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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Alex Gendler: How tsunamis work | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/alex_gendler_how_tsunami s_work



All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

besiege	 to surround and attack or harass with relentless persistence; to crowd or overwhelm with a large numbe of requests or demands <i>nonym</i>: beset, encircle, surround) besiege a fortress, (2) besiege an enemy 	
	Enemy troops besieged the town during the war.	
tide	 n. the cyclical rise and fall of sea level caused by the moon's gravitational pull synonym: ripple, surge, swell 	
	(1) tide cycle, (2) ride the tide of change	
	Red tide is often harmful to the local ecosystem.	
retreat	 n. the act of moving back or withdrawing from a position or situation; a period of rest or relaxation away from work or everyday life synonym: escape, withdrawal, vacation 	
	(1) retreat deeper into their territory, (2) retreat in a mountain region	
	Many people go on a retreat to recharge and reconnect with themselves.	
convenient	<i>udj.</i> useful, helpful, or quick to do <i>ynonym</i> : timely, fortunate, suitable	

	(1) convenient way, (2) convenient location
	The airport offers five convenient access routes.
invasion	 <i>n.</i> army's act of forcibly entering another country or territory to take control of it <i>synonym</i>: aggression, attack, raid
	(1) the Turkish invasion , (2) home invasion
	An invasion would most probably result in a political catastrophe.
stroke	 n. a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc. synonym: blow
	(1) suffer stroke , (2) a stroke of the putter
	This year's extreme heat has resulted in many heat stroke cases.
halfway	<i>adj.</i> in or at a point midway or an equal distance between two points
	synonym: middle, median, center
	(1) halfway through my journey, (2) halfway decent job The famous restaurant stands halfway up the hill.
drown	 v. to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater
	synonym: douse, drench, overwhelm
	(1) drown in a bath, (2) I was drowned in work
	Floods have the potential to drown any subsurface animals easily.
wrath	<i>n.</i> extreme anger <i>synonym</i> : fury, irritation, anger
	(1) wrath of God, (2) a high person's wrath
	He finally exploded with wrath due to the team's repeated failures.

phenomenon	 n. something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood
	synonym: marvel, wonder, splendor
	(1) natural phenomenon , (2) historical phenomenon
	A rainbow is a natural phenomenon .
destroy	 v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely synonym: demolish, ruin, obliterate
	(1) destroy the ecosystem, (2) destroyed evidence
	The building was destroyed in the fire and had to be rebuilt.
countless	<i>adj.</i> too numerous to be counted or very many <i>synonym</i> : innumerable, myriad, numerous
	(1) countless hours, (2) answer countless questions
	There are countless methods for dealing with stress.
tsunami	 <i>n</i>. a huge ocean wave caused by an earthquake, volcano, or other disturbance
	synonym: tidal wave, seismic sea wave
	(1) tsunami warning, (2) tsunami relief
	The earthquake- tsunami caused widespread destruction
	along the coast.
unrelated	<i>adj.</i> having no connection; not belonging to the kinship <i>synonym</i> : irrelevant, unconnected, independent
	(1) statistically unrelated , (2) an unrelated position
	Excuse me if my question is unrelated to the topic.
gravitational	<i>adj.</i> relating to or caused by gravity (= the force that attracts objects towards one another)
	synonym: weighty, heavy, earthbound
	(1) gravitational energy, (2) gravitational waves
	The gravitational force of the black hole was so strong that
	nothing, not even light, could escape.

trough	 n. a long, narrow container used for feeding farm animals; a low point or depression between two ridges or peaks; a prolonged period of low economic or emotional activity synonym: trough, channel, depression 		
	(1) the trough in an economic cycle, (2) trough-shaped valley		
	The farmers filled the feeding trough with hay for the livestock.		
crest	 n. a peak or ridge, especially on a mountain or wave; a decorative tuft or topknot 		
	synonym: summit, peak, pinnacle		
	(1) crest length, (2) a large textile crest		
	The surfer rode the crest of the wave to the shore.		
consist	v. to be composed or made up ofsynonym: lie in, comprise, exist		
	(1) consist mainly of cells, (2) consist only in knowing facts		
	This examination consists of five problems to solve.		
movement	 a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively 		
	synonym: motion, progression, action		
	(1) a circular movement , (2) movement of troops		
	The movement of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.		
norm	<i>n.</i> something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard <i>synonym</i> : criterion, mean, standard		
	(1) norm of action, (2) cultural norm		
	The systems we have developed has accepted as industry		
	norms.		
origin	<i>n.</i> the first existence or beginning of something <i>synonym</i> : root, source, ancestor		

	(1) origin of information, (2) racial originThere are various hypotheses concerning the origin of life.		
underwater	 adv. below or under the surface of the water synonym: submerged, undersea, submarine (1) hold my breath underwater, (2) seals sleep underwater He is good at swimming underwater. 		
volcanic	adj. relating to or produced by or consisting of volcano		
	(1) effects of volcanic eruptions, (2) increase in volcanic activity		
	This study indicates volcanic activity affects global warming.		
eruption	 <i>n</i>. an instance of a sudden and violent release of lava, gas, or ash from a volcano; a sudden outburst or explosion of something <i>synonym</i>: explosion, outburst, burst 		
	(1) eruption alert level, (2) emotional eruption		
	The volcanic eruption caused widespread destruction and		
	left the area covered in ash.		
submarine	<i>n</i> . a type of underwater vehicle or vessel that can operate beneath the surface of the water; (adjective) beneath the surface of the sea		
	synonym: sub, underwater vessel, sea-craft		
	(1) a submarine volcano, (2) submarine cable		
	The military submarine disappeared without a trace.		
landslide	 n. a large, sudden movement of a mass of rock, earth, or other material down a slope synonym: avalanche, mudslide, rockfall 		
	(1) landslide victory, (2) prevent a landslide		
	The massive landslide buried the small village under a thick		
	layer of rock and dirt.		

earthquake	 n. a sudden and violent shaking of the ground caused by the movement of rock beneath the earth's surface synonym: seismic activity, tremor, temblor
	(1) an earthquake zone, (2) an earthquake-proof
	The violent earthquake caused widespread damage and injuries throughout the region.
tectonic	 adj. relating to the structure of the Earth's crust and the large-scale processes that occur as a result of movements within it synonym: seismic, geologic, geological
	(1) tectonic valleys, (2) a tectonic earthquake
	The tectonic plates shifted, causing an earthquake.
release	<i>v.</i> to set free or allow to escape from confinement <i>synonym</i> : free, let go, discharge
	(1) release a prisoner, (2) release CO2 into the air The animal rights group worked to release the dolphins back into the wild.
massive	<i>adj.</i> enormous amount; very heavy and solid <i>synonym</i> : enormous, giant, immense
	(1) massive amounts, (2) massive stars
	The recent economic downturn has resulted in massive layoffs.
displace	 v. to force someone or something to leave their home or place of origin, especially as a result of conflict, natural disaster, or manipulation synonym: evict, exile, remove
	(1) displace workers, (2) displace the explosive power
	The construction of the new dam will displace hundreds of
	families living downstream.
gravity	<i>n.</i> the force that attracts a body towards the center of the earth or towards any other physical body having mass; a manner that is solemn

synonym: heaviness, attraction, weight

(1) the attraction of gravity, (2) preserve my gravityThe astronaut felt weightless in space due to the absence of gravity.

ripple	 <i>n</i>. a small wave on the surface of a liquid, typically caused by an object falling into it or a slight wind <i>synonym</i>: wave, undulation, fluctuation
	 (1) a ripple of laughter, (2) ripple in the water Many businesses felt the ripple effect of the economy's decline.
outward	<i>adj.</i> relating to the external appearance or surface of something; visible<i>synonym</i>: external, surface, exterior
	(1) an outward journey, (2) outward cheerfulness
	The outward appearance of the building was impressive, but the inside was in dire need of repairs.
horizontal	<i>adj.</i> parallel to the ground or in a baseline; being at the same level as all members of a group<i>synonym</i>: even, lying, parallel
	(1) horizontal lines, (2) horizontal stripes
	Airplanes need horizontal tails to improve stability.
shore	 n. the land along the edge of a sea, lake, broad river, or other large body of water; (verb) to support by placing against something solid or rigid synonym: coast, seaside, beach
	(1) a sandy shore , (2) shore up demand
	The waves are beating against the shore .
detectable	<i>adj.</i> capable of being discovered or identified <i>synonym</i> : perceptible, noticeable, observable
	(1) a barely detectable change, (2) detectable by the human ear

The object is **detectable** at ultraviolet wavelengths.

the distance between the top and bottom of something; depth n. between the top surface and a distance below it synonym: deepness, profoundness, extent (1) **depth** camera, (2) the **depth** of the water The pond's **depth** was around five feet. shallow adj. not having much distance from the top to the bottom synonym: superficial, external, surface (1) shallow people, (2) shallow water **Shallow** brooks are noisier than deep rivers. shoal a shallow area in a body of water, such as a river, lake, n. or sea, where the depth is significantly less than surrounding areas; a sandbar or underwater ridge that can be a hazard to navigation; a large group of fish or other aquatic animals swimming together synonym: sandbank, sandbar, shallows (1) **shoal** of fish, (2) reef **shoal** The fisherman's boat narrowly avoided hitting a dangerous shoal in the shallow waters. to press or squeeze together to make something take up compress v. less space *synonym*: condense, constrict, squeeze (1) **compress** the chest, (2) **compress** gas She **compressed** the files into a single ZIP archive to save space on her computer. harbor an area of water next to the coast where ships and n. boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession synonym: port, dock, pier (1) a sheltered **harbor**, (2) **harbor** a resentment The tsunami swamped every boat in the harbor.

withdraw	 v. to remove or take back something; to stop participating in something
	synonym: retract, remove, back out
	(1) withdraw from public life, (2) withdraw \$500 from my
	account
	The company decided to withdraw its proposal due to public opposition.
mislead	<i>v.</i> to cause someone to believe something that is not true <i>synonym</i> : misinform, delude, belie
	(1) mislead him into trusting her, (2) mislead the enemy
	Our troops pulled back to mislead the enemy.
inland	 adj. situated or located away from the coast or a body of water; (adverb) towards or into the interior of a region synonym: internal, interior, domestic
	(1) inland transportation, (2) move further inland
	Lush green forests surrounded the small inland village.
low-lying	<i>adj.</i> situated at or near ground level; located in an area that is susceptible to flooding or inundation; having a position, status, or condition that is humble or inferior in relation to others
	synonym: close to the ground, flat, sea-level
	(1) low-lying countries, (2) low-lying region
	The low-lying area near the river is prone to flooding during
	heavy rain.
drag	v. to pull or haul with forcesynonym: haul, pull, draw
	(1) drag a chair over, (2) drag a team down
	He dragged the heavy suitcase behind him as he walked.
debris	n. broken or torn fragments of something synonym: remains, remnants, garbage
	(1) space debris , (2) pile of debris

Marine **debris** is a major continuous global problem. *adj.* having bad luck or fortune; unlucky unfortunate synonym: unlucky, pitiful, wretched (1) an **unfortunate** orphan, (2) an **unfortunate** situation The **unfortunate** accident caused many injuries and some fatalities. *adj.* likely to cause or capable of causing death deadly synonym: fatal, lethal, harmful (1) fight against the **deadly** disease, (2) a **deadly** weapon The members of religious organizations released **deadly** poisonous gas on a subway train. disaster an unexpected event or series of events that cause n. widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life *synonym*: catastrophe, calamity, tragedy (1) global **disaster**, (2) **disaster** recovery The **disaster** response team worked around the clock to aid those affected by the earthquake. *adj.* causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable destructive damage synonym: destroying, harmful, disastrous (1) lead to **destructive** behavior, (2) a habit **destructive** to health It was the most **destructive** storm in decades. an act or effort of trying to do something, especially attempt n. something difficult synonym: endeavor, effort, try (1) the **attempt** to rescue the hostages, (2) a reckless attempt The third **attempt** was far more successful.

flood	a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount nonym: deluge, downpour, overflow	
	(1) flood advisory, (2) a flood of questions	
	These heavy rains caused flash floods on several islands.	
divert	 v. to change the course or direction of something, often away from a specific path or target; to entertain or amuse someone, often to distract them from a problem or concern; to appropriate something for a different purpose 	
	synonym: distract, redirect, sidetrack	
	(1) divert attention, (2) divert an assault	
	Due to the road construction, we had to divert our course to	
	get to the restaurant.	
surpass	 v. to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something synonym: excel, outdo, outperform 	
	(1) surpass imagination, (2) surpass \$20 billion in sales	
	The athlete's record-breaking performance surpassed all expectations.	
nuclear	 <i>adj.</i> of or relating to or constituting the nucleus of an atom; deriving destructive energy from the release of atomic energy <i>synonym</i>: atomic 	
	(1) nuclear fusion, (2) use of nuclear power	
	Many countries have now agreed to a treaty banning the use	
	of nuclear weapons.	
addition	<i>n.</i> the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers	
	synonym: accumulation, expansion, addendum	
	(1) chemical addition, (2) addition of vectors	
	In addition, private corporations provide healthcare services.	

claim	 v. to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true synonym: assert, declare, maintain
	(1) claim responsibility, (2) false claim
	He wants to claim ownership of the abandoned property.
policy	 n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective synonym: strategy, plan, guideline
	(1) health policy , (2) foreign policy
	The company's new policy on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.
detection	 n. the act of discovering or identifying the presence of something synonym: discovery, identification, recognition
	(1) detection by the security software, (2) importance of early detection
	This smartphone has a collision detection function.
monitor	 v. to observe, check, and track the progress or quality of something over a period of time synonym: proctor, check, observe
	(1) monitor an exam, (2) monitor the data carefully
	They used a special receiver to monitor police radio channels.
seismic	<i>adj.</i> relating to or caused by an earthquake or earth vibration <i>synonym</i> : seismal, tectonic, vibrational
	(1) seismic activities, (2) a seismic center
	Earthquakes produce two types of seismic waves.

communicate	 v. to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals synonym: convey, share, transmit 		
	(1) communicate his anxieties to the psychiatrist,(2) communicate well with my advisor		
	Dolphins use sound to communicate with each other.		
distribute	 v. to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something synonym: broadcast, disperse, hand out 		
	(1) distribute wealth evenly, (2) distribute video content		
	His estate was distributed to his sons.		
alert	 v. to warn or arouse to a sense of danger; (adjective) paying close attention or being in a state of readiness for action 		
	synonym: warn, inform, (adjective) vigilant		
	(1) alert consumers to the dangers, (2) alert system		
	The company's cybersecurity team alerted the CEO to potential threats.		

Session 2: Spelling

1.	wiaw \$500 from my account	v.	to remove or take back something; to stop participating in something
2.	granal energy	adj.	relating to or caused by gravity (= the force that attracts objects towards one another)
3.	coss the chest	<i>v</i> .	to press or squeeze together to make something take up less space
4.	connt way	adj.	useful, helpful, or quick to do
5.	sus imagination	v.	to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something
6.	pile of des	n.	broken or torn fragments of something
7.	ind transportation	adj.	situated or located away from the coast or a body of water; (adverb) towards or into the interior of a region
8.	emotional eron	n.	an instance of a sudden and violent release of lava, gas, or ash from a volcano; a sudden outburst or explosion of something
9.	oud cheerfulness	adj.	relating to the external appearance or surface of something; visible
10.	ree a prisoner	v.	to set free or allow to escape from confinement
11.	shl of fish	n.	a shallow area in a body of water, such as a river, lake, or sea, where the depth is significantly less than surrounding areas; a sandbar or underwater ridge that can be a hazard to navigation; a large group of fish or other aquatic animals swimming together

ANSWERS: 1. withdraw, 2. gravitational, 3. compress, 4. convenient, 5. surpass, 6. debris, 7. inland, 8. eruption, 9. outward, 10. release, 11. shoal

12. increase in voic activity	adj.	relating to or produced by or consisting of volcano
13. preserve my gry	n.	the force that attracts a body towards the center of the earth or towards any other physical body having mass; a manner that is solemn
14. horal lines	adj.	parallel to the ground or in a baseline; being at the same level as all members of a group
15. wrh of God	n.	extreme anger
16. false clm	v.	to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
17. health poy	n.	a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
18. eron alert level	n.	an instance of a sudden and violent release of lava, gas, or ash from a volcano; a sudden outburst or explosion of something
19. dit an assault	v.	to change the course or direction of something, often away from a specific path or target; to entertain or amuse someone, often to distract them from a problem or concern; to appropriate something for a different purpose

ANSWERS: 12. volcanic, 13. gravity, 14. horizontal, 15. wrath, 16. claim, 17. policy, 18. eruption, 19. divert

20. I was drned in work	v.	to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater
21. connt location	adj.	useful, helpful, or quick to do
22. a barely detle change	adj.	capable of being discovered or identified
23. sune cable	n.	a type of underwater vehicle or vessel that can operate beneath the surface of the water; (adjective) beneath the surface of the sea
24. an oud journey	adj.	relating to the external appearance or surface of something; visible
25. a rie of laughter	n.	a small wave on the surface of a liquid, typically caused by an object falling into it or a slight wind
26. mor an exam	v.	to observe, check, and track the progress or quality of something over a period of time
27. a reckless att	n.	an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult
28. mid the enemy	v.	to cause someone to believe something that is not true
29. an unfte situation	adj.	having bad luck or fortune; unlucky
30. sec activities	adj.	relating to or caused by an earthquake or earth vibration
31. deon by the security software	n.	the act of discovering or identifying the presence of something
32. coss hours	adj.	too numerous to be counted or very many

ANSWERS: 20. drown, 21. convenient, 22. detectable, 23. submarine, 24. outward, 25. ripple, 26. monitor, 27. attempt, 28. mislead, 29. unfortunate, 30. seismic, 31. detection, 32. countless

33. answer coss questions	adj.	too numerous to be counted or very many
34. a sheltered har	n.	an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession
35. te cycle	n.	the cyclical rise and fall of sea level caused by the moon's gravitational pull
36. alt consumers to the dangers	v.	to warn or arouse to a sense of danger; (adjective) paying close attention or being in a state of readiness for action
37. mae stars	adj.	enormous amount; very heavy and solid
 comte his anxieties to the psychiatrist 	v.	to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals
39. a circular mont	n.	a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
40. dice the explosive power	v.	to force someone or something to leave their home or place of origin, especially as a result of conflict, natural disaster, or manipulation
41. nur fusion	adj.	of or relating to or constituting the nucleus of an atom; deriving destructive energy from the release of atomic energy

ANSWERS: 33. countless, 34. harbor, 35. tide, 36. alert, 37. massive, 38. communicate, 39. movement, 40. displace, 41. nuclear

42. hay decent job	adj.	in or at a point midway or an equal distance between two points
43. bee an enemy	v.	to surround and attack or harass with relentless persistence; to crowd or overwhelm with a large number of requests or demands
44. tsi warning	n.	a huge ocean wave caused by an earthquake, volcano, or other disturbance
45. crt length	n.	a peak or ridge, especially on a mountain or wave; a decorative tuft or topknot
46. long region	adj.	situated at or near ground level; located in an area that is susceptible to flooding or inundation; having a position, status, or condition that is humble or inferior in relation to others
47. hay through my journey	adj.	in or at a point midway or an equal distance between two points
48. a habit desve to health	adj.	causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
49. an earke-proof	n.	a sudden and violent shaking of the ground caused by the movement of rock beneath the earth's surface
50. a sandy she	n.	the land along the edge of a sea, lake, broad river, or other large body of water; (verb) to support by placing against something solid or rigid
51. an earke zone	n.	a sudden and violent shaking of the ground caused by the movement of rock beneath the earth's surface

ANSWERS: 42. halfway, 43. besiege, 44. tsunami, 45. crest, 46. low-lying, 47. halfway, 48. destructive, 49. earthquake, 50. shore, 51. earthquake

52. an uned position	adj.	having no connection; not belonging to the kinship
53. dey the ecosystem	v.	to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
54. cultural nm	n.	something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
55. the attraction of gry	n.	the force that attracts a body towards the center of the earth or towards any other physical body having mass; a manner that is solemn
56. dit attention	v.	to change the course or direction of something, often away from a specific path or target; to entertain or amuse someone, often to distract them from a problem or concern; to appropriate something for a different purpose
57. deyed evidence	v.	to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
58. wiaw from public life	ν.	to remove or take back something; to stop participating in something
59. dg a chair over	<i>v</i> .	to pull or haul with force
60. the att to rescue the hostages	n.	an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult
61. foreign poy	n.	a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

ANSWERS: 52. unrelated, 53. destroy, 54. norm, 55. gravity, 56. divert, 57. destroy, 58. withdraw, 59. drag, 60. attempt, 61. policy

62. shw water	adj.	not having much distance from the top
		to the bottom
63. an unfte orphan	adj.	having bad luck or fortune; unlucky
64. move further ind	adj.	situated or located away from the coast or a body of water; (adverb) towards or into the interior of a region
65. nm of action	n.	something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
66. rie in the water	n.	a small wave on the surface of a liquid, typically caused by an object falling into it or a slight wind
67. alt system	v.	to warn or arouse to a sense of danger; (adjective) paying close attention or being in a state of readiness for action
68. global dier	n.	an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life
69. mont of troops	n.	a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
70. space des	n.	broken or torn fragments of something
71. deh camera	n.	the distance between the top and bottom of something; between the top surface and a distance below it
72. dice workers	v.	to force someone or something to leave their home or place of origin, especially as a result of conflict, natural disaster, or manipulation

ANSWERS: 62. shallow, 63. unfortunate, 64. inland, 65. norm, 66. ripple, 67. alert, 68. disaster, 69. movement, 70. debris, 71. depth, 72. displace

73. a fld of questions	n.	a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount
74. mae amounts	adj.	enormous amount; very heavy and solid
75. use of nur power	adj.	of or relating to or constituting the nucleus of an atom; deriving destructive energy from the release of atomic energy
76. chemical adon	n.	the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers
77. teic valleys	adj.	relating to the structure of the Earth's crust and the large-scale processes that occur as a result of movements within it
78. horal stripes	adj.	parallel to the ground or in a baseline; being at the same level as all members of a group
79. ret deeper into their territory	n.	the act of moving back or withdrawing from a position or situation; a period of rest or relaxation away from work or everyday life
80. cot mainly of cells	<i>v</i> .	to be composed or made up of
81. statistically uned	adj.	having no connection; not belonging to the kinship
82. tsi relief	n.	a huge ocean wave caused by an earthquake, volcano, or other disturbance
83. ree CO2 into the air	<i>v</i> .	to set free or allow to escape from confinement

ANSWERS: 73. flood, 74. massive, 75. nuclear, 76. addition, 77. tectonic, 78. horizontal, 79. retreat, 80. consist, 81. unrelated, 82. tsunami, 83. release

84.	natural pheon	n.	something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood
85.	har a resentment	n.	an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession
86.	effects of voic eruptions	adj.	relating to or produced by or consisting of volcano
87.	she up demand	n.	the land along the edge of a sea, lake, broad river, or other large body of water; (verb) to support by placing against something solid or rigid
88.	fld advisory	n.	a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount
89.	prevent a lade	n.	a large, sudden movement of a mass of rock, earth, or other material down a slope
90.	dier recovery	n.	an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life
91.	clm responsibility	v.	to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
92.	a ste of the putter	n.	a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc.

ANSWERS: 84. phenomenon, 85. harbor, 86. volcanic, 87. shore, 88. flood, 89. landslide, 90. disaster, 91. claim, 92. stroke

93.	bee a fortress	v.	to surround and attack or harass with relentless persistence; to crowd or overwhelm with a large number of requests or demands
94.	coss gas	v.	to press or squeeze together to make something take up less space
95.	trh-shaped valley	n.	a long, narrow container used for feeding farm animals; a low point or depression between two ridges or peaks; a prolonged period of low economic or emotional activity
96.	comte well with my advisor	v.	to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals
97.	suffer ste	n.	a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc.
98.	a large textile crt	n.	a peak or ridge, especially on a mountain or wave; a decorative tuft or topknot
99.	sus \$20 billion in sales	v.	to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something
100	. granal waves	adj.	relating to or caused by gravity (= the force that attracts objects towards one another)
101	. a sune volcano	n.	a type of underwater vehicle or vessel that can operate beneath the surface of the water; (adjective) beneath the surface of the sea

ANSWERS: 93. besiege, 94. compress, 95. trough, 96. communicate, 97. stroke, 98. crest, 99. surpass, 100. gravitational, 101. submarine

102. historical pheon	n.	something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood
103. the Turkish inon	n.	army's act of forcibly entering another country or territory to take control of it
104. diste wealth evenly	v.	to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
105. a high person's wrh	n.	extreme anger
106. ret in a mountain region	n.	the act of moving back or withdrawing from a position or situation; a period of rest or relaxation away from work or everyday life
107. a dey weapon	adj.	likely to cause or capable of causing death
108. a teic earthquake	adj.	relating to the structure of the Earth's crust and the large-scale processes that occur as a result of movements within it
109. the trh in an economic cycle	n.	a long, narrow container used for feeding farm animals; a low point or depression between two ridges or peaks; a prolonged period of low economic or emotional activity
110. mor the data carefully	v.	to observe, check, and track the progress or quality of something over a period of time
111. lead to desve behavior	adj.	causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
112. home inon	n.	army's act of forcibly entering another country or territory to take control of it

ANSWERS: 102. phenomenon, 103. invasion, 104. distribute, 105. wrath, 106. retreat, 107. deadly, 108. tectonic, 109. trough, 110. monitor, 111. destructive, 112. invasion

113. dg a team down	v.	to pull or haul with force
114. shw people	adj.	not having much distance from the top to the bottom
115. importance of early deon	n.	the act of discovering or identifying the presence of something
116. drn in a bath	v.	to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater
117. hold my breath under	adv.	below or under the surface of the water
118. cot only in knowing facts	ν.	to be composed or made up of
119. the deh of the water	n.	the distance between the top and bottom of something; between the top surface and a distance below it
120. reef shl	n.	a shallow area in a body of water, such as a river, lake, or sea, where the depth is significantly less than surrounding areas; a sandbar or underwater ridge that can be a hazard to navigation; a large group of fish or other aquatic animals swimming together
121. adon of vectors	n.	the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers
122. lade victory	n.	a large, sudden movement of a mass of rock, earth, or other material down a slope
123. mid him into trusting her	ν.	to cause someone to believe something that is not true
124. racial orn	n.	the first existence or beginning of something

ANSWERS: 113. drag, 114. shallow, 115. detection, 116. drown, 117. underwater, 118. consist, 119. depth, 120. shoal, 121. addition, 122. landslide, 123. mislead, 124. origin

125. fight against the dey disease	adj.	likely to cause or capable of causing death
126. diste video content	v.	to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
127. a sec center	adj.	relating to or caused by an earthquake or earth vibration
128. seals sleep under	adv.	below or under the surface of the water
129. detle by the human ear	adj.	capable of being discovered or identified
130. orn of information	n.	the first existence or beginning of something
131. long countries	adj.	situated at or near ground level; located in an area that is susceptible to flooding or inundation; having a position, status, or condition that is humble or inferior in relation to others
132. ride the te of change	n.	the cyclical rise and fall of sea level caused by the moon's gravitational pull

ANSWERS: 125. deadly, 126. distribute, 127. seismic, 128. underwater, 129. detectable, 130. origin, 131. low-lying, 132. tide

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. Due to the road construction, we had to _____ our course to get to the restaurant.
- v. to change the course or direction of something, often away from a specific path or target; to entertain or amuse someone, often to distract them from a problem or concern; to appropriate something for a different purpose
- 2. The fisherman's boat narrowly avoided hitting a dangerous _____ in the shallow waters.
- *n.* a shallow area in a body of water, such as a river, lake, or sea, where the depth is significantly less than surrounding areas; a sandbar or underwater ridge that can be a hazard to navigation; a large group of fish or other aquatic animals swimming together
- 3. The construction of the new dam will _____ hundreds of families living downstream.
 - v. to force someone or something to leave their home or place of origin, especially as a result of conflict, natural disaster, or manipulation
- 4. The airport offers five ______ access routes.
- adj. useful, helpful, or quick to do
- 5. It was the most _____ storm in decades.

adj. causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage

- 6. Floods have the potential to _____ any subsurface animals easily.
- *v*. to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater
- 7. The animal rights group worked to ______ the dolphins back into the wild.
- *v.* to set free or allow to escape from confinement

ANSWERS: 1. divert, 2. shoal, 3. displace, 4. convenient, 5. destructive, 6. drown, 7. release

- 8. The violent ______ caused widespread damage and injuries throughout the region.
 - *n.* a sudden and violent shaking of the ground caused by the movement of rock beneath the earth's surface
- 9. Excuse me if my question is ______ to the topic.
- adj. having no connection; not belonging to the kinship
- 10. Dolphins use sound to ______ with each other.
- v. to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals
- 11. The third _____ was far more successful.
- *n.* an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult
- 12. This study indicates ______ activity affects global warming.
- adj. relating to or produced by or consisting of volcano
- 13. The members of religious organizations released _____ poisonous gas on a subway train.
- adj. likely to cause or capable of causing death
- 14. The company's cybersecurity team _____ the CEO to potential threats.
- *v.* to warn or arouse to a sense of danger; (adjective) paying close attention or being in a state of readiness for action
- 15. This smartphone has a collision ______ function.
- *n.* the act of discovering or identifying the presence of something

ANSWERS: 8. earthquake, 9. unrelated, 10. communicate, 11. attempt, 12. volcanic, 13. deadly, 14. alerted, 15. detection

- 16. An ______ would most probably result in a political catastrophe.
- *n.* army's act of forcibly entering another country or territory to take control of it
- 17. There are _____ methods for dealing with stress.
- *adj.* too numerous to be counted or very many
- 18. The volcanic ______ caused widespread destruction and left the area covered in ash.
- *n.* an instance of a sudden and violent release of lava, gas, or ash from a volcano; a sudden outburst or explosion of something
- 19. The building was ______ in the fire and had to be rebuilt.
- v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
- 20. The military ______ disappeared without a trace.
- *n*. a type of underwater vehicle or vessel that can operate beneath the surface of the water; (adjective) beneath the surface of the sea
- 21. They used a special receiver to _____ police radio channels.
 - *v.* to observe, check, and track the progress or quality of something over a period of time
- 22. He wants to _____ ownership of the abandoned property.
 - v. to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
- 23. The ______ appearance of the building was impressive, but the inside was in dire need of repairs.
- adj. relating to the external appearance or surface of something; visible

ANSWERS: 16. invasion, 17. countless, 18. eruption, 19. destroyed, 20. submarine, 21. monitor, 22. claim, 23. outward

- 24. _____ brooks are noisier than deep rivers.
- *adj.* not having much distance from the top to the bottom
- 25. Earthquakes produce two types of _____ waves.
- *adj.* relating to or caused by an earthquake or earth vibration
- 26. This examination ______ of five problems to solve.
- v. to be composed or made up of
- 27. The astronaut felt weightless in space due to the absence of _____.
- *n.* the force that attracts a body towards the center of the earth or towards any other physical body having mass; a manner that is solemn
- 28. The surfer rode the _____ of the wave to the shore.
- *n.* a peak or ridge, especially on a mountain or wave; a decorative tuft or topknot
- 29. Many businesses felt the _____ effect of the economy's decline.
- *n.* a small wave on the surface of a liquid, typically caused by an object falling into it or a slight wind
- 30. This year's extreme heat has resulted in many heat _____ cases.
- *n.* a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc.
- 31. The object is ______ at ultraviolet wavelengths.
- adj. capable of being discovered or identified
- 32. The company decided to ______ its proposal due to public opposition.
- *v.* to remove or take back something; to stop participating in something

ANSWERS: 24. Shallow, 25. seismic, 26. consists, 27. gravity, 28. crest, 29. ripple, 30. stroke, 31. detectable, 32. withdraw

- 33. He is good at swimming _____.
- *adv.* below or under the surface of the water
- 34. The ______ plates shifted, causing an earthquake.
- *adj.* relating to the structure of the Earth's crust and the large-scale processes that occur as a result of movements within it
- 35. Enemy troops _____ the town during the war.
- v. to surround and attack or harass with relentless persistence; to crowd or overwhelm with a large number of requests or demands
- 36. He ______ the heavy suitcase behind him as he walked.
- v. to pull or haul with force
- 37. Marine _____ is a major continuous global problem.
- *n.* broken or torn fragments of something
- The waves are beating against the _____.
- *n.* the land along the edge of a sea, lake, broad river, or other large body of water; (verb) to support by placing against something solid or rigid
- 39. The recent economic downturn has resulted in _____ layoffs.
- adj. enormous amount; very heavy and solid
- 40. The massive ______ buried the small village under a thick layer of rock and dirt.
- *n.* a large, sudden movement of a mass of rock, earth, or other material down a slope

ANSWERS: 33. underwater, 34. tectonic, 35. besieged, 36. dragged, 37. debris, 38. shore, 39. massive, 40. landslide

- 41. A rainbow is a natural _____.
- *n.* something that exists and can be perceptible, especially one that is not fully understood
- 42. The ______ force of the black hole was so strong that nothing, not even light, could escape.
- *adj.* relating to or caused by gravity (= the force that attracts objects towards one another)
- 43. The farmers filled the feeding _____ with hay for the livestock.
- *n.* a long, narrow container used for feeding farm animals; a low point or depression between two ridges or peaks; a prolonged period of low economic or emotional activity

44. The ______ of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.

- *n*. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
- 45. The ______ response team worked around the clock to aid those affected by the earthquake.
- *n.* an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life
- 46. These heavy rains caused flash _____ on several islands.
- *n.* a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount
- 47. The famous restaurant stands _____ up the hill.
- adj. in or at a point midway or an equal distance between two points

ANSWERS: 41. phenomenon, 42. gravitational, 43. trough, 44. movement, 45. disaster, 46. floods, 47. halfway

- 48. The ______ area near the river is prone to flooding during heavy rain.
- *adj.* situated at or near ground level; located in an area that is susceptible to flooding or inundation; having a position, status, or condition that is humble or inferior in relation to others
- 49. In ______ private corporations provide healthcare services.
- *n.* the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers
- 50. His estate was ______ to his sons.
 - v. to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
- 51. Our troops pulled back to ______ the enemy.
 - *v.* to cause someone to believe something that is not true
- 52. The pond's _____ was around five feet.
- *n.* the distance between the top and bottom of something; between the top surface and a distance below it
- 53. Lush green forests surrounded the small _____ village.
- *adj.* situated or located away from the coast or a body of water; (adverb) towards or into the interior of a region
- 54. Many people go on a ______ to recharge and reconnect with themselves.
- *n.* the act of moving back or withdrawing from a position or situation; a period of rest or relaxation away from work or everyday life
- 55. The tsunami swamped every boat in the _____.
- *n.* an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession

ANSWERS: 48. low-lying, 49. addition, 50. distributed, 51. mislead, 52. depth, 53. inland, 54. retreat, 55. harbor

- 56. The ______ accident caused many injuries and some fatalities.
- *adj.* having bad luck or fortune; unlucky
- 57. Many countries have now agreed to a treaty banning the use of ______ weapons.
- *adj.* of or relating to or constituting the nucleus of an atom; deriving destructive energy from the release of atomic energy
- 58. The athlete's record-breaking performance ______ all expectations.
- v. to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something
- 59. The earthquake-_____ caused widespread destruction along the coast.
- *n.* a huge ocean wave caused by an earthquake, volcano, or other disturbance
- 60. She ______ the files into a single ZIP archive to save space on her computer.
- *v.* to press or squeeze together to make something take up less space
- 61. The company's new ______ on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.
- *n*. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
- 62. Red _____ is often harmful to the local ecosystem.
- *n.* the cyclical rise and fall of sea level caused by the moon's gravitational pull
- 63. He finally exploded with _____ due to the team's repeated failures.
 - *n.* extreme anger

ANSWERS: 56. unfortunate, 57. nuclear, 58. surpassed, 59. tsunami, 60. compressed, 61. policy, 62. tide, 63. wrath

- 64. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.
- *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
- 65. Airplanes need ______ tails to improve stability.
- *adj.* parallel to the ground or in a baseline; being at the same level as all members of a group
- 66. There are various hypotheses concerning the _____ of life.
- *n.* the first existence or beginning of something

ANSWERS: 64. norms, 65. horizontal, 66. origin