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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Eric Liu: How to understand power | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/eric_liu_how_to_understand_power

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

uncomfortable

adj. providing or feeling physical discomfort or slight pain

synonym: comfortless, discomforting, painful

(1) an **uncomfortable** silence, (2) with an **uncomfortable** face

His abusive words made me **uncomfortable**.

civic

adj. of or relating to a town, city, or the people who live in it

synonym: community, civic, communal

(1) **civic** activity, (2) **civic** center

The city promotes **civic** collaboration in community development

communal

adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

synonym: collaborative, combined, collective

(1) **communal** swimming pool, (2) **communal** combination of funds

Communal elections were held in several European countries.

democracy

n. a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so

synonym: self-government, republic, commonwealth

(1) **democracy** advocate, (2) principles of **democracy**
Democracy often entails inclusive capitalism as well.

suppose

v. to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
synonym: guess, assume, presume

(1) **suppose** you're right, (2) **suppose** beforehand
What do you **suppose** the culprit's motive was?

reside

v. to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time
synonym: live, dwell, inhabit

(1) **reside** on the skin, (2) **reside** permanently
They **reside** in a beautiful old house in the countryside.

evil

adj. profoundly immoral, cruel, and wicked; having or exerting a harmful effect on people
synonym: malign, corruption, immorality

(1) **evil** ways, (2) a charm against **evil**
Corruption is an **evil** act for any reason.

inherent

adj. existing in something as a permanent, essential, or characteristic attribute
synonym: intrinsic, natural, innate

(1) **inherent** risk, (2) have an **inherent** dislike
Honesty is an **inherent** quality that everyone should strive to possess.

physics

n. the science of matter and energy and their interactions
(1) nuclear **physics**, (2) laws of **physics**
He studied the **physics** of radiation.

govern

v. to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
synonym: control, rule, preside

(1) a nation's right to **govern**, (2) **govern** a public enterprise

The regulations **governing** medical malpractice claims are rigorous.

government

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

synonym: administration, regime, state

(1) **government** bureaucracy, (2) **government** funding

The federal **government** is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

determinant

n. a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result

synonym: cause, factor, element

(1) environmental **determinant**, (2) a **determinant** of crop yields

One **determinant** of success is having a positive attitude and a strong work ethic.

advantage

n. a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has

synonym: benefit, edge, asset

(1) score an **advantage**, (2) take **advantage** of his weak points

One of the main **advantages** of the new product is its increased efficiency.

definition

n. a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol

synonym: description, connotation, meaning

(1) a precise **definition**, (2) the **definition** of a word

Parallel lines are, by **definition**, lines on the same plane that never cross.

arena

n. a large, flat area, often circular or oval-shaped, designed to showcase theatre, musical performances, or sporting

events

synonym : stadium, theatre, auditorium

(1) indoor **arena**, (2) political **arena**

The company is planning to build a 20,000-seat **arena** with a retractable roof.

relation

n. the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another

synonym : association, linkage, connection

(1) **relation** between cause and effect, (2) **relation** of inclusion

The industrial **relations** laws were passed with little to no alteration.

violent

adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

synonym : aggressive, intense, turbulent

(1) victim of a **violent** crime, (2) **violent** incident

The protesters became **violent** when the police tried to disperse them.

militia

n. a military force comprised of trained soldiers who are usually a citizen or have other jobs

synonym : reserves

(1) **militia** groups, (2) armed **militia**

Militia suddenly occupied the presidential palace.

primal

adj. of or relating to the earliest stage of development; fundamental; primitive

synonym : original, fundamental, basic

(1) **primal** eras, (2) **primal** fear

The **primal** instincts of the animal kicked in when it was threatened.

wealth

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

synonym : affluence, assets, fortunate

(1) majority of his **wealth**, (2) material **wealth**

The **wealth** inequality was unavoidable.

bureaucracy

n. a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives

synonym : administration, government, system

(1) government **bureaucracy**, (2) arbitrary **bureaucracy**

The bumbling **bureaucracy** made it difficult to get the permits we needed.

compel

v. to force or require someone to do something; to exert a strong, irresistible force or pressure that makes someone act in a certain way

synonym : force, oblige, coerce

(1) **compel** a person to submission, (2) **compel** attention

The strict deadlines will **compel** the team to work efficiently.

theoretical

adj. relating to the concepts and principles upon which a particular topic is founded, rather than practice and experience

synonym : conceptual, conjectural, ideal

(1) **theoretical** models, (2) **theoretical** physicist

Absolute zero is the lowest **theoretical** temperature.

elect

v. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something

synonym : select, choose, prefer

(1) **elect** the school board, (2) **elect** death

Every five years, the provincial governors are **elected**.

dictator

n. a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force

synonym : autocrat, tyrant, despot

(1) military **dictator**, (2) a **dictator** with enormous powers

A popular uprising led to the overthrow of the **dictator**.

emerge

v. to move out of or away from something and become visible

synonym: arise, occur, appear

(1) **emerge** as a butterfly, (2) **emerge** from poverty

During colonial eras, new migratory patterns **emerged**.

threat

n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

synonym: menace, danger, hazard

(1) economic **threat**, (2) environmental **threat**

The **threat** of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.

consent

n. permission or agreement to do something, especially given by somebody in authority

synonym: approval, authorization, concession

(1) **consent** for surgery, (2) give silent **consent**

She gave her **consent** to the company's proposal.

norm

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

synonym: criterion, mean, standard

(1) **norm** of action, (2) cultural **norm**

The systems we have developed has accepted as industry **norms**.

machinery

n. a group of large machines or the components of a machine that make it work; social institution functions or structure for doing something

synonym: apparatus, appliance, equipment

(1) heavy **machinery**, (2) inactive **machinery**

The **machinery** of audit formally issued a business improvement order.

peer

n. a person who has the same age, status, or ability
synonym: fellow, associate, counterpart

(1) **peer** group, (2) **peer** review

Among young people, **peer** pressure can be pretty influential.

evolve

v. to develop gradually, or to cause the development of something or someone gradually

synonym: develop, mature, grow

(1) **evolve**, (2) **evolve** over the past decade

Eyeless fish **evolved** in dark caves.

individual

n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
synonym: person, being, self

(1) a private **individual**, (2) **individual** freedom

As an **individual**, he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.

liberty

n. the state of being free within society from oppressive restrictions imposed by authority on one's way of life, behavior, or political views

synonym: freedom, autonomy, independence

(1) personal **liberty**, (2) **liberty** as a right

The founding fathers fought for the **liberty** of the American people.

racial

adj. of or related to the race (= classification of humans into groups based on physical traits or social relations)

synonym: ethnic, tribal, ethnical

(1) **racial** prejudice, (2) **racial** and ethnic backgrounds

A minor **racial** conflict later led to a civil war.

boundless

adj. having no limits; limitless

synonym: limitless, indefinite, bottomless

(1) **boundless** imagination, (2) **boundless** energy

The **boundless** ocean stretched before them as far as the eye could see.

motto

n. a phrase or slogan that expresses a guiding principle or goal

synonym: slogan, catchphrase, phrase

(1) the **motto** for safe traffic, (2) company **motto**

The company's **motto** is "Innovation and Service," which is reflected in its products and customer support.

mass

n. a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together

synonym: abundance, crowd, mob

(1) a **mass** of molten rock, (2) critical **mass**

The **mass** of people who do not own property is politically impotent.

intensify

v. to increase or make something increase in extent or strength

synonym: amplify, boost, strengthen

(1) **intensify** diplomatic efforts, (2) **intensify** a good relationship

Rebels have pledged to **intensify** the armed struggle against the dictatorship.

assert

v. to state something firmly and confidently, often in a way that is intended to convince others that it is true

synonym: maintain, state, declare

(1) **assert** a free society, (2) **assert** a claim for unjust enrichment

She **asserted** that she was innocent, despite the evidence against her.

legitimacy

n. the state or quality of being allowed and acceptable under the law; the state or quality of being founded on a reasonable or acceptable reason

synonym: legality, lawfulness, authenticity

(1) democratic **legitimacy**, (2) challenge the **legitimacy**

I'm going to deny the **legitimacy** of his claim.

examine

v. to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them

synonym: study, probe, analyze

(1) **examine** the data studiously, (2) **examine** the issue

Initially, we must **examine** all project-related expenses.

static

adj. not moving or not capable of moving, not changing or not capable of changing

synonym: immobile, unchanging, fixed

(1) **static** electricity, (2) **static** website

The **static** image on the screen took a lot of work to make out.

accumulate

v. to collect or acquire a large number of things over a long period of time

synonym: amass, stash, earn

(1) **accumulate** cash value, (2) **accumulate** evidence

He has **accumulated** his wealth through real estate investments.

decay

n. the process or state of rotting or decomposition by natural causes such as the action of bacteria and fungi;
(verb) to rot or decompose through natural causes

synonym: corrosion, decomposition, deterioration

(1) radioactive **decay**, (2) prevent tooth **decay**

The dead body was in an advanced state of **decay**.

harness

v. to control and exploit the power of something, especially natural resources that produce energy; (noun) a set of narrow pieces of leather and metal that are used to control or hold in place a person, animal, or object

synonym: rein in, control, (noun) belt

(1) **harness** a horse to a carriage, (2) put a **harness** on my pet

People have been exploring ways to **harness** natural forces and resources since ancient times.

prefer

v. to like, choose, or want one thing or person better than another

synonym: choose, like, favor

(1) **prefer** physics to chemistry, (2) **prefer** a window seat
The birds **prefer** open water areas with reeds around them.

policymaker

n. a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.

synonym: lawmaker, legislator

(1) education **policymaker**, (2) regional **policymaker**
Policymakers struggle to develop various laws and regulations to address international trade conflicts.

perpetuate

v. to make something continue or prevail for a long time

synonym: eternalize, preserve, maintain

(1) **perpetuate** a myth, (2) **perpetuate** chronic pain
That work **perpetuates** his fame.

policy

n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

synonym: strategy, plan, guideline

(1) health **policy**, (2) foreign **policy**

The company's new **policy** on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

compound

n. an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements

synonym: combination, mixture, blend

(1) aquatic **compound**, (2) harmful **compound**

Common salt is a sodium and chlorine **compound**.

beget

v. to cause or produce something as a result or effect; to become the father of

synonym : be father, procreate, reproduce

(1) **beget** children, (2) **beget** fear

His irresponsible behavior may **beget** many problems for him in the future.

powerless

adj. lacking power, strength, or authority; unable to act or affect change

synonym : helpless, impotent, feeble

(1) **powerless** position, (2) **powerless** in the organization

During the hurricane, we felt **powerless** against the winds and rain.

enshrine

v. to cherish or protect something as if it is sacred; to place something in a position of honor or respect

synonym : ensconce, preserve, cherish

(1) **enshrine** memories, (2) **enshrine** tradition

The Constitution **enshrines** the rights and freedoms of citizens.

privilege

n. a special right or advantage that only one person or group of people has, usually because they are rich and powerful in a society

synonym : benefit, authorization, advantage

(1) a breach of **privilege**, (2) **privilege** of membership

In the Middle Ages, the right to hunt in the wild was the **privilege** of royalty and nobility.

wage

n. a particular amount of money that somebody earns, usually every week or every month, for work or services

synonym : payment, compensation, salary

(1) unpaid **wages**, (2) increase in the minimum **wage**

His **wages** continued to rise as his skills improved.

pipeline

n. a very long large tube that is usually underground and is used for carrying liquid or gas for long distances

synonym : channel, line

(1) a data **pipeline**, (2) **pipeline** facilities
Rebels sabotaged the main **pipeline** supplying oil.

approve

v. to think that someone or something is favorable, acceptable, or appropriate; to officially accept a plan, request, etc.

synonym: accept, authorize, agree

(1) **approve** a measures, (2) unanimously **approve** a resolution

My boss wouldn't **approve** of the plan.

gay

adj. homosexual; happy, carefree

synonym: cheerful, lively, joyful

(1) **gay** couple, (2) **gay** rights

The **gay** pride parade was a celebration of diversity and acceptance.

lesbian

n. a woman who is attracted romantically and sexually to other women

synonym: gay woman, female homosexual, tribade

(1) **lesbian** love, (2) **lesbian** relationship

The **lesbian** couple was denied the right to marry due to the conservative laws in their state.

urban

adj. relating to or located in a town or city

synonym: metropolitan, civic

(1) **urban** planning, (2) **urban** property owners

Only a small number of **urban** utilities offer sanitation services.

voucher

n. a document serving as evidence or proof of payment or authorization for something, often used for reimbursement or exchange

synonym: coupon, token, certificate

(1) travel **voucher**, (2) gift **voucher**

I received a **voucher** for a free meal at the restaurant.

adept

adj. having or showing knowledge and skill and aptitude to do something quite difficult

synonym : proficient, masterful, experienced

(1) **adept** at fishing, (2) **adept** in handicrafts

She is highly **adept** with medical equipment.

array

n. a large group or collection of things or people, especially one that is impressive or attractive

synonym : collection, display, batch

(1) a two-dimensional **array**, (2) an **array** of troops

The customer on the Internet has to choose one from a formidable **array** of products.

strategy

n. a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.

synonym : approach, procedure, scenario

(1) military **strategy**, (2) develop a **strategy**

Our plan includes a comprehensive marketing **strategy**.

indirect

adj. happening in addition to the main or intended aim, cause or result, often in a way that is not obvious; not following the shortest or straight way

synonym : unintended, ambiguous, ancillary

(1) **indirect** taxation, (2) **indirect** lighting

He expressed his dissatisfaction in an **indirect** way.

coalition

n. a temporary alliance formed by two or more political parties for combined action; the state of being combined into one body

synonym : union, confederation, alliance

(1) a three-party **coalition**, (2) **coalition** forces

The two largest opposition parties announced they would form a **coalition** in the next elections.

charismatic

adj. having a strong and magnetic personality that attracts and influences others

synonym : mesmerizing, alluring, captivating

(1) **charismatic** chairman, (2) **charismatic** personality
He was a **charismatic** leader and could persuade others to follow his ideas.

authentic

adj. known to be real and what people say it is; not a fake or copy

synonym: genuine, bona fide, original

(1) an **authentic** signature, (2) the sets were meticulously **authentic**

The stages of the play were meticulously **authentic**

consensus

n. general agreement or accord in the judgment or opinion reached by a group as a whole

synonym: agreement, accord, harmony

(1) a public **consensus**, (2) **consensus** among scientists

The two parties have reached a **consensus**.

conflict

n. a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals

synonym: clash, discord, competition

(1) the **conflict** between good and evil, (2) the longstanding **conflict**

He and I often had **conflicts**, not only in personality but also in ideology.

adapt

v. to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment

synonym: adjust, acclimate, accustom

(1) **adapt** fully to the environment, (2) **adapt** as needed

I advised him to **adapt** to his new surroundings.

citizenship

n. the status of being a member of a particular country

synonym: nationality, belonging, residency

(1) dual **citizenship**, (2) **citizenship** rights

Her **citizenship** application was denied due to a technical error.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. a breach of pr_____ge | <i>n.</i> a special right or advantage that only one person or group of people has, usually because they are rich and powerful in a society |
| 2. inactive ma_____ry | <i>n.</i> a group of large machines or the components of a machine that make it work; social institution functions or structure for doing something |
| 3. an au_____ic signature | <i>adj.</i> known to be real and what people say it is; not a fake or copy |
| 4. ra___l prejudice | <i>adj.</i> of or related to the race (= classification of humans into groups based on physical traits or social relations) |
| 5. arbitrary bur_____cy | <i>n.</i> a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives |
| 6. g_y rights | <i>adj.</i> homosexual; happy, carefree |
| 7. laws of ph_____s | <i>n.</i> the science of matter and energy and their interactions |
| 8. n__m of action | <i>n.</i> something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard |
| 9. in_____fy diplomatic efforts | <i>v.</i> to increase or make something increase in extent or strength |
| 10. po_____ss in the organization | <i>adj.</i> lacking power, strength, or authority; unable to act or affect change |

ANSWERS: 1. privilege, 2. machinery, 3. authentic, 4. racial, 5. bureaucracy, 6. gay, 7. physics, 8. norm, 9. intensify, 10. powerless

11. radioactive de__y *n.* the process or state of rotting or decomposition by natural causes such as the action of bacteria and fungi; (verb) to rot or decompose through natural causes
12. the longstanding co_____ct *n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
13. ha_____s a horse to a carriage *v.* to control and exploit the power of something, especially natural resources that produce energy; (noun) a set of narrow pieces of leather and metal that are used to control or hold in place a person, animal, or object
14. ev___e *v.* to develop gradually, or to cause the development of something or someone gradually
15. increase in the minimum w___e *n.* a particular amount of money that somebody earns, usually every week or every month, for work or services
16. the mo__o for safe traffic *n.* a phrase or slogan that expresses a guiding principle or goal
17. personal li_____y *n.* the state of being free within society from oppressive restrictions imposed by authority on one's way of life, behavior, or political views
18. ur__n property owners *adj.* relating to or located in a town or city
19. gov_____nt bureaucracy *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state

ANSWERS: 11. decay, 12. conflict, 13. harness, 14. evolve, 15. wage, 16. motto, 17. liberty, 18. urban, 19. government

20. bo_____ss imagination *adj.* having no limits; limitless
21. the sets were meticulously
au_____ic *adj.* known to be real and what people say it
is; not a fake or copy
22. pi_____ne facilities *n.* a very long large tube that is usually
underground and is used for carrying
liquid or gas for long distances
23. su_____e you're right *v.* to think that something is likely to be
actual or possible
24. ap_____e a measures *v.* to think that someone or something is
favorable, acceptable, or appropriate; to
officially accept a plan, request, etc.
25. ex_____e the issue *v.* to study or consider a person or object
attentively and thoroughly to learn
something about them
26. g_y couple *adj.* homosexual; happy, carefree
27. the_____al physicist *adj.* relating to the concepts and principles
upon which a particular topic is
founded, rather than practice and
experience
28. ur__n planning *adj.* relating to or located in a town or city
29. per_____te a myth *v.* to make something continue or prevail
for a long time
30. government bur_____cy *n.* a system of government in which most
of the important decisions are made by
state officials rather than by elected
representatives
31. harmful co_____nd *n.* an item composed of two or more
distinct elements combined; a chemical
formed by the combination of two or
more elements

ANSWERS: 20. boundless, 21. authentic, 22. pipeline, 23. suppose, 24. approve, 25. examine, 26. gay, 27. theoretical, 28. urban, 29. perpetuate, 30. bureaucracy, 31. compound

32. a data pi_____ne *n.* a very long large tube that is usually underground and is used for carrying liquid or gas for long distances
33. pr_____ge of membership *n.* a special right or advantage that only one person or group of people has, usually because they are rich and powerful in a society
34. a di_____or with enormous powers *n.* a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force
35. a public co_____us *n.* general agreement or accord in the judgment or opinion reached by a group as a whole
36. put a ha_____s on my pet *v.* to control and exploit the power of something, especially natural resources that produce energy; (noun) a set of narrow pieces of leather and metal that are used to control or hold in place a person, animal, or object
37. travel vo_____r *n.* a document serving as evidence or proof of payment or authorization for something, often used for reimbursement or exchange
38. nuclear ph_____s *n.* the science of matter and energy and their interactions
39. education pol_____er *n.* a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.
40. gift vo_____r *n.* a document serving as evidence or proof of payment or authorization for something, often used for reimbursement or exchange

ANSWERS: 32. pipeline, 33. privilege, 34. dictator, 35. consensus, 36. harness, 37. voucher, 38. physics, 39. policymaker, 40. voucher

41. indoor ar__a *n.* a large, flat area, often circular or oval-shaped, designed to showcase theatre, musical performances, or sporting events
42. acc_____te evidence *v.* to collect or acquire a large number of things over a long period of time
43. have an in_____nt dislike *adj.* existing in something as a permanent, essential, or characteristic attribute
44. co_____al combination of funds *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
45. po_____ss position *adj.* lacking power, strength, or authority; unable to act or affect change
46. su_____e beforehand *v.* to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
47. critical m__s *n.* a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together
48. gov_____nt funding *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
49. acc_____te cash value *v.* to collect or acquire a large number of things over a long period of time
50. give silent co_____t *n.* permission or agreement to do something, especially given by somebody in authority
51. pr___l eras *adj.* of or relating to the earliest stage of development; fundamental; primitive
52. ci__c center *adj.* of or relating to a town, city, or the people who live in it

ANSWERS: 41. arena, 42. accumulate, 43. inherent, 44. communal, 45. powerless, 46. suppose, 47. mass, 48. government, 49. accumulate, 50. consent, 51. primal, 52. civic

53. em___e as a butterfly *v.* to move out of or away from something and become visible
54. military di____or *n.* a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force
55. a m__s of molten rock *n.* a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together
56. st___c electricity *adj.* not moving or not capable of moving, not changing or not capable of changing
57. regional pol____er *n.* a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.
58. the____al models *adj.* relating to the concepts and principles upon which a particular topic is founded, rather than practice and experience
59. li____y as a right *n.* the state of being free within society from oppressive restrictions imposed by authority on one's way of life, behavior, or political views
60. take ad____ge of his weak points *n.* a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has
61. in____fy a good relationship *v.* to increase or make something increase in extent or strength
62. co____t for surgery *n.* permission or agreement to do something, especially given by somebody in authority

ANSWERS: 53. emerge, 54. dictator, 55. mass, 56. static, 57. policymaker, 58. theoretical, 59. liberty, 60. advantage, 61. intensify, 62. consent

63. in_____ct lighting *adj.* happening in addition to the main or intended aim, cause or result, often in a way that is not obvious; not following the shortest or straight way
64. pr____r a window seat *v.* to like, choose, or want one thing or person better than another
65. le_____n love *n.* a woman who is attracted romantically and sexually to other women
66. go____n a public enterprise *v.* to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
67. principles of de_____cy *n.* a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
68. re_____on of inclusion *n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
69. an ar__y of troops *n.* a large group or collection of things or people, especially one that is impressive or attractive
70. ad__t fully to the environment *v.* to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment
71. ev____e over the past decade *v.* to develop gradually, or to cause the development of something or someone gradually
72. be__t children *v.* to cause or produce something as a result or effect; to become the father of

ANSWERS: 63. indirect, 64. prefer, 65. lesbian, 66. govern, 67. democracy, 68. relation, 69. array, 70. adapt, 71. evolve, 72. beget

73. ad__t in handicrafts *adj.* having or showing knowledge and skill and aptitude to do something quite difficult
74. le____n relationship *n.* a woman who is attracted romantically and sexually to other women
75. a two-dimensional ar__y *n.* a large group or collection of things or people, especially one that is impressive or attractive
76. ra___l and ethnic backgrounds *adj.* of or related to the race (= classification of humans into groups based on physical traits or social relations)
77. em___e from poverty *v.* to move out of or away from something and become visible
78. cultural n__m *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
79. cit_____ip rights *n.* the status of being a member of a particular country
80. bo_____ss energy *adj.* having no limits; limitless
81. unanimously ap_____e a resolution *v.* to think that someone or something is favorable, acceptable, or appropriate; to officially accept a plan, request, etc.
82. military st_____gy *n.* a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
83. re___e permanently *v.* to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time
84. co_____on forces *n.* a temporary alliance formed by two or more political parties for combined action; the state of being combined into one body

ANSWERS: 73. adept, 74. lesbian, 75. array, 76. racial, 77. emerge, 78. norm, 79. citizenship, 80. boundless, 81. approve, 82. strategy, 83. reside, 84. coalition

85. health po___y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
86. mi_____a groups *n.* a military force comprised of trained soldiers who are usually a citizen or have other jobs
87. de_____cy advocate *n.* a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
88. per_____te chronic pain *v.* to make something continue or prevail for a long time
89. unpaid w__es *n.* a particular amount of money that somebody earns, usually every week or every month, for work or services
90. heavy ma_____ry *n.* a group of large machines or the components of a machine that make it work; social institution functions or structure for doing something
91. environmental det_____nt *n.* a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result
92. vi_____t incident *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

ANSWERS: 85. policy, 86. militia, 87. democracy, 88. perpetuate, 89. wage, 90. machinery, 91. determinant, 92. violent

93. co___l attention *v.* to force or require someone to do something; to exert a strong, irresistible force or pressure that makes someone act in a certain way
94. a det_____nt of crop yields *n.* a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result
95. as___t a claim for unjust enrichment *v.* to state something firmly and confidently, often in a way that is intended to convince others that it is true
96. company mo___o *n.* a phrase or slogan that expresses a guiding principle or goal
97. ad___t at fishing *adj.* having or showing knowledge and skill and aptitude to do something quite difficult
98. an unc_____ble silence *adj.* providing or feeling physical discomfort or slight pain
99. democratic leg_____cy *n.* the state or quality of being allowed and acceptable under the law; the state or quality of being founded on a reasonable or acceptable reason
100. challenge the leg_____cy *n.* the state or quality of being allowed and acceptable under the law; the state or quality of being founded on a reasonable or acceptable reason
101. st___c website *adj.* not moving or not capable of moving, not changing or not capable of changing

ANSWERS: 93. compel, 94. determinant, 95. assert, 96. motto, 97. adept, 98. uncomfortable, 99. legitimacy, 100. legitimacy, 101. static

102. a charm against e__l	<i>adj.</i> profoundly immoral, cruel, and wicked; having or exerting a harmful effect on people
103. p__r review	<i>n.</i> a person who has the same age, status, or ability
104. ci__c activity	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to a town, city, or the people who live in it
105. co_____us among scientists	<i>n.</i> general agreement or accord in the judgment or opinion reached by a group as a whole
106. victim of a vi_____t crime	<i>adj.</i> involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
107. with an unc_____ble face	<i>adj.</i> providing or feeling physical discomfort or slight pain
108. co___l a person to submission	<i>v.</i> to force or require someone to do something; to exert a strong, irresistible force or pressure that makes someone act in a certain way
109. cha_____ic personality	<i>adj.</i> having a strong and magnetic personality that attracts and influences others
110. be__t fear	<i>v.</i> to cause or produce something as a result or effect; to become the father of
111. a private ind_____al	<i>n.</i> a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
112. armed mi_____a	<i>n.</i> a military force comprised of trained soldiers who are usually a citizen or have other jobs

ANSWERS: 102. evil, 103. peer, 104. civic, 105. consensus, 106. violent, 107. uncomfortable, 108. compel, 109. charismatic, 110. beget, 111. individual, 112. militia

113. foreign po___y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
114. el__t death *v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
115. environmental th___t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
116. dual cit_____ip *n.* the status of being a member of a particular country
117. re_____on between cause and effect *n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
118. in_____nt risk *adj.* existing in something as a permanent, essential, or characteristic attribute
119. re___e on the skin *v.* to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time
120. material we___h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
121. the co_____ct between good and evil *n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals

ANSWERS: 113. policy, 114. elect, 115. threat, 116. citizenship, 117. relation, 118. inherent, 119. reside, 120. wealth, 121. conflict

122. score an ad_____ge *n.* a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has
123. ad__t as needed *v.* to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment
124. a precise def_____on *n.* a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol
125. as___t a free society *v.* to state something firmly and confidently, often in a way that is intended to convince others that it is true
126. ind_____al freedom *n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
127. en_____ne tradition *v.* to cherish or protect something as if it is sacred; to place something in a position of honor or respect
128. economic th___t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
129. ex_____e the data studiously *v.* to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them
130. en_____ne memories *v.* to cherish or protect something as if it is sacred; to place something in a position of honor or respect

ANSWERS: 122. advantage, 123. adapt, 124. definition, 125. assert, 126. individual, 127. enshrine, 128. threat, 129. examine, 130. enshrine

131. a three-party co_____on *n.* a temporary alliance formed by two or more political parties for combined action; the state of being combined into one body
132. co_____al swimming pool *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
133. aquatic co_____nd *n.* an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements
134. the def_____on of a word *n.* a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol
135. in_____ct taxation *adj.* happening in addition to the main or intended aim, cause or result, often in a way that is not obvious; not following the shortest or straight way
136. prevent tooth de___y *n.* the process or state of rotting or decomposition by natural causes such as the action of bacteria and fungi; (verb) to rot or decompose through natural causes
137. pr___l fear *adj.* of or relating to the earliest stage of development; fundamental; primitive
138. e___l ways *adj.* profoundly immoral, cruel, and wicked; having or exerting a harmful effect on people
139. develop a st_____gy *n.* a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
140. majority of his we___h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

ANSWERS: 131. coalition, 132. communal, 133. compound, 134. definition, 135. indirect, 136. decay, 137. primal, 138. evil, 139. strategy, 140. wealth

141. el__t the school board *v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
142. a nation's right to go___n *v.* to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
143. political ar__a *n.* a large, flat area, often circular or oval-shaped, designed to showcase theatre, musical performances, or sporting events
144. cha_____ic chairman *adj.* having a strong and magnetic personality that attracts and influences others
145. p__r group *n.* a person who has the same age, status, or ability
146. pr___r physics to chemistry *v.* to like, choose, or want one thing or person better than another

ANSWERS: 141. elect, 142. govern, 143. arena, 144. charismatic, 145. peer, 146. prefer

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. A popular uprising led to the overthrow of the _____.
n. a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force
2. He was a _____ leader and could persuade others to follow his ideas.
adj. having a strong and magnetic personality that attracts and influences others
3. A minor _____ conflict later led to a civil war.
adj. of or related to the race (= classification of humans into groups based on physical traits or social relations)
4. Only a small number of _____ utilities offer sanitation services.
adj. relating to or located in a town or city
5. The two parties have reached a _____.
n. general agreement or accord in the judgment or opinion reached by a group as a whole
6. Eyeless fish _____ in dark caves.
v. to develop gradually, or to cause the development of something or someone gradually
7. As an _____ he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.
n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
8. Honesty is an _____ quality that everyone should strive to possess.
adj. existing in something as a permanent, essential, or characteristic attribute

ANSWERS: 1. dictator, 2. charismatic, 3. racial, 4. urban, 5. consensus, 6. evolved, 7. individual, 8. inherent

9. His irresponsible behavior may _____ many problems for him in the future.
v. to cause or produce something as a result or effect; to become the father of
10. Initially, we must _____ all project-related expenses.
v. to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them
11. I'm going to deny the _____ of his claim.
n. the state or quality of being allowed and acceptable under the law; the state or quality of being founded on a reasonable or acceptable reason
12. She gave her _____ to the company's proposal.
n. permission or agreement to do something, especially given by somebody in authority
13. The _____ of people who do not own property is politically impotent.
n. a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together
14. My boss wouldn't _____ of the plan.
v. to think that someone or something is favorable, acceptable, or appropriate; to officially accept a plan, request, etc.
15. The stages of the play were meticulously _____.
adj. known to be real and what people say it is; not a fake or copy
16. Common salt is a sodium and chlorine _____.
n. an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements

ANSWERS: 9. beget, 10. examine, 11. legitimacy, 12. consent, 13. mass, 14. approve, 15. authentic, 16. compound

17. Parallel lines are, by _____ lines on the same plane that never cross.
n. a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol
18. I received a _____ for a free meal at the restaurant.
n. a document serving as evidence or proof of payment or authorization for something, often used for reimbursement or exchange
19. _____ suddenly occupied the presidential palace.
n. a military force comprised of trained soldiers who are usually a citizen or have other jobs
20. Corruption is an _____ act for any reason.
adj. profoundly immoral, cruel, and wicked; having or exerting a harmful effect on people
21. Absolute zero is the lowest _____ temperature.
adj. relating to the concepts and principles upon which a particular topic is founded, rather than practice and experience
22. The industrial _____ laws were passed with little to no alteration.
n. the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
23. I advised him to _____ to his new surroundings.
v. to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment
24. That work _____ his fame.
v. to make something continue or prevail for a long time
25. One _____ of success is having a positive attitude and a strong work ethic.
n. a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result

ANSWERS: 17. definition, 18. voucher, 19. Militia, 20. evil, 21. theoretical, 22. relations, 23. adapt, 24. perpetuates, 25. determinant

26. The strict deadlines will _____ the team to work efficiently.
v. to force or require someone to do something; to exert a strong, irresistible force or pressure that makes someone act in a certain way
27. The _____ instincts of the animal kicked in when it was threatened.
adj. of or relating to the earliest stage of development; fundamental; primitive
28. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.
n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
29. The _____ couple was denied the right to marry due to the conservative laws in their state.
n. a woman who is attracted romantically and sexually to other women
30. She _____ that she was innocent, despite the evidence against her.
v. to state something firmly and confidently, often in a way that is intended to convince others that it is true
31. During colonial eras, new migratory patterns _____.
v. to move out of or away from something and become visible
32. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.
n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
33. _____ elections were held in several European countries.
adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
34. The two largest opposition parties announced they would form a _____ in the next elections.
n. a temporary alliance formed by two or more political parties for combined action; the state of being combined into one body

ANSWERS: 26. compel, 27. primal, 28. norms, 29. lesbian, 30. asserted, 31. emerged, 32. wealth, 33. Communal, 34. coalition

35. The city promotes _____ collaboration in community development

adj. of or relating to a town, city, or the people who live in it

36. The company's new _____ on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

37. Every five years, the provincial governors are _____.

v. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something

38. The federal _____ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

39. What do you _____ the culprit's motive was?

v. to think that something is likely to be actual or possible

40. The protesters became _____ when the police tried to disperse them.

adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

41. Rebels sabotaged the main _____ supplying oil.

n. a very long large tube that is usually underground and is used for carrying liquid or gas for long distances

42. Among young people, _____ pressure can be pretty influential.

n. a person who has the same age, status, or ability

ANSWERS: 35. civic, 36. policy, 37. elected, 38. government, 39. suppose, 40. violent, 41. pipeline, 42. peer

43. The founding fathers fought for the _____ of the American people.
- n.* the state of being free within society from oppressive restrictions imposed by authority on one's way of life, behavior, or political views
44. In the Middle Ages, the right to hunt in the wild was the _____ of royalty and nobility.
- n.* a special right or advantage that only one person or group of people has, usually because they are rich and powerful in a society
45. The bumbling _____ made it difficult to get the permits we needed.
- n.* a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives
46. His _____ continued to rise as his skills improved.
- n.* a particular amount of money that somebody earns, usually every week or every month, for work or services
47. Rebels have pledged to _____ the armed struggle against the dictatorship.
- v.* to increase or make something increase in extent or strength
48. _____ often entails inclusive capitalism as well.
- n.* a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
49. The regulations _____ medical malpractice claims are rigorous.
- v.* to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
50. The _____ of audit formally issued a business improvement order.
- n.* a group of large machines or the components of a machine that make it work; social institution functions or structure for doing something

ANSWERS: 43. liberty, 44. privilege, 45. bureaucracy, 46. wages, 47. intensify, 48. Democracy, 49. governing, 50. machinery

51. The birds _____ open water areas with reeds around them.

v. to like, choose, or want one thing or person better than another

52. The ___ pride parade was a celebration of diversity and acceptance.

adj. homosexual; happy, carefree

53. She is highly _____ with medical equipment.

adj. having or showing knowledge and skill and aptitude to do something quite difficult

54. Our plan includes a comprehensive marketing _____.

n. a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.

55. They _____ in a beautiful old house in the countryside.

v. to live in a particular place, typically for a prolonged period of time

56. During the hurricane, we felt _____ against the winds and rain.

adj. lacking power, strength, or authority; unable to act or affect change

57. The dead body was in an advanced state of _____.

n. the process or state of rotting or decomposition by natural causes such as the action of bacteria and fungi; (verb) to rot or decompose through natural causes

58. His abusive words made me _____.

adj. providing or feeling physical discomfort or slight pain

59. The company's _____ is "Innovation and Service," which is reflected in its products and customer support.

n. a phrase or slogan that expresses a guiding principle or goal

ANSWERS: 51. prefer, 52. gay, 53. adept, 54. strategy, 55. reside, 56. powerless, 57. decay, 58. uncomfortable, 59. motto

60. The customer on the Internet has to choose one from a formidable _____ of products.
- n.* a large group or collection of things or people, especially one that is impressive or attractive
61. He studied the _____ of radiation.
- n.* the science of matter and energy and their interactions
62. He has _____ his wealth through real estate investments.
- v.* to collect or acquire a large number of things over a long period of time
63. He expressed his dissatisfaction in an _____ way.
- adj.* happening in addition to the main or intended aim, cause or result, often in a way that is not obvious; not following the shortest or straight way
64. One of the main _____ of the new product is its increased efficiency.
- n.* a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has
65. The Constitution _____ the rights and freedoms of citizens.
- v.* to cherish or protect something as if it is sacred; to place something in a position of honor or respect
66. _____ struggle to develop various laws and regulations to address international trade conflicts.
- n.* a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.
67. People have been exploring ways to _____ natural forces and resources since ancient times.
- v.* to control and exploit the power of something, especially natural resources that produce energy; (noun) a set of narrow pieces of leather and metal that are used to control or hold in place a person, animal, or object

ANSWERS: 60. array, 61. physics, 62. accumulated, 63. indirect, 64. advantages, 65. enshrines, 66. Policymakers, 67. harness

68. The _____ image on the screen took a lot of work to make out.
adj. not moving or not capable of moving, not changing or not capable of changing
69. The _____ ocean stretched before them as far as the eye could see.
adj. having no limits; limitless
70. Her _____ application was denied due to a technical error.
n. the status of being a member of a particular country
71. The _____ of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.
n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
72. He and I often had _____ not only in personality but also in ideology.
n. a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
73. The company is planning to build a 20,000-seat _____ with a retractable roof.
n. a large, flat area, often circular or oval-shaped, designed to showcase theatre, musical performances, or sporting events

ANSWERS: 68. static, 69. boundless, 70. citizenship, 71. threat, 72. conflicts, 73. arena