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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Ian Bremmer: How the US should use its superpower status | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/ian_bremmer_how_the_us_should_use_its_superpower_status

All Words

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Session 1: Word List

innovative

adj. introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.

synonym: creative, ingenious, inventive

(1) use of **innovative** technology, (2) stylistically **innovative** works

The Prime Minister stressed the need to create **innovative** industries.

concept

n. an idea or principle associated with something abstract

synonym: idea, notion, vision

(1) learn new **concepts**, (2) **concept** car

One such rapidly growing **concept** is quantum cryptography.

steer

v. to control the direction or movement of a vehicle; to direct a course of action; to guide or motivate someone

synonym: guide, direct, control

(1) **steer** a steady course, (2) **steer** a conversation

The captain told him to **steer** the ship north.

brake

n. a device used to slow or stop a moving vehicle, typically by applying pressure to the wheels

synonym: damper, restraint, check

(1) apply the **brake**, (2) **brake** pedal

The results of that election put a **brake** on political reform.

increasingly

adv. more and more

synonym: more and more, progressively

(1) **increasingly** become common, (2) face **increasingly** complicated challenges

Our company found it **increasingly** difficult to keep up with the competition.

suppose

v. to think that something is likely to be actual or possible

synonym: guess, assume, presume

(1) **suppose** you're right, (2) **suppose** beforehand

What do you **suppose** the culprit's motive was?

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

organization

n. a group of people who work together for a shared purpose

synonym: association, institution, community

(1) **organization** chart, (2) agricultural **organization**

She is the president of a large international **organization**.

woods

n. a dense area of trees and shrubs, typically forming a forest or woodland; a place of natural beauty and tranquility; a golf club used for hitting long shots, also known as a driver

synonym: forest, woodland, timberland

(1) mystery **woods**, (2) deep **woods**

The **woods** behind the house are a great place to hike and explore.

accord

n. an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.; (verb) allow to have

synonym: alliance, pact, agreement

(1) **accord** with public opinion, (2) binational **accord**

The organization finally signed a peace **accord**.

currency

n. a system of money in general use in a particular country

synonym: money, tender, cash

(1) **currency** exchange, (2) digital **currency**

The **currency** used in this country is the Euro.

institutionalize

v. to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)

synonym: formalize, establish, regularize

(1) **institutionalize** a system, (2) **institutionalize** customary laws

The new policy aims to **institutionalize** the use of renewable energy sources.

president

n. the leader of a republic, for example, the US; the person in charge of the organization such as a company, university, club, etc.

synonym: leader, CEO, chairperson

(1) **president** emeritus, (2) vice- **president** for finance

The club **president** does not have absolute power.

nation

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

synonym: country, state, sovereign entity

(1) **nation-state**, (2) a seafaring **nation**

The **nation** of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

security

n. the state of being free from danger, risk, or harm; measures taken to protect against threats or attacks; a financial asset, such as a stock or bond that derives value exclusively from the ownership interest or claim to a particular underlying asset or obligation

synonym : safety, protection, stock

(1) national **security**, (2) **security** analyst

The building's **security** system includes cameras, alarms, and security guards.

adviser

n. a person who gives advice about a particular subject

synonym : consultant, guide, expert

(1) a medical **adviser**, (2) chief **adviser**

After retiring, he continued to be an **adviser** to politicians.

spew

v. to eject forcefully and abundantly; to flow out rapidly and in large amounts

synonym : vomit, spout, discharge

(1) **spew** carbon dioxide, (2) **spew** insults

The volcano started to **spew** lava and ash, causing panic among residents.

expletive

n. a curse word or a swear word; a word or phrase used to convey strong emotions, such as anger or frustration

synonym : curse, swear word, profanity

(1) **expletive** language, (2) **expletive** pronoun

When she stubbed her toe, she let out an **expletive** in pain.

tarmac

n. (also "blacktop") a hard surface made of asphalt, concrete, or other materials, typically used as a runway or surface for vehicles to move on, such as a road, parking lot, or airport runway; (verb) to surface or pave a road or runway with tarmac

synonym : runway, airstrip, path

(1) **tarmac** repair, (2) **tarmac** a driveway

The plane pulled onto the **tarmac** and stopped at the gate.

Norman

adj. relating to or characteristic of the Normans, a people who originally came from Normandy, France, and who had a significant impact on the history and culture of Britain and other European countries; the term can also refer to a style of architecture or art that developed

during the Norman period

synonym : medieval, antique, archaic

(1) **norman** cathedral, (2) **norman** invasion

The **Norman** architecture in the old city was a sight to behold.

cage

n. a structure made of metal bars or wire in which birds or animals can be kept

synonym : enclosure, jail, corral

(1) an insect **cage**, (2) a bird in a **cage**

The trapped bear is running amok in its **cage**.

mutual

adj. common to or shared by two or more parties

synonym : shared, common, joint

(1) share of a **mutual** fund, (2) **mutual** efforts

They cooperated for their **mutual** benefit.

onstage

adv. onto or on a stage in a theater; in front of an audience

(1) appeared **onstage**, (2) walk **onstage**

He performed his magic trick **onstage**, leaving the audience in awe.

convinced

adj. completely certain about something; having a strong belief or conviction in a particular religion

synonym : confident, positive, indoctrinated

(1) **convinced** of the idea, (2) **convinced** criminal

The public is **convinced** that the prime minister has committed fraud.

implication

n. something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something

synonym : suggestion, association, conclusion

(1) the **implication** in a crime, (2) the **implication** of a word

His poem has a very significant **implication**.

trillion

n. the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
(1) **trillion** cubic feet, (2) many **trillions** of dollars
One light year is nearly 6 **trillion** miles.

revolution

n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
synonym: coup, innovation, rebellion
(1) beginning of the industrial **revolution**, (2) a political **revolution**
The **revolution** by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

sheriff

n. (in the US) a government official who is responsible for keeping law and order within a particular county or town
synonym: officer, enforcer
(1) **sheriff** court, (2) deputy **sheriff**
The **sheriff** kept establishing order in the town.

architect

n. a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings
synonym: creator, designer, planner
(1) landscape **architect**, (2) **architect** of the peace accord
The building **architect** tried to build the house above the tree.

cheerleader

n. a person who leads cheers and chants at organized sports events, typically wearing a uniform and performing choreographed routines
(1) college **cheerleader**, (2) **cheerleader** tryouts
She was the captain of the **cheerleader** squad in high school.

transatlantic

adj. relating to or situated on the other side of the Atlantic Ocean, especially about travel communication or cultural exchange between Europe and North America
synonym: intercontinental, across-the-pond
(1) **transatlantic** cable, (2) **transatlantic** partnership
Transatlantic cooperation is important for global security and

stability.

relation

n. the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another

synonym: association, linkage, connection

(1) **relation** between cause and effect, (2) **relation** of inclusion

The industrial **relations** laws were passed with little to no alteration.

crisis

n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

synonym: concern, problem, emergency

(1) financial **crisis**, (2) **crisis** management

The Chinese word for **crisis** comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

Brexit

n. (short for "British exit") the United Kingdom's decision to leave the European Union (EU), which originates from a nationwide referendum held in the UK on June 23, 2016, in which 51.9% of voters chose to leave the EU

(1) **Brexit** referendum, (2) **Brexit** transition period

Many European citizens living in the UK are concerned about their rights post- **Brexit**.

conversation

n. an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.

synonym: chat, discussion, dialogue

(1) **conversation** in English, (2) a friendly **conversation**

Your **conversation** reflects your thoughts.

hedge

n. a fence formed by a line of bushes or shrubs; (verb) limit or avoid something such as duties, issues, and questions by conditions or exceptions

synonym: border, fence, barrier

(1) snip at a **hedge**, (2) **hedge** fund firm

The best way to **hedge** financial risks is to diversify your portfolio.

germ

n. a very tiny living that causes the disease; a piece of something such as an organism, concept, etc., capable of growing into a new one or part of one

synonym: bacterium, microbe, pathogen

(1) antibiotic-resistant **germ**, (2) a **germ-free** environment

The **germ** of his idea came from watching birds flying in flocks.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym: finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

sphere

n. a round object or geometric shape that is three-dimensional and symmetrical around a central point; a particular aspect or scope of life or activity

synonym: ball, globe, scope

(1) **sphere** of influence, (2) business **sphere**

The **sphere** of the earth is divided into several layers including the crust, mantle, and core.

competition

n. a situation in which someone is attempting to beat or outperform another

synonym: contest, match, fight

(1) the first round of the **competition**, (2) intraspecific **competition**

Global **competition** is rising in virtually every industry.

preference

n. a stronger liking or interest for something or someone than another thing or person

synonym: taste, choice, affection

(1) his meal **preferences**, (2) a particular **preference** for Chinese art

Her **preference** is comfortable clothing over fashionable ones.

stability

n. the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast

synonym: resilience, solidity, steadiness

(1) **stability** pact, (2) fiscal **stability** pact

The policy should increase the country's monetary **stability**.

willingness

n. the state of being ready or inclined to do something

synonym: readiness, eagerness, enthusiasm

(1) **willingness** to help, (2) indicate a **willingness** to change

Her **willingness** to help others earned her many friends.

military

adj. relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare

synonym: armed, martial, warlike

(1) a **military** operation, (2) a **military** leader

The **military** academy was known for its strict discipline and training.

relative

adj. considered and evaluated through comparison with something else

synonym: comparative, proximate, congeneric

(1) a remote **relative**, (2) **relative** factors

Most countries prohibit sexual activity between certain close **relatives**.

quiescent

adj. being in a state of quietness, rest, or inactivity; dormant or temporarily inactive

synonym: dormant, inactive, dormant

(1) **quiescent** period, (2) **quiescent** state

After a long day of work, she found solace in the **quiescent** atmosphere of her home.

refugee

n. a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war

synonym: emigrant, evacuee, exile

(1) global **refugee** crisis, (2) the **refugee** camp

The community warmly welcomed the **refugees**.

doe

n. a mature female of mammals of which the male is called a buck, such as a deer or a rabbit

synonym: rabbit, bunny, hare

(1) **doe** rabbit, (2) buck and **doe**

Hunters use a whistle that makes the **doe** sound to lure stags.

antagonize

v. to cause someone to feel anger or hostility; to provoke or irritate

synonym: provoke, annoy, irritate

(1) **antagonize** an enemy, (2) **antagonize** a rival team

His constant nitpicking and criticism only served to **antagonize** his coworkers.

expand

v. to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance

synonym: extend, grow, boost

(1) **expand** a lineup, (2) **expand** agricultural output

They hope to **expand** their business worldwide.

euro

n. the official currency of most European Union countries

(1) the value of the **Euro**, (2) **Euro** crises

Some countries may leave the **Euro**.

encroach

v. to advance beyond the usual or acceptable limit gradually and often without being noticed; to infringe upon someone's territory, rights, privacy, etc.

synonym : invade, impinge, infringe

(1) **encroach** on the realm, (2) **encroach** on the habitat of the animal

You have no right to **encroach** on my leisure time.

influence

n. the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself

synonym : power, leverage, effect

(1) **influence** a child's future, (2) **influence** the daily life

The former emperor had a particular **influence** even after he abdicated.

dominate

v. to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something

synonym : govern, rule, prevail

(1) **dominate** possession, (2) **dominate** over the weak

The perspective of his right brain **dominates** his consciousness.

crumb

n. a small particle or fragment of food or other substance, often one that has broken off from a larger piece; a very small amount or portion of something

synonym : fragment, particle, bit

(1) **crumb** of information, (2) bread **crumb**

My dog found a **crumb** on the floor and quickly ate it.

tense

adj. unable to relax because of being nervous or worried; stretched tight or rigid

synonym : tight, stretched, strained

(1) **tense** atmosphere, (2) have a **tense** face

This story makes me **tense**.

liberal

adj. willing to respect or allow many different types of beliefs or behavior; open-minded

synonym : broad, free, large-minded

(1) a **liberal** arts college, (2) under **liberal** conditions
He is **liberal** in his thoughts.

democracy

n. a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so

synonym : self-government, republic, commonwealth

(1) **democracy** advocate, (2) principles of **democracy**
Democracy often entails inclusive capitalism as well.

consolidate

v. to make something more vital, more solid, or more certain

synonym : crystallize, concentrate, cement

(1) **consolidate** his debt, (2) **consolidate** a leadership
The two universities will **consolidate** in July next year.

enormous

adj. extremely large or great

synonym : huge, giant, gigantic

(1) **enormous** amount, (2) **enormous** potential
Shakespeare's output of poetry was **enormous**.

spar

v. to engage in boxing or other combat sports with a partner for practice or training purposes; to practice fighting or defending oneself using light blows or drills

synonym : fight, wrestle

(1) **spar** with a partner, (2) **spar** over ideas

The kayakers had to **spar** with the strong winds and waves to reach the shore.

nuclear

adj. of or relating to or constituting the nucleus of an atom; deriving destructive energy from the release of atomic energy

synonym : atomic

(1) **nuclear** fusion, (2) use of **nuclear** power

Many countries have now agreed to a treaty banning the use of **nuclear** weapons.

xenophobic

adj. showing strong dislike or fear of people from other countries or cultures; having a strong bias or prejudice against outsiders

synonym : prejudiced, racist, intolerant

(1) **xenophobic** attitude, (2) **xenophobic** statements

The **xenophobic** rhetoric of the politician only seeks to sow division and hatred among people.

escalate

v. to increase in intensity, size, or severity; to make something greater, worse, or more serious

synonym : increase, intensify, expand

(1) **escalate** into a major international incident, (2) to **escalate**

The situation quickly **escalated** and turned violent.

geopolitical

adj. of or relating to political activity or relations between countries and groups of countries, as influenced by the physical features of a country or area

(1) the **geopolitical** situations, (2) reduce **geopolitical** risk

The country holds dominant **geopolitical** power over its neighbors.

cross-border

adj. relating to or involving movement, interaction, or communication between different countries or regions, especially those that share a common border

synonym : international, transnational, cross-national

(1) **cross-border** relations, (2) **cross-border** cooperation

The two neighboring countries have a **cross-border** trade agreement.

scared

adj. afraid or frightened

synonym : frightened, fearful, dreading

(1) **scared** all the time, (2) **scared** dog

I'm **scared** of insects.

environment

n. the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

synonym : atmosphere, surroundings, climate

(1) **environment** affairs, (2) chaotic **environment**

Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's **environment**.

shore

n. the land along the edge of a sea, lake, broad river, or other large body of water; (verb) to support by placing against something solid or rigid

synonym : coast, seaside, beach

(1) a sandy **shore**, (2) **shore** up demand

The waves are beating against the **shore**.

expansion

n. the process of becoming larger or more extensive, or the result of this process

synonym : growth, enlargement, development

(1) industrial **expansion**, (2) **expansion** project

The company is undergoing an **expansion**, opening new locations in several states.

core

n. the most essential or fundamental part of something

synonym : center, basis, heart

(1) the **core** of an apple, (2) **core** business activity

These gas nebulas are merely newborn galactic **cores**.

functional

adj. designed for or capable of a particular activity, purpose, or task; practical or ready for use or service

synonym : applicable, practical, usable

(1) field of **functional** medicine, (2) **functional** deafness

The mobile phone was still **functional** even after being dropped.

stable

adj. firm and steady; not easily moved, disturbed, or changed

synonym : sturdy, unmoving, durable

(1) in **stable** condition, (2) have a **stable** job

Relations between the two countries have been relatively

stable due to the summit meeting.

wealth

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

synonym: affluence, assets, fortunate

(1) majority of his **wealth**, (2) material **wealth**

The **wealth** inequality was unavoidable.

integrate

v. to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups

synonym: mix, merge, combine

(1) **integrate** into the existing system, (2) **integrate** both businesses

He found that it is difficult to **integrate** socially.

periphery

n. the outer edge or margin of something, especially a geographical area or a group of people

synonym: edge, border, margin

(1) around the **periphery**, (2) **periphery** countries

The factory was located on the city's **periphery**, away from residential areas.

turkey

n. (of an animal) a large bird with a fan-shaped tail native to North America, widely grown for food; (of a country) a Eurasian republic in Asia Minor and the Balkans

(1) swell like a **turkey**, (2) **turkey** breast meat

They prepared a stuffed **turkey** for Thanksgiving.

opposed

adj. being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something

synonym: anti, averse, hostile

(1) two **opposed** characters, (2) absolutely **opposed** to abortion

I'm strongly **opposed** to that plan.

impeach

v. to bring formal charges against a public official for misconduct in office

synonym: charge, accuse, claim

(1) **impeach** him with an error, (2) **impeach** official

The House of Representatives **impeached** the president for abuse of power.

legitimate

adj. accordant with or allowed by law; lawful

synonym: lawful, honest, fair

(1) a **legitimate** child, (2) **legitimate** question

Public political demonstrations are considered **legitimate** rights for citizens.

elect

v. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something

synonym: select, choose, prefer

(1) **elect** the school board, (2) **elect** death

Every five years, the provincial governors are **elected**.

unpopular

adj. not liked, supported, or approved by many people; having an unfavorable reputation

synonym: disliked, unloved, unsupported

(1) **unpopular** decision, (2) an **unpopular** opinion

The politician's stance on controversial issues made him an **unpopular** candidate for many voters.

absolutely

adv. without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly

synonym: completely, utterly, definitely

(1) **absolutely** against, (2) **absolutely** obsessed with the girl

I am **absolutely** opposed to his idea because of morality.

amazing

adj. extremely surprising, especially in a way that you like or admire

synonym: exceptional, extraordinary, wonderful

(1) **amazing** advances, (2) the most **amazing** feeling

The golfer recorded an **amazing** distance.

govern

v. to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services

synonym : control, rule, preside

(1) a nation's right to **govern**, (2) **govern** a public enterprise

The regulations **governing** medical malpractice claims are rigorous.

urbanization

n. the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture

synonym : urban development, urban growth, urban expansion

(1) **urbanization** process, (2) non- **urbanization** area

Rapid **urbanization** has led to many environmental and social issues in cities.

workforce

n. all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.

synonym : labor pool, manpower

(1) skilled **workforce**, (2) the **workforce** is on strike

Many companies outsource and hire consultants to keep their **workforce** flexible.

entrepreneurship

n. the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one

synonym : self-employment, risk-taking

(1) **entrepreneurship** culture, (2) embody

entrepreneurship

The government is investing in programs to support **entrepreneurship** and small business development.

dicey

adj. risky, uncertain, or unpredictable; involving a potential for danger or uncertain outcomes

synonym : risky, precarious, uncertain

(1) **dicey** situation, (2) **dicey** gamble

The weather forecast warned of **dicey** conditions on the mountain pass.

extreme

adj. very great in amount or degree

synonym: farthestmost, outermost, fierce

(1) **extreme** sports, (2) **extreme** weather events

Solar gravity creates **extreme** pressures and temperatures.

climate

n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

synonym: atmosphere, weather, environment

(1) a cold **climate**, (2) effects of **climate** change

Climate and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

governance

n. the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes

synonym: administration, management, direction

(1) good **governance**, (2) corporate **governance**

The United Nations assists countries in building strong **governance** frameworks and institutions.

defend

v. to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.

synonym: protect, guard, support

(1) **defend** my country, (2) **defend** against a threat

International law allows each nation to **defend** itself when its rights and interests are illegally violated.

migration

n. the movement of animals to a new location, frequently as the seasons change

synonym: exodus

(1) the **migration** of birds, (2) overseas **migration**

There was a **migration** of impoverished farmers into the

towns.

segregation

n. the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation

synonym: isolation, separation, discrimination

(1) racial **segregation**, (2) **segregation** of power

Segregation based on race or ethnicity is illegal and unjust.

upset

adj. causing or marked by anxiety, uneasiness, trouble, or grief; (verb) to make someone anxious, unhappy, or angry

synonym: disturbed, bothered, resentful

(1) get **upset**, (2) have an **upset** stomach

He was awfully **upset** by the news.

globalism

n. a political, economic, and social outlook that emphasizes the importance of global cooperation and interdependence, often associated with free trade, globalization of culture, and the spread of technology

synonym: internationalism, universality

(1) **globalism** movement, (2) anti- **globalism**

The rise of **globalism** has led to increased international trade and cultural exchange.

chin

n. the lowermost part of a person's face, below the mouth and above the neck

synonym: jaw, mandible, mentum

(1) a jutting **chin**, (2) **chin** rest

He scraped his **chin** when he fell off his bike.

recognize

v. to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered

synonym: acknowledge, identify, admit

(1) **recognize** talent, (2) **recognize** achievement

It's important to **recognize** your strengths and weaknesses.

fellow

adj. someone who has the same job or interests as you, or is in the same class, profession, or situation as you

synonym : buddy, mate, affiliate

(1) junior **fellow**, (2) nice **fellow**

He is the kind of **fellow** who only works for his success.

chase

v. to pursue something or someone to catch or capture them; to go after something vigorously or with determination; (noun) a pursuit or a hunt; a narrow groove or channel cut into a surface, often used for decorative purposes

synonym : pursue, hunt, track

(1) **chase** a dream, (2) wild goose **chase**

The police officer **chased** the suspect through the crowded streets until they finally caught him.

context

n. the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning

synonym : background, setting, environment

(1) historical **context**, (2) legal **context**

It's important to understand the **context** of a situation before making a decision.

outrun

v. to run faster or farther than someone or something else, often to escape from danger or capture; to outpace or outmaneuver someone or something in a competition or pursuit

synonym : outpace, outrank, outdistance

(1) **outrun** competitors, (2) **outrun** the cops

I'll need to **outrun** the rainstorm to make it home without getting soaked.

perspective

n. a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something

synonym :

viewpoint, standpoint, outlook

(1) a **perspective** view, (2) the **perspective** of the battle
His father's death changed his whole **perspective** on life.

awesome

adj. inspiring fear, admiration, or respect; very good, nice, fun, etc.

synonym : miraculous, marvelous, astounding

(1) **awesome** mental faculty, (2) have an **awesome** birthday
There is a lot of **awesome** nature and food in Hawaii.

terrorism

n. the use of violence to attain political or religious goals or to compel a government to act

(1) **terrorism** against civilians, (2) anti- **terrorism** bill
Democracy is utterly opposed to any form of **terrorism**.

magnitude

n. the extent, level, importance, or amount of something

synonym : size, extent, level

(1) a star of the first **magnitude**, (2) the **magnitude** of the disaster

The **magnitude** of the earthquake was measured at 7.8 on the Richter scale.

complain

v. to say dissatisfaction or annoyance about something or somebody

synonym : gripe, claim, denounce

(1) **complain** about a job, (2) call and **complain** frequently
Our users are often **complaining** about the slow application.

compelling

adj. arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration

synonym : tempting, captivating, influential

(1) tell a **compelling** story, (2) new and **compelling** evidence

His **compelling** presentation deeply moved everyone.

process

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

synonym: procedure, method, system

(1) **process** improvement, (2) decision-making **process**

The **process** for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

trump

n. a playing card with a picture of a trumpeter on it, used in certain card games

(1) **trump** card, (2) choose **trump**

The **trump** suit in the game of bridge is determined at the beginning of each hand.

highway

n. a main road, especially one connecting major towns or cities

synonym: road, expressway, freeway

(1) **highway** system, (2) an interstate **highway**

I'm going to take the **highway** to get to my destination faster.

lump

n. a small, irregularly shaped mass or piece, typically of a soft substance such as coal, flour, or dough

synonym: mass, clump, ball

(1) **lump** in the throat, (2) single **lump** sum

There is a small **lump** on my neck, and I'm concerned about it.

fundamental

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

synonym: basic, essential, entire

(1) **fundamental** education, (2) **fundamental** rights

Human behavior has **fundamental** characteristics.

decline

v. to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept

synonym : descend, drop, deny

(1) **decline** a job offer, (2) **decline** in quality

As people age, their digestive capacity also gradually **declines**.

impose

v. to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received

synonym : charge, levy, foist

(1) **impose** harsher sanctions, (2) **impose** tariffs

The problem with achievement tests is the narrowness they **impose** on students.

depression

n. a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

synonym : recession, slump, despair

(1) the Great **Depression**, (2) the root problem of her **depression**

Depression symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.

forbid

v. to order somebody not to do something, especially officially; to keep something from happening or arising

synonym : prohibit, ban, outlaw

(1) **forbid** smoking in public areas, (2) **forbid** the use of chemical weapons

God **forbid** you should regret your marriage.

absent

adj. not present in a particular place at a particular time

synonym : missing, away, not present

(1) **absent-minded**, (2) **absent** without leave

He was **absent** from the meeting and missed all the important updates.

hollow

adj. having a hole, empty space inside, or indentation on the surface

synonym :

cavity, depression, concavity

(1) have **hollow** legs, (2) **hollow** sound

The tree had a **hollow** trunk, which made it easy for animals to take shelter inside.

inequality

n. the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others;
(mathematics) relation between two values when they are different

synonym : imbalance, prejudice, unfairness

(1) **inequality** in salary, (2) algebraic **inequality**

There are several causes of economic **inequality** within societies.

urgent

adj. requiring immediate attention or action; pressing

synonym : pressing, critical, immediate

(1) an **urgent** telegram, (2) **urgent** situation

It is **urgent** that we leave for the airport now to catch our flight.

individually

adv. separately or apart from others

synonym : separately, one by one, independently

(1) answer questions **individually**, (2) **individually** designed product

Each department has done its product costing **individually**.

compel

v. to force or require someone to do something; to exert a strong, irresistible force or pressure that makes someone act in a certain way

synonym : force, oblige, coerce

(1) **compel** a person to submission, (2) **compel** attention

The strict deadlines will **compel** the team to work efficiently.

invite

v. to ask someone to come or join; to offer an opportunity or possibility for something to happen or take place

synonym : ask, request, summon

(1) **invite** guests, (2) **invite** criticism

We want to **invite** you to our annual charity event.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 1. ex___d a lineup | <i>v.</i> to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance |
| 2. good gov_____ce | <i>n.</i> the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes |
| 3. a medical ad_____r | <i>n.</i> a person who gives advice about a particular subject |
| 4. ant_____ze a rival team | <i>v.</i> to cause someone to feel anger or hostility; to provoke or irritate |
| 5. con_____te a leadership | <i>v.</i> to make something more vital, more solid, or more certain |
| 6. binational ac____d | <i>n.</i> an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.; (verb) allow to have |
| 7. decision-making pr_____s | <i>n.</i> a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products |
| 8. s__w insults | <i>v.</i> to eject forcefully and abundantly; to flow out rapidly and in large amounts |
| 9. na___n-state | <i>n.</i> a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture |

ANSWERS: 1. expand, 2. governance, 3. adviser, 4. antagonize, 5. consolidate, 6. accord, 7. process, 8. spew, 9. nation

10. in st___e condition *adj.* firm and steady; not easily moved, disturbed, or changed
11. chaotic env_____nt *n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
12. business sp___e *n.* a round object or geometric shape that is three-dimensional and symmetrical around a central point; a particular aspect or scope of life or activity
13. a star of the first ma_____de *n.* the extent, level, importance, or amount of something
14. pr_____nt emeritus *n.* the leader of a republic, for example, the US; the person in charge of the organization such as a company, university, club, etc.
15. cro_____der cooperation *adj.* relating to or involving movement, interaction, or communication between different countries or regions, especially those that share a common border
16. under li_____l conditions *adj.* willing to respect or allow many different types of beliefs or behavior; open-minded
17. sp___e of influence *n.* a round object or geometric shape that is three-dimensional and symmetrical around a central point; a particular aspect or scope of life or activity
18. pr_____s improvement *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

ANSWERS: 10. stable, 11. environment, 12. sphere, 13. magnitude, 14. president, 15. cross-border, 16. liberal, 17. sphere, 18. process

19. ine_____ty in salary *n.* the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different
20. chief ad_____r *n.* a person who gives advice about a particular subject
21. con_____ion in English *n.* an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.
22. antibiotic-resistant g__m *n.* a very tiny living that causes the disease; a piece of something such as an organism, concept, etc., capable of growing into a new one or part of one
23. che_____er tryouts *n.* a person who leads cheers and chants at organized sports events, typically wearing a uniform and performing choreographed routines
24. choose tr__p *n.* a playing card with a picture of a trumpeter on it, used in certain card games
25. sta_____cs for cancer *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
26. intraspecific com_____on *n.* a situation in which someone is attempting to beat or outperform another
27. have an aw_____e birthday *adj.* inspiring fear, admiration, or respect; very good, nice, fun, etc.

ANSWERS: 19. inequality, 20. adviser, 21. conversation, 22. germ, 23. cheerleader, 24. trump, 25. statistics, 26. competition, 27. awesome

28. en____us potential *adj.* extremely large or great
29. go____n a public enterprise *v.* to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
30. the re____e camp *n.* a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war
31. sc____d dog *adj.* afraid or frightened
32. racial seg_____on *n.* the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation
33. vice-pr_____nt for finance *n.* the leader of a republic, for example, the US; the person in charge of the organization such as a company, university, club, etc.
34. qu_____nt state *adj.* being in a state of quietness, rest, or inactivity; dormant or temporarily inactive
35. the imp_____on in a crime *n.* something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something
36. his meal pre_____ces *n.* a stronger liking or interest for something or someone than another thing or person

ANSWERS: 28. enormous, 29. govern, 30. refugee, 31. scared, 32. segregation, 33. president, 34. quiescent, 35. implication, 36. preference

37. non-urb_____ion area *n.* the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture
38. cr____s management *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
39. cro_____der relations *adj.* relating to or involving movement, interaction, or communication between different countries or regions, especially those that share a common border
40. algebraic ine_____ty *n.* the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different
41. en_____us amount *adj.* extremely large or great
42. a g__m-free environment *n.* a very tiny living that causes the disease; a piece of something such as an organism, concept, etc., capable of growing into a new one or part of one
43. use of inn_____ve technology *adj.* introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.
44. mu____l efforts *adj.* common to or shared by two or more parties
45. in_____te into the existing system *v.* to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups

ANSWERS: 37. urbanization, 38. crisis, 39. cross-border, 40. inequality, 41. enormous, 42. germ, 43. innovative, 44. mutual, 45. integrate

46. s__r with a partner *v.* to engage in boxing or other combat sports with a partner for practice or training purposes; to practice fighting or defending oneself using light blows or drills
47. el__t the school board *v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
48. corporate gov_____ce *n.* the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes
49. con_____te his debt *v.* to make something more vital, more solid, or more certain
50. historical co_____t *n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
51. im_____h official *v.* to bring formal charges against a public official for misconduct in office
52. ho___w sound *adj.* having a hole, empty space inside, or indentation on the surface
53. co_____ed criminal *adj.* completely certain about something; having a strong belief or conviction in a particular religion
54. reduce geo_____cal risk *adj.* of or relating to political activity or relations between countries and groups of countries, as influenced by the physical features of a country or area

ANSWERS: 46. spar, 47. elect, 48. governance, 49. consolidate, 50. context, 51. impeach, 52. hollow, 53. convinced, 54. geopolitical

55. tra_____tic cable *adj.* relating to or situated on the other side of the Atlantic Ocean, especially about travel communication or cultural exchange between Europe and North America
56. ex_____on project *n.* the process of becoming larger or more extensive, or the result of this process
57. a jutting c__n *n.* the lowermost part of a person's face, below the mouth and above the neck
58. tell a com_____ng story *adj.* arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration
59. agricultural org_____ion *n.* a group of people who work together for a shared purpose
60. in___e criticism *v.* to ask someone to come or join; to offer an opportunity or possibility for something to happen or take place
61. fo___d the use of chemical weapons *v.* to order somebody not to do something, especially officially; to keep something from happening or arising
62. xen_____ic statements *adj.* showing strong dislike or fear of people from other countries or cultures; having a strong bias or prejudice against outsiders
63. a cold cl_____e *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
64. ins_____ize a system *v.* to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)
65. env_____nt affairs *n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

ANSWERS: 55. transatlantic, 56. expansion, 57. chin, 58. compelling, 59. organization, 60. invite, 61. forbid, 62. xenophobic, 63. climate, 64. institutionalize, 65. environment

66. skilled wo_____ce *n.* all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.
67. de___d against a threat *v.* to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
68. in_____te both businesses *v.* to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups
69. in_____ce the daily life *n.* the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself
70. di___y situation *adj.* risky, uncertain, or unpredictable; involving a potential for danger or uncertain outcomes
71. re_____on between cause and effect *n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
72. ec_____y of scale *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
73. de_____e a job offer *v.* to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept
74. urb_____ion process *n.* the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture

ANSWERS: 66. workforce, 67. defend, 68. integrate, 69. influence, 70. dicey, 71. relation, 72. economy, 73. decline, 74. urbanization

75. ind_____lly designed product *adv.* separately or apart from others
76. answer questions ind_____lly *adv.* separately or apart from others
77. de_____e in quality *v.* to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept
78. he__e fund firm *n.* a fence formed by a line of bushes or shrubs; (verb) limit or avoid something such as duties, issues, and questions by conditions or exceptions
79. gl_____sm movement *n.* a political, economic, and social outlook that emphasizes the importance of global cooperation and interdependence, often associated with free trade, globalization of culture, and the spread of technology
80. se_____ty analyst *n.* the state of being free from danger, risk, or harm; measures taken to protect against threats or attacks; a financial asset, such as a stock or bond that derives value exclusively from the ownership interest or claim to a particular underlying asset or obligation
81. the Great Dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
82. leg_____te question *adj.* accordant with or allowed by law; lawful
83. use of nu_____r power *adj.* of or relating to or constituting the nucleus of an atom; deriving destructive energy from the release of atomic energy

ANSWERS: 75. individually, 76. individually, 77. decline, 78. hedge, 79. globalism, 80. security, 81. depression, 82. legitimate, 83. nuclear

84. co_____in about a job *v.* to say dissatisfaction or annoyance about something or somebody
85. snip at a he__e *n.* a fence formed by a line of bushes or shrubs; (verb) limit or avoid something such as duties, issues, and questions by conditions or exceptions
86. material we___h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
87. en_____ch on the habitat of the animal *v.* to advance beyond the usual or acceptable limit gradually and often without being noticed; to infringe upon someone's territory, rights, privacy, etc.
88. an un_____ar opinion *adj.* not liked, supported, or approved by many people; having an unfavorable reputation
89. a bird in a c__e *n.* a structure made of metal bars or wire in which birds or animals can be kept
90. ex_____ve pronoun *n.* a curse word or a swear word; a word or phrase used to convey strong emotions, such as anger or frustration
91. appeared on_____e *adv.* onto or on a stage in a theater; in front of an audience
92. ac___d with public opinion *n.* an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.; (verb) allow to have
93. deep wo__s *n.* a dense area of trees and shrubs, typically forming a forest or woodland; a place of natural beauty and tranquility; a golf club used for hitting long shots, also known as a driver

ANSWERS: 84. complain, 85. hedge, 86. wealth, 87. encroach, 88. unpopular, 89. cage, 90. expletive, 91. onstage, 92. accord, 93. woods

94. the most am____g feeling *adj.* extremely surprising, especially in a way that you like or admire
95. bread cr__b *n.* a small particle or fragment of food or other substance, often one that has broken off from a larger piece; a very small amount or portion of something
96. two op____d characters *adj.* being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something
97. de____cy advocate *n.* a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
98. many tr____ons of dollars *n.* the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
99. tr__p card *n.* a playing card with a picture of a trumpeter on it, used in certain card games
100. junior fe___w *adj.* someone who has the same job or interests as you, or is in the same class, profession, or situation as you
101. no___n invasion *adj.* relating to or characteristic of the Normans, a people who originally came from Normandy, France, and who had a significant impact on the history and culture of Britain and other European countries; the term can also refer to a style of architecture or art that developed during the Norman period
102. cr__b of information *n.* a small particle or fragment of food or other substance, often one that has broken off from a larger piece; a very small amount or portion of something

ANSWERS: 94. amazing, 95. crumb, 96. opposed, 97. democracy, 98. trillion, 99. trump, 100. fellow, 101. Norman, 102. crumb

103. the geo_____cal situations *adj.* of or relating to political activity or relations between countries and groups of countries, as influenced by the physical features of a country or area
104. wild goose ch___e *v.* to pursue something or someone to catch or capture them; to go after something vigorously or with determination; (noun) a pursuit or a hunt; a narrow groove or channel cut into a surface, often used for decorative purposes
105. stylistically inn_____ve works *adj.* introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.
106. inc_____gly become common *adv.* more and more
107. co___l a person to submission *v.* to force or require someone to do something; to exert a strong, irresistible force or pressure that makes someone act in a certain way
108. ant_____ze an enemy *v.* to cause someone to feel anger or hostility; to provoke or irritate
109. digital cu_____cy *n.* a system of money in general use in a particular country
110. ou___n the cops *v.* to run faster or farther than someone or something else, often to escape from danger or capture; to outpace or outmaneuver someone or something in a competition or pursuit
111. around the pe_____ry *n.* the outer edge or margin of something, especially a geographical area or a group of people

ANSWERS: 103. geopolitical, 104. chase, 105. innovative, 106. increasingly, 107. compel, 108. antagonize, 109. currency, 110. outrun, 111. periphery

112. have a st___e job *adj.* firm and steady; not easily moved, disturbed, or changed
113. ec____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
114. br__e pedal *n.* a device used to slow or stop a moving vehicle, typically by applying pressure to the wheels
115. wil_____ss to help *n.* the state of being ready or inclined to do something
116. fiscal st_____ty pact *n.* the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast
117. financial cr____s *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
118. in___e guests *v.* to ask someone to come or join; to offer an opportunity or possibility for something to happen or take place
119. st_____ty pact *n.* the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast
120. effects of cl_____e change *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
121. learn new co_____ts *n.* an idea or principle associated with something abstract

ANSWERS: 112. stable, 113. economy, 114. brake, 115. willingness, 116. stability, 117. crisis, 118. invite, 119. stability, 120. climate, 121. concept

122. a particular pre_____ce for Chinese art *n.* a stronger liking or interest for something or someone than another thing or person
123. ar_____ct of the peace accord *n.* a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings
124. ab____t without leave *adj.* not present in a particular place at a particular time
125. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
126. abs_____ly against *adv.* without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly
127. principles of de_____cy *n.* a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
128. a sandy sh__e *n.* the land along the edge of a sea, lake, broad river, or other large body of water; (verb) to support by placing against something solid or rigid
129. an ur____t telegram *adj.* requiring immediate attention or action; pressing
130. ex_____ve language *n.* a curse word or a swear word; a word or phrase used to convey strong emotions, such as anger or frustration
131. E__o crises *n.* the official currency of most European Union countries
132. el__t death *v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something

ANSWERS: 122. preference, 123. architect, 124. absent, 125. statistics, 126. absolutely, 127. democracy, 128. shore, 129. urgent, 130. expletive, 131. euro, 132. elect

133. fun_____al rights *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
134. landscape ar_____ct *n.* a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings
135. ta___c a driveway *n.* (also "blacktop") a hard surface made of asphalt, concrete, or other materials, typically used as a runway or surface for vehicles to move on, such as a road, parking lot, or airport runway; (verb) to surface or pave a road or runway with tarmac
136. anti-te_____sm bill *n.* the use of violence to attain political or religious goals or to compel a government to act
137. a mi_____ry operation *adj.* relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare
138. aw_____e mental faculty *adj.* inspiring fear, admiration, or respect; very good, nice, fun, etc.
139. tu___y breast meat *n.* (of an animal) a large bird with a fan-shaped tail native to North America, widely grown for food; (of a country) a Eurasian republic in Asia Minor and the Balkans
140. hi_____y system *n.* a main road, especially one connecting major towns or cities
141. ins_____ize customary laws *v.* to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)

ANSWERS: 133. fundamental, 134. architect, 135. tarmac, 136. terrorism, 137. military, 138. awesome, 139. turkey, 140. highway, 141. institutionalize

142. a leg_____te child *adj.* accordant with or allowed by law; lawful
143. co_____t car *n.* an idea or principle associated with something abstract
144. sh_____f court *n.* (in the US) a government official who is responsible for keeping law and order within a particular county or town
145. embody ent_____hip *n.* the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one
146. nu_____r fusion *adj.* of or relating to or constituting the nucleus of an atom; deriving destructive energy from the release of atomic energy
147. sh__e up demand *n.* the land along the edge of a sea, lake, broad river, or other large body of water; (verb) to support by placing against something solid or rigid
148. call and co_____in frequently *v.* to say dissatisfaction or annoyance about something or somebody
149. a remote re_____ve *adj.* considered and evaluated through comparison with something else
150. org_____ion chart *n.* a group of people who work together for a shared purpose
151. su_____e you're right *v.* to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
152. the root problem of her dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

ANSWERS: 142. legitimate, 143. concept, 144. sheriff, 145. entrepreneurship, 146. nuclear, 147. shore, 148. complain, 149. relative, 150. organization, 151. suppose, 152. depression

153. s__w carbon dioxide *v.* to eject forcefully and abundantly; to flow out rapidly and in large amounts
154. im___e tariffs *v.* to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received
155. re____ve factors *adj.* considered and evaluated through comparison with something else
156. ex____e weather events *adj.* very great in amount or degree
157. to es____te *v.* to increase in intensity, size, or severity; to make something greater, worse, or more serious
158. fun_____al deafness *adj.* designed for or capable of a particular activity, purpose, or task; practical or ready for use or service
159. apply the br__e *n.* a device used to slow or stop a moving vehicle, typically by applying pressure to the wheels
160. field of fun_____al medicine *adj.* designed for or capable of a particular activity, purpose, or task; practical or ready for use or service
161. tr____on cubic feet *n.* the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
162. c__e business activity *n.* the most essential or fundamental part of something
163. absolutely op____d to abortion *adj.* being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something
164. tra_____tic partnership *adj.* relating to or situated on the other side of the Atlantic Ocean, especially about travel communication or cultural exchange between Europe and North America

ANSWERS: 153. spew, 154. impose, 155. relative, 156. extreme, 157. escalate, 158. functional, 159. brake, 160. functional, 161. trillion, 162. core, 163. opposed, 164. transatlantic

165. l__p in the throat *n.* a small, irregularly shaped mass or piece, typically of a soft substance such as coal, flour, or dough
166. un_____ar decision *adj.* not liked, supported, or approved by many people; having an unfavorable reputation
167. seg_____on of power *n.* the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation
168. Br___t transition period *n.* (short for "British exit") the United Kingdom's decision to leave the European Union (EU), which originates from a nationwide referendum held in the UK on June 23, 2016, in which 51.9% of voters chose to leave the EU
169. im_____h him with an error *v.* to bring formal charges against a public official for misconduct in office
170. global re_____e crisis *n.* a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war
171. college che_____er *n.* a person who leads cheers and chants at organized sports events, typically wearing a uniform and performing choreographed routines
172. c__n rest *n.* the lowermost part of a person's face, below the mouth and above the neck

ANSWERS: 165. lump, 166. unpopular, 167. segregation, 168. Brexit, 169. impeach, 170. refugee, 171. cheerleader, 172. chin

173. the c__e of an apple *n.* the most essential or fundamental part of something
174. xen____ic attitude *adj.* showing strong dislike or fear of people from other countries or cultures; having a strong bias or prejudice against outsiders
175. di__y gamble *adj.* risky, uncertain, or unpredictable; involving a potential for danger or uncertain outcomes
176. buck and d_e *n.* a mature female of mammals of which the male is called a buck, such as a deer or a rabbit
177. the imp____on of a word *n.* something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something
178. te__e atmosphere *adj.* unable to relax because of being nervous or worried; stretched tight or rigid
179. ex____e sports *adj.* very great in amount or degree
180. new and com____ng evidence *adj.* arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration
181. a per____ve view *n.* a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something
182. a mi____ry leader *adj.* relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare
183. pe____ry countries *n.* the outer edge or margin of something, especially a geographical area or a group of people

ANSWERS: 173. core, 174. xenophobic, 175. dicey, 176. doe, 177. implication, 178. tense, 179. extreme, 180. compelling, 181. perspective, 182. military, 183. periphery

184. the value of the E__o *n.* the official currency of most European Union countries
185. abs_____ly obsessed with the girl *adv.* without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly
186. co_____ed of the idea *adj.* completely certain about something; having a strong belief or conviction in a particular religion
187. re_____on of inclusion *n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
188. get up__t *adj.* causing or marked by anxiety, uneasiness, trouble, or grief; (verb) to make someone anxious, unhappy, or angry
189. es_____te into a major international incident *v.* to increase in intensity, size, or severity; to make something greater, worse, or more serious
190. de___d my country *v.* to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
191. do_____te possession *v.* to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
192. re_____ze talent *v.* to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
193. have an up__t stomach *adj.* causing or marked by anxiety, uneasiness, trouble, or grief; (verb) to make someone anxious, unhappy, or angry
194. overseas mi_____on *n.* the movement of animals to a new location, frequently as the seasons change

ANSWERS: 184. euro, 185. absolutely, 186. convinced, 187. relation, 188. upset, 189. escalate, 190. defend, 191. dominate, 192. recognize, 193. upset, 194. migration

195. in_____ce a child's future *n.* the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself
196. a nation's right to go___n *v.* to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
197. fo___d smoking in public areas *v.* to order somebody not to do something, especially officially; to keep something from happening or arising
198. a political rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
199. the wo_____ce is on strike *n.* all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.
200. single l__p sum *n.* a small, irregularly shaped mass or piece, typically of a soft substance such as coal, flour, or dough
201. ou___n competitors *v.* to run faster or farther than someone or something else, often to escape from danger or capture; to outpace or outmaneuver someone or something in a competition or pursuit
202. an insect c___e *n.* a structure made of metal bars or wire in which birds or animals can be kept
203. share of a mu___l fund *adj.* common to or shared by two or more parties
204. the ma_____de of the disaster *n.* the extent, level, importance, or amount of something

ANSWERS: 195. influence, 196. govern, 197. forbid, 198. revolution, 199. workforce, 200. lump, 201. outrun, 202. cage, 203. mutual, 204. magnitude

205. face inc_____gly complicated challenges *adv.* more and more
206. ent_____hip culture *n.* the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one
207. co___l attention *v.* to force or require someone to do something; to exert a strong, irresistible force or pressure that makes someone act in a certain way
208. do_____te over the weak *v.* to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
209. ex___d agricultural output *v.* to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance
210. ch___e a dream *v.* to pursue something or someone to catch or capture them; to go after something vigorously or with determination; (noun) a pursuit or a hunt; a narrow groove or channel cut into a surface, often used for decorative purposes
211. im___e harsher sanctions *v.* to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received
212. walk on_____e *adv.* onto or on a stage in a theater; in front of an audience
213. national se_____ty *n.* the state of being free from danger, risk, or harm; measures taken to protect against threats or attacks; a financial asset, such as a stock or bond that derives value exclusively from the ownership interest or claim to a particular underlying asset or obligation

ANSWERS: 205. increasingly, 206. entrepreneurship, 207. compel, 208. dominate, 209. expand, 210. chase, 211. impose, 212. onstage, 213. security

214. have a te__e face *adj.* unable to relax because of being nervous or worried; stretched tight or rigid
215. s__r over ideas *v.* to engage in boxing or other combat sports with a partner for practice or training purposes; to practice fighting or defending oneself using light blows or drills
216. d_e rabbit *n.* a mature female of mammals of which the male is called a buck, such as a deer or a rabbit
217. beginning of the industrial rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
218. an interstate hi_____y *n.* a main road, especially one connecting major towns or cities
219. have ho___w legs *adj.* having a hole, empty space inside, or indentation on the surface
220. ab___t-minded *adj.* not present in a particular place at a particular time
221. cu_____cy exchange *n.* a system of money in general use in a particular country
222. st__r a conversation *v.* to control the direction or movement of a vehicle; to direct a course of action; to guide or motivate someone
223. anti-gl_____sm *n.* a political, economic, and social outlook that emphasizes the importance of global cooperation and interdependence, often associated with free trade, globalization of culture, and the spread of technology

ANSWERS: 214. tense, 215. spar, 216. doe, 217. revolution, 218. highway, 219. hollow, 220. absent, 221. currency, 222. steer, 223. globalism

224. en_____ch on the realm *v.* to advance beyond the usual or acceptable limit gradually and often without being noticed; to infringe upon someone's territory, rights, privacy, etc.
225. the mi_____on of birds *n.* the movement of animals to a new location, frequently as the seasons change
226. a seafaring na____n *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
227. qu_____nt period *adj.* being in a state of quietness, rest, or inactivity; dormant or temporarily inactive
228. majority of his we____h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
229. te_____sm against civilians *n.* the use of violence to attain political or religious goals or to compel a government to act
230. the first round of the com_____on *n.* a situation in which someone is attempting to beat or outperform another
231. st__r a steady course *v.* to control the direction or movement of a vehicle; to direct a course of action; to guide or motivate someone
232. no____n cathedral *adj.* relating to or characteristic of the Normans, a people who originally came from Normandy, France, and who had a significant impact on the history and culture of Britain and other European countries; the term can also refer to a style of architecture or art that developed during the Norman period

ANSWERS: 224. encroach, 225. migration, 226. nation, 227. quiescent, 228. wealth, 229. terrorism, 230. competition, 231. steer, 232. Norman

233. su____e beforehand *v.* to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
234. swell like a tu____y *n.* (of an animal) a large bird with a fan-shaped tail native to North America, widely grown for food; (of a country) a Eurasian republic in Asia Minor and the Balkans
235. fun____al education *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
236. deputy sh____f *n.* (in the US) a government official who is responsible for keeping law and order within a particular county or town
237. mystery wo__s *n.* a dense area of trees and shrubs, typically forming a forest or woodland; a place of natural beauty and tranquility; a golf club used for hitting long shots, also known as a driver
238. ur____t situation *adj.* requiring immediate attention or action; pressing
239. sc____d all the time *adj.* afraid or frightened
240. industrial ex____on *n.* the process of becoming larger or more extensive, or the result of this process
241. legal co____t *n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
242. ta____c repair *n.* (also "blacktop") a hard surface made of asphalt, concrete, or other materials, typically used as a runway or surface for vehicles to move on, such as a road, parking lot, or airport runway; (verb) to surface or pave a road or runway with tarmac

ANSWERS: 233. suppose, 234. turkey, 235. fundamental, 236. sheriff, 237. woods, 238. urgent, 239. scared, 240. expansion, 241. context, 242. tarmac

243. nice fe___w *adj.* someone who has the same job or interests as you, or is in the same class, profession, or situation as you
244. Br___t referendum *n.* (short for "British exit") the United Kingdom's decision to leave the European Union (EU), which originates from a nationwide referendum held in the UK on June 23, 2016, in which 51.9% of voters chose to leave the EU
245. am____g advances *adj.* extremely surprising, especially in a way that you like or admire
246. a li____l arts college *adj.* willing to respect or allow many different types of beliefs or behavior; open-minded
247. re_____ze achievement *v.* to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
248. a friendly con_____ion *n.* an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.
249. indicate a wil_____ss to change *n.* the state of being ready or inclined to do something
250. the per_____ve of the battle *n.* a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something

ANSWERS: 243. fellow, 244. Brexit, 245. amazing, 246. liberal, 247. recognize, 248. conversation, 249. willingness, 250. perspective

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. This story makes me _____.
adj. unable to relax because of being nervous or worried; stretched tight or rigid
2. They cooperated for their _____ benefit.
adj. common to or shared by two or more parties
3. International law allows each nation to _____ itself when its rights and interests are illegally violated.
v. to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
4. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.
n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
5. The results of that election put a _____ on political reform.
n. a device used to slow or stop a moving vehicle, typically by applying pressure to the wheels
6. One light year is nearly 6 _____ miles.
n. the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
7. His father's death changed his whole _____ on life.
n. a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something
8. These gas nebulas are merely newborn galactic _____.
n. the most essential or fundamental part of something

ANSWERS: 1. tense, 2. mutual, 3. defend, 4. wealth, 5. brake, 6. trillion, 7. perspective, 8. cores

9. Global _____ is rising in virtually every industry.
- n.* a situation in which someone is attempting to beat or outperform another
10. I'll need to _____ the rainstorm to make it home without getting soaked.
- v.* to run faster or farther than someone or something else, often to escape from danger or capture; to outpace or outmaneuver someone or something in a competition or pursuit
11. The community warmly welcomed the _____.
- n.* a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war
12. There was a _____ of impoverished farmers into the towns.
- n.* the movement of animals to a new location, frequently as the seasons change
13. The strict deadlines will _____ the team to work efficiently.
- v.* to force or require someone to do something; to exert a strong, irresistible force or pressure that makes someone act in a certain way
14. Your _____ reflects your thoughts.
- n.* an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.
15. The _____ for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.
- n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

ANSWERS: 9. competition, 10. outrun, 11. refugees, 12. migration, 13. compel, 14. conversation, 15. process

16. The _____ by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.
- n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
17. He is _____ in his thoughts.
- adj.* willing to respect or allow many different types of beliefs or behavior; open-minded
18. The two universities will _____ in July next year.
- v.* to make something more vital, more solid, or more certain
19. The United Nations assists countries in building strong _____ frameworks and institutions.
- n.* the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes
20. It is _____ that we leave for the airport now to catch our flight.
- adj.* requiring immediate attention or action; pressing
21. There is a small _____ on my neck, and I'm concerned about it.
- n.* a small, irregularly shaped mass or piece, typically of a soft substance such as coal, flour, or dough
22. The mobile phone was still _____ even after being dropped.
- adj.* designed for or capable of a particular activity, purpose, or task; practical or ready for use or service
23. The _____ behind the house are a great place to hike and explore.
- n.* a dense area of trees and shrubs, typically forming a forest or woodland; a place of natural beauty and tranquility; a golf club used for hitting long shots, also known as a driver

ANSWERS: 16. revolution, 17. liberal, 18. consolidate, 19. governance, 20. urgent, 21. lump, 22. functional, 23. woods

24. The rise of _____ has led to increased international trade and cultural exchange.
- n.* a political, economic, and social outlook that emphasizes the importance of global cooperation and interdependence, often associated with free trade, globalization of culture, and the spread of technology
25. The _____ rhetoric of the politician only seeks to sow division and hatred among people.
- adj.* showing strong dislike or fear of people from other countries or cultures; having a strong bias or prejudice against outsiders
26. They prepared a stuffed _____ for Thanksgiving.
- n.* (of an animal) a large bird with a fan-shaped tail native to North America, widely grown for food; (of a country) a Eurasian republic in Asia Minor and the Balkans
27. Many companies outsource and hire consultants to keep their _____ flexible.
- n.* all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.
28. The weather forecast warned of _____ conditions on the mountain pass.
- adj.* risky, uncertain, or unpredictable; involving a potential for danger or uncertain outcomes
29. It's important to _____ your strengths and weaknesses.
- v.* to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
30. Public political demonstrations are considered _____ rights for citizens.
- adj.* accordant with or allowed by law; lawful

ANSWERS: 24. globalism, 25. xenophobic, 26. turkey, 27. workforce, 28. dicey, 29. recognize, 30. legitimate

31. Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's _____.
- n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
32. Our company found it _____ difficult to keep up with the competition.
- adv.* more and more
33. My dog found a _____ on the floor and quickly ate it.
- n.* a small particle or fragment of food or other substance, often one that has broken off from a larger piece; a very small amount or portion of something
34. The politician's stance on controversial issues made him an _____ candidate for many voters.
- adj.* not liked, supported, or approved by many people; having an unfavorable reputation
35. The best way to _____ financial risks is to diversify your portfolio.
- n.* a fence formed by a line of bushes or shrubs; (verb) limit or avoid something such as duties, issues, and questions by conditions or exceptions
36. Rapid _____ has led to many environmental and social issues in cities.
- n.* the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture
37. The company is undergoing an _____ opening new locations in several states.
- n.* the process of becoming larger or more extensive, or the result of this process
38. She was the captain of the _____ squad in high school.
- n.* a person who leads cheers and chants at organized sports events, typically wearing a uniform and performing choreographed routines

ANSWERS: 31. environment, 32. increasingly, 33. crumb, 34. unpopular, 35. hedge, 36. urbanization, 37. expansion, 38. cheerleader

39. The perspective of his right brain _____ his consciousness.
- v.* to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
40. I'm strongly _____ to that plan.
- adj.* being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something
41. Her _____ is comfortable clothing over fashionable ones.
- n.* a stronger liking or interest for something or someone than another thing or person
42. Every five years, the provincial governors are _____.
- v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
43. Many European citizens living in the UK are concerned about their rights post-_____.
- n.* (short for "British exit") the United Kingdom's decision to leave the European Union (EU), which originates from a nationwide referendum held in the UK on June 23, 2016, in which 51.9% of voters chose to leave the EU
44. The _____ of the earth is divided into several layers including the crust, mantle, and core.
- n.* a round object or geometric shape that is three-dimensional and symmetrical around a central point; a particular aspect or scope of life or activity
45. One such rapidly growing _____ is quantum cryptography.
- n.* an idea or principle associated with something abstract
46. His constant nitpicking and criticism only served to _____ his coworkers.
- v.* to cause someone to feel anger or hostility; to provoke or irritate

ANSWERS: 39. dominates, 40. opposed, 41. preference, 42. elected, 43. Brexit, 44. sphere, 45. concept, 46. antagonize

47. _____ symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.
n. a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
48. _____ based on race or ethnicity is illegal and unjust.
n. the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation
49. I'm going to take the _____ to get to my destination faster.
n. a main road, especially one connecting major towns or cities
50. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
n. the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
51. _____ cooperation is important for global security and stability.
adj. relating to or situated on the other side of the Atlantic Ocean, especially about travel communication or cultural exchange between Europe and North America
52. The _____ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.
n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
53. The police officer _____ the suspect through the crowded streets until they finally caught him.
v. to pursue something or someone to catch or capture them; to go after something vigorously or with determination; (noun) a pursuit or a hunt; a narrow groove or channel cut into a surface, often used for decorative purposes

ANSWERS: 47. Depression, 48. Segregation, 49. highway, 50. economy, 51. Transatlantic, 52. nation, 53. chased

54. Her _____ to help others earned her many friends.
- n.* the state of being ready or inclined to do something
55. The captain told him to _____ the ship north.
- v.* to control the direction or movement of a vehicle; to direct a course of action; to guide or motivate someone
56. The government is investing in programs to support _____ and small business development.
- n.* the process or skill of starting and running a business, particularly a new and innovative one
57. We want to _____ you to our annual charity event.
- v.* to ask someone to come or join; to offer an opportunity or possibility for something to happen or take place
58. You have no right to _____ on my leisure time.
- v.* to advance beyond the usual or acceptable limit gradually and often without being noticed; to infringe upon someone's territory, rights, privacy, etc.
59. The situation quickly _____ and turned violent.
- v.* to increase in intensity, size, or severity; to make something greater, worse, or more serious
60. After retiring, he continued to be an _____ to politicians.
- n.* a person who gives advice about a particular subject
61. What do you _____ the culprit's motive was?
- v.* to think that something is likely to be actual or possible

ANSWERS: 54. willingness, 55. steer, 56. entrepreneurship, 57. invite, 58. encroach, 59. escalated, 60. adviser, 61. suppose

62. The plane pulled onto the _____ and stopped at the gate.
- n.* (also "blacktop") a hard surface made of asphalt, concrete, or other materials, typically used as a runway or surface for vehicles to move on, such as a road, parking lot, or airport runway; (verb) to surface or pave a road or runway with tarmac
63. The former emperor had a particular _____ even after he abdicated.
- n.* the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself
64. Human behavior has _____ characteristics.
- adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
65. He scraped his _____ when he fell off his bike.
- n.* the lowermost part of a person's face, below the mouth and above the neck
66. After a long day of work, she found solace in the _____ atmosphere of her home.
- adj.* being in a state of quietness, rest, or inactivity; dormant or temporarily inactive
67. As people age, their digestive capacity also gradually _____.
- v.* to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept
68. The factory was located on the city's _____ away from residential areas.
- n.* the outer edge or margin of something, especially a geographical area or a group of people
69. Most countries prohibit sexual activity between certain close _____.
- adj.* considered and evaluated through comparison with something else

ANSWERS: 62. tarmac, 63. influence, 64. fundamental, 65. chin, 66. quiescent, 67. declines, 68. periphery, 69. relatives

70. The regulations _____ medical malpractice claims are rigorous.
v. to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
71. The public is _____ that the prime minister has committed fraud.
adj. completely certain about something; having a strong belief or conviction in a particular religion
72. There are several causes of economic _____ within societies.
n. the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different
73. Relations between the two countries have been relatively _____ due to the summit meeting.
adj. firm and steady; not easily moved, disturbed, or changed
74. She is the president of a large international _____.
n. a group of people who work together for a shared purpose
75. The organization finally signed a peace _____.
n. an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.;
(verb) allow to have
76. Many countries have now agreed to a treaty banning the use of _____ weapons.
adj. of or relating to or constituting the nucleus of an atom; deriving destructive energy from the release of atomic energy

ANSWERS: 70. governing, 71. convinced, 72. inequality, 73. stable, 74. organization, 75. accord, 76. nuclear

77. The Chinese word for _____ comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.
- n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
78. The country holds dominant _____ power over its neighbors.
- adj.* of or relating to political activity or relations between countries and groups of countries, as influenced by the physical features of a country or area
79. The industrial _____ laws were passed with little to no alteration.
- n.* the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
80. Some countries may leave the _____.
- n.* the official currency of most European Union countries
81. The club _____ does not have absolute power.
- n.* the leader of a republic, for example, the US; the person in charge of the organization such as a company, university, club, etc.
82. The golfer recorded an _____ distance.
- adj.* extremely surprising, especially in a way that you like or admire
83. The new policy aims to _____ the use of renewable energy sources.
- v.* to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)
84. The building _____ tried to build the house above the tree.
- n.* a person whose job is to design plans to be used in making something, such as buildings

ANSWERS: 77. crisis, 78. geopolitical, 79. relations, 80. Euro, 81. president, 82. amazing, 83. institutionalize, 84. architect

85. The House of Representatives _____ the president for abuse of power.
v. to bring formal charges against a public official for misconduct in office
86. He was awfully _____ by the news.
adj. causing or marked by anxiety, uneasiness, trouble, or grief; (verb) to make someone anxious, unhappy, or angry
87. God _____ you should regret your marriage.
v. to order somebody not to do something, especially officially; to keep something from happening or arising
88. The problem with achievement tests is the narrowness they _____ on students.
v. to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received
89. They hope to _____ their business worldwide.
v. to increase or to make something greater in size, number, or importance
90. There is a lot of _____ nature and food in Hawaii.
adj. inspiring fear, admiration, or respect; very good, nice, fun, etc.
91. The two neighboring countries have a _____ trade agreement.
adj. relating to or involving movement, interaction, or communication between different countries or regions, especially those that share a common border
92. It's important to understand the _____ of a situation before making a decision.
n. the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
93. I am _____ opposed to his idea because of morality.
adv. without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly

ANSWERS: 85. impeached, 86. upset, 87. forbid, 88. impose, 89. expand, 90. awesome, 91. cross-border, 92. context, 93. absolutely

94. The _____ academy was known for its strict discipline and training.
adj. relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare
95. The kayakers had to _____ with the strong winds and waves to reach the shore.
v. to engage in boxing or other combat sports with a partner for practice or training purposes; to practice fighting or defending oneself using light blows or drills
96. Hunters use a whistle that makes the _____ sound to lure stags.
n. a mature female of mammals of which the male is called a buck, such as a deer or a rabbit
97. The _____ suit in the game of bridge is determined at the beginning of each hand.
n. a playing card with a picture of a trumpeter on it, used in certain card games
98. He performed his magic trick _____ leaving the audience in awe.
adv. onto or on a stage in a theater; in front of an audience
99. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.
n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
100. _____ and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.
n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
101. Each department has done its product costing _____.
adv. separately or apart from others

ANSWERS: 94. military, 95. spar, 96. doe, 97. trump, 98. onstage, 99. statistics, 100. Climate, 101. individually

102. The volcano started to _____ lava and ash, causing panic among residents.
v. to eject forcefully and abundantly; to flow out rapidly and in large amounts
103. The _____ kept establishing order in the town.
n. (in the US) a government official who is responsible for keeping law and order within a particular county or town
104. He was _____ from the meeting and missed all the important updates.
adj. not present in a particular place at a particular time
105. The _____ used in this country is the Euro.
n. a system of money in general use in a particular country
106. He found that it is difficult to _____ socially.
v. to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups
107. _____ often entails inclusive capitalism as well.
n. a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
108. The trapped bear is running amok in its _____.
n. a structure made of metal bars or wire in which birds or animals can be kept
109. His poem has a very significant _____.
n. something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something
110. He is the kind of _____ who only works for his success.
adj. someone who has the same job or interests as you, or is in the same class, profession, or situation as you

ANSWERS: 102. spew, 103. sheriff, 104. absent, 105. currency, 106. integrate, 107. Democracy, 108. cage, 109. implication, 110. fellow

111. The tree had a _____ trunk, which made it easy for animals to take shelter inside.

adj. having a hole, empty space inside, or indentation on the surface

112. When she stubbed her toe, she let out an _____ in pain.

n. a curse word or a swear word; a word or phrase used to convey strong emotions, such as anger or frustration

113. Shakespeare's output of poetry was _____.

adj. extremely large or great

114. The _____ of his idea came from watching birds flying in flocks.

n. a very tiny living that causes the disease; a piece of something such as an organism, concept, etc., capable of growing into a new one or part of one

115. Democracy is utterly opposed to any form of _____.

n. the use of violence to attain political or religious goals or to compel a government to act

116. Solar gravity creates _____ pressures and temperatures.

adj. very great in amount or degree

117. The _____ architecture in the old city was a sight to behold.

adj. relating to or characteristic of the Normans, a people who originally came from Normandy, France, and who had a significant impact on the history and culture of Britain and other European countries; the term can also refer to a style of architecture or art that developed during the Norman period

118. The Prime Minister stressed the need to create _____ industries.

adj. introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.

ANSWERS: 111. hollow, 112. expletive, 113. enormous, 114. germ, 115. terrorism, 116. extreme, 117. Norman, 118. innovative

119. Our users are often _____ about the slow application.
v. to say dissatisfaction or annoyance about something or somebody
120. The policy should increase the country's monetary _____.
n. the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast
121. The _____ of the earthquake was measured at 7.8 on the Richter scale.
n. the extent, level, importance, or amount of something
122. His _____ presentation deeply moved everyone.
adj. arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration
123. I'm _____ of insects.
adj. afraid or frightened
124. The building's _____ system includes cameras, alarms, and security guards.
n. the state of being free from danger, risk, or harm; measures taken to protect against threats or attacks; a financial asset, such as a stock or bond that derives value exclusively from the ownership interest or claim to a particular underlying asset or obligation
125. The waves are beating against the _____.
n. the land along the edge of a sea, lake, broad river, or other large body of water;
(verb) to support by placing against something solid or rigid

ANSWERS: 119. complaining, 120. stability, 121. magnitude, 122. compelling, 123. scared, 124. security, 125. shore