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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Robert Muggah: How to protect fast-growing cities from failing | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/robert_muggah_how_to_protect_fast_growing_cities_from_failing

All Words

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Session 1: Word List

violent

adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

synonym : aggressive, intense, turbulent

(1) victim of a **violent** crime, (2) **violent** incident

The protesters became **violent** when the police tried to disperse them.

epidemiology

n. the study of the distribution and determinants of health-related states or events, including diseases, in specified populations, and the application of this study to the control of health problems

synonym : public health, disease control

(1) **epidemiology** research, (2) cancer **epidemiology**

The **epidemiology** of influenza has been well studied over the years, leading to the development of effective vaccines and treatment strategies.

criminology

n. the scientific study of crime, criminals, and the criminal justice system encompassing a wide range of disciplines, including sociology, psychology, law, and statistics, among others

synonym : criminalistics, forensic science, penology

(1) forensic **criminology**, (2) behavioral **criminology**

The professor of **criminology** conducted an extensive study on the relationship between poverty and crime.

fragile

adj. delicate or easily broken or damaged

synonym: delicate, brittle, breakable

(1) politically **fragile** nation, (2) **fragile** ecosystem

The vase was made of **fragile** ceramic and easily broke when it was dropped.

rip

v. to tear something or be torn violently or suddenly

synonym: tear, cut, slit

(1) **rip** a notebook apart, (2) **rip** a hole in the roof

During transit, the stuff may **rip** off the luggage tag.

conflict

n. a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals

synonym: clash, discord, competition

(1) the **conflict** between good and evil, (2) the longstanding **conflict**

He and I often had **conflicts**, not only in personality but also in ideology.

insidious

adj. tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way

synonym: sly, cunning, subtle

(1) **insidious** plot, (2) **insidious** behavior

The disease has an **insidious** onset, making it difficult to diagnose.

combination

n. a collection of things that have been combined; an assemblage of separate parts or qualities

synonym: blend, hybrid, compounding

(1) genic **combinations**, (2) **combination** number

The **combination** to the safe was a secret.

smuggle

v. to import or export something or someone without paying appropriate customs duties, often illegally

(1) **smuggle** drugs, (2) **smuggle** herself out of a country
He was able to **smuggle** a gun inside the prison.

warlord

n. a military leader who has gained control over a region or territory, typically through force or intimidation; a commander of an army or group of soldiers who operates outside the control of a legitimate government

synonym: chieftain, commander, leader

(1) tribal **warlord**, (2) regional **warlord**

The **warlord's** army was well-equipped and well-trained, making them a formidable force to reckon with.

cadaver

n. a dead body, especially one used for scientific study or medical research

synonym: corpse, body, remains

(1) **cadaver** lab, (2) **cadaver** donor

The hospital received a donation of **cadavers** for their research program.

guinea

n. a former British gold coin worth 21 shillings or a unit of currency used in some West African countries; (Guinea) a republic in western Africa on the Atlantic

synonym: coin, money, currency

(1) **guinea** coins, (2) **guinea** pig

The cost of the antique vase is three **guineas**.

planet

n. any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star

synonym: earth, world, globe

(1) **planet** like the Earth, (2) save the **planet**

Mercury is the closest **planet** to the sun.

spinning

n. the act of rotating rapidly around an axis; in the context of textiles, the process of twisting fibers together to form

thread or yarn

synonym: whirling, rotating, spinning wheel

(1) **spinning** machine, (2) **spinning** wheel

She took a **spinning** class at the gym to improve her cardiovascular fitness.

instability

n. the state of being unstable or uncertain and likely to change suddenly

synonym: imbalance, fluctuation, unstableness

(1) political **instability**, (2) **instability** in currency markets

Lack of sleep and overwork often lead to emotional **instability**.

norm

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

synonym: criterion, mean, standard

(1) **norm** of action, (2) cultural **norm**

The systems we have developed has accepted as industry **norms**.

geography

n. a field of science devoted to the study of the lands, features, inhabitants, and phenomena of the Earth

synonym: landscape, terrain, topography

(1) **geography** class, (2) economic **geography**

She did well on her **geography** exam.

nation

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

synonym: country, state, sovereign entity

(1) **nation-state**, (2) a seafaring **nation**

The **nation** of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

grip

n. the act of holding onto something firmly with your hands, or the ability to do so; (verb) to hold fast or firmly

synonym: grasp, clasp, (verb) hold

(1) **grip** of fear, (2) lose my **grip**

He had a firm **grip** on the rope as he climbed the mountain.

migrate

v. to move from one country or region to another and settle there; to move from one place to another periodically or seasonally

synonym : relocate, emigrate, roam

(1) **migrate** across borders, (2) **migrate** a service

Many Germans **migrated** to South America in the mid-19th century.

metropole

n. the main hub or central city of a country or region; the principal city or urban center of a metropolitan area or a colony

synonym : capital, metropolis, urban center

(1) **metropole** influence, (2) cultural **metropole**

Due to its rich cultural heritage, the thriving **metropole** region attracts millions of tourists yearly.

countryside

n. rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery

synonym : rural, rustic, pastoral

(1) **countryside** scenery, (2) **countryside** lifestyle

The small village in the **countryside** was perfect for a quiet getaway.

megacity

n. a huge city, especially with a population of more than 10 million people

(1) **megacity** pollution, (2) **megacity** project

The fishing village grew rapidly into a bustling **megacity**.

conversation

n. an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.

synonym : chat, discussion, dialogue

(1) **conversation** in English, (2) a friendly **conversation**

Your **conversation** reflects your thoughts.

dominate

v. to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something

synonym: govern, rule, prevail

(1) **dominate** possession, (2) **dominate** over the weak

The perspective of his right brain **dominates** his consciousness.

historic

adj. famous or significant in history, or potentially so

synonym: memorable, momentous, historical

(1) **historic** accomplishment, (2) achieve the **historic** feat

The Chinese people have accomplished several **historic** feats.

enthusiast

n. a person having a strong liking for something

synonym: buff, aficionado, devotee

(1) classic car **enthusiasts**, (2) an **enthusiastic** response

The country's economic situation has improved markedly due to reform **enthusiasts**.

triumph

n. a great victory or achievement

synonym: victory, success, conquest

(1) **triumph** of democracy, (2) **triumph** of the spirit

The team's **triumph** in the championship resulted from their hard work and dedication.

creative

adj. relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something

synonym: imaginative, innovative, inventive

(1) **creative** writing, (2) barren of **creative** spirit

All the supervisor has to do is assign tasks that make his subordinates more **creative**.

accelerate

v. to make something faster or earlier; to cause to develop or progress more quickly

synonym: speed up, quicken, rev

(1) **accelerate** a chemical reaction, (2) **accelerate** the car

The government tried to **accelerate** the commercialization of this development.

infrastructure

n. the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies

synonym : foundation, framework

(1) IT **infrastructure**, (2) **infrastructure** cost

Aging societies tend to require huge costs for **infrastructure** maintenance.

stretch

v. to make or be capable of making anything longer or broader without hurting or breaking

synonym : lengthen, prolong, extend

(1) **stretch** along the coast, (2) **stretch** a story

Some herds have been observed to **stretch** hundreds of kilometers.

governance

n. the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes

synonym : administration, management, direction

(1) good **governance**, (2) corporate **governance**

The United Nations assists countries in building strong **governance** frameworks and institutions.

aspiration

n. a strong desire to achieve something; the action or process of drawing breath

synonym : ambition, inhalation, intake

(1) no **aspiration** for fame, (2) **aspiration** into the lungs

He has an **aspiration** to become a doctor.

diplomat

n. a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations

synonym : envoy, ambassador, representative

(1) allied **diplomat**, (2) expel a **diplomat**

The senior **diplomat** worked tirelessly to negotiate a peace treaty between the two countries.

develop

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

synonym: evolve, progress, advance

(1) **develop** a strategy, (2) **develop** a skill

We must **develop** a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

specialize

v. to become an expert in a specific career field, study, or business

synonym: narrow down, particularize

(1) **specialize** in child care, (2) **specialize** in market research

The restaurant has chefs who **specialize** in beef.

define

v. to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or meaning of something

synonym: characterize, depict, express

(1) **define** a word, (2) **define** my position

To advance this discussion, we must **define** "success" rigorously.

disorder

n. an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions

synonym: chaos, disturbance, disease

(1) the files are in complete **disorder**, (2) people with bipolar **disorder**

The doctor prescribed some medicine for the mental **disorder**.

warfare

n. the use of military force to achieve political, economic, or social objectives

synonym: combat, fighting, conflict

(1) **warfare** aircraft, (2) spiritual **warfare**

The country has been engaged in a prolonged conflict, with both sides using modern **warfare** tactics.

humanitarian

adj. something relating to the promotion of human welfare or someone who works to promote human welfare

synonym: philanthropic, compassionate, caring

(1) **humanitarian** crisis, (2) a truly **humanitarian** act

The organization is dedicated to providing **humanitarian** aid to disaster-stricken areas worldwide.

concentration

n. the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.

synonym: attention, engagement, assiduity

(1) **concentration** of armaments, (2) his research area of **concentration**

This exam requires excellent **concentration** to pass.

eradicate

v. to get rid of or destroy something completely, especially something bad

synonym: destroy, eliminate, exterminate

(1) **eradicate** the deficit, (2) **eradicate** racial discrimination

We are trying to **eradicate** this disease from the world.

poverty

n. the condition of being extremely poor

synonym: deprivation, destitution, poorness

(1) **poverty** alleviation, (2) the cycle of **poverty**

Many studies have investigated the relationship between **poverty** and academic achievement.

universal

adj. existing or affecting everywhere or everyone

synonym: common, broad, worldwide

(1) **universal** life, (2) principles of **universal** design

The picture earned near- **universal** acclaim from critics.

healthcare

n. the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession

(1) **healthcare** agency, (2) rising **healthcare** cost

In an aging population, citizens must pay more to maintain quality **healthcare**.

climate

n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

synonym : atmosphere, weather, environment

(1) a cold **climate**, (2) effects of **climate** change

Climate and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

shanty

n. a small, crudely built, usually temporary house or dwelling; often used to describe a rough or inexpensive structure

synonym : shack, hut, cabin

(1) **shanty-style** lodging, (2) makeshift **shanty**

The beach **shanty** provided temporary shelter for the stranded tourists.

slum

n. a heavily populated urban area characterized by poor, run-down housing and infrastructure, often associated with poverty and social neglect

synonym : shantytown, slumdwelling, ghetto

(1) **slum** area, (2) **slum** dwellers

The government needs to invest more in affordable housing options to reduce the number of people living in **slums**.

favela

n. a Brazilian shantytown or slum, typically located on the outskirts of a major city, characterized by poverty, overcrowding, and lack of basic services such as sanitation and security

synonym : shantytown, slum, ghetto

(1) **favela** neighborhood, (2) people in the **favelas**

Many **favela** residents struggle to access basic amenities like running water and electricity.

fragility

n. the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable

synonym: delicacy, weakness, frailty

(1) **fragility** of life, (2) emotional **fragility**

The **fragility** of the glass required careful handling during shipping.

lethal

adj. causing or capable of causing death; extremely dangerous

synonym: destructive, fatal, brutal

(1) **lethal** injection, (2) **lethal** weapon

Malignant hypertension is the most **lethal** form of hypertension.

peaceful

adj. not involving violence, conflict, or war

synonym: friendly, pacific, amicable

(1) **peaceful** country, (2) **peaceful** coexistence

Plutonium has limited **peaceful** applications.

intensify

v. to increase or make something increase in extent or strength

synonym: amplify, boost, strengthen

(1) **intensify** diplomatic efforts, (2) **intensify** a good relationship

Rebels have pledged to **intensify** the armed struggle against the dictatorship.

frequency

n. an ordered array of colors into which a light beam can be split

synonym: recurrence, repetition, regularity

(1) **frequency** band, (2) high **frequency**

The oscillator hunts for the correct **frequency**.

ghastly

adj. causing great horror or fear; shockingly unpleasant or bad

synonym : horrifying, dreadful, terrifying

(1) **ghastly** sight, (2) **ghastly** mistake

The child's **ghastly** scream echoed through the haunted house.

horrific

adj. causing horror or disgust; gruesome and terrifying

synonym : terrifying, alarming, shocking

(1) **horrific** experience, (2) **horrific** condition

The accident scene was **horrific**, with bodies and debris scattered everywhere.

represent

v. to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute

synonym : depict, express, describe

(1) **represent** by a diagram, (2) the characters that **represent** numbers

We elected him to **represent** us at the international conference.

relative

adj. considered and evaluated through comparison with something else

synonym : comparative, proximate, congeneric

(1) a remote **relative**, (2) **relative** factors

Most countries prohibit sexual activity between certain close **relatives**.

blip

n. a sudden and small, and typically temporary, change or deviation from a general trend

(1) temporary **blip**, (2) minor **blip**

The stock market had one bad **blip** today.

upward

adv. toward the top or highest point, or a higher position or level; (adjective) extending or moving toward a higher place

synonym : skyward, uphill

(1) look **upward**, (2) demonstrate an **upward** trend
The company adjusted the revenue **upward**.

secular

adj. not connected with religious or spiritual matters; worldly
synonym: nonreligious, materialistic, temporal

(1) **secular** trends, (2) normal **secular** life

The school was founded as a **secular** institution with no religious affiliations.

decline

v. to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept

synonym: descend, drop, deny

(1) **decline** a job offer, (2) **decline** in quality

As people age, their digestive capacity also gradually **declines**.

dramatic

adj. very sudden, very excellent, or full of action and excitement

synonym: striking, theatrical, breathtaking

(1) make **dramatic** changes, (2) a **dramatic** rescue at sea

The statement had a **dramatic** impact on house prices.

reduction

n. a decrease in size, amount, or degree

synonym: diminution, decrease, cutback

(1) **reduction** strategy, (2) a gradual **reduction**

The **reduction** in carbon emissions has been significant since the implementation of the new policy.

homicide

n. the act or instance of killing another person; murder, manslaughter, or other unlawful violent killings

synonym: murder, killing, manslaughter

(1) mass **homicide**, (2) serial **homicide**

The detective was called to investigate a **homicide** in the city.

incredible

adj. unbelievable; enormous

synonym : unbelievable, fantastical, inconceivable

(1) **incredible** amount, (2) at **incredible** speed

Her response revealed **incredible** idiocy.

murder

n. the crime of killing somebody intentionally

synonym : slaying, killing

(1) **murder** in the second degree, (2) attempted **murder**

This intriguing **murder** mystery remains unsolved.

extraordinary

adj. exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual

synonym : exceptional, noteworthy, astonishing

(1) **extraordinary** ability, (2) **extraordinary** weather

He narrated the **extraordinary** story of his adventure.

unheralded

adj. not previously announced, recognized, or celebrated; not receiving any publicity or acclaim; not given advance notice or warning

synonym : unexpected, unknown, unnoticed

(1) **unheralded** talent, (2) **unheralded** discovery

The **unheralded** artist's work was noticed when a gallery curator discovered it.

accomplishment

n. the successful completion of a task or goal; an ability that has been acquired by training

synonym : success, achievement, complete

(1) proud of his **accomplishments**, (2) the

accomplishment of a social goal

Graduating from college was a major **accomplishment** for her.

excite

v. to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager

synonym : thrill, exhilarate, animate

(1) **excite** the crowd, (2) **excite** rebellion

The news of her promotion **excited** her.

scourge

n. a person or thing that causes great suffering or destruction; (verb) to punish someone severely

synonym : plague, disaster, curse

(1) **scourge** of AIDS, (2) bring a **scourge** under control

The plague was a **scourge** that killed millions of people.

zone

n. a specific area, region, or section that is marked off or defined in some way

synonym : area, region, territory

(1) time **zone**, (2) **zone** defense

He was reluctant to leave his comfort **zone** and try something new.

reconfigure

v. to change the configuration or arrangement of something, often to improve its performance or functionality

synonym : reshape, restructure, realign

(1) **reconfigure** the network, (2) **reconfigure** the operating system

We need to **reconfigure** the office layout to use the space better.

topography

n. the arrangement and physical features of a particular area or region, including its natural and artificial elements and their relative positions and elevations; the study or description of this arrangement and these features

synonym : terrain, landscape, geography

(1) **topography** map, (2) detailed **topography**

The **topography** of the region is rugged, with many hills and valleys.

AI

n. (abbreviation for artificial intelligence) the theory and development of computer systems capable of doing activities that would ordinarily need human intelligence, such as object recognition, speech recognition, decision-making, and language translation

synonym :

robot, machine learning, neural network

(1) **AI** expert, (2) apply **AI** technology to art

The evolution of processors has dramatically improved the performance of **AI**.

spike

n. a narrow, thin, pointed piece of metal, wood, etc.; a sudden large increase in the magnitude or concentration of something

synonym: end, spindle, point

(1) to **spike**, (2) to prevent blood sugar **spikes**

The recent **spike** in grain prices is partly due to the war in the producing countries.

dominance

n. the state or quality of being the most powerful or influential person or group

synonym: control, mastery, supremacy

(1) **dominance** of traits, (2) **dominance** relationship

The company has maintained its **dominance** in the market for several years.

primary

adj. first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle

synonym: chief, main, fundamental

(1) **primary** school, (2) **primary** education

The **primary** cause of the accident was due to the icy road conditions.

urban

adj. relating to or located in a town or city

synonym: metropolitan, civic

(1) **urban** planning, (2) **urban** property owners

Only a small number of **urban** utilities offer sanitation services.

demographic

n. a statistic characterizing that describes people or groups of people based on their age, sex, income, etc.

(1) **demographic** analyses, (2) **demographic** policy

Several **demographic** indicators correlate with care admission.

reverse

v. to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear

synonym: overturn, shift, switch

(1) **reverse** the trend, (2) **reverse** the order

The restaurant **reversed** a ban on smoking.

virtually

adv. almost completely

synonym: almost, basically, nearly

(1) **virtually** all countries, (2) **virtually** identical

Virtually all the parties signed the contract.

expansion

n. the process of becoming larger or more extensive, or the result of this process

synonym: growth, enlargement, development

(1) industrial **expansion**, (2) **expansion** project

The company is undergoing an **expansion**, opening new locations in several states.

urbanization

n. the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture

synonym: urban development, urban growth, urban expansion

(1) **urbanization** process, (2) non- **urbanization** area

Rapid **urbanization** has led to many environmental and social issues in cities.

equitable

adj. fair and impartial; treating everyone fairly

synonym: fair, honest, impartial

(1) in an **equitable** manner, (2) an **equitable** price

In a democratic country, governments promote **equitable** opportunities to participate in society.

vast

adj. enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity

synonym: expansive, extended, boundless

(1) **vast** majority, (2) **vast** desert

A **vast** audience viewed the broadcast.

demography

n. the study of the statistics of human populations, such as size, growth, density, distribution, and vital statistics

synonym: population statistics, human ecology

(1) **demography** study, (2) the city's **demography** report

The **demography** of the country is changing rapidly due to migration and the aging population

necessarily

adv. in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise

synonym: inevitable, certainly, automatically

(1) not **necessarily** a problem, (2) **necessarily** true

This accident was something that happened **necessarily**.

density

n. the quality of compactness of a substance

synonym: tightness, viscosity

(1) population **density**, (2) higher pixel **density**

Do you know the **density** of the population in Hong Kong?

predict

v. to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience

synonym: forecast, anticipate, foresee

(1) **predict** the future, (2) **predict** when she will arrive

It's notoriously challenging to **predict** birth rates.

metropolis

n. a large and densely populated city, typically the most important city or the capital of a country or region; a major center of commerce, culture, and activity

synonym: city, megacity, urban center

(1) **metropolis** skyline, (2) bustling **metropolis**

Paris is a romantic **metropolis** famous for its art, fashion, and cuisine.

turbo

n. (short for "turbocharger") a device or system that increases the power or performance of an engine or vehicle, typically by using compressed air or gas to increase combustion

synonym : turbocharger, supercharger

(1) **turbo** boost, (2) **turbo** feature

The new car model is equipped with a **turbo** engine for increased performance.

hustle

v. to cause someone to move quickly by pushing them in a rough, aggressive way

synonym : bustle, rush, haste

(1) **hustle** on business, (2) **hustle** up money

You must **hustle** and struggle on the court to win an acquittal.

bustle

v. to move or act energetically and noisily; (noun) a rapid active commotion

synonym : hurry, rush, flurry

(1) **bustle** around a kitchen, (2) hustle- **bustle** lifestyle

The city **bustled** with activity as people rushed to work.

quarter

n. one of four equal parts; a fourth part or portion

synonym : fourth, one-fourth

(1) a **quarter** mile, (2) end of the first **quarter**

The unemployment rate in the first **quarter** was 2.3 percentage points higher than in the previous.

interval

n. a period between two events or times; a short break or pause

synonym : break, gap, intermission

(1) after an **interval** of pause, (2) at regular **intervals**

For the analysis **interval**, the system remains at a standstill state.

medium

adj. of a size, amount, or level that is average or intermediate; (noun) a means or instrumentality for storing or communicating information

synonym: average, intermediate, (noun) channel

(1) **medium** color, (2) an advertising **medium**

The **medium** size shirt fits him perfectly.

bulge

v. to protrude or extend outward

synonym: protrude, swell, expand

(1) **bulge** at the enterprise, (2) **bulge** with books

The muscles in his arm **bulged** as he lifted the heavyweights.

function

n. the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose

synonym: purpose, mapping, job

(1) **function** properly, (2) immune **function**

The brain is an incredibly complex organ that controls the body's **function**.

mortality

n. the quality or state of being subject to death

synonym: fatality

(1) **mortality** due to cancer, (2) lower infant **mortality**

This disease has a high **mortality**.

proportion

n. a part, share, or amount of something considered in comparative relation to a whole

synonym: ratio, balance, consonance

(1) direct **proportion**, (2) a building of vast **proportions**

He is more concerned about the **proportion** of his body fat than usual because of an upcoming bodybuilding

competition.

wealth

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

synonym: affluence, assets, fortunate

(1) majority of his **wealth**, (2) material **wealth**

The **wealth** inequality was unavoidable.

alto

n. the second-highest vocal range in choral music, typically sung by the second-highest singers in a choir; a type of saxophone

synonym: contralto, countertenor, soprano

(1) **alto** saxophone, (2) an **alto** solo

The **alto** singer had a unique and powerful voice.

steroid

n. any of several organic compounds that are produced in the body and have important physiological effects and affect the development and growth of sex organs

(1) **steroid** abuse, (2) a **steroid** hormone

Some **steroids** are banned for use by athletes because of their muscle-building effects.

ditto

adv. used to indicate that the same thing mentioned previously is true again; in the same way; (noun) a symbol that means "the same as above" or "repeat," often used in lists or tables to indicate that a previous item or value should be repeated

synonym: likewise, also, as well

(1) said **ditto**, (2) **ditto** on that

I loved the first book in the series, so I'm hoping the second one will be just as good - **ditto** for the third.

combine

v. to join or merge to form a single thing or group

synonym: coalesce, cohere, blend

(1) **combine** chemically with another substance,

(2) **combine** augmented reality

Hydrogen and oxygen **combine** to form water.

unemployed

adj. not having a job, although able to work

synonym: idle, inactive, jobless

(1) assignment for the **unemployed** youth, (2) people who are **unemployed**

My father was **unemployed** for so long.

propose

v. to make a proposal, declare a plan for something

synonym: suggest, offer, recommend

(1) **propose** the amendment, (2) **propose** changes

I want to **propose** a toast in honor of our longstanding relationship.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

correlate

v. to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another

synonym: associate, liken, connect

(1) **correlate** closely with the quality, (2) **correlate** to the size

We may frequently **correlate** age with the frequency of disease.

relate

v. to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

synonym: connect, link, associate

(1) **relate** a story, (2) **relate** a message

He tried to **relate** his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.

structure

n. the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed

of many parts

synonym: construction, architecture, establishment

(1) the **structure** of a machine, (2) **structure** and function of the brain

The organizational **structure** of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.

unruly

adj. difficult or impossible to manage or control; disobedient; disorderly

synonym: naughty, defiant, disobedient

(1) **unruly** beast, (2) **unruly** behavior

The **unruly** children in the classroom made teaching difficult for the teacher.

cavort

v. to leap or dance about in a playful or lively manner; to engage in boisterous or unrestrained behavior

synonym: play, frolic, romp

(1) **cavort** on the dance floor, (2) **cavort** in the park

The children were eager to **cavort** in the playground, running and playing freely.

possibility

n. a chance that something may happen or be true

synonym: chance, prospect, likelihood

(1) **possibility** for growth, (2) **possibility** of a major earthquake

The **possibility** of getting the disease will drastically increase.

sprinkler

n. a device that sprays water over a large area used especially for watering crops or gardens or for firefighting

synonym: sprayer, irrigation system

(1) road **sprinkler**, (2) **sprinkler** irrigation

The **sprinkler** system kept the lawn green and healthy.

alcohol

n. a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.

synonym : booze, liquor, ethanol

(1) stop drinking **alcohol**, (2) diluted **alcohol**

There is a clear association between **alcohol** consumption and cognitive decline.

firework

n. a device that produces a colorful display of light and sound when it is ignited

synonym : pyrotechnic, sparkler, firecracker

(1) **firework** discharge, (2) grand **firework** display

The children were excited to see the **firework** show.

implication

n. something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something

synonym : suggestion, association, conclusion

(1) the **implication** in a crime, (2) the **implication** of a word

His poem has a very significant **implication**.

disconcert

v. to cause confusion, uncertainty, or embarrassment in someone; to make someone feel uneasy or uncertain

synonym : unsettle, perturb, discomfit

(1) **disconcert** his plans, (2) **disconcert** the enthusiast

His sudden departure **disconcerted** the team.

shave

v. to remove body hair with a razor; to cut the price of something

synonym : trim, cut down, prune

(1) **shave** my head, (2) **shave** cheese

That supermarket tried to **shave** certain costs by saving electricity.

uneducated

adj. lacking knowledge or education

synonym : illiterate, unschooled, untaught

(1) **uneducated** poor people, (2) **uneducated** society

The lack of access to education has left many people

uneducated.

employ

v. to give somebody a job and pay them for it; to make use of

synonym: hire, engage, use

(1) **employ** job seekers, (2) **employ** a new method

When making arrests, police officers frequently **employ** excessive force.

doom

n. death, destruction, or some other terrible situation that cannot be avoided

synonym: judgment, destiny, fate

(1) economic **doom**, (2) prophet of **doom**

Everyone was aware of the impending **doom** but was unable to prevent it.

gloom

n. a state of darkness, sadness, or melancholy; a feeling of depression or lack of hope; a state of obscurity or uncertainty

synonym: darkness, depression, melancholy

(1) a sense of **gloom**, (2) **gloom-filled** room

The **gloom** of the rainy weather was beginning to affect her mood.

hub

n. the central or main part of a particular place, activity, network, etc.; the central part of a car wheel, fan, propeller, etc., through which the shaft or axle passes

synonym: center, junction, focal point

(1) a **hub** of commerce, (2) education **hub**

This airport has taken the first step to become an international **hub** airport.

innovation

n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation

synonym: invention, initiation, creation

(1) **innovation** leader, (2) cutting-edge **innovation**

The vegetarian burger was an **innovation** that quickly spread

to the United Kingdom.

dynamism

n. the quality of being characterized by continuous change, activity, and progress; energy or forcefulness in movement or action

synonym : energy, liveliness, vigor

(1) the **dynamism** of the market, (2) creative **dynamism**

The **dynamism** of the new CEO has revitalized the struggling company.

prosperity

n. the state of being successful and having the good fortune

synonym : affluence, accomplishment, capital

(1) economic **prosperity**, (2) **prosperity** of humankind

This war shattered dreams of peace and **prosperity**.

excitement

n. a feeling of great enthusiasm and eagerness

synonym : thrill, exhilaration, incitement

(1) the **excitement** in the business world, (2) aesthetic **excitement**

The **excitement** of the upcoming concert was palpable among the crowd.

mention

v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly

synonym : reference, allude, cite

(1) **mention** name, (2) **mention** in a report

I **mentioned** to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.

digital

adj. processing or storing information as a succession of 1 and 0 to show that a signal is present or missing; relating to the use of computer technology, especially the internet

synonym : numerical, computerized, cyber

(1) a **digital** watch, (2) **digital** electronic signature

Sensors convert physical phenomena into **digital** signals.

savvy

n. the condition of being aware of and able to deal with a situation effectively; (adjective) having knowledge and understanding of a particular subject or activity

synonym: know-how, expertise, skill

(1) a **savvy** investor, (2) tech- **savvy**

His business **savvy** was evident in the success of his company.

technological

adj. based on scientific and industrial progress

synonym: specialized, technical

(1) **technological** advancement, (2) **technological** policy

Technological advances have disrupted many industries.

divide

v. to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups

synonym: separate, disconnect, split

(1) **divide** the cake into two pieces, (2) **divide** money equally

Can you **divide** 123321 by eleven?

separate

v. to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different

synonym: disunite, isolate, ramify

(1) **separate** video into chapter, (2) **separate** cream from milk

We need to **separate** the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.

shrink

v. to become smaller, or to make something smaller in size or amount

synonym: decrease, diminish, shy away

(1) **shrink** the tumor, (2) **shrink** with fear

This shirt will **shrink** in the wash.

dual

adj. having two parts, aspects, or elements

synonym: twofold, binary, double

(1) **dual** purpose, (2) **dual** nationality

This laptop has a **dual-core** processor, making it fast and

efficient.

enforcement

n. the act of ensuring that rules, regulations, or laws are obeyed or implemented; the act of applying force or pressure to compel compliance with rules or laws

synonym: implementation, application, execution

(1) **enforcement** action, (2) **enforcement** officer

The **enforcement** of the new traffic laws led to a decrease in accidents.

anticipate

v. to expect or predict that something will happen; to tell in advance

synonym: forecast, predict, expect

(1) **anticipate** your kind cooperation, (2) **anticipate** a black future

We **anticipate** heavy snowfall tomorrow.

criminal

n. a person who has committed a crime

synonym: offender, lawbreaker, delinquent

(1) wanted **criminal**, (2) **criminal** investigation

The police are searching for the **criminal** who stole the jewels.

scenario

n. a description of possible actions or events in the future; a written outline of a play, film, or literary work

synonym: plan, scheme, procedure

(1) the worst case **scenario**, (2) number of different **scenarios**

The president prepared several possible **scenarios** for an enemy attack.

individual

n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group

synonym: person, being, self

(1) a private **individual**, (2) **individual** freedom

As an **individual**, he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.

privacy

n. someone's right to keep their personal matters and relationships not watched or interrupted by other people

synonym: seclusion, aloneness, solitariness

(1) **privacy** abuse, (2) trespass on a person's **privacy**

This conduct would be an invasion of **privacy**.

innovate

v. to introduce new methods, ideas, or products

synonym: bring in, introduce, found

(1) **innovate** a new method, (2) **innovate** the quality of his life

Companies developing self-driving cars consistently **innovate** the emerging technologies.

engaging

adj. attracting, pleasant, or charming

synonym: alluring, interesting, engrossing

(1) **engaging** story, (2) an **engaging** smile

She was disbarred for her **engaging** in fraud.

protest

n. a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition

synonym: objection, disapproval, challenge

(1) hold a **protest**, (2) a silent **protest**

He left the party in **protest** at its radical political stance.

revolution

n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;

synonym: coup, innovation, rebellion

(1) beginning of the industrial **revolution**, (2) a political **revolution**

The **revolution** by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

gang

n. a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity

synonym: crew, posse, group

(1) a motorcycle **gang**, (2) **gang** member

The street **gang** was known for its violent behavior.

colonize

v. to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers

synonym: settle, occupy, inhabit

(1) **colonize** planets, (2) **colonize** for cultivation

European powers **colonized** much of the Americas in the 16th and 17th centuries.

cyberspace

n. the electronic space where computer-mediated communication and interactions occur often used to refer to the internet or virtual reality environments

synonym: Internet, virtual reality, online world

(1) **cyberspace** security, (2) virtual **cyberspace**

Hackers are constantly trying to exploit vulnerabilities in **cyberspace** for their gain.

cartel

n. a group of businesses or organizations that join together to control the production and distribution of a particular product or service, often to limit competition and increase profits

synonym: syndicate, trust, monopoly

(1) **cartel** agreement, (2) drug **cartel**

The chocolate **cartel** was formed to control the price and supply of cocoa to chocolate manufacturers.

hijack

v. to seize control of an airplane or other vehicle during an operation, especially with violence

synonym: commandeer, seize, pirate

(1) **hijack** a helicopter, (2) **hijack** a phone number

He made a desperate effort to **hijack** an airliner.

recruit

v. to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.

synonym: raise, enroll, enlist

(1) **recruit** a good worker, (2) **recruit** a new hire

The colonial government **recruited** militia support when civil

war broke out.

coerce

v. to force, pressure, or compel someone to do something against their will or better judgment; to use threatening or intimidating tactics to persuade someone to comply with one's demands

synonym : force, compel, pressure

(1) **coerce** him to follow an order, (2) **coerce** obedience

The boss tried to **coerce** the employees into working overtime by threatening to fire them.

intimidate

v. to make someone fearful or uneasy so that they will do something that you want them to do

synonym : frighten, threaten, terrify

(1) **intimidate** an opponent, (2) effectively **intimidate** a thief

The boss tried to **intimidate** his subordinate with threats.

virtual

adj. being actually such in almost every respect; existing in essence or effect though not in actual fact

synonym : practical

(1) a **virtual** image, (2) trading of **virtual** currencies

She is the **virtual** president of the company.

sketch

n. a simple, quickly-made picture that does not have many details; a short descriptive summary of something

synonym : drawing, outline, blueprint

(1) a penciled **sketch**, (2) first design **sketches**

Yesterday, I created a rough **sketch** of the plan.

moving

adj. causing strong emotions or feelings, especially sadness or sympathy

synonym : emotional, poignant, touching

(1) **moving** experience, (2) **moving** ceremony

His **moving** speech about his struggles with addiction brought tears to the audience's eyes.

dynamic

adj. having a lot of energy, ideas, and enthusiasm, and a strong personality; of or relating to dynamics (= the branch of physics and engineering concerned with the forces that cause motions of bodies)

synonym: energetic, active, vital

(1) a **dynamic** market, (2) **dynamic** person

The sprinter has a **dynamic** way of running.

complexity

n. the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand

synonym: intricacy, sophistication, elaboration

(1) cognitive **complexity**, (2) **complexity** theory

The project's **complexity** made it difficult for the team to complete it on time.

inequality

n. the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different

synonym: imbalance, prejudice, unfairness

(1) **inequality** in salary, (2) algebraic **inequality**

There are several causes of economic **inequality** within societies.

impunity

n. exemption or freedom from punishment or harm; a state of being immune to negative consequences or legal accountability

synonym: immunity, exemption

(1) act with **impunity**, (2) enjoy **impunity**

The criminal was able to escape with **impunity**, despite committing multiple offenses.

stark

adj. empty, simple, or apparent; devoid of any qualifications

synonym: crude, blunt, desolate

(1) **stark** landscape, (2) **stark** truth

The scenery of the battlefield was **stark** and grey.

dilemma

n. a situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more options, especially that are equally unfavorable ones

synonym: difficulty, plight, predicament

(1) chicken-and-egg **dilemma**, (2) be in a **dilemma**

The choice between bureaucracy and adocracy represents a common **dilemma**.

thrive

v. to grow vigorously; to make steady progress

synonym: bloom, flourish, prosper

(1) **thrive** in a society, (2) **thrive** on pressure

Without investment, a business cannot **thrive**.

stumble

v. to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily

synonym: bumble, struggle, misstep

(1) **stumble** financially, (2) **stumble** through life

She **stumbled** over the tree root.

backward

adv. at, to, or toward the direction or place that is behind or rear

synonym: back, rearward, in reverse

(1) walk **backward**, (2) **backward** angle

She falls over **backward** when she sees her mother-in-law.

twin

n. either of two children born at the same time from the same mother

(1) a **twin-lens** camera, (2) a **twin** room

Its **twin** brothers are difficult to tell apart except for their parents.

kick-start

v. to start something by providing an initial burst of energy or enthusiasm

synonym: initiate, start, launch

(1) **kick-start** the project, (2) **kick-start** the economy

She needed to **kick-start** her weight loss journey.

process

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

synonym : procedure, method, system

(1) **process** improvement, (2) decision-making **process**

The **process** for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

collaboration

n. the act or situation of working together to create or produce something

synonym : affiliation, alliance, coalition

(1) **collaboration** between companies, (2) **collaboration** platform

The partnership program requires a mutual **collaboration** between both agencies.

collaborate

v. to work with someone else to produce or achieve something

synonym : cooperate, unite, get together

(1) **collaborate** with the police, (2) **collaborate** on a press release

She agreed to **collaborate** with him in creating new artwork.

incubate

v. to keep warm and protected, especially to hatch eggs; to develop and nurture

synonym : hatch, breed, gestate

(1) **incubate** terrorism in developing countries, (2) **incubate** an idea

The scientists decided to **incubate** the eggs for further study.

cease

v. to stop an action or event

synonym : stop, end, terminate

(1) **cease** to exist, (2) **cease** drinking

The company decided to **cease** production of the product.

truce

n. a cessation or suspension of hostilities between warring parties, usually for a specified period, as a treaty, armistice, or other agreement

synonym : ceasefire, armistice, peace

(1) temporary **truce**, (2) break a **truce**

The two sides agreed to a **truce** and set down their weapons.

spot

n. a particular location or place; a small round or roundish area, differing in color or feels from the surface around it

synonym : dot, mark, place

(1) beauty **spot**, (2) a **spot** on his honor

This remote **spot** is rarely visited.

locate

v. to specify or determine the exact position of someone or something

synonym : discover, find, place

(1) **locate** a missing pet, (2) **locate** a tumor

The robot can accurately **locate** construction material.

fundamental

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

synonym : basic, essential, entire

(1) **fundamental** education, (2) **fundamental** rights

Human behavior has **fundamental** characteristics.

reform

n. the act of improving or correcting something that is wrong or bad; a change made to correct a flaw or problem

synonym : change, modify, improve

(1) economic **reform**, (2) **reform** movement

The government is proposing a **reform** to the healthcare system to make it more accessible and affordable for all citizens.

tragic

adj. causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate

synonym : calamitous, disastrous, catastrophic

(1) **tragic** love stories, (2) **tragic** death

The **tragic** events of the war left many families torn apart.

valor

n. courage or bravery, especially in the face of danger or adversity; heroic qualities or actions

synonym: bravery, courage, heroism

(1) **valor** in war, (2) show **valor**

The soldier was awarded a medal of **valor** for his heroic actions in combat.

stigmatize

v. to accuse, condemn, or openly or formally consider somebody or something as not deserving respect

synonym: brand, mark, denounce

(1) **stigmatize** the deviant as criminal, (2) **stigmatize** him as a swindler

She was **stigmatized** by society because she had a child out of wedlock.

involve

v. to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else

synonym: implicate, include, engage

(1) **involve** a lot of paperwork, (2) **involve** a high degree of risk

The investigation **involves** several government agencies and is expected to take several months.

recreation

n. the activity that renews your health and spirits by enjoyment and relaxation; the act or process of making something that existed in the past exists or seems to exist again in a different time or place

synonym: amusement, entertainment, refreshment

(1) outdoor **recreation**, (2) **recreation** of the homeland

Basketball is their usual **recreation** after school.

communal

adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

synonym: collaborative, combined, collective

(1) **communal** swimming pool, (2) **communal** combination

of funds

Communal elections were held in several European countries.

inclusive

adj. including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something

synonym: cover-all, all-embracing, comprehensive

(1) a fully **inclusive** price, (2) **inclusive** education

The university has established a capacity for each nationality as part of its **inclusive** policy.

livable

adj. capable of being lived in comfortably and sustainably; suitable for human habitation

synonym: habitable, comfortable, pleasant

(1) **livable** city, (2) **livable** housing

Finding a safe and **livable** neighborhood is important when looking for a new place to live.

cohesion

n. the act or state of keeping or sticking together

synonym: coherence, coherency, cohesiveness

(1) social **cohesion**, (2) the **cohesion** of a team

We gain higher levels of social **cohesion** and stability.

mobility

n. the ability to move or be moved freely or easily from one place, job, or social class to another

synonym: flexibility, maneuverability

(1) lack in **mobility**, (2) improve social **mobility**

I have limited **mobility** in my arms.

segregation

n. the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation

synonym: isolation, separation, discrimination

(1) racial **segregation**, (2) **segregation** of power

Segregation based on race or ethnicity is illegal and unjust.

exclusion

n. the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something

synonym : omission, isolation, bar

(1) gender **exclusion**, (2) **exclusion** criteria

The policy of **exclusion** has caused significant harm to marginalized communities.

deliberately

adv. done in an intentional or slow and careful manner

synonym : intentionally, knowingly, willfully

(1) **deliberately** amateurish, (2) commit a crime

deliberately

He **deliberately** misleads others.

invest

v. to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result

synonym : fund, sponsor, support

(1) **invest** in stocks, (2) **invest** capital

The government should view children as national assets and actively **invest** in them.

integrate

v. to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups

synonym : mix, merge, combine

(1) **integrate** into the existing system, (2) **integrate** both businesses

He found that it is difficult to **integrate** socially.

cable

n. a set of wires covered by plastic or rubber that carries electricity, phone signals, etc.; a solid thick rope made of twisted hemp or steel wire

synonym : wire, cord, rope

(1) **cable** television, (2) coaxial **cable**

This system uses submarine **cables** to exchange information

between continents.

transport

n. a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on

synonym: shipment, transit, conveyance

(1) **transport** facilities, (2) access to public **transport**

Enhanced rail **transportation** is crucial for our business.

enormous

adj. extremely large or great

synonym: huge, giant, gigantic

(1) **enormous** amount, (2) **enormous** potential

Shakespeare's output of poetry was **enormous**.

peril

n. serious and great danger or risk

synonym: hazard, danger, threat

(1) the **peril** of the sea, (2) environmental **peril**

Due to hunger, the lives of the refugees were in **peril**.

analytics

n. the systematic computational analysis of data or statistics; information resulting from this analysis

synonym: data analysis, statistics

(1) major in **analytics**, (2) **analytics** tools

Advanced **analytics** is helping the business to make better data-driven decisions.

crowdsourcing

n. the practice of obtaining needed services, ideas, or content by enlisting the services of a large number of people, either paid or unpaid, typically via the internet

(1) **crowdsourcing** apps, (2) **crowdsourcing** in climate policy

The company used this **crowdsourcing** platform to gather ideas for its next product.

inevitable

adj. certain to happen and unavoidable

synonym: inescapable, unavoidable, sure

(1) **inevitable** changes of the seasons, (2) **inevitable** result

In times of recession, an increase in unemployment is **inevitable**.

folk *n.* people in general, especially those of a particular group or type
synonym: community, family, person
(1) **folk** art, (2) the **folk** songs of a particular district
Some seaweed was used as **folk** medicine in ancient times.

opportune *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
synonym: suitable, timely, practical
(1) **opportune** occasion, (2) an **opportune** remark
The phone rang at the most **opportune** time.

lifetime *n.* the duration of someone's life or something's existence;
synonym: lifespan, duration
(1) **lifetime** benefits, (2) **lifetime** ban from the sport
She had lived through two world wars in her **lifetime**.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| 1. sp_____er irrigation | <i>n.</i> a device that sprays water over a large area used especially for watering crops or gardens or for firefighting |
| 2. cultural n__m | <i>n.</i> something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard |
| 3. non-urb_____ion area | <i>n.</i> the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture |
| 4. vi_____ly all countries | <i>adv.</i> almost completely |
| 5. co_____te to the size | <i>v.</i> to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another |
| 6. temporary tr__e | <i>n.</i> a cessation or suspension of hostilities between warring parties, usually for a specified period, as a treaty, armistice, or other agreement |
| 7. lower infant mo_____ty | <i>n.</i> the quality or state of being subject to death |
| 8. vi_____t incident | <i>adj.</i> involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something |
| 9. f__k art | <i>n.</i> people in general, especially those of a particular group or type |
| 10. cou_____de scenery | <i>n.</i> rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery |

ANSWERS: 1. sprinkler, 2. norm, 3. urbanization, 4. virtually, 5. correlate, 6. truce, 7. mortality, 8. violent, 9. folk, 10. countryside

11. pos_____ty for growth *n.* a chance that something may happen or be true
12. bustling met_____is *n.* a large and densely populated city, typically the most important city or the capital of a country or region; a major center of commerce, culture, and activity
13. achieve the hi_____ic feat *adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
14. hustle-bu___e lifestyle *v.* to move or act energetically and noisily; (noun) a rapid active commotion
15. genic com_____ons *n.* a collection of things that have been combined; an assemblage of separate parts or qualities
16. virtual cyb_____ce *n.* the electronic space where computer-mediated communication and interactions occur often used to refer to the internet or virtual reality environments
17. co_____e augmented reality *v.* to join or merge to form a single thing or group
18. st__k truth *adj.* empty, simple, or apparent; devoid of any qualifications
19. hu___e up money *v.* to cause someone to move quickly by pushing them in a rough, aggressive way
20. ho_____ic condition *adj.* causing horror or disgust; gruesome and terrifying
21. aesthetic exc_____nt *n.* a feeling of great enthusiasm and eagerness

ANSWERS: 11. possibility, 12. metropolis, 13. historic, 14. bustle, 15. combination, 16. cyberspace, 17. combine, 18. stark, 19. hustle, 20. horrific, 21. excitement

22. me_____le influence *n.* the main hub or central city of a country or region; the principal city or urban center of a metropolitan area or a colony
23. an en_____ng smile *adj.* attracting, pleasant, or charming
24. sh____y-style lodging *n.* a small, crudely built, usually temporary house or dwelling; often used to describe a rough or inexpensive structure
25. re_____on strategy *n.* a decrease in size, amount, or degree
26. racial seg_____on *n.* the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation
27. re_____ve factors *adj.* considered and evaluated through comparison with something else
28. rec_____re the operating system *v.* to change the configuration or arrangement of something, often to improve its performance or functionality
29. ca__e television *n.* a set of wires covered by plastic or rubber that carries electricity, phone signals, etc.; a solid thick rope made of twisted hemp or steel wire
30. pe_____ul coexistence *adj.* not involving violence, conflict, or war
31. expel a di_____at *n.* a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations

ANSWERS: 22. metropole, 23. engaging, 24. shanty, 25. reduction, 26. segregation, 27. relative, 28. reconfigure, 29. cable, 30. peaceful, 31. diplomat

32. me_____n name *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly
33. economic pro_____ty *n.* the state of being successful and having the good fortune
34. hi_____ic accomplishment *adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
35. g__p of fear *n.* the act of holding onto something firmly with your hands, or the ability to do so; (verb) to hold fast or firmly
36. vi_____ly identical *adv.* almost completely
37. a st_____d hormone *n.* any of several organic compounds that are produced in the body and have important physiological effects and affect the development and growth of sex organs
38. unh_____ed talent *adj.* not previously announced, recognized, or celebrated; not receiving any publicity or acclaim; not given advance notice or warning
39. fr_____cy band *n.* an ordered array of colors into which a light beam can be split
40. pr_____y abuse *n.* someone's right to keep their personal matters and relationships not watched or interrupted by other people
41. sm_____e herself out of a country *v.* to import or export something or someone without paying appropriate customs duties, often illegally
42. tr_____rt facilities *n.* a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on

ANSWERS: 32. mention, 33. prosperity, 34. historic, 35. grip, 36. virtually, 37. steroid, 38. unheralded, 39. frequency, 40. privacy, 41. smuggle, 42. transport

43. st__k landscape *adj.* empty, simple, or apparent; devoid of any qualifications
44. in____te terrorism in developing countries *v.* to keep warm and protected, especially to hatch eggs; to develop and nurture
45. pe____ul country *adj.* not involving violence, conflict, or war
46. a fully in____ve price *adj.* including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something
47. ce__e to exist *v.* to stop an action or event
48. sm____e drugs *v.* to import or export something or someone without paying appropriate customs duties, often illegally
49. ur__n property owners *adj.* relating to or located in a town or city
50. assignment for the une____ed youth *adj.* not having a job, although able to work
51. dem____ic analyses *n.* a statistic characterizing that describes people or groups of people based on their age, sex, income, etc.
52. in____us plot *adj.* tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way
53. pr____y education *adj.* first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle

ANSWERS: 43. stark, 44. incubate, 45. peaceful, 46. inclusive, 47. cease, 48. smuggle, 49. urban, 50. unemployed, 51. demographic, 52. insidious, 53. primary

54. diluted al____l *n.* a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
55. show va__r *n.* courage or bravery, especially in the face of danger or adversity; heroic qualities or actions
56. direct pro_____on *n.* a part, share, or amount of something considered in comparative relation to a whole
57. fr_____ty of life *n.* the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable
58. tu__o feature *n.* (short for "turbocharger") a device or system that increases the power or performance of an engine or vehicle, typically by using compressed air or gas to increase combustion
59. ex___e rebellion *v.* to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
60. dis_____rt his plans *v.* to cause confusion, uncertainty, or embarrassment in someone; to make someone feel uneasy or uncertain
61. ho_____ic experience *adj.* causing horror or disgust; gruesome and terrifying
62. population de_____y *n.* the quality of compactness of a substance
63. the imp_____on of a word *n.* something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something

ANSWERS: 54. alcohol, 55. valor, 56. proportion, 57. fragility, 58. turbo, 59. excite, 60. disconcert, 61. horrific, 62. density, 63. implication

64. cou_____de lifestyle *n.* rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery
65. in_____te the quality of his life *v.* to introduce new methods, ideas, or products
66. the longstanding co_____ct *n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
67. do_____ce relationship *n.* the state or quality of being the most powerful or influential person or group
68. ind_____al freedom *n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
69. un_____y behavior *adj.* difficult or impossible to manage or control; disobedient; disorderly
70. th_____e in a society *v.* to grow vigorously; to make steady progress
71. n__m of action *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
72. na_____n-state *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
73. ant_____te a black future *v.* to expect or predict that something will happen; to tell in advance
74. me_____m color *adj.* of a size, amount, or level that is average or intermediate; (noun) a means or instrumentality for storing or communicating information
75. fun_____al rights *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

ANSWERS: 64. countryside, 65. innovate, 66. conflict, 67. dominance, 68. individual, 69. unruly, 70. thrive, 71. norm, 72. nation, 73. anticipate, 74. medium, 75. fundamental

76. pr____e changes *v.* to make a proposal, declare a plan for something
77. tr____h of the spirit *n.* a great victory or achievement
78. s__m dwellers *n.* a heavily populated urban area characterized by poor, run-down housing and infrastructure, often associated with poverty and social neglect
79. tec_____cal policy *adj.* based on scientific and industrial progress
80. a dr____ic rescue at sea *adj.* very sudden, very excellent, or full of action and excitement
81. after an in____al of pause *n.* a period between two events or times; a short break or pause
82. urb_____ion process *n.* the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture
83. number of different sc____ios *n.* a description of possible actions or events in the future; a written outline of a play, film, or literary work
84. fu____on properly *n.* the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose

ANSWERS: 76. propose, 77. triumph, 78. slum, 79. technological, 80. dramatic, 81. interval, 82. urbanization, 83. scenario, 84. function

85. first design sk___hes *n.* a simple, quickly-made picture that does not have many details; a short descriptive summary of something
86. li_____e housing *adj.* capable of being lived in comfortably and sustainably; suitable for human habitation
87. the co_____on of a team *n.* the act or state of keeping or sticking together
88. a t__n room *n.* either of two children born at the same time from the same mother
89. ant_____te your kind cooperation *v.* to expect or predict that something will happen; to tell in advance
90. the dy_____sm of the market *n.* the quality of being characterized by continuous change, activity, and progress; energy or forcefulness in movement or action
91. a gradual re_____on *n.* a decrease in size, amount, or degree
92. IT inf_____ure *n.* the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies
93. bu__e at the enterprise *v.* to protrude or extend outward
94. look up___d *adv.* toward the top or highest point, or a higher position or level; (adjective) extending or moving toward a higher place
95. pr_____t the future *v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience

ANSWERS: 85. sketch, 86. livable, 87. cohesion, 88. twin, 89. anticipate, 90. dynamism, 91. reduction, 92. infrastructure, 93. bulge, 94. upward, 95. predict

96. inn_____on leader *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation
97. beauty s__t *n.* a particular location or place; a small round or roundish area, differing in color or feels from the surface around it
98. mo_____ty due to cancer *n.* the quality or state of being subject to death
99. gu___a pig *n.* a former British gold coin worth 21 shillings or a unit of currency used in some West African countries; (Guinea) a republic in western Africa on the Atlantic
100. a seafaring na___n *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
101. sp_____ng machine *n.* the act of rotating rapidly around an axis; in the context of textiles, the process of twisting fibers together to form thread or yarn
102. barren of cr_____ve spirit *adj.* relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
103. economic ge_____hy *n.* a field of science devoted to the study of the lands, features, inhabitants, and phenomena of the Earth
104. del_____ely amateurish *adv.* done in an intentional or slow and careful manner
105. an ent_____stic response *n.* a person having a strong liking for something

ANSWERS: 96. innovation, 97. spot, 98. mortality, 99. guinea, 100. nation, 101. spinning, 102. creative, 103. geography, 104. deliberately, 105. enthusiast

106. ba____rd angle	<i>adv.</i> at, to, or toward the direction or place that is behind or rear
107. me____ty pollution	<i>n.</i> a huge city, especially with a population of more than 10 million people
108. an eq____le price	<i>adj.</i> fair and impartial; treating everyone fairly
109. a motorcycle g__g	<i>n.</i> a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity
110. int____te an opponent	<i>v.</i> to make someone fearful or uneasy so that they will do something that you want them to do
111. v__t desert	<i>adj.</i> enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity
112. make dr____ic changes	<i>adj.</i> very sudden, very excellent, or full of action and excitement
113. fun____al education	<i>adj.</i> forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
114. asp____on into the lungs	<i>n.</i> a strong desire to achieve something; the action or process of drawing breath
115. lose my g__p	<i>n.</i> the act of holding onto something firmly with your hands, or the ability to do so; (verb) to hold fast or firmly
116. epi____ogy research	<i>n.</i> the study of the distribution and determinants of health-related states or events, including diseases, in specified populations, and the application of this study to the control of health problems
117. co____ze planets	<i>v.</i> to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers

ANSWERS: 106. backward, 107. megacity, 108. equitable, 109. gang, 110. intimidate, 111. vast, 112. dramatic, 113. fundamental, 114. aspiration, 115. grip, 116. epidemiology, 117. colonize

118. cyb_____ce security *n.* the electronic space where computer-mediated communication and interactions occur often used to refer to the internet or virtual reality environments
119. the co_____ct between good and evil *n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
120. mo____g ceremony *adj.* causing strong emotions or feelings, especially sadness or sympathy
121. gh_____y mistake *adj.* causing great horror or fear; shockingly unpleasant or bad
122. cro_____ing in climate policy *n.* the practice of obtaining needed services, ideas, or content by enlisting the services of a large number of people, either paid or unpaid, typically via the internet
123. a penciled sk____h *n.* a simple, quickly-made picture that does not have many details; a short descriptive summary of something
124. improve social mo_____ty *n.* the ability to move or be moved freely or easily from one place, job, or social class to another
125. ca____t on the dance floor *v.* to leap or dance about in a playful or lively manner; to engage in boisterous or unrestrained behavior
126. no asp_____on for fame *n.* a strong desire to achieve something; the action or process of drawing breath
127. a sa__y investor *n.* the condition of being aware of and able to deal with a situation effectively; (adjective) having knowledge and understanding of a particular subject or activity

ANSWERS: 118. cyberspace, 119. conflict, 120. moving, 121. ghastly, 122. crowdsourcing, 123. sketch, 124. mobility, 125. cavort, 126. aspiration, 127. savvy

128. the imp_____on in a crime *n.* something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something
129. the worst case sc_____io *n.* a description of possible actions or events in the future; a written outline of a play, film, or literary work
130. a dy_____c market *adj.* having a lot of energy, ideas, and enthusiasm, and a strong personality; of or relating to dynamics (= the branch of physics and engineering concerned with the forces that cause motions of bodies)
131. inf_____ure cost *n.* the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies
132. bu__e with books *v.* to protrude or extend outward
133. hi__k a helicopter *v.* to seize control of an airplane or other vehicle during an operation, especially with violence
134. unh_____ed discovery *adj.* not previously announced, recognized, or celebrated; not receiving any publicity or acclaim; not given advance notice or warning
135. effects of cl_____e change *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
136. de_____p a skill *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

ANSWERS: 128. implication, 129. scenario, 130. dynamic, 131. infrastructure, 132. bulge, 133. hijack, 134. unheralded, 135. climate, 136. develop

137. wa_____e aircraft *n.* the use of military force to achieve political, economic, or social objectives
138. dis_____rt the enthusiast *v.* to cause confusion, uncertainty, or embarrassment in someone; to make someone feel uneasy or uncertain
139. at regular in_____als *n.* a period between two events or times; a short break or pause
140. dem_____hy study *n.* the study of the statistics of human populations, such as size, growth, density, distribution, and vital statistics
141. makeshift sh_____y *n.* a small, crudely built, usually temporary house or dwelling; often used to describe a rough or inexpensive structure
142. sti_____ze the deviant as criminal *v.* to accuse, condemn, or openly or formally consider somebody or something as not deserving respect
143. di__o on that *adv.* used to indicate that the same thing mentioned previously is true again; in the same way; (noun) a symbol that means "the same as above" or "repeat," often used in lists or tables to indicate that a previous item or value should be repeated
144. tribal wa_____d *n.* a military leader who has gained control over a region or territory, typically through force or intimidation; a commander of an army or group of soldiers who operates outside the control of a legitimate government

ANSWERS: 137. warfare, 138. disconcert, 139. interval, 140. demography, 141. shanty, 142. stigmatize, 143. ditto, 144. warlord

145. do_____ce of traits *n.* the state or quality of being the most powerful or influential person or group
146. di___e the cake into two pieces *v.* to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups
147. hold a pr_____t *n.* a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition
148. er_____te racial discrimination *v.* to get rid of or destroy something completely, especially something bad
149. environmental pe___l *n.* serious and great danger or risk
150. gender ex_____on *n.* the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something
151. industrial ex_____on *n.* the process of becoming larger or more extensive, or the result of this process
152. trading of vi_____l currencies *adj.* being actually such in almost every respect; existing in essence or effect though not in actual fact
153. grand fi_____rk display *n.* a device that produces a colorful display of light and sound when it is ignited
154. social co_____on *n.* the act or state of keeping or sticking together
155. a building of vast pro_____ons *n.* a part, share, or amount of something considered in comparative relation to a whole
156. commit a crime del_____ely *adv.* done in an intentional or slow and careful manner
157. break a tr___e *n.* a cessation or suspension of hostilities between warring parties, usually for a specified period, as a treaty, armistice, or other agreement

ANSWERS: 145. dominance, 146. divide, 147. protest, 148. eradicate, 149. peril, 150. exclusion, 151. expansion, 152. virtual, 153. firework, 154. cohesion, 155. proportion, 156. deliberately, 157. truce

158. road sp_____er *n.* a device that sprays water over a large area used especially for watering crops or gardens or for firefighting
159. a t__n-lens camera *n.* either of two children born at the same time from the same mother
160. ex___e the crowd *v.* to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
161. sh__e cheese *v.* to remove body hair with a razor; to cut the price of something
162. re_____t a new hire *v.* to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.
163. kic_____rt the economy *v.* to start something by providing an initial burst of energy or enthusiasm
164. un___y beast *adj.* difficult or impossible to manage or control; disobedient; disorderly
165. bu___e around a kitchen *v.* to move or act energetically and noisily; (noun) a rapid active commotion
166. st_____e through life *v.* to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
167. ext_____ary weather *adj.* exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual
168. ur__n planning *adj.* relating to or located in a town or city
169. une_____ed society *adj.* lacking knowledge or education
170. pr_____y school *adj.* first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle

ANSWERS: 158. sprinkler, 159. twin, 160. excite, 161. shave, 162. recruit, 163. kick-start, 164. unruly, 165. bustle, 166. stumble, 167. extraordinary, 168. urban, 169. uneducated, 170. primary

171. an op_____ne remark *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
172. education h_b *n.* the central or main part of a particular place, activity, network, etc.; the central part of a car wheel, fan, propeller, etc., through which the shaft or axle passes
173. politically fr_____e nation *adj.* delicate or easily broken or damaged
174. be in a di_____a *n.* a situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more options, especially that are equally unfavorable ones
175. to sp__e *n.* a narrow, thin, pointed piece of metal, wood, etc.; a sudden large increase in the magnitude or concentration of something
176. enf_____nt officer *n.* the act of ensuring that rules, regulations, or laws are obeyed or implemented; the act of applying force or pressure to compel compliance with rules or laws
177. me_____n in a report *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly
178. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
179. cancer epi_____ogy *n.* the study of the distribution and determinants of health-related states or events, including diseases, in specified populations, and the application of this study to the control of health problems

ANSWERS: 171. opportune, 172. hub, 173. fragile, 174. dilemma, 175. spike, 176. enforcement, 177. mention, 178. statistics, 179. epidemiology

180. er_____te the deficit *v.* to get rid of or destroy something completely, especially something bad
181. his research area of
con_____ion *n.* the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.
182. co_____ze for cultivation *v.* to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers
183. major in an_____cs *n.* the systematic computational analysis of data or statistics; information resulting from this analysis
184. decision-making pr_____s *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
185. an_____cs tools *n.* the systematic computational analysis of data or statistics; information resulting from this analysis
186. co_____e him to follow an order *v.* to force, pressure, or compel someone to do something against their will or better judgment; to use threatening or intimidating tactics to persuade someone to comply with one's demands
187. me_____ty project *n.* a huge city, especially with a population of more than 10 million people
188. the f__k songs of a particular district *n.* people in general, especially those of a particular group or type

ANSWERS: 180. eradicate, 181. concentration, 182. colonize, 183. analytics, 184. process, 185. analytics, 186. coerce, 187. megacity, 188. folk

198. d__l purpose *adj.* having two parts, aspects, or elements
199. temporary b__p *n.* a sudden and small, and typically temporary, change or deviation from a general trend
200. de___e a word *v.* to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or meaning of something
201. AI expert *n.* (abbreviation for artificial intelligence) the theory and development of computer systems capable of doing activities that would ordinarily need human intelligence, such as object recognition, speech recognition, decision-making, and language translation
202. trespass on a person's pr____y *n.* someone's right to keep their personal matters and relationships not watched or interrupted by other people
203. act with im____ty *n.* exemption or freedom from punishment or harm; a state of being immune to negative consequences or legal accountability
204. a vi____l image *adj.* being actually such in almost every respect; existing in essence or effect though not in actual fact
205. a sense of gl__m *n.* a state of darkness, sadness, or melancholy; a feeling of depression or lack of hope; a state of obscurity or uncertainty
206. the acc_____ent of a social goal *n.* the successful completion of a task or goal; an ability that has been acquired by training

ANSWERS: 198. dual, 199. blip, 200. define, 201. AI, 202. privacy, 203. impunity, 204. virtual, 205. gloom, 206. accomplishment

207. co_____te closely with the quality *v.* to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another
208. co_____al swimming pool *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
209. sti_____ze him as a swindler *v.* to accuse, condemn, or openly or formally consider somebody or something as not deserving respect
210. prophet of d__m *n.* death, destruction, or some other terrible situation that cannot be avoided
211. political ins_____ty *n.* the state of being unstable or uncertain and likely to change suddenly
212. high fr_____cy *n.* an ordered array of colors into which a light beam can be split
213. tr___c death *adj.* causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate
214. a silent pr_____t *n.* a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition
215. walk ba_____rd *adv.* at, to, or toward the direction or place that is behind or rear
216. se_____te video into chapter *v.* to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
217. un_____al life *adj.* existing or affecting everywhere or everyone
218. mi_____e a service *v.* to move from one country or region to another and settle there; to move from one place to another periodically or seasonally

ANSWERS: 207. correlate, 208. communal, 209. stigmatize, 210. doom, 211. instability, 212. frequency, 213. tragic, 214. protest, 215. backward, 216. separate, 217. universal, 218. migrate

219. sc_____e of AIDS *n.* a person or thing that causes great suffering or destruction; (verb) to punish someone severely
220. co_____e chemically with another substance *v.* to join or merge to form a single thing or group
221. time z___e *n.* a specific area, region, or section that is marked off or defined in some way
222. access to public tr_____rt *n.* a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on
223. a remote re_____ve *adj.* considered and evaluated through comparison with something else
224. effectively int_____te a thief *v.* to make someone fearful or uneasy so that they will do something that you want them to do
225. st_____e financially *v.* to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
226. apply AI technology to art *n.* (abbreviation for artificial intelligence) the theory and development of computer systems capable of doing activities that would ordinarily need human intelligence, such as object recognition, speech recognition, decision-making, and language translation
227. ex_____on criteria *n.* the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something

ANSWERS: 219. scourge, 220. combine, 221. zone, 222. transport, 223. relative, 224. intimidate, 225. stumble, 226. AI, 227. exclusion

228. lo___e a missing pet *v.* to specify or determine the exact position of someone or something
229. in____te a new method *v.* to introduce new methods, ideas, or products
230. cutting-edge inn_____on *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation
231. in____te into the existing system *v.* to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups
232. g__g member *n.* a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity
233. drug ca___l *n.* a group of businesses or organizations that join together to control the production and distribution of a particular product or service, often to limit competition and increase profits
234. ca____r lab *n.* a dead body, especially one used for scientific study or medical research
235. tu__o boost *n.* (short for "turbocharger") a device or system that increases the power or performance of an engine or vehicle, typically by using compressed air or gas to increase combustion
236. dem_____ic policy *n.* a statistic characterizing that describes people or groups of people based on their age, sex, income, etc.
237. the pe__l of the sea *n.* serious and great danger or risk

ANSWERS: 228. locate, 229. innovate, 230. innovation, 231. integrate, 232. gang, 233. cartel, 234. cadaver, 235. turbo, 236. demographic, 237. peril

238. material we___h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
239. di_____l electronic signature *adj.* processing or storing information as a succession of 1 and 0 to show that a signal is present or missing; relating to the use of computer technology, especially the internet
240. tech-sa___y *n.* the condition of being aware of and able to deal with a situation effectively; (adjective) having knowledge and understanding of a particular subject or activity
241. a private ind_____al *n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
242. classic car ent_____sts *n.* a person having a strong liking for something
243. the exc_____nt in the business world *n.* a feeling of great enthusiasm and eagerness
244. in_____e a lot of paperwork *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
245. in_____fy a good relationship *v.* to increase or make something increase in extent or strength
246. col_____ion platform *n.* the act or situation of working together to create or produce something
247. in_____te an idea *v.* to keep warm and protected, especially to hatch eggs; to develop and nurture
248. re_____nt by a diagram *v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute

ANSWERS: 238. wealth, 239. digital, 240. savvy, 241. individual, 242. enthusiast, 243. excitement, 244. involve, 245. intensify, 246. collaboration, 247. incubate, 248. represent

259. coaxial ca__e *n.* a set of wires covered by plastic or rubber that carries electricity, phone signals, etc.; a solid thick rope made of twisted hemp or steel wire
260. em___y a new method *v.* to give somebody a job and pay them for it; to make use of
261. corporate gov_____ce *n.* the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes
262. ce__e drinking *v.* to stop an action or event
263. rising hea_____re cost *n.* the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
264. a di_____l watch *adj.* processing or storing information as a succession of 1 and 0 to show that a signal is present or missing; relating to the use of computer technology, especially the internet
265. a qu_____r mile *n.* one of four equal parts; a fourth part or portion
266. do_____te over the weak *v.* to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
267. inc_____le amount *adj.* unbelievable; enormous
268. le___l injection *adj.* causing or capable of causing death; extremely dangerous

ANSWERS: 259. cable, 260. employ, 261. governance, 262. cease, 263. healthcare, 264. digital, 265. quarter, 266. dominate, 267. incredible, 268. lethal

269. de_____p a strategy *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
270. cognitive com_____ty *n.* the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
271. chicken-and-egg di_____a *n.* a situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more options, especially that are equally unfavorable ones
272. po_____y alleviation *n.* the condition of being extremely poor
273. in_____te both businesses *v.* to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups
274. pl_____t like the Earth *n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
275. the st_____re of a machine *n.* the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
276. ine_____ty in salary *n.* the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different

ANSWERS: 269. develop, 270. complexity, 271. dilemma, 272. poverty, 273. integrate, 274. planet, 275. structure, 276. inequality

277. de____e in quality *v.* to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept
278. gh____y sight *adj.* causing great horror or fear; shockingly unpleasant or bad
279. immune fu____on *n.* the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose
280. an a__o solo *n.* the second-highest vocal range in choral music, typically sung by the second-highest singers in a choir; a type of saxophone
281. a cold cl____e *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
282. economic d__m *n.* death, destruction, or some other terrible situation that cannot be avoided
283. fr____e ecosystem *adj.* delicate or easily broken or damaged
284. cro_____ing apps *n.* the practice of obtaining needed services, ideas, or content by enlisting the services of a large number of people, either paid or unpaid, typically via the internet
285. allied di____at *n.* a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations

ANSWERS: 277. decline, 278. ghastly, 279. function, 280. alto, 281. climate, 282. doom, 283. fragile, 284. crowdsourcing, 285. diplomat

286. ca____r donor *n.* a dead body, especially one used for scientific study or medical research
287. gl__m-filled room *n.* a state of darkness, sadness, or melancholy; a feeling of depression or lack of hope; a state of obscurity or uncertainty
288. regional wa____d *n.* a military leader who has gained control over a region or territory, typically through force or intimidation; a commander of an army or group of soldiers who operates outside the control of a legitimate government
289. ex_____on project *n.* the process of becoming larger or more extensive, or the result of this process
290. rec_____re the network *v.* to change the configuration or arrangement of something, often to improve its performance or functionality
291. emotional fr_____ty *n.* the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable
292. mass ho____de *n.* the act or instance of killing another person; murder, manslaughter, or other unlawful violent killings
293. enjoy im_____ty *n.* exemption or freedom from punishment or harm; a state of being immune to negative consequences or legal accountability
294. r_p a hole in the roof *v.* to tear something or be torn violently or suddenly

ANSWERS: 286. cadaver, 287. gloom, 288. warlord, 289. expansion, 290. reconfigure, 291. fragility, 292. homicide, 293. impunity, 294. rip

295. at inc_____le speed *adj.* unbelievable; enormous
296. pr_____e the amendment *v.* to make a proposal, declare a plan for something
297. col_____te on a press release *v.* to work with someone else to produce or achieve something
298. dy_____c person *adj.* having a lot of energy, ideas, and enthusiasm, and a strong personality; of or relating to dynamics (= the branch of physics and engineering concerned with the forces that cause motions of bodies)
299. enf_____nt action *n.* the act of ensuring that rules, regulations, or laws are obeyed or implemented; the act of applying force or pressure to compel compliance with rules or laws
300. top_____hy map *n.* the arrangement and physical features of a particular area or region, including its natural and artificial elements and their relative positions and elevations; the study or description of this arrangement and these features
301. v__t majority *adj.* enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity
302. spe_____ze in child care *v.* to become an expert in a specific career field, study, or business
303. people with bipolar di_____er *n.* an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions

ANSWERS: 295. incredible, 296. propose, 297. collaborate, 298. dynamic, 299. enforcement, 300. topography, 301. vast, 302. specialize, 303. disorder

304. in___t in stocks *v.* to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result
305. principles of un_____al design *adj.* existing or affecting everywhere or everyone
306. do_____te possession *v.* to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
307. not nec_____ly a problem *adv.* in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise
308. com_____ty theory *n.* the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
309. en_____ng story *adj.* attracting, pleasant, or charming
310. col_____te with the police *v.* to work with someone else to produce or achieve something
311. a__o saxophone *n.* the second-highest vocal range in choral music, typically sung by the second-highest singers in a choir; a type of saxophone
312. detailed top_____hy *n.* the arrangement and physical features of a particular area or region, including its natural and artificial elements and their relative positions and elevations; the study or description of this arrangement and these features
313. victim of a vi_____t crime *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
314. kic_____rt the project *v.* to start something by providing an initial burst of energy or enthusiasm

ANSWERS: 304. invest, 305. universal, 306. dominate, 307. necessarily, 308. complexity, 309. engaging, 310. collaborate, 311. alto, 312. topography, 313. violent, 314. kick-start

315. the files are in complete di_____er *n.* an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
316. end of the first qu_____r *n.* one of four equal parts; a fourth part or portion
317. com_____on number *n.* a collection of things that have been combined; an assemblage of separate parts or qualities
318. spiritual wa_____e *n.* the use of military force to achieve political, economic, or social objectives
319. hea_____re agency *n.* the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
320. lo_____e a tumor *v.* to specify or determine the exact position of someone or something
321. op_____ne occasion *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
322. in_____fy diplomatic efforts *v.* to increase or make something increase in extent or strength
323. re_____e the order *v.* to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear
324. mo_____g experience *adj.* causing strong emotions or feelings, especially sadness or sympathy

ANSWERS: 315. disorder, 316. quarter, 317. combination, 318. warfare, 319. healthcare, 320. locate, 321. opportune, 322. intensify, 323. reverse, 324. moving

325. a political rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
326. pos_____ty of a major earthquake *n.* a chance that something may happen or be true
327. creative dy_____sm *n.* the quality of being characterized by continuous change, activity, and progress; energy or forcefulness in movement or action
328. higher pixel de_____y *n.* the quality of compactness of a substance
329. st_____h along the coast *v.* to make or be capable of making anything longer or broader without hurting or breaking
330. forensic cri_____gy *n.* the scientific study of crime, criminals, and the criminal justice system encompassing a wide range of disciplines, including sociology, psychology, law, and statistics, among others
331. an advertising me_____m *adj.* of a size, amount, or level that is average or intermediate; (noun) a means or instrumentality for storing or communicating information
332. ca_____t in the park *v.* to leap or dance about in a playful or lively manner; to engage in boisterous or unrestrained behavior
333. rec_____on of the homeland *n.* the activity that renews your health and spirits by enjoyment and relaxation; the act or process of making something that existed in the past exists or seems to exist again in a different time or place

ANSWERS: 325. revolution, 326. possibility, 327. dynamism, 328. density, 329. stretch, 330. criminology, 331. medium, 332. cavort, 333. recreation

334. re_____e the trend *v.* to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear
335. li_____me ban from the sport *n.* the duration of someone's life or something's existence;
336. beginning of the industrial rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
337. co_____al combination of funds *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
338. fa____a neighborhood *n.* a Brazilian shantytown or slum, typically located on the outskirts of a major city, characterized by poverty, overcrowding, and lack of basic services such as sanitation and security
339. cr_____al investigation *n.* a person who has committed a crime
340. a s__t on his honor *n.* a particular location or place; a small round or roundish area, differing in color or feels from the surface around it
341. serial ho_____de *n.* the act or instance of killing another person; murder, manslaughter, or other unlawful violent killings
342. in_____e a high degree of risk *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
343. proud of his acc_____ents *n.* the successful completion of a task or goal; an ability that has been acquired by training

ANSWERS: 334. reverse, 335. lifetime, 336. revolution, 337. communal, 338. favela, 339. criminal, 340. spot, 341. homicide, 342. involve, 343. accomplishment

344. attempted mu___r *n.* the crime of killing somebody intentionally
345. th___e on pressure *v.* to grow vigorously; to make steady progress
346. d__l nationality *adj.* having two parts, aspects, or elements
347. st____h a story *v.* to make or be capable of making anything longer or broader without hurting or breaking
348. pr_____t when she will arrive *v.* to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
349. em___y job seekers *v.* to give somebody a job and pay them for it; to make use of
350. in_____us behavior *adj.* tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way
351. the city's dem_____hy report *n.* the study of the statistics of human populations, such as size, growth, density, distribution, and vital statistics
352. re___e a message *v.* to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
353. a friendly con_____ion *n.* an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.
354. co___e obedience *v.* to force, pressure, or compel someone to do something against their will or better judgment; to use threatening or intimidating tactics to persuade someone to comply with one's demands

ANSWERS: 344. murder, 345. thrive, 346. dual, 347. stretch, 348. predict, 349. employ, 350. insidious, 351. demography, 352. relate, 353. conversation, 354. coerce

355. in___t capital *v.* to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result
356. ins_____ty in currency markets *n.* the state of being unstable or uncertain and likely to change suddenly
357. met_____is skyline *n.* a large and densely populated city, typically the most important city or the capital of a country or region; a major center of commerce, culture, and activity
358. de_____e a job offer *v.* to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept
359. acc_____te a chemical reaction *v.* to make something faster or earlier; to cause to develop or progress more quickly
360. lack in mo_____ty *n.* the ability to move or be moved freely or easily from one place, job, or social class to another
361. ext_____ary ability *adj.* exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual
362. ge_____hy class *n.* a field of science devoted to the study of the lands, features, inhabitants, and phenomena of the Earth
363. pro_____ty of humankind *n.* the state of being successful and having the good fortune
364. con_____ion in English *n.* an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.
365. good gov_____ce *n.* the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes

ANSWERS: 355. invest, 356. instability, 357. metropolis, 358. decline, 359. accelerate, 360. mobility, 361. extraordinary, 362. geography, 363. prosperity, 364. conversation, 365. governance

366. people who are une_____ed *adj.* not having a job, although able to work
367. a truly hum_____ian act *adj.* something relating to the promotion of human welfare or someone who works to promote human welfare
368. behavioral cri_____gy *n.* the scientific study of crime, criminals, and the criminal justice system encompassing a wide range of disciplines, including sociology, psychology, law, and statistics, among others
369. di___e money equally *v.* to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups
370. une_____ed poor people *adj.* lacking knowledge or education
371. wanted cr_____al *n.* a person who has committed a crime
372. spe_____ze in market research *v.* to become an expert in a specific career field, study, or business
373. cr_____ve writing *adj.* relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
374. majority of his we___h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
375. hu___e on business *v.* to cause someone to move quickly by pushing them in a rough, aggressive way
376. mu___r in the second degree *n.* the crime of killing somebody intentionally
377. fi_____rk discharge *n.* a device that produces a colorful display of light and sound when it is ignited

ANSWERS: 366. unemployed, 367. humanitarian, 368. criminology, 369. divide, 370. uneducated, 371. criminal, 372. specialize, 373. creative, 374. wealth, 375. hustle, 376. murder, 377. firework

378. sh__e my head *v.* to remove body hair with a razor; to cut the price of something
379. gu___a coins *n.* a former British gold coin worth 21 shillings or a unit of currency used in some West African countries; (Guinea) a republic in western Africa on the Atlantic
380. se_____te cream from milk *v.* to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
381. con_____ion of armaments *n.* the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.
382. mi_____e across borders *v.* to move from one country or region to another and settle there; to move from one place to another periodically or seasonally
383. col_____ion between companies *n.* the act or situation of working together to create or produce something
384. se_____r trends *adj.* not connected with religious or spiritual matters; worldly
385. ine_____le changes of the seasons *adj.* certain to happen and unavoidable
386. algebraic ine_____ty *n.* the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different
387. to prevent blood sugar sp__es *n.* a narrow, thin, pointed piece of metal, wood, etc.; a sudden large increase in the magnitude or concentration of something

ANSWERS: 378. shave, 379. guinea, 380. separate, 381. concentration, 382. migrate, 383. collaboration, 384. secular, 385. inevitable, 386. inequality, 387. spike

388. normal se_____r life *adj.* not connected with religious or spiritual matters; worldly
389. pr_____s improvement *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
390. economic re____m *n.* the act of improving or correcting something that is wrong or bad; a change made to correct a flaw or problem
391. hi____k a phone number *v.* to seize control of an airplane or other vehicle during an operation, especially with violence
392. people in the fa____as *n.* a Brazilian shantytown or slum, typically located on the outskirts of a major city, characterized by poverty, overcrowding, and lack of basic services such as sanitation and security
393. st_____re and function of the brain *n.* the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
394. the cycle of po____y *n.* the condition of being extremely poor
395. the characters that re_____nt numbers *v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute

ANSWERS: 388. secular, 389. process, 390. reform, 391. hijack, 392. favela, 393. structure, 394. poverty, 395. represent

396. li____e city *adj.* capable of being lived in comfortably and sustainably; suitable for human habitation
397. acc_____te the car *v.* to make something faster or earlier; to cause to develop or progress more quickly
398. outdoor rec_____on *n.* the activity that renews your health and spirits by enjoyment and relaxation; the act or process of making something that existed in the past exists or seems to exist again in a different time or place
399. sh___k with fear *v.* to become smaller, or to make something smaller in size or amount
400. ca___l agreement *n.* a group of businesses or organizations that join together to control the production and distribution of a particular product or service, often to limit competition and increase profits
401. va___r in war *n.* courage or bravery, especially in the face of danger or adversity; heroic qualities or actions
402. r_p a notebook apart *v.* to tear something or be torn violently or suddenly
403. en_____us potential *adj.* extremely large or great
404. tec_____cal advancement *adj.* based on scientific and industrial progress
405. re_____t a good worker *v.* to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.

ANSWERS: 396. livable, 397. accelerate, 398. recreation, 399. shrink, 400. cartel, 401. valor, 402. rip, 403. enormous, 404. technological, 405. recruit

406. stop drinking al____l *n.* a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
407. seg_____on of power *n.* the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation
408. a h_b of commerce *n.* the central or main part of a particular place, activity, network, etc.; the central part of a car wheel, fan, propeller, etc., through which the shaft or axle passes
409. cultural me_____le *n.* the main hub or central city of a country or region; the principal city or urban center of a metropolitan area or a colony
410. in an eq_____le manner *adj.* fair and impartial; treating everyone fairly
411. sp_____ng wheel *n.* the act of rotating rapidly around an axis; in the context of textiles, the process of twisting fibers together to form thread or yarn
412. minor b__p *n.* a sudden and small, and typically temporary, change or deviation from a general trend
413. ine_____le result *adj.* certain to happen and unavoidable
414. s__m area *n.* a heavily populated urban area characterized by poor, run-down housing and infrastructure, often associated with poverty and social neglect

ANSWERS: 406. alcohol, 407. segregation, 408. hub, 409. metropole, 410. equitable, 411. spinning, 412. blip, 413. inevitable, 414. slum

ANSWERS:

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. This conduct would be an invasion of _____.
n. someone's right to keep their personal matters and relationships not watched or interrupted by other people
2. The _____ of the new CEO has revitalized the struggling company.
n. the quality of being characterized by continuous change, activity, and progress; energy or forcefulness in movement or action
3. The _____ of the glass required careful handling during shipping.
n. the quality of being easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; the state of being delicate or vulnerable
4. The children were eager to _____ in the playground, running and playing freely.
v. to leap or dance about in a playful or lively manner; to engage in boisterous or unrestrained behavior
5. The police are searching for the _____ who stole the jewels.
n. a person who has committed a crime
6. He had a firm _____ on the rope as he climbed the mountain.
n. the act of holding onto something firmly with your hands, or the ability to do so; (verb) to hold fast or firmly
7. We elected him to _____ us at the international conference.
v. to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute

ANSWERS: 1. privacy, 2. dynamism, 3. fragility, 4. cavort, 5. criminal, 6. grip, 7. represent

8. The _____ cause of the accident was due to the icy road conditions.

adj. first or highest in rank, order, or importance; most fundamental or essential; pertaining to the initial or introductory stage of something, such as a school year or election cycle

9. Her response revealed _____ idiocy.

adj. unbelievable; enormous

10. Due to its rich cultural heritage, the thriving _____ region attracts millions of tourists yearly.

n. the main hub or central city of a country or region; the principal city or urban center of a metropolitan area or a colony

11. He _____ misleads others.

adv. done in an intentional or slow and careful manner

12. There are several causes of economic _____ within societies.

n. the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different

13. Graduating from college was a major _____ for her.

n. the successful completion of a task or goal; an ability that has been acquired by training

14. The muscles in his arm _____ as he lifted the heavyweights.

v. to protrude or extend outward

15. I _____ to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.

v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly

ANSWERS: 8. primary, 9. incredible, 10. metropole, 11. deliberately, 12. inequality, 13. accomplishment, 14. bulged, 15. mentioned

16. This laptop has a _____ processor, making it fast and efficient.
adj. having two parts, aspects, or elements
17. This system uses submarine _____ to exchange information between continents.
n. a set of wires covered by plastic or rubber that carries electricity, phone signals, etc.; a solid thick rope made of twisted hemp or steel wire
18. The hospital received a donation of _____ for their research program.
n. a dead body, especially one used for scientific study or medical research
19. The professor of _____ conducted an extensive study on the relationship between poverty and crime.
n. the scientific study of crime, criminals, and the criminal justice system encompassing a wide range of disciplines, including sociology, psychology, law, and statistics, among others
20. He was able to _____ a gun inside the prison.
v. to import or export something or someone without paying appropriate customs duties, often illegally
21. The recent _____ in grain prices is partly due to the war in the producing countries.
n. a narrow, thin, pointed piece of metal, wood, etc.; a sudden large increase in the magnitude or concentration of something
22. The oscillator hunts for the correct _____.
n. an ordered array of colors into which a light beam can be split
23. Paris is a romantic _____ famous for its art, fashion, and cuisine.
n. a large and densely populated city, typically the most important city or the capital of a country or region; a major center of commerce, culture, and activity

ANSWERS: 16. dual-core, 17. cables, 18. cadavers, 19. criminology, 20. smuggle, 21. spike, 22. frequency, 23. metropolis

24. We need to _____ the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.
- v.* to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
25. The protesters became _____ when the police tried to disperse them.
- adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
26. She took a _____ class at the gym to improve her cardiovascular fitness.
- n.* the act of rotating rapidly around an axis; in the context of textiles, the process of twisting fibers together to form thread or yarn
27. The organizational _____ of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.
- n.* the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
28. The vase was made of _____ ceramic and easily broke when it was dropped.
- adj.* delicate or easily broken or damaged
29. We may frequently _____ age with the frequency of disease.
- v.* to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another
30. The brain is an incredibly complex organ that controls the body's _____.
- n.* the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose

ANSWERS: 24. separate, 25. violent, 26. spinning, 27. structure, 28. fragile, 29. correlate, 30. function

31. European powers _____ much of the Americas in the 16th and 17th centuries.
- v.* to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers
32. We are trying to _____ this disease from the world.
- v.* to get rid of or destroy something completely, especially something bad
33. The organization is dedicated to providing _____ aid to disaster-stricken areas worldwide.
- adj.* something relating to the promotion of human welfare or someone who works to promote human welfare
34. The sprinter has a _____ way of running.
- adj.* having a lot of energy, ideas, and enthusiasm, and a strong personality; of or relating to dynamics (= the branch of physics and engineering concerned with the forces that cause motions of bodies)
35. That supermarket tried to _____ certain costs by saving electricity.
- v.* to remove body hair with a razor; to cut the price of something
36. This exam requires excellent _____ to pass.
- n.* the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.
37. Your _____ reflects your thoughts.
- n.* an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.
38. The investigation _____ several government agencies and is expected to take several months.
- v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else

ANSWERS: 31. colonized, 32. eradicate, 33. humanitarian, 34. dynamic, 35. shave, 36. concentration, 37. conversation, 38. involves

39. To advance this discussion, we must _____ "success" rigorously.
- v.* to state or explain precisely the nature, scope, or meaning of something
40. This remote _____ is rarely visited.
- n.* a particular location or place; a small round or roundish area, differing in color or feels from the surface around it
41. The accident scene was _____ with bodies and debris scattered everywhere.
- adj.* causing horror or disgust; gruesome and terrifying
42. She had lived through two world wars in her _____.
- n.* the duration of someone's life or something's existence;
43. Advanced _____ is helping the business to make better data-driven decisions.
- n.* the systematic computational analysis of data or statistics; information resulting from this analysis
44. The _____ for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.
- n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
45. The evolution of processors has dramatically improved the performance of ____.
- n.* (abbreviation for artificial intelligence) the theory and development of computer systems capable of doing activities that would ordinarily need human intelligence, such as object recognition, speech recognition, decision-making, and language translation

ANSWERS: 39. define, 40. spot, 41. horrific, 42. lifetime, 43. analytics, 44. process, 45. AI

46. Plutonium has limited _____ applications.

adj. not involving violence, conflict, or war

47. During transit, the stuff may ____ off the luggage tag.

v. to tear something or be torn violently or suddenly

48. You must _____ and struggle on the court to win an acquittal.

v. to cause someone to move quickly by pushing them in a rough, aggressive way

49. Basketball is their usual _____ after school.

n. the activity that renews your health and spirits by enjoyment and relaxation; the act or process of making something that existed in the past exists or seems to exist again in a different time or place

50. The perspective of his right brain _____ his consciousness.

v. to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something

51. The boss tried to _____ the employees into working overtime by threatening to fire them.

v. to force, pressure, or compel someone to do something against their will or better judgment; to use threatening or intimidating tactics to persuade someone to comply with one's demands

52. _____ advances have disrupted many industries.

adj. based on scientific and industrial progress

53. The child's _____ scream echoed through the haunted house.

adj. causing great horror or fear; shockingly unpleasant or bad

ANSWERS: 46. peaceful, 47. rip, 48. hustle, 49. recreation, 50. dominates, 51. coerce, 52. Technological, 53. ghastly

54. The disease has an _____ onset, making it difficult to diagnose.
adj. tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way
55. Enhanced rail _____ is crucial for our business.
n. a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on
56. The Chinese people have accomplished several _____ feats.
adj. famous or significant in history, or potentially so
57. Due to hunger, the lives of the refugees were in _____.
n. serious and great danger or risk
58. The government tried to _____ the commercialization of this development.
v. to make something faster or earlier; to cause to develop or progress more quickly
59. The partnership program requires a mutual _____ between both agencies.
n. the act or situation of working together to create or produce something
60. The soldier was awarded a medal of _____ for his heroic actions in combat.
n. courage or bravery, especially in the face of danger or adversity; heroic qualities or actions
61. He was reluctant to leave his comfort _____ and try something new.
n. a specific area, region, or section that is marked off or defined in some way

ANSWERS: 54. insidious, 55. transportation, 56. historic, 57. peril, 58. accelerate, 59. collaboration, 60. valor, 61. zone

62. The cost of the antique vase is three _____.
- n.* a former British gold coin worth 21 shillings or a unit of currency used in some West African countries; (Guinea) a republic in western Africa on the Atlantic
63. I loved the first book in the series, so I'm hoping the second one will be just as good - _____ for the third.
- adv.* used to indicate that the same thing mentioned previously is true again; in the same way; (noun) a symbol that means "the same as above" or "repeat," often used in lists or tables to indicate that a previous item or value should be repeated
64. The vegetarian burger was an _____ that quickly spread to the United Kingdom.
- n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation
65. This war shattered dreams of peace and _____.
- n.* the state of being successful and having the good fortune
66. She was disbarred for her _____ in fraud.
- adj.* attracting, pleasant, or charming
67. The choice between bureaucracy and adhococracy represents a common _____.
- n.* a situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more options, especially that are equally unfavorable ones
68. We gain higher levels of social _____ and stability.
- n.* the act or state of keeping or sticking together

ANSWERS: 62. guineas, 63. ditto, 64. innovation, 65. prosperity, 66. engaging, 67. dilemma, 68. cohesion

69. This accident was something that happened _____.
adv. in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise
70. Many studies have investigated the relationship between _____ and academic achievement.
n. the condition of being extremely poor
71. The project's _____ made it difficult for the team to complete it on time.
n. the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
72. The two sides agreed to a _____ and set down their weapons.
n. a cessation or suspension of hostilities between warring parties, usually for a specified period, as a treaty, armistice, or other agreement
73. The company is undergoing an _____ opening new locations in several states.
n. the process of becoming larger or more extensive, or the result of this process
74. The picture earned near-_____ acclaim from critics.
adj. existing or affecting everywhere or everyone
75. This shirt will _____ in the wash.
v. to become smaller, or to make something smaller in size or amount
76. This airport has taken the first step to become an international _____ airport.
n. the central or main part of a particular place, activity, network, etc.; the central part of a car wheel, fan, propeller, etc., through which the shaft or axle passes
77. In times of recession, an increase in unemployment is _____.
adj. certain to happen and unavoidable

ANSWERS: 69. necessarily, 70. poverty, 71. complexity, 72. truce, 73. expansion, 74. universal, 75. shrink, 76. hub, 77. inevitable

78. Shakespeare's output of poetry was _____.

adj. extremely large or great

79. The boss tried to _____ his subordinate with threats.

v. to make someone fearful or uneasy so that they will do something that you want them to do

80. We need to _____ the office layout to use the space better.

v. to change the configuration or arrangement of something, often to improve its performance or functionality

81. The street ____ was known for its violent behavior.

n. a group of people who organize and engage in criminal activity

82. The school was founded as a _____ institution with no religious affiliations.

adj. not connected with religious or spiritual matters; worldly

83. In a democratic country, governments promote _____ opportunities to participate in society.

adj. fair and impartial; treating everyone fairly

84. The restaurant has chefs who _____ in beef.

v. to become an expert in a specific career field, study, or business

85. As people age, their digestive capacity also gradually _____.

v. to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept

86. His business _____ was evident in the success of his company.

n. the condition of being aware of and able to deal with a situation effectively; (adjective) having knowledge and understanding of a particular subject or activity

ANSWERS: 78. enormous, 79. intimidate, 80. reconfigure, 81. gang, 82. secular, 83. equitable, 84. specialize, 85. declines, 86. savvy

87. The _____ size shirt fits him perfectly.

adj. of a size, amount, or level that is average or intermediate; (noun) a means or instrumentality for storing or communicating information

88. A _____ audience viewed the broadcast.

adj. enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity

89. Mercury is the closest _____ to the sun.

n. any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star

90. The _____ system kept the lawn green and healthy.

n. a device that sprays water over a large area used especially for watering crops or gardens or for firefighting

91. He is more concerned about the _____ of his body fat than usual because of an upcoming bodybuilding competition.

n. a part, share, or amount of something considered in comparative relation to a whole

92. Can you _____ 123321 by eleven?

v. to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups

93. There is a clear association between _____ consumption and cognitive decline.

n. a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.

94. It's notoriously challenging to _____ birth rates.

v. to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience

ANSWERS: 87. medium, 88. vast, 89. planet, 90. sprinkler, 91. proportion, 92. divide, 93. alcohol, 94. predict

95. The _____ of getting the disease will drastically increase.
n. a chance that something may happen or be true
96. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.
n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
97. Only a small number of _____ utilities offer sanitation services.
adj. relating to or located in a town or city
98. The country has been engaged in a prolonged conflict, with both sides using modern _____ tactics.
n. the use of military force to achieve political, economic, or social objectives
99. He made a desperate effort to _____ an airliner.
v. to seize control of an airplane or other vehicle during an operation, especially with violence
100. He left the party in _____ at its radical political stance.
n. a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition
101. Yesterday, I created a rough _____ of the plan.
n. a simple, quickly-made picture that does not have many details; a short descriptive summary of something
102. _____ elections were held in several European countries.
adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
103. The _____ of the upcoming concert was palpable among the crowd.
n. a feeling of great enthusiasm and eagerness

ANSWERS: 95. possibility, 96. norms, 97. urban, 98. warfare, 99. hijack, 100. protest, 101. sketch, 102. Communal, 103. excitement

104. Some _____ are banned for use by athletes because of their muscle-building effects.
- n.* any of several organic compounds that are produced in the body and have important physiological effects and affect the development and growth of sex organs
105. The scenery of the battlefield was _____ and grey.
- adj.* empty, simple, or apparent; devoid of any qualifications
106. The _____ of the new traffic laws led to a decrease in accidents.
- n.* the act of ensuring that rules, regulations, or laws are obeyed or implemented; the act of applying force or pressure to compel compliance with rules or laws
107. The chocolate _____ was formed to control the price and supply of cocoa to chocolate manufacturers.
- n.* a group of businesses or organizations that join together to control the production and distribution of a particular product or service, often to limit competition and increase profits
108. The plague was a _____ that killed millions of people.
- n.* a person or thing that causes great suffering or destruction; (verb) to punish someone severely
109. Some seaweed was used as _____ medicine in ancient times.
- n.* people in general, especially those of a particular group or type
110. The _____ children in the classroom made teaching difficult for the teacher.
- adj.* difficult or impossible to manage or control; disobedient; disorderly
111. The _____ army was well-equipped and well-trained, making them a formidable force to reckon with.
- n.* a military leader who has gained control over a region or territory, typically through force or intimidation; a commander of an army or group of soldiers who operates outside the control of a legitimate government

ANSWERS: 104. steroids, 105. stark, 106. enforcement, 107. cartel, 108. scourge,

109. folk, 110. unruly, 111. warlord's

112. The government needs to invest more in affordable housing options to reduce the number of people living in _____.
- n.* a heavily populated urban area characterized by poor, run-down housing and infrastructure, often associated with poverty and social neglect
113. Rapid _____ has led to many environmental and social issues in cities.
- n.* the process of population growth and physical expansion of cities, often involving increased migration from rural areas and the development of urban infrastructure and culture
114. Finding a safe and _____ neighborhood is important when looking for a new place to live.
- adj.* capable of being lived in comfortably and sustainably; suitable for human habitation
115. The country's economic situation has improved markedly due to reform _____.
- n.* a person having a strong liking for something
116. The team's _____ in the championship resulted from their hard work and dedication.
- n.* a great victory or achievement
117. _____ and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.
- n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
118. The company used this _____ platform to gather ideas for its next product.
- n.* the practice of obtaining needed services, ideas, or content by enlisting the services of a large number of people, either paid or unpaid, typically via the internet

ANSWERS: 112. slums, 113. urbanization, 114. livable, 115. enthusiasts, 116. triumph, 117. Climate, 118. crowdsourcing

119. She was _____ by society because she had a child out of wedlock.

v. to accuse, condemn, or openly or formally consider somebody or something as not deserving respect

120. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

121. Malignant hypertension is the most _____ form of hypertension.

adj. causing or capable of causing death; extremely dangerous

122. All the supervisor has to do is assign tasks that make his subordinates more _____.

adj. relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something

123. He narrated the _____ story of his adventure.

adj. exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual

124. The city _____ with activity as people rushed to work.

v. to move or act energetically and noisily; (noun) a rapid active commotion

125. As an _____ he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.

n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group

126. The senior _____ worked tirelessly to negotiate a peace treaty between the two countries.

n. a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations

ANSWERS: 119. stigmatized, 120. wealth, 121. lethal, 122. creative, 123. extraordinary, 124. bustled, 125. individual, 126. diplomat

127. Aging societies tend to require huge costs for _____ maintenance.
n. the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies
128. _____ all the parties signed the contract.
adv. almost completely
129. Its _____ brothers are difficult to tell apart except for their parents.
n. either of two children born at the same time from the same mother
130. The university has established a capacity for each nationality as part of its _____ policy.
adj. including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something
131. The government should view children as national assets and actively _____ in them.
v. to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result
132. He has an _____ to become a doctor.
n. a strong desire to achieve something; the action or process of drawing breath
133. Everyone was aware of the impending _____ but was unable to prevent it.
n. death, destruction, or some other terrible situation that cannot be avoided
134. When making arrests, police officers frequently _____ excessive force.
v. to give somebody a job and pay them for it; to make use of

ANSWERS: 127. infrastructure, 128. Virtually, 129. twin, 130. inclusive, 131. invest, 132. aspiration, 133. doom, 134. employ

135. Human behavior has _____ characteristics.

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

136. We must _____ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

137. The _____ of the rainy weather was beginning to affect her mood.

n. a state of darkness, sadness, or melancholy; a feeling of depression or lack of hope; a state of obscurity or uncertainty

138. The _____ of influenza has been well studied over the years, leading to the development of effective vaccines and treatment strategies.

n. the study of the distribution and determinants of health-related states or events, including diseases, in specified populations, and the application of this study to the control of health problems

139. The United Nations assists countries in building strong _____ frameworks and institutions.

n. the act or process of governing or managing a political, social, or economic entity; the systems or principles that guide such processes

140. The company adjusted the revenue _____.

adv. toward the top or highest point, or a higher position or level; (adjective) extending or moving toward a higher place

141. This intriguing _____ mystery remains unsolved.

n. the crime of killing somebody intentionally

ANSWERS: 135. fundamental, 136. develop, 137. gloom, 138. epidemiology, 139. governance, 140. upward, 141. murder

142. She falls over _____ when she sees her mother-in-law.

adv. at, to, or toward the direction or place that is behind or rear

143. Lack of sleep and overwork often lead to emotional _____.

n. the state of being unstable or uncertain and likely to change suddenly

144. The news of her promotion _____ her.

v. to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager

145. The _____ events of the war left many families torn apart.

adj. causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate

146. The _____ of the region is rugged, with many hills and valleys.

n. the arrangement and physical features of a particular area or region, including its natural and artificial elements and their relative positions and elevations; the study or description of this arrangement and these features

147. The government is proposing a _____ to the healthcare system to make it more accessible and affordable for all citizens.

n. the act of improving or correcting something that is wrong or bad; a change made to correct a flaw or problem

148. His poem has a very significant _____.

n. something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something

149. Without investment, a business cannot _____.

v. to grow vigorously; to make steady progress

ANSWERS: 142. backward, 143. instability, 144. excited, 145. tragic, 146. topography, 147. reform, 148. implication, 149. thrive

150. The _____ in carbon emissions has been significant since the implementation of the new policy.
n. a decrease in size, amount, or degree
151. Hydrogen and oxygen _____ to form water.
v. to join or merge to form a single thing or group
152. In an aging population, citizens must pay more to maintain quality _____.
n. the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
153. For the analysis _____ the system remains at a standstill state.
n. a period between two events or times; a short break or pause
154. She _____ over the tree root.
v. to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
155. The doctor prescribed some medicine for the mental _____.
n. an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
156. His _____ speech about his struggles with addiction brought tears to the audience's eyes.
adj. causing strong emotions or feelings, especially sadness or sympathy
157. She did well on her _____ exam.
n. a field of science devoted to the study of the lands, features, inhabitants, and phenomena of the Earth

ANSWERS: 150. reduction, 151. combine, 152. healthcare, 153. interval, 154. stumbled, 155. disorder, 156. moving, 157. geography

158. Hackers are constantly trying to exploit vulnerabilities in _____ for their gain.
- n.* the electronic space where computer-mediated communication and interactions occur often used to refer to the internet or virtual reality environments
159. The _____ by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.
- n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
160. The fishing village grew rapidly into a bustling _____.
- n.* a huge city, especially with a population of more than 10 million people
161. The _____ singer had a unique and powerful voice.
- n.* the second-highest vocal range in choral music, typically sung by the second-highest singers in a choir; a type of saxophone
162. The company decided to _____ production of the product.
- v.* to stop an action or event
163. Many Germans _____ to South America in the mid-19th century.
- v.* to move from one country or region to another and settle there; to move from one place to another periodically or seasonally
164. The colonial government _____ militia support when civil war broke out.
- v.* to persuade someone to work for a company; to find new members for an organization, the armed forces, etc.
165. The company has maintained its _____ in the market for several years.
- n.* the state or quality of being the most powerful or influential person or group

ANSWERS: 158. cyberspace, 159. revolution, 160. megacity, 161. alto, 162. cease, 163. migrated, 164. recruited, 165. dominance

166. The stock market had one bad _____ today.

n. a sudden and small, and typically temporary, change or deviation from a general trend

167. The president prepared several possible _____ for an enemy attack.

n. a description of possible actions or events in the future; a written outline of a play, film, or literary work

168. His sudden departure _____ the team.

v. to cause confusion, uncertainty, or embarrassment in someone; to make someone feel uneasy or uncertain

169. The _____ to the safe was a secret.

n. a collection of things that have been combined; an assemblage of separate parts or qualities

170. My father was _____ for so long.

adj. not having a job, although able to work

171. Several _____ indicators correlate with care admission.

n. a statistic characterizing that describes people or groups of people based on their age, sex, income, etc.

172. She is the _____ president of the company.

adj. being actually such in almost every respect; existing in essence or effect though not in actual fact

173. The detective was called to investigate a _____ in the city.

n. the act or instance of killing another person; murder, manslaughter, or other unlawful violent killings

ANSWERS: 166. blip, 167. scenarios, 168. disconcerted, 169. combination, 170. unemployed, 171. demographic, 172. virtual, 173. homicide

174. She needed to _____ her weight loss journey.

v. to start something by providing an initial burst of energy or enthusiasm

175. The policy of _____ has caused significant harm to marginalized communities.

n. the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something

176. The _____ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

177. The phone rang at the most _____ time.

adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose

178. Most countries prohibit sexual activity between certain close _____.

adj. considered and evaluated through comparison with something else

179. Some herds have been observed to _____ hundreds of kilometers.

v. to make or be capable of making anything longer or broader without hurting or breaking

180. Rebels have pledged to _____ the armed struggle against the dictatorship.

v. to increase or make something increase in extent or strength

181. This disease has a high _____.

n. the quality or state of being subject to death

ANSWERS: 174. kick-start, 175. exclusion, 176. nation, 177. opportune, 178. relatives, 179. stretch, 180. intensify, 181. mortality

182. The new car model is equipped with a _____ engine for increased performance.
n. (short for "turbocharger") a device or system that increases the power or performance of an engine or vehicle, typically by using compressed air or gas to increase combustion
183. Do you know the _____ of the population in Hong Kong?
n. the quality of compactness of a substance
184. I want to _____ a toast in honor of our longstanding relationship.
v. to make a proposal, declare a plan for something
185. I have limited _____ in my arms.
n. the ability to move or be moved freely or easily from one place, job, or social class to another
186. The scientists decided to _____ the eggs for further study.
v. to keep warm and protected, especially to hatch eggs; to develop and nurture
187. Sensors convert physical phenomena into _____ signals.
adj. processing or storing information as a succession of 1 and 0 to show that a signal is present or missing; relating to the use of computer technology, especially the internet
188. We _____ heavy snowfall tomorrow.
v. to expect or predict that something will happen; to tell in advance
189. The restaurant _____ a ban on smoking.
v. to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear

ANSWERS: 182. turbo, 183. density, 184. propose, 185. mobility, 186. incubate, 187. digital, 188. anticipate, 189. reversed

190. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.
- n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
191. The children were excited to see the _____ show.
- n.* a device that produces a colorful display of light and sound when it is ignited
192. The lack of access to education has left many people _____.
- adj.* lacking knowledge or education
193. The statement had a _____ impact on house prices.
- adj.* very sudden, very excellent, or full of action and excitement
194. The _____ artist's work was noticed when a gallery curator discovered it.
- adj.* not previously announced, recognized, or celebrated; not receiving any publicity or acclaim; not given advance notice or warning
195. He and I often had _____ not only in personality but also in ideology.
- n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
196. The small village in the _____ was perfect for a quiet getaway.
- n.* rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery
197. The robot can accurately _____ construction material.
- v.* to specify or determine the exact position of someone or something

ANSWERS: 190. statistics, 191. firework, 192. uneducated, 193. dramatic, 194. unheralded, 195. conflicts, 196. countryside, 197. locate

198. Many _____ residents struggle to access basic amenities like running water and electricity.
- n.* a Brazilian shantytown or slum, typically located on the outskirts of a major city, characterized by poverty, overcrowding, and lack of basic services such as sanitation and security
199. He found that it is difficult to _____ socially.
- v.* to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups
200. The criminal was able to escape with _____ despite committing multiple offenses.
- n.* exemption or freedom from punishment or harm; a state of being immune to negative consequences or legal accountability
201. _____ based on race or ethnicity is illegal and unjust.
- n.* the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation
202. The unemployment rate in the first _____ was 2.3 percentage points higher than in the previous.
- n.* one of four equal parts; a fourth part or portion
203. Companies developing self-driving cars consistently _____ the emerging technologies.
- v.* to introduce new methods, ideas, or products
204. The beach _____ provided temporary shelter for the stranded tourists.
- n.* a small, crudely built, usually temporary house or dwelling; often used to describe a rough or inexpensive structure

ANSWERS: 198. favela, 199. integrate, 200. impunity, 201. Segregation, 202. quarter, 203. innovate, 204. shanty

205. The _____ of the country is changing rapidly due to migration and the aging population
- n.* the study of the statistics of human populations, such as size, growth, density, distribution, and vital statistics
206. He tried to _____ his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.
- v.* to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
207. She agreed to _____ with him in creating new artwork.
- v.* to work with someone else to produce or achieve something

ANSWERS: 205. demography, 206. relate, 207. collaborate