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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Siddharthan Chandran: Can the damaged brain repair itself? | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/siddharthan_chandran_can _the_damaged_brain_repair_itself



Advanced Words Only

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

excite	 v. to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager synonym: thrill, exhilarate, animate (1) excite the crowd, (2) excite rebellion The news of her promotion excited her.
neurology	 n. the branch of medicine that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the nervous system synonym: brain science, nervous system, neuropathology
	(1) cognitive neurology , (2) neurology department She is studying clinical neurology to become a brain surgeon.
Alzheimer	 n. a neurodegenerative disease that causes memory loss, cognitive decline, and behavioral issues; is the most common cause of dementia in older adults synonym: dementia, memory loss, cognitive decline
	(1) Alzheimer's brain, (2) Alzheimer's risk factors
	My grandmother has Alzheimer's disease requires special care and attention from her caregivers.
atrophy	 <i>n</i>. a decrease in size of a muscle, organ, etc., caused by disease or disuse <i>synonym</i>: disintegration, degeneration, wasting away

	(1) weakness with atrophy , (2) atrophy of the muscles
	Daily exercise and adequate sleep are necessary to prevent
	the progression of atrophy .
scar	n. a mark that remains on the skin after a wound has healed
	synonym: blemish, imperfection, blotch
	(1) burn scar , (2) carry a scar
	Even after the wound has healed, a scar remains.
sclerotic	 adj. referring to the hardening or thickening of a tissue, organ, or other body parts, often due to infection, disease, or aging synonym: hardened, rigid, stiff
	(1) sclerotic lesion, (2) sclerotic plaques
	The sclerotic arteries in his legs made it difficult for him to
	walk long distances.
neuron	 a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body synonym: nerve cell
	(1) excite the neurons , (2) neuron cell body
	Our body transfers information along each neuron using an electrical impulse.
societal	<i>adj.</i> relating to society or social relationships <i>synonym</i> : social, communal, cultural
	(1) societal norms, (2) societal expectations
	The societal pressure to conform is strong in this community.
myelin	 n. a white fatty substance that covers around nerves, helping them to send signals effectively synonym: medulla
	(1) myelin encasing the axons, (2) myelin protein
	Myelin sheath allows electrical impulses to travel quickly and efficiently along the nerve cells.

insulate	 v. to protect something by interposing material that prevents heat, noise, electricity, etc.
	synonym: isolate, protect, seclude
	(1) insulate the room from sound, (2) insulate electricity
	We had our bedroom insulated before winter came.
symphony	 a long musical composition in Western classical music for orchestra, usually with three or four main parts called movements
	synonym: orchestra, harmony, concert
	(1) a symphony orchestra, (2) a beautiful symphony
	The frequent performances of the symphony prove its popularity.
underpin	<i>v.</i> to support or strengthen the foundations of something <i>synonym</i> : support, foundation, base
	(1) underpin a structure, (2) underpin democratization
	The research findings underpin the theory that human
	activities cause global warming.
emote	 v. to communicate through facial expressions, gestures, and body language to express strong feelings or emotions
	synonym: express, communicate, convey
	(1) emote salute, (2) emote through art
	The actor could emote a wide range of emotions on screen, earning them critical acclaim.
rogue	n. a deceitful and unreliable person; a person who behaves badly
	synonym: baddie, con artist, crook
	(1) a rogue detective, (2) rogue state
	The president states emphatically that the opponent country
	is a rogue state that supports terrorism.
disrupt	 v. to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by

	causing a problem or disturbance synonym: interrupt, disturb, break into			
	(1) disrupt a well-ordered condition, (2) disrupt sleep			
	I'm so sorry to disrupt you when you're pretty busy.			
predicament	<i>n.</i> a difficult, unpleasant, or embarrassing situation <i>synonym</i> : situation, quandary, plight			
	(1) tragic predicament, (2) predicament decision			
	He was in a predicament and didn't know how to escape it.			
respire	v. to breathe; to inhale and exhale air; to livesynonym: breathe, inhale, exhale			
	(1) respire deeply, (2) unable to respire on my own			
	The scuba diver needed to follow the proper techniques to			
	respire while exploring the underwater world.			
superimpose	 v. to place, layer, or overlay one thing on top of another, typically in such a way that both are still visible; to add or combine something additional into an existing structure, design, or system 			
	synonym: overlay, impose, place over			
	(1) superimpose image, (2) superimpose text			
	The graphic designer will superimpose the logo over the image in the brochure.			
lesion	 n. a damaged or abnormal area of tissue in the body, usually caused by injury or disease synonym: injury, wound, damage 			
	(1) muscle lesion , (2) brain lesion			
	The doctor examined the lesion on the patient's skin to			
	determine if it was cancerous.			
bleak	<i>adj.</i> unlikely to be favorable; unpleasantly cold and damp; offering little or no hope<i>synonym</i>: miserable, pathetic, dim			
	(1) prospects were bleak , (2) bleak future			

The political landscape looks **bleak** without a change of administration.

depress	 v. to make someone feel sad, low in spirits, or without hope; to make markets, businesses, etc., less active synonym: sadden, discourage, deflate
	(1) depress their spirits, (2) depress crop pricesThe economic recession depressed the housing market.
sect	 n. a group of people who follow a particular religious or philosophical belief system, especially one that is regarded as outside the norm or mainstream synonym: group, faction, cult
	(1) sect beliefs, (2) secret sect
	The minority sect believed in a set of unconventional religious practices.
orthodoxy	 n. adherence to a conventional or widely accepted set of beliefs or practices, especially in religion or politics; the accepted or established doctrine or teachings of a particular group or institution synonym: conformity, traditionalism, conservatism
	(1) religious orthodoxy , (2) intellectual orthodoxy
	The church's orthodoxy on certain issues was deeply
	ingrained.
endogenous	 <i>adj.</i> originating or arising from within an organism, system, or process rather than from external factors; pertaining to internal causes or influences <i>synonym</i>: endogenic, innate, internal
	(1) endogenous growth, (2) endogenous opioid system
	Endogenous factors like genetics and personality are key in
	determining our behavior.
bottleneck	<i>n.</i> a narrow or busy section of road or a junction where the traffic often gets slower and stops; anything that slows down development or progress, especially in business

	or industry		
	synonym: blockage, obstacle, barrier		
	(1) performance bottleneck , (2) bottleneck in production		
	Memory bandwidth is a significant bottleneck in this		
	computational simulation.		
papal	adj. relating to the pope (= the head of the Roman Catholic Church) or the Roman Catholic Church		
	synonym: pontifical, papistic, apostolical		
	(1) papal authority, (2) papal visit		
	The papal palace was a grand and imposing structure.		
exaggerate	 v. to describe or represent something as better or worse than it is 		
	synonym: overstate, overestimate, amplify		
	(1) exaggerate in degree, (2) exaggerate story		
	She exaggerated the extent of her injuries to get more		
	money from the settlement.		
bespeak	 v. to suggest or indicate something; to request something in advance; to suggest or indicate a particular quality or characteristic 		
	synonym: indicate, imply, suggest		
	(1) bespeak elegance, (2) bespeak good manners		
	Your outfit bespeaks confidence and professionalism.		
pluripotent	 adj. describing cells that have the potential to differentiate into any specialized cell in the body, often used in the context of stem cell research and applications synonym: versatile, all-purpose, adaptable 		
	(1) pluripotent embryonic cells, (2) pluripotent gene expression		
	Pluripotent stem cells can differentiate into any cell in the body.		

medicinal	adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease synonym: curative, therapeutic, healing				
	(1) medicinal chemistry, (2) traditional medicinal				
	The medicinal properties of this herb have been known to				
	help with various ailments.				
opportune	 adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose synonym: suitable, timely, practical 				
	(1) opportune occasion, (2) an opportune remark				
	The phone rang at the most opportune time.				
reprogram	v. to modify or recreate a programsynonym: recreate, modify, revamp				
	(1) reprogram a device, (2) reprogram a database				
	He reprogrammed the computer's operating system to				
	remove the safeguard.				
unaffected	<i>adj.</i> not influenced or emotionally impacted by external factors or events; calm, composed, and emotionally stable				
	synonym: untouched, unaffected, unaltered				
	(1) unaffected by weather, (2) emotionally unaffected				
	Despite the chaos around her, she remained unaffected and				
	focused.				
inherit	v. to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died				
	synonym: obtain, gain, acquire				
	(1) inherit estate, (2) inherit ancestral property				
	After his death, his sons inherited his business.				
unimaginable	<i>adj.</i> beyond what can be imagined or conceived; impossible to comprehend or envision				
	synonym: unthinkable, inconceivable, incredulous				
	(1) unimaginable horror, (2) unimaginable depths				

	The complexity of scientific theories was unimaginable for most people.			
fluoresce	 v. to emit visible light when exposed to certain sources of radiation, such as ultraviolet light; to glow or shine brightly 			
	synonym: glow, radiate, luminesce			
	(1) fluoresce yellow, (2) fluoresce in the dark			
	The minerals in the rock fluoresce brightly under UV light.			
parachute	 a device used to slow the motion of people or objects through an atmosphere consisting of a large piece of thin cloth that is attached to them and opens out in the air 			
	(1) parachute troops, (2) golden parachute			
	This training includes emergency escape drills with			
	parachutes.			
miller	 n. a person who operates a mill (= a plant consisting of one or more buildings with facilities for manufacturing), especially a grain mill synonym: grinder, pulverizer, crusher 			
	(1) miller flour, (2) water miller			
	The miller's work was a vital component of the local			
	economy, providing flour to the bakeries and farmers in the			
	area.			
inject	 v. to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube) synonym: shoot, infiltrate, insinuate 			
	(1) inject under the skin, (2) inject a personal opinion into a debate			
	Let's try to inject a bit of enthusiasm into your performance.			

Session 2: Spelling

1.	pate troops	n.	a device used to slow the motion of people or objects through an atmosphere consisting of a large piece of thin cloth that is attached to them and opens out in the air
2.	ree deeply	v.	to breathe; to inhale and exhale air; to live
3.	unible depths	adj.	beyond what can be imagined or conceived; impossible to comprehend or envision
4.	a syny orchestra	n.	a long musical composition in Western classical music for orchestra, usually with three or four main parts called movements
5.	prent decision	n.	a difficult, unpleasant, or embarrassing situation
6.	water mir	n.	a person who operates a mill (= a plant consisting of one or more buildings with facilities for manufacturing), especially a grain mill
7.	inte electricity	v.	to protect something by interposing material that prevents heat, noise, electricity, etc.
8.	scic plaques	adj.	referring to the hardening or thickening of a tissue, organ, or other body parts, often due to infection, disease, or aging
9.	des crop prices	v.	to make someone feel sad, low in spirits, or without hope; to make markets, businesses, etc., less active

ANSWERS: 1. parachute, 2. respire, 3. unimaginable, 4. symphony, 5. predicament, 6. miller, 7. insulate, 8. sclerotic, 9. depress

10. scic lesion	adj.	referring to the hardening or thickening of a tissue, organ, or other body parts, often due to infection, disease, or aging
11. carry a sr	n.	a mark that remains on the skin after a wound has healed
12. performance botck	n.	a narrow or busy section of road or a junction where the traffic often gets slower and stops; anything that slows down development or progress, especially in business or industry
13. an opne remark	adj.	suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
14. soal expectations	adj.	relating to society or social relationships
15. unin a structure	<i>v</i> .	to support or strengthen the foundations of something
16. supse image	v.	to place, layer, or overlay one thing on top of another, typically in such a way that both are still visible; to add or combine something additional into an existing structure, design, or system
17. tragic prent	n.	a difficult, unpleasant, or embarrassing situation
18. secret st	n.	a group of people who follow a particular religious or philosophical belief system, especially one that is regarded as outside the norm or mainstream
19. bek good manners	v.	to suggest or indicate something; to request something in advance; to suggest or indicate a particular quality or characteristic

ANSWERS: 10. sclerotic, 11. scar, 12. bottleneck, 13. opportune, 14. societal, 15. underpin, 16. superimpose, 17. predicament, 18. sect, 19. bespeak

20.	intellectual orxy	n.	adherence to a conventional or widely accepted set of beliefs or practices, especially in religion or politics; the accepted or established doctrine or teachings of a particular group or institution
21.	plunt gene expression	adj.	describing cells that have the potential to differentiate into any specialized cell in the body, often used in the context of stem cell research and applications
22.	botck in production	n.	a narrow or busy section of road or a junction where the traffic often gets slower and stops; anything that slows down development or progress, especially in business or industry
23.	exe rebellion	v.	to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
24.	flce yellow	v.	to emit visible light when exposed to certain sources of radiation, such as ultraviolet light; to glow or shine brightly
25.	plunt embryonic cells	adj.	describing cells that have the potential to differentiate into any specialized cell in the body, often used in the context of stem cell research and applications
26.	int a personal opinion into a debate	v.	to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)
27.	unable to ree on my own	v.	to breathe; to inhale and exhale air; to live

ANSWERS: 20. orthodoxy, 21. pluripotent, 22. bottleneck, 23. excite, 24. fluoresce, 25. pluripotent, 26. inject, 27. respire

28. a roe detective	n.	a deceitful and unreliable person; a person who behaves badly
29. Aler's brain	n.	a neurodegenerative disease that causes memory loss, cognitive decline, and behavioral issues; is the most common cause of dementia in older adults
30. unin democratization	ν.	to support or strengthen the foundations of something
31. endus opioid system	adj.	originating or arising from within an organism, system, or process rather than from external factors; pertaining to internal causes or influences
32. exe the crowd	ν.	to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
33. int estate	v.	to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died
34. st beliefs	n.	a group of people who follow a particular religious or philosophical belief system, especially one that is regarded as outside the norm or mainstream
35. muscle len	n.	a damaged or abnormal area of tissue in the body, usually caused by injury or disease
36. cognitive negy	n.	the branch of medicine that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the nervous system
37. traditional meal	adj.	of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

ANSWERS: 28. rogue, 29. Alzheimer, 30. underpin, 31. endogenous, 32. excite, 33. inherit, 34. sect, 35. lesion, 36. neurology, 37. medicinal

adj.	not influenced or emotionally impacted by external factors or events; calm, composed, and emotionally stable
n.	a decrease in size of a muscle, organ, etc., caused by disease or disuse
v.	to place, layer, or overlay one thing on top of another, typically in such a way that both are still visible; to add or combine something additional into an existing structure, design, or system
n.	a decrease in size of a muscle, organ, etc., caused by disease or disuse
n.	a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body
adj.	beyond what can be imagined or conceived; impossible to comprehend or envision
v.	to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
n.	a person who operates a mill (= a plant consisting of one or more buildings with facilities for manufacturing), especially a grain mill
v.	to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)
	n. v. n. adj. v. n.

ANSWERS: 38. unaffected, 39. atrophy, 40. superimpose, 41. atrophy, 42. neuron, 43. unimaginable, 44. disrupt, 45. miller, 46. inject

47. exate story	v.	to describe or represent something as better or worse than it is
48. religious orxy	n.	adherence to a conventional or widely accepted set of beliefs or practices, especially in religion or politics; the accepted or established doctrine or teachings of a particular group or institution
49. meal chemistry	adj.	of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
50. pal authority	adj.	relating to the pope (= the head of the Roman Catholic Church) or the Roman Catholic Church
51. a beautiful syny	n.	a long musical composition in Western classical music for orchestra, usually with three or four main parts called movements
52. prospects were blk	adj.	unlikely to be favorable; unpleasantly cold and damp; offering little or no hope
53. ream a device	v.	to modify or recreate a program
54. endus growth	adj.	originating or arising from within an organism, system, or process rather than from external factors; pertaining to internal causes or influences
55. myn encasing the axons	n.	a white fatty substance that covers around nerves, helping them to send signals effectively
56. eme through art	v.	to communicate through facial expressions, gestures, and body language to express strong feelings or emotions

ANSWERS: 47. exaggerate, 48. orthodoxy, 49. medicinal, 50. papal, 51. symphony, 52. bleak, 53. reprogram, 54. endogenous, 55. myelin, 56. emote

57.	negy department	n.	the branch of medicine that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the nervous system
58.	burn sr	n.	a mark that remains on the skin after a wound has healed
59.	brain len	n.	a damaged or abnormal area of tissue in the body, usually caused by injury or disease
60.	int ancestral property	v.	to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died
61.	opne occasion	adj.	suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
62.	soal norms	adj.	relating to society or social relationships
63.	inte the room from sound	v.	to protect something by interposing material that prevents heat, noise, electricity, etc.
64.	golden pate	n.	a device used to slow the motion of people or objects through an atmosphere consisting of a large piece of thin cloth that is attached to them and opens out in the air
65.	myn protein	n.	a white fatty substance that covers around nerves, helping them to send signals effectively
66.	pal visit	adj.	relating to the pope (= the head of the Roman Catholic Church) or the Roman Catholic Church
67.	Aler's risk factors	n.	a neurodegenerative disease that causes memory loss, cognitive decline, and behavioral issues; is the most common cause of dementia in older adults

ANSWERS: 57. neurology, 58. scar, 59. lesion, 60. inherit, 61. opportune, 62. societal, 63. insulate, 64. parachute, 65. myelin, 66. papal, 67. Alzheimer

68. emotionally unaed	adj.	not influenced or emotionally impacted by external factors or events; calm, composed, and emotionally stable
69. flce in the dark	v.	to emit visible light when exposed to certain sources of radiation, such as ultraviolet light; to glow or shine brightly
70. eme salute	v.	to communicate through facial expressions, gestures, and body language to express strong feelings or emotions
71. ream a database	<i>v</i> .	to modify or recreate a program
72. dit sleep	v.	to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
73. roe state	n.	a deceitful and unreliable person; a person who behaves badly
74. nen cell body	n.	a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body
75. exate in degree	ν.	to describe or represent something as better or worse than it is
76. bek elegance	v.	to suggest or indicate something; to request something in advance; to suggest or indicate a particular quality or characteristic
77. blk future	adj.	unlikely to be favorable; unpleasantly cold and damp; offering little or no hope

ANSWERS: 68. unaffected, 69. fluoresce, 70. emote, 71. reprogram, 72. disrupt, 73. rogue, 74. neuron, 75. exaggerate, 76. bespeak, 77. bleak

78. de___s their spirits

 v. to make someone feel sad, low in spirits, or without hope; to make markets, businesses, etc., less active

ANSWERS: 78. depress

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. We had our bedroom ______ before winter came.
- v. to protect something by interposing material that prevents heat, noise, electricity, etc.
- 2. The phone rang at the most ______ time.
- *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
- 3. Daily exercise and adequate sleep are necessary to prevent the progression of
- *n.* a decrease in size of a muscle, organ, etc., caused by disease or disuse
- 4. The news of her promotion _____ her.
- v. to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
- 5. _____ sheath allows electrical impulses to travel quickly and efficiently along the nerve cells.
- *n.* a white fatty substance that covers around nerves, helping them to send signals effectively
- 6. She ______ the extent of her injuries to get more money from the settlement.
- v. to describe or represent something as better or worse than it is
- 7. Let's try to _____ a bit of enthusiasm into your performance.
- v. to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)

ANSWERS: 1. insulated, 2. opportune, 3. atrophy, 4. excited, 5. Myelin, 6. exaggerated, 7. inject

- 8. The complexity of scientific theories was ______ for most people.
- *adj.* beyond what can be imagined or conceived; impossible to comprehend or envision
- 9. The actor could _____ a wide range of emotions on screen, earning them critical acclaim.
- *v.* to communicate through facial expressions, gestures, and body language to express strong feelings or emotions
- 10. The scuba diver needed to follow the proper techniques to ______ while exploring the underwater world.
- *v*. to breathe; to inhale and exhale air; to live
- 11. He was in a ______ and didn't know how to escape it.
- *n.* a difficult, unpleasant, or embarrassing situation
- 12. Even after the wound has healed, a _____ remains.
- *n.* a mark that remains on the skin after a wound has healed
- 13. The ______ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.
- *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
- 14. Memory bandwidth is a significant ______ in this computational simulation.
- *n*. a narrow or busy section of road or a junction where the traffic often gets slower and stops; anything that slows down development or progress, especially in business or industry
- 15. The political landscape looks _____ without a change of administration.
- adj. unlikely to be favorable; unpleasantly cold and damp; offering little or no hope

ANSWERS: 8. unimaginable, 9. emote, 10. respire, 11. predicament, 12. scar, 13. medicinal, 14. bottleneck, 15. bleak

- 16. The ______ pressure to conform is strong in this community.
- *adj.* relating to society or social relationships
- 17. This training includes emergency escape drills with _____.
- *n*. a device used to slow the motion of people or objects through an atmosphere consisting of a large piece of thin cloth that is attached to them and opens out in the air
- 18. The minority _____ believed in a set of unconventional religious practices.
- *n.* a group of people who follow a particular religious or philosophical belief system, especially one that is regarded as outside the norm or mainstream
- 19. The church's ______ on certain issues was deeply ingrained.
 - *n.* adherence to a conventional or widely accepted set of beliefs or practices, especially in religion or politics; the accepted or established doctrine or teachings of a particular group or institution
- 20. The graphic designer will ______ the logo over the image in the brochure.
- *v*. to place, layer, or overlay one thing on top of another, typically in such a way that both are still visible; to add or combine something additional into an existing structure, design, or system
- 21. She is studying clinical ______ to become a brain surgeon.
 - *n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the nervous system
- 22. Your outfit _____ confidence and professionalism.
 - v. to suggest or indicate something; to request something in advance; to suggest or indicate a particular quality or characteristic

ANSWERS: 16. societal, 17. parachutes, 18. sect, 19. orthodoxy, 20. superimpose, 21. neurology, 22. bespeaks

- 23. ______ factors like genetics and personality are key in determining our behavior.
 - *adj.* originating or arising from within an organism, system, or process rather than from external factors; pertaining to internal causes or influences
- 24. The doctor examined the _____ on the patient's skin to determine if it was cancerous.
- *n.* a damaged or abnormal area of tissue in the body, usually caused by injury or disease
- 25. The economic recession ______ the housing market.
- v. to make someone feel sad, low in spirits, or without hope; to make markets, businesses, etc., less active
- 26. The ______ arteries in his legs made it difficult for him to walk long distances.
- *adj.* referring to the hardening or thickening of a tissue, organ, or other body parts, often due to infection, disease, or aging
- 27. The ______ work was a vital component of the local economy, providing flour to the bakeries and farmers in the area.
- *n.* a person who operates a mill (= a plant consisting of one or more buildings with facilities for manufacturing), especially a grain mill
- 28. I'm so sorry to _____ you when you're pretty busy.
- *v.* to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
- 29. After his death, his sons _____ his business.
 - v. to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died

ANSWERS: 23. Endogenous, 24. lesion, 25. depressed, 26. sclerotic, 27. miller's, 28. disrupt, 29. inherited

- 30. The frequent performances of the _____ prove its popularity.
- *n.* a long musical composition in Western classical music for orchestra, usually with three or four main parts called movements
- 31. ______ stem cells can differentiate into any cell in the body.
- *adj.* describing cells that have the potential to differentiate into any specialized cell in the body, often used in the context of stem cell research and applications
- 32. The research findings ______ the theory that human activities cause global warming.
- v. to support or strengthen the foundations of something
- 33. He ______ the computer's operating system to remove the safeguard.
 - v. to modify or recreate a program
- 34. Our body transfers information along each _____ using an electrical impulse.
- *n.* a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body
- 35. The president states emphatically that the opponent country is a _____ state that supports terrorism.
- *n.* a deceitful and unreliable person; a person who behaves badly
- 36. The minerals in the rock ______ brightly under UV light.
- *v.* to emit visible light when exposed to certain sources of radiation, such as ultraviolet light; to glow or shine brightly
- 37. The _____ palace was a grand and imposing structure.
- *adj.* relating to the pope (= the head of the Roman Catholic Church) or the Roman Catholic Church

ANSWERS: 30. symphony, 31. Pluripotent, 32. underpin, 33. reprogrammed, 34. neuron, 35. rogue, 36. fluoresce, 37. papal

- 38. Despite the chaos around her, she remained ______ and focused.
 - *adj.* not influenced or emotionally impacted by external factors or events; calm, composed, and emotionally stable
- 39. My grandmother has ______ disease requires special care and attention from her caregivers.
- *n.* a neurodegenerative disease that causes memory loss, cognitive decline, and behavioral issues; is the most common cause of dementia in older adults

ANSWERS: 38. unaffected, 39. Alzheimer's