because you are embarrassed, angry, or hot; to rinse, clean, or empty something, especially a toilet, by causing large quantities of water to flow
341. the blood fl__h into my face *v.* to become red on your face, especially because you are embarrassed, angry, or hot; to rinse, clean, or empty something, especially a toilet, by causing large quantities of water to flow

ANSWERS: 334. economy, 335. induce, 336. recreation, 337. inactive, 338. globe, 339. architecture, 340. flush, 341. flush

342. co_____e electricity *v.* to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount
343. hea_____re agency *n.* the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
344. school req_____nt *n.* something that is needed or wanted
345. beam of el_____ons *n.* a tiny particle with the negative electrical charge
346. sensational exa_____ion *n.* an overstatement of facts or description; the act of making something seem larger, more important, or more significant than it is
347. re_____d a company *v.* to build again or anew
348. cor_____on coefficient *n.* a statistical relationship between two variables in which one variable is affected by the other; a reciprocal relation between two or more facts, numbers, etc.
349. develop a st_____gy *n.* a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
350. classic arc_____ure *n.* the art and science of designing and constructing buildings
351. e__t air pollution *v.* to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.
352. dangerously ove_____ht *adj.* weighing more than is considered normal, desirable, or healthy for a particular height and build

ANSWERS: 342. consume, 343. healthcare, 344. requirement, 345. electron, 346. exaggeration, 347. rebuild, 348. correlation, 349. strategy, 350. architecture, 351. emit, 352. overweight

353. electronic de___e *n.* a piece of equipment, tool, or technology that serves a particular purpose or function, often mechanical or electronic
354. take a st___y job *adj.* firmly fixed, supported, or balanced; not shaking or moving
355. major paradigm sh__t *n.* a slight transition in position, direction, or trend
356. de_____se into simpler molecules *v.* to break down or cause to break down over time into simpler substances or elements
357. a GPS sa_____te *n.* an electronic device that is sent up into space and moves around the Earth or another planet, used for gathering information or communicating by radio, television, etc.
358. fun_____al rights *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
359. de_____te population *v.* to destroy a significant portion of something or reduce by ten percent; to cause extensive destruction or severe damage; to drastically reduce in size or number
360. co_____al swimming pool *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
361. eco_____al use of her time *adj.* providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary

ANSWERS: 353. device, 354. steady, 355. shift, 356. decompose, 357. satellite, 358. fundamental, 359. decimate, 360. communal, 361. economical

362. ca___n emission *n.* a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals
363. de_____se matter *v.* to break down or cause to break down over time into simpler substances or elements
364. ab_____n a friend *v.* to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity
365. me__o station *n.* a mass transit system in an urban area, such as a subway or light rail system; (short for "metropolitan") a large city, either a capital or a major urban area, often characterized by densely populated areas with significant economic, cultural, and political importance
366. historical phe_____on *n.* something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood
367. gloomy pre_____ons *n.* the act of predicting the future by reasoning; a statement made about the future
368. cor_____on assets *n.* a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit
369. di_____e control *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

ANSWERS: 362. carbon, 363. decompose, 364. abandon, 365. metro, 366. phenomenon, 367. prediction, 368. corporation, 369. disease

370. ex_____ed parents *adj.* extremely tired
371. sc__e the birds away *v.* to frighten a person or animal, or to become frightened
372. population ce___s *n.* an official count or survey of a population, typically recording various details such as age, sex, occupation, and education levels
373. Doppler sh__t *n.* a slight transition in position, direction, or trend
374. su_____t that he is sick *v.* to consider anything to be actual or probable

ANSWERS: 370. exhausted, 371. scare, 372. census, 373. shift, 374. suspect

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The _____ politician was finally exposed and faced criminal charges.
adj. characterized by dishonest behavior or actions, often involving bribery, fraud, or the abuse of power for personal gain; morally or ethically flawed or polluted;
(verb) to make someone or something morally depraved or causing it to become dishonest
2. The prevalence of _____ has increased significantly in recent years.
n. the condition of being significantly overweight, typically defined as having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or greater.
3. He _____ when he heard that he had been accepted into the university.
v. to turn over into a different position quickly; to throw or toss with a light motion
4. I needed help understanding the advanced _____ course material.
n. a branch of mathematics that deals with rates of change and limits; the accumulation of hard mineral deposits that can form in organs or ducts in the body, such as kidney stones or gallstones
5. Our plan includes a comprehensive marketing _____.
n. a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
6. The police _____ believed this explanation was plausible.
adv. based on what you have heard or read
7. The _____ of the discussion was the current state of the economy.
n. a subject that is being discussed or written about

ANSWERS: 1. corrupt, 2. obesity, 3. flipped, 4. calculus, 5. strategy, 6. apparently, 7. topic

8. The product developed through years of research continues to _____ the market.
- v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
9. Enhanced rail _____ is crucial for our business.
- n.* a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on
10. It's notoriously challenging to _____ birth rates.
- v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
11. The lush vegetation _____ across the wonderfully landscaped gardens.
- v.* to sit, lie, or fall with one's arms and legs spread out
12. The _____ of his idea came from watching birds flying in flocks.
- n.* a very tiny living that causes the disease; a piece of something such as an organism, concept, etc., capable of growing into a new one or part of one
13. The museum houses a _____ collection of Celtic artifacts.
- adj.* extremely interesting
14. The vaccination does not necessarily make you completely _____.
- adj.* protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
15. The _____ of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.
- n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

ANSWERS: 8. electrify, 9. transportation, 10. predict, 11. sprawls, 12. germ, 13. fascinating, 14. immune, 15. movement

16. We plan to schedule the feature update for the _____ ten days of September.
adj. situated nearer to the end of something than the beginning; recent
17. This laptop has a _____ processor, making it fast and efficient.
adj. having two parts, aspects, or elements
18. The _____ between the two sides over the proposed policy was heated.
n. a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
19. Better sleep leads to increased _____.
n. the set of chemical reactions in cells or organisms that are necessary for life-sustaining
20. The patient's vital signs are _____ indicating a stable condition.
adj. firmly fixed, supported, or balanced; not shaking or moving
21. A balanced _____ is more important for health than supplements.
n. the food and drink that a person, animal, or community eats and drinks regularly; a legislative assembly in certain countries, for example, Japan
22. The band was _____ out old songs in response to audience requests.
v. to sing loudly and forcefully; to hit someone or something hard; (noun) a strip of leather or other material worn to tie or buckle something around the body
23. We decided to take a detour to avoid the construction _____ on the main road.
n. the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time

ANSWERS: 16. latter, 17. dual-core, 18. argument, 19. metabolism, 20. steady, 21. diet, 22. belting, 23. traffic

24. The cops _____ him of being the killer.
- v. to consider anything to be actual or probable
25. I'm going to take the _____ to get to my destination faster.
- n. a main road, especially one connecting major towns or cities
26. The girl _____ when a young man whistled as she walked by.
- v. to become red on your face, especially because you are embarrassed, angry, or hot; to rinse, clean, or empty something, especially a toilet, by causing large quantities of water to flow
27. The perspective of his right brain _____ his consciousness.
- v. to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
28. The _____ of influenza has been well studied over the years, leading to the development of effective vaccines and treatment strategies.
- n. the study of the distribution and determinants of health-related states or events, including diseases, in specified populations, and the application of this study to the control of health problems
29. She walked to the _____ to freshen up before the meeting.
- n. a bowl-shaped plumbing fixture with a seat for defecation and urination, or a room or building containing one or more of this fixture
30. The stalks of _____ can grow up to a foot per day in optimal conditions.
- n. a fast-growing plant that has long, hollow stems and is widely used as a building material, food source, and decorative element, especially in Asian cultures
31. The Chinese word for _____ comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.
- n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

ANSWERS: 24. suspected, 25. highway, 26. flushed, 27. dominates, 28. epidemiology, 29. toilet, 30. bamboo, 31. crisis

32. He decided to _____ in the military after graduating from high school.
v. to sign up to serve in the military or a particular organization
33. This company has an entire recycling _____ including major reprocessing plants.
n. a building or place that provides a particular service or is used for a particular industry
34. The government is investing in programs to support _____ and small business development.
n. the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one
35. This artwork is _____ of her work.
adj. having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things
36. _____ elections were held in several European countries.
adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
37. The factory's _____ fumes polluted the air and affected the health of the nearby residents.
n. the system in a vehicle that removes waste gases from the engine; (verb) to make someone completely tired
38. New _____ joints are less prone to metal poisoning.
adj. of or relating to an artificial part of the body, such as a limb, a heart, or a breast implant
39. The castle was _____ several years later.
v. to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity

ANSWERS: 32. enlist, 33. facility, 34. entrepreneurship, 35. typical, 36. Communal, 37. exhaust, 38. prosthetic, 39. abandoned

40. There is a clear association between _____ consumption and cognitive decline.
- n.* a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
41. The new CEO was appointed to _____ their business.
- v.* to change to a more sufficient or suitable form of organization
42. The spaceship began to burn up as it approached the Earth's _____.
- n.* the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work
43. We use this tableware in a _____ service.
- n.* the act or condition of exchanging or sharing thoughts and feelings; (Christianity) the act of participating in the celebration of the Eucharist
44. The doctor warned him that his _____ condition put him at risk for numerous health problems.
- adj.* excessively overweight, particularly to the point of being a serious health risk; having a body mass index (BMI) of 30 or more
45. What is the entry _____ for this course?
- n.* something that is needed or wanted
46. My father was tested for _____.
- n.* a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood
47. The _____ had received a mild snowfall the previous week.
- n.* a long depression on the surface of the land, which typically contains a river

ANSWERS: 40. alcohol, 41. reorganize, 42. atmosphere, 43. communion, 44. obese, 45. requirement, 46. diabetes, 47. valley

48. I prefer taking the _____ to drive in heavy traffic.

n. a mass transit system in an urban area, such as a subway or light rail system; (short for "metropolitan") a large city, either a capital or a major urban area, often characterized by densely populated areas with significant economic, cultural, and political importance

49. The doctor advised him to lose weight and maintain a healthy diet to avoid becoming _____.

adj. weighing more than is considered normal, desirable, or healthy for a particular height and build

50. This region has many _____ offering higher education.

n. an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something

51. The _____ team worked quickly to save the patient's life.

adj. relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine

52. We made _____ modifications to reflect the views of both sides.

adj. very small in degree or amount

53. The _____ scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector

n. a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy

54. Plutonium has limited _____ applications.

adj. not involving violence, conflict, or war

55. A rose has thorns on its _____.

n. the central part of something from which other parts can develop or grow; the part of a word common to all its inflected variants; (verb) to grow out of, have roots in, or originate in

ANSWERS: 48. metro, 49. overweight, 50. institutes, 51. medical, 52. slight, 53. fuel, 54. peaceful, 55. stem

56. The _____ lobby changed the mindset of many conservative politicians.

n. a person who is concerned with and advocates for the protection of the natural environment

57. Luxury cars often require high-octane _____ as fuel.

n. a volatile flammable liquid obtained from petroleum, used mainly as a fuel in car engines, etc.

58. Could you help me _____ some furniture?

n. a slight transition in position, direction, or trend

59. It was the most _____ storm in decades.

adj. causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage

60. The grieving widow found _____ in reading her late husband's letters.

n. comfort or consolation in a time of distress, sadness, or disappointment; (verb) to comfort or console someone in a time of distress, loss, or suffering

61. The policies he announces can be the _____ of economic growth in the country.

n. a machine that converts thermal energy to mechanical work; something that has an important role used to achieve a purpose

62. He was alert and could not _____ any critical information out of him.

v. to cause water, air, gas, etc. to move from one place to another by using mechanical equipment; to get or supply something such as money, information, etc. in significant quantities

63. The _____ academy was known for its strict discipline and training.

adj. relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare

ANSWERS: 56. environmentalist, 57. gasoline, 58. shift, 59. destructive, 60. solace, 61. engine, 62. pump, 63. military

64. The founding fathers fought for the _____ of the American people.
n. the state of being free within society from oppressive restrictions imposed by authority on one's way of life, behavior, or political views
65. The vegetarian burger was an _____ that quickly spread to the United Kingdom.
n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation
66. The government should view children as national assets and actively _____ in them.
v. to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result
67. I made plans to spend my _____ time beneficially.
adj. additional to what is necessary for ordinary use; (verb) to give time, money, space, etc. to someone
68. He didn't meet all the _____ but he was hired anyway.
n. (plural of criterion) standards or conditions by which something may be judged or decided
69. He is good at swimming _____.
adv. below or under the surface of the water
70. The outermost _____ shell determines the chemical properties of an atom.
n. a tiny particle with the negative electrical charge
71. After the party, they had to clean up _____ of dirty dishes.
n. a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money

ANSWERS: 64. liberty, 65. innovation, 66. invest, 67. spare, 68. criteria, 69. underwater, 70. electron, 71. piles

72. The _____ runner fell to the ground and gasped.

adj. extremely tired

73. I want to buy new winter _____ because mine have holes in them.

n. clothes worn next to the skin under outer clothes

74. He moved his body _____ to the left.

adv. in a small degree or extent; a little

75. Human behavior has _____ characteristics.

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

76. Excellent speech is a characteristic of an _____ man.

adj. having received a high standard of education

77. Trees absorb _____ dioxide and give off oxygen.

n. a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals

78. The light _____ has burned out.

n. a rounded underground storage organ of some plants from which the plant grows; the rounded part of a cylindrical structure; electric lamp consisting of a glass ball

79. I need to buy a _____ of printer paper for the office.

n. a unit of measurement for the quantity of paper, usually equal to 500 sheets; a large quantity of something

ANSWERS: 72. exhausted, 73. underwear, 74. slightly, 75. fundamental, 76. educated, 77. carbon, 78. bulb, 79. ream

80. The _____ is endangering the local plants and animals.
n. the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change
81. They are planning to _____ the house after the fire.
v. to build again or anew
82. It would be _____ to dress nicely for the wedding.
adj. suitable or proper in the circumstances; fitting
83. The rabbits happily grazed on the _____ field.
n. a small plant with trifoliate leaves and small, typically white or pink flowers, often used as a fodder crop or for soil improvement due to its ability to fix nitrogen in the soil
84. There are _____ differences between the two wine-producing regions.
adj. easy to see, discover or understand
85. His _____ for sweets and fatty foods led to his obesity and health problems.
n. the habitual and excessive consumption of food or drink, often to the point of waste or harm; the tendency to overindulge or be excessively greedy or selfish
86. Earth's ecosystems are greatly affected by _____ changes in climate.
adj. relating to a period of a thousand years or the year 2000; (noun) a person born between the early 1980s and the late 1990s, also called Generation Y
87. The development of thin-film _____ has allowed for a wider range of applications in building design.
n. a branch of technology that involves the conversion of sunlight into electricity using solar cells or other photoelectric devices; the generation of electricity directly from sunlight, typically using solar panels

ANSWERS: 80. pollution, 81. rebuild, 82. appropriate, 83. clover-filled, 84. obvious, 85. gluttony, 86. millennial-scale, 87. photovoltaics

88. A smaller car will _____ less fuel.

v. to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount

89. The small village in the _____ was perfect for a quiet getaway.

n. rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery

90. The brain is an incredibly complex organ that controls the body's _____.

n. the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose

91. The real estate agent showed me a _____ apartment perfect for my needs.

adj. not occupied or in use; empty; showing no indication of thought or life, lacking expression or animation

92. She couldn't _____ whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.

v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options

93. It is more _____ to wash your plastic bottle and reuse it.

adj. providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary

94. He had to _____ two hours each way to get to work.

v. to regularly travel a particular journey, especially between one's home and place of work; (noun) a regular journey of some distance to and from your place of work

ANSWERS: 88. consume, 89. countryside, 90. function, 91. vacant, 92. decide, 93. economical, 94. commute

95. GDP per _____ shrunk by almost 10 percent for the third consecutive year.
- n.* a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone
96. Various artificially induced causes are _____ our ecosystem.
- v.* to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone
97. Visa renewal for _____ foreigners in this country is once every five years.
- n.* a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
98. His story was filled with obvious _____.
- n.* an overstatement of facts or description; the act of making something seem larger, more important, or more significant than it is
99. His mom was always concerned about his _____ frame and encouraged him to eat more
- adj.* having a very thin or slim body; referring to clothing that is tightly fitting and reveals the shape of the body; referring to information or details that are kept secret or confidential
100. I need to _____ out my dog with a long walk so that he will sleep through the night.
- v.* to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued; (noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving
101. He has a flair for _____.
- n.* the science dealing with the logic of quantities, shapes, spaces, and arrangement

ANSWERS: 95. capita, 96. threatening, 97. resident, 98. exaggerations, 99. skinny, 100. tire, 101. mathematics

102. Please _____ to the instruction manual for further assistance.

- v.* to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support

103. This measurement aims to reduce traffic at _____ periods.

- n.* the point to which something or someone is at its strongest, best, or most successful; the pointed top of a mountain

104. Recent electoral shocks have shaken the political _____ in Europe.

- n.* an expanse of scenery that can be seen in a single view; a large area of land, especially in the country and relating to its appearance

105. She was struggling to make a _____ between two job offers.

- n.* the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options

106. Four companies were amalgamated into a single _____.

- n.* a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit

107. He got an electric _____ at work.

- n.* a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant

108. A rainbow is a natural _____.

- n.* something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood

109. Government workers cannot _____ to political campaigns.

- v.* to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people

ANSWERS: 102. refer, 103. peak, 104. landscape, 105. decision, 106. corporation, 107. shock, 108. phenomenon, 109. contribute

110. He was promoted to the _____ of captain in the military.

n. a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others

111. The lack of sleep _____ both physical and psychological diseases.

v. to persuade someone to do something; to cause to act in a specific manner

112. He is _____ nominated for a Nobel Prize.

adv. according to what is generally assumed or believed without actually knowing for sure

113. The entire mountain is covered in _____ rainforest.

adj. containing a large number of people or something with little space between them

114. It would be best if you burned off _____ through vigorous exercise.

n. unit of heat defined as the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 gram of water by 1 degree Celsius at atmospheric pressure, used by nutritionists to measure how much energy food will produce

115. He grew up in the _____ but always dreamed of living in the city.

n. an outlying district or residential area of a city or town, typically comprising middle-class and affluent neighborhoods

116. The travel agency provided us with a _____ outlining the city's attractions.

n. a small book or pamphlet advertising a product, service, or place of interest

117. In the last century, Britain formed a strong _____ with Egypt.

n. an arrangement in which two or more elements are placed in a straight line or parallel to each other

ANSWERS: 110. rank, 111. induces, 112. supposedly, 113. dense, 114. calories, 115. suburbs, 116. brochure, 117. alignment

118. God _____ you should regret your marriage.

- v.* to order somebody not to do something, especially officially; to keep something from happening or arising

119. Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's _____.

- n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

120. The top three teams in this tournament _____ for the Olympics.

- v.* to reach the standard or fulfill the requirement of ability or knowledge needed to do a particular job or receive a particular benefit or privilege

121. Many people worry that the current real estate market is a _____ that could burst soon.

- n.* a thin, round, and often transparent mass of gas that is surrounded by a thin layer of liquid; a state of economic or social prosperity that is unsustainable and eventually collapses

122. The government is eager to _____ international investment.

- v.* to draw or entice someone or something towards them through the qualities they have, especially positive ones

123. They were able to purchase their dream home with a _____ from the bank.

- n.* a loan secured by the collateral of a specific property, such as a house, that is repaid over a set period of time with interest; the legal agreement governing this loan

124. One bad apple spoils the whole _____.

- n.* a grouping of several similar things which are growing or fastened together

ANSWERS: 118. forbid, 119. environment, 120. qualify, 121. bubble, 122. attract, 123. mortgage, 124. bunch

125. This electronic _____ is required to undergo periodic inspections to ensure precision.
- n.* an object used to make musical sounds, such as a piano, guitar, or drum; a tool or device used for a specific activity, particularly in specialist or scientific work
126. The hurricane _____ the small town, leaving behind destruction and devastation.
- v.* to destroy a significant portion of something or reduce by ten percent; to cause extensive destruction or severe damage; to drastically reduce in size or number
127. These results muddied the _____.
- n.* the act of predicting the future by reasoning; a statement made about the future
128. He spent only a _____ of his earnings.
- n.* a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers
129. That _____ shows that people are accepting the tax increase to some extent.
- n.* an investigation of the opinions, behavior, etc. of a particular group of people, made by asking people questions
130. To advance this discussion, we must _____ "success" rigorously.
- v.* to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or meaning of something
131. His class will cover an introduction to agricultural _____.
- n.* the branch of social science that deals with the production, consumption, and transfer of goods and services
132. The Chinese people have accomplished several _____ feats.
- adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so

ANSWERS: 125. instrument, 126. decimated, 127. prediction, 128. fraction, 129. survey, 130. define, 131. economics, 132. historic

133. There is a strong _____ between education level and income.
n. a statistical relationship between two variables in which one variable is affected by the other; a reciprocal relation between two or more facts, numbers, etc.
134. He walked a road _____ to the railroad.
adj. being everywhere equidistant and not intersecting; of or relating to the simultaneous performance of multiple operations
135. The _____ smell coming from the garbage bin was unbearable.
adj. relating to or causing infectious diseases or plagues; having the characteristics or qualities associated with a destructive or harmful influence
136. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
n. the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
137. The _____ slow movements are a product of their physiology.
n. laziness or lack of energy or motivation to do something; a slow-moving, arboreal mammal found in Central and South America
138. The doctor diagnosed him with a rare _____ that had no known cure.
n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
139. The disease is now reaching _____ proportions in our country.
n. the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time

ANSWERS: 133. correlation, 134. parallel, 135. pestilential, 136. economy, 137. sloth's, 138. disease, 139. epidemic

140. The chronic back pain forced him to live an _____ life.

adj. not doing any or much physical activity; lying idle or unused

141. He always had to carry an inhaler due to his severe _____.

n. a chronic respiratory disease characterized by wheezing, coughing, and difficulty breathing

142. The organization finally signed a peace _____.

n. an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.;
(verb) allow to have

143. I always carry a backup _____ in case my phone runs out of battery.

n. a piece of equipment, tool, or technology that serves a particular purpose or function, often mechanical or electronic

144. My wife seems to be in ill _____.

n. the quality of being amusing or funny; the liquid parts of the body

145. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

146. Only a small number of _____ utilities offer sanitation services.

adj. relating to or located in a town or city

147. The infant makes _____ reflex responses to stimuli.

adj. having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions

ANSWERS: 140. inactive, 141. asthma, 142. accord, 143. device, 144. humor, 145. wealth, 146. urban, 147. undifferentiated

148. The _____ lost his position in the end due to the scandal.
n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
149. _____ advances have disrupted many industries.
adj. based on scientific and industrial progress
150. Launching an artificial _____ contributed to the technological development of our country.
n. an electronic device that is sent up into space and moves around the Earth or another planet, used for gathering information or communicating by radio, television, etc.
151. The government should do more to support environmentally _____ agriculture.
adj. able to continue or be continued for a long time
152. The city is known for its impressive _____ and beautiful old buildings.
n. the art and science of designing and constructing buildings
153. This study _____ four different ways to run a business.
v. to notice or understand the difference between two people or things
154. In an aging population, citizens must pay more to maintain quality _____.
n. the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
155. The government conducted a _____ of the population to gather data on demographics.
n. an official count or survey of a population, typically recording various details such as age, sex, occupation, and education levels

ANSWERS: 148. politician, 149. Technological, 150. satellite, 151. sustainable, 152. architecture, 153. distinguished, 154. healthcare, 155. census

156. There is nothing more valuable than _____ and freedom.

n. freedom from another's or others' control or influence

157. She _____ described the complex scientific concept in simple terms everyone could understand.

adv. in a way that is appropriate or fitting; in a way that demonstrates understanding or intelligence

158. I made dinner on the _____ using a pot and a pan.

n. a kitchen appliance consisting of a flat top, usually with heating elements, used for cooking food

159. During the unloading, the container box _____ a clicking sound.

v. to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.

160. The _____ industry is a major contributor to air pollution in cities.

n. a road vehicle that has four wheels and is powered by an engine, used for transporting people or goods

161. After the earthquake, many of the buildings in the city were left in ruins and began to _____.

v. to break down or cause to break down over time into simpler substances or elements

162. His final goal is to sail around the _____.

n. the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness

163. In junior high school, we had to dissect a frog in _____ class.

n. the scientific study of life and the natural processes of living things

ANSWERS: 156. independence, 157. aptly, 158. stove, 159. emits, 160. automobile, 161. decompose, 162. globe, 163. biology

164. I found the kitchen _____ that will serve as a bottle opener in the store.

n. a small tool or device that is useful for a particular job

165. We need to _____ the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.

v. to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic

166. The _____ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

167. We should do our best not to _____ the environment.

v. to make an area or substance, such as land, air, water, etc., dirty or harmful to living things by adding waste matter or harmful chemicals

168. I need to buy a new coat _____ to organize my winter jackets.

n. a framework or support structure used to hold or display objects; a set of interconnected shelves or compartments used for storage; a source of torture, distress, or mental anguish

169. She holds a _____ on Tuesday mornings.

n. a building or hospital department where people can go for medical care or advice, especially of a particular condition

170. NASA is an _____ organization that explores space and improves aviation technology.

adj. pertaining to the design, engineering, science, and technology related to the Earth's atmosphere and the exploration or use of space beyond it

171. A _____ of grapes hung from the vine.

n. a group of similar things or people close together, often forming a distinct mass or unit

ANSWERS: 164. gadget, 165. discuss, 166. nation, 167. pollute, 168. rack, 169. clinic, 170. aerospace, 171. cluster

172. Her _____ is to be a mother.

- n.* something that is more important than other things and should be dealt with first

173. The band's new album was a _____ success, reaching the top of the charts.

- adj.* very successful or impressive; causing something to be broken or destroyed

174. She is a _____ person and has always bounced back from setbacks.

- adj.* able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions

175. The couple began to _____ over which restaurant to go to for dinner.

- v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others

176. _____ of abolishing the death penalty often argue that the alternative heaviest sentence should be life in prison.

- n.* a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something

177. Basketball is their usual _____ after school.

- n.* the activity that renews your health and spirits by enjoyment and relaxation; the act or process of making something that existed in the past exists or seems to exist again in a different time or place

178. The bubbling mud in the hot spring occasionally _____ up a foul odor.

- v.* to expel air from the stomach through the mouth with a noisy or offensive sound, typically as a result of swallowing air or because of indigestion

179. He was a _____ expert in his field, known for his groundbreaking research.

- adj.* widely believed to be a certain way or to have a certain quality, without necessarily being proven or confirmed; having a certain reputation or status based on hearsay or common belief

ANSWERS: 172. priority, 173. smashing, 174. resilient, 175. argue, 176. Advocates, 177. recreation, 178. belch, 179. reputed

180. The doctor advised him to _____ down for a check.

- v.* to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc.

181. I _____ to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.

- v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly

182. He wandered the _____ between life and death by gunfire.

- n.* a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places

183. Ethics deals with _____ conduct.

- adj.* concerned with the principles of what is right and wrong, fairness, honesty, etc.

184. He never received a _____ even from the company of a close friend.

- n.* an American or Canadian coin worth one-tenth of a dollar

185. The chairperson _____ him the right to speak.

- v.* to agree to give or allow somebody

186. Doctors are gradually coming around to the idea of using _____ medicines.

- n.* one of two or more available possibilities or choice

187. We hit the ground to _____ out the rabbits.

- v.* to frighten a person or animal, or to become frightened

ANSWERS: 180. strip, 181. mentioned, 182. boundary, 183. moral, 184. dime, 185. granted, 186. alternative, 187. scare