

Englist.me



Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Gary Slutkin: Let's treat violence like a contagious disease | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/gary_slutkin_let_s_treat_violence_like_a_contagious_disease

All Words

IMPORTANT

This material is a commentary and does not contain any copyrighted material of the reference source. We strongly recommend accessing/buying the reference source at the same time.

Session 1: Word List

physician

n. a medical doctor who practices medicine

synonym: doctor, practitioner, medic

(1) the advice of the **physician**, (2) consult with a **physician**

She visited the local **physician** to seek treatment for her persistent headache.

infectious

adj. able to be passed quickly from one person, animal, or plant to another, especially through air or water

synonym: contagious, epidemic, transmittable

(1) an **infectious** fever, (2) person's smile is **infectious**

Leprosy is an indolent **infectious** disease.

disease

n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

synonym: illness, ailment, affliction

(1) **disease** prevention, (2) **disease** control

The doctor diagnosed him with a rare **disease** that had no known cure.

greet

v. to say hello to someone; to express welcome on meeting someone

synonym: welcome, salute, acknowledge

(1) **greet** a customer, (2) **greet** an idea
He **greeted** his friends with a warm smile and a hug.

chief

adj. most important or primary; (noun) a person who is in charge

synonym : essential, primary, leading

(1) **chief** accountant, (2) **chief** events of the year
Mining is a **chief** source of income for the country.

refugee

n. a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war

synonym : emigrant, evacuee, exile

(1) global **refugee** crisis, (2) the **refugee** camp
The community warmly welcomed the **refugees**.

epidemic

n. the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time

synonym : outbreak, contagion, plague

(1) a worldwide **epidemic**, (2) health **epidemic**
The disease is now reaching **epidemic** proportions in our country.

responsible

adj. answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management

synonym : accountable, answerable, liable

(1) **responsible** action, (2) **responsible** for a customer service
She's a **responsible** pet owner who ensures her dog gets enough exercise and a healthy diet.

largely

adv. virtually entirely; to a large degree

synonym : mainly, chiefly, broadly

(1) **largely** accepted, (2) **largely** mitigate the issue
Nevada is **largely** a desert state.

relate

- v. to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

synonym: connect, link, associate

(1) **relate** a story, (2) **relate** a message

He tried to **relate** his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.

tuberculosis

- n. an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs

(1) died of **tuberculosis**, (2) a medicine for **tuberculosis**

Tuberculosis used to be considered a fatal disease.

strike

- v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

synonym: hit, impact, influence

(1) **strike** up a conversation, (2) **strike** a blow

We **strike** to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

cholera

- n. a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes

synonym: infectious disease, epidemic, plague

(1) **cholera** toxin, (2) **cholera** epidemic

The outbreak of **cholera** was a major health crisis in the 19th century.

inhibit

- v. to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal

synonym: deter, hinder, impede

(1) **inhibit** desires, (2) **inhibit** tumor growth

Excessive parental interference may **inhibit** children's eagerness to learn.

recruit

v. to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.

synonym : raise, enroll, enlist

(1) **recruit** a good worker, (2) **recruit** a new hire

The colonial government **recruited** militia support when civil war broke out.

organization

n. a group of people who work together for a shared purpose

synonym : association, institution, community

(1) **organization** chart, (2) agricultural **organization**

She is the president of a large international **organization**.

assign

v. to give a specific job or piece of work to a someone

synonym : entrust, delegate, designate

(1) **assign** projects, (2) **assign** top priority

Please **assign** a different color to each other kind of item.

primary

adj. first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle

synonym : chief, main, fundamental

(1) **primary** school, (2) **primary** education

The **primary** cause of the accident was due to the icy road conditions.

assignment

n. a duty or task given to someone, usually as part of their job or studies

synonym : task, duty, designation

(1) finish the **assignment**, (2) **assignment** of interest

My **assignment** was overwhelming and complicated, but it was also exciting.

intervention

n. the action or process of being done to improve or help a circumstance, often they have not been asked to do so

synonym : interference, intercession, treatment

(1) **intervention** by foreign powers, (2) surgical **intervention**

This **intervention** does not require the patient's consent.

develop

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

synonym: evolve, progress, advance

(1) **develop** a strategy, (2) **develop** a skill

We must **develop** a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

oversea

adj. situated or operating beyond national boundaries; in, from, or to foreign countries

synonym: foreign, abroad, international

(1) **oversea** shipments, (2) for **oversea** use

The company enhanced **oversea** operations to tap into new markets.

exhausted

adj. extremely tired

synonym: drowsy, depleted, fatigued

(1) the **exhausted** food sources, (2) **exhausted** parents

The **exhausted** runner fell to the ground and gasped.

emotional

adj. relating to people's feelings

synonym: affecting, impactful, impressive

(1) **emotional** health, (2) **emotional** distress

Human **emotional** responses vary widely depending on the society to which they belong.

isolate

v. to physically or socially separate someone or something from other people or things

synonym: separate, sequester, insulate

(1) **isolate** a compound, (2) **isolate** a patient

You should not **isolate** them from the community.

panic

n. a sudden strong feeling of fear that cannot be controlled and prevents reasonable thought and action

synonym: confusion, hysteria, consternation

(1) a **panic** reaction, (2) **panic** buying

The participation of oil-producing countries in the war caused **panic** in the financial markets.

wail

v. to make a prolonged, high-pitched cry expressing grief, pain, or anger

synonym: moan, keen, lament

(1) **wail** in sorrow, (2) **wail** in pain

The baby **wailed** loudly, signaling its hunger.

desert

n. arid land with little or no vegetation often covered with sand or rocks

(1) **desert** basin, (2) oasis in the **desert**

This region is predominantly **desert**.

regulatory

adj. having the power to control or restrict something such as business or industry according to rules or principles

synonym: regulative, managerial

(1) **regulatory** cells, (2) compliance with **regulatory** requirements

In the past, Japanese banks were protected by **regulatory** control.

device

n. a piece of equipment, tool, or technology that serves a particular purpose or function, often mechanical or electronic

synonym: gadget, instrument, tool

(1) electronic **device**, (2) tracking **device**

I always carry a backup **device** in case my phone runs out of battery.

temperature

n. the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
synonym : climate, warmth, degree

(1) extreme **temperatures**, (2) the atmospheric **temperature**

Cities around the world set records for highest **temperatures** this summer.

degree

n. a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment

synonym : level, qualification, diploma

(1) bachelor's **degree**, (2) **degree** centigrade

She received her **degree** in psychology from the university.

essential

adj. indispensable; fundamental

synonym : critical, crucial, basic

(1) **essential** amino acid, (2) **essential** commodities of life

Trial and error is an **essential** part of education.

prevalent

adj. existing very commonly in a particular area or in a specific time

synonym : common, ubiquitous, rampant

(1) **prevalent** in Japan, (2) **prevalent** belief

This virus is **prevalent** in many tropical nations.

punishment

n. a penalty or consequence inflicted for wrongdoing or offense; a means of enforcing discipline or preventing further wrongdoing

synonym : penalty, discipline, retribution

(1) **punishment** for a crime, (2) humiliating **punishment**

The judge gave severe **punishment** to the criminal who committed the heinous crime.

discuss

v. to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic

synonym : talk about, converse, debate

(1) **discuss** options, (2) **discuss** solutions

We need to **discuss** the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.

overvalue

v. to value or estimate something too high; to assign too much worth or importance to something; to assess or appraise something beyond its actual market or intrinsic value

synonym: overestimate, inflate, exaggerate

(1) **overvalue** stocks, (2) **overvalue** assets

It is important not to **overvalue** material possessions, as they do not bring true happiness.

ancient

adj. relating to the long ago, particularly the historical period preceding the fall of the Western Roman Empire; very old

synonym: archaic, age-old, obsolete

(1) pre-Christian **ancient**, (2) **ancient** stories

They have been living near water since **ancient** times.

misunderstand

v. to interpret or understand something in the wrong way

synonym: misinterpret, misperceive, misapprehend

(1) **misunderstand** each other, (2) **misunderstand** entirely about her

You should not **misunderstand** the meaning of freedom.

plague

n. any epidemic disease with a high death rate; (also called pest) a serious, sometimes fatal, infection spread by rats that causes fever and swellings on the body

synonym: epidemic, pandemic, pest

(1) catch the **plague**, (2) deadly **plague**

Our farm experienced a **plague** of locusts this year.

typhus

n. an infectious disease caused by the bacterium *Rickettsia*, transmitted by fleas or lice, and marked by high fever, headache, rash, and often delirium or stupor

synonym: plague, fever, infection

(1) abdominal **typhus**, (2) **typhus** epidemic

The **typhus** outbreak in the refugee camp was a major concern for health officials.

leprosy

n. a chronic infectious disease that affects the skin, nerves, and mucous membranes and is caused by the bacterium *Mycobacterium leprae*, characterized by disfiguring skin lesions, nerve damage, and the loss of sensation in affected areas

synonym : Hansen's disease

(1) **leprosy** treatment, (2) the spread of **leprosy**

The World Health Organization is working to eradicate **leprosy** from all parts of the world.

humor

n. the quality of being amusing or funny; the liquid parts of the body

synonym : comedy, funniness, liquid substance

(1) sardonic **humor**, (2) vitreous **humor**

My wife seems to be in ill **humor**.

widow

n. a woman whose spouse has died and who has not remarried

synonym : bereaved

(1) **widow** pension, (2) a war **widow**

She became a **widow** after her husband passed away.

drag

v. to pull or haul with force

synonym : haul, pull, draw

(1) **drag** a chair over, (2) **drag** a team down

He **dragged** the heavy suitcase behind him as he walked.

moat

n. a deep, wide ditch, typically filled with water, surrounding a castle, fort, or town, primarily as a defense

synonym : ditch, trench, channel

(1) the **moat** around the castle, (2) fill in a **moat**

The castle had a deep **moat** around it to protect it from

attackers.

dungeon

n. a room or cell in which prisoners are held, especially underground

synonym: prison, cell, lockup

(1) medieval **dungeon**, (2) a murky **dungeon**

The prisoner has been languishing for years in the castle **dungeon**.

communal

adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

synonym: collaborative, combined, collective

(1) **communal** swimming pool, (2) **communal** combination of funds

Communal elections were held in several European countries.

process

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

synonym: procedure, method, system

(1) **process** improvement, (2) decision-making **process**

The **process** for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

giant

adj. enormous; much bigger or more important than similar items usually are

synonym: big, gigantic, huge

(1) **giant** trees, (2) **giant** tech company

The **giant** jets gradually dominate the world's airlines.

gap

n. a conspicuous disparity or difference separates something such as a figure, people, their opinions, situation, etc.

synonym: opening, lacuna, spread

(1) the **gap** between ideal and reality, (2) distance **gap**
Many people are working together to close the gender **gap**.

violent

adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression
against someone or something

synonym: aggressive, intense, turbulent

(1) victim of a **violent** crime, (2) **violent** incident

The protesters became **violent** when the police tried to
disperse them.

stick

v. to put something, usually a sharp object, into something;
to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing
and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other
material

synonym: pierce, adhere, stay

(1) **stick** a key in a lock, (2) fire **stick**

You **stick** a bill in the change machine, and the coins pop
out.

historic

adj. famous or significant in history, or potentially so

synonym: memorable, momentous, historical

(1) **historic** accomplishment, (2) achieve the **historic** feat

The Chinese people have accomplished several **historic**
feats.

diarrhea

n. a common digestive disorder with the frequent passage
of loose, watery stools that can be caused by various
factors such as infections, food poisoning, and certain
medications

synonym: looseness, gastroenteritis, dysentery

(1) **diarrhea-related** dehydration, (2) **diarrhea** with
abdominal pain

I had a terrible case of **diarrhea** and couldn't stop going to
the bathroom.

malaria

n. a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by
the bite of an infected mosquito

(1) **malaria** mosquitoes, (2) **malaria-endemic** area
Many people in tropical countries die from **malaria** every year.

frequent

adj. happening constantly
synonym: periodic, recurring, routine

(1) **frequent** absence, (2) **frequent** use
His heartaches are less **frequent** now.

strategy

n. a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.

synonym: approach, procedure, scenario

(1) military **strategy**, (2) develop a **strategy**
Our plan includes a comprehensive marketing **strategy**.

rethink

v. to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it

synonym: reexplore, review, reconsider

(1) **rethink** a marketing plan, (2) **rethink** the role of the manager
We have to **rethink** our company's product lineup for further growth.

graph

n. a picture consisting of a line, lines, points, etc., that shows how two or more sets of certain quantities are related to each other

synonym: chart, diagram, figure

(1) **graph** theory, (2) a **graph** sample
This bar **graph** shows sales over the past five years.

cluster

n. a group of similar things or people close together, often forming a distinct mass or unit

synonym: group, aggregation, array

(1) live in a **cluster**, (2) a **cluster** of stars
A **cluster** of grapes hung from the vine.

typical

adj. having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things

synonym : characteristic, usual, distinctive

(1) **typical** leader, (2) fairly **typical** symptoms

This artwork is **typical** of her work.

combination

n. a collection of things that have been combined; an assemblage of separate parts or qualities

synonym : blend, hybrid, compounding

(1) genic **combinations**, (2) **combination** number

The **combination** to the safe was a secret.

predict

v. to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience

synonym : forecast, anticipate, foresee

(1) **predict** the future, (2) **predict** when she will arrive

It's notoriously challenging to **predict** birth rates.

preceding

adj. occurring or coming before something or somebody in time or order; previous or former

synonym : former, earlier, antecedent

(1) **preceding** paragraph, (2) **preceding** year

During the **preceding** quarter, the company experienced significant growth.

influenza

n. (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

synonym : grippe, flu

(1) an epidemic outbreak of **influenza**, (2) **influenza** B strain

The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of **influenza**.

exposed

adj. having no protection or shield from something, such as bad weather, attack, or criticism

synonym : endangered, revealed, disclosed

(1) **exposed** to radiation, (2) an **exposed** rock
Tech companies often employ **exposed** ducts and other materials in their office interiors.

contagious

adj. able to be passed on to others through contact or proximity, especially by infection or disease

synonym: infectious, transmissible, communicable

(1) **contagious** enthusiasm, (2) **contagious** virus

The disease is highly **contagious** and spreads quickly.

gang

n. a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity

synonym: crew, posse, group

(1) a motorcycle **gang**, (2) **gang** member

The street **gang** was known for its violent behavior.

genocide

n. the intentional killing of a large group of people, especially those of a particular ethnic group or nation

synonym: mass murder, extermination, annihilation

(1) **genocide** victims, (2) **genocide** resolution

The international community condemned the **genocide** in the country.

reverse

v. to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear

synonym: overturn, shift, switch

(1) **reverse** the trend, (2) **reverse** the order

The restaurant **reversed** a ban on smoking.

interrupt

v. to say or do something that causes someone to stop in their speech or action

synonym: disturb, hinder, break in

(1) **interrupt** a call, (2) abruptly **interrupt**

Her sleep was **interrupted** by recurring pain.

transmission

n. the act or process of sending something from one person or place to another; the process of broadcasting over the airwaves, as in radio or television

synonym : transportation, communication, broadcast

(1) **transmission** speed, (2) the **transmission** gears of a car

Education is the **transmission** of civilization.

detect

v. to find or recognize something, especially something difficult to see, hear, etc.

synonym : catch, observe, notice

(1) **detect** a bad event, (2) **detect** smuggling across borders

The security camera has **detected** four intruders.

infect

v. to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism

synonym : pollute, contaminate, affect

(1) **infect** other animal species, (2) **infect** a computer with a virus

Children often **infect** parents with this head cold.

specific

adj. clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise

synonym : particular, definite, distinct

(1) **specific** instructions, (2) industry- **specific** regulations

The scientist conducted a study that provided **specific** details about the species' behavior.

shifting

adj. constantly changing or moving

synonym : unfirm, shifty, fluctuating

(1) **shifting** balance, (2) continuously **shifting** landscape

Trends in the fashion industry are so **shifting** that it is challenging to keep up with them.

norm

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

synonym : criterion, mean, standard

(1) **norm** of action, (2) cultural **norm**

The systems we have developed has accepted as industry **norms**.

bunch

n. a grouping of several similar things which are growing or fastened together

synonym: group, assemblage, bundle

(1) a **bunch** of trees, (2) a **bunch** of schoolgirls

One bad apple spoils the whole **bunch**.

remodel

v. to change the structure or form of something

synonym: refurbish, remake, revamp

(1) **remodel** the car, (2) **remodel** portfolio

We are **remodeling** these rooms now.

immunity

n. the ability of an organism to resist infection or disease, often due to the presence of antibodies

synonym: resistance, protection, defense

(1) **immunity** booster, (2) **immunity** response

Vaccination is an effective way to build **immunity** against diseases.

decide

v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options

synonym: choose, determine, settle

(1) **decide** a question, (2) **decide** on a course of action

She couldn't **decide** whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.

hire

v. to give somebody a job

synonym: employ, engage, lease

(1) **hire** a guide, (2) **hire** a car by the hour

We should always be prepared to **hire** talented recruits.

district

n. a part of a country or town, especially one with particular features

synonym:

territory, dominion, zone

(1) school **districts**, (2) urban **districts**

Since 2001, the **district** has provided training programs for automotive technicians.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

credible

adj. capable of being trusted or believed

synonym: reasonable, believable, plausible

(1) **credible** source, (2) a **credible** story

They didn't have any **credible** evidence of his innocence.

persuade

v. to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion

synonym: convince, influence, sway

(1) attempt to **persuade**, (2) **persuade** enough people

She tried to **persuade** her brother to join her on the trip, but he was too busy with work.

reframe

v. to reinterpret, rephrase, or redefine an issue, situation, or question in a different way

synonym: redefine, restructure, reposition

(1) **reframe** resource allocation, (2) **reframe** problem

The therapist tried to **reframe** his negative thoughts.

outreach

n. an effort to extend help or services to people who may not be aware of them, often in a targeted manner; the process of establishing connections and communication with a wider community or audience; (verb) to reach out or make contact with people or groups to offer help, support, or information

synonym: extension, community involvement

(1) community **outreach**, (2) student **outreach**

The nonprofit organization's **outreach** program helps the homeless community by providing necessities.

therapy

n. the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.

synonym: antidote, medicine, treatment

(1) **therapy** for a patient, (2) field of gene **therapy**

I underwent aversion **therapy** for my addiction to alcohol.

experiment

n. the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge

synonym: experimentation, investigation

(1) **experiment** design, (2) series of **experiments**

His **experiments** showed highly positive results.

unfortunately

adv. by bad luck; unluckily

synonym: regrettably, unluckily, alas

(1) **unfortunately** caught in a shower, (2) even more **unfortunately**

The treatments were done but, **unfortunately**, were unsuccessful.

fortunate

adj. having good luck or lucky

synonym: fortuitous, lucky, blessed

(1) **fortunate** situation, (2) less **fortunate** person

He was pretty **fortunate** to pass the exam.

independence

n. freedom from another's or others' control or influence

synonym: freedom, liberty, autonomy

(1) financial **independence**, (2) **independence** ceremony

There is nothing more valuable than **independence** and freedom.

evaluate

v. to assess or estimate the quality, significance, quantity, or value of something

synonym : assess, estimate, consider

(1) **evaluate** the grant proposal, (2) **evaluate** a situation
The meeting aims to **evaluate** possible choices.

justice

n. the quality of being fair and reasonable and treating people equally according to their due

synonym : fairness, equity, impartiality

(1) criminal **justice**, (2) **justice** of Heaven

The judge's ruling was based on the principles of **justice** and fairness.

reduction

n. a decrease in size, amount, or degree

synonym : diminution, decrease, cutback

(1) **reduction** strategy, (2) a gradual **reduction**

The **reduction** in carbon emissions has been significant since the implementation of the new policy.

feat

n. a notable or impressive achievement, especially one that requires great skill or bravery

synonym : achievement, accomplishment, exploit

(1) intellectual **feat**, (2) **feat** accomplishment

It is an incredible **feat** to climb Mount Everest, the highest mountain in the world.

economical

adj. providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary

synonym : frugal, thrifty, parsimonious

(1) **economical** use of her time, (2) an **economical** meal

It is more **economical** to wash your plastic bottle and reuse it.

prominence

n. the state of being important, easily seen, or well known

synonym : notability, eminence, distinction

(1) earn **prominence**, (2) **prominence** in society

He achieved **prominence** in the field of medicine with his groundbreaking research.

criticism

n. the act of analyzing, evaluating, or judging something, especially literary or artistic work, to find fault with it or to offer suggestions for improvement; the expression of disapproval or censure

synonym: critique, commentary, review

(1) **criticism** from the public, (2) harsh **criticism**

Constructive **criticism** is always helpful to help improving one's work.

opposition

n. the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement

synonym: resistance, hostility, antagonism

(1) **opposition** campaign, (2) meet with **opposition**

The **opposition** party strongly disagreed with the government's proposed legislation.

opponent

n. a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc.

synonym: adversary, competitor, enemy

(1) computer **opponent**, (2) death-penalty **opponent**

He was attempting to confuse his **opponent**.

industrious

adj. hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort

synonym: diligent, hardworking, assiduous

(1) **industrious** worker, (2) **industrious** student

He was known to be very **industrious** and would often work late into the night.

background

n. the details of a person's social heritage, such as family, vocational or educational experience; past information that is essential to understanding a situation or problem

synonym: ground, experience, backdrop

(1) a **background** color, (2) a criminal **background**

The company's hiring criteria emphasize personality, not a person's **background**.

critic

n. someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.

synonym : pundit, analyst, attacker

(1) art **critic**, (2) severe **critic**

Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their **critics**.

tremendous

adj. very great in degree or extent or amount or impact; extremely good

synonym : enormous, giant, immense

(1) **tremendous** amount, (2) **tremendous** popularity

We had a **tremendous** time yesterday.

addition

n. the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers

synonym : accumulation, expansion, addendum

(1) chemical **addition**, (2) **addition** of vectors

In **addition**, private corporations provide healthcare services.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym : finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

healing

n. the process of becoming or making somebody or something well again

synonym : recovery, recuperation, convalescence

(1) natural **healing** ability, (2) part of the **healing** process

Each ancient tribe has its **healing** traditions.

movement

n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the

process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

synonym : motion, progression, action

(1) a circular **movement**, (2) **movement** of troops

The **movement** of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.

depart

v. to go away or leave, especially to start a journey

synonym : go away, leave, vacate

(1) arrive and **depart** on time, (2) **depart** from the faith

We **departed** before the temperature fell below zero.

embrace

v. to accept something willingly and enthusiastically;
(noun) the act of clasping another person in the arms as in greeting or affection

synonym : grasp, hold tightly, accept

(1) **embrace** an opportunity, (2) a warm **embrace**

The woods **embrace** the house.

enforcement

n. the act of ensuring that rules, regulations, or laws are obeyed or implemented; the act of applying force or pressure to compel compliance with rules or laws

synonym : implementation, application, execution

(1) **enforcement** action, (2) **enforcement** officer

The **enforcement** of the new traffic laws led to a decrease in accidents.

trauma

n. an emotional wound or shock often has long-lasting effects caused by a highly upsetting or shocking experience

synonym : agony, injury, ordeal

(1) psychic **trauma**, (2) **trauma** care

Many civilians have suffered **trauma** as a result of the war.

confer

v. to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something

synonym : consult, meet, discuss

(1) **confer** degree, (2) **confer** honor

The leaders of the two countries met to **confer** on the issue.

endorse

v. to officially approve, support, or recommend someone or something

synonym: approve, support, advocate

(1) **endorse** candidate, (2) **endorse** a check

The celebrity **endorsed** the new product on social media.

uptake

n. the rate or amount of something that is taken in or used by a particular system or organism; the process of taking food into the body through the mouth by eating

synonym: absorption, incorporation, intake

(1) **uptake** rate, (2) **uptake** of calcium

The **uptake** of the new technology was slower than expected.

environment

n. the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

synonym: atmosphere, surroundings, climate

(1) **environment** affairs, (2) chaotic **environment**

Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's **environment**.

elect

v. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something

synonym: select, choose, prefer

(1) **elect** the school board, (2) **elect** death

Every five years, the provincial governors are **elected**.

valid

adj. having a reasonable basis in logic or fact; still legally or officially acceptable

synonym: proper, reasonable, useful

(1) a **valid** contract, (2) a ticket **valid** for two days

Your credit card is no longer **valid**.

institute

n. an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular

profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something

synonym : academy, university, college

(1) **institute** a lawsuit, (2) research **institutes**

This region has many **institutes** offering higher education.

medicinal

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

synonym : curative, therapeutic, healing

(1) **medicinal** chemistry, (2) traditional **medicinal**

The **medicinal** properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

workshop

n. a place where people work, especially one where they do manual or practical work; a brief intensive course for a small group

synonym : studio, laboratory, atelier

(1) **workshop** attendee, (2) carpentry **workshop**

The artist held a **workshop** to teach students how to paint with watercolors.

neuroscience

n. the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system

(1) the branch of **neuroscience**, (2) a theoretical concept in **neuroscience**

Our university is famous for its professors, who are well-versed in behavioral **neuroscience**.

transmit

v. to send or forward an electronic signal; to pass something from one person or thing to another

synonym : convey, share, dispatch

(1) **transmit** the disease, (2) **transmit** information

Parents often **transmit** their characteristics to their children.

opportune

adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose

synonym : suitable, timely, practical

(1) **opportune** occasion, (2) an **opportune** remark
The phone rang at the most **opportune** time.

possibility

n. a chance that something may happen or be true
synonym: chance, prospect, likelihood

(1) **possibility** for growth, (2) **possibility** of a major earthquake

The **possibility** of getting the disease will drastically increase.

replace

v. to take the place of something
synonym: substitute, supersede, displace

(1) **replace** one word with another, (2) **replace** a phone
Eventually, the new design will **replace** all older models.

playground

n. an area where many people go for recreation, especially at a school or in a park
synonym: park, garden, sandbox

(1) a well-equipped **playground**, (2) a **playground** on the roof

There is a woods with a creek near the school **playground**.

convert

v. to have a talk with someone; (adjective) reversed in order, relation, or action
synonym: alter, remake, transform

(1) **convert** fat into energy, (2) **convert** base 10 to base 16
I want to **convert** my sadness into strength.

morality

n. principles of right and evil or good and bad behavior
synonym: decency, rectitude, righteousness

(1) business **morality**, (2) sense of **morality**
She found fault with the **morality** of politicians.

emotion

n. a strong feeling such as love, anger, etc. deriving from one's situation, mood, or relationships with others
synonym: feeling, sentiment, passion

(1) control my **emotion**, (2) afraid to show **emotion**
Some **emotions** are common across cultures and
backgrounds.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. re_____e one word with another | <i>v.</i> to take the place of something |
| 2. fo_____te situation | <i>adj.</i> having good luck or lucky |
| 3. di_____e control | <i>n.</i> a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems |
| 4. tre_____us popularity | <i>adj.</i> very great in degree or extent or amount or impact; extremely good |
| 5. em_____al health | <i>adj.</i> relating to people's feelings |
| 6. bachelor's de____e | <i>n.</i> a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment |
| 7. pr_____nt in Japan | <i>adj.</i> existing very commonly in a particular area or in a specific time |
| 8. computer op_____nt | <i>n.</i> a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc. |
| 9. pos_____ty for growth | <i>n.</i> a chance that something may happen or be true |
| 10. a theoretical concept in neu_____nce | <i>n.</i> the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system |
| 11. gr__t a customer | <i>v.</i> to say hello to someone; to express welcome on meeting someone |

ANSWERS: 1. replace, 2. fortunate, 3. disease, 4. tremendous, 5. emotional, 6. degree, 7. prevalent, 8. opponent, 9. possibility, 10. neuroscience, 11. greet

12. consult with a ph_____an *n.* a medical doctor who practices medicine
13. in_____te a lawsuit *n.* an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something
14. cr_____sm from the public *n.* the act of analyzing, evaluating, or judging something, especially literary or artistic work, to find fault with it or to offer suggestions for improvement; the expression of disapproval or censure
15. ov_____ue assets *v.* to value or estimate something too high; to assign too much worth or importance to something; to assess or appraise something beyond its actual market or intrinsic value
16. wi__w pension *n.* a woman whose spouse has died and who has not remarried
17. an op_____ne remark *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
18. ass_____nt of interest *n.* a duty or task given to someone, usually as part of their job or studies
19. re_____l portfolio *v.* to change the structure or form of something
20. a bu__h of trees *n.* a grouping of several similar things which are growing or fastened together
21. st___e up a conversation *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

ANSWERS: 12. physician, 13. institute, 14. criticism, 15. overvalue, 16. widow, 17. opportune, 18. assignment, 19. remodel, 20. bunch, 21. strike

22. as___n projects *v.* to give a specific job or piece of work to a someone
23. en_____e a check *v.* to officially approve, support, or recommend someone or something
24. ty___s epidemic *n.* an infectious disease caused by the bacterium Rickettsia, transmitted by fleas or lice, and marked by high fever, headache, rash, and often delirium or stupor
25. res_____le action *adj.* answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management
26. is_____e a compound *v.* to physically or socially separate someone or something from other people or things
27. res_____le for a customer service *adj.* answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management
28. the re_____e camp *n.* a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war
29. de___e centigrade *n.* a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment
30. an epidemic outbreak of in_____za *n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

ANSWERS: 22. assign, 23. endorse, 24. typhus, 25. responsible, 26. isolate, 27. responsible, 28. refugee, 29. degree, 30. influenza

31. financial ind_____nce *n.* freedom from another's or others' control or influence
32. a worldwide ep_____ic *n.* the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time
33. even more unf_____ely *adv.* by bad luck; unluckily
34. pre-Christian an_____t *adj.* relating to the long ago, particularly the historical period preceding the fall of the Western Roman Empire; very old
35. a pa__c reaction *n.* a sudden strong feeling of fear that cannot be controlled and prevents reasonable thought and action
36. a motorcycle g__g *n.* a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity
37. de_____p a strategy *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
38. the spread of le_____y *n.* a chronic infectious disease that affects the skin, nerves, and mucous membranes and is caused by the bacterium *Mycobacterium leprae*, characterized by disfiguring skin lesions, nerve damage, and the loss of sensation in affected areas
39. urban di_____cts *n.* a part of a country or town, especially one with particular features

ANSWERS: 31. independence, 32. epidemic, 33. unfortunately, 34. ancient, 35. panic, 36. gang, 37. develop, 38. leprosy, 39. district

40. tre_____us amount *adj.* very great in degree or extent or amount or impact; extremely good
41. em_____al distress *adj.* relating to people's feelings
42. di_____ea-related dehydration *n.* a common digestive disorder with the frequent passage of loose, watery stools that can be caused by various factors such as infections, food poisoning, and certain medications
43. fr_____nt use *adj.* happening constantly
44. im_____ty response *n.* the ability of an organism to resist infection or disease, often due to the presence of antibodies
45. a cl_____r of stars *n.* a group of similar things or people close together, often forming a distinct mass or unit
46. con_____us virus *adj.* able to be passed on to others through contact or proximity, especially by infection or disease
47. enf_____nt officer *n.* the act of ensuring that rules, regulations, or laws are obeyed or implemented; the act of applying force or pressure to compel compliance with rules or laws
48. fill in a m__t *n.* a deep, wide ditch, typically filled with water, surrounding a castle, fort, or town, primarily as a defense
49. ch__f events of the year *adj.* most important or primary; (noun) a person who is in charge

ANSWERS: 40. tremendous, 41. emotional, 42. diarrhea, 43. frequent, 44. immunity, 45. cluster, 46. contagious, 47. enforcement, 48. moat, 49. chief

50. re_____on strategy *n.* a decrease in size, amount, or degree
51. eco_____al use of her time *adj.* providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary
52. compliance with reg_____ry requirements *adj.* having the power to control or restrict something such as business or industry according to rules or principles
53. electronic de___e *n.* a piece of equipment, tool, or technology that serves a particular purpose or function, often mechanical or electronic
54. oasis in the de___t *n.* arid land with little or no vegetation often covered with sand or rocks
55. surgical int_____ion *n.* the action or process of being done to improve or help a circumstance, often they have not been asked to do so
56. sardonic hu__r *n.* the quality of being amusing or funny; the liquid parts of the body
57. humiliating pun_____nt *n.* a penalty or consequence inflicted for wrongdoing or offense; a means of enforcing discipline or preventing further wrongdoing
58. business mo_____ty *n.* principles of right and evil or good and bad behavior
59. in_____za B strain *n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
60. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

ANSWERS: 50. reduction, 51. economical, 52. regulatory, 53. device, 54. desert, 55. intervention, 56. humor, 57. punishment, 58. morality, 59. influenza, 60. statistics

61. int_____ion by foreign powers *n.* the action or process of being done to improve or help a circumstance, often they have not been asked to do so
62. part of the he_____g process *n.* the process of becoming or making somebody or something well again
63. ov_____ue stocks *v.* to value or estimate something too high; to assign too much worth or importance to something; to assess or appraise something beyond its actual market or intrinsic value
64. a medicine for tub_____sis *n.* an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs
65. reg_____ry cells *adj.* having the power to control or restrict something such as business or industry according to rules or principles
66. pr_____s improvement *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
67. a bac_____nd color *n.* the details of a person's social heritage, such as family, vocational or educational experience; past information that is essential to understanding a situation or problem

ANSWERS: 61. intervention, 62. healing, 63. overvalue, 64. tuberculosis, 65. regulatory, 66. process, 67. background

68. d__g a chair over *v.* to pull or haul with force
69. tra_____ion speed *n.* the act or process of sending something from one person or place to another; the process of broadcasting over the airwaves, as in radio or television
70. g__g member *n.* a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity
71. re_____e the order *v.* to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear
72. di_____s options *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
73. re_____t a new hire *v.* to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.
74. up___e of calcium *n.* the rate or amount of something that is taken in or used by a particular system or organism; the process of taking food into the body through the mouth by eating
75. earn pro_____ce *n.* the state of being important, easily seen, or well known
76. enf_____nt action *n.* the act of ensuring that rules, regulations, or laws are obeyed or implemented; the act of applying force or pressure to compel compliance with rules or laws

ANSWERS: 68. drag, 69. transmission, 70. gang, 71. reverse, 72. discuss, 73. recruit, 74. uptake, 75. prominence, 76. enforcement

77. tracking de___e *n.* a piece of equipment, tool, or technology that serves a particular purpose or function, often mechanical or electronic
78. gr__t an idea *v.* to say hello to someone; to express welcome on meeting someone
79. co_____al swimming pool *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
80. de___t smuggling across borders *v.* to find or recognize something, especially something difficult to see, hear, etc.
81. art cr___c *n.* someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
82. medieval du_____n *n.* a room or cell in which prisoners are held, especially underground
83. pun_____nt for a crime *n.* a penalty or consequence inflicted for wrongdoing or offense; a means of enforcing discipline or preventing further wrongdoing
84. continuously sh_____ng landscape *adj.* constantly changing or moving
85. in_____pt a call *v.* to say or do something that causes someone to stop in their speech or action
86. ec_____y of scale *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

ANSWERS: 77. device, 78. greet, 79. communal, 80. detect, 81. critic, 82. dungeon, 83. punishment, 84. shifting, 85. interrupt, 86. economy

87. natural he_____g ability *n.* the process of becoming or making somebody or something well again
88. the g_p between ideal and reality *n.* a conspicuous disparity or difference separates something such as a figure, people, their opinions, situation, etc.
89. h__e a guide *v.* to give somebody a job
90. re_____k a marketing plan *v.* to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it
91. abruptly in_____pt *v.* to say or do something that causes someone to stop in their speech or action
92. research in_____tes *n.* an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something
93. in___t a computer with a virus *v.* to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
94. a ticket va__d for two days *adj.* having a reasonable basis in logic or fact; still legally or officially acceptable
95. gi__t trees *adj.* enormous; much bigger or more important than similar items usually are
96. pr_____nt belief *adj.* existing very commonly in a particular area or in a specific time
97. exp_____nt design *n.* the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge
98. chaotic env_____nt *n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

ANSWERS: 87. healing, 88. gap, 89. hire, 90. rethink, 91. interrupt, 92. institute, 93. infect, 94. valid, 95. giant, 96. prevalent, 97. experiment, 98. environment

99. re___e a story *v.* to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
100. ch_____a toxin *n.* a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes
101. less fo_____te person *adj.* having good luck or lucky
102. ind_____us student *adj.* hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
103. unf_____ely caught in a shower *adv.* by bad luck; unluckily
104. en_____e candidate *v.* to officially approve, support, or recommend someone or something
105. the branch of neu_____nce *n.* the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system
106. re___e a message *v.* to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
107. ad_____on of vectors *n.* the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers
108. mo_____nt of troops *n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

ANSWERS: 99. relate, 100. cholera, 101. fortunate, 102. industrious, 103. unfortunately, 104. endorse, 105. neuroscience, 106. relate, 107. addition, 108. movement

109. re____k the role of the manager *v.* to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it
110. the advice of the ph_____an *n.* a medical doctor who practices medicine
111. a circular mo_____nt *n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
112. an ex_____d rock *adj.* having no protection or shield from something, such as bad weather, attack, or criticism
113. pr_____ng paragraph *adj.* occurring or coming before something or somebody in time or order; previous or former
114. sta_____cs for cancer *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
115. chemical ad_____on *n.* the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers
116. re_____e problem *v.* to reinterpret, rephrase, or redefine an issue, situation, or question in a different way
117. de____t a bad event *v.* to find or recognize something, especially something difficult to see, hear, etc.
118. fr_____nt absence *adj.* happening constantly
119. ty_____l leader *adj.* having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things

ANSWERS: 109. rethink, 110. physician, 111. movement, 112. exposed, 113. preceding, 114. statistics, 115. addition, 116. reframe, 117. detect, 118. frequent, 119. typical

120. a warm em_____e *v.* to accept something willingly and enthusiastically; (noun) the act of claspng another person in the arms as in greeting or affection
121. ex_____d to radiation *adj.* having no protection or shield from something, such as bad weather, attack, or criticism
122. in____t other animal species *v.* to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
123. sh_____ng balance *adj.* constantly changing or moving
124. catch the pl_____e *n.* any epidemic disease with a high death rate; (also called pest) a serious, sometimes fatal, infection spread by rats that causes fever and swellings on the body
125. de____t basin *n.* arid land with little or no vegetation often covered with sand or rocks
126. co_____t fat into energy *v.* to have a talk with someone; (adjective) reversed in order, relation, or action
127. deadly pl_____e *n.* any epidemic disease with a high death rate; (also called pest) a serious, sometimes fatal, infection spread by rats that causes fever and swellings on the body
128. th_____y for a patient *n.* the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.
129. carpentry wo_____op *n.* a place where people work, especially one where they do manual or practical work; a brief intensive course for a small group

ANSWERS: 120. embrace, 121. exposed, 122. infect, 123. shifting, 124. plague, 125. desert, 126. convert, 127. plague, 128. therapy, 129. workshop

130. re_____l the car *v.* to change the structure or form of something
131. agricultural org_____ion *n.* a group of people who work together for a shared purpose
132. di_____ea with abdominal pain *n.* a common digestive disorder with the frequent passage of loose, watery stools that can be caused by various factors such as infections, food poisoning, and certain medications
133. re_____t a good worker *v.* to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.
134. w___l in sorrow *v.* to make a prolonged, high-pitched cry expressing grief, pain, or anger
135. an_____t stories *adj.* relating to the long ago, particularly the historical period preceding the fall of the Western Roman Empire; very old
136. com_____on number *n.* a collection of things that have been combined; an assemblage of separate parts or qualities
137. sense of mo_____ty *n.* principles of right and evil or good and bad behavior
138. student ou_____ch *n.* an effort to extend help or services to people who may not be aware of them, often in a targeted manner; the process of establishing connections and communication with a wider community or audience; (verb) to reach out or make contact with people or groups to offer help, support, or information

ANSWERS: 130. remodel, 131. organization, 132. diarrhea, 133. recruit, 134. wail, 135. ancient, 136. combination, 137. morality, 138. outreach

139. co___r honor *v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
140. le_____y treatment *n.* a chronic infectious disease that affects the skin, nerves, and mucous membranes and is caused by the bacterium *Mycobacterium leprae*, characterized by disfiguring skin lesions, nerve damage, and the loss of sensation in affected areas
141. pr_____y education *adj.* first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle
142. decision-making pr_____s *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
143. ex_____ed parents *adj.* extremely tired
144. a war wi__w *n.* a woman whose spouse has died and who has not remarried
145. sp_____ic instructions *adj.* clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise
146. ch_____a epidemic *n.* a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes

ANSWERS: 139. confer, 140. leprosy, 141. primary, 142. process, 143. exhausted, 144. widow, 145. specific, 146. cholera

147. f__t accomplishment *n.* a notable or impressive achievement, especially one that requires great skill or bravery
148. a cr____le story *adj.* capable of being trusted or believed
149. n__m of action *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
150. de___e on a course of action *v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
151. psychic tr____a *n.* an emotional wound or shock often has long-lasting effects caused by a highly upsetting or shocking experience
152. ma____a-endemic area *n.* a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
153. gi__t tech company *adj.* enormous; much bigger or more important than similar items usually are
154. control my em____n *n.* a strong feeling such as love, anger, etc. deriving from one's situation, mood, or relationships with others
155. severe cr____c *n.* someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
156. pa__c buying *n.* a sudden strong feeling of fear that cannot be controlled and prevents reasonable thought and action
157. intellectual f__t *n.* a notable or impressive achievement, especially one that requires great skill or bravery

ANSWERS: 147. feat, 148. credible, 149. norm, 150. decide, 151. trauma, 152. malaria, 153. giant, 154. emotion, 155. critic, 156. panic, 157. feat

158. ge____de victims *n.* the intentional killing of a large group of people, especially those of a particular ethnic group or nation
159. military st____gy *n.* a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
160. h__e a car by the hour *v.* to give somebody a job
161. the atmospheric tem____re *n.* the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
162. ma____a mosquitoes *n.* a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
163. person's smile is inf____us *adj.* able to be passed quickly from one person, animal, or plant to another, especially through air or water
164. meet with opp____on *n.* the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement
165. a gr__h sample *n.* a picture consisting of a line, lines, points, etc., that shows how two or more sets of certain quantities are related to each other
166. me____al chemistry *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
167. ov____a shipments *adj.* situated or operating beyond national boundaries; in, from, or to foreign countries
168. field of gene th____y *n.* the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.
169. health ep____ic *n.* the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time

ANSWERS: 158. genocide, 159. strategy, 160. hire, 161. temperature, 162. malaria, 163. infectious, 164. opposition, 165. graph, 166. medicinal, 167. oversea, 168. therapy, 169. epidemic

170. in____t tumor growth *v.* to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
171. abdominal ty____s *n.* an infectious disease caused by the bacterium Rickettsia, transmitted by fleas or lice, and marked by high fever, headache, rash, and often delirium or stupor
172. cr____le source *adj.* capable of being trusted or believed
173. criminal ju____e *n.* the quality of being fair and reasonable and treating people equally according to their due
174. finish the ass____nt *n.* a duty or task given to someone, usually as part of their job or studies
175. the m__t around the castle *n.* a deep, wide ditch, typically filled with water, surrounding a castle, fort, or town, primarily as a defense
176. ju____e of Heaven *n.* the quality of being fair and reasonable and treating people equally according to their due
177. con____us enthusiasm *adj.* able to be passed on to others through contact or proximity, especially by infection or disease
178. st__k a key in a lock *v.* to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material

ANSWERS: 170. inhibit, 171. typhus, 172. credible, 173. justice, 174. assignment, 175. moat, 176. justice, 177. contagious, 178. stick

179. arrive and de___t on time *v.* to go away or leave, especially to start a journey
180. tr_____it the disease *v.* to send or forward an electronic signal; to pass something from one person or thing to another
181. ind_____us worker *adj.* hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
182. w__l in pain *v.* to make a prolonged, high-pitched cry expressing grief, pain, or anger
183. es_____al amino acid *adj.* indispensable; fundamental
184. mis_____and entirely about her *v.* to interpret or understand something in the wrong way
185. global re_____e crisis *n.* a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war
186. a well-equipped pla_____nd *n.* an area where many people go for recreation, especially at a school or in a park
187. died of tub_____sis *n.* an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs
188. st___e a blow *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
189. de_____p a skill *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

ANSWERS: 179. depart, 180. transmit, 181. industrious, 182. wail, 183. essential, 184. misunderstand, 185. refugee, 186. playground, 187. tuberculosis, 188. strike, 189. develop

190. for ov_____a use *adj.* situated or operating beyond national boundaries; in, from, or to foreign countries
191. an eco_____al meal *adj.* providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary
192. develop a st_____gy *n.* a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
193. es_____al commodities of life *adj.* indispensable; fundamental
194. im_____ty booster *n.* the ability of an organism to resist infection or disease, often due to the presence of antibodies
195. co____r degree *v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
196. di_____s solutions *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
197. ec_____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
198. a pla_____nd on the roof *n.* an area where many people go for recreation, especially at a school or in a park

ANSWERS: 190. oversea, 191. economical, 192. strategy, 193. essential, 194. immunity, 195. confer, 196. discuss, 197. economy, 198. playground

199. ev____te the grant proposal *v.* to assess or estimate the quality, significance, quantity, or value of something
200. series of exp_____nts *n.* the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge
201. fire st__k *v.* to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material
202. pos_____ty of a major earthquake *n.* a chance that something may happen or be true
203. re_____e the trend *v.* to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear
204. el__t death *v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
205. pr_____t the future *v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
206. school di_____cts *n.* a part of a country or town, especially one with particular features
207. extreme tem_____res *n.* the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
208. community ou_____ch *n.* an effort to extend help or services to people who may not be aware of them, often in a targeted manner; the process of establishing connections and communication with a wider community or audience; (verb) to reach out or make contact with people or groups to offer help, support, or information

ANSWERS: 199. evaluate, 200. experiment, 201. stick, 202. possibility, 203. reverse, 204. elect, 205. predict, 206. district, 207. temperature, 208. outreach

| | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|---|
| 209. d__g a team down | <i>v.</i> | to pull or haul with force |
| 210. ev____te a situation | <i>v.</i> | to assess or estimate the quality, significance, quantity, or value of something |
| 211. distance g_p | <i>n.</i> | a conspicuous disparity or difference separates something such as a figure, people, their opinions, situation, etc. |
| 212. a gradual re____on | <i>n.</i> | a decrease in size, amount, or degree |
| 213. ind____nce ceremony | <i>n.</i> | freedom from another's or others' control or influence |
| 214. org____ion chart | <i>n.</i> | a group of people who work together for a shared purpose |
| 215. pr____ng year | <i>adj.</i> | occurring or coming before something or somebody in time or order; previous or former |
| 216. mis____and each other | <i>v.</i> | to interpret or understand something in the wrong way |
| 217. is____e a patient | <i>v.</i> | to physically or socially separate someone or something from other people or things |
| 218. em____e an opportunity | <i>v.</i> | to accept something willingly and enthusiastically; (noun) the act of clasping another person in the arms as in greeting or affection |
| 219. harsh cr____sm | <i>n.</i> | the act of analyzing, evaluating, or judging something, especially literary or artistic work, to find fault with it or to offer suggestions for improvement; the expression of disapproval or censure |

ANSWERS: 209. drag, 210. evaluate, 211. gap, 212. reduction, 213. independence, 214. organization, 215. preceding, 216. misunderstand, 217. isolate, 218. embrace, 219. criticism

220. op_____ne occasion *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
221. in_____t desires *v.* to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
222. re_____e a phone *v.* to take the place of something
223. achieve the hi_____ic feat *adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
224. the ex_____ed food sources *adj.* extremely tired
225. fairly ty_____l symptoms *adj.* having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things
226. pr_____t when she will arrive *v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
227. cultural n___m *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
228. hi_____ic accomplishment *adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
229. el__t the school board *v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
230. gr__h theory *n.* a picture consisting of a line, lines, points, etc., that shows how two or more sets of certain quantities are related to each other
231. traditional me_____al *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

ANSWERS: 220. opportune, 221. inhibit, 222. replace, 223. historic, 224. exhausted, 225. typical, 226. predict, 227. norm, 228. historic, 229. elect, 230. graph, 231. medicinal

232. de___e a question *v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
233. attempt to pe____de *v.* to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion
234. the tra_____ion gears of a car *n.* the act or process of sending something from one person or place to another; the process of broadcasting over the airwaves, as in radio or television
235. afraid to show em____n *n.* a strong feeling such as love, anger, etc. deriving from one's situation, mood, or relationships with others
236. a criminal bac_____nd *n.* the details of a person's social heritage, such as family, vocational or educational experience; past information that is essential to understanding a situation or problem
237. ge_____de resolution *n.* the intentional killing of a large group of people, especially those of a particular ethnic group or nation
238. up___e rate *n.* the rate or amount of something that is taken in or used by a particular system or organism; the process of taking food into the body through the mouth by eating
239. a bu__h of schoolgirls *n.* a grouping of several similar things which are growing or fastened together
240. an inf_____us fever *adj.* able to be passed quickly from one person, animal, or plant to another, especially through air or water

ANSWERS: 232. decide, 233. persuade, 234. transmission, 235. emotion, 236. background, 237. genocide, 238. uptake, 239. bunch, 240. infectious

241. death-penalty op_____nt *n.* a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc.
242. genic com_____ons *n.* a collection of things that have been combined; an assemblage of separate parts or qualities
243. re_____e resource allocation *v.* to reinterpret, rephrase, or redefine an issue, situation, or question in a different way
244. pe_____de enough people *v.* to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion
245. ch__f accountant *adj.* most important or primary; (noun) a person who is in charge
246. la_____y mitigate the issue *adv.* virtually entirely; to a large degree
247. tr_____it information *v.* to send or forward an electronic signal; to pass something from one person or thing to another
248. victim of a vi_____t crime *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
249. live in a cl_____r *n.* a group of similar things or people close together, often forming a distinct mass or unit
250. industry-sp_____ic regulations *adj.* clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise
251. pro_____ce in society *n.* the state of being important, easily seen, or well known

ANSWERS: 241. opponent, 242. combination, 243. reframe, 244. persuade, 245. chief, 246. largely, 247. transmit, 248. violent, 249. cluster, 250. specific, 251. prominence

252. a murky du____n
n. a room or cell in which prisoners are held, especially underground
253. a va__d contract
adj. having a reasonable basis in logic or fact; still legally or officially acceptable
254. tr___a care
n. an emotional wound or shock often has long-lasting effects caused by a highly upsetting or shocking experience
255. as___n top priority
v. to give a specific job or piece of work to a someone
256. env_____nt affairs
n. the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
257. co_____al combination of funds
adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
258. opp_____on campaign
n. the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement
259. de___t from the faith
v. to go away or leave, especially to start a journey
260. wo_____op attendee
n. a place where people work, especially one where they do manual or practical work; a brief intensive course for a small group
261. vi_____t incident
adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
262. vitreous hu__r
n. the quality of being amusing or funny; the liquid parts of the body
263. co_____t base 10 to base 16
v. to have a talk with someone; (adjective) reversed in order, relation, or action

ANSWERS: 252. dungeon, 253. valid, 254. trauma, 255. assign, 256. environment, 257. communal, 258. opposition, 259. depart, 260. workshop, 261. violent, 262. humor, 263. convert

264. la____y accepted

adv. virtually entirely; to a large degree

265. di____e prevention

n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

266. pr____y school

adj. first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle

ANSWERS: 264. largely, 265. disease, 266. primary

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. Her sleep was _____ by recurring pain.
v. to say or do something that causes someone to stop in their speech or action
2. Our university is famous for its professors, who are well-versed in behavioral _____.
n. the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system
3. Vaccination is an effective way to build _____ against diseases.
n. the ability of an organism to resist infection or disease, often due to the presence of antibodies
4. Some _____ are common across cultures and backgrounds.
n. a strong feeling such as love, anger, etc. deriving from one's situation, mood, or relationships with others
5. The meeting aims to _____ possible choices.
v. to assess or estimate the quality, significance, quantity, or value of something
6. Mining is a _____ source of income for the country.
adj. most important or primary; (noun) a person who is in charge
7. This region has many _____ offering higher education.
n. an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something

ANSWERS: 1. interrupted, 2. neuroscience, 3. immunity, 4. emotions, 5. evaluate, 6. chief, 7. institutes

8. The judge gave severe _____ to the criminal who committed the heinous crime.
- n.* a penalty or consequence inflicted for wrongdoing or offense; a means of enforcing discipline or preventing further wrongdoing
9. Tech companies often employ _____ ducts and other materials in their office interiors.
- adj.* having no protection or shield from something, such as bad weather, attack, or criticism
10. I want to _____ my sadness into strength.
- v.* to have a talk with someone; (adjective) reversed in order, relation, or action
11. We need to _____ the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.
- v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
12. Children often _____ parents with this head cold.
- v.* to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
13. The prisoner has been languishing for years in the castle _____.
- n.* a room or cell in which prisoners are held, especially underground
14. We should always be prepared to _____ talented recruits.
- v.* to give somebody a job
15. The World Health Organization is working to eradicate _____ from all parts of the world.
- n.* a chronic infectious disease that affects the skin, nerves, and mucous membranes and is caused by the bacterium *Mycobacterium leprae*, characterized by disfiguring skin lesions, nerve damage, and the loss of sensation in affected areas

ANSWERS: 8. punishment, 9. exposed, 10. convert, 11. discuss, 12. infect, 13. dungeon, 14. hire, 15. leprosy

16. Human _____ responses vary widely depending on the society to which they belong.
adj. relating to people's feelings
17. During the _____ quarter, the company experienced significant growth.
adj. occurring or coming before something or somebody in time or order; previous or former
18. She became a _____ after her husband passed away.
n. a woman whose spouse has died and who has not remarried
19. The woods _____ the house.
v. to accept something willingly and enthusiastically; (noun) the act of clasping another person in the arms as in greeting or affection
20. The artist held a _____ to teach students how to paint with watercolors.
n. a place where people work, especially one where they do manual or practical work; a brief intensive course for a small group
21. The colonial government _____ militia support when civil war broke out.
v. to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.
22. We _____ before the temperature fell below zero.
v. to go away or leave, especially to start a journey
23. He was known to be very _____ and would often work late into the night.
adj. hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort

ANSWERS: 16. emotional, 17. preceding, 18. widow, 19. embrace, 20. workshop, 21. recruited, 22. departed, 23. industrious

24. The company's hiring criteria emphasize personality, not a person's _____.
- n.* the details of a person's social heritage, such as family, vocational or educational experience; past information that is essential to understanding a situation or problem
25. The community warmly welcomed the _____.
- n.* a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war
26. The doctor diagnosed him with a rare _____ that had no known cure.
- n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
27. We had a _____ time yesterday.
- adj.* very great in degree or extent or amount or impact; extremely good
28. Each ancient tribe has its _____ traditions.
- n.* the process of becoming or making somebody or something well again
29. This virus is _____ in many tropical nations.
- adj.* existing very commonly in a particular area or in a specific time
30. Eventually, the new design will _____ all older models.
- v.* to take the place of something
31. The therapist tried to _____ his negative thoughts.
- v.* to reinterpret, rephrase, or redefine an issue, situation, or question in a different way

ANSWERS: 24. background, 25. refugees, 26. disease, 27. tremendous, 28. healing, 29. prevalent, 30. replace, 31. reframe

32. Education is the _____ of civilization.

- n.* the act or process of sending something from one person or place to another; the process of broadcasting over the airwaves, as in radio or television

33. This artwork is _____ of her work.

- adj.* having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things

34. We must _____ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

- v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

35. A _____ of grapes hung from the vine.

- n.* a group of similar things or people close together, often forming a distinct mass or unit

36. The international community condemned the _____ in the country.

- n.* the intentional killing of a large group of people, especially those of a particular ethnic group or nation

37. The treatments were done but, _____ were unsuccessful.

- adv.* by bad luck; unluckily

38. He tried to _____ his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.

- v.* to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

39. The _____ runner fell to the ground and gasped.

- adj.* extremely tired

ANSWERS: 32. transmission, 33. typical, 34. develop, 35. cluster, 36. genocide, 37. unfortunately, 38. relate, 39. exhausted

40. This _____ does not require the patient's consent.
n. the action or process of being done to improve or help a circumstance, often they have not been asked to do so
41. The baby _____ loudly, signaling its hunger.
v. to make a prolonged, high-pitched cry expressing grief, pain, or anger
42. We are _____ these rooms now.
v. to change the structure or form of something
43. One bad apple spoils the whole _____.
n. a grouping of several similar things which are growing or fastened together
44. This region is predominantly _____.
n. arid land with little or no vegetation often covered with sand or rocks
45. The Chinese people have accomplished several _____ feats.
adj. famous or significant in history, or potentially so
46. Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's _____.
n. the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
47. We _____ to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.
v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
48. It is more _____ to wash your plastic bottle and reuse it.
adj. providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary

ANSWERS: 40. intervention, 41. wailed, 42. remodeling, 43. bunch, 44. desert, 45. historic, 46. environment, 47. strike, 48. economical

49. Our plan includes a comprehensive marketing _____.
- n.* a detailed plan of action designed to achieve a long-term or overall goal.
50. The outbreak of _____ was a major health crisis in the 19th century.
- n.* a severe infectious disease that causes acute diarrhea, vomiting, and dehydration, often resulting in a rapid and dangerous loss of body fluids and electrolytes
51. The nonprofit organization's _____ program helps the homeless community by providing necessities.
- n.* an effort to extend help or services to people who may not be aware of them, often in a targeted manner; the process of establishing connections and communication with a wider community or audience; (verb) to reach out or make contact with people or groups to offer help, support, or information
52. Excessive parental interference may _____ children's eagerness to learn.
- v.* to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
53. _____ used to be considered a fatal disease.
- n.* an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs
54. Many people in tropical countries die from _____ every year.
- n.* a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
55. The _____ outbreak in the refugee camp was a major concern for health officials.
- n.* an infectious disease caused by the bacterium *Rickettsia*, transmitted by fleas or lice, and marked by high fever, headache, rash, and often delirium or stupor

ANSWERS: 49. strategy, 50. cholera, 51. outreach, 52. inhibit, 53. Tuberculosis, 54. malaria, 55. typhus

56. The _____ cause of the accident was due to the icy road conditions.

adj. first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle

57. The _____ to the safe was a secret.

n. a collection of things that have been combined; an assemblage of separate parts or qualities

58. The celebrity _____ the new product on social media.

v. to officially approve, support, or recommend someone or something

59. It is important not to _____ material possessions, as they do not bring true happiness.

v. to value or estimate something too high; to assign too much worth or importance to something; to assess or appraise something beyond its actual market or intrinsic value

60. He achieved _____ in the field of medicine with his groundbreaking research.

n. the state of being important, easily seen, or well known

61. You should not _____ them from the community.

v. to physically or socially separate someone or something from other people or things

62. Since 2001, the _____ has provided training programs for automotive technicians.

n. a part of a country or town, especially one with particular features

ANSWERS: 56. primary, 57. combination, 58. endorsed, 59. overvalue, 60. prominence, 61. isolate, 62. district

63. Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their _____.
- n.* someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
64. In the past, Japanese banks were protected by _____ control.
- adj.* having the power to control or restrict something such as business or industry according to rules or principles
65. He _____ his friends with a warm smile and a hug.
- v.* to say hello to someone; to express welcome on meeting someone
66. In _____ private corporations provide healthcare services.
- n.* the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers
67. The security camera has _____ four intruders.
- v.* to find or recognize something, especially something difficult to see, hear, etc.
68. The judge's ruling was based on the principles of _____ and fairness.
- n.* the quality of being fair and reasonable and treating people equally according to their due
69. The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of _____.
- n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
70. It is an incredible _____ to climb Mount Everest, the highest mountain in the world.
- n.* a notable or impressive achievement, especially one that requires great skill or bravery

ANSWERS: 63. critics, 64. regulatory, 65. greeted, 66. addition, 67. detected, 68. justice, 69. influenza, 70. feat

71. I had a terrible case of _____ and couldn't stop going to the bathroom.
n. a common digestive disorder with the frequent passage of loose, watery stools that can be caused by various factors such as infections, food poisoning, and certain medications
72. This bar _____ shows sales over the past five years.
n. a picture consisting of a line, lines, points, etc., that shows how two or more sets of certain quantities are related to each other
73. Cities around the world set records for highest _____ this summer.
n. the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
74. Trial and error is an _____ part of education.
adj. indispensable; fundamental
75. The _____ of getting the disease will drastically increase.
n. a chance that something may happen or be true
76. The restaurant _____ a ban on smoking.
v. to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear
77. _____ elections were held in several European countries.
adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
78. The protesters became _____ when the police tried to disperse them.
adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

ANSWERS: 71. diarrhea, 72. graph, 73. temperatures, 74. essential, 75. possibility, 76. reversed, 77. Communal, 78. violent

79. She is the president of a large international _____.
- n.* a group of people who work together for a shared purpose
80. She's a _____ pet owner who ensures her dog gets enough exercise and a healthy diet.
- adj.* answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management
81. The scientist conducted a study that provided _____ details about the species' behavior.
- adj.* clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise
82. It's notoriously challenging to _____ birth rates.
- v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
83. The participation of oil-producing countries in the war caused _____ in the financial markets.
- n.* a sudden strong feeling of fear that cannot be controlled and prevents reasonable thought and action
84. Trends in the fashion industry are so _____ that it is challenging to keep up with them.
- adj.* constantly changing or moving
85. You _____ a bill in the change machine, and the coins pop out.
- v.* to put something, usually a sharp object, into something; to restrict yourself to doing or using one certain thing and not change; (noun) a thin piece of wood or other material

ANSWERS: 79. organization, 80. responsible, 81. specific, 82. predict, 83. panic, 84. shifting, 85. stick

86. Every five years, the provincial governors are _____.
- v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
87. There is nothing more valuable than _____ and freedom.
- n.* freedom from another's or others' control or influence
88. She visited the local _____ to seek treatment for her persistent headache.
- n.* a medical doctor who practices medicine
89. He _____ the heavy suitcase behind him as he walked.
- v.* to pull or haul with force
90. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.
- n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
91. The _____ of the new technology was slower than expected.
- n.* the rate or amount of something that is taken in or used by a particular system or organism; the process of taking food into the body through the mouth by eating
92. There is a woods with a creek near the school _____.
- n.* an area where many people go for recreation, especially at a school or in a park
93. The company enhanced _____ operations to tap into new markets.
- adj.* situated or operating beyond national boundaries; in, from, or to foreign countries

ANSWERS: 86. elected, 87. independence, 88. physician, 89. dragged, 90. norms, 91. uptake, 92. playground, 93. oversea

94. The _____ party strongly disagreed with the government's proposed legislation.
n. the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement
95. He was attempting to confuse his _____.
n. a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc.
96. Constructive _____ is always helpful to help improving one's work.
n. the act of analyzing, evaluating, or judging something, especially literary or artistic work, to find fault with it or to offer suggestions for improvement; the expression of disapproval or censure
97. Please _____ a different color to each other kind of item.
v. to give a specific job or piece of work to a someone
98. The _____ of the new traffic laws led to a decrease in accidents.
n. the act of ensuring that rules, regulations, or laws are obeyed or implemented; the act of applying force or pressure to compel compliance with rules or laws
99. Nevada is _____ a desert state.
adv. virtually entirely; to a large degree
100. His heartaches are less _____ now.
adj. happening constantly
101. My _____ was overwhelming and complicated, but it was also exciting.
n. a duty or task given to someone, usually as part of their job or studies

ANSWERS: 94. opposition, 95. opponent, 96. criticism, 97. assign, 98. enforcement, 99. largely, 100. frequent, 101. assignment

102. His _____ showed highly positive results.

n. the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge

103. He was pretty _____ to pass the exam.

adj. having good luck or lucky

104. Parents often _____ their characteristics to their children.

v. to send or forward an electronic signal; to pass something from one person or thing to another

105. She couldn't _____ whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.

v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options

106. They didn't have any _____ evidence of his innocence.

adj. capable of being trusted or believed

107. The _____ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

108. I always carry a backup _____ in case my phone runs out of battery.

n. a piece of equipment, tool, or technology that serves a particular purpose or function, often mechanical or electronic

109. She received her _____ in psychology from the university.

n. a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment

ANSWERS: 102. experiments, 103. fortunate, 104. transmit, 105. decide, 106. credible, 107. medicinal, 108. device, 109. degree

110. Your credit card is no longer _____.

adj. having a reasonable basis in logic or fact; still legally or officially acceptable

111. The phone rang at the most _____ time.

adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose

112. We have to _____ our company's product lineup for further growth.

v. to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it

113. The disease is highly _____ and spreads quickly.

adj. able to be passed on to others through contact or proximity, especially by infection or disease

114. The _____ of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.

n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

115. She found fault with the _____ of politicians.

n. principles of right and evil or good and bad behavior

116. They have been living near water since _____ times.

adj. relating to the long ago, particularly the historical period preceding the fall of the Western Roman Empire; very old

117. Leprosy is an indolent _____ disease.

adj. able to be passed quickly from one person, animal, or plant to another, especially through air or water

ANSWERS: 110. valid, 111. opportune, 112. rethink, 113. contagious, 114. movement, 115. morality, 116. ancient, 117. infectious

118. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
- n.* the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
119. The _____ jets gradually dominate the world's airlines.
- adj.* enormous; much bigger or more important than similar items usually are
120. The street _____ was known for its violent behavior.
- n.* a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity
121. The _____ in carbon emissions has been significant since the implementation of the new policy.
- n.* a decrease in size, amount, or degree
122. She tried to _____ her brother to join her on the trip, but he was too busy with work.
- v.* to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion
123. The castle had a deep _____ around it to protect it from attackers.
- n.* a deep, wide ditch, typically filled with water, surrounding a castle, fort, or town, primarily as a defense
124. The leaders of the two countries met to _____ on the issue.
- v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
125. I underwent aversion _____ for my addiction to alcohol.
- n.* the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.

ANSWERS: 118. economy, 119. giant, 120. gang, 121. reduction, 122. persuade, 123. moat, 124. confer, 125. therapy

126. My wife seems to be in ill _____.

n. the quality of being amusing or funny; the liquid parts of the body

127. The disease is now reaching _____ proportions in our country.

n. the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time

128. Many civilians have suffered _____ as a result of the war.

n. an emotional wound or shock often has long-lasting effects caused by a highly upsetting or shocking experience

129. You should not _____ the meaning of freedom.

v. to interpret or understand something in the wrong way

130. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

131. Many people are working together to close the gender ____.

n. a conspicuous disparity or difference separates something such as a figure, people, their opinions, situation, etc.

132. The _____ for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

133. Our farm experienced a _____ of locusts this year.

n. any epidemic disease with a high death rate; (also called pest) a serious, sometimes fatal, infection spread by rats that causes fever and swellings on the body

ANSWERS: 126. humor, 127. epidemic, 128. trauma, 129. misunderstand, 130. statistics, 131. gap, 132. process, 133. plague

ANSWERS: