Englist.me

Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Sarthak Sinha: How a wound heals itself | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/sarthak_sinha_how_a_wound_heals_itself



All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

liver

- a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins
- (1) liver disease, (2) fatty liver

The patient will undergo **liver** transplant surgery tomorrow.

brain

- the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
- *synonym*: intellect, mind, encephalon
- (1) basic **brain** function, (2) permanent **brain** damageX-rays revealed a small tumor in his **brain**.

characteristic

- a typical feature or quality that can identify, tell apart, or describe something or somebody
- synonym: feature, quality, attribute
- (1) stripes **characteristic** of the zebra, (2) my friend's **characteristic** laugh

Bananas have their **characteristic** taste and odor.

function

n. the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a

specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose *synonym*: purpose, mapping, job

(1) function properly, (2) immune function

The brain is an incredibly complex organ that controls the body's **function**.

sweat

 the salty liquid that is produced by the glands in the skin, especially when the body is hot or under stress

synonym: perspiration, steam, hardwork

(1) all in a sweat, (2) sweat bath

She wiped the **sweat** off her forehead with a towel.

heal

- v. to make a wound or injury to become well again synonym: recover, bring around, mend
- (1) **heal** a broken bone, (2) **heal** the hurt mind It will take time for her mental scars to **heal**.

surrounding

adj. that is near or around, or closely encircling something *synonym*: circumferent, encircling, neighboring

(1) **surrounding** areas, (2) a fence **surrounding** a castle The **surrounding** mountains make the city difficult to be invaded.

regain

v. to get something back or recover something after it has been lost or taken away

synonym: recover, reclaim, retrieve

(1) **regain** our reputation, (2) **regain** my health After years of hard work, he finally **regained** his financial stability.

structure

 n. the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts

synonym: construction, architecture, establishment

(1) the **structure** of a machine, (2) **structure** and function of the brain

The organizational **structure** of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.

epidermis

 the outermost layer of skin, composed of flat, scale-like cells that provide a protective barrier against external substances and help regulate body temperature

synonym: skin, cuticle, derma

(1) epidermis layer, (2) epidermis cells

Excessive exposure to UV radiation harms the **epidermis** and increases the risk of skin cancer.

consist

 ν . to be composed or made up of

synonym: lie in, comprise, exist

(1) **consist** mainly of cells, (2) **consist** only in knowing facts This examination **consists** of five problems to solve.

keratin

 a fibrous protein that is the main structural component of hair, nails, and the outer layer of skin in mammals and birds; also found in horns, hooves, and feathers

synonym: ceratin

(1) keratin treatment, (2) keratin protein

Keratosis is a skin condition characterized by the formation of excess **keratin** on the skin's surface

constantly

adv. all the time

synonym: continuously, always, frequently

(1) a **constantly** innovative enterprise, (2) a **constantly** varying mind

The mobile application industry is **constantly** changing.

renew

- v. to begin or resume something again after an interruption synonym: renovate, restore, revitalize
- renew a contract, (2) renew its corporate image
 have to renew my passport by the middle of September.

penetrate

v. to pass into or through something, often by overcoming resistance

synonym: pierce, stab, go through

(1) **penetrate** a cell, (2) **penetrate** quickly into the skin Western ideology slowly **penetrates** through the eastern countries.

dermis

 the layer of skin beneath the epidermis that contains blood vessels, nerves, and connective tissue

synonym: skin layer, corium, cutis

(1) hair follicle **dermis**, (2) skin **dermis**

The **dermis** layer contains nerve endings, which enable us to feel sensations such as pressure and pain.

vessel

n. a ship or large boat

synonym: boat, ship, craft

(1) blood vessels, (2) naval vessels

The **vessel** arrived in port the following day.

gland

 a group of cells in an animal's body that produce substances needed by the body and release them through ducts or directly into the bloodstream

synonym: secretor

(1) the function of the thyroid **gland**, (2) a mammary **gland** The adrenal **glands** produce steroids.

nervous

adj. worried and anxious about something; relating to the nerves

synonym: neural, anxious, uneasy

(1) development of the **nervous** system, (2) get **nervous** He suffers from **nervous** breakdowns.

trigger

- v. to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to functionsynonym: activate, spark, drive
- (1) trigger a biochemical response, (2) trigger inflation

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The incident **triggered** a political controversy.

overlap

- v. to partially cover something by going beyond its edge synonym: overlay, cover, bespread
- (1) **overlap** one another, (2) **overlap** in many areas There was no **overlap** between their proposals.

process

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

synonym: procedure, method, system

(1) **process** improvement, (2) decision-making **process** The **process** for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

hemostasis

n. the natural process or medical technique of stopping or controlling bleeding, usually achieved through various mechanisms such as blood vessel constriction, blood clotting, or surgical procedures

synonym: bleeding stoppage, blood clotting

(1) **hemostasis** technique, (2) **hemostasis** valve The nurse applied pressure to the wound to ensure **hemostasis** before stitching it up.

immediate

adj. happening or done without delay or occurring shortly after something else

synonym: prompt, quick, instantaneous

(1) take **immediate** effect, (2) the **immediate** past Both forts were subject to **immediate** attacks.

threat

 a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

synonym: menace, danger, hazard

(1) economic threat, (2) environmental threat

The **threat** of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.

barrier

 a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective

synonym: border, barricade, fence

(1) cost barrier, (2) information barrier

The police placed a **barrier** across the street to halt traffic.

compromise

v. to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession

synonym: agree, settle, negotiate

(1) **compromise** the matter, (2) cannot **compromise** anymore

They never **compromised** on development despite the lack of funds.

tight

adj. fixed, fastened, or kept together firmly or closely synonym: closed, secured, cramped

(1) a **tight** game, (2) student on a **tight** budget The national election was held amid **tight** security.

minimize

v. to make something, especially something bad, small or less serious

synonym: diminish, mitigate, belittle

(1) **minimize** a loss, (2) way to **minimize** conflict I bought a gadget before my trip to help **minimize** stress during the flight.

vasoconstriction

 n. the narrowing or constriction of blood vessels, particularly the contraction of smooth muscles in the vessel walls, which can result in reduced blood flow

synonym: narrowing, constriction, tightness

(1) induced vasoconstriction, (2) peripheral

vasoconstriction

The body responds to cold temperatures through **vasoconstriction** to preserve heat.

avert

v. to prevent something dangerous or undesirable from happening

synonym: discourage, prevent, deter

(1) avert disaster, (2) avert a strike

The dam systematically releases large amounts of water to avert flooding during the rainy season

clot

 a thick mass or lump of coagulated liquid, especially blood; a group of people or things that form an obstructive, unsympathetic, or resistant force

synonym: clump, coagulation, thrombus

(1) blood clot, (2) clot prevention

The **clot** in the blood vessel required immediate medical attention.

protein

- a molecule made up of a long chain of amino acids,
 which is essential for the structure and function of the body's tissues
- (1) stress protein, (2) protein synthesis

The body needs a certain amount of **protein** to build and repair tissues.

fibrin

n. a fibrous protein involved in the clotting of blood, forming a mesh-like network of fibers to create a blood clot and stop bleeding, and also plays a role in wound healing and other biological processes

synonym: clot, coagulation, thrombus

(1) fibrin clot, (2) fibrin formation

The doctor applied **fibrin** sealant to help the wound heal and prevent infection.

crosslink

v. to chemically or molecularly link two or more substances or molecules together; to connect or fuse different parts

or components into a unified whole; (noun) a bond or connection between two or more molecules or parts of a molecule that results in the formation of a three-dimensional network or structure

synonym: link, connect, bond

(1) **crosslink** with the surface of the material, (2) the **crosslink** between the two polymers

The new polymer material is designed to **crosslink** more efficiently, improving its strength and durability.

bacteria

n. single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease

synonym: microorganism, microbe

 pathogenic bacteria, (2) harmless bacteria
 Bacteria prevalent in hospitals are often resistant to antibiotics.

pathogen

 a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that causes disease

synonym: germ, microbe, bacterium

(1) plant **pathogen**, (2) the **pathogen** in the air mRNA vaccines are approved faster because they do not contain inactivated **pathogens**.

inflammation

 a physical condition in which a part of the body becomes red, painful, hot, and often swollen, especially as a reaction to infection or injury

synonym: rash, hives, irritation

(1) reduce **inflammation** and pain, (2) **inflammation** of the lungs

The medicine soothes the pain of chronic **inflammation**.

macrophage

 a large white blood cell that helps to engulf and destroy foreign objects or materials in the body, such as bacteria or cancer cells synonym: white blood cell, scavenger cell, phagocyte

(1) **macrophage** activity, (2) **macrophage** dysfunction Cancer cells can evade the immune system's detection by avoiding interactions with **macrophages**.

devour

v. to eat or consume something eagerly or ravenously; or to destroy something rapidly

synonym: consume, swallow, destroy

(1) **devour** a meal, (2) **devour** my way
She **devoured** the mystery novel in one sitting.

damage

v. to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity

synonym: harm, impair, injure

- (1) **damage** a relationship, (2) **damage** assessment During the surgery, the doctor had to be extremely cautious not to **damage** a blood vessel.
- n. an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function

synonym: structure, texture, anatomy

(1) a facial **tissue**, (2) loss of muscle **tissue**The researcher separated the nervous **tissue** for microscopic examinations.

phagocyte

 a type of cell in the immune system that is capable of engulfing or absorbing foreign, harmful particles or microorganisms to protect the body from infection or disease

synonym: cell-eater, macrophage, scavenger cell

(1) **phagocyte** cells, (2) mononuclear **phagocyte** system

The **phagocyte** activity in the human body plays a crucial role in the immune response by engulfing harmful pathogens.

addition

n. the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers

synonym: accumulation, expansion, addendum

(1) chemical **addition**, (2) **addition** of vectors

In **addition**, private corporations provide healthcare services.

spur

 a thing that encourages someone to do something; any sharply pointed projection; (verb) to incite or stimulate someone or something

synonym: encouragement, motivation, stimulus

(1) **spur** of the moment, (2) **spur** a momentum of economic growth

The threat of losing his job was the **spur** he needed to work harder.

healing

 the process of becoming or making somebody or something well again

synonym: recovery, recuperation, convalescence

(1) natural **healing** ability, (2) part of the **healing** process Each ancient tribe has its **healing** traditions.

constrict

- v. to make something narrow or tight, often restricting movement or flow; to become narrow or tightersynonym: squeeze, compress, tighten
- (1) **constrict** blood vessels, (2) **constrict** freedom

 The snake's muscles began to **constrict** around its prey.

expand

v. to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance

synonym: extend, grow, boost

(1) **expand** a lineup, (2) **expand** agricultural output They hope to **expand** their business worldwide.

vasodilation

 the widening or expansion of blood vessels, particularly the arteries, which leads to an increase in blood flow and a decrease in blood pressure

synonym: widening of blood vessels, vascular expansion

(1) **vasodilation** of blood vessels, (2) **vasodilation** therapy Warm temperatures can cause **vasodilation**, resulting in a feeling of warmth in the body.

proliferate

- v. to grow or increase rapidly in number; to reproduce or spread rapidly, especially in an uncontrolled mannersynonym: multiply, spread, propagate
- (1) **proliferate** cells, (2) **proliferate** weeds

 The number of COVID cases continued to **proliferate** in many countries worldwide.

fibroblast

- a type of cell in connective tissue that produces and maintains the extracellular matrix, which provides support and structure to tissues and organs
- (1) **fibroblast** growth factor, (2) **fibroblast** migration **Fibroblast** cells play an important role in tissue repair and regeneration.

collagen

n. a fibrous protein that forms the connective tissues in animals, including skin, tendons, and bone; often used in cosmetic and medical treatments for its ability to add firmness and elasticity to skin or other tissues

synonym: gelatin, protein, tissue

(1) **collagen** supplement, (2) **collagen** production Our natural **collagen** production decreases as we age, leading to wrinkles, sagging skin, and joint pain.

deposition

n. the process of obtaining testimony from a witness or a party to a lawsuit outside of the courtroom; the act of removing or displacing someone from a position of power or authority; the process of laying down a substance or material in a particular place or on a particular surface, such as sedimentary rock formation

synonym: removal, displacement, sediment

(1) **deposition** of minerals, (2) legal **deposition**The **deposition** of the CEO was crucial in determining the company's guilt.

fiber

 thread or filament used to make a vegetable tissue, mineral material, or textile

synonym: yarn, thread, wool

(1) carbon fiber, (2) synthetic fiber

We must consume dietary **fiber** to maintain good health.

replace

- v. to take the place of something
- synonym: substitute, supersede, displace
- (1) **replace** one word with another, (2) **replace** a phone Eventually, the new design will **replace** all older models.

divide

- v. to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups synonym: separate, disconnect, split
- (1) **divide** the cake into two pieces, (2) **divide** money equally

Can you divide 123321 by eleven?

reform

 the act of improving or correcting something that is wrong or bad; a change made to correct a flaw or problem

synonym: change, modify, improve

(1) economic reform, (2) reform movement

The government is proposing a **reform** to the healthcare system to make it more accessible and affordable for all citizens.

contract

 a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law

synonym: agreement, deal, arrangement

(1) employment contract, (2) contract law

The company signed a **contract** with the supplier for the delivery of goods.

remodel

v. to change the structure or form of something

synonym: refurbish, remake, revamp

(1) **remodel** the car, (2) **remodel** portfolio We are **remodeling** these rooms now.

deposit

 a sum of money or materials placed or kept in a bank, safety deposit box, or other secure places for safekeeping; a layer of rock, sand, or other material left behind by a flowing liquid or eroding force

synonym: bank, installment, sedimentation

(1) deposit money, (2) deposit accumulationI made a deposit at the bank to add money to my account.

rearrange

v. to change the order or position of things already made; to change the time, date, or place of an event already planned

synonym: readjust, reorganize, reconstruct

(1) **rearrange** the furniture, (2) **rearrange** his schedule Please **rearrange** these files as we start a new project tomorrow.

convert

v. to have a talk with someone; (adjective) reversed in order, relation, or action

synonym: alter, remake, transform

(1) **convert** fat into energy, (2) **convert** base 10 to base 16 I want to **convert** my sadness into strength.

specific

adj. clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise

synonym: particular, definite, distinct

(1) **specific** instructions, (2) industry- **specific** regulations The scientist conducted a study that provided **specific** details about the species' behavior.

tensile

 adj. relating to the ability of a material or structure to stretch or bend without breaking or losing its shape; having great strength or flexibility under tension

synonym: flexible, pliable, ductile

(1) **tensile** deformation, (2) **tensile** properties

The engineer tested the **tensile** strength of the metal to determine its durability.

strength

 the quality or state of being physically, or sometimes mentally, strong

synonym: resilience, power, muscles

(1) **strength** of the economy, (2) muscular **strength** Health and **strength** are, above all, gold.

improvisation

- n. the act of making something up on the spot or creating or performing something without preparationsynonym: spontaneity, ad-lib, extemporization
- (1) **improvisation** on stage, (2) jazz **improvisation** He created a beautiful piece of music using only **improvisation**.

strengthen

v. to become stronger or more effective; to make someone or something stronger or more effective

synonym: reinforce, harden, boost

(1) **strengthen** the immune system, (2) **strengthen** a border patrol

Difficulties strengthen the mind, as labor does the body.

severity

- n. the quality or condition of being severe, strict, or harshsynonym: harshness, rigidity, austerity
- (1) the severity of cold, (2) high severity

The **severity** of the drought was a major concern for farmers.

initial

adj. of or happening at the beginning; (noun) the first letter of a word, especially a person's name

synonym: basic, primary, beginning

(1) initial velocity, (2) an initial letter

They took the initial step toward reconciliation.

recover

v. to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength synonym: come back, convalesce, heal

(1) **recover** a loss, (2) **recover** approval ratings She is still **recovering** from a shot to her shoulder.

scar

 a mark that remains on the skin after a wound has healed

synonym: blemish, imperfection, blotch

(1) burn scar, (2) carry a scar

Even after the wound has healed, a scar remains.

clinical

adj. of or relating to the examination and treatment of patients rather than theoretical or laboratory studies

synonym: dispassionate, analytic, scientific

(1) **clinical** surgery, (2) participate in **clinical** trials She received special **clinical** training at the hospital.

stride

v. to walk with long steps in a particular direction; (noun) an important and positive progress

synonym: step, walk, march

(1) **stride** across a room, (2) **stride** down a slope She **strides** confidently across the stage to accept her award.

fundamental

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

synonym: basic, essential, entire

(1) **fundamental** education, (2) **fundamental** rights Human behavior has **fundamental** characteristics.

mystery

n. something difficult to understand or explain; a secret or enigmatic quality that adds to the fascination or interest of something; a genre of fiction that involves the solution of a crime or a puzzle

synonym: enigma, puzzle, secret

(1) mystery novel, (2) unsolved mystery

The **mystery** surrounding the disappearance of the traveler has yet to be solved by authorities.

resolve

- v. to find a suitable answer to the problems or difficulty synonym: decide, determine, fix
- (1) **resolve** a dispute, (2) **resolve** the computer error This company **resolves** its battery problem completely.

instance

- n. a particular example or single occurrence of somethingsynonym: example, sample, illustration
- (1) for instance, (2) notable instanceThese articles cite five instances of climate change.

adjacent

adj. next to, close to, or adjoining somethingsynonym: next, adjoining, neighboring

(1) **adjacent** to his house, (2) **adjacent** houses

Our country has military alliances with **adjacent** countries.

adv. in a way that produces maximum output with minimum effort or expense

synonym: expeditiously, skillfully, ably

(1) **efficiently** combined, (2) develop software more **efficiently**

We can resolve support requests quickly and **efficiently** by utilization of AI.

efficiently

Session 2: Spelling

| 1. | di | е | money | equal | lγ |
|----|----|---|-------|-------|----|
| | | | , | | , |

2. fib____st migration

3. muscular st____th

4. cl___al surgery

5. a fence sur____ng a castle

6. de___r my way

7. co___t mainly of cells

8. the pa____en in the air

9. re___e one word with another

10. ex___d a lineup

11. co____t base 10 to base 16

- v. to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups
- a type of cell in connective tissue that produces and maintains the extracellular matrix, which provides support and structure to tissues and organs

n. the quality or state of being physically, or sometimes mentally, strong

adj. of or relating to the examination and treatment of patients rather than theoretical or laboratory studies

adj. that is near or around, or closely encircling something

 to eat or consume something eagerly or ravenously; or to destroy something rapidly

v. to be composed or made up of

n. a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that causes disease

v. to take the place of something

v. to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance

v. to have a talk with someone; (adjective) reversed in order, relation, or action

ANSWERS: 1. divide, 2. fibroblast, 3. strength, 4. clinical, 5. surrounding, 6. devour, 7. consist, 8. pathogen, 9. replace, 10. expand, 11. convert

| 12. spic instructions | adj. | clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise |
|----------------------------|------|---|
| 13. ree the computer error | v. | to find a suitable answer to the problems or difficulty |
| 14. ct prevention | n. | a thick mass or lump of coagulated liquid, especially blood; a group of people or things that form an obstructive, unsympathetic, or resistant force |
| 15. coct law | n. | a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law |
| 16. the imte past | adj. | happening or done without delay or occurring shortly after something else |
| 17. mize a loss | v. | to make something, especially something bad, small or less serious |
| 18. vasion therapy | n. | the widening or expansion of blood vessels, particularly the arteries, which leads to an increase in blood flow and a decrease in blood pressure |
| 19. rel the car | v. | to change the structure or form of something |
| 20. hemis technique | n. | the natural process or medical technique of stopping or controlling bleeding, usually achieved through various mechanisms such as blood vessel constriction, blood clotting, or surgical procedures |

ANSWERS: 12. specific, 13. resolve, 14. clot, 15. contract, 16. immediate, 17. minimize, 18. vasodilation, 19. remodel, 20. hemostasis

| 21. | exd agricultural output | v. | to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance |
|-----|-------------------------|------|---|
| 22. | tee deformation | adj. | relating to the ability of a material or structure to stretch or bend without breaking or losing its shape; having great strength or flexibility under tension |
| 23. | impion on stage | n. | the act of making something up on the spot or creating or performing something without preparation |
| 24. | a mammary gld | n. | a group of cells in an animal's body that produce substances needed by the body and release them through ducts or directly into the bloodstream |
| 25. | synthetic fir | n. | thread or filament used to make a vegetable tissue, mineral material, or textile |
| 26. | rew its corporate image | v. | to begin or resume something again after an interruption |
| 27. | the sety of cold | n. | the quality or condition of being severe, strict, or harsh |
| 28. | ovp one another | v. | to partially cover something by going beyond its edge |
| 29. | stren a border patrol | v. | to become stronger or more effective; to make someone or something stronger or more effective |
| 30. | economic tht | n. | a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation |

ANSWERS: 21. expand, 22. tensile, 23. improvisation, 24. gland, 25. fiber, 26. renew, 27. severity, 28. overlap, 29. strengthen, 30. threat

| 31. | stress prn | n. | a molecule made up of a long chain of amino acids, which is essential for the structure and function of the body's tissues |
|-----|-----------------------------|----|---|
| 32. | basic brn function | n. | the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling |
| 33. | coct blood vessels | ν. | to make something narrow or tight, often restricting movement or flow; to become narrow or tighter |
| 34. | pathogenic baia | n. | single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease |
| 35. | hI the hurt mind | v. | to make a wound or injury to become well again |
| 36. | rer a loss | ν. | to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength |
| 37. | information bar | n. | a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective |
| 38. | stripes chatic of the zebra | n. | a typical feature or quality that can identify, tell apart, or describe something or somebody |
| 39. | der a meal | ν. | to eat or consume something eagerly or ravenously; or to destroy something rapidly |
| | | | |

ANSWERS: 31. protein, 32. brain, 33. constrict, 34. bacteria, 35. heal, 36. recover, 37. barrier, 38. characteristic, 39. devour

| 40. chemical adon | n. | the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers |
|---|-------|--|
| 41. rege the furniture | v. | to change the order or position of things already made; to change the time, date, or place of an event already planned |
| 42. dae a relationship | v. | to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity |
| 43. inI velocity | adj. | of or happening at the beginning; (noun) the first letter of a word, especially a person's name |
| 44. fuon properly | n. | the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose |
| 45. rege his schedule | v. | to change the order or position of things already made; to change the time, date, or place of an event already planned |
| 46. participate in clal trials | adj. | of or relating to the examination and treatment of patients rather than theoretical or laboratory studies |
| ANSWERS: 40. addition, 41. rearrange, 4 rearrange, 46. clinical | 2. da | mage, 43. initial, 44. function, 45. |

| 47. | harmless baia | n. | single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease |
|-----|----------------------------------|------------|--|
| 48. | ste across a room | <i>v</i> . | to walk with long steps in a particular direction; (noun) an important and positive progress |
| 49. | effly combined | adv. | in a way that produces maximum output with minimum effort or expense |
| 50. | sr a momentum of economic growth | n. | a thing that encourages someone to do something; any sharply pointed projection; (verb) to incite or stimulate someone or something |
| 51. | ren my health | ν. | to get something back or recover something after it has been lost or taken away |
| 52. | skin des | n. | the layer of skin beneath the epidermis that contains blood vessels, nerves, and connective tissue |
| 53. | ken treatment | n. | a fibrous protein that is the main structural component of hair, nails, and the outer layer of skin in mammals and birds; also found in horns, hooves, and feathers |
| 54. | legal depon | n. | the process of obtaining testimony from a witness or a party to a lawsuit outside of the courtroom; the act of removing or displacing someone from a position of power or authority; the process of laying down a substance or material in a particular place or on a particular surface, such as sedimentary rock formation |
| | | | |

ANSWERS: 47. bacteria, 48. stride, 49. efficiently, 50. spur, 51. regain, 52. dermis, 53. keratin, 54. deposition

| 55. blood vels | n. | a ship or large boat |
|-------------------------|------|--|
| 56. avt disaster | v. | to prevent something dangerous or undesirable from happening |
| 57. notable ince | n. | a particular example or single occurrence of something |
| 58. decision-making prs | n. | a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products |
| 59. sr of the moment | n. | a thing that encourages someone to do something; any sharply pointed projection; (verb) to incite or stimulate someone or something |
| 60. dae assessment | ν. | to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity |
| 61. trr inflation | v. | to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function |
| 62. funal rights | adj. | forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected |

ANSWERS: 55. vessel, 56. avert, 57. instance, 58. process, 59. spur, 60. damage, 61. trigger, 62. fundamental

| 63. | natural heg ability | n. | the process of becoming or making somebody or something well again |
|-----|---|--------|--|
| 64. | surng areas | adj. | that is near or around, or closely encircling something |
| 65. | infion of the lungs | n. | a physical condition in which a part of the body becomes red, painful, hot, and often swollen, especially as a reaction to infection or injury |
| 66. | burn sr | n. | a mark that remains on the skin after a wound has healed |
| 67. | a conly varying mind | adv. | all the time |
| 68. | prs improvement | n. | a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products |
| 69. | way to mize conflict | v. | to make something, especially something bad, small or less serious |
| 70. | mononuclear phte system | n. | a type of cell in the immune system that is capable of engulfing or absorbing foreign, harmful particles or microorganisms to protect the body from infection or disease |
| 71. | funal education | adj. | forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected |
| | SWERS: 63. healing, 64. surrounding, 6 | | - |
| og. | process, 69. minimize, 70. phagocyte, 7 | 7 I. T | undamentai |

| 72. | myy novel | n. | something difficult to understand or explain; a secret or enigmatic quality that adds to the fascination or interest o something; a genre of fiction that involves the solution of a crime or a puzzle |
|-----|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| 73. | prote cells | <i>v</i> . | to grow or increase rapidly in number; to reproduce or spread rapidly, especially in an uncontrolled manner |
| 74. | coen supplement | n. | a fibrous protein that forms the connective tissues in animals, including skin, tendons, and bone; often used in cosmetic and medical treatments for its ability to add firmness and elasticity to skin or other tissues |
| 75. | develop software more effly | adv. | in a way that produces maximum output with minimum effort or expense |
| 76. | pete quickly into the skin | <i>v</i> . | to pass into or through something, often by overcoming resistance |
| 77. | blood ct | n. | a thick mass or lump of coagulated liquid, especially blood; a group of people or things that form an obstructive, unsympathetic, or resistant force |
| 78. | economic rem | n. | the act of improving or correcting something that is wrong or bad; a change made to correct a flaw or problem |
| 79. | high sety | n. | the quality or condition of being severe, strict, or harsh |

ANSWERS: 72. mystery, 73. proliferate, 74. collagen, 75. efficiently, 76. penetrate, 77. clot, 78. reform, 79. severity

| 80. | jazz impion | n. | the act of making something up on the spot or creating or performing something without preparation |
|-----|-----------------------------------|------|--|
| 81. | induced vasion | n. | the narrowing or constriction of blood vessels, particularly the contraction of smooth muscles in the vessel walls, which can result in reduced blood flow |
| 82. | epis cells | n. | the outermost layer of skin, composed of flat, scale-like cells that provide a protective barrier against external substances and help regulate body temperature |
| 83. | the crnk between the two polymers | v. | to chemically or molecularly link two or more substances or molecules together; to connect or fuse different parts or components into a unified whole; (noun) a bond or connection between two or more molecules or parts of a molecule that results in the formation of a three-dimensional network or structure |
| 84. | student on a tit budget | adj. | fixed, fastened, or kept together firmly or closely |
| 85. | hair follicle des | n. | the layer of skin beneath the epidermis that contains blood vessels, nerves, and connective tissue |
| 86. | part of the heg process | n. | the process of becoming or making somebody or something well again |
| 87. | epis layer | n. | the outermost layer of skin, composed of flat, scale-like cells that provide a protective barrier against external substances and help regulate body temperature |
| | | | |

ANSWERS: 80. improvisation, 81. vasoconstriction, 82. epidermis, 83. crosslink, 84. tight, 85. dermis, 86. healing, 87. epidermis

| 88. | plant paen | <i>n</i> . | a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that causes disease |
|-----|--------------------------------|------------|--|
| 89. | coct freedom | ν. | to make something narrow or tight, often restricting movement or flow; to become narrow or tighter |
| 90. | industry-spic regulations | adj. | clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise |
| 91. | adnt to his house | adj. | next to, close to, or adjoining something |
| 92. | a tit game | adj. | fixed, fastened, or kept together firmly or closely |
| 93. | fibst growth factor | n. | a type of cell in connective tissue that produces and maintains the extracellular matrix, which provides support and structure to tissues and organs |
| 94. | cost bar | n. | a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective |
| 95. | stre and function of the brain | n. | the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts |
| 96. | hI a broken bone | <i>v</i> . | to make a wound or injury to become well again |
| 97. | det money | n. | a sum of money or materials placed or kept in a bank, safety deposit box, or other secure places for safekeeping; a layer of rock, sand, or other material left behind by a flowing liquid or eroding force |

ANSWERS: 88. pathogen, 89. constrict, 90. specific, 91. adjacent, 92. tight, 93. fibroblast, 94. barrier, 95. structure, 96. heal, 97. deposit

| or sometimes ment | tally, strong |
|--|--|
| 99. my friend's chatic laugh n. a typical feature or identify, tell apart, or something or some | or describe |
| 100. rer approval ratings v. to return to a formed mind, or strength | er condition, health, |
| 101. ovp in many areas v. to partially cover so beyond its edge | omething by going |
| 102. rew a contract ν . to begin or resume after an interruption | ~ ~ |
| produce substance | hem through ducts of |
| 104. naval vels 			 n. a ship or large boar | t |
| skin, tendons, and cosmetic and medi | in animals, including bone; often used in ical treatments for its ess and elasticity to |
| 106. an inI letter adj. of or happening at the first letter of a vector person's name | the beginning; (noun word, especially a |
| 107. the stre of a machine n. the way of construction and the arrangement complex thing consparts | ent of its parts, or a |

ANSWERS: 98. strength, 99. characteristic, 100. recover, 101. overlap, 102. renew, 103. gland, 104. vessel, 105. collagen, 106. initial, 107. structure

| 108. a conly innovative enterprise | adv. | all the time |
|------------------------------------|------|---|
| 109. get nes | adj. | worried and anxious about something; relating to the nerves |
| 110. comse the matter | ν. | to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession |
| 111. macge activity | n. | a large white blood cell that helps to engulf and destroy foreign objects or materials in the body, such as bacteria or cancer cells |
| 112. phte cells | n. | a type of cell in the immune system that is capable of engulfing or absorbing foreign, harmful particles or microorganisms to protect the body from infection or disease |
| 113. immune fuon | n. | the purpose or use of an object, system or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose |
| 114. prn synthesis | n. | a molecule made up of a long chain of amino acids, which is essential for the structure and function of the body's tissues |
| 115. cot fat into energy | v. | to have a talk with someone; (adjective) reversed in order, relation, or action |
| | | |

ANSWERS: 108. constantly, 109. nervous, 110. compromise, 111. macrophage, 112. phagocyte, 113. function, 114. protein, 115. convert

| 116. employment coct | n. | a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---|
| 117. cannot comse anymore | ν. | to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession |
| 118. die the cake into two pieces | <i>v</i> . | to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups |
| 119. peripheral vasion | n. | the narrowing or constriction of blood vessels, particularly the contraction of smooth muscles in the vessel walls, which can result in reduced blood flow |
| 120. ken protein | n. | a fibrous protein that is the main structural component of hair, nails, and the outer layer of skin in mammals and birds; also found in horns, hooves, and feathers |
| 121. cot only in knowing facts | v. | to be composed or made up of |
| 122. rel portfolio | <i>v</i> . | to change the structure or form of something |
| 123. trr a biochemical response | <i>v</i> . | to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function |
| 124. pete a cell | <i>v</i> . | to pass into or through something, often by overcoming resistance |
| 125. reduce infion and pain | n. | a physical condition in which a part of the body becomes red, painful, hot, and often swollen, especially as a reaction to infection or injury |
| | | |

ANSWERS: 116. contract, 117. compromise, 118. divide, 119. vasoconstriction, 120. keratin, 121. consist, 122. remodel, 123. trigger, 124. penetrate, 125. inflammation

| 126. loss of muscle tie | n. | an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function |
|--|------|--|
| 127. all in a swt | n. | the salty liquid that is produced by the glands in the skin, especially when the body is hot or under stress |
| 128. tee properties | adj. | relating to the ability of a material or structure to stretch or bend without breaking or losing its shape; having great strength or flexibility under tension |
| 129. macge dysfunction | n. | a large white blood cell that helps to engulf and destroy foreign objects or materials in the body, such as bacteria or cancer cells |
| 130. carry a sr | n. | a mark that remains on the skin after a wound has healed |
| 131. hemis valve | n. | the natural process or medical technique of stopping or controlling bleeding, usually achieved through various mechanisms such as blood vessel constriction, blood clotting, or surgical procedures |
| 132. crnk with the surface of the material | v. | to chemically or molecularly link two or more substances or molecules together; to connect or fuse different parts or components into a unified whole; (noun) a bond or connection between two or more molecules or parts of a molecule that results in the formation of a three-dimensional network or structure |

ANSWERS: 126. tissue, 127. sweat, 128. tensile, 129. macrophage, 130. scar, 131. hemostasis, 132. crosslink

| 133. depon of minerals | n. | the process of obtaining testimony from a witness or a party to a lawsuit outside of the courtroom; the act of removing or displacing someone from a position of power or authority; the process of laying down a substance or material in a particular place or on a particular surface, such as sedimentary rock formation |
|-------------------------|------|--|
| 134. ren our reputation | v. | to get something back or recover something after it has been lost or taken away |
| 135. avt a strike | v. | to prevent something dangerous or undesirable from happening |
| 136. ste down a slope | v. | to walk with long steps in a particular direction; (noun) an important and positive progress |
| 137. for ince | n. | a particular example or single occurrence of something |
| 138. fatty lir | n. | a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins |
| 139. take imte effect | adj. | happening or done without delay or occurring shortly after something else |
| 140. rem movement | n. | the act of improving or correcting something that is wrong or bad; a change made to correct a flaw or problem |
| 141. a facial tie | n. | an ensemble of similar cells of the |

ANSWERS: 133. deposition, 134. regain, 135. avert, 136. stride, 137. instance, 138. liver, 139. immediate, 140. reform, 141. tissue

animal or plant that together carry out a

specific function

| 142. environmental tht | n. | a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation |
|------------------------------------|------|--|
| 143. permanent br_n damage | n. | the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling |
| 144. fin formation | n. | a fibrous protein involved in the clotting of blood, forming a mesh-like network of fibers to create a blood clot and stop bleeding, and also plays a role in wound healing and other biological processes |
| 145. development of the nes system | adj. | worried and anxious about something; relating to the nerves |
| 146. fin clot | n. | a fibrous protein involved in the clotting of blood, forming a mesh-like network of fibers to create a blood clot and stop bleeding, and also plays a role in wound healing and other biological processes |
| 147. lir disease | n. | a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins |
| 148. ree a dispute | v. | to find a suitable answer to the problems or difficulty |
| 149. adon of vectors | n. | the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers |
| | | |

ANSWERS: 142. threat, 143. brain, 144. fibrin, 145. nervous, 146. fibrin, 147. liver, 148. resolve, 149. addition

| 150. unsolved myy | n. | something difficult to understand or explain; a secret or enigmatic quality that adds to the fascination or interest of something; a genre of fiction that involves the solution of a crime or a puzzle |
|------------------------------|------------|--|
| 151. stren the immune system | ν. | to become stronger or more effective; to make someone or something stronger or more effective |
| 152. adnt houses | adj. | next to, close to, or adjoining something |
| 153. carbon fir | n. | thread or filament used to make a vegetable tissue, mineral material, or textile |
| 154. ree a phone | ν. | to take the place of something |
| 155. prote weeds | <i>v</i> . | to grow or increase rapidly in number; to reproduce or spread rapidly, especially in an uncontrolled manner |
| 156. det accumulation | n. | a sum of money or materials placed or kept in a bank, safety deposit box, or other secure places for safekeeping; a layer of rock, sand, or other material left behind by a flowing liquid or eroding force |
| 157. swt bath | n. | the salty liquid that is produced by the glands in the skin, especially when the body is hot or under stress |
| 158. vasion of blood vessels | n. | the widening or expansion of blood vessels, particularly the arteries, which leads to an increase in blood flow and a decrease in blood pressure |
| | | |

ANSWERS: 150. mystery, 151. strengthen, 152. adjacent, 153. fiber, 154. replace, 155. proliferate, 156. deposit, 157. sweat, 158. vasodilation

| Vocab-Builder Ref from "Sarthak Sinha: How a wound heals itself TED Talk" (79 words) |
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| ANSWERS: |
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Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

| 1. | These articles cite five of climate change. |
|----|--|
| n. | a particular example or single occurrence of something |
| 2. | The nurse applied pressure to the wound to ensure before stitching it up. |
| n. | the natural process or medical technique of stopping or controlling bleeding, usually achieved through various mechanisms such as blood vessel constriction, blood clotting, or surgical procedures |
| 3. | The patient will undergo transplant surgery tomorrow. |
| n. | a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins |
| 4. | The activity in the human body plays a crucial role in the immune response by engulfing harmful pathogens. |
| n. | a type of cell in the immune system that is capable of engulfing or absorbing foreign, harmful particles or microorganisms to protect the body from infection or disease |
| 5. | Even after the wound has healed, a remains. |
| n. | a mark that remains on the skin after a wound has healed |
| 6. | The brain is an incredibly complex organ that controls the body's |
| n. | the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose |

ANSWERS: 1. instances, 2. hemostasis, 3. liver, 4. phagocyte, 5. scar, 6. function

| 7. The mobile application industry is changing. adv. all the time |
|---|
| 8. She received special training at the hospital. adj. of or relating to the examination and treatment of patients rather than theoretical or laboratory studies |
| 9. She wiped the off her forehead with a towel.n. the salty liquid that is produced by the glands in the skin, especially when the body is hot or under stress |
| 10. The mountains make the city difficult to be invaded. adj. that is near or around, or closely encircling something |
| 11. The of the drought was a major concern for farmers.n. the quality or condition of being severe, strict, or harsh |
| 12. She confidently across the stage to accept her award. v. to walk with long steps in a particular direction; (noun) an important and positive progress |
| 13. We are these rooms now. v. to change the structure or form of something |
| 14. I made a at the bank to add money to my account. n. a sum of money or materials placed or kept in a bank, safety deposit box, or other secure places for safekeeping; a layer of rock, sand, or other material lef behind by a flowing liquid or eroding force |
| ANSWERS: 7. constantly, 8. clinical, 9. sweat, 10. surrounding, 11. severity, 12. strides, 13. remodeling, 14. deposit |

| 15. | The in the blood vessel required immediate medical attention. |
|------|--|
| n. | a thick mass or lump of coagulated liquid, especially blood; a group of people or things that form an obstructive, unsympathetic, or resistant force |
| | Our natural production decreases as we age, leading to wrinkles, sagging skin, and joint pain. |
| n. | a fibrous protein that forms the connective tissues in animals, including skin, tendons, and bone; often used in cosmetic and medical treatments for its ability to add firmness and elasticity to skin or other tissues |
| 17. | The police placed a across the street to halt traffic. |
| n. | a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective |
| 18. | We must consume dietary to maintain good health. |
| n. | thread or filament used to make a vegetable tissue, mineral material, or textile |
| 19. | This company its battery problem completely. |
| v. | to find a suitable answer to the problems or difficulty |
| 20. | Our country has military alliances with countries. |
| adj. | next to, close to, or adjoining something |
| 21. | cells play an important role in tissue repair and regeneration. |
| n. | a type of cell in connective tissue that produces and maintains the extracellular matrix, which provides support and structure to tissues and organs |
| 22. | Difficulties the mind, as labor does the body. |
| ν. | to become stronger or more effective; to make someone or something stronger or more effective |
| | SWERS: 15. clot, 16. collagen, 17. barrier, 18. fiber, 19. resolves, 20. adjacent, 21 oblast, 22. strengthen |

| 23. | X-rays revealed a small tumor in his |
|-----|--|
| n. | the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling |
| 24. | Can you 123321 by eleven? |
| ν. | to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups |
| 25. | The body needs a certain amount of to build and repair tissues. |
| n. | a molecule made up of a long chain of amino acids, which is essential for the structure and function of the body's tissues |
| 26. | The doctor applied sealant to help the wound heal and prevent infection. |
| n. | a fibrous protein involved in the clotting of blood, forming a mesh-like network of fibers to create a blood clot and stop bleeding, and also plays a role in wound healing and other biological processes |
| 27. | The arrived in port the following day. |
| n. | a ship or large boat |
| 28. | I want to my sadness into strength. |
| v. | to have a talk with someone; (adjective) reversed in order, relation, or action |
| 29. | The layer contains nerve endings, which enable us to feel sensations such as pressure and pain. |
| n. | the layer of skin beneath the epidermis that contains blood vessels, nerves, and connective tissue |
| 30. | The adrenal produce steroids. |
| n. | a group of cells in an animal's body that produce substances needed by the body and release them through ducts or directly into the bloodstream |
| | SWERS: 23. brain, 24. divide, 25. protein, 26. fibrin, 27. vessel, 28. convert, 29. mis, 30. glands |

| 31. | Bananas have their taste and odor. |
|-----|--|
| n. | a typical feature or quality that can identify, tell apart, or describe something or somebody |
| 32. | prevalent in hospitals are often resistant to antibiotics. |
| n. | single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease |
| 33. | The organizational of start-ups is often flat and straightforward. |
| n. | the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts |
| 34. | In private corporations provide healthcare services. |
| n. | the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers |
| 35. | Eventually, the new design will all older models. |
| v. | to take the place of something |
| 36. | Keratosis is a skin condition characterized by the formation of excess on the skin's surface |
| n. | a fibrous protein that is the main structural component of hair, nails, and the outer layer of skin in mammals and birds; also found in horns, hooves, and feathers |
| 37. | The of the CEO was crucial in determining the company's guilt. |
| n. | the process of obtaining testimony from a witness or a party to a lawsuit outside of the courtroom; the act of removing or displacing someone from a position of power or authority; the process of laying down a substance or material in a particular place or on a particular surface, such as sedimentary rock formation |
| | SWERS: 31. characteristic, 32. Bacteria, 33. structure, 34. addition, 35. replace, keratin, 37. deposition |

| 38. T | The engineer tested the strength of the metal to determine its durability. |
|-------|--|
| adj. | relating to the ability of a material or structure to stretch or bend without breaking or losing its shape; having great strength or flexibility under tension |
| 39. F | le suffers from breakdowns. |
| adj. | worried and anxious about something; relating to the nerves |
| 40. V | Ve can resolve support requests quickly and by utilization of AI. |
| adv. | in a way that produces maximum output with minimum effort or expense |
| 41. T | he medicine soothes the pain of chronic |
| n. | a physical condition in which a part of the body becomes red, painful, hot, and often swollen, especially as a reaction to infection or injury |
| 42. F | le created a beautiful piece of music using only |
| n. | the act of making something up on the spot or creating or performing something without preparation |
| 43. F | lealth and are, above all, gold. |
| n. | the quality or state of being physically, or sometimes mentally, strong |
| 44. T | he of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning. |
| n. | a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation |
| 45. T | he company signed a with the supplier for the delivery of goods. |
| n. | a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law |
| | WERS: 38. tensile, 39. nervous, 40. efficiently, 41. inflammation, 42. ovisation, 43. strength, 44. threat, 45. contract |

- v. to chemically or molecularly link two or more substances or molecules together; to connect or fuse different parts or components into a unified whole; (noun) a bond or connection between two or more molecules or parts of a molecule that results in the formation of a three-dimensional network or structure
- 51. mRNA vaccines are approved faster because they do not contain inactivated ______.

n. a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that causes disease

ANSWERS: 46. heal, 47. macrophages, 48. reform, 49. epidermis, 50. crosslink, 51. pathogens

the process of becoming or making somebody or something well again 53. Please _____ these files as we start a new project tomorrow. to change the order or position of things already made; to change the time, date, or place of an event already planned 54. She _____ the mystery novel in one sitting. to eat or consume something eagerly or ravenously; or to destroy something rapidly 55. There was no _____ between their proposals. to partially cover something by going beyond its edge 56. The incident _____ a political controversy. to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function 57. They never _____ on development despite the lack of funds. to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession 58. The _____ surrounding the disappearance of the traveler has yet to be solved by authorities. something difficult to understand or explain; a secret or enigmatic quality that adds to the fascination or interest of something; a genre of fiction that involves the solution of a crime or a puzzle 59. The dam systematically releases large amounts of water to _____ flooding during the rainy season to prevent something dangerous or undesirable from happening

ANSWERS: 52. healing, 53. rearrange, 54. devoured, 55. overlap, 56. triggered, 57. compromised, 58. mystery, 59. avert

| 60. | Human behavior has characteristics. | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| adj | forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected | | | |
| 61. | They hope to their business worldwide. | | | |
| v. | to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance | | | |
| 62. | The snake's muscles began to around its prey. | | | |
| <i>v</i> . | to make something narrow or tight, often restricting movement or flow; to become narrow or tighter | | | |
| 63. | Warm temperatures can cause resulting in a feeling of warmth in the body. | | | |
| n. | the widening or expansion of blood vessels, particularly the arteries, which leads to an increase in blood flow and a decrease in blood pressure | | | |
| 64. | The for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated. | | | |
| n. | a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products | | | |
| 65. | I have to my passport by the middle of September. | | | |
| v. | to begin or resume something again after an interruption | | | |
| 66. | During the surgery, the doctor had to be extremely cautious not to a blood vessel. | | | |
| <i>v</i> . | to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity | | | |
| ANSWERS: 60. fundamental, 61. expand, 62. constrict, 63. vasodilation, 64. process 65. renew, 66. damage | | | | |

| 67. The national election was held amid security. |
|---|
| adj. fixed, fastened, or kept together firmly or closely |
| 68. I bought a gadget before my trip to help stress during the flight. |
| v. to make something, especially something bad, small or less serious |
| 69. After years of hard work, he finally his financial stability. |
| v. to get something back or recover something after it has been lost or taken away |
| 70. This examination of five problems to solve. |
| v. to be composed or made up of |
| 71. They took the step toward reconciliation. |
| adj. of or happening at the beginning; (noun) the first letter of a word, especially a person's name |
| 72. She is still from a shot to her shoulder. |
| v. to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength |
| 73. Both forts were subject to attacks. |
| adj. happening or done without delay or occurring shortly after something else |
| 74. The threat of losing his job was the he needed to work harder. |
| a thing that encourages someone to do something; any sharply pointed projection; (verb) to incite or stimulate someone or something |
| 75. The researcher separated the nervous for microscopic examinations. |
| n. an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function |
| ANSWERS: 67. tight, 68. minimize, 69. regained, 70. consists, 71. initial, 72. recovering, 73. immediate, 74. spur, 75. tissue |

| 76. | The scientist conducted a study that providedspecies' behavior. | details about the |
|------------|--|-----------------------------|
| adj | clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation precise | on; distinct, explicit, and |
| 77. | The number of COVID cases continued toworldwide. | in many countries |
| v. | to grow or increase rapidly in number; to reproduce or especially in an uncontrolled manner | spread rapidly, |
| 78. | The body responds to cold temperatures through preserve heat. | to |
| n. | the narrowing or constriction of blood vessels, particular smooth muscles in the vessel walls, which can result in | • |
| 79. | Western ideology slowly through the easter | n countries. |
| <i>v</i> . | to pass into or through something, often by overcoming | g resistance |
| AN | SWERS: 76. specific, 77. proliferate, 78. vasoconstriction | , 79. penetrates |