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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Anote Tong: My country will be underwater soon -unless we work together | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/anote_tong_my_country_wi II_be_underwater_soon_unless_we_work_together



Advanced Words Only

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

| opportune | <i>adj.</i> suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose<i>synonym</i>: suitable, timely, practical |
|------------|--|
| | (1) opportune occasion, (2) an opportune remark |
| | The phone rang at the most opportune time. |
| hemisphere | <i>n</i> . half of the terrestrial globe; half of a sphere |
| | (1) northern hemisphere, (2) cerebral hemisphere |
| | This weather pattern is unique to the southern hemisphere. |
| atoll | n. a ring-shaped coral reef or a chain of coral islands and reefs surrounding a central lagoon, typically formed by the subsidence of a volcanic island over time, leaving only the coral reefs visible above the water surface synonym: coral reef, islet, cay |
| | (1) coral atoll , (2) lagoon atoll |
| | The tourists were excited to explore the remote atoll , which was uninhabited and untouched. |
| fragility | n. the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable synonym: delicacy, weakness, frailty |
| | (1) fragility of life, (2) emotional fragility |

| | The fragility of the glass required careful handling during shipping. |
|-------------|---|
| impending | <i>adj.</i> about to happen or occur; close in time; imminent <i>synonym</i>: imminent, upcoming, approaching (1) impending doom, (2) impending crisis We must prepare for the impending storm expected to hit our area. |
| peril | n. serious and great danger or risk synonym: hazard, danger, threat |
| | (1) the peril of the sea, (2) environmental peril |
| | Due to hunger, the lives of the refugees were in peril . |
| categorical | adj. stating something as an absolute fact, without the possibility of doubt or exception; relating to or included in a category or categories synonym: absolute, unconditional, unqualified |
| | (1) categorical denial, (2) law of categorical judgment |
| | She made a categorical statement that she would never eat sushi. |
| alvantia | a paraon who doubte or questions the truth of specific |

| skeptic | n. | a person who doubts or questions the truth of specific |
|---------|----|---|
| | | claims, beliefs, or doctrines, especially those in religion |
| | | or the supernatural |
| | | deubter disbeliever guestiever |

synonym: doubter, disbeliever, questioner

(1) an ingrained skeptic, (2) climate skeptic

He was a skeptic who doubted the existence of supernatural phenomena.

| swell | <i>v</i> . | to become larger or more inflated; to become more |
|-------|------------|---|
| | | intense or important |
| | sync | mym: expand, increase, inflate |

(1) swell at room temperature, (2) swell a population His arm was **swelling** from the insect bite.

| dislocate | v. to move out of a position of the bone in a joint; to put out of its usual place, position, or relationship synonym: displace |
|-----------|--|
| | (1) dislocate my shoulder, (2) dislocate residents |
| | X-rays revealed that several of his joints were dislocated . |
| seawall | n. a barrier or structure made of concrete, stone, or other materials that are built along the coastline or riverbanks to protect against erosion, flooding, or waves; a structure that separates the water from the land and helps to preserve the shoreline synonym: embankment, breakwater |
| | (1) strong seawall, (2) seawall construction |
| | The beachfront property owners installed a seawall to protect their homes from the rising tides. |
| relocate | v. to move or move something or someone to a new place and build a house or a business there synonym: emigrate, resettle, migrate |
| | (1) relocate a company, (2) relocate with a new job |
| | The university relocated to campuses several miles away. |
| cyclone | n. a violent, rotating windstorm that forms over tropical waters and can cause extensive damage to coastal regions, also known as a hurricane or typhoon, depending on the region in which it occurs synonym: tornado, twister, hurricane |
| | (1) cyclone warning, (2) devastating cyclone |
| | The cyclone's strong winds and rough seas severely |
| | impacted the fishing industry. |
| equator | n. an line of latitude that separates Earth's northern and southern hemispheres and has a radius of around 40,075 kilometers (24,901 miles) |
| | (1) south of the equator , (2) above the equator |
| | Ecuador is on the equator . |
| | |

| doldrums | n. a region of the Atlantic Ocean near the equator characterized by calms, light fluctuating winds, and often squalls, known as the Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ); a state or period of listlessness, melancholy, or stagnation; a condition of low spirits or lack of energy or motivation synonym: stagnation, depression, rut |
|----------|---|
| | (1) doldrums economy, (2) navigating the doldrums |
| | The stock prices have hit the doldrums as investors remain |
| | cautious. |
| magnify | v. to make something look bigger than it really is, especially by looking at it through a lens; to make something bigger, stronger, or louder synonym: enlarge, elaborate, intensify |
| | (1) magnify the danger, (2) magnify the image for display |
| | Terrorists often attempt to magnify the economic impact of |
| | their acts of destruction. |
| recourse | n. a source of help or support, especially in a difficult or critical situation; the option or ability to seek or pursue something, particularly legal action or appeal synonym: resort, alternative, choice |
| | (1) recourse debt, (2) legal recourse |
| | The government has no recourse but to raise taxes to fund public services. |
| sneaking | adj. characterized by stealth, secrecy, or furtiveness; done in a surreptitious or underhanded manner synonym: sneaky, furtive, covert |
| | (1) sneaking suspicion, (2) a sneaking sense of satisfaction |
| | He had a sneaking admiration for his rival's work, even though they were competitors. |
| chew | v. to crush or grind something, especially food, with the teeth and then swallow it synonym: |

| | masticate, crush, grind |
|-------------|---|
| | (1) chew each word, (2) chew a stick of gum |
| | My dog loves to chew on bones. |
| | why dog loves to chew on bones. |
| betel | n. a type of tropical vine (Piper betle) native to Southeast Asia, whose leaves are commonly chewed, often in combination with areca nut and slaked lime, to produce a mild stimulant effect and to cleanse the mouth |
| | (1) chewing betel , (2) betel stain |
| | The betel leaf is a key ingredient in paan, a traditional Indian chew often offered at ceremonies. |
| accuse | v. to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing synonym: charge, blame, criticize |
| | (1) accuse his rudeness, (2) accuse each other |
| | The witness accused the defendant of committing the |
| | robbery. |
| industrious | <i>adj.</i> hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort <i>synonym</i> : diligent, hardworking, assiduous |
| | (1) industrious worker, (2) industrious student |
| | He was known to be very industrious and would often work late into the night. |
| futile | adj. incapable of producing any useful result; pointless synonym: useless, worthless, ineffective |
| | (1) futile talk, (2) make a futile protest |
| | It was futile to try and fix the broken vase, as it was too badly damaged. |
| forgo | v. to give up or abstain from something; to do without something that one might be entitled to synonym: abstain, renounce, sacrifice |
| | (1) forgo dessert, (2) forgo the luxury |
| | We had to forgo our outdoor picnic because of the sudden |

rain.

| improvisation | n. the act of making something up on the spot or creating or performing something without preparation synonym: spontaneity, ad-lib, extemporization |
|---------------|---|
| | (1) improvisation on stage, (2) jazz improvisation |
| | He created a beautiful piece of music using only |
| | improvisation. |
| wharf | n. a landing place or platform built along the shore of a body of water, typically used for loading and unloading goods and passengers from ships or boats synonym: dock, pier, quay |
| | (1) wharf crane, (2) riverfront wharf |
| | The workers loaded the barrels of wine onto the truck at the |
| | wharf. |
| penetrate | v. to pass into or through something, often by overcoming resistance |
| | synonym: pierce, stab, go through |
| | (1) penetrate a cell, (2) penetrate quickly into the skin |
| | Western ideology slowly penetrates through the eastern countries. |
| | |
| restructure | v. to organize a company, business, or system in a new and different way to make it work more effectively synonym: reorganize, revamp, reconstruct |
| | (1) restructure sentence, (2) restructure my debts |
| | The economic downturn made it necessary to restructure |
| | the business. |
| deplete | v. to reduce something, especially supplies of energy, money, etc., by a large amount; to use up resources or materials |
| | synonym: exhaust, consume, use up |
| | deplete customer confidence, (2) deplete glycogen stores |

If we continue to **deplete** the Earth's natural resources, we will cause severe damage to the environment. a large fishing net that hangs vertically in the water with seine n. floats at the top and weights at the bottom used to enclose and catch fish synonym: net, fishing net, trawl (1) haul a seine, (2) beach seine The fishermen used a purse seine to catch fish in the river. a child of someone's son or daughter grandchild n. synonym: offspring, descendant, progeny (1) grandchild-grandparent relationship, (2) grandchild development The grandparents take care of their grandchild while the parents are at work.

Session 2: Spelling

| 1. | law of cat | _al judgment | adj. | stating something as an absolute fact, without the possibility of doubt or exception; relating to or included in a category or categories |
|----|----------------|--------------|------|---|
| 2. | rese debt | | n. | a source of help or support, especially in a difficult or critical situation; the option or ability to seek or pursue something, particularly legal action or appeal |
| 3. | beI stain | | n. | a type of tropical vine (Piper betle) native to Southeast Asia, whose leaves are commonly chewed, often in combination with areca nut and slaked lime, to produce a mild stimulant effect and to cleanse the mouth |
| 4. | riverfront whf | | n. | a landing place or platform built along the shore of a body of water, typically used for loading and unloading goods and passengers from ships or boats |
| 5. | emotional fr | ty | n. | the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable |
| 6. | chewing bel | | n. | a type of tropical vine (Piper betle) native to Southeast Asia, whose leaves are commonly chewed, often in combination with areca nut and slaked lime, to produce a mild stimulant effect and to cleanse the mouth |

ANSWERS: 1. categorical, 2. recourse, 3. betel, 4. wharf, 5. fragility, 6. betel

| 7. | haul a see | n. | a large fishing net that hangs vertically in the water with floats at the top and weights at the bottom used to enclose and catch fish |
|-----|------------------------------|------|--|
| 8. | frty of life | n. | the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable |
| 9. | dite residents | v. | to move out of a position of the bone in a joint; to put out of its usual place, position, or relationship |
| 10. | cye warning | n. | a violent, rotating windstorm that forms over tropical waters and can cause extensive damage to coastal regions, also known as a hurricane or typhoon, depending on the region in which it occurs |
| 11. | a snng sense of satisfaction | adj. | characterized by stealth, secrecy, or furtiveness; done in a surreptitious or underhanded manner |
| 12. | swl a population | v. | to become larger or more inflated; to become more intense or important |
| 13. | snng suspicion | adj. | characterized by stealth, secrecy, or furtiveness; done in a surreptitious or underhanded manner |
| 14. | the pel of the sea | n. | serious and great danger or risk |
| 15. | strong seI | n. | a barrier or structure made of concrete, stone, or other materials that are built along the coastline or riverbanks to protect against erosion, flooding, or waves; a structure that separates the water from the land and helps to preserve the shoreline |

ANSWERS: 7. seine, 8. fragility, 9. dislocate, 10. cyclone, 11. sneaking, 12. swell, 13. sneaking, 14. peril, 15. seawall

| 16. seI construction | n. | a barrier or structure made of concrete, stone, or other materials that are built along the coastline or riverbanks to protect against erosion, flooding, or waves; a structure that separates the water from the land and helps to preserve the shoreline |
|------------------------------------|------|--|
| 17. resre my debts | v. | to organize a company, business, or system in a new and different way to make it work more effectively |
| 18. impion on stage | n. | the act of making something up on the spot or creating or performing something without preparation |
| 19. an opne remark | adj. | suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose |
| 20. make a fue protest | adj. | incapable of producing any useful result; pointless |
| 21. environmental pel | n. | serious and great danger or risk |
| 22. grald-grandparent relationship | n. | a child of someone's son or daughter |
| 23. catal denial | adj. | stating something as an absolute fact, without the possibility of doubt or exception; relating to or included in a category or categories |
| 24. ace his rudeness | ν. | to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing |
| 25. rete with a new job | v. | to move or move something or someone to a new place and build a house or a business there |

ANSWERS: 16. seawall, 17. restructure, 18. improvisation, 19. opportune, 20. futile, 21. peril, 22. grandchild, 23. categorical, 24. accuse, 25. relocate

| 26. fue talk | adi. | incapable of producing any useful |
|-----------------------------|--------|---|
| | eleij. | result; pointless |
| 27. swl at room temperature | ν. | to become larger or more inflated; to become more intense or important |
| 28. resre sentence | ν. | to organize a company, business, or system in a new and different way to make it work more effectively |
| 29. may the danger | v. | to make something look bigger than it really is, especially by looking at it through a lens; to make something bigger, stronger, or louder |
| 30. doms economy | n. | a region of the Atlantic Ocean near the equator characterized by calms, light fluctuating winds, and often squalls, known as the Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ); a state or period of listlessness, melancholy, or stagnation; a condition of low spirits or lack of energy or motivation |
| 31. rete a company | v. | to move or move something or someone to a new place and build a house or a business there |
| 32. imng doom | adj. | about to happen or occur; close in time; imminent |
| 33. devastating cye | n. | a violent, rotating windstorm that forms over tropical waters and can cause extensive damage to coastal regions, also known as a hurricane or typhoon, depending on the region in which it occurs |

ANSWERS: 26. futile, 27. swell, 28. restructure, 29. magnify, 30. doldrums, 31. relocate, 32. impending, 33. cyclone

| 34. dee customer confidence | v. | to reduce something, especially supplies of energy, money, etc., by a large amount; to use up resources or materials |
|-----------------------------|------|--|
| 35. legal rese | n. | a source of help or support, especially in a difficult or critical situation; the option or ability to seek or pursue something, particularly legal action or appeal |
| 36. climate skc | n. | a person who doubts or questions the truth of specific claims, beliefs, or doctrines, especially those in religion or the supernatural |
| 37. an ingrained skc | n. | a person who doubts or questions the truth of specific claims, beliefs, or doctrines, especially those in religion or the supernatural |
| 38. indus student | adj. | hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort |
| 39. imng crisis | adj. | about to happen or occur; close in time; imminent |
| 40. above the eqr | n. | an line of latitude that separates Earth's northern and southern hemispheres and has a radius of around 40,075 kilometers (24,901 miles) |
| 41. graId development | n. | a child of someone's son or daughter |
| 42. cerebral hemre | n. | half of the terrestrial globe; half of a sphere |
| 43. opne occasion | adj. | suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose |

ANSWERS: 34. deplete, 35. recourse, 36. skeptic, 37. skeptic, 38. industrious, 39. impending, 40. equator, 41. grandchild, 42. hemisphere, 43. opportune

| 44. may the image for display | v. | to make something look bigger than it really is, especially by looking at it through a lens; to make something bigger, stronger, or louder |
|-------------------------------|------|--|
| 45. south of the eqr | n. | an line of latitude that separates Earth's northern and southern hemispheres and has a radius of around 40,075 kilometers (24,901 miles) |
| 46. indus worker | adj. | hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort |
| 47. foo the luxury | v. | to give up or abstain from something; to do without something that one might be entitled to |
| 48. beach see | n. | a large fishing net that hangs vertically in the water with floats at the top and weights at the bottom used to enclose and catch fish |
| 49. dite my shoulder | v. | to move out of a position of the bone in a joint; to put out of its usual place, position, or relationship |
| 50. foo dessert | v. | to give up or abstain from something; to do without something that one might be entitled to |
| 51. cw each word | ν. | to crush or grind something, especially food, with the teeth and then swallow it |
| 52. cw a stick of gum | v. | to crush or grind something, especially food, with the teeth and then swallow it |
| 53. whf crane | n. | a landing place or platform built along the shore of a body of water, typically used for loading and unloading goods and passengers from ships or boats |

ANSWERS: 44. magnify, 45. equator, 46. industrious, 47. forgo, 48. seine, 49. dislocate, 50. forgo, 51. chew, 52. chew, 53. wharf

| 54. northern hemre | n. | half of the terrestrial globe; half of a sphere |
|--------------------------------|----|---|
| 55. jazz impion | n. | the act of making something up on the spot or creating or performing something without preparation |
| 56. ace each other | v. | to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing |
| 57. pete a cell | v. | to pass into or through something, often by overcoming resistance |
| 58. coral atl | n. | a ring-shaped coral reef or a chain of coral islands and reefs surrounding a central lagoon, typically formed by the subsidence of a volcanic island over time, leaving only the coral reefs visible above the water surface |
| 59. pete quickly into the skin | v. | to pass into or through something, often by overcoming resistance |
| 60. navigating the doms | n. | a region of the Atlantic Ocean near the equator characterized by calms, light fluctuating winds, and often squalls, known as the Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ); a state or period of listlessness, melancholy, or stagnation; a condition of low spirits or lack of energy or motivation |
| 61. lagoon atl | n. | a ring-shaped coral reef or a chain of coral islands and reefs surrounding a central lagoon, typically formed by the subsidence of a volcanic island over time, leaving only the coral reefs visible above the water surface |

ANSWERS: 54. hemisphere, 55. improvisation, 56. accuse, 57. penetrate, 58. atoll, 59. penetrate, 60. doldrums, 61. atoll

62. de____e glycogen stores
 v. to reduce something, especially supplies of energy, money, etc., by a large amount; to use up resources or materials

ANSWERS: 62. deplete

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. He created a beautiful piece of music using only ______.
- *n.* the act of making something up on the spot or creating or performing something without preparation
- 2. Western ideology slowly ______ through the eastern countries.
- *v.* to pass into or through something, often by overcoming resistance
- 3. My dog loves to _____ on bones.
- *v.* to crush or grind something, especially food, with the teeth and then swallow it
- 4. If we continue to ______ the Earth's natural resources, we will cause severe damage to the environment.
 - v. to reduce something, especially supplies of energy, money, etc., by a large amount; to use up resources or materials
- 5. The stock prices have hit the _____ as investors remain cautious.
 - *n.* a region of the Atlantic Ocean near the equator characterized by calms, light fluctuating winds, and often squalls, known as the Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ); a state or period of listlessness, melancholy, or stagnation; a condition of low spirits or lack of energy or motivation
- 6. This weather pattern is unique to the southern _____.
- *n.* half of the terrestrial globe; half of a sphere
- 7. The government has no _____ but to raise taxes to fund public services.
- *n.* a source of help or support, especially in a difficult or critical situation; the option or ability to seek or pursue something, particularly legal action or appeal

ANSWERS: 1. improvisation, 2. penetrates, 3. chew, 4. deplete, 5. doldrums, 6. hemisphere, 7. recourse

- 8. X-rays revealed that several of his joints were _____.
- *v.* to move out of a position of the bone in a joint; to put out of its usual place, position, or relationship
- 9. The tourists were excited to explore the remote _____ which was uninhabited and untouched.
- *n*. a ring-shaped coral reef or a chain of coral islands and reefs surrounding a central lagoon, typically formed by the subsidence of a volcanic island over time, leaving only the coral reefs visible above the water surface
- 10. Terrorists often attempt to ______ the economic impact of their acts of destruction.
 - v. to make something look bigger than it really is, especially by looking at it through a lens; to make something bigger, stronger, or louder
- 11. He had a ______ admiration for his rival's work, even though they were competitors.
- *adj.* characterized by stealth, secrecy, or furtiveness; done in a surreptitious or underhanded manner
- 12. She made a ______ statement that she would never eat sushi.
- *adj.* stating something as an absolute fact, without the possibility of doubt or exception; relating to or included in a category or categories
- 13. The _____ leaf is a key ingredient in paan, a traditional Indian chew often offered at ceremonies.
- *n.* a type of tropical vine (Piper betle) native to Southeast Asia, whose leaves are commonly chewed, often in combination with areca nut and slaked lime, to produce a mild stimulant effect and to cleanse the mouth

ANSWERS: 8. dislocated, 9. atoll, 10. magnify, 11. sneaking, 12. categorical, 13. betel

- 14. The ______ of the glass required careful handling during shipping.
- *n.* the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable
- 15. He was a ______ who doubted the existence of supernatural phenomena.
- *n*. a person who doubts or questions the truth of specific claims, beliefs, or doctrines, especially those in religion or the supernatural
- 16. The grandparents take care of their _____ while the parents are at work.
- *n.* a child of someone's son or daughter
- 17. The ______ strong winds and rough seas severely impacted the fishing industry.
- *n.* a violent, rotating windstorm that forms over tropical waters and can cause extensive damage to coastal regions, also known as a hurricane or typhoon, depending on the region in which it occurs
- 18. The phone rang at the most ______ time.
- *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
- 19. The beachfront property owners installed a ______ to protect their homes from the rising tides.
 - *n.* a barrier or structure made of concrete, stone, or other materials that are built along the coastline or riverbanks to protect against erosion, flooding, or waves; a structure that separates the water from the land and helps to preserve the shoreline
- 20. We had to _____ our outdoor picnic because of the sudden rain.
- *v.* to give up or abstain from something; to do without something that one might be entitled to

ANSWERS: 14. fragility, 15. skeptic, 16. grandchild, 17. cyclone's, 18. opportune, 19. seawall, 20. forgo

- 21. The workers loaded the barrels of wine onto the truck at the _____.
- *n.* a landing place or platform built along the shore of a body of water, typically used for loading and unloading goods and passengers from ships or boats
- 22. The witness ______ the defendant of committing the robbery.
- *v.* to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing
- 23. The university ______ to campuses several miles away.
 - *v.* to move or move something or someone to a new place and build a house or a business there
- 24. Due to hunger, the lives of the refugees were in _____.
- *n.* serious and great danger or risk
- 25. He was known to be very _____ and would often work late into the night.
- adj. hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
- 26. His arm was _____ from the insect bite.
- v. to become larger or more inflated; to become more intense or important
- 27. The fishermen used a purse _____ to catch fish in the river.
- *n.* a large fishing net that hangs vertically in the water with floats at the top and weights at the bottom used to enclose and catch fish
- 28. We must prepare for the ______ storm expected to hit our area.
- adj. about to happen or occur; close in time; imminent
- 29. Ecuador is on the _____.
- *n.* an line of latitude that separates Earth's northern and southern hemispheres and has a radius of around 40,075 kilometers (24,901 miles)

ANSWERS: 21. wharf, 22. accused, 23. relocated, 24. peril, 25. industrious, 26. swelling, 27. seine, 28. impending, 29. equator

- 30. It was ______ to try and fix the broken vase, as it was too badly damaged.
- *adj.* incapable of producing any useful result; pointless
- 31. The economic downturn made it necessary to ______ the business.
- *v.* to organize a company, business, or system in a new and different way to make it work more effectively

ANSWERS: 30. futile, 31. restructure