Englist.me

Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Daniel H. Cohen: For argument's sake | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/daniel_h_cohen_for_argum ent_s_sake



All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

 adj. associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills synonym: educational, scholarly, theoretical
(1) academic probation, (2) an academic discussion
An excellent historian must possess an academic mentality.
 v. to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others synonym: debate, dispute, quarrel
(1) argue a case, (2) argue passionately
The couple began to argue over which restaurant to go to for dinner.
 n. the study of general and fundamental questions, such as those about existence, reason, knowledge, values, mind synonym: doctrine, attitude, creed
(1) philosophy of education, (2) western philosophy
Ethics is a branch of philosophy .
 a situation that is difficult to follow or solve; a game, problem, or toy that tests a person's ingenuity or knowledge; (verb) to cause someone to feel confused because of something difficult to understand

	plight, maze, (verb) perplex
	(1) crossword puzzle , (2) mathematical puzzle
	This jigsaw puzzle is challenging because there are no pictures.
argument	 a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
	synonym: debate, discourse, discussion
	 a blazing argument, (2) the argument against capital punishment
	The argument between the two sides over the proposed policy was heated.
cognitive	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to mental processes of understanding <i>synonym</i> : perceivable, mind, mental
	(1) improve cognitive function, (2) research on cognitive psychology
	His cognitive faculties were getting worse because of a lack of sleep.
stake	 a share or financial investment in something such as a business; a wooden or metal post set up to mark something
	synonym: share, interest, post
	 execution by burning at a stake, (2) buy the company's stake
	The stake of the company is too high nowadays.
propose	v. to make a proposal, declare a plan for something <i>synonym</i> : suggest, offer, recommend
	(1) propose the amendment, (2) propose changes
	I want to propose a toast in honor of our longstanding relationship.

viable	<i>adj.</i> capable of being done as intended; able to succeed <i>synonym</i> : feasible, possible, attainable
	(1) achieve a viable relationship, (2) develop a viable therapy
	Male gorillas with good drumming skills are more viable.
interpretation	 <i>n</i>. an explanation or opinion of something, especially that is not immediately obvious <i>synonym</i>: rendering, explanation, understanding
	(1) the interpretation of history, (2) open to interpretation
	His interpretations of literary works are often unique.
garbage	<i>n.</i> waste material, especially food waste and kitchen refuse <i>synonym</i> : waste, trash, debris
	(1) garbage collection, (2) lump of garbage
	The garbage truck will be coming to pick up the trash every Monday morning.
convince	 v. to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true
	synonym: persuade, win over, convert
	(1) convince her to go with us, (2) convince an opponent
	I am considering what I should do to convince him.
utilitarianism	<i>n.</i> the belief that the actions are the right if they are useful or for the benefit of a majority
	(1) individualistic utilitarianism , (2) institutional utilitarianism
	Utilitarianism focuses on results and consequences rather
	than rules.
framework	 n. the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text
	synonym: structure, scheme, foundation
	(1) legal framework , (2) the framework of a house

He devised a new analytical **framework** to capture the phenomenon.

ethical	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to principles about what is right and wrong, or the branch of knowledge dealing with these <i>synonym</i> : honorable, moral, virtuous
	(1) an ethical doctrine, (2) shoulder ethical responsibility
	The president must have the highest ethical standards.
ethics	 n. a branch of philosophy that considers what is morally right and wrong conduct; a set of beliefs about what is morally right and wrong synonym: morals, principles, moralities
	(1) political ethics , (2) ethics of journalism
	This scripture provides the code of ethics for the religion.
function	 n. the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose synonym: purpose, mapping, job
	(1) function properly, (2) immune function
	The brain is an incredibly complex organ that controls the body's function .
refer	 v. to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support synonym: cite, allude, mention
	(1) refer to a book, (2) refer to a map
	Please refer to the instruction manual for further assistance.
dialectic	<i>n</i> . a method of inquiry and discussion that involves examining and resolving opposing or conflicting ideas or arguments; a discourse or dialogue that seeks to find the truth through logical reasoning and inquiry

	synonym: debate, argument, discussion
	(1) dialectic mathematics, (2) Hegelian dialectic
	The transcendental dialectic in Kant's philosophy seeks to
	uncover the illusory knowledge pure reason claims to attain.
scream	 v. to give a loud, high shout suddenly, especially because of fear, anger, excitement, etc.; to utter or declare in a very loud voice synonym: cry, shout, yell
	(1) scream a profanity, (2) scream at him to be quiet
	She kept screaming for an ambulance.
entrenched	adj. established firmly and securely
	synonym: deep-rooted, confirmed, ingrained
	(1) entrenched ideas, (2) entrenched positions
	The monarch exploited the peasants using its entrenched power.
proof	<i>n.</i> a fact or piece of information that shows something is true or exists
	synonym: testimony, evidence, assurance
	(1) documentary proof , (2) a geometric proof
	Proof is better than argument.
mathematics	<i>n.</i> the science dealing with the logic of quantities, shapes, spaces, and arrangement
	synonym: arithmetic, calculation, calculus
	 a good grounding in mathematics, (2) mathematics competition
	He has a flair for mathematics .
doe	 n. a mature female of mammals of which the male is called a buck, such as a deer or a rabbit synonym: rabbit, bunny, hare
	(1) doe rabbit, (2) buck and doe
	Hunters use a whistle that makes the doe sound to lure

stags.

premise	 <i>n.</i> a statement or proposition that is held to be true or from which a conclusion can be drawn <i>synonym</i>: assumption, postulate, supposition
	(1) the major premise , (2) make a premise
	The book's premise is that the main character must save the world from an impending disaster.
inference	<i>n.</i> a conclusion reached based on evidence and reasoning; a deduction or assumption
	synonym: deduction, conclusion, assumption
	(1) make an inference, (2) logical inference
	Based on ice core samples, scientists can draw inferences about the Earth's past climate.
valid	 adj. having a reasonable basis in logic or fact; still legally or officially acceptable synonym: proper, reasonable, useful
	(1) a valid contract, (2) a ticket valid for two days
	Your credit card is no longer valid.
conclude	 v. to come to an end or close; to reach a judgment or opinion by reasoning synonym: complete, finish, decide
	(1) conclude a meeting, (2) conclude that he is healthy
	We concluded a cease-fire.
opposition	<i>n.</i> the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement
	synonym: resistance, hostility, antagonism
	(1) opposition campaign, (2) meet with opposition
	The opposition party strongly disagreed with the government's proposed legislation.
adversary	<i>n.</i> a person, group, or force that opposes or fights against another; an enemy or opponent

	synonym: opponent, enemy, foe
	(1) adversary team, (2) political adversary
	The boxer's toughest adversary was his fear of losing.
necessarily	<i>adv.</i> in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise
	synonym: inevitable, certainly, automatically
	(1) not necessarily a problem, (2) necessarily true
	This accident was something that happened necessarily .
politician	 n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
	synonym: congressperson, lawmaker, legislator
	(1) a politician in the ruling party, (2) a corrupt politician
	The politician lost his position in the end due to the scandal.
twist	v. to bend or turn something into a certain shape <i>synonym</i> : wrench, turn, twirl
	(1) twist around to the left, (2) twist a wet towel
	He twisted pieces of rope out of straw.
participate	v. to take part in somethingsynonym: take part, partake, enter
	(1) participate fully in conversation, (2) participate in the program
	The majority of students actively participated in the college's intramural sports program.
jury	 n. a group of people called upon to render a verdict or judgment in a legal trial; a group of people chosen for a special purpose or task synonym: panel, tribunal, adjudicators
	(1) jury verdict, (2) jury duty
	The judge instructed the jury on the law and the evidence presented in the trial.

judgment	n. the ability to form valuable opinions and make reasonable decisions
	synonym: conclusion, decision, determination
	(1) an emotional judgment, (2) deliver a judgment
	Her judgments are consistently rational and sensible.
decide	 v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options synonym: choose, determine, settle
	(1) decide a question, (2) decide on a course of action
	She couldn't decide whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.
rhetoric	 n. speech or writing intended to please or persuade someone; the art or study of using language effectively and persuasively in spoken or written form synonym: oratory, eloquence, persuasion
	(1) the rhetoric of a debate, (2) high-flown rhetoric
	He was known for his powerful rhetoric and ability to
	persuade people with his words.
tight	<i>adj.</i> fixed, fastened, or kept together firmly or closely <i>synonym</i> : closed, secured, cramped
	(1) a tight game, (2) student on a tight budget
	The national election was held amid tight security.
francophone	 adj. relating to or characterized by the use of the French language, either as a native speaker or for communication purposes; pertaining to French-speaking people or countries synonym: french-speaking
	(1) francophone literature, (2) francophone community
	He attended a francophone school where all the classes
	were taught in French.
dominant	adj. more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type

	synonym: chief, predominant, prevailing
	(1) achieve a dominant share, (2) dominant force
	Her company soon won a dominant market share.
dominate	 v. to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something synonym: govern, rule, prevail
	(1) dominate possession, (2) dominate over the weak
	The perspective of his right brain dominates his consciousness.
conduct	<i>v.</i> to organize and carry out a particular activity <i>synonym</i> : behave, lead, carry on
	(1) conduct a background check, (2) conduct research
	Police will conduct random breath testing for drunk driving.
militarism	 n. a political belief of a people or a government that a country should maintain a strong military force and be prepared to use it aggressively to defend or promote national interests synonym: militancy, aggression
	(1) abolish militarism, (2) anti-militarism movement
	The leaders of that country strived to revive militarism despite past defeats.
punch	 v. to strike someone or something with one's fist; to make a hole in something synonym: hit, strike, slap
	(1) punch out numbers, (2) punch a ticket
	He punched the wall in anger.
defend	v. to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
	synonym: protect, guard, support
	(1) defend my country, (2) defend against a threat
	International law allows each nation to defend itself when its

	rights and interests are illegally violated.
strategy	<i>n.</i> a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
	synonym: approach, procedure, scenario
	(1) military strategy , (2) develop a strategy
	Our plan includes a comprehensive marketing strategy .
metaphor	 n. a figure of speech in which an expression is used to refer to something that it does not denote to suggest a similarity
	synonym: conceit, analogy, symbol
	(1) metaphor for death, (2) visual metaphor
	She expressed her thought in an artful choice of metaphors.
paradigm	<i>n.</i> a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model
	synonym: example, standard, epitome
	(1) major paradigm shift, (2) cultural paradigm
	He postulated a completely different paradigm to explain all
	these phenomena.
deform	 v. to change or distort the shape or appearance of something; to become misshapen or distorted synonym: distort, contort, mangle
	(1) deform the shape, (2) deform his way of life
	The heat from the fire deformed the plastic parts of the appliance.
elevate	 v. to raise something from a lower to a higher position; to give a promotion to or assign to a higher position synonym: lift, heighten, promote
	(1) elevate educational standards, (2) elevate a close relationship
	Eating food in a hurry elevates blood glucose levels.

tactics	 n. the methods or strategies used to achieve a specific goal or outcome, particularly in the context of military, business, or sports synonym: strategy, maneuvers, plan
	(1) blitz tactics, (2) political tactics
	The marketing team developed new tactics to boost sales.
substance	 n. the real physical material of which a thing or person consist; the most important or main part of some idea or experience; an illegal drug synonym: essence, core, material
	(1) an explosive substance , (2) substance abuse problem
	The substance of the argument was well-presented.
logic	<i>n.</i> a way of thinking or reasoning conducted or evaluated by strict validity principles; the study of correct reasoning or good arguments
	synonym: reasoning, reason, ratiocination
	(1) an indisputable logic , (2) a demonstration in logic
	There's no logic in his description.
subterfuge	 <i>n</i>. a deceptive stratagem, tactic, or plan used to hide one's true intentions or to deceive someone; a trick or ruse designed to mislead or disguise the truth <i>synonym</i>: deception, deceit, trickery
	(1) subterfuge of trickery, (2) subterfuge methods
	Civil rights activists criticized the government's use of subterfuge to withhold information from the public.
magnify	 v. to make something look bigger than it really is, especially by looking at it through a lens; to make something bigger, stronger, or louder synonym: enlarge, elaborate, intensify
	(1) magnify the danger, (2) magnify the image for display
	Terrorists often attempt to magnify the economic impact of
	their acts of destruction.

aspect	<i>n.</i> one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc. <i>synonym</i> : characteristic, element, factor
	(1) nontechnical aspects of the job, (2) aspects of social, political, and economic life
	His professional experience includes all aspects of media production.
polar	<i>adj.</i> relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole;<i>characterized by complete opposites</i><i>synonym</i>: opposing, contrary, contrasting
	(1) polar bears, (2) polar regions
	Polar animals are graceful and efficient swimmers.
foresee	 v. to perceive or predict; to anticipate or expect something to happen in the future synonym: predict, anticipate, forecast
	(1) foresee the consequences, (2) foresee challenges
	I foresee a problem arising if we don't address this issue now.
outcome	<i>n.</i> the result or effect of an action, event, etc. <i>synonym</i> : result, consequence, effect
	(1) improved student outcomes, (2) a desirable outcomeThey awaited news of the outcome of the election.
triumph	n. a great victory or achievementsynonym: victory, success, conquest
	(1) triumph of democracy, (2) triumph of the spirit
	The team's triumph in the championship resulted from their
	hard work and dedication.
glorious	<i>adj.</i> having or deserving great admiration, praise, and honor; having great beauty and splendor
	synonym: exquisite, magnificent, majestic
	(1) a glorious victory, (2) photo in glorious color
	I choose a glorious death rather than a shameful life.

abject	 adj. extremely unpleasant and degrading; physically or emotionally impoverished; miserable, wretched, and hopeless synonym: wretched, miserable, pitiful
	(1) abject failure, (2) abject despair
	The abject poverty in the slums is a concern for the
	government.
ignominious	adj. causing or deserving public disgrace or humiliation; characterized by shame or disgrace; dishonorable or humiliating in nature
	synonym: shameful, disgraceful, dishonorable
	(1) ignominious defeat, (2) an ignominious exit
	After the scandal, the politician's reputation was left in
	ignominious ruins.
defeat	<i>v.</i> to win against somebody in a fight, war, or attempt <i>synonym</i> : conquer, beat, overpower
	(1) defeat a global power, (2) defeat body odor
	Despite his best efforts, he was unable to defeat the enemy.
negotiation	<i>n.</i> the process of discussing and reaching an agreement with others
	synonym: bargaining, dialogue, haggling
	(1) negotiation process, (2) negotiation skills
	The negotiation between the two countries was a delicate
	and complex process.
deliberate	<i>adj.</i> done with full consciousness of nature and effects rather than by accident
	synonym: intentional, planned, careful
	(1) the deliberate act of provocation, (2) deliberate attempt
	Despite its advanced science and technology, the empire
	was deliberate about invasion.
compromise	v. to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession

	synonym: agree, settle, negotiate
	 (1) compromise the matter, (2) cannot compromise anymore
	They never compromised on development despite the lack of funds.
collaboration	 n. the act or situation of working together to create or produce something synonym: affiliation, alliance, coalition
	(1) collaboration between companies, (2) collaboration platform
	The partnership program requires a mutual collaboration between both agencies.
hash	 n. a dish consisting of chopped or minced meat and vegetables that are mixed and then cooked, often served with potatoes; purified resinous extract of the hemp plant; a symbol (#) used on social media to indicate a specific topic or category or to add emphasis to a post
	synonym: mixture, blend, medley
	 (1) hash-tag, (2) hash brown patty He added a dash of salt and a hash of pepper to the soup to give it extra flavor.
inhibit	 v. to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal synonym: deter, hinder, impede
	(1) inhibit desires, (2) inhibit tumor growth
	Excessive parental interference may inhibit children's eagerness to learn.
resolution	 n. a firm decision or determination to do or not do something; the action of solving a problem, dispute, or conflict; the quality of being resolved or determined; the clarity and sharpness of an image or display

synonym: determination, decision, settlement

(1) resolution of a conflict, (2) display resolutionHe made a New Year's resolution to exercise more and eat healthier.

a circuitous or indirect route or path; a traffic circle or roundabout n. rotary used to regulate the flow of traffic synonym: detour, circuitous route, indirect path (1) roundabout junction, (2) traffic roundabout Because of the road closure, we had to take a **roundabout** route to reach the destination. the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a traffic n. route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time synonym: congestion, jam, flow (1) traffic jam, (2) heavy traffic We decided to take a detour to avoid the construction traffic on the main road. a situation in which something becomes stuck because jam n. of a dense crowd of people, vehicles, etc.; a preserve of crushed fruit synonym: difficulty, mess, preserve (1) a traffic jam, (2) a jar of jam The shredder in the print room often has paper **jams**. a situation in which traffic or progress is obstructed due gridlock n. to congestion, blockage, or a lack of movement; a deadlock or impasse in negotiations or decision-making synonym: traffic jam, standstill, impasse (1) gridlock situation, (2) political gridlock

The rush hour traffic in the city often leads to **gridlock** on the highways.

conversation n. an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.

	 synonym: chat, discussion, dialogue (1) conversation in English, (2) a friendly conversation Your conversation reflects your thoughts.
educator	<i>n.</i> a person who teaches or educates people <i>synonym</i> : teacher, instructor, lecturer
	(1) business educator, (2) duty as an educatorShe is an educator with progressive ideas.
implicit	adj. suggested but not directly expressed synonym: implied, unstated, hinted
	(1) implicit bias, (2) give implicit consent
	The implicit meaning behind his words was clear, even though he did not explicitly say it.
equation	<i>n.</i> the act of regarding as equal; (mathematics) a statement that expresses the equality of two expressions by connecting them with the equals sign
	(1) the equation of poverty with ignorance, (2) a chemical equation
	In this class, you will learn how to solve quadratic equations.
suppose	<i>v.</i> to think that something is likely to be actual or possible <i>synonym</i> : guess, assume, presume
	(1) suppose you're right, (2) suppose beforehand
	What do you suppose the culprit's motive was?
consideration	 n. the act or process of giving careful thought to something; a fee charged in advance to retain the services of someone
	synonym: debate, regard, deliberation
	(1) mature consideration , (2) take into consideration
	We can rule this possibility out from our consideration .
satisfaction	 n. a pleasant feeling you have when you have fulfilled a desire, need, or expectation or have achieved something

	synonym: delight, pleasure, content
	(1) a sense of satisfaction , (2) customer satisfaction
	The mediated settlement brought satisfaction to both sides.
articulate	 v. to express oneself clearly and effectively in spoken or written language synonym: express, state, utter
	(1) articulate his position, (2) eloquently articulate
	She was able to articulate her argument in the debate clearly.
examine	 v. to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them synonym: study, probe, analyze
	(1) examine the data studiously, (2) examine the issue
	Initially, we must examine all project-related expenses.
battle-tested	<i>adj.</i> having been proven effective or reliable through real-world experience, especially in times of difficulty or struggle
	synonym: proven in battle, battle-hardened, experienced
	(1) battle-tested strategy, (2) battle-tested equipment
	The recruits had to undergo battle-tested training before being deployed to the front.
convincing	<i>adj.</i> able to make someone believe that something is true <i>synonym</i> : clear, compelling, believable
	(1) a convincing victory, (2) convincing biochemical explanation
	I found her assertion pretty convincing .
ego	 n. a consciousness of your own identity; a person's sense of self-esteem or self-importance, especially inflated one synonym: self-esteem, personality, psyche
	(1) ego defense mechanisms, (2) national ego
	She was constantly trying to boost her ego by talking about

her accomplishments.

stroke	 n. a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc. synonym: blow 			
	(1) suffer stroke , (2) a stroke of the putter			
	This year's extreme heat has resulted in many heat stroke cases.			
yield	 n. the total output of crops, profits, etc. that are produced; (verb) to produce or supply helpful something, such as a profit, an amount of food, or information synonym: proceeds, harvest, output 			
	(1) corn yield , (2) the yield on the bond			
	The company's stock gives a high yield .			
monster	 <i>n</i>. an imaginary creature that is large and has various human and animal parts; someone or something large and powerful <i>synonym</i>: giant, freak, behemoth 			
	(1) horde of monsters , (2) monster film			
	This car has a monster engine.			
magic	 <i>n</i>. beliefs and actions employed to influence supernatural beings and forces; any art or performance that invokes supernatural powers <i>synonym</i>: fascination, illusion, wizardry 			
	(1) a magic spell, (2) she is magic			
	He performed magic tricks with sophisticated moves.			
bullet	n. a metal projectile that is shot from a gunsynonym: projectile, slug, shot			
	(1) bullet wound, (2) bullet train			
	The stray bullet went through the window and hit the wall.			

wand	 <i>n</i>. a slender rod or stick, especially one used for magic or divination; a rod or staff carried by certain officials as a symbol of authority <i>synonym</i>: rod, stick, staff
	(1) magic wand, (2) security wand
	The magician waved his wand , and a rabbit appeared from the hat.
disappear	v. to cease to exist or be visiblesynonym: fade, evaporate, vanish
	(1) disappear without a trace, (2) disappear after a week They watched the train disappear into the distance.
proponent	<i>n.</i> a person who supports an idea or pleads for a cause <i>synonym</i> : advocate, devotee, follower
	(1) enthusiastic proponent, (2) proponent of world peaceEinstein was a proponent of the theory of relativity.
opponent	 <i>n</i>. a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc. <i>synonym</i>: adversary, competitor, enemy
	(1) computer opponent, (2) death-penalty opponentHe was attempting to confuse his opponent.
fortunate	adj. having good luck or lucky synonym: fortuitous, lucky, blessed
	(1) fortunate situation, (2) less fortunate person
	He was pretty fortunate to pass the exam.
colleague	<i>n</i> . one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
	synonym: coworker, associate, fellow
	(1) collaborate with colleagues , (2) former colleague
	I decided to seek counseling on the advice of my colleague.

Session 2: Spelling

the process of discussing and reaching neg____on skills 1. n. an agreement with others the ar____nt against capital a set of statements or reasons used to 2. n. punishment support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute cultural pa___gm a standard or typical example of З. n. something; a pattern or model fra_____ne community *adj.* relating to or characterized by the use 4. of the French language, either as a native speaker or for communication purposes; pertaining to French-speaking people or countries a friendly con____ion an informal talk between two or more 5. n. people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc. achieve a vi___e relationship adj. capable of being done as intended; able 6. to succeed co____ce her to go with us 7. to persuade someone or make v. someone believe that something is true 8. high-flown rh____ic speech or writing intended to please or n. persuade someone; the art or study of using language effectively and persuasively in spoken or written form improve co ve function 9. adj. of or relating to mental processes of understanding

ANSWERS: 1. negotiation, 2. argument, 3. paradigm, 4. francophone, 5. conversation, 6. viable, 7. convince, 8. rhetoric, 9. cognitive

10.	dont force	adj.	more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type
11.	a sense of sation	n.	a pleasant feeling you have when you have fulfilled a desire, need, or expectation or have achieved something
12.	political grck	n.	a situation in which traffic or progress is obstructed due to congestion, blockage, or a lack of movement; a deadlock or impasse in negotiations or decision-making
13.	an explosive suce	n.	the real physical material of which a thing or person consist; the most important or main part of some idea or experience; an illegal drug
14.	individualistic utiism	n.	the belief that the actions are the right if they are useful or for the benefit of a majority
15.	ele educational standards	v.	to raise something from a lower to a higher position; to give a promotion to or assign to a higher position
16.	dote over the weak	v.	to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
17.	heavy trc	n.	the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time
18.	nontechnical asts of the job	n.	one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.

ANSWERS: 10. dominant, 11. satisfaction, 12. gridlock, 13. substance, 14. utilitarianism, 15. elevate, 16. dominate, 17. traffic, 18. aspect

19. shoulder etl responsibility	adj.	of or relating to principles about what is right and wrong, or the branch of knowledge dealing with these
20. magic wd	n.	a slender rod or stick, especially one used for magic or divination; a rod or staff carried by certain officials as a symbol of authority
21. diic mathematics	n.	a method of inquiry and discussion that involves examining and resolving opposing or conflicting ideas or arguments; a discourse or dialogue that seeks to find the truth through logical reasoning and inquiry
22. the major pre	n.	a statement or proposition that is held to be true or from which a conclusion can be drawn
23. ded my country	v.	to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
24. the frrk of a house	n.	the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text
25. batted strategy	adj.	having been proven effective or reliable through real-world experience, especially in times of difficulty or struggle
26. make a pre	n.	a statement or proposition that is held to be true or from which a conclusion can be drawn
27. political tas	n.	the methods or strategies used to achieve a specific goal or outcome, particularly in the context of military, business, or sports

ANSWERS: 19. ethical, 20. wand, 21. dialectic, 22. premise, 23. defend, 24. framework, 25. battle-tested, 26. premise, 27. tactics

28. the delte act of provocation	adj.	done with full consciousness of nature and effects rather than by accident
29. puh a ticket	v.	to strike someone or something with one's fist; to make a hole in something
30. acic probation	adj.	associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills
31. dem the shape	ν.	to change or distort the shape or appearance of something; to become misshapen or distorted
32. meet with oppon	n.	the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement
33. collaborate with coues	n.	one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
34. lump of gae	n.	waste material, especially food waste and kitchen refuse
35. dem his way of life	v.	to change or distort the shape or appearance of something; to become misshapen or distorted
36. fote situation	adj.	having good luck or lucky
37. ented positions	adj.	established firmly and securely
38. rouut junction	n.	a circuitous or indirect route or path; a traffic circle or rotary used to regulate the flow of traffic
39. institutional utiism	n.	the belief that the actions are the right if they are useful or for the benefit of a majority
40. phihy of education	n.	the study of general and fundamental questions, such as those about existence, reason, knowledge, values, mind

ANSWERS: 28. deliberate, 29. punch, 30. academic, 31. deform, 32. opposition, 33. colleague, 34. garbage, 35. deform, 36. fortunate, 37. entrenched, 38. roundabout, 39. utilitarianism, 40. philosophy

41. frane literature	adj.	relating to or characterized by the use of the French language, either as a native speaker or for communication purposes; pertaining to French-speaking people or countries
42. twt a wet towel	v.	to bend or turn something into a certain shape
43. fuon properly	n.	the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose
44. parte fully in conversation	<i>v</i> .	to take part in something
45. visual meor	n.	a figure of speech in which an expression is used to refer to something that it does not denote to suggest a similarity
46. former coue	n.	one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
47. but wound	n.	a metal projectile that is shot from a gun
48. hh-tag	n.	a dish consisting of chopped or minced meat and vegetables that are mixed and then cooked, often served with potatoes; purified resinous extract of the hemp plant; a symbol (#) used on social media to indicate a specific topic or category or to add emphasis to a post

ANSWERS: 41. francophone, 42. twist, 43. function, 44. participate, 45. metaphor, 46. colleague, 47. bullet, 48. hash

49.	scm a profanity	v.	to give a loud, high shout suddenly, especially because of fear, anger, excitement, etc.; to utter or declare in a very loud voice
50.	det body odor	v.	to win against somebody in a fight, war, or attempt
51.	student on a tit budget	adj.	fixed, fastened, or kept together firmly or closely
52.	deliver a junt	n.	the ability to form valuable opinions and make reasonable decisions
53.	matcs competition	n.	the science dealing with the logic of quantities, shapes, spaces, and arrangement
54.	immune fuon	n.	the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose
55.	military stgy	n.	a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
56.	take into conion	n.	the act or process of giving careful thought to something; a fee charged in advance to retain the services of someone
57.	trh of the spirit	n.	a great victory or achievement

ANSWERS: 49. scream, 50. defeat, 51. tight, 52. judgment, 53. mathematics, 54. function, 55. strategy, 56. consideration, 57. triumph

58. mature conion	n.	the act or process of giving careful thought to something; a fee charged in advance to retain the services of someone
59. twt around to the left	v.	to bend or turn something into a certain shape
60. suce abuse problem	n.	the real physical material of which a thing or person consist; the most important or main part of some idea or experience; an illegal drug
61. dee on a course of action	v.	to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
62. diar after a week	ν.	to cease to exist or be visible
63. political adry	n.	a person, group, or force that opposes or fights against another; an enemy or opponent
64. corn yid	n.	the total output of crops, profits, etc. that are produced; (verb) to produce or supply helpful something, such as a profit, an amount of food, or information
65. exe the data studiously	v.	to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them
66. logical ince	n.	a conclusion reached based on evidence and reasoning; a deduction or assumption
67. a vad contract	adj.	having a reasonable basis in logic or fact; still legally or officially acceptable

ANSWERS: 58. consideration, 59. twist, 60. substance, 61. decide, 62. disappear, 63. adversary, 64. yield, 65. examine, 66. inference, 67. valid

68.	security wd	n.	a slender rod or stick, especially one used for magic or divination; a rod or staff carried by certain officials as a symbol of authority
69.	por regions	adj.	relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites
70.	ded against a threat	v.	to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
71.	a polan in the ruling party	n.	a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
72.	may the danger	ν.	to make something look bigger than it really is, especially by looking at it through a lens; to make something bigger, stronger, or louder
73.	improved student oues	n.	the result or effect of an action, event, etc.
74.	give imit consent	adj.	suggested but not directly expressed
75.	comse the matter	v.	to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession
76.	grck situation	n.	a situation in which traffic or progress is obstructed due to congestion, blockage, or a lack of movement; a deadlock or impasse in negotiations or decision-making
77.	por bears	adj.	relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites

ANSWERS: 68. wand, 69. polar, 70. defend, 71. politician, 72. magnify, 73. outcome, 74. implicit, 75. compromise, 76. gridlock, 77. polar

78.	a tit game	adj.	fixed, fastened, or kept together firmly or closely
79.	an acic discussion	adj.	associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills
80.	the yid on the bond	n.	the total output of crops, profits, etc. that are produced; (verb) to produce or supply helpful something, such as a profit, an amount of food, or information
81.	hh brown patty	n.	a dish consisting of chopped or minced meat and vegetables that are mixed and then cooked, often served with potatoes; purified resinous extract of the hemp plant; a symbol (#) used on social media to indicate a specific topic or category or to add emphasis to a post
82.	jy verdict	n.	a group of people called upon to render a verdict or judgment in a legal trial; a group of people chosen for a special purpose or task
83.	a ste of the putter	n.	a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc.
84.	the eqon of poverty with ignorance	n.	the act of regarding as equal; (mathematics) a statement that expresses the equality of two expressions by connecting them with the equals sign
85.	a mac spell	n.	beliefs and actions employed to influence supernatural beings and forces; any art or performance that invokes supernatural powers

ANSWERS: 78. tight, 79. academic, 80. yield, 81. hash, 82. jury, 83. stroke, 84. equation, 85. magic

86. sue you're right	<i>v</i> .	to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
87. a geometric prf	n.	a fact or piece of information that shows something is true or exists
88. puh out numbers	v.	to strike someone or something with one's fist; to make a hole in something
89. meor for death	n.	a figure of speech in which an expression is used to refer to something that it does not denote to suggest a similarity
90. less fote person	adj.	having good luck or lucky
91. a ticket vad for two days	adj.	having a reasonable basis in logic or fact; still legally or officially acceptable
92. a traffic j_m	n.	a situation in which something becomes stuck because of a dense crowd of people, vehicles, etc.; a preserve of crushed fruit
93. traffic rouut	n.	a circuitous or indirect route or path; a traffic circle or rotary used to regulate the flow of traffic
94. an ignus exit	adj.	causing or deserving public disgrace or humiliation; characterized by shame or disgrace; dishonorable or humiliating in nature
95. int tumor growth	v.	to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
96. e_o defense mechanisms	n.	a consciousness of your own identity; a person's sense of self-esteem or self-importance, especially inflated one

ANSWERS: 86. suppose, 87. proof, 88. punch, 89. metaphor, 90. fortunate, 91. valid, 92. jam, 93. roundabout, 94. ignominious, 95. inhibit, 96. ego

97. western phihy	n.	the study of general and fundamental questions, such as those about existence, reason, knowledge, values, mind
98. ets of journalism	n.	a branch of philosophy that considers what is morally right and wrong conduct; a set of beliefs about what is morally right and wrong
99. int desires	v.	to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
100. customer sation	n.	a pleasant feeling you have when you have fulfilled a desire, need, or expectation or have achieved something
101. enthusiastic prnt	n.	a person who supports an idea or pleads for a cause
102. horde of mors	n.	an imaginary creature that is large and has various human and animal parts; someone or something large and powerful
103. coce an opponent	v.	to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true
104. may the image for display	v.	to make something look bigger than it really is, especially by looking at it through a lens; to make something bigger, stronger, or louder
105. foe challenges	v.	to perceive or predict; to anticipate or expect something to happen in the future

ANSWERS: 97. philosophy, 98. ethics, 99. inhibit, 100. satisfaction, 101. proponent, 102. monster, 103. convince, 104. magnify, 105. foresee

106. colion platform	n.	the act or situation of working together to create or produce something
107. a desirable oue	n.	the result or effect of an action, event, etc.
108. a chemical eqon	n.	the act of regarding as equal; (mathematics) a statement that expresses the equality of two expressions by connecting them with the equals sign
109. abt despair	adj.	extremely unpleasant and degrading; physically or emotionally impoverished; miserable, wretched, and hopeless
110. code a meeting	ν.	to come to an end or close; to reach a judgment or opinion by reasoning
111. execution by burning at a ste	n.	a share or financial investment in something such as a business; a wooden or metal post set up to mark something
112. cot research	v.	to organize and carry out a particular activity
113. cannot comse anymore	<i>v</i> .	to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession
114. develop a stgy	n.	a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
115. reson of a conflict	n.	a firm decision or determination to do or not do something; the action of solving a problem, dispute, or conflict; the quality of being resolved or determined; the clarity and sharpness of an image or display

ANSWERS: 106. collaboration, 107. outcome, 108. equation, 109. abject, 110. conclude, 111. stake, 112. conduct, 113. compromise, 114. strategy, 115. resolution

116. achieve a dont share	adj.	more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type
117. det a global power	v.	to win against somebody in a fight, war, or attempt
118. she is mac	n.	beliefs and actions employed to influence supernatural beings and forces; any art or performance that invokes supernatural powers
119. imit bias	adj.	suggested but not directly expressed
120. exe the issue	v.	to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them
121. cot a background check	v.	to organize and carry out a particular activity
122. scm at him to be quiet	v.	to give a loud, high shout suddenly, especially because of fear, anger, excitement, etc.; to utter or declare in a very loud voice
123. death-penalty opnt	n.	a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc.
124. eloquently artte	v.	to express oneself clearly and effectively in spoken or written language
125. national e_o	n.	a consciousness of your own identity; a person's sense of self-esteem or self-importance, especially inflated one
126. computer opnt	n.	a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc.

ANSWERS: 116. dominant, 117. defeat, 118. magic, 119. implicit, 120. examine, 121. conduct, 122. scream, 123. opponent, 124. articulate, 125. ego, 126. opponent

127. sue beforehand	v.	to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
128. dee a question	v.	to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
129. blitz tas	n.	the methods or strategies used to achieve a specific goal or outcome, particularly in the context of military, business, or sports
130. suffer ste	n.	a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc.
131. a blazing arnt	n.	a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
132. pre the amendment	v.	to make a proposal, declare a plan for something
133. d_e rabbit	n.	a mature female of mammals of which the male is called a buck, such as a deer or a rabbit
134. jy duty	n.	a group of people called upon to render a verdict or judgment in a legal trial; a group of people chosen for a special purpose or task
135. the intion of history	n.	an explanation or opinion of something, especially that is not immediately obvious

ANSWERS: 127. suppose, 128. decide, 129. tactics, 130. stroke, 131. argument, 132. propose, 133. doe, 134. jury, 135. interpretation

136. documentary prf	n.	a fact or piece of information that shows something is true or exists
137. gae collection	n.	waste material, especially food waste and kitchen refuse
138. a conng victory	adj.	able to make someone believe that something is true
139. major pagm shift	n.	a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model
140. not necly a problem	adv	in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise
141. anti-milsm movement	n.	a political belief of a people or a government that a country should maintain a strong military force and be prepared to use it aggressively to defend or promote national interests
142. rer to a map	V.	to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support
143. an etl doctrine	adj.	of or relating to principles about what is right and wrong, or the branch of knowledge dealing with these
144. open to intion	n.	an explanation or opinion of something, especially that is not immediately obvious
145. oppon campaign	n.	the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement
146. dote possession	<i>v</i> .	to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something

ANSWERS: 136. proof, 137. garbage, 138. convincing, 139. paradigm, 140. necessarily, 141. militarism, 142. refer, 143. ethical, 144. interpretation, 145. opposition, 146. dominate

147. photo in glus color	adj.	having or deserving great admiration, praise, and honor; having great beauty and splendor
148. ented ideas	adj.	established firmly and securely
149. duty as an edor	n.	a person who teaches or educates people
150. abolish milsm	n.	a political belief of a people or a government that a country should maintain a strong military force and be prepared to use it aggressively to defend or promote national interests
151. adry team	n.	a person, group, or force that opposes or fights against another; an enemy or opponent
152. an emotional junt	n.	the ability to form valuable opinions and make reasonable decisions
153. buck and d_e	n.	a mature female of mammals of which the male is called a buck, such as a deer or a rabbit
154. are passionately	v.	to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
155. artte his position	ν.	to express oneself clearly and effectively in spoken or written language
156. but train	n.	a metal projectile that is shot from a gun
157. diar without a trace	<i>v</i> .	to cease to exist or be visible
158. negon process	n.	the process of discussing and reaching an agreement with others

ANSWERS: 147. glorious, 148. entrenched, 149. educator, 150. militarism, 151. adversary, 152. judgment, 153. doe, 154. argue, 155. articulate, 156. bullet, 157. disappear, 158. negotiation

159. code that he is healthy	<i>v</i> .	to come to an end or close; to reach a judgment or opinion by reasoning
160. pre changes	v.	to make a proposal, declare a plan for something
161. trh of democracy	n.	a great victory or achievement
162. conion in English	n.	an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.
163. ignus defeat	adj.	causing or deserving public disgrace or humiliation; characterized by shame or disgrace; dishonorable or humiliating in nature
164. conng biochemical explanation	adj.	able to make someone believe that something is true
165. ele a close relationship	v.	to raise something from a lower to a higher position; to give a promotion to or assign to a higher position
166. subge methods	n.	a deceptive stratagem, tactic, or plan used to hide one's true intentions or to deceive someone; a trick or ruse designed to mislead or disguise the truth
167. a demonstration in loc	n.	a way of thinking or reasoning conducted or evaluated by strict validity principles; the study of correct reasoning or good arguments
168. mathematical pue	n.	a situation that is difficult to follow or solve; a game, problem, or toy that tests a person's ingenuity or knowledge; (verb) to cause someone to feel confused because of something difficult to understand

ANSWERS: 159. conclude, 160. propose, 161. triumph, 162. conversation, 163. ignominious, 164. convincing, 165. elevate, 166. subterfuge, 167. logic, 168. puzzle

169. colion between companies	n.	the act or situation of working together to create or produce something
170. research on cove psychology	adj.	of or relating to mental processes of understanding
171. legal frrk	n.	the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text
172. prnt of world peace	n.	a person who supports an idea or pleads for a cause
173. a glus victory	adj.	having or deserving great admiration, praise, and honor; having great beauty and splendor
174. make an ince	n.	a conclusion reached based on evidence and reasoning; a deduction or assumption
175. an indisputable loc	n.	a way of thinking or reasoning conducted or evaluated by strict validity principles; the study of correct reasoning or good arguments
176. batted equipment	adj.	having been proven effective or reliable through real-world experience, especially in times of difficulty or struggle
177. parte in the program	<i>v</i> .	to take part in something
178. business edor	n.	a person who teaches or educates people
179. are a case	v.	to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others

ANSWERS: 169. collaboration, 170. cognitive, 171. framework, 172. proponent, 173. glorious, 174. inference, 175. logic, 176. battle-tested, 177. participate, 178. educator, 179. argue

180. political ets	n.	a branch of philosophy that considers what is morally right and wrong conduct; a set of beliefs about what is morally right and wrong
181. subge of trickery	n.	a deceptive stratagem, tactic, or plan used to hide one's true intentions or to deceive someone; a trick or ruse designed to mislead or disguise the truth
182. a good grounding in matcs	n.	the science dealing with the logic of quantities, shapes, spaces, and arrangement
183. delte attempt	adj.	done with full consciousness of nature and effects rather than by accident
184. crossword pue	n.	a situation that is difficult to follow or solve; a game, problem, or toy that tests a person's ingenuity or knowledge; (verb) to cause someone to feel confused because of something difficult to understand
185. abt failure	adj.	extremely unpleasant and degrading; physically or emotionally impoverished; miserable, wretched, and hopeless
186. buy the company's ste	n.	a share or financial investment in something such as a business; a wooden or metal post set up to mark something
187. rer to a book	v.	to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support

ANSWERS: 180. ethics, 181. subterfuge, 182. mathematics, 183. deliberate, 184. puzzle, 185. abject, 186. stake, 187. refer

188. asts of social, political, and economic life	n.	one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.
189. mor film	n.	an imaginary creature that is large and has various human and animal parts; someone or something large and powerful
190. Hegelian diic	n.	a method of inquiry and discussion that involves examining and resolving opposing or conflicting ideas or arguments; a discourse or dialogue that seeks to find the truth through logical reasoning and inquiry
191. a jar of j_m	n.	a situation in which something becomes stuck because of a dense crowd of people, vehicles, etc.; a preserve of crushed fruit
192. a corrupt polan	n.	a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
193. necly true	adv.	in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise
194. the rhic of a debate	n.	speech or writing intended to please or persuade someone; the art or study of using language effectively and persuasively in spoken or written form
195. develop a vie therapy	adj.	capable of being done as intended; able to succeed
196. display reson	n.	a firm decision or determination to do or not do something; the action of solving a problem, dispute, or conflict; the quality of being resolved or determined; the clarity and sharpness of an image or display

ANSWERS: 188. aspect, 189. monster, 190. dialectic, 191. jam, 192. politician, 193. necessarily, 194. rhetoric, 195. viable, 196. resolution

197. trc jam	n.	the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time
198. foe the consequences	v.	to perceive or predict; to anticipate or expect something to happen in the future

ANSWERS: 197. traffic, 198. foresee

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. The _____ between the two sides over the proposed policy was heated.
- *n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
- 2. There's no _____ in his description.
- *n*. a way of thinking or reasoning conducted or evaluated by strict validity principles; the study of correct reasoning or good arguments
- 3. They awaited news of the _____ of the election.
- *n.* the result or effect of an action, event, etc.
- 4. International law allows each nation to _____ itself when its rights and interests are illegally violated.
- v. to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
- 5. The ______ of the argument was well-presented.
 - *n.* the real physical material of which a thing or person consist; the most important or main part of some idea or experience; an illegal drug
- 6. The president must have the highest _____ standards.
- *adj.* of or relating to principles about what is right and wrong, or the branch of knowledge dealing with these
- 7. I am considering what I should do to _____ him.
- v. to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true
- 8. The majority of students actively _____ in the college's intramural sports program.
 - v. to take part in something

ANSWERS: 1. argument, 2. logic, 3. outcome, 4. defend, 5. substance, 6. ethical, 7. convince, 8. participated

- 9. The team's _____ in the championship resulted from their hard work and dedication.
- *n.* a great victory or achievement
- 10. They watched the train _____ into the distance.
- *v*. to cease to exist or be visible
- 11. Your credit card is no longer _____.

adj. having a reasonable basis in logic or fact; still legally or officially acceptable

- 12. _____ animals are graceful and efficient swimmers.
- *adj.* relating to, or close to, the North or South Pole; characterized by complete opposites
- 13. I want to ______ a toast in honor of our longstanding relationship.
- v. to make a proposal, declare a plan for something
- 14. The marketing team developed new ______ to boost sales.
- *n.* the methods or strategies used to achieve a specific goal or outcome, particularly in the context of military, business, or sports
- 15. Terrorists often attempt to ______ the economic impact of their acts of destruction.
- v. to make something look bigger than it really is, especially by looking at it through a lens; to make something bigger, stronger, or louder
- 16. I choose a ______ death rather than a shameful life.
- *adj.* having or deserving great admiration, praise, and honor; having great beauty and splendor

ANSWERS: 9. triumph, 10. disappear, 11. valid, 12. Polar, 13. propose, 14. tactics, 15. magnify, 16. glorious

- 17. Despite his best efforts, he was unable to ______ the enemy.
- *v*. to win against somebody in a fight, war, or attempt
- 18. The judge instructed the _____ on the law and the evidence presented in the trial.
- *n.* a group of people called upon to render a verdict or judgment in a legal trial; a group of people chosen for a special purpose or task
- 19. The company's stock gives a high _____.
- *n.* the total output of crops, profits, etc. that are produced; (verb) to produce or supply helpful something, such as a profit, an amount of food, or information
- 20. He was known for his powerful _____ and ability to persuade people with his words.
- *n.* speech or writing intended to please or persuade someone; the art or study of using language effectively and persuasively in spoken or written form
- 21. I found her assertion pretty _____.
- adj. able to make someone believe that something is true
- 22. Despite its advanced science and technology, the empire was ______ about invasion.
- adj. done with full consciousness of nature and effects rather than by accident
- 23. The brain is an incredibly complex organ that controls the body's _____.
 - *n*. the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose

ANSWERS: 17. defeat, 18. jury, 19. yield, 20. rhetoric, 21. convincing, 22. deliberate, 23. function

- 24. We decided to take a detour to avoid the construction _____ on the main road.
- *n.* the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time
- 25. The _____ poverty in the slums is a concern for the government.
- *adj.* extremely unpleasant and degrading; physically or emotionally impoverished; miserable, wretched, and hopeless
- 26. Please ______ to the instruction manual for further assistance.
- *v.* to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support
- 27. He attended a ______ school where all the classes were taught in French.
- *adj.* relating to or characterized by the use of the French language, either as a native speaker or for communication purposes; pertaining to French-speaking people or countries
- 28. He made a New Year's ______ to exercise more and eat healthier.
- *n*. a firm decision or determination to do or not do something; the action of solving a problem, dispute, or conflict; the quality of being resolved or determined; the clarity and sharpness of an image or display
- 29. Initially, we must _____ all project-related expenses.
- v. to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them
- 30. The transcendental ______ in Kant's philosophy seeks to uncover the illusory knowledge pure reason claims to attain.
 - *n.* a method of inquiry and discussion that involves examining and resolving opposing or conflicting ideas or arguments; a discourse or dialogue that seeks to find the truth through logical reasoning and inquiry

ANSWERS: 24. traffic, 25. abject, 26. refer, 27. francophone, 28. resolution, 29. examine, 30. dialectic

- 31. This accident was something that happened ______.
 - adv. in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise
- 32. They never ______ on development despite the lack of funds.
- v. to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession
- 33. Hunters use a whistle that makes the ____ sound to lure stags.
- *n.* a mature female of mammals of which the male is called a buck, such as a deer or a rabbit
- 34. We ______ a cease-fire.
- v. to come to an end or close; to reach a judgment or opinion by reasoning
- 35. The recruits had to undergo ______ training before being deployed to the front.
- *adj.* having been proven effective or reliable through real-world experience, especially in times of difficulty or struggle
- 36. Einstein was a _____ of the theory of relativity.
- *n.* a person who supports an idea or pleads for a cause
- 37. She kept ______ for an ambulance.
- *v.* to give a loud, high shout suddenly, especially because of fear, anger, excitement, etc.; to utter or declare in a very loud voice
- 38. ______ focuses on results and consequences rather than rules.
 - *n.* the belief that the actions are the right if they are useful or for the benefit of a majority

ANSWERS: 31. necessarily, 32. compromised, 33. doe, 34. concluded, 35. battle-tested, 36. proponent, 37. screaming, 38. Utilitarianism

- 39. _____ is better than argument.
- *n.* a fact or piece of information that shows something is true or exists
- 40. The _____ of the company is too high nowadays.
- *n*. a share or financial investment in something such as a business; a wooden or metal post set up to mark something
- 41. Based on ice core samples, scientists can draw ______ about the Earth's past climate.
- *n.* a conclusion reached based on evidence and reasoning; a deduction or assumption
- 42. The heat from the fire ______ the plastic parts of the appliance.
 - *v.* to change or distort the shape or appearance of something; to become misshapen or distorted
- 43. The ______ between the two countries was a delicate and complex process.
- *n.* the process of discussing and reaching an agreement with others
- 44. The leaders of that country strived to revive _____ despite past defeats.
- *n.* a political belief of a people or a government that a country should maintain a strong military force and be prepared to use it aggressively to defend or promote national interests
- 45. Police will ______ random breath testing for drunk driving.
- v. to organize and carry out a particular activity
- 46. Our plan includes a comprehensive marketing ______.
- *n.* a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.

ANSWERS: 39. Proof, 40. stake, 41. inferences, 42. deformed, 43. negotiation, 44. militarism, 45. conduct, 46. strategy

- 47. This scripture provides the code of _____ for the religion.
- *n.* a branch of philosophy that considers what is morally right and wrong conduct; a set of beliefs about what is morally right and wrong
- 48. An excellent historian must possess an _____ mentality.
- *adj.* associated with schools, colleges, and universities, especially studying and thinking, not with practical skills
- 49. I ______ a problem arising if we don't address this issue now.
- *v.* to perceive or predict; to anticipate or expect something to happen in the future
- 50. In this class, you will learn how to solve quadratic _____.
- *n.* the act of regarding as equal; (mathematics) a statement that expresses the equality of two expressions by connecting them with the equals sign
- 51. The boxer's toughest _____ was his fear of losing.
- *n.* a person, group, or force that opposes or fights against another; an enemy or opponent
- 52. He _____ the wall in anger.
- v. to strike someone or something with one's fist; to make a hole in something
- 53. Your ______ reflects your thoughts.
- *n.* an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.
- 54. The partnership program requires a mutual ______ between both agencies.
- *n.* the act or situation of working together to create or produce something

ANSWERS: 47. ethics, 48. academic, 49. foresee, 50. equations, 51. adversary, 52. punched, 53. conversation, 54. collaboration

- 55. He postulated a completely different ______ to explain all these phenomena.
- *n.* a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model
- 56. The shredder in the print room often has paper _____.
- *n.* a situation in which something becomes stuck because of a dense crowd of people, vehicles, etc.; a preserve of crushed fruit
- 57. He devised a new analytical ______ to capture the phenomenon.
 - *n.* the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text
- 58. What do you ______ the culprit's motive was?
- *v.* to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
- 59. He _____ pieces of rope out of straw.
- *v*. to bend or turn something into a certain shape
- 60. She expressed her thought in an artful choice of _____.
 - *n.* a figure of speech in which an expression is used to refer to something that it does not denote to suggest a similarity
- 61. He was attempting to confuse his _____.
- *n.* a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc.
- 62. After the scandal, the politician's reputation was left in ______ ruins.
- *adj.* causing or deserving public disgrace or humiliation; characterized by shame or disgrace; dishonorable or humiliating in nature

ANSWERS: 55. paradigm, 56. jams, 57. framework, 58. suppose, 59. twisted, 60. metaphors, 61. opponent, 62. ignominious

- 63. He has a flair for _____.
 - *n.* the science dealing with the logic of quantities, shapes, spaces, and arrangement
- 64. The monarch exploited the peasants using its _____ power.
- *adj.* established firmly and securely
- 65. Her company soon won a _____ market share.
- *adj.* more important, influential, or easy to notice than anything else of the same type
- 66. His ______ of literary works are often unique.
 - *n.* an explanation or opinion of something, especially that is not immediately obvious
- 67. He performed ______ tricks with sophisticated moves.
- *n.* beliefs and actions employed to influence supernatural beings and forces; any art or performance that invokes supernatural powers
- 68. The national election was held amid _____ security.
- adj. fixed, fastened, or kept together firmly or closely
- 69. This car has a _____ engine.
 - *n.* an imaginary creature that is large and has various human and animal parts; someone or something large and powerful
- 70. The mediated settlement brought ______ to both sides.
- *n.* a pleasant feeling you have when you have fulfilled a desire, need, or expectation or have achieved something

ANSWERS: 63. mathematics, 64. entrenched, 65. dominant, 66. interpretations, 67. magic, 68. tight, 69. monster, 70. satisfaction

- 71. The ______ lost his position in the end due to the scandal.
- *n*. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
- 72. His ______ faculties were getting worse because of a lack of sleep.
- adj. of or relating to mental processes of understanding
- 73. The ______ party strongly disagreed with the government's proposed legislation.
- *n.* the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement
- 74. This year's extreme heat has resulted in many heat _____ cases.
- *n.* a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc.
- 75. I decided to seek counseling on the advice of my _____.
- *n.* one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
- 76. The ______ truck will be coming to pick up the trash every Monday morning.
- *n.* waste material, especially food waste and kitchen refuse
- 77. He added a dash of salt and a _____ of pepper to the soup to give it extra flavor.
- *n.* a dish consisting of chopped or minced meat and vegetables that are mixed and then cooked, often served with potatoes; purified resinous extract of the hemp plant; a symbol (#) used on social media to indicate a specific topic or category or to add emphasis to a post
- 78. She couldn't ______ whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.
- *v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options

ANSWERS: 71. politician, 72. cognitive, 73. opposition, 74. stroke, 75. colleague, 76. garbage, 77. hash, 78. decide

- 79. The stray _____ went through the window and hit the wall.
- *n.* a metal projectile that is shot from a gun
- 80. She was constantly trying to boost her ____ by talking about her accomplishments.
- *n.* a consciousness of your own identity; a person's sense of self-esteem or self-importance, especially inflated one
- 81. The _____ meaning behind his words was clear, even though he did not explicitly say it.
- adj. suggested but not directly expressed
- 82. Male gorillas with good drumming skills are more _____.
- *adj.* capable of being done as intended; able to succeed
- 83. Her ______ are consistently rational and sensible.
- *n.* the ability to form valuable opinions and make reasonable decisions
- 84. The book's ______ is that the main character must save the world from an impending disaster.
 - *n*. a statement or proposition that is held to be true or from which a conclusion can be drawn
- 85. She is an _____ with progressive ideas.
- *n.* a person who teaches or educates people
- 86. Eating food in a hurry _____ blood glucose levels.
 - *v.* to raise something from a lower to a higher position; to give a promotion to or assign to a higher position

ANSWERS: 79. bullet, 80. ego, 81. implicit, 82. viable, 83. judgments, 84. premise, 85. educator, 86. elevates

- 87. He was pretty _____ to pass the exam.
- adj. having good luck or lucky
- 88. Excessive parental interference may _____ children's eagerness to learn.
- *v.* to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
- 89. The perspective of his right brain _____ his consciousness.
 - *v.* to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
- 90. Civil rights activists criticized the government's use of ______ to withhold information from the public.
- *n.* a deceptive stratagem, tactic, or plan used to hide one's true intentions or to deceive someone; a trick or ruse designed to mislead or disguise the truth
- 91. Ethics is a branch of _____.
- *n.* the study of general and fundamental questions, such as those about existence, reason, knowledge, values, mind
- 92. This jigsaw _____ is challenging because there are no pictures.
- *n.* a situation that is difficult to follow or solve; a game, problem, or toy that tests a person's ingenuity or knowledge; (verb) to cause someone to feel confused because of something difficult to understand
- 93. She was able to ______ her argument in the debate clearly.
- *v.* to express oneself clearly and effectively in spoken or written language
- 94. The magician waved his _____ and a rabbit appeared from the hat.
- *n.* a slender rod or stick, especially one used for magic or divination; a rod or staff carried by certain officials as a symbol of authority

ANSWERS: 87. fortunate, 88. inhibit, 89. dominates, 90. subterfuge, 91. philosophy, 92. puzzle, 93. articulate, 94. wand,

- 95. The couple began to _____ over which restaurant to go to for dinner.
 - *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
- 96. His professional experience includes all _____ of media production.
 - *n.* one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.
- 97. We can rule this possibility out from our ______.
 - *n.* the act or process of giving careful thought to something; a fee charged in advance to retain the services of someone
- 98. Because of the road closure, we had to take a ______ route to reach the destination.
- *n.* a circuitous or indirect route or path; a traffic circle or rotary used to regulate the flow of traffic
- 99. The rush hour traffic in the city often leads to ______ on the highways.
- *n.* a situation in which traffic or progress is obstructed due to congestion, blockage, or a lack of movement; a deadlock or impasse in negotiations or decision-making

ANSWERS: 95. argue, 96. aspects, 97. consideration, 98. roundabout, 99. gridlock