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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Teddy Cruz: How architectural innovations migrate across borders | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/teddy_cruz_how_architectu ral_innovations_migrate_across_borders



All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

urban	<i>adj.</i> relating to or located in a town or city <i>synonym</i> : metropolitan, civic
	 urban planning, (2) urban property owners Only a small number of urban utilities offer sanitation services.
economy	 n. the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel synonym: finance, trade, business
	(1) economy of scale, (2) economy class
	The economy of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
boom	 n. a sudden increase in economic activity, or a sudden happening that brings good fortune; a deep, loud, and prolonged sound synonym: roaring, prosperity, boost
	(1) boom in sales, (2) a sonic boom
	The high-technology industry is enjoying a boom .

dramatic	<i>adj.</i> very sudden, very excellent, or full of action and excitement
	synonym: striking, theatrical, breathtaking
	(1) make dramatic changes, (2) a dramatic rescue at sea
	The statement had a dramatic impact on house prices.
marginalize	 v. to treat a person or group as insignificant or unimportant; to push to the edge or margin of society or a group; to exclude from power or influence synonym: exclude, isolate, sideline
	(1) marginalize minorities, (2) marginalize dissenting voices
	It's important not to marginalize certain groups of people based on their race, religion, or ethnicity.
slum	 n. a heavily populated urban area characterized by poor, run-down housing and infrastructure, often associated with poverty and social neglect synonym: shantytown, slumdwellings, ghetto
	(1) slum area, (2) slum dwellers
	The government needs to invest more in affordable housing
	options to reduce the number of people living in slums .
polarization	 n. the division or separation of something into two opposing or contrasting groups or factions; the condition of being polarized or having poles synonym: polarity, division, separation
	(1) polarization effect, (2) dielectric polarization
	The polarization of political views has created a deep divide
	in the country.
enclave	 a distinct portion of territory or a community that is completely surrounded by another territory or community; a small, isolated group or area within a larger community or society
	(1) an enclave for foreign residents, (2) cultural enclave
	The university campus is a small enclave of intellectual

activity within the bustling city.

wealth	 <i>n</i>. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns <i>synonym</i>: affluence, assets, fortunate (1) majority of his wealth, (2) material wealth The wealth inequality was unavoidable.
surround	<i>v.</i> to be all around something or somebody <i>synonym</i> : encircle, encompass, envelop
	(1) surround a town, (2) a stone wall surrounds the palace
	On three sides, mountains surround the settlement.
sector	<i>n</i> . a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
	synonym: division, department, branch
	(1) industrial sector , (2) private sector
	The technology sector is constantly evolving and innovating.
poverty	<i>n.</i> the condition of being extremely poor
	synonym: deprivation, destitution, poorness
	(1) poverty alleviation, (2) the cycle of poverty
	Many studies have investigated the relationship between
	poverty and academic achievement.
socioeconomic	<i>adj.</i> relating to the social and economic factors that shape an individual, group, or community, particularly in terms of income, occupation, education, and social class <i>synonym</i> : social, economic, financial
	(1) socioeconomic status, (2) socioeconomic issues
	The socioeconomic conditions of a country can significantly affect its political stability.
inequality	 n. the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they

	are different synonym: imbalance, prejudice, unfairness
	(1) inequality in salary, (2) algebraic inequality
	There are several causes of economic inequality within societies.
engender	 v. to make a feeling or situation exist; to cause or give rise to
	synonym: beget, spawn, generate
	(1) engender a crisis, (2) engender the trust
	The discussion about war helps engender a sense of shared humanity.
crisis	 n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
	synonym: concern, problem, emergency
	(1) financial crisis , (2) crisis management
	The Chinese word for crisis comprises two characters, one
	for danger and the other for opportunity.
environment	 n. the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live synonym: atmosphere, surroundings, climate
	(1) environment affairs, (2) chaotic environment
	Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's
	environment.
institutionalize	 v. to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.) synonym: formalize, establish, regularize
	(1) institutionalize a system, (2) institutionalize customary laws
	The new policy aims to institutionalize the use of renewable energy sources.

reimagine	v. to imagine or conceive of something in a new or different way
	synonym: re-conceptualize, re-envision, re-create
	(1) reimagine the future, (2) reimagine the possibilities
	The company is trying to reimagine its business model to
	stay competitive.
urbanization	 n. the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture synonym: urban development, urban growth, urban expansion
	(1) urbanization process, (2) non- urbanization area
	Rapid urbanization has led to many environmental and social issues in cities.
perpetuate	<i>v.</i> to make something continue or prevail for a long time <i>synonym</i> : eternalize, preserve, maintain
	(1) perpetuate a myth, (2) perpetuate chronic pain
	That work perpetuates his fame.
consumption	 n. the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials synonym: usage, uptake, utilization
	(1) average fuel consumption , (2) the consumption of food
	In our country, water consumption usually decreases during the winter.
fundamental	 <i>adj.</i> forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected <i>synonym</i>: basic, essential, entire
	(1) fundamental education, (2) fundamental rights
	Human behavior has fundamental characteristics.
reorganize	v. to change to a more sufficient or suitable form of organization

	synonym: rearrange, reconstruct, reshuffle
	(1) reorganize a department, (2) reorganize his debts
	The new CEO was appointed to reorganize their business.
relation	<i>n.</i> the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
	synonym: association, linkage, connection
	 (1) relation between cause and effect, (2) relation of inclusion
	The industrial relations laws were passed with little to no alteration.
abundance	 <i>n</i>. a significant amount of something; the situation in which there is too much of something <i>synonym</i>: plenty, affluence, plentitude
	(1) an age of abundance , (2) an abundance of examples
	A healthy farm provides an abundance of food.
conflict	 <i>n.</i> a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals <i>synonym</i>: clash, discord, competition
	(1) the conflict between good and evil, (2) the longstanding conflict
	He and I often had conflicts, not only in personality but also in ideology.
scarcity	 n. the state of being in short supply; a small and inadequate amount synonym: lack, absence, dearth
	(1) fuel scarcity , (2) scarcity of capital
	Some research says that a relative decline in teacher salaries is causing labor scarcity .
urgent	<i>adj.</i> requiring immediate attention or action; pressing <i>synonym</i> : pressing, critical, immediate
	(1) an urgent telegram, (2) urgent situation

	It is urgent that we leave for the airport now to catch our flight.
imaginary	<i>adj.</i> existing only in someone's mind <i>synonym</i> : fictional, ideal, fantastical
	 (1) imaginary number, (2) imaginary pregnancy Little children tend to have imaginary friends.
inspire	 v. to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative synonym: boost, encourage, enlighten
	(1) inspire a feeling of curiosity, (2) inspire him to write a novel
	The unique style of this martial arts inspired many action film producers.
rethink	v. to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it
	synonym: reexplore, review, reconsider
	(1) rethink a marketing plan, (2) rethink the role of the manager
	We have to rethink our company's product lineup for further growth.
illustrate	 v. to provide pictures, photographs, diagrams, etc. in a book or something for explanation
	synonym: demonstrate, explain, exemplify
	(1) illustrate a key point, (2) illustrate a story The company's financial records illustrate how successful it has been.
engaging	<i>adj.</i> attracting, pleasant, or charming <i>synonym</i> : alluring, interesting, engrossing
	(1) engaging story, (2) an engaging smile
	She was disbarred for her engaging in fraud.

harbor	 <i>n</i>. an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession <i>synonym</i>: port, dock, pier
	(1) a sheltered harbor, (2) harbor a resentment
	The tsunami swamped every boat in the harbor.
creative	 adj. relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something synonym: imaginative, innovative, inventive
	(1) creative writing, (2) barren of creative spirit
	All the supervisor has to do is assign tasks that make his
	subordinates more creative.
introduction	 <i>n</i>. a preliminary explanation or remarks given before the start of a text, performance, or event; the act of bringing something new into existence or introducing something to a wider audience or new market <i>synonym</i>: initiation, preamble, prologue
	(1) introduction education, (2) self- introduction
	The introduction to the new class was informative and engaging.
laboratory	 <i>n</i>. a workplace for doing scientific research or teaching science; a lab <i>synonym</i>: lab, workshop, testing room
	(1) laboratory accident, (2) anthropology laboratory
	Animal protection groups call for an end to animal testing in a
	laboratory.
architect	 <i>n.</i> a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings <i>synonym</i>: creator, designer, planner
	(1) landscape architect , (2) architect of the peace accord
	The building architect tried to build the house above the tree.

separate	v. to force, take, or pull apart; mark as differentsynonym: disunite, isolate, ramify
	(1) separate video into chapter, (2) separate cream from milk
	We need to separate the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.
statistics	<i>n</i> . the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
	(1) statistics for cancer, (2) official statistics
	The statistics demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.
emblem	<i>n.</i> a design or symbol that represents a quality or idea <i>synonym</i> : symbol, sign, badge
	(1) a national emblem , (2) family emblem
	The eagle is an emblem of strength and courage.
exclusionary	<i>adj.</i> tending to exclude or keep out certain groups, individuals, or ideas; characterized by the exclusion of others
	synonym: discriminatory, exclusive, selective
	(1) exclusionary clause, (2) exclusionary practices
	The new housing development faced criticism for its
	exclusionary policies towards lower-income residents.
policy	 n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective synonym: strategy, plan, guideline
	(1) health policy , (2) foreign policy
	The company's new policy on remote work has made it a
	more inclusive workplace.

division	 n. the act or outcome of splitting into separate parts; a critical organizational unit or sector synonym: branch, separator, section
	(1) cellular division , (2) division chief
	Which division of the company do you work in?
communal	<i>adj.</i> belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
	synonym: collaborative, combined, collective
	(1) communal swimming pool, (2) communal combination of funds
	Communal elections were held in several European countries.
jurisdiction	 n. the extent or range of authority, power, or control exercised by a particular entity or organization, such as a government or court; the area within which such authority or control is exercised synonym: power, authority, control
	(1) local jurisdiction, (2) limited jurisdiction
	The case fell under the jurisdiction of the state court system.
poorest	<i>adj.</i> having the least wealth or resources <i>synonym</i> : impecunious, penniless, least
	(1) poorest of the poor, (2) poorest area
	The poorest countries in the world often have the highest rates of malnutrition.
settlement	 an official agreement that brings an argument to a close; the process of establishing permanent residence in a place.
	synonym: agreement, accommodation, colonization
	(1) the settlement of a dispute, (2) settlement in a new house
	Our goal must be to achieve a peaceful settlement.

immediately	<i>adv.</i> now or without delay <i>synonym</i> : directly, instantly, promptly
	(1) immediately recall a product, (2) write him an answer immediately
	A suspension order from the court is effective immediately .
thrust	 v. to push or drive forcibly; to impose or insert; (noun) the force used in pushing synonym: push, shove, prod
	(1) thrust a dagger home, (2) thrust a plate away
	The engine thrust the rocket into space.
confront	 v. to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person
	synonym: engage, encounter, contend
	(1) confront a global warming, (2) confront the issue
	He finally decided to confront problems directly.
sprawl	<i>v.</i> to sit, lie, or fall with one's arms and legs spread out <i>synonym</i> : drape, spread out
	(1) sprawl out luxuriously on the sofa, (2) sprawl for acres
	The lush vegetation sprawls across the wonderfully
	landscaped gardens.
density	<i>n.</i> the quality of compactness of a substance <i>synonym</i> : tightness, viscosity
	(1) population density , (2) higher pixel density
	Do you know the density of the population in Hong Kong?
discuss	 v. to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic synonym: talk about, converse, debate
	(1) discuss options, (2) discuss solutions
	We need to discuss the next steps for the project during our
	meeting tomorrow.

<i>adj.</i> able to continue or be continued for a long time <i>synonym</i> : continuable, endurable, tolerable
(1) sustainable alternative fuel, (2) principles of sustainable development
The government should do more to support environmentally sustainable agriculture.
 v. to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others synonym: debate, dispute, quarrel
(1) argue a case, (2) argue passionately
The couple began to argue over which restaurant to go to for dinner.
 <i>n</i>. a traveler who moves from one region or country to another, especially to find work or better living conditions; a bird or an animal that moves from one place to another <i>synonym</i>: immigrant, itinerant, transient
(1) migrant worker, (2) the movement of migrant birds
The government revoked his license to employ migrant labor crews.
<i>v.</i> to convert or change words into another language <i>synonym</i> : convert, transcribe, render
(1) translate a document into English, (2) translate the emotion to a movement
Translate the text from Italian into English.
 n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products synonym: procedure, method, system
(1) process improvement, (2) decision-making process

	The process for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.
compendium	 n. a concise or comprehensive collection of information or knowledge on a particular subject or topic; a summary or compilation of various texts, articles, or data synonym: collection, anthology, compilation
	(1) historical compendium, (2) compendium of recipes
	The book is a comprehensive compendium of medical
	knowledge.
adaptation	<i>n.</i> the action or process of changing to suit different conditions
	synonym: adaption, adjustment, transformation
	(1) adaptation ability, (2) language adaptation
	The company's adaptation approach has been highly effective.
transgress	 v. to break the law or moral code; to go beyond or exceed the limits or boundaries of something synonym: trespass, violate, infringe
	(1) transgress boundaries, (2) transgress against the rules
	The company was fined for transgressing environmental regulations.
impose	 v. to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received
	synonym: charge, levy, foist
	(1) impose harsher sanctions, (2) impose tariffs
	The problem with achievement tests is the narrowness they
	impose on students.
recipe	 <i>n.</i> a set of instructions for preparing a dish, including the ingredients and the method of cooking <i>synonym</i>: instructions, formula, method
	(1) recipe book, (2) recipe collection

The **recipe** for the cake is passed down from generation to generation in her family.

intelligence	 n. the ability to learn, comprehend, or make judgments or conclusions based on reasons synonym: brains, brightness, cleverness
	(1) an intelligence test, (2) field of artificial intelligence
	In terms of intelligence , he was head and shoulders above his classmates.
manifest	 v. to show something such as feeling, attitude, quality, etc. clearly through signs or actions synonym: exhibit, make plain, demonstrate
	(1) manifest as the word, (2) manifest displeasure
	The Prime Minister manifested his regret for his neighbors
retrofit	 v. to put a new component or accessory into a machine that did not initially have it when manufactured synonym: backfit, reconstruct, recycle
	(1) retrofit an electronic system, (2) retrofit applications
	A retrofit may involve putting in new door jambs.
observation	 n. the act or activity of carefully examining or monitoring something or someone synonym: watching, notice, reflection
	(1) class observation day, (2) observation instrument
	In the hospital, she will remain under constant observation .
cross-border	 adj. relating to or involving movement, interaction, or communication between different countries or regions, especially those that share a common border synonym: international, transnational, cross-national
	(1) cross-border relations, (2) cross-border cooperation
	The two neighboring countries have a cross-border trade agreement.

immigrant	 <i>n</i>. a person who has come to a country where they were not born to live there permanently <i>synonym</i>: settler, expatriate, emigrant
	(1) immigrant communities, (2) an immigrant from the
	country
	Police received a report of illegal immigrants in the area.
refer	 v. to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support synonym: cite, allude, mention
	(1) refer to a book, (2) refer to a map
	Please refer to the instruction manual for further assistance.
recycle	 v. to sort and collect things to process them and produce valuable materials that can be used again synonym: reclaim, reuse, reprocess
	(1) recycle the cardboard boxes, (2) recycle milk packaging
	into new paper
	We largely recycle the circuit board of cell phones because
	they contain a lot of valuable metals.
postwar	 adj. relating to the period following a war, particularly World War II; characterized by the rebuilding and recovery of countries and societies synonym: subsequent, aftermath
	(1) postwar years, (2) postwar society
	The postwar period was marked by economic growth and
	rebuilding efforts.
bungalow	 n. a small, single-story house, often with a front porch or veranda that is typically made of wood or adobe; a type of dwelling that is popular in warm climates, particularly in locations near water synonym: cottage, cabin, villa
	(1) beach bungalow , (2) wooden bungalow
	The cozy bungalow nestled in the forest was the perfect

	weekend getaway.
contractor	 n. a person or company that enters into a contract to provide materials or labor to perform a specific task or service
	synonym: builder, declarer, construction company
	(1) management contractor, (2) major defense contractor
	The company hired a contractor to remodel their office
	building.
develop	 v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
	synonym: evolve, progress, advance
	(1) develop a strategy, (2) develop a skill
	We must develop a new system to streamline our workflow
	and increase efficiency.
dispose	 v. to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away synonym: get rid of, arrange, set
	(1) dispose battleships for a battle, (2) dispose of a used product
	Generally speaking, the child is innately disposed to learn a language.
inflated	 adj. swollen or blown up, especially with air or gas; excessively or unreasonably high synonym: enlarged, swollen, distended (1) inflated prices, (2) an inflated balloon
	The athlete's ego became inflated by their success.

suburbn.an outlying district or residential area of a city or town,
typically comprising middle-class and affluent

	neighborhoods synonym: outskirts, district, quarter
	(1) suburb development, (2) suburb life
	He grew up in the suburbs but always dreamed of living in the city.
chunk	<i>n.</i> a thick and solid mass or piece of something <i>synonym</i> : block, lump, piece
	(1) a chunk of money, (2) a tiny chunk of meat
	The new start-up company carved out a large chunk of the market within a year.
steel	 a strong metal alloy made up of iron with typically a few tenths of a percent of carbon used for making things that need a strong structure synonym: iron
	(1) magnetic steel , (2) steel beam
	This bridge is the third largest steel bridge in the world.
frame	 <i>n</i>. a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window <i>synonym</i>: body, skeleton, scaffolding
	(1) a picture frame , (2) the frame of the policy
	The detective looked for fingerprints on the window frame.
infill	 v. to fill in or complete a space, usually by adding material to fill gaps or voids; (noun) the act of filling in or adding material to a space or gap, often used in construction or architecture to describe the process of filling in open spaces in a building or development synonym: fill in, complete, pack in
	(1) infill development, (2) infill the cavity with a dental filling
	The construction workers will infill the trench with concrete.
debris	<i>n.</i> broken or torn fragments of something <i>synonym</i> : remains, remnants, garbage

(1) space debris , (2) pile of debris
Marine debris is a major continuous global problem.
<i>adj.</i> likely to happen or likely to be true <i>synonym</i> : likely, possible, potential
(1) probable outcome, (2) probable cause of a fire
It seems probable that he has forgotten our scheduled meeting.
 v. to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure synonym: scrub, massage, stroke
(1) rub shoulders, (2) rub a glass window
She rubbed the sore spot on her leg to ease the pain.
 v. to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued; (noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving synonym: exhaust, weary, fatigue
(1) tire my patience, (2) tire pressure
I need to tire out my dog with a long walk so that he will sleep through the night.
<i>v.</i> to keep or continue to possess or maintain something <i>synonym</i> : possess, hold, keep on
(1) retain information, (2) retain a lawyer
Computers help people retain specific memories.
 n. a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action synonym: crisis, trouble, difficulty
(1) emergency action, (2) acute emergency
The president declared a state of emergency .

peel	v. to remove the skin of fruit and vegetablessynonym: pare, unclothe, disrobe
	(1) peel a fruit, (2) peel off easily
	The storm had peeled all paint off the siding.
thread	 n. a fine cord of natural or synthetic fibers or filaments, such as cotton or nylon, used in sewing, knitting, or weaving; a series of connected messages or comments on a social media platform or online forum, often related to a particular topic; a sequence or line of events, ideas, or actions that are connected or related; (verb) to pass a thread through a needle or other small opening, in preparation for sewing or stitching synonym: filament, string, yarn
	(1) thread a catheter, (2) start a new thread
	The detective followed a thread of clues which ultimately led to the suspect's arrest.
interlocking	 <i>adj.</i> fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole <i>synonym</i>: connected, linked, joined
	(1) interlocking braid, (2) interlocking mechanism
	The interlocking puzzle pieces were difficult to separate.
construct	 v. to build or create something; to assemble or combine different parts to form something whole synonym: build, assemble, create
	(1) construct a 3D image, (2) construct a dam
	He constructs hypotheses that no mathematician has ever
	imagined before.
efficient	<i>adj.</i> performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials
	synonym: productive, effective, competent
	(1) efficient operation, (2) energy- efficient appliances

The new washing machine is much more **efficient** than the old one.

garage	 n. a building or part of a building used to store a vehicle or vehicles, typically a car synonym: carport, shed, barn
	(1) electrical garage door, (2) garage repairHe parked his car in the private garage.
surrounding	<i>adj.</i> that is near or around, or closely encircling something <i>synonym</i> : circumferent, encircling, neighboring
	(1) surrounding areas, (2) a fence surrounding a castle The surrounding mountains make the city difficult to be invaded.
compelling	adj. arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration
	synonym: tempting, captivating, influential
	(1) tell a compelling story, (2) new and compelling evidence
	His compelling presentation deeply moved everyone.
witness	 n. a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident
	synonym: onlooker, attestant, bystander
	(1) witness of the car accident, (2) a material witness
	The manufacturing industry is witnessing fierce competition.
romanticize	 v. to make something seem more attractive or appealing than it is, especially by exaggerating or idealizing its qualities; to view or present something in a romantic or sentimental way synonym: idealize, glorify, sentimentalize
	(1) romanticize the past, (2) romanticize the idea of love
	It is easy to romanticize a new job or opportunity, but it is
	important to remain objective and realistic about the

challenges that come with it

precarious	 <i>adj.</i> not securely held or in position; dangerously unstable or uncertain; dependent on chance or uncertain conditions <i>synonym</i>: precariousness, instability, uncertainty (1) procarious ich. (2) procarious financial situation
	 precarious job, (2) precarious financial situation She had a precarious hold on the ladder and was afraid to move.
procedure	 n. a way of doing something, especially the official or well-known way synonym: action, approach, course
	 (1) undergo a surgical procedure, (2) standard procedure The pilot and flight attendant ran through the check-out procedure.
transform	 v. to change in outward structure or looks; synonym: alter, convert, change (1) transform an education system, (2) transform heat into
	power My father's death transformed my life completely.
negotiate	 v. to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement synonym: discuss, mediate, bargain
	(1) negotiate a settlement, (2) negotiate the price of the houseWe are always happy to negotiate a discount.
boundary	 <i>n</i>. a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places <i>synonym</i>: border, frontier, limitation
	 (1) geographical boundary, (2) the boundary between reality and fantasy He wandered the boundary between life and death by gunfire.

bound	 v. to move forward by leaps and bounds; to form the boundary of something
	synonym: jump, bounce, leap
	(1) bounded with delight, (2) bound up a staircase
	Canada bounds on the United States.
immigration	 n. the act or process of coming to live permanently in a foreign country synonym: migration, settlement, emigration
	(1) immigration control, (2) immigration application
	The immigration policy in this country is stringent, making it difficult for many people to obtain a visa.
homogeneity	<i>n.</i> the quality or state of being homogeneous; uniformity in composition or character
	synonym: uniformity, similarity, sameness
	(1) soil homogeneity , (2) genetic homogeneity
	The lack of diversity in the boardroom highlights the
	homogeneity of the company's leadership.
steroid	<i>n.</i> any of several organic compounds that are produced in the body and have important physiological effects and affect the development and growth of sex organs
	(1) steroid abuse, (2) a steroid hormone
	Some steroids are banned for use by athletes because of their muscle-building effects.
dimension	<i>n.</i> a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length
	synonym: extent, measurement, size
	(1) new dimension , (2) the crosswise dimension
	Overall dimensions are approximately 400x200mm.
parcel	<i>n</i> . something wrapped in paper so that it can be carried or sent by post
	synonym: box, packet, container
	(1) a parcel of lies, (2) parcel of land

He runs a **parcel** delivery company.

economical	 adj. providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary synonym: frugal, thrifty, parsimonious
	(1) economical use of her time, (2) an economical meal
	It is more economical to wash your plastic bottle and reuse it.
complexity	<i>n.</i> the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
	synonym: intricacy, sophistication, elaboration
	(1) cognitive complexity , (2) complexity theory
	The project's complexity made it difficult for the team to complete it on time.
illegal	<i>adj.</i> not allowed by law <i>synonym</i> : banned, prohibited, illicit
	(1) illegal drugs, (2) child of illegal immigrants
	The customs agents seized the illegal shipment.
	The customs agents seized the megar shipment.
granny	 n. a grandmother; an older adult, especially one who is seen as conservative or cautious, often used as a term of affection or familiarity
	synonym: older woman, grandmother, grandma
	(1) granny leave, (2) granny annex
	Seeing granny's smiling face whenever I visit her is always a treat.
extended	<i>adj.</i> longer than usual or anticipated <i>synonym</i> : extensive, prolonged, elongated
	(1) extended vacation, (2) extended payment
	The extended airport runways may accommodate larger jets.
entrepreneurship	 n. the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one synonym: self-employment, risk-taking

	(1) entrepreneurship culture, (2) embody entrepreneurship
	The government is investing in programs to support entrepreneurship and small business development.
inclusive	 adj. including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something synonym: cover-all, all-embracing, comprehensive
	(1) a fully inclusive price, (2) inclusive education
	The university has established a capacity for each nationality as part of its inclusive policy.
equitable	<i>adj.</i> fair and impartial; treating everyone fairly <i>synonym</i> : fair, honest, impartial
	(1) in an equitable manner, (2) an equitable price
	In a democratic country, governments promote equitable opportunities to participate in society.
emerge	v. to move out of or away from something and become visible
	synonym: arise, occur, appear
	(1) emerge as a butterfly, (2) emerge from poverty
	During colonial eras, new migratory patterns emerged.
dynamics	 n. the branch of mechanics that deals with the motion of bodies under the action of forces, including the particular case in which a body remains at rest; forces that produce or stimulate movement, growth, or change synonym: mechanics, kinetics, kinematics
	(1) dynamics of group, (2) dynamics of economy
	The relationship dynamics between the two countries were
	complex and constantly changing.
temple	n. a place of worship, especially one that is associated with a particular religion or faith; the flat area on either side of the forehead

	synonym: shrine, mosque, synagogue		
	(1) temple complex, (2) a tour guide at the temple		
	He visited the temple to pray and make offerings to the gods.		
mutation	 n. the way in which genes of a person, plant, animal, or other organism change and produce permanent differences 		
	synonym: metamorphosis, transformation, alteration		
	(1) mutation of DNA, (2) hereditary mutation		
	Radiation often promotes genetic mutations in plants and animals.		
singular	n. being only one of its kind; unique synonym: unique, sole, individual		
	 (1) singular purpose, (2) singular goal The singular beauty of the night sky never ceases to amaze him. 		
dwelling	<i>n.</i> a house or place that someone is living in <i>synonym</i> : habitat, residence, home		
	(1) blood- dwelling parasitic animal, (2) the dwelling place of demons		
	They found a new species of water- dwelling insect.		
micro	<i>n.</i> extremely small in scale or scope; one millionth		
	(1) micro bubble, (2) micro force sensor		
	This approach employs both micro and macro analysis methods.		
infrastructure	 n. the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies synonym: foundation, framework 		
	(1) IT infrastructure, (2) infrastructure cost		
	Aging societies tend to require huge costs for infrastructure maintenance.		

inspiration	 n. something that motivates or encourages someone to create or achieve something, or a feeling of excitement or creativity
	synonym: motivation, drive, encouragement
	(1) source of inspiration, (2) get inspiration from nature
	He found inspiration in the works of his favorite authors.
interpretation	<i>n.</i> an explanation or opinion of something, especially that is not immediately obvious
	synonym: rendering, explanation, understanding
	(1) the interpretation of history, (2) open to interpretation
	His interpretations of literary works are often unique.
citizenship	<i>n.</i> the status of being a member of a particular country <i>synonym</i> : nationality, belonging, residency
	(1) dual citizenship, (2) citizenship rights
	Her citizenship application was denied due to a technical
	error.
belong	 v. to be the property of someone or something; to be a member or part of a group; to be in the proper or appropriate place
	synonym: fit, be appropriate, be suitable
	(1) belong to different species, (2) belong to a group
	All the books in this section belong to the library's rare
	collection and must be handled carefully.
nation-state	 n. a sovereign political entity that is composed of a nation, which is a group of people who share a common cultural, linguistic, or ethnic identity synonym: sovereignty, independence, autonomy
	(1) emerging nation-state , (2) nation-state autonomy
	Some people argue that the rise of globalization has
	weakened the power of nation-states .
uphold	 v. to support or defend something, such as a law, idea, decision, etc.

	 synonym: defend, maintain, sustain (1) uphold the law, (2) uphold tradition The judge may uphold the decision of the lower court. 			
institutional	 adj. of, in, or relating to a large important organization, such as a university or bank; organized as or forming part of the standard systems, practices, etc. synonym: corporate, governmental 			
	(1) institutional bank, (2) address institutional constraints			
	We have to discuss the institutional reforms of our country.			
protocol	 n. a set of rules or procedures for transmitting data or conducting a process or activity, especially in computer networks or scientific experiments; the initial or original version of an agreement 			
	synonym: procedure, system, method			
	(1) draft a protocol , (2) protocol breach			
	The company has a strict protocol for handling sensitive information to ensure security.			
visualize	 v. to form a mental image or concept of something; to make something visible synonym: imagine, picture, envision 			
	(1) visualize data, (2) visualize flying through space			
	She tried to visualize the layout of the new house in her mind.			
anecdote	<i>n.</i> a short and amusing or interesting story about a real incident or person			
	synonym: story, account, tale			
	(1) personal anecdote, (2) funny anecdote			
	She entertained the guests with anecdotes about her travels and experiences.			
narrative	 <i>n.</i> a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story <i>synonym</i>: the tale, chronology, annals 			

	 (1) narrative poetry, (2) personal narrative The narrative handles multiple plot lines and has unpredictable ends. 		
decide	 v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options synonym: choose, determine, settle 		
	(1) decide a question, (2) decide on a course of action		
	She couldn't decide whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.		
invade	 v. to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation synonym: intrude, raid, overrun 		
	(1) invade other tissues, (2) invade his privacy		
	I have no intention to invade your privacy.		
freeway	 n. a major highway designed for high-speed traffic, with no stoplights or grade crossings and having interchanges or access roads to other highways 		
	synonym: highway, expressway, motorway		
	(1) freeway exit, (2) expanded freeway		
	We got stuck in a traffic jam on the freeway for over an hour.		
skate	 n. a type of footwear that has a blade attached to its sole for skating on ice or other hard surfaces; an activity or sport that involves gliding on skates on ice or other hard surfaces 		
	synonym: blade, runner, sled		
	(1) skate park, (2) roller skate		
	She has been practicing an ice skate routine for months		
shovel	 n. a tool with a handle and broad scoop or blade used for digging or moving Earth, coal, snow, or other granular materials 		
	synonym: excavator, scoop, trowel		
	(1) snow shovel , (2) shovel blade		

The construction workers used a power **shovel** to dig the foundation for the building. a barrier, often improvised or temporary, used to block barricade n. passage or protect against danger or attack synonym: barrier, obstacle, blockade (1) **barricade** fencing, (2) police **barricade** The protestors built a barricade to prevent police from entering the area. to expel someone from a property, especially with the evict v. support of the law synonym: oust, expel, eject (1) evict a person from his home, (2) evict squatter The landlord may evict tenants for violations of the lease agreement. a short, catchy phrase or motto that is used by a person, slogan n. organization, or company to promote a particular product, cause, or idea synonym: catchphrase, tagline, motto (1) catchy slogan, (2) advertising slogan The company spent months researching and testing different brand slogans before finally settling on 'Just Do It' as their new tagline. critic someone who expresses opinions about the quality of n. books, music, etc. synonym: pundit, analyst, attacker (1) art critic, (2) severe critic Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their critics. to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to recognize v. identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered

synonym: acknowledge, identify, admit

	 recognize talent, (2) recognize achievement It's important to recognize your strengths and weaknesses.
specific	 adj. clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise synonym: particular, definite, distinct
	(1) specific instructions, (2) industry- specific regulations
	The scientist conducted a study that provided specific details about the species' behavior.
inscribe	 v. to write or carve something on a surface, especially as a formal or permanent record synonym: engrave, carve, etch
	(1) inscribe a message, (2) inscribe in her mind clearly
	The artist inscribed a beautiful design on the surface of the
	vase.
territory	n. an area under the control of a ruler or state synonym: domain, region, realm
	(1) acquire territory , (2) territory in charge
	They incorporated the conquered territory into their nation.
govern	 v. to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services synonym: control, rule, preside
	(1) a nation's right to govern , (2) govern a public enterprise
	The regulations governing medical malpractice claims are rigorous.
municipality	 a city, town, or local government organization that has governing authority over a specific geographic area synonym: city, township, district
	(1) municipality services, (2) municipality taxes
	The municipality's mayor held a press conference to
	announce a new initiative to reduce crime rates.

triangle	 n. a three-sided polygon with three angles; something that has three sides or parts synonym: trilateral, delta, triad 		
	(1) triangle shape, (2) love triangle		
	The Pythagorean theorem is used to calculate the length of the sides of a right triangle .		
district	<i>n.</i> a part of a country or town, especially one with particular features		
	synonym: territory, dominion, zone		
	(1) school districts , (2) urban districts		
	Since 2001, the district has provided training programs for automotive technicians.		
invisible	adj. impossible or nearly impossible to see		
	synonym: hidden, imperceptible, unseen		
	(1) an invisible asset, (2) invisible stars		
	The phenomenon is invisible at optical wavelengths.		
leftover	<i>adj.</i> not consumed or used at the end of something <i>synonym</i> : extra, residual, unused		
	(1) leftover from a party, (2) leftover goods		
	The chef will make soup with the leftover ham bone.		
negotiation	<i>n.</i> the process of discussing and reaching an agreement with others		
	synonym: bargaining, dialogue, haggling		
	(1) negotiation process, (2) negotiation skills		
	The negotiation between the two countries was a delicate		
	and complex process.		
necessity	<i>n.</i> the state or fact of being needed; anything indispensable <i>synonym</i> : need, essentiality, prerequisite		
	(1) in great necessity , (2) the necessity of the concrete measure		
	He emphasized the necessity of immediate action.		

fundraise	 v. to collect or solicit funds or donations, typically for a charity, nonprofit organization, or political campaign, often through events, campaigns, or online platforms synonym: appeal, raise, solicit 		
	(1) fundraise a charity fund, (2) fundraise for a new shelter The school is planning to fundraise to purchase new books for the library.		
embedded	<i>adj.</i> fixed firmly into the surface of something <i>synonym</i> : ingrained, implanted, inserted		
	(1) embedded systems, (2) LED- embedded glass The embedded chip in my credit card allows me to make contactless payments.		
redefine	 v. to change the meaning or interpretation of something; to make people think about something in a new or different way synonym: reconsider, reformulate, alter 		
	(1) redefine customer experience, (2) redefine our role		
	The video telephony application has redefined the way we work.		
expand	 v. to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance synonym: extend, grow, boost 		
	 (1) expand a lineup, (2) expand agricultural output They hope to expand their business worldwide. 		
trivial	adj. of little value or importance synonym: insignificant, minor, unimportant		
	(1) a trivial man, (2) for trivial reasons		
	The problem seemed trivial initially, but it became a significant issue.		
naive	 adj. showing unaffected simplicity and lack of experience, wisdom, or judgment synonym: innocent, unsophisticated, gullible 		

	 (1) naive belief, (2) naive mistake The con artist's lies quickly took in the naive young man. 		
engage	 v. to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something synonym: confront, employ, amuse 		
	(1) engage in environmental protection activities,(2) engage a new employee		
	Many multinational companies are engaged in the reconstruction of that country.		
transgression	<i>n.</i> the violation of a law, duty, or moral principle <i>synonym</i> : misdeed, crime, wrongdoing		
	 (1) inexcusable transgression, (2) commit a transgression Reporters questioned the politician about his past transgression. 		
trickle	 v. to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities synonym: dribble, flow, seep 		
	(1) trickle down my cheek, (2) trickle from his eyes		
	Water was beginning to trickle into the basement after the heavy rain.		
top-down	 adj. controlled or implemented from the highest level of authority or management synonym: centralized, hierarchical 		
	(1) top-down management, (2) top-down approach		
	The top-down management approach could have been more		
	effective in implementing organizational changes.		
transformation	 a complete change in form, nature, or appearance of someone or something 		
	synonym: change, conversion, renewal(1) the transformation of a tadpole into a frog, (2) cast a		

transformation spell

	Understanding unitary transformations of a normal matrix require considerable mathematical sophistication.
modest	 adj. having or showing a humble estimate of one's merits, importance, etc.; free from vanity, egotism, boastfulness, or great pretensions synonym: unassuming, humble, unpretentious
	(1) modest income, (2) only a modest fee
	Despite his many achievements, he remained modest and
	down-to-earth.
primarily	adv. mainly synonym: largely, mainly, mostly
	 intended primarily for young people, (2) primarily affect adults
	All peaceful cooperation is based primarily on mutual trust.
urgency	n. the quality of being very important and needing to be dealt with immediately
	synonym: importance, importunity, urging
	(1) urgency in the use of force, (2) matter of urgency
	She departed hurriedly because of some significant urgency in their affairs.
governance	 n. the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes synonym: administration, management, direction
	(1) good governance , (2) corporate governance
	The United Nations assists countries in building strong
	governance frameworks and institutions.
democracy	 a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
	synonym: self-government, republic, commonwealth
	(1) democracy advocate, (2) principles of democracy

Democracy often entails inclusive capitalism as well.

framework	 n. the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text synonym: structure, scheme, foundation
	(1) legal framework , (2) the framework of a house He devised a new analytical framework to capture the phenomenon.
emphasize	<i>v.</i> to give or show particular importance to something <i>synonym</i> : highlight, accentuate, stress
	(1) emphasize her words, (2) emphasize a direct relationship
	Use italics or capitals to emphasize a word in a piece of writing.

Session 2: Spelling

1.	emcy action	n.	a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action
2.	ecy class	n.	the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
3.	a fence surng a castle	adj.	that is near or around, or closely encircling something
4.	rene our role	v.	to change the meaning or interpretation of something; to make people think about something in a new or different way
5.	family emm	n.	a design or symbol that represents a quality or idea
6.	population dey	n.	the quality of compactness of a substance
7.	majority of his weh	n.	a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
8.	coal combination of funds	adj.	belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
9.	decy advocate	n.	a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so

ANSWERS: 1. emergency, 2. economy, 3. surrounding, 4. redefine, 5. emblem, 6. density, 7. wealth, 8. communal, 9. democracy

10.	r_b shoulders	<i>v</i> .	to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure
11.	algebraic inety	n.	the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different
12.	enng story	adj.	attracting, pleasant, or charming
13.	beg to a group	v.	to be the property of someone or something; to be a member or part of a group; to be in the proper or appropriate place
14.	get inson from nature	n.	something that motivates or encourages someone to create or achieve something, or a feeling of excitement or creativity
15.	school dicts	n.	a part of a country or town, especially one with particular features
16.	vize data	v.	to form a mental image or concept of something; to make something visible
17.	tht a dagger home	v.	to push or drive forcibly; to impose or insert; (noun) the force used in pushing
18.	susle alternative fuel	adj.	able to continue or be continued for a long time
19.	ren information	v.	to keep or continue to possess or maintain something
20.	dual citip	n.	the status of being a member of a particular country

ANSWERS: 10. rub, 11. inequality, 12. engaging, 13. belong, 14. inspiration, 15. district, 16. visualize, 17. thrust, 18. sustainable, 19. retain, 20. citizenship

21. the intion of history	n.	an explanation or opinion of something, especially that is not immediately obvious
22. rer to a book	v.	to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support
23. embody enthip	n.	the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one
24. urbion process	n.	the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture
25. rene the future	v.	to imagine or conceive of something in a new or different way
26. advertising sln	n.	a short, catchy phrase or motto that is used by a person, organization, or company to promote a particular product, cause, or idea
27. negon skills	n.	the process of discussing and reaching an agreement with others
28. tery in charge	n.	an area under the control of a ruler or state
29. socmic issues	adj.	relating to the social and economic factors that shape an individual, group, or community, particularly in terms of income, occupation, education, and social class

ANSWERS: 21. interpretation, 22. refer, 23. entrepreneurship, 24. urbanization, 25. reimagine, 26. slogan, 27. negotiation, 28. territory, 29. socioeconomic

30. prle cause of a fire	adj.	likely to happen or likely to be true
31. limited jurion	n.	the extent or range of authority, power, or control exercised by a particular entity or organization, such as a government or court; the area within which such authority or control is exercised
32. scty of capital	n.	the state of being in short supply; a small and inadequate amount
33. pot of the poor	adj.	having the least wealth or resources
34. upd the law	v.	to support or defend something, such as a law, idea, decision, etc.
35. rene customer experience	v.	to change the meaning or interpretation of something; to make people think about something in a new or different way
36. a pal of lies	n.	something wrapped in paper so that it can be carried or sent by post
37. an ecoal meal	adj.	providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary
38. mast displeasure	v.	to show something such as feeling, attitude, quality, etc. clearly through signs or actions
39. mio force sensor	n.	extremely small in scale or scope; one millionth
40. a tour guide at the tee	n.	a place of worship, especially one that is associated with a particular religion or faith; the flat area on either side of the forehead

ANSWERS: 30. probable, 31. jurisdiction, 32. scarcity, 33. poorest, 34. uphold, 35. redefine, 36. parcel, 37. economical, 38. manifest, 39. micro, 40. temple

41. ree collection	n.	a set of instructions for preparing a dish, including the ingredients and the method of cooking
42. perte a myth	<i>v</i> .	to make something continue or prevail for a long time
43. labry accident	n.	a workplace for doing scientific research or teaching science; a lab
44. poy alleviation	n.	the condition of being extremely poor
45. reze achievement	v.	to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
46. trrm heat into power	<i>v</i> .	to change in outward structure or looks;
47. excary clause	adj.	tending to exclude or keep out certain groups, individuals, or ideas; characterized by the exclusion of others
48. ener a crisis	ν.	to make a feeling or situation exist; to cause or give rise to
49. leer from a party	adj.	not consumed or used at the end of something
50. new dion	n.	a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length
51. good govce	n.	the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes
52. beg to different species	v.	to be the property of someone or something; to be a member or part of a group; to be in the proper or appropriate place

ANSWERS: 41. recipe, 42. perpetuate, 43. laboratory, 44. poverty, 45. recognize, 46. transform, 47. exclusionary, 48. engender, 49. leftover, 50. dimension, 51. governance, 52. belong

n.	the violation of a law, duty, or moral principle
adj.	relating to the social and economic factors that shape an individual, group, or community, particularly in terms of income, occupation, education, and social class
v.	to make a feeling or situation exist; to cause or give rise to
adj.	of little value or importance
n.	someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
ν.	to give or show particular importance to something
v.	to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something
n.	the status of being a member of a particular country
n.	a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
ν.	to form a mental image or concept of something; to make something visible
adj.	relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
v.	to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away
	adj. v. adj. n. v. v. n. n. v. v. adj.

ANSWERS: 53. transgression, 54. socioeconomic, 55. engender, 56. trivial, 57. critic, 58. emphasize, 59. engage, 60. citizenship, 61. conflict, 62. visualize, 63. creative, 64. dispose

65. higher pixel dey	n.	the quality of compactness of a substance
66. infure cost	n.	the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies
67. language adaon	n.	the action or process of changing to suit different conditions
68. urn planning	adj.	relating to or located in a town or city
69. imry number	adj.	existing only in someone's mind
70. marze dissenting voices	v.	to treat a person or group as insignificant or unimportant; to push to the edge or margin of society or a group; to exclude from power or influence
71. dycs of group	n.	the branch of mechanics that deals with the motion of bodies under the action of forces, including the particular case in which a body remains at rest; forces that produce or stimulate movement, growth, or change
72. boded with delight	ν.	to move forward by leaps and bounds; to form the boundary of something
73. trte the emotion to a movement	ν.	to convert or change words into another language
74. a trl man	adj.	of little value or importance
75. local jurion	n.	the extent or range of authority, power, or control exercised by a particular entity or organization, such as a government or court; the area within which such authority or control is exercised

ANSWERS: 65. density, 66. infrastructure, 67. adaptation, 68. urban, 69. imaginary, 70. marginalize, 71. dynamics, 72. bound, 73. translate, 74. trivial, 75. jurisdiction

76.	roller ske	n.	a type of footwear that has a blade attached to its sole for skating on ice or other hard surfaces; an activity or sport that involves gliding on skates on ice or other hard surfaces
77.	a material wis	n.	a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident
78.	reoze his debts	v.	to change to a more sufficient or suitable form of organization
79.	police bade	n.	a barrier, often improvised or temporary, used to block passage or protect against danger or attack
80.	siar goal	n.	being only one of its kind; unique
81.	prly affect adults	adv.	mainly
82.	funal rights	adj.	forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
83.	insnal bank	adj.	of, in, or relating to a large important organization, such as a university or bank; organized as or forming part of the standard systems, practices, etc.
84.	field of artificial intnce	n.	the ability to learn, comprehend, or make judgments or conclusions based on reasons
85.	the setnt of a dispute	n.	an official agreement that brings an argument to a close; the process of establishing permanent residence in a place.

ANSWERS: 76. skate, 77. witness, 78. reorganize, 79. barricade, 80. singular, 81. primarily, 82. fundamental, 83. institutional, 84. intelligence, 85. settlement

to officially force a new law, tax, duty, 86. im e tariffs v. etc. to be obeyed or received a design or symbol that represents a 87. a national em m n. quality or idea 88. start a new th d a fine cord of natural or synthetic fibers n. or filaments, such as cotton or nylon, used in sewing, knitting, or weaving; a series of connected messages or comments on a social media platform or online forum, often related to a particular topic; a sequence or line of events, ideas, or actions that are connected or related; (verb) to pass a thread through a needle or other small opening, in preparation for sewing or stitching an area under the control of a ruler or 89. acquire te____ry n. state 90. wi s of the car accident a person who sees something happen, n. especially a crime or an accident the amount used or eaten; the act of 91. average fuel con on n. using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials 92. pile of de s broken or torn fragments of something n. 93. dielectric pol____ion the division or separation of something n. into two opposing or contrasting groups or factions; the condition of being polarized or having poles 94. go n a public enterprise to legally control and direct a country, v. city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services

ANSWERS: 86. impose, 87. emblem, 88. thread, 89. territory, 90. witness, 91. consumption, 92. debris, 93. polarization, 94. govern

95.	sm dwellers	n.	a heavily populated urban area characterized by poor, run-down housing and infrastructure, often associated with poverty and social neglect
96.	ine a feeling of curiosity	v.	to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative
97.	the bory between reality and fantasy	n.	a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places
98.	te my patience	v.	to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued; (noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving
99.	a std hormone	n.	any of several organic compounds that are produced in the body and have important physiological effects and affect the development and growth of sex organs
100	 child of ill immigrants 	adj.	not allowed by law
101	. sete video into chapter	v.	to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
102	2. ury in the use of force	n.	the quality of being very important and needing to be dealt with immediately
103	8. emed systems	adj.	fixed firmly into the surface of something

ANSWERS: 95. slum, 96. inspire, 97. boundary, 98. tire, 99. steroid, 100. illegal, 101. separate, 102. urgency, 103. embedded

104. ine his privacy	v.	to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation
105. management conor	n.	a person or company that enters into a contract to provide materials or labor to perform a specific task or service
106. material weh	n.	a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
107. new and comng evidence	adj.	arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration
108. reoze a department	v.	to change to a more sufficient or suitable form of organization
109. the traion of a tadpole into a frog	n.	a complete change in form, nature, or appearance of someone or something
110. dee a question	ν.	to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
111. polion effect	n.	the division or separation of something into two opposing or contrasting groups or factions; the condition of being polarized or having poles
112. dee on a course of action	v.	to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
113. electrical gae door	n.	a building or part of a building used to store a vehicle or vehicles, typically a car
114. croder cooperation	adj.	relating to or involving movement, interaction, or communication between different countries or regions, especially those that share a common border

ANSWERS: 104. invade, 105. contractor, 106. wealth, 107. compelling, 108. reorganize, 109. transformation, 110. decide, 111. polarization, 112. decide, 113. garage, 114. cross-border

115. catchy sln	n.	a short, catchy phrase or motto that is used by a person, organization, or company to promote a particular product, cause, or idea
116. a picture fre	n.	a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window
117. are passionately	V.	to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
118. cont the issue	ν.	to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person
119. evt a person from his home	ν.	to expel someone from a property, especially with the support of the law
120. siar purpose	n.	being only one of its kind; unique
121. muon of DNA	n.	the way in which genes of a person, plant, animal, or other organism change and produce permanent differences
122. industrial ser	n.	a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
123. inbe in her mind clearly	v.	to write or carve something on a surface, especially as a formal or permanent record
124. wooden buow	n.	a small, single-story house, often with a front porch or veranda that is typically made of wood or adobe; a type of dwelling that is popular in warm climates, particularly in locations near water

ANSWERS: 115. slogan, 116. frame, 117. argue, 118. confront, 119. evict, 120. singular, 121. mutation, 122. sector, 123. inscribe, 124. bungalow

125. nae belief	adj.	showing unaffected simplicity and lack of experience, wisdom, or judgment
126. rek the role of the manager	<i>v</i> .	to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it
127. hereditary muon	n.	the way in which genes of a person, plant, animal, or other organism change and produce permanent differences
128. major defense conor	n.	a person or company that enters into a contract to provide materials or labor to perform a specific task or service
129. pl off easily	ν.	to remove the skin of fruit and vegetables
130. bod up a staircase	<i>v</i> .	to move forward by leaps and bounds; to form the boundary of something
131. exed vacation	adj.	longer than usual or anticipated
132. por society	adj.	relating to the period following a war, particularly World War II; characterized by the rebuilding and recovery of countries and societies
133. eme from poverty	ν.	to move out of or away from something and become visible
134. energy-efnt appliances	adj.	performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials
135. cont a global warming	v.	to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person

ANSWERS: 125. naive, 126. rethink, 127. mutation, 128. contractor, 129. peel, 130. bound, 131. extended, 132. postwar, 133. emerge, 134. efficient, 135. confront

136. an imnt from the country	n.	a person who has come to a country where they were not born to live there permanently
137. genetic homty	n.	the quality or state of being homogeneous; uniformity in composition or character
138. class obson day	n.	the act or activity of carefully examining or monitoring something or someone
139. excary practices	adj.	tending to exclude or keep out certain groups, individuals, or ideas; characterized by the exclusion of others
140. munity services	n.	a city, town, or local government organization that has governing authority over a specific geographic area
141. ill drugs	adj.	not allowed by law
142. stacs for cancer	n.	the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
143. r_b a glass window	ν.	to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure
144. the frrk of a house	n.	the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text
145. preus financial situation	adj.	not securely held or in position; dangerously unstable or uncertain; dependent on chance or uncertain conditions

ANSWERS: 136. immigrant, 137. homogeneity, 138. observation, 139. exclusionary, 140. municipality, 141. illegal, 142. statistics, 143. rub, 144. framework, 145. precarious

146. cultural ene	n.	a distinct portion of territory or a community that is completely surrounded by another territory or community; a small, isolated group or area within a larger community or society
147. foreign poy	n.	a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
148. insize a system	v.	to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)
149. insize customary laws	v.	to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)
150. nave poetry	n.	a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story
151. reon between cause and effect	n.	the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
152. the movement of mit birds	n.	a traveler who moves from one region or country to another, especially to find work or better living conditions; a bird or an animal that moves from one place to another
153. emze her words	v.	to give or show particular importance to something

ANSWERS: 146. enclave, 147. policy, 148. institutionalize, 149. institutionalize, 150. narrative, 151. relation, 152. migrant, 153. emphasize

154. a sonic bm	n.	a sudden increase in economic activity, or a sudden happening that brings good fortune; a deep, loud, and prolonged sound
155. reit an electronic system	v.	to put a new component or accessory into a machine that did not initially have it when manufactured
156. cognitive comty	n.	the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
157. legal frrk	n.	the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text
158. imry pregnancy	adj.	existing only in someone's mind
159. stl beam	n.	a strong metal alloy made up of iron with typically a few tenths of a percent of carbon used for making things that need a strong structure
160. matter of ury	n.	the quality of being very important and needing to be dealt with immediately
161. financial crs	n.	a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
162. a chk of money	n.	a thick and solid mass or piece of something
163. geographical bory	n.	a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places

ANSWERS: 154. boom, 155. retrofit, 156. complexity, 157. framework, 158. imaginary, 159. steel, 160. urgency, 161. crisis, 162. chunk, 163. boundary

164. town management	adj.	controlled or implemented from the highest level of authority or management
165. rer to a map	ν.	to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support
166. beach buow	n.	a small, single-story house, often with a front porch or veranda that is typically made of wood or adobe; a type of dwelling that is popular in warm climates, particularly in locations near water
167. ree the cardboard boxes	v.	to sort and collect things to process them and produce valuable materials that can be used again
168. blood-dwng parasitic animal	n.	a house or place that someone is living in
169. prol breach	n.	a set of rules or procedures for transmitting data or conducting a process or activity, especially in computer networks or scientific experiments; the initial or original version of an agreement
170. dycs of economy	n.	the branch of mechanics that deals with the motion of bodies under the action of forces, including the particular case in which a body remains at rest; forces that produce or stimulate movement, growth, or change

ANSWERS: 164. top-down, 165. refer, 166. bungalow, 167. recycle, 168. dwelling, 169. protocol, 170. dynamics

171. town approach	adj.	controlled or implemented from the highest level of authority or management
172. gae repair	n.	a building or part of a building used to store a vehicle or vehicles, typically a car
173. exed payment	adj.	longer than usual or anticipated
174. snow shl	n.	a tool with a handle and broad scoop or blade used for digging or moving Earth, coal, snow, or other granular materials
175. rene the possibilities	v.	to imagine or conceive of something in a new or different way
176. setnt in a new house	n.	an official agreement that brings an argument to a close; the process of establishing permanent residence in a place.
177. romze the idea of love	v.	to make something seem more attractive or appealing than it is, especially by exaggerating or idealizing its qualities; to view or present something in a romantic or sentimental way
178. exd a lineup	v.	to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance
179. preus job	adj.	not securely held or in position; dangerously unstable or uncertain; dependent on chance or uncertain conditions
180. chaotic envnt	n.	the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

ANSWERS: 171. top-down, 172. garage, 173. extended, 174. shovel, 175. reimagine, 176. settlement, 177. romanticize, 178. expand, 179. precarious, 180. environment

181. urt situation	adj.	requiring immediate attention or action; pressing
182. comty theory	n.	the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
183. industry-spic regulations	adj.	clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise
184. decision-making prs	n.	a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
185. efnt operation	adj.	performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials
186. ine him to write a novel	ν.	to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative
187. crs management	n.	a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
188. dep a strategy	v.	to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

ANSWERS: 181. urgent, 182. complexity, 183. specific, 184. process, 185. efficient, 186. inspire, 187. crisis, 188. develop

189. private ser	n.	a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
190. mast as the word	v.	to show something such as feeling, attitude, quality, etc. clearly through signs or actions
191. open to intion	n.	an explanation or opinion of something, especially that is not immediately obvious
192. upd tradition	v.	to support or defend something, such as a law, idea, decision, etc.
193. personal nave	n.	a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story
194. trrm an education system	<i>v</i> .	to change in outward structure or looks;
195. a nation's right to gon	v.	to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
196. envnt affairs	n.	the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
197. historical comum	n.	a concise or comprehensive collection of information or knowledge on a particular subject or topic; a summary or compilation of various texts, articles, or data
198. an ined balloon	adj.	swollen or blown up, especially with air or gas; excessively or unreasonably high

ANSWERS: 189. sector, 190. manifest, 191. interpretation, 192. uphold, 193. narrative, 194. transform, 195. govern, 196. environment, 197. compendium, 198. inflated

199. std abuse	n.	any of several organic compounds that are produced in the body and have important physiological effects and affect the development and growth of sex organs
200. the fre of the policy	n.	a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window
201. the crosswise dion	n.	a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length
202. cast a traion spell	n.	a complete change in form, nature, or appearance of someone or something
203. are a case	V.	to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
204. an ene for foreign residents	n.	a distinct portion of territory or a community that is completely surrounded by another territory or community; a small, isolated group or area within a larger community or society
205. nae mistake	adj.	showing unaffected simplicity and lack of experience, wisdom, or judgment
206. expanded fry	n.	a major highway designed for high-speed traffic, with no stoplights or grade crossings and having interchanges or access roads to other highways

ANSWERS: 199. steroid, 200. frame, 201. dimension, 202. transformation, 203. argue, 204. enclave, 205. naive, 206. freeway

207. surng areas	adj.	that is near or around, or closely encircling something
208. reze talent	v.	to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
209. trte a document into English	v.	to convert or change words into another language
210. spic instructions	adj.	clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise
211. sete cream from milk	v.	to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
212. art crc	n.	someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
213. in great nety	n.	the state or fact of being needed; anything indispensable
214. intended prly for young people	adv.	mainly
215. space des	n.	broken or torn fragments of something
216. the dwng place of demons	n.	a house or place that someone is living in
217. commit a traion	n.	the violation of a law, duty, or moral principle
218. ene in environmental protection activities	v.	to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something
219. exd agricultural output	v.	to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance

ANSWERS: 207. surrounding, 208. recognize, 209. translate, 210. specific, 211. separate, 212. critic, 213. necessity, 214. primarily, 215. debris, 216. dwelling, 217. transgression, 218. engage, 219. expand

220. anthropology labry	n.	a workplace for doing scientific research or teaching science; a lab
221. nete a settlement	v.	to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement
222. the coct between good and evil	n.	a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
223. draft a prol	n.	a set of rules or procedures for transmitting data or conducting a process or activity, especially in computer networks or scientific experiments; the initial or original version of an agreement
224. an inle asset	adj.	impossible or nearly impossible to see
225. pal of land	n.	something wrapped in paper so that it can be carried or sent by post
226. in an eqle manner	adj.	fair and impartial; treating everyone fairly
227. mit worker	n.	a traveler who moves from one region or country to another, especially to find work or better living conditions; a bird or an animal that moves from one place to another
228. ree book	n.	a set of instructions for preparing a dish, including the ingredients and the method of cooking
229. intion education	n.	a preliminary explanation or remarks given before the start of a text, performance, or event; the act of bringing something new into existence or introducing something to a wider audience or new market

ANSWERS: 220. laboratory, 221. negotiate, 222. conflict, 223. protocol, 224. invisible, 225. parcel, 226. equitable, 227. migrant, 228. recipe, 229. introduction

230. inve education	adj.	including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something
231. trass boundaries	v.	to break the law or moral code; to go beyond or exceed the limits or boundaries of something
232. por years	adj.	relating to the period following a war, particularly World War II; characterized by the rebuilding and recovery of countries and societies
233. ske park	n.	a type of footwear that has a blade attached to its sole for skating on ice or other hard surfaces; an activity or sport that involves gliding on skates on ice or other hard surfaces
234. fuel scty	n.	the state of being in short supply; a small and inadequate amount
235. only a mot fee	adj.	having or showing a humble estimate of one's merits, importance, etc.; free from vanity, egotism, boastfulness, or great pretensions
236. fuse a charity fund	v.	to collect or solicit funds or donations, typically for a charity, nonprofit organization, or political campaign, often through events, campaigns, or online platforms
237. the cycle of poy	n.	the condition of being extremely poor
238. self-intion	n.	a preliminary explanation or remarks given before the start of a text, performance, or event; the act of bringing something new into existence or introducing something to a wider audience or new market

ANSWERS: 230. inclusive, 231. transgress, 232. postwar, 233. skate, 234. scarcity, 235. modest, 236. fundraise, 237. poverty, 238. introduction

239. sund a town	ν.	to be all around something or somebody
240. fuse for a new shelter	v.	to collect or solicit funds or donations, typically for a charity, nonprofit organization, or political campaign, often through events, campaigns, or online platforms
241. magnetic stl	n.	a strong metal alloy made up of iron with typically a few tenths of a percent of carbon used for making things that need a strong structure
242. trass against the rules	v.	to break the law or moral code; to go beyond or exceed the limits or boundaries of something
243. shl blade	n.	a tool with a handle and broad scoop or blade used for digging or moving Earth, coal, snow, or other granular materials
244. ren a lawyer	v.	to keep or continue to possess or maintain something
245. croder relations	adj.	relating to or involving movement, interaction, or communication between different countries or regions, especially those that share a common border
246. ime harsher sanctions	<i>v</i> .	to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received
247. marze minorities	v.	to treat a person or group as insignificant or unimportant; to push to the edge or margin of society or a group; to exclude from power or influence

ANSWERS: 239. surround, 240. fundraise, 241. steel, 242. transgress, 243. shovel, 244. retain, 245. cross-border, 246. impose, 247. marginalize

248. inety in salary	n.	the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different
249. mio bubble	n.	extremely small in scale or scope; one millionth
250. cellular dion	n.	the act or outcome of splitting into separate parts; a critical organizational unit or sector
251. arct of the peace accord	n.	a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings
252. funny ante	n.	a short and amusing or interesting story about a real incident or person
253. sm area	n.	a heavily populated urban area characterized by poor, run-down housing and infrastructure, often associated with poverty and social neglect
254. inbe a message	v.	to write or carve something on a surface, especially as a formal or permanent record
255. fry exit	n.	a major highway designed for high-speed traffic, with no stoplights or grade crossings and having interchanges or access roads to other highways
256. health poy	n.	a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

ANSWERS: 248. inequality, 249. micro, 250. division, 251. architect, 252. anecdote, 253. slum, 254. inscribe, 255. freeway, 256. policy

257. soil homty	n.	the quality or state of being homogeneous; uniformity in composition or character
258. write him an answer immly	adv.	now or without delay
259. inle stars	adj.	impossible or nearly impossible to see
260. landscape arct	n.	a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings
261. te pressure	v.	to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued; (noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving
262. dis solutions	v.	to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
263. address insnal constraints	adj.	of, in, or relating to a large important organization, such as a university or bank; organized as or forming part of the standard systems, practices, etc.
264. die of a used product	v.	to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away
265. non-urbion area	n.	the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture

ANSWERS: 257. homogeneity, 258. immediately, 259. invisible, 260. architect, 261. tire, 262. discuss, 263. institutional, 264. dispose, 265. urbanization

266. principles of decy	n.	a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
267. tre from his eyes	v.	to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities
268. the conon of food	n.	the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
269. obson instrument	n.	the act or activity of carefully examining or monitoring something or someone
270. funal education	adj.	forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
271. evt squatter	ν.	to expel someone from a property, especially with the support of the law
272. immon control	n.	the act or process of coming to live permanently in a foreign country
273. gry annex	n.	a grandmother; an older adult, especially one who is seen as conservative or cautious, often used as a term of affection or familiarity
274. emerging natate	n.	a sovereign political entity that is composed of a nation, which is a group of people who share a common cultural, linguistic, or ethnic identity
275. personal ante	n.	a short and amusing or interesting story about a real incident or person

ANSWERS: 266. democracy, 267. trickle, 268. consumption, 269. observation, 270. fundamental, 271. evict, 272. immigration, 273. granny, 274. nation-state, 275. anecdote

276. ine other tissues	v.	to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation
277. coal swimming pool	adj.	belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
278. inting braid	adj.	fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole
279. thd a catheter	n.	a fine cord of natural or synthetic fibers or filaments, such as cotton or nylon, used in sewing, knitting, or weaving; a series of connected messages or comments on a social media platform or online forum, often related to a particular topic; a sequence or line of events, ideas, or actions that are connected or related; (verb) to pass a thread through a needle or other small opening, in preparation for sewing or stitching
280. a sheltered har	n.	an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession
281. illte a key point	v.	to provide pictures, photographs, diagrams, etc. in a book or something for explanation
282. trle shape	n.	a three-sided polygon with three angles; something that has three sides or parts
283. bm in sales	n.	a sudden increase in economic activity, or a sudden happening that brings good fortune; a deep, loud, and prolonged sound

ANSWERS: 276. invade, 277. communal, 278. interlocking, 279. thread, 280. harbor, 281. illustrate, 282. triangle, 283. boom

284. perte chronic pain	v.	to make something continue or prevail for a long time
285. principles of susle development	adj.	able to continue or be continued for a long time
286. crve writing	adj.	relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
287. gry leave	n.	a grandmother; an older adult, especially one who is seen as conservative or cautious, often used as a term of affection or familiarity
288. har a resentment	n.	an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession
289. an eqle price	adj.	fair and impartial; treating everyone fairly
290. spl out luxuriously on the sofa	v.	to sit, lie, or fall with one's arms and legs spread out
291. source of inson	n.	something that motivates or encourages someone to create or achieve something, or a feeling of excitement or creativity
292. adaon ability	n.	the action or process of changing to suit different conditions
293. acute emcy	n.	a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action

ANSWERS: 284. perpetuate, 285. sustainable, 286. creative, 287. granny, 288. harbor, 289. equitable, 290. sprawl, 291. inspiration, 292. adaptation, 293. emergency

294. mot income	adj.	having or showing a humble estimate of one's merits, importance, etc.; free from vanity, egotism, boastfulness, or great pretensions
295. eme as a butterfly	ν.	to move out of or away from something and become visible
296. inI the cavity with a dental filling	v.	to fill in or complete a space, usually by adding material to fill gaps or voids; (noun) the act of filling in or adding material to a space or gap, often used in construction or architecture to describe the process of filling in open spaces in a building or development
297. imnt communities	n.	a person who has come to a country where they were not born to live there permanently
298. urn property owners	adj.	relating to or located in a town or city
299. an age of abce	n.	a significant amount of something; the situation in which there is too much of something
300. munity taxes	n.	a city, town, or local government organization that has governing authority over a specific geographic area
301. make dric changes	adj.	very sudden, very excellent, or full of action and excitement
302. tre down my cheek	v.	to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities

ANSWERS: 294. modest, 295. emerge, 296. infill, 297. immigrant, 298. urban, 299. abundance, 300. municipality, 301. dramatic, 302. trickle

303. a tiny chk of meat	n.	a thick and solid mass or piece of something
304. dep a skill	v.	to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
305. an abce of examples	n.	a significant amount of something; the situation in which there is too much of something
306. inI development	v.	to fill in or complete a space, usually by adding material to fill gaps or voids; (noun) the act of filling in or adding material to a space or gap, often used in construction or architecture to describe the process of filling in open spaces in a building or development
307. official stacs	n.	the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
308. spl for acres	v.	to sit, lie, or fall with one's arms and legs spread out
309. urban dicts	n.	a part of a country or town, especially one with particular features
310. illte a story	v.	to provide pictures, photographs, diagrams, etc. in a book or something for explanation
311. dion chief	n.	the act or outcome of splitting into separate parts; a critical organizational unit or sector

ANSWERS: 303. chunk, 304. develop, 305. abundance, 306. infill, 307. statistics, 308. sprawl, 309. district, 310. illustrate, 311. division

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312. coct a dam	v.	to build or create something; to assemble or combine different parts to form something whole
313. undergo a surgical prre	n.	a way of doing something, especially the official or well-known way
314. standard prre	n.	a way of doing something, especially the official or well-known way
315. love trle	n.	a three-sided polygon with three angles something that has three sides or parts
316. tell a comng story	adj.	arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration
317. pot area	adj.	having the least wealth or resources
318. bade fencing	n.	a barrier, often improvised or temporary, used to block passage or protect against danger or attack
319. dis options	v.	to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
320. ecy of scale	n.	the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
321. rek a marketing plan	v.	to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it
322. sub life	n.	an outlying district or residential area of a city or town, typically comprising middle-class and affluent neighborhoods

ANSWERS: 312. construct, 313. procedure, 314. procedure, 315. triangle, 316. compelling, 317. poorest, 318. barricade, 319. discuss, 320. economy, 321. rethink, 322. suburb

323. natate autonomy	n.	a sovereign political entity that is composed of a nation, which is a group of people who share a common cultural, linguistic, or ethnic identity
324. p_l a fruit	v.	to remove the skin of fruit and vegetables
325. leer goods	adj.	not consumed or used at the end of something
326. reon of inclusion	n.	the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
327. tht a plate away	v.	to push or drive forcibly; to impose or insert; (noun) the force used in pushing
328. reit applications	v.	to put a new component or accessory into a machine that did not initially have it when manufactured
329. nete the price of the house	v.	to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement
330. negon process	n.	the process of discussing and reaching an agreement with others
331. inting mechanism	adj.	fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole
332. an intnce test	n.	the ability to learn, comprehend, or make judgments or conclusions based on reasons
333. corporate govce	n.	the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes
334. immon application	n.	the act or process of coming to live permanently in a foreign country

ANSWERS: 323. nation-state, 324. peel, 325. leftover, 326. relation, 327. thrust, 328. retrofit, 329. negotiate, 330. negotiation, 331. interlocking, 332. intelligence, 333. governance, 334. immigration

335. coct a 3D image	V.	to build or create something; to assemble or combine different parts to form something whole
336. comum of recipes	n.	a concise or comprehensive collection of information or knowledge on a particular subject or topic; a summary or compilation of various texts, articles, or data
337. enthip culture	n.	the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one
338. the nety of the concrete measure	n.	the state or fact of being needed; anything indispensable
339. ecoal use of her time	adj.	providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary
340. an urt telegram	adj.	requiring immediate attention or action; pressing
341. sub development	n.	an outlying district or residential area of a city or town, typically comprising middle-class and affluent neighborhoods
342. a dric rescue at sea	adj.	very sudden, very excellent, or full of action and excitement
343. LED-emed glass	adj.	fixed firmly into the surface of something
344. ree milk packaging into new paper	v.	to sort and collect things to process them and produce valuable materials that can be used again

ANSWERS: 335. construct, 336. compendium, 337. entrepreneurship, 338. necessity, 339. economical, 340. urgent, 341. suburb, 342. dramatic, 343. embedded, 344. recycle

345. ined prices	 adj. swollen or blown up, especially with air or gas; excessively or unreasonably high
346. a fully inve price	adj. including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something
347. a stone wall sunds the palace	 v. to be all around something or somebody
348. immly recall a product	adv. now or without delay
349. an enng smile	adj. attracting, pleasant, or charming
350. prs improvement	 a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
351. romze the past	 v. to make something seem more attractive or appealing than it is, especially by exaggerating or idealizing its qualities; to view or present something in a romantic or sentimental way
352. IT infure	<i>n.</i> the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies

ANSWERS: 345. inflated, 346. inclusive, 347. surround, 348. immediately, 349. engaging, 350. process, 351. romanticize, 352. infrastructure

353. pr___le outcome

354. te___e complex

- *adj.* likely to happen or likely to be true
- *n.* a place of worship, especially one that is associated with a particular religion or faith; the flat area on either side of the forehead

ANSWERS: 353. probable, 354. temple

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. The manufacturing industry is ______ fierce competition.
- *n.* a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident
- 2. The company's ______ approach has been highly effective.
- *n.* the action or process of changing to suit different conditions
- 3. The cozy ______ nestled in the forest was the perfect weekend getaway.
- *n*. a small, single-story house, often with a front porch or veranda that is typically made of wood or adobe; a type of dwelling that is popular in warm climates, particularly in locations near water
- 4. Do you know the _____ of the population in Hong Kong?
- *n.* the quality of compactness of a substance
- 5. Radiation often promotes genetic _____ in plants and animals.
- *n.* the way in which genes of a person, plant, animal, or other organism change and produce permanent differences
- 6. The high-technology industry is enjoying a _____.
- *n*. a sudden increase in economic activity, or a sudden happening that brings good fortune; a deep, loud, and prolonged sound
- 7. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.
- *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
- 8. The problem with achievement tests is the narrowness they _____ on students.
- v. to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received

ANSWERS: 1. witnessing, 2. adaptation, 3. bungalow, 4. density, 5. mutations, 6. boom, 7. wealth, 8. impose

- 9. The scientist conducted a study that provided ______ details about the species' behavior.
- *adj.* clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise
- 10. Since 2001, the _____ has provided training programs for automotive technicians.
- *n.* a part of a country or town, especially one with particular features
- 11. Animal protection groups call for an end to animal testing in a _____
- *n.* a workplace for doing scientific research or teaching science; a lab
- 12. The lush vegetation ______ across the wonderfully landscaped gardens.
- *v*. to sit, lie, or fall with one's arms and legs spread out
- 13. The government needs to invest more in affordable housing options to reduce the number of people living in _____.
- *n.* a heavily populated urban area characterized by poor, run-down housing and infrastructure, often associated with poverty and social neglect
- 14. The government is investing in programs to support ______ and small business development.
- *n.* the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one
- 15. The problem seemed ______ initially, but it became a significant issue.
- *adj.* of little value or importance
- 16. Water was beginning to ______ into the basement after the heavy rain.
 - v. to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities

ANSWERS: 9. specific, 10. district, 11. laboratory, 12. sprawls, 13. slums, 14. entrepreneurship, 15. trivial, 16. trickle

- 17. She entertained the guests with ______ about her travels and experiences.
- *n.* a short and amusing or interesting story about a real incident or person
- 18. We have to discuss the ______ reforms of our country.
- *adj.* of, in, or relating to a large important organization, such as a university or bank; organized as or forming part of the standard systems, practices, etc.
- 19. He wandered the _____ between life and death by gunfire.
- *n*. a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places
- 20. The Chinese word for _____ comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.
- *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
- 21. The Prime Minister _____ his regret for his neighbors
- *v.* to show something such as feeling, attitude, quality, etc. clearly through signs or actions
- 22. The detective followed a _____ of clues which ultimately led to the suspect's arrest.
 - *n*. a fine cord of natural or synthetic fibers or filaments, such as cotton or nylon, used in sewing, knitting, or weaving; a series of connected messages or comments on a social media platform or online forum, often related to a particular topic; a sequence or line of events, ideas, or actions that are connected or related; (verb) to pass a thread through a needle or other small opening, in preparation for sewing or stitching
- 23. She tried to ______ the layout of the new house in her mind.
- v. to form a mental image or concept of something; to make something visible

ANSWERS: 17. anecdotes, 18. institutional, 19. boundary, 20. crisis, 21. manifested, 22. thread, 23. visualize

- 24. He runs a _____ delivery company.
- *n.* something wrapped in paper so that it can be carried or sent by post
- 25. She has been practicing an ice _____ routine for months
 - *n.* a type of footwear that has a blade attached to its sole for skating on ice or other hard surfaces; an activity or sport that involves gliding on skates on ice or other hard surfaces
- 26. She had a ______ hold on the ladder and was afraid to move.
- *adj.* not securely held or in position; dangerously unstable or uncertain; dependent on chance or uncertain conditions
- 27. The company's new ______ on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.
- *n*. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
- 28. Generally speaking, the child is innately ______ to learn a language.
- *v.* to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away
- 29. He devised a new analytical ______ to capture the phenomenon.
- *n.* the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text
- 30. The regulations ______ medical malpractice claims are rigorous.
 - v. to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services

ANSWERS: 24. parcel, 25. skate, 26. precarious, 27. policy, 28. disposed, 29. framework, 30. governing

- 31. The ______ chip in my credit card allows me to make contactless payments. *adj.* fixed firmly into the surface of something
- 32. She departed hurriedly because of some significant ______ in their affairs.
- *n.* the quality of being very important and needing to be dealt with immediately
- 33. The protestors built a ______ to prevent police from entering the area.
- *n.* a barrier, often improvised or temporary, used to block passage or protect against danger or attack
- 34. There are several causes of economic ______ within societies.
- *n.* the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different
- 35. The president declared a state of _____.
- *n.* a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action
- 36. ______ often entails inclusive capitalism as well.
- *n.* a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
- 37. Little children tend to have ______ friends.
- *adj.* existing only in someone's mind
- 38. The detective looked for fingerprints on the window _____.
- *n.* a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window

ANSWERS: 31. embedded, 32. urgency, 33. barricade, 34. inequality, 35. emergency, 36. Democracy, 37. imaginary, 38. frame

- 39. The new washing machine is much more ______ than the old one.
- *adj.* performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials
- 40. The company spent months researching and testing different brand ______ before finally settling on 'Just Do It' as their new tagline.
- *n.* a short, catchy phrase or motto that is used by a person, organization, or company to promote a particular product, cause, or idea
- 41. The ______ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
 - *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
- 42. He parked his car in the private _____.
- *n.* a building or part of a building used to store a vehicle or vehicles, typically a car
- 43. It is easy to ______ a new job or opportunity, but it is important to remain objective and realistic about the challenges that come with it
 - v. to make something seem more attractive or appealing than it is, especially by exaggerating or idealizing its qualities; to view or present something in a romantic or sentimental way
- 44. The couple began to _____ over which restaurant to go to for dinner.
- *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
- 45. In a democratic country, governments promote ______ opportunities to participate in society.
- adj. fair and impartial; treating everyone fairly

ANSWERS: 39. efficient, 40. slogans, 41. economy, 42. garage, 43. romanticize, 44. argue, 45. equitable

- 46. The judge may _____ the decision of the lower court.
- *v.* to support or defend something, such as a law, idea, decision, etc.
- 47. We need to ______ the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.
- *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
- 48. The athlete's ego became _____ by their success.
- *adj.* swollen or blown up, especially with air or gas; excessively or unreasonably high
- 49. He emphasized the _____ of immediate action.
 - *n.* the state or fact of being needed; anything indispensable
- 50. He grew up in the _____ but always dreamed of living in the city.
 - *n.* an outlying district or residential area of a city or town, typically comprising middle-class and affluent neighborhoods
- 51. That work ______ his fame.
 - *v.* to make something continue or prevail for a long time
- 52. A suspension order from the court is effective _____.
 - *adv.* now or without delay
- 53. We must ______ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.
 - v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

ANSWERS: 46. uphold, 47. discuss, 48. inflated, 49. necessity, 50. suburbs, 51. perpetuates, 52. immediately, 53. develop

- 54. _____ the text from Italian into English.
- *v.* to convert or change words into another language
- 55. It's important not to ______ certain groups of people based on their race, religion, or ethnicity.
- *v.* to treat a person or group as insignificant or unimportant; to push to the edge or margin of society or a group; to exclude from power or influence
- 56. Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their _____.
- *n.* someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
- 57. A _____ may involve putting in new door jambs.
 - *v.* to put a new component or accessory into a machine that did not initially have it when manufactured
- 58. Her ______ application was denied due to a technical error.
- *n.* the status of being a member of a particular country
- 59. My father's death _____ my life completely.
- v. to change in outward structure or looks;
- 60. Only a small number of _____ utilities offer sanitation services.
 - adj. relating to or located in a town or city
- 61. The Pythagorean theorem is used to calculate the length of the sides of a right
- *n.* a three-sided polygon with three angles; something that has three sides or parts

ANSWERS: 54. Translate, 55. marginalize, 56. critics, 57. retrofit, 58. citizenship, 59. transformed, 60. urban, 61. triangle

- 62. Canada _____ on the United States.
- *v.* to move forward by leaps and bounds; to form the boundary of something
- 63. Some ______ are banned for use by athletes because of their muscle-building effects.
 - *n.* any of several organic compounds that are produced in the body and have important physiological effects and affect the development and growth of sex organs
- 64. They incorporated the conquered ______ into their nation.
 - *n.* an area under the control of a ruler or state
- 65. In our country, water ______ usually decreases during the winter.
 - *n.* the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
- 66. Some research says that a relative decline in teacher salaries is causing labor
- *n.* the state of being in short supply; a small and inadequate amount
- 67. She was disbarred for her _____ in fraud.
- adj. attracting, pleasant, or charming
- 68. Seeing ______ smiling face whenever I visit her is always a treat.
- *n.* a grandmother; an older adult, especially one who is seen as conservative or cautious, often used as a term of affection or familiarity
- 69. The new housing development faced criticism for its ______ policies towards lower-income residents.
- *adj.* tending to exclude or keep out certain groups, individuals, or ideas; characterized by the exclusion of others

ANSWERS: 62. bounds, 63. steroids, 64. territory, 65. consumption, 66. scarcity, 67. engaging, 68. granny's, 69. exclusionary

- 70. He and I often had ______ not only in personality but also in ideology.
- *n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
- 71. The company has a strict ______ for handling sensitive information to ensure security.
- *n.* a set of rules or procedures for transmitting data or conducting a process or activity, especially in computer networks or scientific experiments; the initial or original version of an agreement
- 72. The company is trying to ______ its business model to stay competitive.
- *v.* to imagine or conceive of something in a new or different way
- 73. In terms of ______ he was head and shoulders above his classmates.
- *n.* the ability to learn, comprehend, or make judgments or conclusions based on reasons
- 74. The lack of diversity in the boardroom highlights the ______ of the company's leadership.
- *n.* the quality or state of being homogeneous; uniformity in composition or character
- 75. He visited the _____ to pray and make offerings to the gods.
 - *n.* a place of worship, especially one that is associated with a particular religion or faith; the flat area on either side of the forehead
- 76. Reporters questioned the politician about his past ______.
- *n.* the violation of a law, duty, or moral principle
- 77. The United Nations assists countries in building strong ______ frameworks and institutions.
- *n.* the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes

ANSWERS: 70. conflicts, 71. protocol, 72. reimagine, 73. intelligence, 74. homogeneity, 75. temple, 76. transgression, 77. governance

- 78. The construction workers will _____ the trench with concrete.
 - v. to fill in or complete a space, usually by adding material to fill gaps or voids; (noun) the act of filling in or adding material to a space or gap, often used in construction or architecture to describe the process of filling in open spaces in a building or development
- The government should do more to support environmentally ______ agriculture.
- *adj.* able to continue or be continued for a long time
- 80. The book is a comprehensive ______ of medical knowledge.
 - *n.* a concise or comprehensive collection of information or knowledge on a particular subject or topic; a summary or compilation of various texts, articles, or data
- 81. All the books in this section ______ to the library's rare collection and must be handled carefully.
 - v. to be the property of someone or something; to be a member or part of a group; to be in the proper or appropriate place
- 82. The university has established a capacity for each nationality as part of its _____ policy.
- *adj.* including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something
- 83. The _____ countries in the world often have the highest rates of malnutrition.
- *adj.* having the least wealth or resources
- 84. The landlord may ______ tenants for violations of the lease agreement.
 - *v.* to expel someone from a property, especially with the support of the law

ANSWERS: 78. infill, 79. sustainable, 80. compendium, 81. belong, 82. inclusive, 83. poorest, 84. evict

- 85. The ______ mayor held a press conference to announce a new initiative to reduce crime rates.
 - *n.* a city, town, or local government organization that has governing authority over a specific geographic area
- 86. The university campus is a small _____ of intellectual activity within the bustling city.
- *n.* a distinct portion of territory or a community that is completely surrounded by another territory or community; a small, isolated group or area within a larger community or society
- 87. The ______ conditions of a country can significantly affect its political stability.
- *adj.* relating to the social and economic factors that shape an individual, group, or community, particularly in terms of income, occupation, education, and social class
- 88. This approach employs both _____ and macro analysis methods.
- *n.* extremely small in scale or scope; one millionth
- 89. Rapid ______ has led to many environmental and social issues in cities.
 - *n.* the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture
- 90. The phenomenon is _____ at optical wavelengths.
- *adj.* impossible or nearly impossible to see
- 91. It's important to ______ your strengths and weaknesses.
 - v. to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered

ANSWERS: 85. municipality's, 86. enclave, 87. socioeconomic, 88. micro, 89. urbanization, 90. invisible, 91. recognize

- 92. All the supervisor has to do is assign tasks that make his subordinates more
- *adj.* relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
- 93. The company was fined for ______ environmental regulations.
- *v.* to break the law or moral code; to go beyond or exceed the limits or boundaries of something
- 94. It is more ______ to wash your plastic bottle and reuse it.
- *adj.* providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary
- 95. All peaceful cooperation is based ______ on mutual trust.

adv. mainly

- 96. The ______ to the new class was informative and engaging.
- *n.* a preliminary explanation or remarks given before the start of a text, performance, or event; the act of bringing something new into existence or introducing something to a wider audience or new market
- 97. The government revoked his license to employ _____ labor crews.
 - *n.* a traveler who moves from one region or country to another, especially to find work or better living conditions; a bird or an animal that moves from one place to another
- 98. The eagle is an _____ of strength and courage.
- *n.* a design or symbol that represents a quality or idea
- 99. The new policy aims to ______ the use of renewable energy sources.
- *v.* to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)

ANSWERS: 92. creative, 93. transgressing, 94. economical, 95. primarily, 96. introduction, 97. migrant, 98. emblem, 99. institutionalize

100. During colonial eras, new migratory patterns _____.

- *v.* to move out of or away from something and become visible
- 101. Aging societies tend to require huge costs for ______ maintenance.
- *n.* the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies
- 102. He ______ hypotheses that no mathematician has ever imagined before.
- v. to build or create something; to assemble or combine different parts to form something whole
- 103. The company's financial records _____ how successful it has been.
- *v.* to provide pictures, photographs, diagrams, etc. in a book or something for explanation
- 104. He finally decided to _____ problems directly.
- *v.* to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person

105. In the hospital, she will remain under constant _____.

- *n.* the act or activity of carefully examining or monitoring something or someone
- 106. ______ elections were held in several European countries.
- adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
- 107. The technology ______ is constantly evolving and innovating.
- *n.* a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
- 108. The ______ policy in this country is stringent, making it difficult for many people to obtain a visa.
- *n.* the act or process of coming to live permanently in a foreign country

ANSWERS: 100. emerged, 101. infrastructure, 102. constructs, 103. illustrate, 104. confront, 105. observation, 106. Communal, 107. sector, 108. immigration

- 109. It seems ______ that he has forgotten our scheduled meeting.
- *adj.* likely to happen or likely to be true
- 110. The relationship ______ between the two countries were complex and constantly changing.
 - *n.* the branch of mechanics that deals with the motion of bodies under the action of forces, including the particular case in which a body remains at rest; forces that produce or stimulate movement, growth, or change
- 111. The ______ puzzle pieces were difficult to separate.
- adj. fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole
- 112. The tsunami swamped every boat in the _____.
- *n.* an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession
- 113. We have to ______ our company's product lineup for further growth.
- v. to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it
- 114. She ______ the sore spot on her leg to ease the pain.
- *v*. to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure
- 115. The industrial ______ laws were passed with little to no alteration.
- *n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
- 116. The chef will make soup with the _____ ham bone.
- adj. not consumed or used at the end of something

ANSWERS: 109. probable, 110. dynamics, 111. interlocking, 112. harbor, 113. rethink, 114. rubbed, 115. relations, 116. leftover

- 117. The ______ management approach could have been more effective in implementing organizational changes.
- adj. controlled or implemented from the highest level of authority or management
- 118. Computers help people ______ specific memories.
- v. to keep or continue to possess or maintain something
- 119. A healthy farm provides an ______ of food.
- *n.* a significant amount of something; the situation in which there is too much of something
- 120. The ______ for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.
- *n*. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
- 121. The statement had a _____ impact on house prices.
- *adj.* very sudden, very excellent, or full of action and excitement
- 122. The ______ for the cake is passed down from generation to generation in her family.
- *n.* a set of instructions for preparing a dish, including the ingredients and the method of cooking
- 123. I need to _____ out my dog with a long walk so that he will sleep through the night.
 - v. to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued; (noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving

ANSWERS: 117. top-down, 118. retain, 119. abundance, 120. process, 121. dramatic, 122. recipe, 123. tire

- 124. The ______ beauty of the night sky never ceases to amaze him.
- *n.* being only one of its kind; unique
- 125. Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's _____
- *n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
- 126. Understanding unitary ______ of a normal matrix require considerable mathematical sophistication.
- *n.* a complete change in form, nature, or appearance of someone or something
- 127. Despite his many achievements, he remained _____ and down-to-earth.
- *adj.* having or showing a humble estimate of one's merits, importance, etc.; free from vanity, egotism, boastfulness, or great pretensions
- 128. The artist ______ a beautiful design on the surface of the vase.
- *v.* to write or carve something on a surface, especially as a formal or permanent record
- 129. The construction workers used a power _____ to dig the foundation for the building.
- *n*. a tool with a handle and broad scoop or blade used for digging or moving Earth, coal, snow, or other granular materials
- 130. Human behavior has ______ characteristics.
- *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
- 131. The engine _____ the rocket into space.
- *v*. to push or drive forcibly; to impose or insert; (noun) the force used in pushing

ANSWERS: 124. singular, 125. environment, 126. transformations, 127. modest, 128. inscribed, 129. shovel, 130. fundamental, 131. thrust

- 132. The ______ between the two countries was a delicate and complex process.
- *n.* the process of discussing and reaching an agreement with others
- 133. The video telephony application has ______ the way we work.
- v. to change the meaning or interpretation of something; to make people think about something in a new or different way
- 134. The new start-up company carved out a large _____ of the market within a year.
- *n.* a thick and solid mass or piece of something
- 135. The ______ of political views has created a deep divide in the country.
- *n.* the division or separation of something into two opposing or contrasting groups or factions; the condition of being polarized or having poles
- 136. We need to ______ the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.
- v. to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
- 137. The project's _____ made it difficult for the team to complete it on time.
- *n.* the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
- 138. The discussion about war helps ______ a sense of shared humanity.
 - *v.* to make a feeling or situation exist; to cause or give rise to
- 139. Marine _____ is a major continuous global problem.
- *n.* broken or torn fragments of something
- 140. We largely ______ the circuit board of cell phones because they contain a lot of valuable metals.
- *v.* to sort and collect things to process them and produce valuable materials that can be used again

ANSWERS: 132. negotiation, 133. redefined, 134. chunk, 135. polarization, 136. separate, 137. complexity, 138. engender, 139. debris, 140. recycle

- 141. The unique style of this martial arts _____ many action film producers.
 - *v.* to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative
- 142. Many studies have investigated the relationship between _____ and academic achievement.
- *n.* the condition of being extremely poor
- 143. The con artist's lies quickly took in the _____ young man.
- adj. showing unaffected simplicity and lack of experience, wisdom, or judgment
- 144. It is ______ that we leave for the airport now to catch our flight.
- adj. requiring immediate attention or action; pressing
- 145. The new CEO was appointed to ______ their business.
- *v*. to change to a more sufficient or suitable form of organization
- 146. We got stuck in a traffic jam on the _____ for over an hour.
- *n.* a major highway designed for high-speed traffic, with no stoplights or grade crossings and having interchanges or access roads to other highways
- 147. The customs agents seized the _____ shipment.
- adj. not allowed by law
- 148. Overall ______ are approximately 400x200mm.
- *n.* a measurable extent of a particular kind, such as width, height, or length
- 149. Which ______ of the company do you work in?
- *n.* the act or outcome of splitting into separate parts; a critical organizational unit or sector

ANSWERS: 141. inspired, 142. poverty, 143. naive, 144. urgent, 145. reorganize, 146. freeway, 147. illegal, 148. dimensions, 149. division

- 150. The two neighboring countries have a ______ trade agreement.
- *adj.* relating to or involving movement, interaction, or communication between different countries or regions, especially those that share a common border
- 151. His ______ presentation deeply moved everyone.
- adj. arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration
- 152. The storm had _____ all paint off the siding.
- v. to remove the skin of fruit and vegetables
- 153. The building ______ tried to build the house above the tree.
- *n*. a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings
- 154. Some people argue that the rise of globalization has weakened the power of
- *n.* a sovereign political entity that is composed of a nation, which is a group of people who share a common cultural, linguistic, or ethnic identity

155. Our goal must be to achieve a peaceful _____.

- *n.* an official agreement that brings an argument to a close; the process of establishing permanent residence in a place.
- 156. The ______ airport runways may accommodate larger jets.
- *adj.* longer than usual or anticipated
- 157. He found ______ in the works of his favorite authors.
- *n.* something that motivates or encourages someone to create or achieve something, or a feeling of excitement or creativity

ANSWERS: 150. cross-border, 151. compelling, 152. peeled, 153. architect, 154. nation-states, 155. settlement, 156. extended, 157. inspiration

158. Please ______ to the instruction manual for further assistance.

v. to direct someone's attention, thoughts, or questions to another source or person; to mention, cite, or allude to something as evidence or support

159. I have no intention to _____ your privacy.

- *v.* to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation
- 160. The company hired a ______ to remodel their office building.
- *n.* a person or company that enters into a contract to provide materials or labor to perform a specific task or service
- 161. His ______ of literary works are often unique.
- *n.* an explanation or opinion of something, especially that is not immediately obvious
- 162. They found a new species of water-_____ insect.
- *n.* a house or place that someone is living in
- 163. On three sides, mountains ______ the settlement.
- v. to be all around something or somebody
- 164. She couldn't ______ whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.
- *v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
- 165. The ______ period was marked by economic growth and rebuilding efforts.
- *adj.* relating to the period following a war, particularly World War II; characterized by the rebuilding and recovery of countries and societies

ANSWERS: 158. refer, 159. invade, 160. contractor, 161. interpretations, 162. dwelling, 163. surround, 164. decide, 165. postwar

166. We are always happy to ______ a discount.

v. to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement

167. They hope to _____ their business worldwide.

- *v.* to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance
- 168. The case fell under the ______ of the state court system.
- *n.* the extent or range of authority, power, or control exercised by a particular entity or organization, such as a government or court; the area within which such authority or control is exercised
- 169. The ______ mountains make the city difficult to be invaded.
- adj. that is near or around, or closely encircling something
- 170. The school is planning to ______ to purchase new books for the library.
- v. to collect or solicit funds or donations, typically for a charity, nonprofit organization, or political campaign, often through events, campaigns, or online platforms
- 171. The ______ handles multiple plot lines and has unpredictable ends.
- *n.* a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story
- 172. Use italics or capitals to ______ a word in a piece of writing.
- *v.* to give or show particular importance to something
- 173. The pilot and flight attendant ran through the check-out _____.
- *n.* a way of doing something, especially the official or well-known way
- 174. Police received a report of illegal _____ in the area.
- *n*. a person who has come to a country where they were not born to live there permanently

ANSWERS: 166. negotiate, 167. expand, 168. jurisdiction, 169. surrounding, 170. fundraise, 171. narrative, 172. emphasize, 173. procedure, 174. immigrants

- 175. The ______ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.
 - *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
- 176. Many multinational companies are _____ in the reconstruction of that country.
- *v.* to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something
- 177. This bridge is the third largest _____ bridge in the world.
- *n.* a strong metal alloy made up of iron with typically a few tenths of a percent of carbon used for making things that need a strong structure

ANSWERS: 175. statistics, 176. engaged, 177. steel