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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Gail Reed: Where to train the world's doctors? Cuba.

| TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/gail_reed_where_to_train_the_world_s_doctors_cuba

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

remarkable

adj. worthy of attention because unusual or special

synonym: outstanding, exceptional, extraordinary

(1) **remarkable** achievement, (2) the **remarkable** breadth of knowledge

The election was a **remarkable** success for the Whigs.

transform

v. to change in outward structure or looks;

synonym: alter, convert, change

(1) **transform** an education system, (2) **transform** heat into power

My father's death **transformed** my life completely.

communal

adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

synonym: collaborative, combined, collective

(1) **communal** swimming pool, (2) **communal** combination of funds

Communal elections were held in several European countries.

scholarship

n. a grant or payment made to support a student's education usually awarded based on academic or other achievements

synonym : grant, award, stipend

(1) a **scholarship** association, (2) college **scholarship**
She received a full **scholarship** to study abroad.

medicinal

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

synonym : curative, therapeutic, healing

(1) **medicinal** chemistry, (2) traditional **medicinal**

The **medicinal** properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

commitment

n. a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way

synonym : burden, obligation, promise

(1) a **commitment** to an alliance, (2) meet his **commitments**

His business **commitments** took him to the United States.

farmland

n. land used for farming or agricultural purposes

synonym : agriculture, cropland

(1) **farmland** acreage, (2) fertile **farmland**

The government is encouraging farmers to expand their **farmland** to increase food production.

ghetto

n. an area of a city in which members of a particular group, typically an ethnic minority, usually live in poverty and with a high population density

synonym : slum, shantytown, inner city

(1) **ghetto** apartments, (2) **ghetto** school

The residents of the **ghetto** faced poverty and discrimination.

medical

adj. relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine

synonym : health, disease, treatment

(1) a **medical** opinion, (2) temporary **medical** treatment

The **medical** team worked quickly to save the patient's life.

graduate

n. a person who has a first degree from university or college; (verb) to complete the first course of university or college and get a degree

synonym : alumna, alum, grad

(1) **graduate** degree program, (2) honor **graduate**

Many employers hire **graduate** trainees to train as managers.

pipeline

n. a very long large tube that is usually underground and is used for carrying liquid or gas for long distances

synonym : channel, line

(1) a data **pipeline**, (2) **pipeline** facilities

Rebels sabotaged the main **pipeline** supplying oil.

physician

n. a medical doctor who practices medicine

synonym : doctor, practitioner, medic

(1) the advice of the **physician**, (2) consult with a **physician**

She visited the local **physician** to seek treatment for her persistent headache.

poverty

n. the condition of being extremely poor

synonym : deprivation, destitution, poorness

(1) **poverty** alleviation, (2) the cycle of **poverty**

Many studies have investigated the relationship between **poverty** and academic achievement.

invention

n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing

synonym : creation, design, innovation

(1) the **invention** of new techniques, (2) common **invention**

Necessity is the mother of **invention**.

defy

v. to challenge or dare someone to do something; to resist or disobey a rule, decision, etc.

synonym : challenge, resist, disobey

(1) **defy** gravity, (2) **defy** authority

She tried to **defy** her parents by moving to the city against

their wishes.

norm

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
synonym: criterion, mean, standard

(1) **norm** of action, (2) cultural **norm**

The systems we have developed has accepted as industry **norms**.

bet

v. to risk money on the result of an event or a competition, such as a race or game, to get more money; to have faith or confidence in something

synonym: stake, wager, gamble

(1) **bet** on a race, (2) **bet** my future

I **bet** that you know it.

recruit

v. to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.

synonym: raise, enroll, enlist

(1) **recruit** a good worker, (2) **recruit** a new hire

The colonial government **recruited** militia support when civil war broke out.

poorest

adj. having the least wealth or resources

synonym: impecunious, penniless, least

(1) **poorest** of the poor, (2) **poorest** area

The **poorest** countries in the world often have the highest rates of malnutrition.

planet

n. any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star

synonym: earth, world, globe

(1) **planet** like the Earth, (2) save the **planet**

Mercury is the closest **planet** to the sun.

desperately

adv. in a way that shows a lack of hope and a willingness to do anything because of the problematic situation; with

great urgency

synonym : urgently, perilously, seriously

(1) **desperately** anxious, (2) **desperately** ill patient

The baby clung **desperately** to her mother.

venom

n. a toxic substance produced by an animal, typically a snake or insect, and injected into prey or an enemy by biting or stinging

synonym : poison, toxin, hating

(1) the **venom** of a lizard, (2) injected **venom**

The snake's **venom** is highly toxic and can be fatal to humans.

antidote

n. a chemical substance or remedy that stops or controls the effects of a poison or disease

synonym : remedy, treatment, restorative

(1) the **antidote** to the poison, (2) the **antidote** for aging

Knowledge is the **antidote** to fear.

backpack

n. a bag or pack that is worn on the back, often used for carrying books, equipment, or supplies

synonym : knapsack, rucksack, pack

(1) **backpacker's** hostel, (2) **backpacking** trip

I packed my **backpack** with all the necessary camping gear for our trip.

navigate

v. to plan and direct the way that a ship, plane, etc. will travel, often by using a map

synonym : guide, helm, voyage

(1) **navigate** the Pacific, (2) **navigate** through a document

Our knowledge helps **navigate** our clients successfully.

riddle

n. a type of question that describes something in a difficult and confusing way, and that has a surprising answer, often asked as a game

synonym : mystery, puzzle, enigma

(1) **riddle** me a riddle, (2) solve the **riddle**
The **riddle** remains mysterious to us.

gang

n. a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity

synonym : crew, posse, group

(1) a motorcycle **gang**, (2) **gang** member

The street **gang** was known for its violent behavior.

bullet

n. a metal projectile that is shot from a gun

synonym : projectile, slug, shot

(1) **bullet** wound, (2) **bullet** train

The stray **bullet** went through the window and hit the wall.

impoverished

adj. reduced to poverty or destitution; lacking in resources, means, or vitality; depleted or exhausted

synonym : destitute, bankrupt, famished

(1) **impoverished** nation, (2) **impoverished** family

The **impoverished** villagers struggled to make ends meet with little access to food and clean water.

pioneer

n. inventor; explorer; someone who is among the first to achieve something

synonym : frontiersperson, innovator, trailblazer

(1) act as a **pioneer**, (2) early **pioneers**

John Whitney was a computer animation **pioneer**.

universal

adj. existing or affecting everywhere or everyone

synonym : common, broad, worldwide

(1) **universal** life, (2) principles of **universal** design

The picture earned near- **universal** acclaim from critics.

coverage

n. the reporting or news of an important event, sports, subject, etc.; the amount, range, area, or quality of something that something provides

synonym : reportage, scope, range

(1) full- **coverage** insurance, (2) contractual **coverage**
The scandal received widespread media **coverage**.

prompt

v. to make someone decide to or try to do something, or to make something happen

synonym: actuate, inspire, incite

(1) **prompt** a feeling of hunger, (2) **prompt** a debate
That incident **prompted** a nationwide chain reaction regarding the crackdown on illegal groups.

rip

v. to tear something or be torn violently or suddenly

synonym: tear, cut, slit

(1) **rip** a notebook apart, (2) **rip** a hole in the roof
During transit, the stuff may **rip** off the luggage tag.

homeless

adj. without a home, and therefore typically living on the streets

synonym: destitute, displaced, transient

(1) **homeless** shelter, (2) a **homeless** cat
He became **homeless** after losing his job.

volunteer

n. a person who performs or offers to perform a job or service without being paid for or forced to do

synonym: unpaid worker, draftee, enlistee

(1) seek **volunteers**, (2) my **volunteer** work
The teachers make full use of **volunteer** assistance.

disaster

n. an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life

synonym: catastrophe, calamity, tragedy

(1) global **disaster**, (2) **disaster** recovery
The **disaster** response team worked around the clock to aid those affected by the earthquake.

healthcare

n. the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession

(1) **healthcare** agency, (2) rising **healthcare** cost
In an aging population, citizens must pay more to maintain quality **healthcare**.

bolt *n.* a metal bar that slides across to lock a door or window closed; a discharge of lightning accompanied by thunder; (verb) to move or jump suddenly
synonym: lock, fastener, thunderbolt

(1) **bolt** diameter, (2) **bolt** from my bed
The lightning **bolt** twiggged in several directions.

rural *adj.* of or relating to the countryside
synonym: agrarian, country, rustic

(1) **rural** accents, (2) people in **rural** areas
Many **rural** areas are still impoverished.

sustainable *adj.* able to continue or be continued for a long time
synonym: continuable, enduring, tolerable

(1) **sustainable** alternative fuel, (2) principles of **sustainable** development
The government should do more to support environmentally **sustainable** agriculture.

naval *adj.* of or relating to ships, sailors, or the navy
synonym: marine, seafaring, maritime

(1) **naval** battles, (2) **naval** base
The **naval** officer was responsible for the safety and well-being of the crew on his ship.

academy *n.* a school for special training; a type of official organization that aims to encourage and develop standards in its particular field
synonym: school, institute, college

(1) an **academy** of music, (2) a member of the **Academy**
Her new documentary earned her an **Academy** Award.

ministry

n. a department of government responsible for a particular area of public service

synonym: department, agency, bureau

(1) **ministry** officials, (2) enter the **ministry**

The **ministry** of education is responsible for managing the schools in the country.

tuition

n. the act of teaching something, especially when given to a small group or one person; fees charged by education institutions for instruction or other services

synonym: fee, schooling, education

(1) **tuition** assistance, (2) a college **tuition**

His father cannot afford his **tuition**.

stipend

n. a fixed sum of money paid regularly, often as a salary or allowance, to support a particular activity or role, such as a student or trainee

synonym: allowance, grant, scholarship

(1) full-time **stipend**, (2) **stipend** amount

As a graduate student, I receive a monthly **stipend** to cover my living expenses.

journalist

n. a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media

synonym: reporter, newsperson, press

(1) a China-based **journalist**, (2) **journalist** on a magazine
Foreign TV crews and **journalists** can go as they please in various locations during the Olympics.

settle

v. to reach an agreement of disagreement

synonym: inhabit, occupy, decide

(1) **settle** a dispute, (2) **settle** down in the town

I don't want to **settle** for second best.

dorm

n. a residence hall or building that provides living quarters for students or other occupants, typically on a college or

university campus

synonym: residence hall, hostel, boarding house

(1) **dorm** room, (2) university **dorm**

Living in a **dorm** can be a great way to meet new people when you're in college.

refurbish

v. to renovate or improve something old or worn out, typically by cleaning, repairing, or replacing parts to restore its original condition or appearance

synonym: renovate, revamp, remodel

(1) **refurbish** a room, (2) **refurbish** a classic car

I plan to **refurbish** my old dresser with a fresh coat of paint and new drawer handles.

sweep

v. to clean something, especially a floor or an area, by using a broom; move swiftly and smoothly

synonym: clean, clear, brush off

(1) **sweep** up dead leaves, (2) **sweep** a room with a glance

The politician tried to **sweep** the embarrassing incident under the rug.

microscope

n. an instrument used to see objects or substances that are too small to be seen with the naked eye

synonym: lens, magnifier, eyepiece

(1) **microscope** slide, (2) electron **microscope**

I used an optical **microscope** to observe the small organisms in the water sample.

government

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

synonym: administration, regime, state

(1) **government** bureaucracy, (2) **government** funding

The federal **government** is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

congressional

adj. of or relating to Congress, especially to the Congress of the United States

synonym: parliamentary, senatorial, legislative

(1) **congressional** approval, (2) suspend a **congressional** meeting

There was a **congressional** probe into the scandal.

caucus

n. a private meeting of a political group or party to discuss policies, tactics, and strategy; a closed meeting or assembly of people with shared interests or goals, often to make decisions or coordinate actions

synonym: meeting, conference, assembly

(1) statewide **caucus**, (2) Democratic **caucus**

The politicians met privately in a **caucus** to discuss their party's platform.

enroll

v. to officially register or sign up for something, particularly a course of study, an organization, or a service

synonym: register, enlist, join

(1) **enroll** at a college, (2) **enroll** in a school

I need to **enroll** in a cooking class to improve my culinary skills.

nation

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

synonym: country, state, sovereign entity

(1) **nation-state**, (2) a seafaring **nation**

The **nation** of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

ethnic

adj. relating or belonging to a group of people who share a cultural tradition

synonym: racial, ethnical, tribal

(1) **ethnic** minority, (2) single **ethnic** group

Each **ethnic** group has its unique rituals.

indigenous

adj. someone or something that is native to or occurring naturally in a particular place

synonym : domestic, endemic, primitive

(1) **indigenous** crop, (2) **indigenous** peoples

The **indigenous** plants need to be pollinated by local insects.

distinct

adj. noticeable from something else of a similar type

synonym : different, special, characteristic

(1) **distinct** difference, (2) **distinct** from each other

It is essential to keep these two issues **distinct**.

advantage

n. a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has

synonym : benefit, edge, asset

(1) score an **advantage**, (2) take **advantage** of his weak points

One of the main **advantages** of the new product is its increased efficiency.

ethic

n. a set of moral or philosophical principles or values that guide the behavior or actions of an individual, group, or society; the study or inquiry into the nature of morality and moral systems

synonym : moral code, code of conduct, principles

(1) moral **ethic**, (2) professional **ethic**

Having a strong work **ethic** is important for success in any field.

Atlantic

adj. relating to or located near the Atlantic Ocean, which is the second-largest ocean on Earth, located between the continents of North and South America to the west and Europe and Africa to the east

(1) **Atlantic** breeze, (2) **Atlantic** salmon

The **Atlantic** hurricane season runs from June to November each year.

electrify

v. to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something

synonym : wire, amaze, astonish

(1) **electrify** the audience, (2) **electrify** a manufacturing process

The product developed through years of research continues to **electrify** the market.

pickup

n. a type of vehicle with an open-air cargo bed at the back used for transporting goods or equipment; the act of collecting or gathering someone or something from a particular location; a warrant to take someone into custody

synonym : truck, cartridge

(1) **pickup** truck, (2) **pickup** and delivery service

I'll be waiting for you in front of the café at 6 PM, so be on time for our **pickup**.

grammar

n. the set of structural constraints on speakers' or writers' composition of clauses, phrases, and words

synonym : syntax, elements

(1) **grammar** checker, (2) Latin **grammar**

Mastering **grammar** takes a lot of time for those learning a foreign language.

crop

n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food

synonym : output, produce, product

(1) **crop** field, (2) **crop** herbicide

Sow early for an early **crop**.

precede

v. to happen or go before something or someone in time or space

synonym : lead, forego, antecede

(1) men often **precede** women when walking, (2) **precede** any discussion

Agricultural development generally **precedes** economic growth.

spark

v. to start something or make it grow, especially suddenly; to emit a tiny piece of fire or electricity

synonym: start, inspire, provoke

(1) **spark** his interest, (2) **spark** a chain reaction

The bankruptcy of the giant conglomerate **sparked** turmoil in the stock market.

imaginary

adj. existing only in someone's mind

synonym: fictional, ideal, fantastical

(1) **imaginary** number, (2) **imaginary** pregnancy

Little children tend to have **imaginary** friends.

audacity

n. boldness or daring, especially when it is foolhardy or reckless

synonym: boldness, daring, temerity

(1) **audacity** of hope, (2) act of **audacity**

His **audacity** in stealing the painting matched his foolishness in getting caught.

faculty

n. an inborn or natural ability to hear, see, think, move, etc.; a department or group of the university concerned with a major division of knowledge

synonym: capability, talent, aptitude

(1) a member of the **faculty**, (2) the illative **faculty** of the mind

This university's computer science **faculty** is world distinguished.

handy

adj. valuable and convenient; easy or ready to reach or use

synonym: clever, accessible, available

(1) a **handy-sized** bag, (2) **handy** tool

They found a **handy** place to play catch.

academic

adj. associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills

synonym: educational, scholarly, theoretical

(1) **academic** probation, (2) an **academic** discussion

An excellent historian must possess an **academic** mentality.

Creole

n. a person of mixed European and African descent, especially in the Caribbean; a language that has developed from a mixture of different parent languages, often with European and African influences

(1) **Creole** dialect, (2) Mauritian **Creole**

The restaurant serves authentic **Creole** cuisine from Louisiana.

span

n. the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers

synonym: interval, period, length

(1) the **span** of a bird's wings, (2) the average life **span**

He slightly modified the **span** of training because it was just before a match.

med

adj. (short for medical) relating to the field of medicine, which is concerned with the diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of diseases and disorders; (short for medication) a substance or drug that is used to treat a medical condition or alleviate symptoms

synonym: medium, moderate, average

(1) **med** student, (2) **med** school

I took a **med** dose of pain reliever to ease my headache.

curriculum

n. a series of subjects comprising a course of study in a school, college, etc.

synonym: program, syllabus, course of study

(1) a **curriculum** vitae, (2) an academic **curriculum**

A committee was appointed to manage the reorganization of the **curriculum**.

religion

n. a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny

synonym : faith, creed, belief

(1) **religion** sociology, (2) freedom of **religion**

Their **religion** strictly prohibits them from drinking or gambling.

Christ

n. the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity

synonym : Savior, Jesus Christ, Jesus

(1) teaching of **Christ**, (2) before **Christ**

Christmas is the day to celebrate the birth of Christ.

evangelical

adj. relating to or advocating a form of Protestant Christianity that emphasizes personal conversion and faith over religious rituals and central authority within the church

synonym : proselytizing, evangelistic, missionary

(1) **evangelical** mission, (2) **evangelical** Christian group

The **evangelical** pastor delivered a powerful sermon to his congregation.

embrace

v. to accept something willingly and enthusiastically;
(noun) the act of clasping another person in the arms as in greeting or affection

synonym : grasp, hold tightly, accept

(1) **embrace** an opportunity, (2) a warm **embrace**

The woods **embrace** the house.

diversity

n. the quality or fact of many different types of things or people being included in something; a range of different things or people

synonym : variety, multiplicity, variousness

(1) the **diversity** policy of the university, (2) lingual **diversity**

He was impressed by the range and **diversity** of the collection.

distribute

v. to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something

synonym: broadcast, disperse, hand out

(1) **distribute** wealth evenly, (2) **distribute** video content

His estate was **distributed** to his sons.

skew

v. to turn or place at an angle; to make biased or distorted with the result that it is not accurate, fair, normal, etc.

synonym: slant, tilt, distort

(1) **skew** the message, (2) **skew** social values

The results of the poll are **skewed** because it only surveyed a small group of people.

crisis

n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

synonym: concern, problem, emergency

(1) financial **crisis**, (2) **crisis** management

The Chinese word for **crisis** comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

concentration

n. the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.

synonym: attention, engagement, assiduity

(1) **concentration** of armaments, (2) his research area of **concentration**

This exam requires excellent **concentration** to pass.

shanty

n. a small, crudely built, usually temporary house or dwelling; often used to describe a rough or inexpensive structure

synonym: shack, hut, cabin

(1) **shanty-style** lodging, (2) makeshift **shanty**

The beach **shanty** provided temporary shelter for the stranded tourists.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

reform

n. the act of improving or correcting something that is wrong or bad; a change made to correct a flaw or problem

synonym : change, modify, improve

(1) economic **reform**, (2) **reform** movement

The government is proposing a **reform** to the healthcare system to make it more accessible and affordable for all citizens.

primary

adj. first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle

synonym : chief, main, fundamental

(1) **primary** school, (2) **primary** education

The **primary** cause of the accident was due to the icy road conditions.

import

v. to bring goods or services into a country from another country; to transfer electronic data into a database or document;

synonym : bring, spell

(1) **import** goods, (2) **import** a style sheet

The company **imports** raw materials from other countries to manufacture its products.

develop

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

synonym :

evolve, progress, advance

(1) **develop** a strategy, (2) **develop** a skill

We must **develop** a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

flock

n. a gathering of sheep, goats, or birds

synonym: herd, crowd, assembly

(1) **flock** of sheep, (2) **flock** of spectator

When a **flock** of birds flies in, the hunt begins.

rely

v. to require a specific thing or the assistance and support of someone or something to continue, run properly, or succeed.

synonym: depend, count, lean

(1) **rely** on convenience stores, (2) **rely** entirely on him

Babies heavily **rely** on others for food.

commission

n. a formal instruction, command, or request given to a person or group; an official group of people entrusted by a government or other official body to control or enforce something

synonym: task, duty, authority

(1) **commission** appointed by the government, (2) the **commission** of murder

She gets a **commission** on each contract.

lancet

n. a sharp, pointed surgical instrument used for making incisions or punctures, typically in medical procedures

synonym: scalpel, blade, surgical instrument

(1) **lancet** device, (2) surgical **lancet**

The doctor used a **lancet** for a small incision on the patient's skin.

rank

n. a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others

synonym: position, status, standing

(1) **rank** amateur, (2) high **rank**

He was promoted to the **rank** of captain in the military.

infant

n. a baby or very young child

synonym: baby, newborn, tot

(1) **infant** daughter, (2) **infant** food

Mozart was an **infant** prodigy.

mortality

n. the quality or state of being subject to death

synonym: fatality

(1) **mortality** due to cancer, (2) lower infant **mortality**

This disease has a high **mortality**.

disparity

n. a significant difference or inequality between two or more things

synonym: difference, inequality, gap

(1) the **disparity** between theory and reality, (2) income **disparity**

There is a significant **disparity** in pay between men and women in the company.

clinical

adj. of or relating to the examination and treatment of patients rather than theoretical or laboratory studies

synonym: dispassionate, analytic, scientific

(1) **clinical** surgery, (2) participate in **clinical** trials

She received special **clinical** training at the hospital.

ivory

n. a hard, creamy-white substance that comes from the tusks of elephants, walruses, and some other animals and is used to make ornaments and other decorative items

synonym: elephant tusk, bone, tooth

(1) tower of **ivory**, (2) **ivory** carving

The intricate carvings on the **ivory** tusk were a work of art.

tower

n. a structure that is exceptionally high in proportion to its width and either forms part of a building or stands alone

synonym : building, belfry, edifice

(1) a bell **tower**, (2) the **tower** on a cliff

She is a **tower** of strength for our team in trouble.

clinic

n. a building or hospital department where people can go for medical care or advice, especially of a particular condition

synonym : hospital, infirmary

(1) visit to the veterinary **clinic**, (2) a dental **clinic**

She holds a **clinic** on Tuesday mornings.

grad

n. (informal for graduate) a student who has recently graduated or is about to graduate from a school, college, or university

synonym : graduate, alumnus, alumni

(1) high school **grad**, (2) **grad** student

He was proud to be a **grad** of the prestigious university.

rotation

n. the action or process of moving in a circle around an axis or center

synonym : revolution, spin, turning

(1) job **rotation**, (2) a period of **rotation**

The **rotation** of the Earth causes day and night.

patient

n. a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic

synonym : client, recipient, subject

(1) **patient** in the hospital, (2) **patient** with weight loss

The doctor carefully examined the **patient's** medical history.

context

n. the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning

synonym : background, setting, environment

(1) historical **context**, (2) legal **context**

It's important to understand the **context** of a situation before making a decision.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym: finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

thorough

adj. done completely; significantly careful and accurate

synonym: complete, comprehensive, meticulous

(1) **thorough** investigation, (2) provide **thorough** analysis

A **thorough** brushing helps to keep your mouth fresh.

clue

n. an object, a piece of evidence, or some information that helps someone to find the answer to a problem, question, or mystery

synonym: hint, indication, inkling

(1) a **clue** about the crime, (2) a **clue** to the diagnosis

The police couldn't find a **clue** to her whereabouts.

diagnose

v. to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis

synonym: identify, analyze, interpret

(1) **diagnose** the problem, (2) **diagnose** with CT scans

This device is used to **diagnose** brain cancer and other tumors.

confirmation

n. a statement, often written, that shows that something is true, correct, or definite

synonym: validation, verification, affirmation

(1) **confirmation** of purchase, (2) **confirmation** bias

The **confirmation** of his appointment as CEO was met with

mixed reactions.

importance

n. the quality of being important and worthy of note
synonym: significance, primacy, matter

(1) a man of **importance**, (2) high **importance**

I stopped by the branch though I have no business of **importance**.

chronic

adj. being long-lasting and recurrent or characterized by long suffering; habitual

synonym: established, regular, constant

(1) risk of **chronic** disease, (2) **chronic** alcohol consumption

Chronic hyperglycemia is a trigger for a variety of serious diseases.

disease

n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

synonym: illness, ailment, affliction

(1) **disease** prevention, (2) **disease** control

The doctor diagnosed him with a rare **disease** that had no known cure.

cripple

v. to cause severe damage or injury that greatly impairs someone's ability to function or move; to weaken or undermine

synonym: disable, impair, paralyze

(1) **cripple** economy, (2) **cripple** opposition

The injury was severe enough to **cripple** the athlete's chances of playing again this season.

humility

n. the quality or condition of being humble; a low estimate of one's self

synonym: humbleness, modesty, unpretentiousness

(1) develop an attitude of **humility**, (2) lack of **humility**

We were filled with **humility** at the sight of the Queen.

nurse

n. a healthcare professional who is trained to provide care for the sick or injured; (verb) to try to cure by special care or treatment of an illness or injury

synonym: healthcare worker, caregiver, medic

(1) **nurse** practitioner, (2) a volunteer **nurse**

The night shift **nurse** checked my vital signs before administering the medication.

aid

n. things sent to help countries in need, notably food or money; support

synonym: helper, resource, assistance

(1) financial **aid**, (2) country-by-country **aid** programs

Pakistan's **aid** budget was still being reviewed.

midwife

n. a person trained to assist women during childbirth and to provide care for the mother and baby

synonym: obstetrician, gynecologist, accoucheuse

(1) professional **midwife**, (2) serve as **midwife**

The clinical **midwife** assisted with the delivery of the baby.

replace

v. to take the place of something

synonym: substitute, supersede, displace

(1) **replace** one word with another, (2) **replace** a phone

Eventually, the new design will **replace** all older models.

shaman

n. a person who is regarded as having access to the spirit world and who typically acts as a healer or intermediary between spirits and humans in certain cultures and traditions

synonym: medicine man, healer, spiritual leader

(1) **shaman's** wisdom, (2) the tribe's **shaman**

The village **shaman** performed a healing ritual for the ailing elder.

tradition

n. a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society

synonym : custom, practice, ritual

(1) a **tradition** of a culture, (2) against **tradition**

It is a **tradition** in many families to have a big Thanksgiving dinner with all their relatives.

heal

v. to make a wound or injury to become well again

synonym : recover, bring around, mend

(1) **heal** a broken bone, (2) **heal** the hurt mind

It will take time for her mental scars to **heal**.

audacious

adj. showing a willingness to take bold risks or to do something that is considered unconventional or daring; marked by originality, creativity, or boldness

synonym : bold, daring, fearless

(1) **audacious** stunt, (2) **audacious** decision

The young entrepreneur had an **audacious** plan to start his own company.

experiment

n. the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge

synonym : experimentation, investigation

(1) **experiment** design, (2) series of **experiments**

His **experiments** showed highly positive results.

inkling

n. a slight or vague understanding or idea of something; a hint or intimation of something, often something that is not fully understood or realized

synonym : hint, suggestion, clue

(1) first **inkling**, (2) **inkling** of hope

The news gave us an **inkling** of what was going on in the world.

architect

n. a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings

synonym : creator, designer, planner

(1) landscape **architect**, (2) **architect** of the peace accord
The building **architect** tried to build the house above the tree.

resident

n. a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place

synonym : dweller, inhabitant, inhabitant

(1) a **resident** of the city, (2) **resident** tax

Visa renewal for **resident** foreigners in this country is once every five years.

uphold

v. to support or defend something, such as a law, idea, decision, etc.

synonym : defend, maintain, sustain

(1) **uphold** the law, (2) **uphold** tradition

The judge may **uphold** the decision of the lower court.

dedicate

v. to give all of your energy, time, etc., entirely to a specific person, activity, or cause; to set apart for a particular purpose or use

synonym : consecrate, devote, commit

(1) **dedicate** a few hours, (2) **dedicate** a chapter to the subject

He **dedicated** his life to helping others.

bury

v. to place a dead body in the ground, grave, or tomb

synonym : entomb, sink, forget

(1) **bury** in the earth, (2) **bury** emotion

There is plenty of space to **bury** everyone.

rubble

n. fragments of rock, stone, or other materials that remain after a building or other structure has been destroyed or demolished; the remains of something that has been broken down or destroyed

synonym : debris, ruins, wreckage

(1) clear away **rubble**, (2) **rubble-strewn** road

After the earthquake, the city was left in a pile of **rubble**.

overwhelming

adj. very great or intense; so powerful that you cannot fight or react against it

synonym : overpowering, astounding, amazing

(1) **overwhelming** majority, (2) an **overwhelming** victory

He has shown signs of uneasiness and **overwhelming** worry.

cholera

n. a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes

synonym : infectious disease, epidemic, plague

(1) **cholera** toxin, (2) **cholera** epidemic

The outbreak of **cholera** was a major health crisis in the 19th century.

epidemic

n. the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time

synonym : outbreak, contagion, plague

(1) a worldwide **epidemic**, (2) health **epidemic**

The disease is now reaching **epidemic** proportions in our country.

overcome

v. to succeed in controlling or dealing with something, such as a problem or difficulty; to defeat or overwhelm someone

synonym : beat, confound, overwhelm

(1) **overcome** opponents, (2) **overcome** all difficulties

He tried to **overcome** a bad reputation and win the election.

heartbreak

n. a feeling of great sadness or disappointment

synonym : grief, sorrow, bitterness

(1) ease her **heartbreak**, (2) go through **heartbreak**

They had experienced the **heartbreak** of losing two children due to premature births.

burden

n. a duty, responsibility, etc. that is oppressive or worrisome; a load, typically a heavy one that is difficult

to carry

synonym : obligation, duty, load

(1) carry a **burden**, (2) **burden** of disease

That car has a low environmental **burden**.

illustrate

v. to provide pictures, photographs, diagrams, etc. in a book or something for explanation

synonym : demonstrate, explain, exemplify

(1) **illustrate** a key point, (2) **illustrate** a story

The company's financial records **illustrate** how successful it has been.

strike

v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

synonym : hit, impact, influence

(1) **strike** up a conversation, (2) **strike** a blow

We **strike** to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

sector

n. a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity

synonym : division, department, branch

(1) industrial **sector**, (2) private **sector**

The technology **sector** is constantly evolving and innovating.

quarter

n. one of four equal parts; a fourth part or portion

synonym : fourth, one-fourth

(1) a **quarter** mile, (2) end of the first **quarter**

The unemployment rate in the first **quarter** was 2.3 percentage points higher than in the previous.

unemployed

adj. not having a job, although able to work

synonym : idle, inactive, jobless

(1) assignment for the **unemployed** youth, (2) people who are **unemployed**

My father was **unemployed** for so long.

scenario

n. a description of possible actions or events in the future;
a written outline of a play, film, or literary work

synonym: plan, scheme, procedure

(1) the worst case **scenario**, (2) number of different **scenarios**

The president prepared several possible **scenarios** for an enemy attack.

strengthen

v. to become stronger or more effective; to make someone or something stronger or more effective

synonym: reinforce, harden, boost

(1) **strengthen** the immune system, (2) **strengthen** a border patrol

Difficulties **strengthen** the mind, as labor does the body.

desperate

adj. feeling or showing a lack of hope and a willingness to do anything because of the problematic situation

synonym: anguish, frantic, hopeless

(1) her **desperate** screams, (2) **desperate** attempt

He was **desperate** when he lost all his money by gambling.

decamp

v. to suddenly leave a place, especially a temporary residence or a location where one has been staying for a period of time; to depart hastily or secretly

synonym: flee, escape, abscond

(1) **decamp** to the countryside, (2) **decamp** for safety

Due to the unexpected weather conditions, the hikers decided to **decamp** from the campsite.

influence

n. the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself

synonym: power, leverage, effect

(1) **influence** a child's future, (2) **influence** the daily life

The former emperor had a particular **influence** even after he

abdicated.

accredit

v. to give official recognition or approval to an individual, organization, or educational institution; to attribute something to a particular source or cause

synonym : authorize, endorse, validate

(1) **accredit** certification organizations, (2) **accredit** a course

The university will **accredit** the new college if it meets its standards.

degree

n. a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment

synonym : level, qualification, diploma

(1) bachelor's **degree**, (2) **degree** centigrade

She received her **degree** in psychology from the university.

competent

adj. having the necessary ability, knowledge, or skill to do something successfully

synonym : skilled, able, capable

(1) **competent** authority, (2) **competent** personnel

The judge ruled that the defendant was **competent** to stand trial.

rigorous

adj. allowing or demanding no deviation from a standard; extremely careful, thorough, or accurate

synonym : severe, exact, strict

(1) **rigorous** standards, (2) have **rigorous** criticism

The way he manages his employees is extremely **rigorous**.

inspection

n. the act of examining, assessing, or reviewing something to ensure its accuracy, quality, safety, or compliance; the process of investigating or evaluating something

synonym : examination, review, scrutiny

(1) **inspection** report, (2) regular **inspection**

Before starting the project, the engineer performed an

inspection of the construction site.

reside

v. to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time

synonym: live, dwell, inhabit

(1) **reside** on the skin, (2) **reside** permanently

They **reside** in a beautiful old house in the countryside.

energize

v. to give energy or vitality to someone or something; to invigorate

synonym: invigorate, animate, electrify

(1) **energize** the body, (2) **energize** a team

The motivational speaker **energized** the crowd with their words.

dissatisfy

v. to fail to satisfy someone

synonym: disappoint, disgruntle, dishearten

(1) **dissatisfy** the users with bugs, (2) **dissatisfy** people with service

The company's results **dissatisfy** everyone.

minimal

adj. tiny in amount; the least possible

synonym: tiniest, essential, minimum

(1) **minimal** effort, (2) **minimal** amount

The process was carried out at **minimal** cost.

lift

v. to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position

synonym: raise, elevate, move up

(1) **lift** sagging skin, (2) **lift** a ban on alcohol

The drought **lifted** the prices of grain globally.

entrepreneur

n. an individual who creates or invests in one or more businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks

synonym: founder, executive

(1) a successful **entrepreneur**, (2) billionaire **entrepreneur**
Entrepreneurs willingly accept business risks to achieve success.

policymaker

n. a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.

synonym: lawmaker, legislator

(1) education **policymaker**, (2) regional **policymaker**
Policymakers struggle to develop various laws and regulations to address international trade conflicts.

opportune

adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose

synonym: suitable, timely, practical

(1) **opportune** occasion, (2) an **opportune** remark
The phone rang at the most **opportune** time.

mettle

n. a person's ability to cope with difficult situations or face adversity with courage, resilience, and determination; one's character or temperament

synonym: courage, spirit, fortitude

(1) demonstrate your **mettle**, (2) **mettle** for challenges
Despite her injury, the athlete's true **mettle** was revealed when she won the gold medal.

license

n. an official permission or authorization to do, use, or own something; a legal document that grants the holder the right to perform certain activities, such as driving a car, practicing a profession, or using a particular product or service

synonym: permit, authorization, certificate

(1) **license** renewal, (2) software **license**
Before driving, ensure you have a valid driver's **license**.

nonprofit

adj. not established for commercial profit

synonym: charitable

(1) a **nonprofit** organization, (2) **nonprofit** agency

Our law firm also focuses on **nonprofit** activities.

pediatrics

n. the branch of medicine that deals with the care and treatment of children

synonym: pedology, child health

(1) **pediatrics** department, (2) **pediatrics** clinic

I am studying **pediatrics** in medical school because I love working with children.

servant

n. a person who performs duties for others, especially a person employed in a house on domestic duties or as a personal attendant

synonym: attendant, helper, assistant

(1) **servant** of God, (2) fellow **servant**

The faithful **servant** had been working for the family for many years and was well-trusted.

fluent

adj. able to communicate in a specific language smoothly or effectively, or easily

synonym: eloquent, articulate, smooth-spoken

(1) **fluent** Chinese, (2) in a **fluent** tone

She learned five languages but is only **fluent** in two of them.

deserve

v. to be worthy of or entitled to something, especially something good or valuable

synonym: merit, earn, justify

(1) **deserve** respect, (2) **deserve** this prize

The employee **deserved** the promotion for their hard work and dedication.

subway

n. an underground railway system, typically in a city

synonym: underground, metro, tube

(1) **subway** train, (2) rapid transit **subway**

He took the **subway** to work every day to avoid traffic congestion.

mule

n. a domesticated animal used for riding, carrying loads, and farm work, characterized by its long ears, short mane, and sturdy build

synonym : donkey, burro, hinny

(1) load the **mule**, (2) **mule** caravans

The stubborn **mule** refused to move until it was rewarded with a carrot.

canoe

n. a narrow, light boat with pointy ends and no keel that is propelled by a paddle

(1) **canoe** race, (2) make a **canoe** trip

After the accident, the police found an empty **canoe**.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | | |
|---|----|--|
| 1. na____te through a document | v. | to plan and direct the way that a ship, plane, etc. will travel, often by using a map |
| 2. im____t a style sheet | v. | to bring goods or services into a country from another country; to transfer electronic data into a database or document; |
| 3. score an ad_____ge | n. | a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has |
| 4. bachelor's de____e | n. | a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment |
| 5. gh____o school | n. | an area of a city in which members of a particular group, typically an ethnic minority, usually live in poverty and with a high population density |
| 6. the di_____ty policy of the university | n. | the quality or fact of many different types of things or people being included in something; a range of different things or people |
| 7. m__e caravans | n. | a domesticated animal used for riding, carrying loads, and farm work, characterized by its long ears, short mane, and sturdy build |

ANSWERS: 1. navigate, 2. import, 3. advantage, 4. degree, 5. ghetto, 6. diversity, 7. mule

8. suspend a con_____nal meeting *adj.* of or relating to Congress, especially to the Congress of the United States
9. bu___t wound *n.* a metal projectile that is shot from a gun
10. an ac_____ic discussion *adj.* associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills
11. fa_____nd acreage *n.* land used for farming or agricultural purposes
12. cr_____e opposition *v.* to cause severe damage or injury that greatly impairs someone's ability to function or move; to weaken or undermine
13. cultural n___m *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
14. number of different sc_____ios *n.* a description of possible actions or events in the future; a written outline of a play, film, or literary work
15. no_____it agency *adj.* not established for commercial profit
16. act of au_____ty *n.* boldness or daring, especially when it is foolhardy or reckless
17. c___p herbicide *n.* a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
18. a data pi_____ne *n.* a very long large tube that is usually underground and is used for carrying liquid or gas for long distances
19. industrial se____r *n.* a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity

ANSWERS: 8. congressional, 9. bullet, 10. academic, 11. farmland, 12. cripple, 13. norm, 14. scenario, 15. nonprofit, 16. audacity, 17. crop, 18. pipeline, 19. sector

20. sw__p a room with a glance *v.* to clean something, especially a floor or an area, by using a broom; move swiftly and smoothly
21. pl___t like the Earth *n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
22. r_p a notebook apart *v.* to tear something or be torn violently or suddenly
23. ch_____a toxin *n.* a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes
24. his research area of
con_____ion *n.* the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.
25. in___t daughter *n.* a baby or very young child
26. rising hea_____re cost *n.* the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
27. an ove_____ing victory *adj.* very great or intense; so powerful that you cannot fight or react against it
28. com_____on appointed by the
government *n.* a formal instruction, command, or request given to a person or group; an official group of people entrusted by a government or other official body to control or enforce something

ANSWERS: 20. sweep, 21. planet, 22. rip, 23. cholera, 24. concentration, 25. infant, 26. healthcare, 27. overwhelming, 28. commission

29. dis_____fy the users with bugs *v.* to fail to satisfy someone
30. ove_____ing majority *adj.* very great or intense; so powerful that you cannot fight or react against it
31. a member of the Ac_____y *n.* a school for special training; a type of official organization that aims to encourage and develop standards in its particular field
32. professional et__c *n.* a set of moral or philosophical principles or values that guide the behavior or actions of an individual, group, or society; the study or inquiry into the nature of morality and moral systems
33. re___m movement *n.* the act of improving or correcting something that is wrong or bad; a change made to correct a flaw or problem
34. mo_____ty due to cancer *n.* the quality or state of being subject to death
35. me___e for challenges *n.* a person's ability to cope with difficult situations or face adversity with courage, resilience, and determination; one's character or temperament
36. the com_____on of murder *n.* a formal instruction, command, or request given to a person or group; an official group of people entrusted by a government or other official body to control or enforce something
37. ill_____te a story *v.* to provide pictures, photographs, diagrams, etc. in a book or something for explanation

ANSWERS: 29. dissatisfy, 30. overwhelming, 31. academy, 32. ethic, 33. reform, 34. mortality, 35. mettle, 36. commission, 37. illustrate

38. a re_____nt of the city *n.* a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
39. regional pol_____er *n.* a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.
40. di_____e control *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
41. nu__e practitioner *n.* a healthcare professional who is trained to provide care for the sick or injured; (verb) to try to cure by special care or treatment of an illness or injury
42. la____t device *n.* a sharp, pointed surgical instrument used for making incisions or punctures, typically in medical procedures
43. ba_____cker's hostel *n.* a bag or pack that is worn on the back, often used for carrying books, equipment, or supplies
44. a volunteer nu__e *n.* a healthcare professional who is trained to provide care for the sick or injured; (verb) to try to cure by special care or treatment of an illness or injury
45. st____e a blow *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
46. b_t my future *v.* to risk money on the result of an event or a competition, such as a race or game, to get more money; to have faith or confidence in something

ANSWERS: 38. resident, 39. policymaker, 40. disease, 41. nurse, 42. lancet, 43. backpack, 44. nurse, 45. strike, 46. bet

47. ind_____us peoples *adj.* someone or something that is native to or occurring naturally in a particular place
48. job ro_____on *n.* the action or process of moving in a circle around an axis or center
49. r_p a hole in the roof *v.* to tear something or be torn violently or suddenly
50. ar_____ct of the peace accord *n.* a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings
51. m_d school *adj.* (short for medical) relating to the field of medicine, which is concerned with the diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of diseases and disorders; (short for medication) a substance or drug that is used to treat a medical condition or alleviate symptoms
52. b__t from my bed *n.* a metal bar that slides across to lock a door or window closed; a discharge of lightning accompanied by thunder; (verb) to move or jump suddenly
53. an op_____ne remark *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
54. eva_____al Christian group *adj.* relating to or advocating a form of Protestant Christianity that emphasizes personal conversion and faith over religious rituals and central authority within the church
55. a worldwide ep_____ic *n.* the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time

ANSWERS: 47. indigenous, 48. rotation, 49. rip, 50. architect, 51. med, 52. bolt, 53. opportune, 54. evangelical, 55. epidemic

56. provide th____gh analysis *adj.* done completely; significantly careful and accurate
57. op_____ne occasion *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
58. str_____en a border patrol *v.* to become stronger or more effective; to make someone or something stronger or more effective
59. ha__y tool *adj.* valuable and convenient; easy or ready to reach or use
60. s__w the message *v.* to turn or place at an angle; to make biased or distorted with the result that it is not accurate, fair, normal, etc.
61. fl__k of sheep *n.* a gathering of sheep, goats, or birds
62. At_____ic salmon *adj.* relating to or located near the Atlantic Ocean, which is the second-largest ocean on Earth, located between the continents of North and South America to the west and Europe and Africa to the east
63. tr_____rm an education system *v.* to change in outward structure or looks;
64. sw__p up dead leaves *v.* to clean something, especially a floor or an area, by using a broom; move swiftly and smoothly
65. before Ch____t *n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity

ANSWERS: 56. thorough, 57. opportune, 58. strengthen, 59. handy, 60. skew, 61. flock, 62. Atlantic, 63. transform, 64. sweep, 65. Christ

66. electron mic_____pe *n.* an instrument used to see objects or substances that are too small to be seen with the naked eye
67. teaching of Ch____t *n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
68. ru____e-strewn road *n.* fragments of rock, stone, or other materials that remain after a building or other structure has been destroyed or demolished; the remains of something that has been broken down or destroyed
69. de____p to the countryside *v.* to suddenly leave a place, especially a temporary residence or a location where one has been staying for a period of time; to depart hastily or secretly
70. ov____me opponents *v.* to succeed in controlling or dealing with something, such as a problem or difficulty; to defeat or overwhelm someone
71. g__g member *n.* a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity
72. co____al swimming pool *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
73. dis____fy people with service *v.* to fail to satisfy someone
74. a bell to__r *n.* a structure that is exceptionally high in proportion to its width and either forms part of a building or stands alone

ANSWERS: 66. microscope, 67. Christ, 68. rubble, 69. decamp, 70. overcome, 71. gang, 72. communal, 73. dissatisfy, 74. tower

75. b__t diameter *n.* a metal bar that slides across to lock a door or window closed; a discharge of lightning accompanied by thunder; (verb) to move or jump suddenly
76. a cur_____um vitae *n.* a series of subjects comprising a course of study in a school, college, etc.
77. health ep_____ic *n.* the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time
78. pr___t a feeling of hunger *v.* to make someone decide to or try to do something, or to make something happen
79. th_____gh investigation *adj.* done completely; significantly careful and accurate
80. re_____on sociology *n.* a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny
81. co_____nt personnel *adj.* having the necessary ability, knowledge, or skill to do something successfully
82. co_____al combination of funds *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
83. a successful ent_____eur *n.* an individual who creates or invests in one or more businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks
84. contractual co_____ge *n.* the reporting or news of an important event, sports, subject, etc.; the amount, range, area, or quality of something that something provides
85. lingual di_____ty *n.* the quality or fact of many different types of things or people being included in something; a range of different things or people

ANSWERS: 75. bolt, 76. curriculum, 77. epidemic, 78. prompt, 79. thorough, 80. religion, 81. competent, 82. communal, 83. entrepreneur, 84. coverage, 85. diversity

86. men often pr____e women when walking *v.* to happen or go before something or someone in time or space
87. the ve__m of a lizard *n.* a toxic substance produced by an animal, typically a snake or insect, and injected into prey or an enemy by biting or stinging
88. professional mi____e *n.* a person trained to assist women during childbirth and to provide care for the mother and baby
89. full-co____ge insurance *n.* the reporting or news of an important event, sports, subject, etc.; the amount, range, area, or quality of something that something provides
90. en___l at a college *v.* to officially register or sign up for something, particularly a course of study, an organization, or a service
91. d__m room *n.* a residence hall or building that provides living quarters for students or other occupants, typically on a college or university campus
92. the advice of the ph____an *n.* a medical doctor who practices medicine
93. act as a pi____r *n.* inventor; explorer; someone who is among the first to achieve something
94. single et___c group *adj.* relating or belonging to a group of people who share a cultural tradition
95. pa____t in the hospital *n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic

ANSWERS: 86. precede, 87. venom, 88. midwife, 89. coverage, 90. enroll, 91. dorm, 92. physician, 93. pioneer, 94. ethnic, 95. patient

96. a c__e about the crime *n.* an object, a piece of evidence, or some information that helps someone to find the answer to a problem, question, or mystery
97. eva_____al mission *adj.* relating to or advocating a form of Protestant Christianity that emphasizes personal conversion and faith over religious rituals and central authority within the church
98. risk of ch_____c disease *adj.* being long-lasting and recurrent or characterized by long suffering; habitual
99. pi___p truck *n.* a type of vehicle with an open-air cargo bed at the back used for transporting goods or equipment; the act of collecting or gathering someone or something from a particular location; a warrant to take someone into custody
100. the in_____on of new techniques *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing
101. sus_____le alternative fuel *adj.* able to continue or be continued for a long time
102. principles of sus_____le development *adj.* able to continue or be continued for a long time
103. mi_____ry officials *n.* a department of government responsible for a particular area of public service
104. fertile fa_____nd *n.* land used for farming or agricultural purposes

ANSWERS: 96. clue, 97. evangelical, 98. chronic, 99. pickup, 100. invention, 101. sustainable, 102. sustainable, 103. ministry, 104. farmland

105. gov_____nt bureaucracy *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
106. cr_____e economy *v.* to cause severe damage or injury that greatly impairs someone's ability to function or move; to weaken or undermine
107. re_____t a good worker *v.* to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.
108. po_____t of the poor *adj.* having the least wealth or resources
109. statewide ca____s *n.* a private meeting of a political group or party to discuss policies, tactics, and strategy; a closed meeting or assembly of people with shared interests or goals, often to make decisions or coordinate actions
110. meet his com_____nts *n.* a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way
111. st_____d amount *n.* a fixed sum of money paid regularly, often as a salary or allowance, to support a particular activity or role, such as a student or trainee
112. exp_____nt design *n.* the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge
113. serve as mi_____e *n.* a person trained to assist women during childbirth and to provide care for the mother and baby
114. Democratic ca____s *n.* a private meeting of a political group or party to discuss policies, tactics, and strategy; a closed meeting or assembly of people with shared interests or goals, often to make decisions or coordinate actions

ANSWERS: 105. government, 106. cripple, 107. recruit, 108. poorest, 109. caucus, 110. commitment, 111. stipend, 112. experiment, 113. midwife, 114. caucus

115. ov____me all difficulties *v.* to succeed in controlling or dealing with something, such as a problem or difficulty; to defeat or overwhelm someone
116. in a fl____t tone *adj.* able to communicate in a specific language smoothly or effectively, or easily
117. education pol____er *n.* a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.
118. landscape ar____ct *n.* a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings
119. Mauritian Cr____e *n.* a person of mixed European and African descent, especially in the Caribbean; a language that has developed from a mixture of different parent languages, often with European and African influences
120. con____ion bias *n.* a statement, often written, that shows that something is true, correct, or definite
121. de____e this prize *v.* to be worthy of or entitled to something, especially something good or valuable
122. the illative fa____y of the mind *n.* an inborn or natural ability to hear, see, think, move, etc.; a department or group of the university concerned with a major division of knowledge
123. ba____cking trip *n.* a bag or pack that is worn on the back, often used for carrying books, equipment, or supplies

ANSWERS: 115. overcome, 116. fluent, 117. policymaker, 118. architect, 119. Creole, 120. confirmation, 121. deserve, 122. faculty, 123. backpack

124. in_____ce the daily life *n.* the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself
125. b__y in the earth *v.* to place a dead body in the ground, grave, or tomb
126. mic_____pe slide *n.* an instrument used to see objects or substances that are too small to be seen with the naked eye
127. re_____sh a room *v.* to renovate or improve something old or worn out, typically by cleaning, repairing, or replacing parts to restore its original condition or appearance
128. pi___p and delivery service *n.* a type of vehicle with an open-air cargo bed at the back used for transporting goods or equipment; the act of collecting or gathering someone or something from a particular location; a warrant to take someone into custody
129. first in_____g *n.* a slight or vague understanding or idea of something; a hint or intimation of something, often something that is not fully understood or realized
130. a seafaring na____n *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
131. sp__k his interest *v.* to start something or make it grow, especially suddenly; to emit a tiny piece of fire or electricity
132. software li_____e *n.* an official permission or authorization to do, use, or own something; a legal document that grants the holder the right to perform certain activities, such as driving a car, practicing a profession, or using a particular product or service

ANSWERS: 124. influence, 125. bury, 126. microscope, 127. refurbish, 128. pickup, 129. inkling, 130. nation, 131. spark, 132. license

133. Cr___e dialect *n.* a person of mixed European and African descent, especially in the Caribbean; a language that has developed from a mixture of different parent languages, often with European and African influences
134. ac____ic probation *adj.* associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills
135. con_____ion of purchase *n.* a statement, often written, that shows that something is true, correct, or definite
136. rapid transit su___y *n.* an underground railway system, typically in a city
137. l__t a ban on alcohol *v.* to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position
138. un_____al life *adj.* existing or affecting everywhere or everyone
139. in_____g of hope *n.* a slight or vague understanding or idea of something; a hint or intimation of something, often something that is not fully understood or realized
140. di_____ct difference *adj.* noticeable from something else of a similar type
141. rem_____le achievement *adj.* worthy of attention because unusual or special
142. load the m__e *n.* a domesticated animal used for riding, carrying loads, and farm work, characterized by its long ears, short mane, and sturdy build

ANSWERS: 133. Creole, 134. academic, 135. confirmation, 136. subway, 137. lift, 138. universal, 139. inkling, 140. distinct, 141. remarkable, 142. mule

143. high school g__d *n.* (informal for graduate) a student who has recently graduated or is about to graduate from a school, college, or university
144. honor gr____te *n.* a person who has a first degree from university or college; (verb) to complete the first course of university or college and get a degree
145. ease her hea_____ak *n.* a feeling of great sadness or disappointment
146. d__y authority *v.* to challenge or dare someone to do something; to resist or disobey a rule, decision, etc.
147. moral et__c *n.* a set of moral or philosophical principles or values that guide the behavior or actions of an individual, group, or society; the study or inquiry into the nature of morality and moral systems
148. a warm em_____e *v.* to accept something willingly and enthusiastically; (noun) the act of clasping another person in the arms as in greeting or affection
149. the to__r on a cliff *n.* a structure that is exceptionally high in proportion to its width and either forms part of a building or stands alone
150. a qu_____r mile *n.* one of four equal parts; a fourth part or portion
151. con_____nal approval *adj.* of or relating to Congress, especially to the Congress of the United States

ANSWERS: 143. grad, 144. graduate, 145. heartbreak, 146. defy, 147. ethic, 148. embrace, 149. tower, 150. quarter, 151. congressional

152. the cycle of po____y *n.* the condition of being extremely poor
153. re____e one word with another *v.* to take the place of something
154. the worst case sc____io *n.* a description of possible actions or events in the future; a written outline of a play, film, or literary work
155. pr____y education *adj.* first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle
156. up____d tradition *v.* to support or defend something, such as a law, idea, decision, etc.
157. na____n-state *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
158. hea____re agency *n.* the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
159. sta____cs for cancer *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
160. temporary me____l treatment *adj.* relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine
161. gov____nt funding *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state

ANSWERS: 152. poverty, 153. replace, 154. scenario, 155. primary, 156. uphold, 157. nation, 158. healthcare, 159. statistics, 160. medical, 161. government

162. end of the first qu____r *n.* one of four equal parts; a fourth part or portion
163. di____e prevention *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
164. lack of hu____ty *n.* the quality or condition of being humble; a low estimate of one's self
165. in____t food *n.* a baby or very young child
166. country-by-country a_d programs *n.* things sent to help countries in need, notably food or money; support
167. di____er recovery *n.* an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life
168. gr____te degree program *n.* a person who has a first degree from university or college; (verb) to complete the first course of university or college and get a degree
169. a ha__y-sized bag *adj.* valuable and convenient; easy or ready to reach or use
170. pr____y school *adj.* first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle
171. s__w social values *v.* to turn or place at an angle; to make biased or distorted with the result that it is not accurate, fair, normal, etc.
172. consult with a ph____an *n.* a medical doctor who practices medicine

ANSWERS: 162. quarter, 163. disease, 164. humility, 165. infant, 166. aid, 167. disaster, 168. graduate, 169. handy, 170. primary, 171. skew, 172. physician

173. re___e on the skin *v.* to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time
174. dis_____te video content *v.* to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
175. di_____ct from each other *adj.* noticeable from something else of a similar type
176. en___l in a school *v.* to officially register or sign up for something, particularly a course of study, an organization, or a service
177. the di_____ty between theory and reality *n.* a significant difference or inequality between two or more things
178. di_____se the problem *v.* to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis
179. traditional me_____al *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
180. na___l battles *adj.* of or relating to ships, sailors, or the navy
181. my vo_____er work *n.* a person who performs or offers to perform a job or service without being paid for or forced to do
182. b___y emotion *v.* to place a dead body in the ground, grave, or tomb
183. injected ve___m *n.* a toxic substance produced by an animal, typically a snake or insect, and injected into prey or an enemy by biting or stinging

ANSWERS: 173. reside, 174. distribute, 175. distinct, 176. enroll, 177. disparity, 178. diagnose, 179. medicinal, 180. naval, 181. volunteer, 182. bury, 183. venom

184. a period of ro____on *n.* the action or process of moving in a circle around an axis or center
185. pi____ne facilities *n.* a very long large tube that is usually underground and is used for carrying liquid or gas for long distances
186. fellow se____t *n.* a person who performs duties for others, especially a person employed in a house on domestic duties or as a personal attendant
187. imp____hed nation *adj.* reduced to poverty or destitution; lacking in resources, means, or vitality; depleted or exhausted
188. a man of imp____ce *n.* the quality of being important and worthy of note
189. st___e up a conversation *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
190. ru___l accents *adj.* of or relating to the countryside
191. a ho____ss cat *adj.* without a home, and therefore typically living on the streets
192. gr____r checker *n.* the set of structural constraints on speakers' or writers' composition of clauses, phrases, and words
193. se___e down in the town *v.* to reach an agreement or disagreement
194. na____te the Pacific *v.* to plan and direct the way that a ship, plane, etc. will travel, often by using a map
195. full-time st____d *n.* a fixed sum of money paid regularly, often as a salary or allowance, to support a particular activity or role, such as a student or trainee

ANSWERS: 184. rotation, 185. pipeline, 186. servant, 187. impoverished, 188. importance, 189. strike, 190. rural, 191. homeless, 192. grammar, 193. settle, 194. navigate, 195. stipend

196. a me_____l opinion *adj.* relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine
197. di_____se with CT scans *v.* to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis
198. au_____us stunt *adj.* showing a willingness to take bold risks or to do something that is considered unconventional or daring; marked by originality, creativity, or boldness
199. re_____e permanently *v.* to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time
200. el_____fy the audience *v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
201. re_____sh a classic car *v.* to renovate or improve something old or worn out, typically by cleaning, repairing, or replacing parts to restore its original condition or appearance
202. tu_____n assistance *n.* the act of teaching something, especially when given to a small group or one person; fees charged by education institutions for instruction or other services
203. sp__k a chain reaction *v.* to start something or make it grow, especially suddenly; to emit a tiny piece of fire or electricity
204. common in_____on *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing

ANSWERS: 196. medical, 197. diagnose, 198. audacious, 199. reside, 200. electrify, 201. refurbish, 202. tuition, 203. spark, 204. invention

205. Latin gr____r *n.* the set of structural constraints on speakers' or writers' composition of clauses, phrases, and words
206. makeshift sh____y *n.* a small, crudely built, usually temporary house or dwelling; often used to describe a rough or inexpensive structure
207. high imp____ce *n.* the quality of being important and worthy of note
208. mi____l amount *adj.* tiny in amount; the least possible
209. b_t on a race *v.* to risk money on the result of an event or a competition, such as a race or game, to get more money; to have faith or confidence in something
210. have ri____us criticism *adj.* allowing or demanding no deviation from a standard; extremely careful, thorough, or accurate
211. h__l a broken bone *v.* to make a wound or injury to become well again
212. au____ty of hope *n.* boldness or daring, especially when it is foolhardy or reckless
213. a member of the fa____y *n.* an inborn or natural ability to hear, see, think, move, etc.; a department or group of the university concerned with a major division of knowledge
214. ped____cs department *n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the care and treatment of children
215. ill____te a key point *v.* to provide pictures, photographs, diagrams, etc. in a book or something for explanation

ANSWERS: 205. grammar, 206. shanty, 207. importance, 208. minimal, 209. bet, 210. rigorous, 211. heal, 212. audacity, 213. faculty, 214. pediatrics, 215. illustrate

216. r__y on convenience stores *v.* to require a specific thing or the assistance and support of someone or something to continue, run properly, or succeed.
217. clear away ru___e *n.* fragments of rock, stone, or other materials that remain after a building or other structure has been destroyed or demolished; the remains of something that has been broken down or destroyed
218. private se___r *n.* a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
219. fl__k of spectator *n.* a gathering of sheep, goats, or birds
220. the an_____te to the poison *n.* a chemical substance or remedy that stops or controls the effects of a poison or disease
221. pr_____e any discussion *v.* to happen or go before something or someone in time or space
222. m_d student *adj.* (short for medical) relating to the field of medicine, which is concerned with the diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of diseases and disorders; (short for medication) a substance or drug that is used to treat a medical condition or alleviate symptoms
223. a China-based jou_____st *n.* a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media

ANSWERS: 216. rely, 217. rubble, 218. sector, 219. flock, 220. antidote, 221. precede, 222. med, 223. journalist

224. sh___y-style lodging *n.* a small, crudely built, usually temporary house or dwelling; often used to describe a rough or inexpensive structure
225. billionaire ent_____eur *n.* an individual who creates or invests in one or more businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks
226. su___y train *n.* an underground railway system, typically in a city
227. principles of un_____al design *adj.* existing or affecting everywhere or everyone
228. assignment for the une_____ed youth *adj.* not having a job, although able to work
229. freedom of re_____on *n.* a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny
230. ch_____c alcohol consumption *adj.* being long-lasting and recurrent or characterized by long suffering; habitual
231. university d__m *n.* a residence hall or building that provides living quarters for students or other occupants, typically on a college or university campus
232. an ac_____y of music *n.* a school for special training; a type of official organization that aims to encourage and develop standards in its particular field
233. au_____us decision *adj.* showing a willingness to take bold risks or to do something that is considered unconventional or daring; marked by originality, creativity, or boldness

ANSWERS: 224. shanty, 225. entrepreneur, 226. subway, 227. universal, 228. unemployed, 229. religion, 230. chronic, 231. dorm, 232. academy, 233. audacious

234. series of exp_____nts *n.* the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge
235. develop an attitude of hu_____ty *n.* the quality or condition of being humble; a low estimate of one's self
236. the s__n of a bird's wings *n.* the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers
237. dis_____te wealth evenly *v.* to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
238. a tr_____on of a culture *n.* a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society
239. bu____t train *n.* a metal projectile that is shot from a gun
240. ind_____us crop *adj.* someone or something that is native to or occurring naturally in a particular place
241. a c__e to the diagnosis *n.* an object, a piece of evidence, or some information that helps someone to find the answer to a problem, question, or mystery
242. des_____ly ill patient *adv.* in a way that shows a lack of hope and a willingness to do anything because of the problematic situation; with great urgency
243. str_____en the immune system *v.* to become stronger or more effective; to make someone or something stronger or more effective

ANSWERS: 234. experiment, 235. humility, 236. span, 237. distribute, 238. tradition, 239. bullet, 240. indigenous, 241. clue, 242. desperately, 243. strengthen

244. high r__k *n.* a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
245. h__l the hurt mind *v.* to make a wound or injury to become well again
246. ho_____ss shelter *adj.* without a home, and therefore typically living on the streets
247. go through hea_____ak *n.* a feeling of great sadness or disappointment
248. ri_____us standards *adj.* allowing or demanding no deviation from a standard; extremely careful, thorough, or accurate
249. gh___o apartments *n.* an area of a city in which members of a particular group, typically an ethnic minority, usually live in poverty and with a high population density
250. up___d the law *v.* to support or defend something, such as a law, idea, decision, etc.
251. de_____te attempt *adj.* feeling or showing a lack of hope and a willingness to do anything because of the problematic situation
252. early pi_____rs *n.* inventor; explorer; someone who is among the first to achieve something
253. take ad_____ge of his weak points *n.* a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has
254. demonstrate your me___e *n.* a person's ability to cope with difficult situations or face adversity with courage, resilience, and determination; one's character or temperament

ANSWERS: 244. rank, 245. heal, 246. homeless, 247. heartbreak, 248. rigorous, 249. ghetto, 250. uphold, 251. desperate, 252. pioneer, 253. advantage, 254. mettle

255. tower of iv__y *n.* a hard, creamy-white substance that comes from the tusks of elephants, walruses, and some other animals and is used to make ornaments and other decorative items
256. con_____ion of armaments *n.* the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.
257. legal co____t *n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
258. financial a_d *n.* things sent to help countries in need, notably food or money; support
259. em_____e an opportunity *v.* to accept something willingly and enthusiastically; (noun) the act of clasping another person in the arms as in greeting or affection
260. pa_____t with weight loss *n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
261. po_____y alleviation *n.* the condition of being extremely poor
262. the an_____te for aging *n.* a chemical substance or remedy that stops or controls the effects of a poison or disease
263. surgical la____t *n.* a sharp, pointed surgical instrument used for making incisions or punctures, typically in medical procedures

ANSWERS: 255. ivory, 256. concentration, 257. context, 258. aid, 259. embrace, 260. patient, 261. poverty, 262. antidote, 263. lancet

264. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
265. a com_____nt to an alliance *n.* a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way
266. tr_____rm heat into power *v.* to change in outward structure or looks;
267. economic re___m *n.* the act of improving or correcting something that is wrong or bad; a change made to correct a flaw or problem
268. ec_____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
269. ped_____cs clinic *n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the care and treatment of children
270. bu___n of disease *n.* a duty, responsibility, etc. that is oppressive or worrisome; a load, typically a heavy one that is difficult to carry
271. the rem_____le breadth of knowledge *adj.* worthy of attention because unusual or special
272. solve the ri___e *n.* a type of question that describes something in a difficult and confusing way, and that has a surprising answer, often asked as a game

ANSWERS: 264. statistics, 265. commitment, 266. transform, 267. reform, 268. economy, 269. pediatrics, 270. burden, 271. remarkable, 272. riddle

273. sh___n's wisdom *n.* a person who is regarded as having access to the spirit world and who typically acts as a healer or intermediary between spirits and humans in certain cultures and traditions
274. de____p a strategy *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
275. make a ca__e trip *n.* a narrow, light boat with pointy ends and no keel that is propelled by a paddle
276. regular ins_____on *n.* the act of examining, assessing, or reviewing something to ensure its accuracy, quality, safety, or compliance; the process of investigating or evaluating something
277. mi_____l effort *adj.* tiny in amount; the least possible
278. n__m of action *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
279. im___t goods *v.* to bring goods or services into a country from another country; to transfer electronic data into a database or document;
280. At_____ic breeze *adj.* relating to or located near the Atlantic Ocean, which is the second-largest ocean on Earth, located between the continents of North and South America to the west and Europe and Africa to the east

ANSWERS: 273. shaman, 274. develop, 275. canoe, 276. inspection, 277. minimal, 278. norm, 279. import, 280. Atlantic

281. cr___s management *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
282. carry a bu___n *n.* a duty, responsibility, etc. that is oppressive or worrisome; a load, typically a heavy one that is difficult to carry
283. c__p field *n.* a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
284. iv__y carving *n.* a hard, creamy-white substance that comes from the tusks of elephants, walruses, and some other animals and is used to make ornaments and other decorative items
285. imp_____hed family *adj.* reduced to poverty or destitution; lacking in resources, means, or vitality; depleted or exhausted
286. global di_____er *n.* an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life
287. jou_____st on a magazine *n.* a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media
288. en_____ze a team *v.* to give energy or vitality to someone or something; to invigorate
289. et___c minority *adj.* relating or belonging to a group of people who share a cultural tradition

ANSWERS: 281. crisis, 282. burden, 283. crop, 284. ivory, 285. impoverished, 286. disaster, 287. journalist, 288. energize, 289. ethnic

290. against tr_____on *n.* a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society
291. a no_____it organization *adj.* not established for commercial profit
292. g__d student *n.* (informal for graduate) a student who has recently graduated or is about to graduate from a school, college, or university
293. ri___e me a riddle *n.* a type of question that describes something in a difficult and confusing way, and that has a surprising answer, often asked as a game
294. in_____ce a child's future *n.* the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself
295. de_____e respect *v.* to be worthy of or entitled to something, especially something good or valuable
296. enter the mi_____ry *n.* a department of government responsible for a particular area of public service
297. re_____nt tax *n.* a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
298. people in ru___l areas *adj.* of or relating to the countryside
299. de_____te a chapter to the subject *v.* to give all of your energy, time, etc., entirely to a specific person, activity, or cause; to set apart for a particular purpose or use

ANSWERS: 290. tradition, 291. nonprofit, 292. grad, 293. riddle, 294. influence, 295. deserve, 296. ministry, 297. resident, 298. rural, 299. dedicate

300. po____t area *adj.* having the least wealth or resources
301. d__y gravity *v.* to challenge or dare someone to do something; to resist or disobey a rule, decision, etc.
302. re_____e a phone *v.* to take the place of something
303. de___e centigrade *n.* a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment
304. college sch_____ip *n.* a grant or payment made to support a student's education usually awarded based on academic or other achievements
305. a dental cl___c *n.* a building or hospital department where people can go for medical care or advice, especially of a particular condition
306. a college tu_____n *n.* the act of teaching something, especially when given to a small group or one person; fees charged by education institutions for instruction or other services
307. lower infant mo_____ty *n.* the quality or state of being subject to death
308. re_____t a new hire *v.* to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.
309. ch_____a epidemic *n.* a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes

ANSWERS: 300. poorest, 301. defy, 302. replace, 303. degree, 304. scholarship, 305. clinic, 306. tuition, 307. mortality, 308. recruit, 309. cholera

310. ac____it a course *v.* to give official recognition or approval to an individual, organization, or educational institution; to attribute something to a particular source or cause
311. a motorcycle g__g *n.* a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity
312. seek vo_____ers *n.* a person who performs or offers to perform a job or service without being paid for or forced to do
313. the tribe's sh____n *n.* a person who is regarded as having access to the spirit world and who typically acts as a healer or intermediary between spirits and humans in certain cultures and traditions
314. r__y entirely on him *v.* to require a specific thing or the assistance and support of someone or something to continue, run properly, or succeed.
315. de____p a skill *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
316. im_____ry pregnancy *adj.* existing only in someone's mind
317. li_____e renewal *n.* an official permission or authorization to do, use, or own something; a legal document that grants the holder the right to perform certain activities, such as driving a car, practicing a profession, or using a particular product or service

ANSWERS: 310. accredit, 311. gang, 312. volunteer, 313. shaman, 314. rely, 315. develop, 316. imaginary, 317. license

326. im_____ry number *adj.* existing only in someone's mind
327. ca__e race *n.* a narrow, light boat with pointy ends and no keel that is propelled by a paddle
328. people who are une_____ed *adj.* not having a job, although able to work
329. cl_____al surgery *adj.* of or relating to the examination and treatment of patients rather than theoretical or laboratory studies
330. se_____t of God *n.* a person who performs duties for others, especially a person employed in a house on domestic duties or as a personal attendant
331. l__t sagging skin *v.* to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position
332. income di_____ty *n.* a significant difference or inequality between two or more things
333. visit to the veterinary cl____c *n.* a building or hospital department where people can go for medical care or advice, especially of a particular condition
334. se___e a dispute *v.* to reach an agreement of disagreement
335. an academic cur_____um *n.* a series of subjects comprising a course of study in a school, college, etc.
336. the average life s__n *n.* the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers

ANSWERS: 326. imaginary, 327. canoe, 328. unemployed, 329. clinical, 330. servant, 331. lift, 332. disparity, 333. clinic, 334. settle, 335. curriculum, 336. span

337. ac____it certification organizations *v.* to give official recognition or approval to an individual, organization, or educational institution; to attribute something to a particular source or cause
338. participate in cl____al trials *adj.* of or relating to the examination and treatment of patients rather than theoretical or laboratory studies
339. el____fy a manufacturing process *v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
340. financial cr____s *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
341. fl____t Chinese *adj.* able to communicate in a specific language smoothly or effectively, or easily
342. me____al chemistry *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
343. save the pl____t *n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
344. a sch____ip association *n.* a grant or payment made to support a student's education usually awarded based on academic or other achievements
345. de____te a few hours *v.* to give all of your energy, time, etc., entirely to a specific person, activity, or cause; to set apart for a particular purpose or use

ANSWERS: 337. accredit, 338. clinical, 339. electrify, 340. crisis, 341. fluent, 342. medicinal, 343. planet, 344. scholarship, 345. dedicate

346. ins_____on report
- n.* the act of examining, assessing, or reviewing something to ensure its accuracy, quality, safety, or compliance; the process of investigating or evaluating something
347. pr___t a debate
- v.* to make someone decide to or try to do something, or to make something happen
348. r__k amateur
- n.* a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others

ANSWERS: 346. inspection, 347. prompt, 348. rank

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. He has shown signs of uneasiness and _____ worry.
adj. very great or intense; so powerful that you cannot fight or react against it
2. This disease has a high _____.
n. the quality or state of being subject to death
3. The intricate carvings on the _____ tusk were a work of art.
n. a hard, creamy-white substance that comes from the tusks of elephants, walruses, and some other animals and is used to make ornaments and other decorative items
4. Little children tend to have _____ friends.
adj. existing only in someone's mind
5. She tried to _____ her parents by moving to the city against their wishes.
v. to challenge or dare someone to do something; to resist or disobey a rule, decision, etc.
6. Pakistan's _____ budget was still being reviewed.
n. things sent to help countries in need, notably food or money; support
7. The _____ officer was responsible for the safety and well-being of the crew on his ship.
adj. of or relating to ships, sailors, or the navy
8. The company _____ raw materials from other countries to manufacture its products.
v. to bring goods or services into a country from another country; to transfer electronic data into a database or document;

ANSWERS: 1. overwhelming, 2. mortality, 3. ivory, 4. imaginary, 5. defy, 6. aid, 7. naval, 8. imports

9. I took a ____ dose of pain reliever to ease my headache.

adj. (short for medical) relating to the field of medicine, which is concerned with the diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of diseases and disorders; (short for medication) a substance or drug that is used to treat a medical condition or alleviate symptoms

10. The _____ team worked quickly to save the patient's life.

adj. relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine

11. We were filled with _____ at the sight of the Queen.

n. the quality or condition of being humble; a low estimate of one's self

12. The doctor diagnosed him with a rare _____ that had no known cure.

n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

13. The university will _____ the new college if it meets its standards.

v. to give official recognition or approval to an individual, organization, or educational institution; to attribute something to a particular source or cause

14. The employee _____ the promotion for their hard work and dedication.

v. to be worthy of or entitled to something, especially something good or valuable

15. It's important to understand the _____ of a situation before making a decision.

n. the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning

16. Rebels sabotaged the main _____ supplying oil.

n. a very long large tube that is usually underground and is used for carrying liquid or gas for long distances

ANSWERS: 9. med, 10. medical, 11. humility, 12. disease, 13. accredit, 14. deserved, 15. context, 16. pipeline

17. The technology _____ is constantly evolving and innovating.
- n.* a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
18. Before driving, ensure you have a valid driver's _____.
- n.* an official permission or authorization to do, use, or own something; a legal document that grants the holder the right to perform certain activities, such as driving a car, practicing a profession, or using a particular product or service
19. The judge ruled that the defendant was _____ to stand trial.
- adj.* having the necessary ability, knowledge, or skill to do something successfully
20. Our knowledge helps _____ our clients successfully.
- v.* to plan and direct the way that a ship, plane, etc. will travel, often by using a map
21. Each _____ group has its unique rituals.
- adj.* relating or belonging to a group of people who share a cultural tradition
22. The _____ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.
- n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
23. Living in a _____ can be a great way to meet new people when you're in college.
- n.* a residence hall or building that provides living quarters for students or other occupants, typically on a college or university campus
24. There is a significant _____ in pay between men and women in the company.
- n.* a significant difference or inequality between two or more things

ANSWERS: 17. sector, 18. license, 19. competent, 20. navigate, 21. ethnic, 22. nation, 23. dorm, 24. disparity

25. He was promoted to the _____ of captain in the military.
- n.* a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
26. I stopped by the branch though I have no business of _____.
- n.* the quality of being important and worthy of note
27. She holds a _____ on Tuesday mornings.
- n.* a building or hospital department where people can go for medical care or advice, especially of a particular condition
28. The young entrepreneur had an _____ plan to start his own company.
- adj.* showing a willingness to take bold risks or to do something that is considered unconventional or daring; marked by originality, creativity, or boldness
29. That incident _____ a nationwide chain reaction regarding the crackdown on illegal groups.
- v.* to make someone decide to or try to do something, or to make something happen
30. Babies heavily _____ on others for food.
- v.* to require a specific thing or the assistance and support of someone or something to continue, run properly, or succeed.
31. After the accident, the police found an empty _____.
- n.* a narrow, light boat with pointy ends and no keel that is propelled by a paddle
32. The _____ cause of the accident was due to the icy road conditions.
- adj.* first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle

ANSWERS: 25. rank, 26. importance, 27. clinic, 28. audacious, 29. prompted, 30. rely, 31. canoe, 32. primary

33. Sow early for an early _____.

n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food

34. The company's financial records _____ how successful it has been.

v. to provide pictures, photographs, diagrams, etc. in a book or something for explanation

35. Many employers hire _____ trainees to train as managers.

n. a person who has a first degree from university or college; (verb) to complete the first course of university or college and get a degree

36. The _____ plants need to be pollinated by local insects.

adj. someone or something that is native to or occurring naturally in a particular place

37. The politician tried to _____ the embarrassing incident under the rug.

v. to clean something, especially a floor or an area, by using a broom; move swiftly and smoothly

38. She received her _____ in psychology from the university.

n. a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment

39. Many studies have investigated the relationship between _____ and academic achievement.

n. the condition of being extremely poor

40. A _____ brushing helps to keep your mouth fresh.

adj. done completely; significantly careful and accurate

ANSWERS: 33. crop, 34. illustrate, 35. graduate, 36. indigenous, 37. sweep, 38. degree, 39. poverty, 40. thorough

41. _____ struggle to develop various laws and regulations to address international trade conflicts.
n. a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.
42. My father was _____ for so long.
adj. not having a job, although able to work
43. Necessity is the mother of _____.
n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing
44. The phone rang at the most _____ time.
adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
45. I plan to _____ my old dresser with a fresh coat of paint and new drawer handles.
v. to renovate or improve something old or worn out, typically by cleaning, repairing, or replacing parts to restore its original condition or appearance
46. It will take time for her mental scars to _____.
v. to make a wound or injury to become well again
47. This device is used to _____ brain cancer and other tumors.
v. to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis
48. _____ elections were held in several European countries.
adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

ANSWERS: 41. Policymakers, 42. unemployed, 43. invention, 44. opportune, 45. refurbish, 46. heal, 47. diagnose, 48. Communal

49. Foreign TV crews and _____ can go as they please in various locations during the Olympics.
- n.* a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media
50. The police couldn't find a _____ to her whereabouts.
- n.* an object, a piece of evidence, or some information that helps someone to find the answer to a problem, question, or mystery
51. The _____ countries in the world often have the highest rates of malnutrition.
- adj.* having the least wealth or resources
52. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.
- n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
53. John Whitney was a computer animation _____.
- n.* inventor; explorer; someone who is among the first to achieve something
54. This university's computer science _____ is world distinguished.
- n.* an inborn or natural ability to hear, see, think, move, etc.; a department or group of the university concerned with a major division of knowledge
55. Mercury is the closest _____ to the sun.
- n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
56. The government is proposing a _____ to the healthcare system to make it more accessible and affordable for all citizens.
- n.* the act of improving or correcting something that is wrong or bad; a change made to correct a flaw or problem

ANSWERS: 49. journalists, 50. clue, 51. poorest, 52. statistics, 53. pioneer, 54. faculty, 55. planet, 56. reform

57. The _____ of the Earth causes day and night.

n. the action or process of moving in a circle around an axis or center

58. They found a _____ place to play catch.

adj. valuable and convenient; easy or ready to reach or use

59. The _____ hurricane season runs from June to November each year.

adj. relating to or located near the Atlantic Ocean, which is the second-largest ocean on Earth, located between the continents of North and South America to the west and Europe and Africa to the east

60. Eventually, the new design will _____ all older models.

v. to take the place of something

61. The clinical _____ assisted with the delivery of the baby.

n. a person trained to assist women during childbirth and to provide care for the mother and baby

62. That car has a low environmental _____.

n. a duty, responsibility, etc. that is oppressive or worrisome; a load, typically a heavy one that is difficult to carry

63. We _____ to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

64. They _____ in a beautiful old house in the countryside.

v. to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time

ANSWERS: 57. rotation, 58. handy, 59. Atlantic, 60. replace, 61. midwife, 62. burden, 63. strike, 64. reside

65. The village _____ performed a healing ritual for the ailing elder.
n. a person who is regarded as having access to the spirit world and who typically acts as a healer or intermediary between spirits and humans in certain cultures and traditions
66. She gets a _____ on each contract.
n. a formal instruction, command, or request given to a person or group; an official group of people entrusted by a government or other official body to control or enforce something
67. There is plenty of space to _____ everyone.
v. to place a dead body in the ground, grave, or tomb
68. The process was carried out at _____ cost.
adj. tiny in amount; the least possible
69. The product developed through years of research continues to _____ the market.
v. to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
70. The unemployment rate in the first _____ was 2.3 percentage points higher than in the previous.
n. one of four equal parts; a fourth part or portion
71. She learned five languages but is only _____ in two of them.
adj. able to communicate in a specific language smoothly or effectively, or easily
72. She visited the local _____ to seek treatment for her persistent headache.
n. a medical doctor who practices medicine

ANSWERS: 65. shaman, 66. commission, 67. bury, 68. minimal, 69. electrify, 70. quarter, 71. fluent, 72. physician

73. The bankruptcy of the giant conglomerate _____ turmoil in the stock market.
- v.* to start something or make it grow, especially suddenly; to emit a tiny piece of fire or electricity
74. _____ willingly accept business risks to achieve success.
- n.* an individual who creates or invests in one or more businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks
75. Her new documentary earned her an _____ Award.
- n.* a school for special training; a type of official organization that aims to encourage and develop standards in its particular field
76. I ___ that you know it.
- v.* to risk money on the result of an event or a competition, such as a race or game, to get more money; to have faith or confidence in something
77. The woods _____ the house.
- v.* to accept something willingly and enthusiastically; (noun) the act of clasping another person in the arms as in greeting or affection
78. He tried to _____ a bad reputation and win the election.
- v.* to succeed in controlling or dealing with something, such as a problem or difficulty; to defeat or overwhelm someone
79. Their _____ strictly prohibits them from drinking or gambling.
- n.* a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny
80. She received special _____ training at the hospital.
- adj.* of or relating to the examination and treatment of patients rather than theoretical or laboratory studies

ANSWERS: 73. sparked, 74. Entrepreneurs, 75. Academy, 76. bet, 77. embrace, 78. overcome, 79. religion, 80. clinical

81. Mastering _____ takes a lot of time for those learning a foreign language.
n. the set of structural constraints on speakers' or writers' composition of clauses, phrases, and words
82. Our law firm also focuses on _____ activities.
adj. not established for commercial profit
83. The night shift _____ checked my vital signs before administering the medication.
n. a healthcare professional who is trained to provide care for the sick or injured;
v. to try to cure by special care or treatment of an illness or injury
84. In an aging population, citizens must pay more to maintain quality _____.
n. the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
85. The drought _____ the prices of grain globally.
v. to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position
86. Mozart was an _____ prodigy.
n. a baby or very young child
87. The stubborn _____ refused to move until it was rewarded with a carrot.
n. a domesticated animal used for riding, carrying loads, and farm work, characterized by its long ears, short mane, and sturdy build
88. The president prepared several possible _____ for an enemy attack.
n. a description of possible actions or events in the future; a written outline of a play, film, or literary work

ANSWERS: 81. grammar, 82. nonprofit, 83. nurse, 84. healthcare, 85. lifted, 86. infant, 87. mule, 88. scenarios

89. The _____ pastor delivered a powerful sermon to his congregation.
adj. relating to or advocating a form of Protestant Christianity that emphasizes personal conversion and faith over religious rituals and central authority within the church
90. The _____ response team worked around the clock to aid those affected by the earthquake.
n. an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life
91. The doctor used a _____ for a small incision on the patient's skin.
n. a sharp, pointed surgical instrument used for making incisions or punctures, typically in medical procedures
92. I don't want to _____ for second best.
v. to reach an agreement of disagreement
93. His estate was _____ to his sons.
v. to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
94. She is a _____ of strength for our team in trouble.
n. a structure that is exceptionally high in proportion to its width and either forms part of a building or stands alone
95. The snake's _____ is highly toxic and can be fatal to humans.
n. a toxic substance produced by an animal, typically a snake or insect, and injected into prey or an enemy by biting or stinging
96. As a graduate student, I receive a monthly _____ to cover my living expenses.
n. a fixed sum of money paid regularly, often as a salary or allowance, to support a particular activity or role, such as a student or trainee

ANSWERS: 89. evangelical, 90. disaster, 91. lancet, 92. settle, 93. distributed, 94. tower, 95. venom, 96. stipend

97. It is a _____ in many families to have a big Thanksgiving dinner with all their relatives.
- n.* a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society
98. The scandal received widespread media _____.
- n.* the reporting or news of an important event, sports, subject, etc.; the amount, range, area, or quality of something that something provides
99. He was _____ when he lost all his money by gambling.
- adj.* feeling or showing a lack of hope and a willingness to do anything because of the problematic situation
100. Agricultural development generally _____ economic growth.
- v.* to happen or go before something or someone in time or space
101. The street _____ was known for its violent behavior.
- n.* a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity
102. He _____ his life to helping others.
- v.* to give all of your energy, time, etc., entirely to a specific person, activity, or cause; to set apart for a particular purpose or use
103. Difficulties _____ the mind, as labor does the body.
- v.* to become stronger or more effective; to make someone or something stronger or more effective
104. I am studying _____ in medical school because I love working with children.
- n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the care and treatment of children

ANSWERS: 97. tradition, 98. coverage, 99. desperate, 100. precedes, 101. gang, 102. dedicated, 103. strengthen, 104. pediatrics

105. He became _____ after losing his job.

adj. without a home, and therefore typically living on the streets

106. The government should do more to support environmentally _____ agriculture.

adj. able to continue or be continued for a long time

107. The _____ of education is responsible for managing the schools in the country.

n. a department of government responsible for a particular area of public service

108. Visa renewal for _____ foreigners in this country is once every five years.

n. a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place

109. The federal _____ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

110. The _____ villagers struggled to make ends meet with little access to food and clean water.

adj. reduced to poverty or destitution; lacking in resources, means, or vitality; depleted or exhausted

111. The teachers make full use of _____ assistance.

n. a person who performs or offers to perform a job or service without being paid for or forced to do

112. _____ hyperglycemia is a trigger for a variety of serious diseases.

adj. being long-lasting and recurrent or characterized by long suffering; habitual

ANSWERS: 105. homeless, 106. sustainable, 107. ministry, 108. resident, 109. government, 110. impoverished, 111. volunteer, 112. Chronic

113. The faithful _____ had been working for the family for many years and was well-trusted.

- n.* a person who performs duties for others, especially a person employed in a house on domestic duties or as a personal attendant

114. His _____ showed highly positive results.

- n.* the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge

115. Knowledge is the _____ to fear.

- n.* a chemical substance or remedy that stops or controls the effects of a poison or disease

116. I used an optical _____ to observe the small organisms in the water sample.

- n.* an instrument used to see objects or substances that are too small to be seen with the naked eye

117. The disease is now reaching _____ proportions in our country.

- n.* the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time

118. When a _____ of birds flies in, the hunt begins.

- n.* a gathering of sheep, goats, or birds

119. The Chinese word for _____ comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

- n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

120. The _____ remains mysterious to us.

- n.* a type of question that describes something in a difficult and confusing way, and that has a surprising answer, often asked as a game

ANSWERS: 113. servant, 114. experiments, 115. antidote, 116. microscope, 117. epidemic, 118. flock, 119. crisis, 120. riddle

121. A committee was appointed to manage the reorganization of the _____.
- n.* a series of subjects comprising a course of study in a school, college, etc.
122. The motivational speaker _____ the crowd with their words.
- v.* to give energy or vitality to someone or something; to invigorate
123. The former emperor had a particular _____ even after he abdicated.
- n.* the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself
124. The stray _____ went through the window and hit the wall.
- n.* a metal projectile that is shot from a gun
125. The building _____ tried to build the house above the tree.
- n.* a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings
126. I need to _____ in a cooking class to improve my culinary skills.
- v.* to officially register or sign up for something, particularly a course of study, an organization, or a service
127. _____ is the day to celebrate the birth of Christ.
- n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
128. The lightning _____ twiggged in several directions.
- n.* a metal bar that slides across to lock a door or window closed; a discharge of lightning accompanied by thunder; (verb) to move or jump suddenly

ANSWERS: 121. curriculum, 122. energized, 123. influence, 124. bullet, 125. architect, 126. enroll, 127. Christmas, 128. bolt

129. The doctor carefully examined the _____ medical history.
- n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
130. The judge may _____ the decision of the lower court.
- v.* to support or defend something, such as a law, idea, decision, etc.
131. It is essential to keep these two issues _____.
- adj.* noticeable from something else of a similar type
132. Having a strong work _____ is important for success in any field.
- n.* a set of moral or philosophical principles or values that guide the behavior or actions of an individual, group, or society; the study or inquiry into the nature of morality and moral systems
133. They had experienced the _____ of losing two children due to premature births.
- n.* a feeling of great sadness or disappointment
134. The politicians met privately in a _____ to discuss their party's platform.
- n.* a private meeting of a political group or party to discuss policies, tactics, and strategy; a closed meeting or assembly of people with shared interests or goals, often to make decisions or coordinate actions
135. The baby clung _____ to her mother.
- adv.* in a way that shows a lack of hope and a willingness to do anything because of the problematic situation; with great urgency
136. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
- n.* the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

ANSWERS: 129. patient's, 130. uphold, 131. distinct, 132. ethic, 133. heartbreak,

134. caucus, 135. desperately, 136. economy

137. The colonial government _____ militia support when civil war broke out.

- v.* to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.

138. An excellent historian must possess an _____ mentality.

- adj.* associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills

139. She received a full _____ to study abroad.

- n.* a grant or payment made to support a student's education usually awarded based on academic or other achievements

140. The election was a _____ success for the Whigs.

- adj.* worthy of attention because unusual or special

141. My father's death _____ my life completely.

- v.* to change in outward structure or looks;

142. There was a _____ probe into the scandal.

- adj.* of or relating to Congress, especially to the Congress of the United States

143. The government is encouraging farmers to expand their _____ to increase food production.

- n.* land used for farming or agricultural purposes

144. The injury was severe enough to _____ the athlete's chances of playing again this season.

- v.* to cause severe damage or injury that greatly impairs someone's ability to function or move; to weaken or undermine

ANSWERS: 137. recruited, 138. academic, 139. scholarship, 140. remarkable, 141. transformed, 142. congressional, 143. farmland, 144. cripple

145. During transit, the stuff may ____ off the luggage tag.

v. to tear something or be torn violently or suddenly

146. After the earthquake, the city was left in a pile of _____.

n. fragments of rock, stone, or other materials that remain after a building or other structure has been destroyed or demolished; the remains of something that has been broken down or destroyed

147. The restaurant serves authentic _____ cuisine from Louisiana.

n. a person of mixed European and African descent, especially in the Caribbean; a language that has developed from a mixture of different parent languages, often with European and African influences

148. The residents of the _____ faced poverty and discrimination.

n. an area of a city in which members of a particular group, typically an ethnic minority, usually live in poverty and with a high population density

149. The results of the poll are _____ because it only surveyed a small group of people.

v. to turn or place at an angle; to make biased or distorted with the result that it is not accurate, fair, normal, etc.

150. This exam requires excellent _____ to pass.

n. the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.

151. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

152. His _____ in stealing the painting matched his foolishness in getting caught.

n. boldness or daring, especially when it is foolhardy or reckless

ANSWERS: 145. rip, 146. rubble, 147. Creole, 148. ghetto, 149. skewed, 150. concentration, 151. norms, 152. audacity

153. The beach _____ provided temporary shelter for the stranded tourists.
n. a small, crudely built, usually temporary house or dwelling; often used to describe a rough or inexpensive structure
154. He slightly modified the _____ of training because it was just before a match.
n. the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers
155. He was proud to be a _____ of the prestigious university.
n. (informal for graduate) a student who has recently graduated or is about to graduate from a school, college, or university
156. I packed my _____ with all the necessary camping gear for our trip.
n. a bag or pack that is worn on the back, often used for carrying books, equipment, or supplies
157. The _____ of his appointment as CEO was met with mixed reactions.
n. a statement, often written, that shows that something is true, correct, or definite
158. Before starting the project, the engineer performed an _____ of the construction site.
n. the act of examining, assessing, or reviewing something to ensure its accuracy, quality, safety, or compliance; the process of investigating or evaluating something
159. The company's results _____ everyone.
v. to fail to satisfy someone
160. The outbreak of _____ was a major health crisis in the 19th century.
n. a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes

ANSWERS: 153. shanty, 154. span, 155. grad, 156. backpack, 157. confirmation, 158. inspection, 159. dissatisfy, 160. cholera

161. His business _____ took him to the United States.

n. a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way

162. We must _____ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

163. Due to the unexpected weather conditions, the hikers decided to _____ from the campsite.

v. to suddenly leave a place, especially a temporary residence or a location where one has been staying for a period of time; to depart hastily or secretly

164. One of the main _____ of the new product is its increased efficiency.

n. a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has

165. The news gave us an _____ of what was going on in the world.

n. a slight or vague understanding or idea of something; a hint or intimation of something, often something that is not fully understood or realized

166. The way he manages his employees is extremely _____.

adj. allowing or demanding no deviation from a standard; extremely careful, thorough, or accurate

167. I'll be waiting for you in front of the café at 6 PM, so be on time for our _____.

n. a type of vehicle with an open-air cargo bed at the back used for transporting goods or equipment; the act of collecting or gathering someone or something from a particular location; a warrant to take someone into custody

ANSWERS: 161. commitments, 162. develop, 163. decamp, 164. advantages, 165. inkling, 166. rigorous, 167. pickup

168. Despite her injury, the athlete's true _____ was revealed when she won the gold medal.
- n.* a person's ability to cope with difficult situations or face adversity with courage, resilience, and determination; one's character or temperament
169. The _____ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.
- adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
170. He was impressed by the range and _____ of the collection.
- n.* the quality or fact of many different types of things or people being included in something; a range of different things or people
171. Many _____ areas are still impoverished.
- adj.* of or relating to the countryside
172. His father cannot afford his _____.
- n.* the act of teaching something, especially when given to a small group or one person; fees charged by education institutions for instruction or other services
173. He took the _____ to work every day to avoid traffic congestion.
- n.* an underground railway system, typically in a city
174. The picture earned near-_____ acclaim from critics.
- adj.* existing or affecting everywhere or everyone

ANSWERS: 168. mettle, 169. medicinal, 170. diversity, 171. rural, 172. tuition, 173. subway, 174. universal