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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Molly Stevens: A new way to grow bone | TED Talk
https://www.ted.com/talks/molly_stevens_a_new_way_to_grow_bone

Advanced Words Only

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Session 1: Word List

biomaterial

n. a substance, usually synthetic, that is used for medical or veterinary purposes and is designed to mimic or replace biological tissues

(1) **biomaterial** development, (2) **biomaterials** industry

The new **biomaterials** used in implants are more durable and less likely to cause an immune response.

fascinate

v. to attract and hold the attention of someone deeply and irresistibly

synonym: captivate, intrigue, mesmerize

(1) **fascinate** the public, (2) **fascinate** the young

The magic tricks **fascinated** the children.

nacre

n. a type of iridescent, lustrous material that is found on the inside of some shells and pearls

synonym: mother-of-pearl, pearl, iridescent layer

(1) **nacre** jewelry, (2) **nacre** buttons

The **nacre** of the pearl gave it its beautiful iridescent sheen.

Bluetooth

n. a short-range wireless communication technology that allows electronic devices to connect and exchange data wirelessly over short distances, commonly used for connecting devices such as smartphones, headphones, and speakers

(1) **Bluetooth** connection, (2) **Bluetooth-enabled** device
I need a **Bluetooth** headset for my conference calls.

ophthalmology

n. the branch of medicine that deals with the anatomy, physiology, and diseases of the eye

synonym: eye care, optometry, eye medicine

(1) **ophthalmology** practice, (2) **ophthalmology** clinic
My grandfather had a problem with his eyes and went to an **ophthalmology** specialist.

shard

n. a small, sharp piece of something that has been broken, especially a material like glass, pottery, or metal

synonym: break, fragment, shatter

(1) broken **shard**, (2) **shard** of pottery
The artist used a **shard** of glass to create intricate designs on her sculptures.

inflame

v. to cause very strong feelings such as anger or excitement in a person or a group of people

synonym: agitate, arouse, enrage

(1) **inflame** skin, (2) **inflame** his passion
Her eyes **inflamed** with crying.

ocular

adj. relating to the eyes or vision; visual; pertaining to or connected with the sense of sight

synonym: visual, optical, ophthalmic

(1) **ocular** examination, (2) **ocular** symptoms
After using the new **ocular** lens, the photographer took extremely sharp and detailed pictures.

cataract

n. a clouding of the lens in the eye that affects vision; a large waterfall

synonym: clouding, blurriness, waterfall

(1) the thunder of a **cataract**, (2) **cataract** lens
The older man had a **cataract** removed from his eye, which improved his vision significantly.

inert

adj. lacking the ability to move or act, often used to describe an object or substance that is inactive or non-reactive

synonym : motionless, inactive, dormant

(1) **inert** gases, (2) **inert** ingredients

The rock was completely **inert** and didn't react when we tried to break it open.

medicinal

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

synonym : curative, therapeutic, healing

(1) **medicinal** chemistry, (2) traditional **medicinal**

The **medicinal** properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

dissolve

v. to be or cause to be absorbed by a liquid to form a part of the solution; to close down or dismiss

synonym : disband, disappear, liquefy

(1) **dissolve** the sugar, (2) officially **dissolved** the marriage

The political party **dissolved** after much internal fighting.

schematic

adj. relating to or in the form of a scheme or diagram; showing the structure or organization of something

synonym : diagrammatic, blueprint, structural

(1) **schematic** model, (2) simplified **schematic**

The engineer used a **schematic** diagram to plan out the wiring for the new building.

biochemical

adj. relating to the chemical processes and substances that occur within living organisms

synonym : molecular, biological

(1) **biochemical** reaction, (2) complex **biochemical**

Biochemical research is essential to understanding the complex chemical reactions in living organisms.

pun

n. a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay

synonym : joke, quip, wordplay

(1) witty **pun**, (2) silly **pun**

The comedian's **pun** had the audience laughing out loud.

cartilage

n. a tough, elastic connective tissue that is found in various parts of the body, such as the joints, the outer ear, and the tip of the nose

synonym: connective tissue, gristle, fibrocartilage

(1) **cartilage** damage, (2) nasal **cartilage**

The knee joint is supported by **cartilage**, which helps absorb shock and prevent bone damage.

ilium

n. the upper part of the hip bone in vertebrates, consisting of a broad, flaring blade and a curved, projecting socket that fits into the pelvis

synonym: pelvis, hip bone, coxal bone

(1) **ilium** bone, (2) **ilium** muscle

The athlete suffered from an **ilium** injury during the last match.

recreate

v. to make something that existed previously happen or appear to exist again

synonym: renovate, vivify, revive

(1) **recreate** a single country, (2) **recreate** the feeling of the 1920s

She **recreated** the atmosphere of the pre-war age with her stage setting.

aftereffect

n. a consequence or result that follows after an event, experience, or action, sometimes with a delayed onset, often used to describe the lingering impact of traumatic experiences or medical treatments

synonym: consequence, aftermath, outcome

(1) **aftereffect** of an earthquake, (2) **aftereffect** of a drug
I still experience **aftereffects** from the car accident I was in last year.

scaffold

n. a temporary platform or structure used to support workers and materials during construction or maintenance work

synonym : platform, staging, framework

(1) **scaffold** construction, (2) go to the **scaffold**

The construction workers set up the **scaffold** to reach the top of the building.

vivo

adj. alive or existing in a living organism or system; relating to or involving "live" organisms or systems, particularly in scientific research or experimentation

synonym : alive, living, animate

(1) **vivo** imaging, (2) in **vivo** research

The **vivo** colors of the flowers made the garden come alive.

bioreactor

n. a device or system used to cultivate living cells, tissues, or organisms for industrial or research purposes

synonym : fermenter

(1) **bioreactor** engineering, (2) anaerobic **bioreactor**

The scientists optimized the conditions in the **bioreactor** to increase the yield of the desired product.

periosteum

n. a dense layer of connective tissue that covers the external surface of bones, serving to anchor tendons and ligaments and also providing a source of new bone cells during growth and repair

synonym : membrane, tissue, shell

(1) **periosteum** layer, (2) **periosteum** inflammation

Damage to the **periosteum** can delay bone healing and increase the risk of complications like infection

inject

v. to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)

synonym : shoot, infiltrate, insinuate

(1) **inject** under the skin, (2) **inject** a personal opinion into a debate

Let's try to **inject** a bit of enthusiasm into your performance.

pinhole

n. a tiny hole in a material, often made by a needle, that allows light or other substances to pass through

synonym: aperture, perforation, pore

(1) **pinhole** image, (2) **pinhole** leak

The camera's **pinhole** lens creates a unique blur effect in photographs.

incision

n. a sharp cut made in something with a sharp tool, especially during a medical procedure

synonym: cut, slit, laceration

(1) **incision** tool, (2) small **incision**

Patients undergoing **incisional** surgery are often put to sleep by anesthesia.

histology

n. the branch of biology that deals with the study of the microscopic structure of tissues and cells; the microscopic examination and study of tissues to observe their structure, composition, and function

synonym: microscopy, cytology, pathology

(1) **histology** specimens, (2) **histology** techniques

The **histology** lab provides valuable insights into the cellular structure of tissues.

demarcate

v. (another term for demark) to set, mark, or draw the boundaries or limits of something

synonym: differentiate, delimit, mark off

(1) **demarcate** the boundary, (2) **demarcate** an arrangement

This partition is used to **demarcate** the interior and exterior spaces.

physicist

n. a scientist who specializes in the field of physics

(1) talented **physicist**, (2) theoretical **physicist**

Einstein was an outstanding and famous **physicist** of the

20th century.

nanoscale

adj. on a scale that can be measured in nanometres (= one billionth of a meter); on a very small scale

(1) **nanoscale** device, (2) things at the **nanoscale**

This process improves the strength of the metal by controlling the **nanoscale** lattice structure of the metal.

inorganic

adj. being or consisting of nonliving stuff; chemical compounds that contain no or only trace amounts of carbon

(1) **inorganic** acid, (2) **inorganic** nutrition

Inorganic substances include rocks and minerals.

squishy

adj. soft and yielding to the touch; easily deformed

synonym: soft, spongy, mushy

(1) **squishy** texture, (2) a **squishy** story

The **squishy** foam ball is perfect for squeezing to relieve stress.

brittle

adj. easily broken, cracked, or shattered when subjected to pressure or stress; lacking flexibility or resilience; fragile

synonym: fragile, breakable, delicate

(1) **brittle** bones, (2) **brittle** material

The old books in the library were so **brittle** that they crumbled upon touch.

topography

n. the arrangement and physical features of a particular area or region, including its natural and artificial elements and their relative positions and elevations; the study or description of this arrangement and these features

synonym: terrain, landscape, geography

(1) **topography** map, (2) detailed **topography**

The **topography** of the region is rugged, with many hills and valleys.

conductivity

n. the quality of a material's ability to conduct electricity, heat, etc.

synonym : conduction

(1) low **conductivity**, (2) electrical **conductivity**

High thermal **conductivity** is also essential for the exterior of the machine.

synchronous

adj. occurring or operating at the same time or pace; happening simultaneously; coordinated or synchronized

synonym : simultaneous, concurrent, parallel

(1) **synchronous** communication, (2) **synchronous** learning

The group of performers perfectly executed the **synchronous** dance routine.

excite

v. to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager

synonym : thrill, exhilarate, animate

(1) **excite** the crowd, (2) **excite** rebellion

The news of her promotion **excited** her.

Session 2: Spelling

1. silly p_n *n.* a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay
2. low con_____ity *n.* the quality of a material's ability to conduct electricity, heat, etc.
3. ca_____ct lens *n.* a clouding of the lens in the eye that affects vision; a large waterfall
4. top_____hy map *n.* the arrangement and physical features of a particular area or region, including its natural and artificial elements and their relative positions and elevations; the study or description of this arrangement and these features
5. sc_____ic model *adj.* relating to or in the form of a scheme or diagram; showing the structure or organization of something
6. br_____e material *adj.* easily broken, cracked, or shattered when subjected to pressure or stress; lacking flexibility or resilience; fragile
7. in_____ic acid *adj.* being or consisting of nonliving stuff; chemical compounds that contain no or only trace amounts of carbon
8. aft_____ct of a drug *n.* a consequence or result that follows after an event, experience, or action, sometimes with a delayed onset, often used to describe the lingering impact of traumatic experiences or medical treatments

ANSWERS: 1. pun, 2. conductivity, 3. cataract, 4. topography, 5. schematic, 6. brittle, 7. inorganic, 8. aftereffect

9. aft_____ct of an earthquake *n.* a consequence or result that follows after an event, experience, or action, sometimes with a delayed onset, often used to describe the lingering impact of traumatic experiences or medical treatments
10. bio_____or engineering *n.* a device or system used to cultivate living cells, tissues, or organisms for industrial or research purposes
11. pi_____e image *n.* a tiny hole in a material, often made by a needle, that allows light or other substances to pass through
12. go to the sc_____ld *n.* a temporary platform or structure used to support workers and materials during construction or maintenance work
13. syn_____us communication *adj.* occurring or operating at the same time or pace; happening simultaneously; coordinated or synchronized
14. na__e buttons *n.* a type of iridescent, lustrous material that is found on the inside of some shells and pearls
15. sq_____y texture *adj.* soft and yielding to the touch; easily deformed
16. hi_____gy specimens *n.* the branch of biology that deals with the study of the microscopic structure of tissues and cells; the microscopic examination and study of tissues to observe their structure, composition, and function
17. broken sh__d *n.* a small, sharp piece of something that has been broken, especially a material like glass, pottery, or metal

ANSWERS: 9. aftereffect, 10. bioreactor, 11. pinhole, 12. scaffold, 13. synchronous, 14. nacre, 15. squishy, 16. histology, 17. shard

18. oph_____ogy clinic *n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the anatomy, physiology, and diseases of the eye
19. bio_____als industry *n.* a substance, usually synthetic, that is used for medical or veterinary purposes and is designed to mimic or replace biological tissues
20. syn_____us learning *adj.* occurring or operating at the same time or pace; happening simultaneously; coordinated or synchronized
21. simplified sc_____ic *adj.* relating to or in the form of a scheme or diagram; showing the structure or organization of something
22. fa_____te the young *v.* to attract and hold the attention of someone deeply and irresistibly
23. me_____al chemistry *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
24. de_____te an arrangement *v.* (another term for demark) to set, mark, or draw the boundaries or limits of something
25. in v__o research *adj.* alive or existing in a living organism or system; relating to or involving "live" organisms or systems, particularly in scientific research or experimentation
26. electrical con_____ity *n.* the quality of a material's ability to conduct electricity, heat, etc.
27. in___t under the skin *v.* to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)

ANSWERS: 18. ophthalmology, 19. biomaterial, 20. synchronous, 21. schematic, 22. fascinate, 23. medicinal, 24. demarcate, 25. vivo, 26. conductivity, 27. inject

28. a sq____y story *adj.* soft and yielding to the touch; easily deformed
29. detailed top_____hy *n.* the arrangement and physical features of a particular area or region, including its natural and artificial elements and their relative positions and elevations; the study or description of this arrangement and these features
30. di_____ve the sugar *v.* to be or cause to be absorbed by a liquid to form a part of the solution; to close down or dismiss
31. per_____um layer *n.* a dense layer of connective tissue that covers the external surface of bones, serving to anchor tendons and ligaments and also providing a source of new bone cells during growth and repair
32. bio_____al development *n.* a substance, usually synthetic, that is used for medical or veterinary purposes and is designed to mimic or replace biological tissues
33. ca_____ge damage *n.* a tough, elastic connective tissue that is found in various parts of the body, such as the joints, the outer ear, and the tip of the nose
34. nasal ca_____ge *n.* a tough, elastic connective tissue that is found in various parts of the body, such as the joints, the outer ear, and the tip of the nose
35. oc___r examination *adj.* relating to the eyes or vision; visual; pertaining to or connected with the sense of sight

ANSWERS: 28. squishy, 29. topography, 30. dissolve, 31. periosteum, 32. biomaterial, 33. cartilage, 34. cartilage, 35. ocular

36. na_____le device *adj.* on a scale that can be measured in nanometres (= one billionth of a meter); on a very small scale
37. in___t a personal opinion into a debate *v.* to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)
38. ex___e rebellion *v.* to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
39. in__t ingredients *adj.* lacking the ability to move or act, often used to describe an object or substance that is inactive or non-reactive
40. in__t gases *adj.* lacking the ability to move or act, often used to describe an object or substance that is inactive or non-reactive
41. oc___r symptoms *adj.* relating to the eyes or vision; visual; pertaining to or connected with the sense of sight
42. witty p_n *n.* a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay
43. sh__d of pottery *n.* a small, sharp piece of something that has been broken, especially a material like glass, pottery, or metal
44. il__m bone *n.* the upper part of the hip bone in vertebrates, consisting of a broad, flaring blade and a curved, projecting socket that fits into the pelvis

ANSWERS: 36. nanoscale, 37. inject, 38. excite, 39. inert, 40. inert, 41. ocular, 42. pun, 43. shard, 44. ilium

45. complex bio_____al *adj.* relating to the chemical processes and substances that occur within living organisms
46. sc_____ld construction *n.* a temporary platform or structure used to support workers and materials during construction or maintenance work
47. talented ph_____st *n.* a scientist who specializes in the field of physics
48. anaerobic bio_____or *n.* a device or system used to cultivate living cells, tissues, or organisms for industrial or research purposes
49. hi_____gy techniques *n.* the branch of biology that deals with the study of the microscopic structure of tissues and cells; the microscopic examination and study of tissues to observe their structure, composition, and function
50. oph_____ogy practice *n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the anatomy, physiology, and diseases of the eye
51. in_____on tool *n.* a sharp cut made in something with a sharp tool, especially during a medical procedure
52. ex_____e the crowd *v.* to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
53. in_____e skin *v.* to cause very strong feelings such as anger or excitement in a person or a group of people
54. fa_____te the public *v.* to attract and hold the attention of someone deeply and irresistibly

ANSWERS: 45. biochemical, 46. scaffold, 47. physicist, 48. bioreactor, 49. histology, 50. ophthalmology, 51. incision, 52. excite, 53. inflame, 54. fascinate

55. re_____te a single country *v.* to make something that existed previously happen or appear to exist again
56. na__e jewelry *n.* a type of iridescent, lustrous material that is found on the inside of some shells and pearls
57. il__m muscle *n.* the upper part of the hip bone in vertebrates, consisting of a broad, flaring blade and a curved, projecting socket that fits into the pelvis
58. theoretical ph_____st *n.* a scientist who specializes in the field of physics
59. the thunder of a ca_____ct *n.* a clouding of the lens in the eye that affects vision; a large waterfall
60. Bl_____th connection *n.* a short-range wireless communication technology that allows electronic devices to connect and exchange data wirelessly over short distances, commonly used for connecting devices such as smartphones, headphones, and speakers
61. de_____te the boundary *v.* (another term for demark) to set, mark, or draw the boundaries or limits of something
62. in_____e his passion *v.* to cause very strong feelings such as anger or excitement in a person or a group of people
63. officially di_____ved the marriage *v.* to be or cause to be absorbed by a liquid to form a part of the solution; to close down or dismiss

ANSWERS: 55. recreate, 56. nacre, 57. ilium, 58. physicist, 59. cataract, 60. Bluetooth, 61. demarcate, 62. inflame, 63. dissolve

64. per_____um inflammation *n.* a dense layer of connective tissue that covers the external surface of bones, serving to anchor tendons and ligaments and also providing a source of new bone cells during growth and repair
65. br_____e bones *adj.* easily broken, cracked, or shattered when subjected to pressure or stress; lacking flexibility or resilience; fragile
66. pi_____e leak *n.* a tiny hole in a material, often made by a needle, that allows light or other substances to pass through
67. v__o imaging *adj.* alive or existing in a living organism or system; relating to or involving "live" organisms or systems, particularly in scientific research or experimentation
68. in_____ic nutrition *adj.* being or consisting of nonliving stuff; chemical compounds that contain no or only trace amounts of carbon
69. bio_____al reaction *adj.* relating to the chemical processes and substances that occur within living organisms
70. traditional me_____al *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
71. small in_____on *n.* a sharp cut made in something with a sharp tool, especially during a medical procedure
72. things at the na_____le *adj.* on a scale that can be measured in nanometres (= one billionth of a meter); on a very small scale

ANSWERS: 64. periosteum, 65. brittle, 66. pinhole, 67. vivo, 68. inorganic, 69. biochemical, 70. medicinal, 71. incision, 72. nanoscale

73. re_____te the feeling of the 1920s

v. to make something that existed previously happen or appear to exist again

74. Bl_____th-enabled device

n. a short-range wireless communication technology that allows electronic devices to connect and exchange data wirelessly over short distances, commonly used for connecting devices such as smartphones, headphones, and speakers

ANSWERS: 73. recreate, 74. Bluetooth

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- _____ substances include rocks and minerals.
adj. being or consisting of nonliving stuff; chemical compounds that contain no or only trace amounts of carbon
- After using the new _____ lens, the photographer took extremely sharp and detailed pictures.
adj. relating to the eyes or vision; visual; pertaining to or connected with the sense of sight
- This partition is used to _____ the interior and exterior spaces.
v. (another term for demark) to set, mark, or draw the boundaries or limits of something
- The older man had a _____ removed from his eye, which improved his vision significantly.
n. a clouding of the lens in the eye that affects vision; a large waterfall
- The group of performers perfectly executed the _____ dance routine.
adj. occurring or operating at the same time or pace; happening simultaneously; coordinated or synchronized
- My grandfather had a problem with his eyes and went to an _____ specialist.
n. the branch of medicine that deals with the anatomy, physiology, and diseases of the eye
- The news of her promotion _____ her.
v. to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager

ANSWERS: 1. Inorganic, 2. ocular, 3. demarcate, 4. cataract, 5. synchronous, 6. ophthalmology, 7. excited

8. The _____ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.
adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
9. The athlete suffered from an _____ injury during the last match.
n. the upper part of the hip bone in vertebrates, consisting of a broad, flaring blade and a curved, projecting socket that fits into the pelvis
10. The political party _____ after much internal fighting.
v. to be or cause to be absorbed by a liquid to form a part of the solution; to close down or dismiss
11. The new _____ used in implants are more durable and less likely to cause an immune response.
n. a substance, usually synthetic, that is used for medical or veterinary purposes and is designed to mimic or replace biological tissues
12. The artist used a _____ of glass to create intricate designs on her sculptures.
n. a small, sharp piece of something that has been broken, especially a material like glass, pottery, or metal
13. The construction workers set up the _____ to reach the top of the building.
n. a temporary platform or structure used to support workers and materials during construction or maintenance work
14. This process improves the strength of the metal by controlling the _____ lattice structure of the metal.
adj. on a scale that can be measured in nanometres (= one billionth of a meter); on a very small scale

ANSWERS: 8. medicinal, 9. ilium, 10. dissolved, 11. biomaterials, 12. shard, 13. scaffold, 14. nanoscale

15. _____ research is essential to understanding the complex chemical reactions in living organisms.
adj. relating to the chemical processes and substances that occur within living organisms
16. The _____ of the pearl gave it its beautiful iridescent sheen.
n. a type of iridescent, lustrous material that is found on the inside of some shells and pearls
17. The scientists optimized the conditions in the _____ to increase the yield of the desired product.
n. a device or system used to cultivate living cells, tissues, or organisms for industrial or research purposes
18. The _____ lab provides valuable insights into the cellular structure of tissues.
n. the branch of biology that deals with the study of the microscopic structure of tissues and cells; the microscopic examination and study of tissues to observe their structure, composition, and function
19. The comedian's _____ had the audience laughing out loud.
n. a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay
20. Patients undergoing _____ surgery are often put to sleep by anesthesia.
n. a sharp cut made in something with a sharp tool, especially during a medical procedure
21. The old books in the library were so _____ that they crumbled upon touch.
adj. easily broken, cracked, or shattered when subjected to pressure or stress; lacking flexibility or resilience; fragile

ANSWERS: 15. Biochemical, 16. nacre, 17. bioreactor, 18. histology, 19. pun, 20. incisional, 21. brittle

22. Einstein was an outstanding and famous _____ of the 20th century.
n. a scientist who specializes in the field of physics
23. Damage to the _____ can delay bone healing and increase the risk of complications like infection
n. a dense layer of connective tissue that covers the external surface of bones, serving to anchor tendons and ligaments and also providing a source of new bone cells during growth and repair
24. The magic tricks _____ the children.
v. to attract and hold the attention of someone deeply and irresistibly
25. High thermal _____ is also essential for the exterior of the machine.
n. the quality of a material's ability to conduct electricity, heat, etc.
26. The rock was completely _____ and didn't react when we tried to break it open.
adj. lacking the ability to move or act, often used to describe an object or substance that is inactive or non-reactive
27. I still experience _____ from the car accident I was in last year.
n. a consequence or result that follows after an event, experience, or action, sometimes with a delayed onset, often used to describe the lingering impact of traumatic experiences or medical treatments
28. The _____ foam ball is perfect for squeezing to relieve stress.
adj. soft and yielding to the touch; easily deformed
29. The _____ of the region is rugged, with many hills and valleys.
n. the arrangement and physical features of a particular area or region, including its natural and artificial elements and their relative positions and elevations; the study or description of this arrangement and these features

ANSWERS: 22. physicist, 23. periosteum, 24. fascinated, 25. conductivity, 26. inert, 27. aftereffects, 28. squishy, 29. topography

30. The _____ colors of the flowers made the garden come alive.

adj. alive or existing in a living organism or system; relating to or involving "live" organisms or systems, particularly in scientific research or experimentation

31. I need a _____ headset for my conference calls.

n. a short-range wireless communication technology that allows electronic devices to connect and exchange data wirelessly over short distances, commonly used for connecting devices such as smartphones, headphones, and speakers

32. The knee joint is supported by _____ which helps absorb shock and prevent bone damage.

n. a tough, elastic connective tissue that is found in various parts of the body, such as the joints, the outer ear, and the tip of the nose

33. The engineer used a _____ diagram to plan out the wiring for the new building.

adj. relating to or in the form of a scheme or diagram; showing the structure or organization of something

34. Let's try to _____ a bit of enthusiasm into your performance.

v. to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)

35. She _____ the atmosphere of the pre-war age with her stage setting.

v. to make something that existed previously happen or appear to exist again

36. The camera's _____ lens creates a unique blur effect in photographs.

n. a tiny hole in a material, often made by a needle, that allows light or other substances to pass through

ANSWERS: 30. vivo, 31. Bluetooth, 32. cartilage, 33. schematic, 34. inject, 35. recreated, 36. pinhole

37. Her eyes _____ with crying.

- v. to cause very strong feelings such as anger or excitement in a person or a group of people

ANSWERS: 37. inflamed