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Janet Iwasa: Why it's so hard to cure HIV AIDS | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/janet_iwasa_why_it_s_so_hard_to_cure_hiv_aids

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

incredible

adj. unbelievable; enormous

synonym: unbelievable, fantastical, inconceivable

(1) **incredible** amount, (2) at **incredible** speed

Her response revealed **incredible** idiocy.

disease

n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

synonym: illness, ailment, affliction

(1) **disease** prevention, (2) **disease** control

The doctor diagnosed him with a rare **disease** that had no known cure.

malaria

n. a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito

(1) **malaria** mosquitoes, (2) **malaria-endemic** area

Many people in tropical countries die from **malaria** every year.

hepatitis

n. a medical condition in which the liver becomes inflamed, often as a result of infection by a virus

synonym: liver inflammation, liver disease, jaundice

(1) chronic **hepatitis**, (2) viral **hepatitis**

The patient was diagnosed with **hepatitis C** and will need treatment to clear the virus from her body.

examine

v. to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them

synonym: study, probe, analyze

(1) **examine** the data studiously, (2) **examine** the issue

Initially, we must **examine** all project-related expenses.

infect

v. to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism

synonym: pollute, contaminate, affect

(1) **infect** other animal species, (2) **infect** a computer with a virus

Children often **infect** parents with this head cold.

progression

n. the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward

synonym: advancement, development, evolution

(1) **progression** of civilization, (2) **progression** of disease

The company has made great strides in its **progression** toward sustainability.

exchange

v. to give something and receive something else in return, often with the implication that the items being traded are of equal or comparable value; (noun) the act of giving or taking something in return for something else; a place or system where goods or services can be bought, sold, or traded

synonym: trade, swap, interchange

(1) **exchange** rate, (2) **exchange** a few friendly words

My sister and I frequently **exchange** books, as we love reading.

fluid

n. a substance that can flow and is not solid

synonym: liquid, aqua, sap

(1) plenty of **fluids**, (2) **fluid** assets

She was diagnosed with a **fluid** buildup in her lungs.

unprotected

adj. not guarded, covered, or shielded; vulnerable; without protection or defense

synonym: uncovered, defenseless, vulnerable

(1) **unprotected** area, (2) **unprotected** Wi-Fi

It's important never to have **unprotected** sex to prevent the spread of STDs.

contaminate

v. to make something impure, unclean, or poisonous by contact or mixture

synonym: defile, pollute, adulterate

(1) **contaminate** with a disease, (2) **contaminate** his ego

We strive not to **contaminate** the environment when demolishing petroleum plants.

needle

n. a thin, pointed object typically used for sewing or medical purposes; a metal or plastic instrument used for administering injections or drawing blood

synonym: thorn, spike, pin

(1) **needle** prick, (2) sewing **needle**

The acupuncturist inserted **needles** into specific points on my body to alleviate my pain.

transmission

n. the act or process of sending something from one person or place to another; the process of broadcasting over the airwaves, as in radio or television

synonym: transportation, communication, broadcast

(1) **transmission** speed, (2) the **transmission** gears of a car

Education is the **transmission** of civilization.

fortunate

adj. having good luck or lucky

synonym: fortuitous, lucky, blessed

(1) **fortunate** situation, (2) less **fortunate** person

He was pretty **fortunate** to pass the exam.

casual

adj. relaxed and informal in manner or dress, not planned or expected; not involving commitment or seriousness

synonym : informal, relaxed, offhand

(1) **casual** dress, (2) take a **casual** glance

They had a **casual** conversation over coffee at the local cafe.

individual

n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group

synonym : person, being, self

(1) a private **individual**, (2) **individual** freedom

As an **individual**, he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.

orientation

n. a person's basic attitudes, beliefs, and preferences about particular things; a course introducing a new situation or environment

synonym : direction, introduction, frontage

(1) sexual **orientation**, (2) the school **orientation**

There will be an **orientation** lecture for new students this afternoon.

gender

n. the range of characteristics of femininity and masculinity and differentiating between them, especially when considering social and cultural differences rather than differences in biology

synonym : sexuality

(1) **gender-blind** policies, (2) dual **gender**

Cultural norms strongly influence **gender** expectations.

contract

n. a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law

synonym : agreement, deal, arrangement

(1) employment **contract**, (2) **contract** law

The company signed a **contract** with the supplier for the delivery of goods.

immune

adj. protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells

synonym : resistant, unsusceptible, unaffected

(1) **immune** from criminal prosecution, (2) the cell of the **immune** system

The vaccination does not necessarily make you completely **immune**.

defend

v. to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.

synonym : protect, guard, support

(1) **defend** my country, (2) **defend** against a threat

International law allows each nation to **defend** itself when its rights and interests are illegally violated.

bacteria

n. single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease

synonym : microorganism, microbe

(1) pathogenic **bacteria**, (2) harmless **bacteria**

Bacteria prevalent in hospitals are often resistant to antibiotics.

fungus

n. a type of organism that includes yeasts, molds, and mushrooms, which are heterotrophic, meaning they do not produce their food and must consume organic matter to survive

synonym : mold, mildew, yeast

(1) **fungus** infection, (2) symbiotic **fungus**

Certain types of **fungus** can be toxic to humans, causing severe illness if ingested.

infection

n. a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body

synonym : contagion, disease, transmission

(1) a bacterial **infection**, (2) treat the **infection** with antibiotics

Hospitals must meet various standards to prevent nosocomial **infections**.

retrovirus

n. a type of RNA virus that uses the enzyme reverse transcriptase to convert its RNA into DNA, which then inserts itself into the host cell's genome, which can cause a variety of diseases in humans and animals, including HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus)

(1) **retrovirus** infection, (2) feline **retrovirus**

The patient's condition improved after beginning a **retrovirus-targeted** treatment regimen.

genetic

adj. of or relating to genes (= parts of the DNA in cells) or the science of genes

synonym: hereditary, genetical, inborn

(1) have **genetic** testing, (2) a **genetic** disorder

Understanding protein folding is a vital step in deciphering the **genetic** code.

genome

n. the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things

(1) sequencing of the human **genome**, (2) **genome** analyses

The human **genome** contains approximately three billion chemical base pairs.

co-opt

v. to elect or appoint someone as a member of a group or organization; to take over or appropriate something, often by force or without permission; to use someone or something for one's purposes or agenda

synonym: take over, appoint, appropriate

(1) **co-opt** members, (2) **co-opt** ideas

The company tried to **co-opt** competitors by offering them buyouts.

virus

n. a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants

synonym: bacterium, germ, ailment

(1) spread of the **virus**, (2) a strain of **virus**

An infected person in the hospital will likely pass the **virus** to others.

destroy

v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

synonym: demolish, ruin, obliterate

(1) **destroy** the ecosystem, (2) **destroyed** evidence

The building was **destroyed** in the fire and had to be rebuilt.

process

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

synonym: procedure, method, system

(1) **process** improvement, (2) decision-making **process**

The **process** for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

patient

n. a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic

synonym: client, recipient, subject

(1) **patient** in the hospital, (2) **patient** with weight loss

The doctor carefully examined the **patient's** medical history.

influenza

n. (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

synonym: grippe, flu

(1) an epidemic outbreak of **influenza**, (2) **influenza B** strain

The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of **influenza**.

symptom

n. any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease

synonym : sign, manifestation, syndrome

(1) **symptoms** of low testosterone, (2) neurotic **symptoms**

The patient displays a **symptom** of a side effect.

typical

adj. having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things

synonym : characteristic, usual, distinctive

(1) **typical** leader, (2) fairly **typical** symptoms

This artwork is **typical** of her work.

mortal

adj. subject to death; unrelenting and deadly

synonym : deathly, perishable, non-eternal

(1) a **mortal** combat, (2) this **mortal** life

All humans are **mortal** and will eventually die.

normally

adv. usually; under normal conditions

synonym : commonly, generally, naturally

(1) complete **normally**, (2) not **normally** drink much

I don't **normally** take a vacation in the middle of summer.

handle

v. to deal with a situation, problem, or strong emotion

synonym : control, manage, deal with

(1) **handle** a precious object, (2) **handled** the incident

We all should learn how to **handle** stress.

therapy

n. the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.

synonym : antidote, medicine, treatment

(1) **therapy** for a patient, (2) field of gene **therapy**

I underwent aversion **therapy** for my addiction to alcohol.

comeback

n. a return to popularity, success, or performance after a decline or period of inactivity; a quick, witty response to a criticism or insult

synonym: return, resurgence, revival

(1) political **comeback**, (2) career **comeback**

The musician made an impressive **comeback** with their latest album.

prescribe

v. (of a doctor) to advise and order the use of particular medicine or treatment for someone, especially in writing; to issue commands or orders for something

synonym: define, specify, stipulate

(1) **prescribe** a drug, (2) **prescribe** in the preceding paragraph

Federal bankruptcy laws **prescribed** the reorganization process.

viral

adj. relating to or caused by a virus

(1) fight **viral** infections, (2) detect a **viral** code

This device can more accurately detect **viral** pathogens.

incorporate

v. to include something as a part of a larger entity

synonym: contain, integrate, amalgamate

(1) **incorporate** the current trends, (2) **incorporate** technology into daily life

We will attempt to **incorporate** some of your suggestions into our future strategy.

assemble

v. to collect in one place as a single group

synonym: gather, congregate, collect

(1) **assemble** your colleagues, (2) **assemble** a jigsaw puzzle

The president began to **assemble** an army.

percentage

n. the number, amount, or rate of something, which is usually the amount per hundred

synonym:

rate, ratio, portion

(1) the **percentage** of the gold content, (2) a high **percentage**

What is the **percentage** of the consumption tax in the United States?

instruction

n. detailed direction, order, etc., on how to do or use something

synonym: education, direction, guidance

(1) individual **instruction**, (2) follow his **instructions**

They needed further **instruction** to perform their duties efficiently.

dormant

adj. in a state of temporary inactivity, rest, or sleep; not growing or progressing but capable of doing so under the right circumstances

synonym: inactive, sleeping, quiescent

(1) **dormant** volcano, (2) **dormant** account

The disease can remain **dormant** for years before it presents any symptoms.

wipe

v. to clean or dry something by rubbing with a piece of cloth or paper or one's hand and removing dirt, food, or liquid

synonym: clean, brush, swab

(1) **Wipe** off dirt, (2) **wipe** with water

Please **wipe** your sweat with this towel.

sub-Saharan

adj. of or relating to or situated in the area south of the Sahara Desert

(1) **sub-Saharan** Africa, (2) **sub-Saharan** countries

The coffee producers in **sub-Saharan** countries are at the sharp end of fluctuations in price.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including

the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym : finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

barrier

n. a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective

synonym : border, barricade, fence

(1) cost **barrier**, (2) information **barrier**

The police placed a **barrier** across the street to halt traffic.

claim

v. to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true

synonym : assert, declare, maintain

(1) **claim** responsibility, (2) false **claim**

He wants to **claim** ownership of the abandoned property.

ample

adj. enough or more than enough; having plenty of something

synonym : plentiful, rich, sufficient

(1) **ample** opportunities, (2) **ample** evidence

We have **ample** time to finish the project before the deadline.

develop

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

synonym : evolve, progress, advance

(1) **develop** a strategy, (2) **develop** a skill

We must **develop** a new system to streamline our workflow

and increase efficiency.

involve

v. to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else

synonym: implicate, include, engage

(1) **involve** a lot of paperwork, (2) **involve** a high degree of risk

The investigation **involves** several government agencies and is expected to take several months.

harbor

n. an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession

synonym: port, dock, pier

(1) a sheltered **harbor**, (2) **harbor** a resentment

The tsunami swamped every boat in the **harbor**.

flush

v. to become red on your face, especially because you are embarrassed, angry, or hot; to rinse, clean, or empty something, especially a toilet, by causing large quantities of water to flow

synonym: redden, burn, suffuse

(1) the blood **flush** into my face, (2) **flush** the toilet

The girl **flushed** when a young man whistled as she walked by.

odds

n. the degree or probability that a particular thing will or will not happen

synonym: chances, likelihoods, probabilities

(1) **odds** in favor, (2) **odds** of business

What are the **odds** that he will survive?

immeasurable

adj. too great to be measured or calculated; vast or incalculable in extent or degree; impossible to quantify or express in numerical terms

synonym: boundless, limitless, endless

(1) **immeasurable** joy, (2) **immeasurable** loss

The impact of climate change on the planet is **immeasurable**.

Session 2: Spelling

1. ma____a-endemic area *n.* a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
2. a bacterial in____on *n.* a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body
3. fl__h the toilet *v.* to become red on your face, especially because you are embarrassed, angry, or hot; to rinse, clean, or empty something, especially a toilet, by causing large quantities of water to flow
4. a private ind____al *n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
5. am__e opportunities *adj.* enough or more than enough; having plenty of something
6. sewing ne___e *n.* a thin, pointed object typically used for sewing or medical purposes; a metal or plastic instrument used for administering injections or drawing blood
7. co____ct law *n.* a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law
8. fo____te situation *adj.* having good luck or lucky

ANSWERS: 1. malaria, 2. infection, 3. flush, 4. individual, 5. ample, 6. needle, 7. contract, 8. fortunate

9. sub_____an Africa *adj.* of or relating to or situated in the area south of the Sahara Desert
10. ha___ed the incident *v.* to deal with a situation, problem, or strong emotion
11. do_____t volcano *adj.* in a state of temporary inactivity, rest, or sleep; not growing or progressing but capable of doing so under the right circumstances
12. a strain of vi___s *n.* a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants
13. field of gene th_____y *n.* the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.
14. cl___m responsibility *v.* to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
15. pr_____s improvement *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
16. the tra_____ion gears of a car *n.* the act or process of sending something from one person or place to another; the process of broadcasting over the airwaves, as in radio or television

ANSWERS: 9. sub-Saharan, 10. handle, 11. dormant, 12. virus, 13. therapy, 14. claim, 15. process, 16. transmission

17. unp_____ed area *adj.* not guarded, covered, or shielded; vulnerable; without protection or defense
18. ha___e a precious object *v.* to deal with a situation, problem, or strong emotion
19. an epidemic outbreak of in_____za *n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
20. co___t members *v.* to elect or appoint someone as a member of a group or organization; to take over or appropriate something, often by force or without permission; to use someone or something for one's purposes or agenda
21. ind_____al freedom *n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
22. have ge_____c testing *adj.* of or relating to genes (= parts of the DNA in cells) or the science of genes
23. ex_____ge rate *v.* to give something and receive something else in return, often with the implication that the items being traded are of equal or comparable value; (noun) the act of giving or taking something in return for something else; a place or system where goods or services can be bought, sold, or traded
24. ge___e analyses *n.* the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things

ANSWERS: 17. unprotected, 18. handle, 19. influenza, 20. co-opt, 21. individual, 22. genetic, 23. exchange, 24. genome

25. th____y for a patient *n.* the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.
26. spread of the vi__s *n.* a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants
27. ex____e the data studiously *v.* to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them
28. detect a vi__l code *adj.* relating to or caused by a virus
29. am__e evidence *adj.* enough or more than enough; having plenty of something
30. imm____ble joy *adj.* too great to be measured or calculated; vast or incalculable in extent or degree; impossible to quantify or express in numerical terms
31. fl__d assets *n.* a substance that can flow and is not solid
32. im____e from criminal prosecution *adj.* protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
33. as____le a jigsaw puzzle *v.* to collect in one place as a single group
34. unp____ed Wi-Fi *adj.* not guarded, covered, or shielded; vulnerable; without protection or defense
35. employment co____ct *n.* a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law

ANSWERS: 25. therapy, 26. virus, 27. examine, 28. viral, 29. ample, 30. immeasurable, 31. fluid, 32. immune, 33. assemble, 34. unprotected, 35. contract

36. symbiotic fu___s *n.* a type of organism that includes yeasts, molds, and mushrooms, which are heterotrophic, meaning they do not produce their food and must consume organic matter to survive
37. pr_____be a drug *v.* (of a doctor) to advise and order the use of particular medicine or treatment for someone, especially in writing; to issue commands or orders for something
38. a sheltered ha___r *n.* an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession
39. pr_____be in the preceding paragraph *v.* (of a doctor) to advise and order the use of particular medicine or treatment for someone, especially in writing; to issue commands or orders for something
40. pro_____on of disease *n.* the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
41. ec_____y of scale *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
42. de_____yed evidence *v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

ANSWERS: 36. fungus, 37. prescribe, 38. harbor, 39. prescribe, 40. progression, 41. economy, 42. destroy

43. ha___r a resentment *n.* an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession
44. o__s in favor *n.* the degree or probability that a particular thing will or will not happen
45. fairly ty_____l symptoms *adj.* having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things
46. inc_____le amount *adj.* unbelievable; enormous
47. complete no_____ly *adv.* usually; under normal conditions
48. individual ins_____on *n.* detailed direction, order, etc., on how to do or use something
49. con_____te his ego *v.* to make something impure, unclean, or poisonous by contact or mixture
50. pa_____t with weight loss *n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
51. the cell of the im___e system *adj.* protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
52. imm_____ble loss *adj.* too great to be measured or calculated; vast or incalculable in extent or degree; impossible to quantify or express in numerical terms

ANSWERS: 43. harbor, 44. odds, 45. typical, 46. incredible, 47. normally, 48. instruction, 49. contaminate, 50. patient, 51. immune, 52. immeasurable

53. neurotic sy____ms *n.* any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease
54. viral he_____is *n.* a medical condition in which the liver becomes inflamed, often as a result of infection by a virus
55. decision-making pr____s *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
56. a high per____ge *n.* the number, amount, or rate of something, which is usually the amount per hundred
57. ca___l dress *adj.* relaxed and informal in manner or dress, not planned or expected; not involving commitment or seriousness
58. in_____e a high degree of risk *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
59. chronic he_____is *n.* a medical condition in which the liver becomes inflamed, often as a result of infection by a virus
60. in_____za B strain *n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

ANSWERS: 53. symptom, 54. hepatitis, 55. process, 56. percentage, 57. casual, 58. involve, 59. hepatitis, 60. influenza

61. ne___e prick *n.* a thin, pointed object typically used for sewing or medical purposes; a metal or plastic instrument used for administering injections or drawing blood
62. false cl__m *v.* to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
63. cost ba____r *n.* a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective
64. plenty of fl__ds *n.* a substance that can flow and is not solid
65. o__s of business *n.* the degree or probability that a particular thing will or will not happen
66. sequencing of the human ge___e *n.* the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things
67. political co____ck *n.* a return to popularity, success, or performance after a decline or period of inactivity; a quick, witty response to a criticism or insult
68. treat the in_____on with antibiotics *n.* a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body
69. take a ca___l glance *adj.* relaxed and informal in manner or dress, not planned or expected; not involving commitment or seriousness

ANSWERS: 61. needle, 62. claim, 63. barrier, 64. fluid, 65. odds, 66. genome, 67. comeback, 68. infection, 69. casual

70. fight vi__l infections *adj.* relating to or caused by a virus
71. harmless ba____ia *n.* single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease
72. ma____a mosquitoes *n.* a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
73. pa____t in the hospital *n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
74. sy____ms of low testosterone *n.* any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease
75. sexual ori____on *n.* a person's basic attitudes, beliefs, and preferences about particular things; a course introducing a new situation or environment
76. a mo___l combat *adj.* subject to death; unrelenting and deadly
77. less fo____te person *adj.* having good luck or lucky
78. pathogenic ba____ia *n.* single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease

ANSWERS: 70. viral, 71. bacteria, 72. malaria, 73. patient, 74. symptom, 75. orientation, 76. mortal, 77. fortunate, 78. bacteria

79. inc_____te the current trends v. to include something as a part of a larger entity
80. in___t a computer with a virus v. to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
81. as_____le your colleagues v. to collect in one place as a single group
82. the blood fl__h into my face v. to become red on your face, especially because you are embarrassed, angry, or hot; to rinse, clean, or empty something, especially a toilet, by causing large quantities of water to flow
83. W__e off dirt v. to clean or dry something by rubbing with a piece of cloth or paper or one's hand and removing dirt, food, or liquid
84. dual ge____r n. the range of characteristics of femininity and masculinity and differentiating between them, especially when considering social and cultural differences rather than differences in biology
85. de_____p a strategy v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
86. not no_____ly drink much *adv.* usually; under normal conditions
87. in_____e a lot of paperwork v. to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else

ANSWERS: 79. incorporate, 80. infect, 81. assemble, 82. flush, 83. wipe, 84. gender, 85. develop, 86. normally, 87. involve

88. follow his ins_____ons *n.* detailed direction, order, etc., on how to do or use something
89. de_____p a skill *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
90. in____t other animal species *v.* to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
91. de____d against a threat *v.* to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
92. this mo____l life *adj.* subject to death; unrelenting and deadly
93. ty_____l leader *adj.* having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things
94. sub_____an countries *adj.* of or relating to or situated in the area south of the Sahara Desert
95. ec_____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
96. at inc_____le speed *adj.* unbelievable; enormous
97. ex_____ge a few friendly words *v.* to give something and receive something else in return, often with the implication that the items being traded are of equal or comparable value; (noun) the act of giving or taking something in return for something else; a place or system where goods or services can be bought, sold, or traded

ANSWERS: 88. instruction, 89. develop, 90. infect, 91. defend, 92. mortal, 93. typical, 94. sub-Saharan, 95. economy, 96. incredible, 97. exchange

98. ex_____e the issue *v.* to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them
99. di_____e prevention *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
100. w__e with water *v.* to clean or dry something by rubbing with a piece of cloth or paper or one's hand and removing dirt, food, or liquid
101. ret_____us infection *n.* a type of RNA virus that uses the enzyme reverse transcriptase to convert its RNA into DNA, which then inserts itself into the host cell's genome, which can cause a variety of diseases in humans and animals, including HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus)
102. di_____e control *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
103. the per_____ge of the gold content *n.* the number, amount, or rate of something, which is usually the amount per hundred
104. pro_____on of civilization *n.* the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
105. do_____t account *adj.* in a state of temporary inactivity, rest, or sleep; not growing or progressing but capable of doing so under the right circumstances

ANSWERS: 98. examine, 99. disease, 100. wipe, 101. retrovirus, 102. disease, 103. percentage, 104. progression, 105. dormant

106. ge___r-blind policies *n.* the range of characteristics of femininity and masculinity and differentiating between them, especially when considering social and cultural differences rather than differences in biology
107. co___t ideas *v.* to elect or appoint someone as a member of a group or organization; to take over or appropriate something, often by force or without permission; to use someone or something for one's purposes or agenda
108. feline ret_____us *n.* a type of RNA virus that uses the enzyme reverse transcriptase to convert its RNA into DNA, which then inserts itself into the host cell's genome, which can cause a variety of diseases in humans and animals, including HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus)
109. inc_____te technology into daily life *v.* to include something as a part of a larger entity
110. information ba_____r *n.* a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective
111. de_____y the ecosystem *v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
112. a ge_____c disorder *adj.* of or relating to genes (= parts of the DNA in cells) or the science of genes

ANSWERS: 106. gender, 107. co-opt, 108. retrovirus, 109. incorporate, 110. barrier, 111. destroy, 112. genetic

113. the school ori_____on *n.* a person's basic attitudes, beliefs, and preferences about particular things; a course introducing a new situation or environment
114. de___d my country *v.* to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
115. career co_____ck *n.* a return to popularity, success, or performance after a decline or period of inactivity; a quick, witty response to a criticism or insult
116. fu___s infection *n.* a type of organism that includes yeasts, molds, and mushrooms, which are heterotrophic, meaning they do not produce their food and must consume organic matter to survive
117. con_____te with a disease *v.* to make something impure, unclean, or poisonous by contact or mixture
118. tra_____ion speed *n.* the act or process of sending something from one person or place to another; the process of broadcasting over the airwaves, as in radio or television

ANSWERS: 113. orientation, 114. defend, 115. comeback, 116. fungus, 117. contaminate, 118. transmission

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The impact of climate change on the planet is _____.
adj. too great to be measured or calculated; vast or incalculable in extent or degree; impossible to quantify or express in numerical terms
2. He wants to _____ ownership of the abandoned property.
v. to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
3. They had a _____ conversation over coffee at the local cafe.
adj. relaxed and informal in manner or dress, not planned or expected; not involving commitment or seriousness
4. Cultural norms strongly influence _____ expectations.
n. the range of characteristics of femininity and masculinity and differentiating between them, especially when considering social and cultural differences rather than differences in biology
5. International law allows each nation to _____ itself when its rights and interests are illegally violated.
v. to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
6. Her response revealed _____ idiocy.
adj. unbelievable; enormous
7. I don't _____ take a vacation in the middle of summer.
adv. usually; under normal conditions

ANSWERS: 1. immeasurable, 2. claim, 3. casual, 4. gender, 5. defend, 6. incredible, 7. normally

8. The investigation _____ several government agencies and is expected to take several months.
- v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
9. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
- n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
10. The police placed a _____ across the street to halt traffic.
- n.* a fence or other obstruction that makes it hard to move or get in; any condition that makes it difficult to make progress or to achieve an objective
11. The doctor diagnosed him with a rare _____ that had no known cure.
- n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
12. The president began to _____ an army.
- v.* to collect in one place as a single group
13. The company has made great strides in its _____ toward sustainability.
- n.* the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
14. The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of _____.
- n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

ANSWERS: 8. involves, 9. economy, 10. barrier, 11. disease, 12. assemble, 13. progression, 14. influenza

15. There will be an _____ lecture for new students this afternoon.
n. a person's basic attitudes, beliefs, and preferences about particular things; a course introducing a new situation or environment
16. The girl _____ when a young man whistled as she walked by.
v. to become red on your face, especially because you are embarrassed, angry, or hot; to rinse, clean, or empty something, especially a toilet, by causing large quantities of water to flow
17. We have _____ time to finish the project before the deadline.
adj. enough or more than enough; having plenty of something
18. It's important never to have _____ sex to prevent the spread of STDs.
adj. not guarded, covered, or shielded; vulnerable; without protection or defense
19. The company tried to _____ competitors by offering them buyouts.
v. to elect or appoint someone as a member of a group or organization; to take over or appropriate something, often by force or without permission; to use someone or something for one's purposes or agenda
20. The coffee producers in _____ countries are at the sharp end of fluctuations in price.
adj. of or relating to or situated in the area south of the Sahara Desert
21. An infected person in the hospital will likely pass the _____ to others.
n. a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants
22. Understanding protein folding is a vital step in deciphering the _____ code.
adj. of or relating to genes (= parts of the DNA in cells) or the science of genes

ANSWERS: 15. orientation, 16. flushed, 17. ample, 18. unprotected, 19. co-opt, 20. sub-Saharan, 21. virus, 22. genetic

23. The patient's condition improved after beginning a _____ treatment regimen.
- n.* a type of RNA virus that uses the enzyme reverse transcriptase to convert its RNA into DNA, which then inserts itself into the host cell's genome, which can cause a variety of diseases in humans and animals, including HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus)
24. What is the _____ of the consumption tax in the United States?
- n.* the number, amount, or rate of something, which is usually the amount per hundred
25. The patient was diagnosed with _____ C and will need treatment to clear the virus from her body.
- n.* a medical condition in which the liver becomes inflamed, often as a result of infection by a virus
26. They needed further _____ to perform their duties efficiently.
- n.* detailed direction, order, etc., on how to do or use something
27. He was pretty _____ to pass the exam.
- adj.* having good luck or lucky
28. Hospitals must meet various standards to prevent nosocomial _____.
- n.* a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body
29. My sister and I frequently _____ books, as we love reading.
- v.* to give something and receive something else in return, often with the implication that the items being traded are of equal or comparable value; (noun) the act of giving or taking something in return for something else; a place or system where goods or services can be bought, sold, or traded

ANSWERS: 23. retrovirus-targeted, 24. percentage, 25. hepatitis, 26. instruction, 27. fortunate, 28. infections, 29. exchange

30. We must _____ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.
- v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
31. As an _____ he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.
- n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
32. Children often _____ parents with this head cold.
- v. to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
33. The tsunami swamped every boat in the _____.
- n. an area of water next to the coast where ships and boats are protected from rough water by piers, jetties, and other artificial structures; (verb) keep in one's possession
34. Initially, we must _____ all project-related expenses.
- v. to study or consider a person or object attentively and thoroughly to learn something about them
35. Certain types of _____ can be toxic to humans, causing severe illness if ingested.
- n. a type of organism that includes yeasts, molds, and mushrooms, which are heterotrophic, meaning they do not produce their food and must consume organic matter to survive
36. The human _____ contains approximately three billion chemical base pairs.
- n. the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things

ANSWERS: 30. develop, 31. individual, 32. infect, 33. harbor, 34. examine, 35. fungus, 36. genome

37. The patient displays a _____ of a side effect.
- n.* any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease
38. We all should learn how to _____ stress.
- v.* to deal with a situation, problem, or strong emotion
39. Federal bankruptcy laws _____ the reorganization process.
- v.* (of a doctor) to advise and order the use of particular medicine or treatment for someone, especially in writing; to issue commands or orders for something
40. She was diagnosed with a _____ buildup in her lungs.
- n.* a substance that can flow and is not solid
41. What are the _____ that he will survive?
- n.* the degree or probability that a particular thing will or will not happen
42. Education is the _____ of civilization.
- n.* the act or process of sending something from one person or place to another; the process of broadcasting over the airwaves, as in radio or television
43. The _____ for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.
- n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
44. The building was _____ in the fire and had to be rebuilt.
- v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

ANSWERS: 37. symptom, 38. handle, 39. prescribed, 40. fluid, 41. odds, 42. transmission, 43. process, 44. destroyed

45. All humans are _____ and will eventually die.

adj. subject to death; unrelenting and deadly

46. The disease can remain _____ for years before it presents any symptoms.

adj. in a state of temporary inactivity, rest, or sleep; not growing or progressing but capable of doing so under the right circumstances

47. _____ prevalent in hospitals are often resistant to antibiotics.

n. single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease

48. The doctor carefully examined the _____ medical history.

n. a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic

49. I underwent aversion _____ for my addiction to alcohol.

n. the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.

50. This artwork is _____ of her work.

adj. having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things

51. We strive not to _____ the environment when demolishing petroleum plants.

v. to make something impure, unclean, or poisonous by contact or mixture

52. The company signed a _____ with the supplier for the delivery of goods.

n. a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law

ANSWERS: 45. mortal, 46. dormant, 47. Bacteria, 48. patient's, 49. therapy, 50. typical, 51. contaminate, 52. contract

53. We will attempt to _____ some of your suggestions into our future strategy.

v. to include something as a part of a larger entity

54. The vaccination does not necessarily make you completely _____.

adj. protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells

55. The musician made an impressive _____ with their latest album.

n. a return to popularity, success, or performance after a decline or period of inactivity; a quick, witty response to a criticism or insult

56. This device can more accurately detect _____ pathogens.

adj. relating to or caused by a virus

57. The acupuncturist inserted _____ into specific points on my body to alleviate my pain.

n. a thin, pointed object typically used for sewing or medical purposes; a metal or plastic instrument used for administering injections or drawing blood

58. Please _____ your sweat with this towel.

v. to clean or dry something by rubbing with a piece of cloth or paper or one's hand and removing dirt, food, or liquid

59. Many people in tropical countries die from _____ every year.

n. a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito

ANSWERS: 53. incorporate, 54. immune, 55. comeback, 56. viral, 57. needles, 58. wipe, 59. malaria