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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Timothy Ihrig: What we can do to die well | TED Talk
https://www.ted.com/talks/timothy_ihrig_what_we_can_do_to_die_well

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

palliate

v. to make a disease, condition, or symptom appear less severe or intense than it actually is; to alleviate or ease symptoms without curing the underlying cause

synonym: extenuate, soothe, relieve

(1) **palliate** symptoms, (2) attempts to **palliate**

The charity provided meals and shelter to **palliate** the suffering of the homeless population.

physician

n. a medical doctor who practices medicine

synonym: doctor, practitioner, medic

(1) the advice of the **physician**, (2) consult with a **physician**

She visited the local **physician** to seek treatment for her persistent headache.

vulnerable

adj. capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally

synonym: susceptible, exposed, weak

(1) a **vulnerable** bridge, (2) **vulnerable** parts of the body

Infants and pregnant women are particularly **vulnerable**.

complexity

n. the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand

synonym: intricacy, sophistication, elaboration

(1) cognitive **complexity**, (2) **complexity** theory

The project's **complexity** made it difficult for the team to complete it on time.

economics

n. the branch of social science that deals with the production, consumption, and transfer of goods and services

synonym : social science, finance, business

(1) welfare **economics**, (2) **economics** professor

His class will cover an introduction to agricultural **economics**.

intersection

n. a point where two or more roads, lines, etc., cross each other

synonym : crossroad, junction, hub

(1) busy **intersection**, (2) the **intersection** of coordinate axes

Take a right turn at the next **intersection**.

scare

v. to frighten a person or animal, or to become frightened

synonym : frighten, spook, intimidate

(1) **scare** off her attacker by screaming, (2) **scare** the birds away

We hit the ground to **scare** out the rabbits.

hell

n. the place thought to be where bad people go and are punished after death, often depicted as being located beneath the earth; an extraordinarily unpleasant or difficult place

synonym : inferno, agony, misery

(1) run like **hell**, (2) **hell** broke loose

The battlefield became **hell** on earth.

medicinal

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

synonym : curative, therapeutic, healing

(1) **medicinal** chemistry, (2) traditional **medicinal**

The **medicinal** properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

paradigm

n. a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model

synonym: example, standard, epitome

(1) major **paradigm** shift, (2) cultural **paradigm**

He postulated a completely different **paradigm** to explain all these phenomena.

engage

v. to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something

synonym: confront, employ, amuse

(1) **engage** in environmental protection activities,

(2) **engage** a new employee

Many multinational companies are **engaged** in the reconstruction of that country.

patient

n. a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic

synonym: client, recipient, subject

(1) **patient** in the hospital, (2) **patient** with weight loss

The doctor carefully examined the **patient's** medical history.

stumble

v. to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily

synonym: bumble, struggle, misstep

(1) **stumble** financially, (2) **stumble** through life

She **stumbled** over the tree root.

emergency

n. a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action

synonym: crisis, trouble, difficulty

(1) **emergency** action, (2) acute **emergency**

The president declared a state of **emergency**.

depart

v. to go away or leave, especially to start a journey

synonym: go away, leave, vacate

(1) arrive and **depart** on time, (2) **depart** from the faith

We **departed** before the temperature fell below zero.

headache

n. pain in the head; someone or something that causes anxiety or trouble

synonym: concern, difficulty, problem

(1) **headache** accompanied by fever, (2) bit of a **headache**

This pill will relieve your **headaches** immediately.

evaluate

v. to assess or estimate the quality, significance, quantity, or value of something

synonym: assess, estimate, consider

(1) **evaluate** the grant proposal, (2) **evaluate** a situation

The meeting aims to **evaluate** possible choices.

rev

n. a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute

synonym: revolution, RPM, speed

(1) low- **rev** engine, (2) **rev** up the crowd

He stepped on the gas pedal, and the engine released a loud **rev**.

cancer

n. abnormal growth of cells that can invade and destroy surrounding tissues and organs; a disease characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells

synonym: tumor, carcinoma, malignancy

(1) **cancer** diagnosis, (2) **cancer** research

Breast **cancer** is the most common type of cancer in women.

brain

n. the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling

synonym: intellect, mind, encephalon

(1) basic **brain** function, (2) permanent **brain** damage

X-rays revealed a small tumor in his **brain**.

attend

v. to be present at an event, to go to a place

synonym : go, be present, accompany

(1) **attend** a meeting, (2) **attend** service

We must **attend** to this matter.

diagnose

v. to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis

synonym : identify, analyze, interpret

(1) **diagnose** the problem, (2) **diagnose** with CT scans

This device is used to **diagnose** brain cancer and other tumors.

prognosis

n. the likely outcome or course of a disease or illness based on medical analysis and examination of the patient; a forecast or prediction of future events or developments

synonym : prospect, forecast, diagnosis

(1) **prognosis** of cancer, (2) poor **prognosis**

The doctor gave a positive **prognosis** for her recovery from the illness.

sacred

adj. connected with religion or religious purposes; worthy of respect or dedication because of a connection with a god

synonym : holy, inviolable, hallowed

(1) **sacred** music, (2) the halo of a **sacred** image

This space is a private office **sacred** to the President

slap

v. to strike something or someone with an open palm or flat object, producing a sharp sound or sensation; to place something firmly, suddenly, or unexpectedly

synonym : smack, hit, whack

(1) **slap** on the back, (2) **slap** a heavy fine

The politician tried to **slap** down the rumors about his personal life.

conversation

n. an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.

synonym : chat, discussion, dialogue

(1) **conversation** in English, (2) a friendly **conversation**

Your **conversation** reflects your thoughts.

infrequent

adj. occurring rarely or irregularly; happening at long intervals; not happening often or in large numbers

synonym : rare, sporadic, uncommon

(1) **infrequent** showers, (2) **infrequent** meetings

Traveling to remote villages can be difficult due to **infrequent** transportation.

crisis

n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

synonym : concern, problem, emergency

(1) financial **crisis**, (2) **crisis** management

The Chinese word for **crisis** comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

threat

n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

synonym : menace, danger, hazard

(1) economic **threat**, (2) environmental **threat**

The **threat** of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.

expenditure

n. the act of spending money; the total amount of money spent

synonym : outlay, cost, expense

(1) energy **expenditure**, (2) **expenditure** planning

Almost \$1 billion in capital **expenditure** is still required.

gross

adj. being the total amount of something before any deductions; obese and ugly or unpleasant

synonym : before tax, total, abhorrent

(1) the **gross** amount, (2) **gross** injustice

The drastic reorganization has significantly increased this company's **gross** profits.

domestic

adj. relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international

synonym : endemic, private, household

(1) **domestic** airline, (2) a **domestic** animal

GDP stands for gross **domestic** product.

trillion

n. the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million

(1) **trillion** cubic feet, (2) many **trillions** of dollars

One light year is nearly 6 **trillion** miles.

extrapolate

v. to guess or think about what might happen or estimate something using the facts that you have now

synonym : deduce, reason, infer

(1) **extrapolate** the results, (2) **extrapolate** animal dose

This predictive model mechanically **extrapolates** past trends into the future.

boom

n. a sudden increase in economic activity, or a sudden happening that brings good fortune; a deep, loud, and prolonged sound

synonym : roaring, prosperity, boost

(1) **boom** in sales, (2) a sonic **boom**

The high-technology industry is enjoying a **boom**.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

gallon

n. a unit for measuring volume, in the US, it is equal to about 3.79 liters, and in the UK, Canada, and other countries, it is equal to about 4.55 liters

(1) 5- **gallon** square can, (2) ten- **gallon** hat

The imperial **gallon** was standardized legally by the British Empire.

tuition

n. the act of teaching something, especially when given to a small group or one person; fees charged by education institutions for instruction or other services

synonym : fee, schooling, education

(1) **tuition** assistance, (2) a college **tuition**

His father cannot afford his **tuition**.

stake

n. a share or financial investment in something such as a business; a wooden or metal post set up to mark something

synonym : share, interest, post

(1) execution by burning at a **stake**, (2) buy the company's **stake**

The **stake** of the company is too high nowadays.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym : finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

capitalism

n. an economic system based on the private ownership of the means of production and their operation for profit

synonym : commercialism

(1) advance **capitalism**, (2) under the umbrella of **capitalism**

Capitalism also guarantees intellectual property rights and thus promotes innovation.

atlas

n. a book of maps or charts; a figure in Greek mythology who bore the weight of the world on his shoulders

synonym : map, chart, gazetteer

(1) **atlas** map, (2) **atlas** of anatomy

The world **atlas** showed me the locations of all the countries.

capita

n. a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone

synonym : head, headcount, person

(1) per **capita** sales, (2) the agricultural yield per **capita**

GDP per **capita** shrunk by almost 10 percent for the third consecutive year.

suffer

v. to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant

synonym : endure, undergo, tolerate

(1) **suffer** a setback, (2) **suffer** bad grades

The older man **suffers** from arthritis and finds it difficult to move around.

depression

n. a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

synonym : recession, slump, despair

(1) the Great **Depression**, (2) the root problem of her

depression

Depression symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.

planet

n. any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star

synonym : earth, world, globe

(1) **planet** like the Earth, (2) save the **planet**
Mercury is the closest **planet** to the sun.

rank

n. a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others

synonym : position, status, standing

(1) **rank** amateur, (2) high **rank**

He was promoted to the **rank** of captain in the military.

bloc

n. a group of countries or political parties that have similar interests or goals and often act together

synonym : group, alliance, coalition

(1) **bloc** countries, (2) a **bloc** of developing nations

The country decided to join the economic **bloc** to benefit from the trade agreements.

sub-Saharan

adj. of or relating to or situated in the area south of the Sahara Desert

(1) **sub-Saharan** Africa, (2) **sub-Saharan** countries

The coffee producers in **sub-Saharan** countries are at the sharp end of fluctuations in price.

individual

n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group

synonym : person, being, self

(1) a private **individual**, (2) **individual** freedom

As an **individual**, he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.

whistle

v. to make a high-pitched sound by forcing breath through a small opening, usually with the lips or fingers; (noun) a piece of equipment that forces air or steam against an edge or into a cavity and so produces a loud shrill sound

synonym : sound, honk, tweet

(1) **whistle** a tune, (2) **whistle** for help

The employee decided to **whistle-blow** on the company's illegal activities.

chemotherapy

n. the treatment of disease, particularly cancer, using special drugs that have a toxic effect on cancer cells; frequently used in conjunction with other therapies such as surgery and radiation

synonym: anticancer treatment, radiotherapy, immunotherapy

(1) **chemotherapy** regimen, (2) **chemotherapy** side effects
Many cancer patients undergo **chemotherapy** as a treatment option.

surgery

n. medical treatment of injuries or diseases involving an incision with instruments and often removing or replacing some parts of the body; the branch of medical science that treats disease or injury by operative procedures

synonym: operation, (medical) procedure

(1) cardiac **surgery**, (2) the professor of **surgery**
He had undergone heart **surgery** years before.

grim

adj. looking or sounding very serious or gloomy

synonym: fierce, harsh, gloomy

(1) **grim** reality, (2) a **grim-featured** man

The result presented a **grim** picture of inefficiency and corruption.

industrious

adj. hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort

synonym: diligent, hardworking, assiduous

(1) **industrious** worker, (2) **industrious** student

He was known to be very **industrious** and would often work late into the night.

opportune

adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose

synonym: suitable, timely, practical

(1) **opportune** occasion, (2) an **opportune** remark

The phone rang at the most **opportune** time.

context

n. the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning

synonym : background, setting, environment

(1) historical **context**, (2) legal **context**

It's important to understand the **context** of a situation before making a decision.

disease

n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

synonym : illness, ailment, affliction

(1) **disease** prevention, (2) **disease** control

The doctor diagnosed him with a rare **disease** that had no known cure.

pathology

n. the study of the nature and cause of diseases and disorders; the medical specialty that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and disorders

synonym : medical science, pathophysiology

(1) benign **pathology**, (2) clinical **pathology**

The **pathology** report showed no signs of cancer, giving her family a sense of relief.

pharmacology

n. the branch of medicine concerned with the study of drugs and their effects on the body, including their properties, uses, and interactions with other substances

synonym : pharmacy, pharmaceuticals

(1) **pharmacology** research, (2) **pharmacology** textbook

Medical professionals must stay up-to-date with the latest developments in **pharmacology** to ensure optimal patient care.

triple

adj. consisting of three items or people; three times as great or many

synonym : threefold

(1) a **triple** mirror, (2) **triple** digits

His coach is a **triple** Olympic champion.

aim

v. to try or plan to get or achieve something

synonym: aspire, direct, target

(1) **aim** at a specific target, (2) **aim** to be a nurse

We **aim** for an overseas expansion.

healthcare

n. the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession

(1) **healthcare** agency, (2) rising **healthcare** cost

In an aging population, citizens must pay more to maintain quality **healthcare**.

improve

v. to make or become better

synonym: enhance, ameliorate, enrich

(1) **improve** a process, (2) **improve** the test score

We want to **improve** ties between our two countries.

continuum

n. a series of similar items in which no part or portion is distinct or distinguishable from adjacent parts

synonym: continuation, continuity

(1) a space-time **continuum**, (2) the **continuum** of events

Our life is a **continuum** of experience in which events pass from the future through the present to the past.

lung

n. either of the two organs in the chest that people and some animals use for breathing

(1) **lung** capacity, (2) do **lung** transplantation

He has terminal **lung** cancer.

dementia

n. a severe decline in cognitive function, especially memory, as a result of disease or injury

synonym: cognitive decline, memory loss, Alzheimer's disease

(1) **dementia** patients, (2) probably have **dementia**

The study found that regular exercise can help to prevent the

onset of **dementia** in older age.

enhance

v. to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something

synonym: improve, enrich, refine

(1) **enhance** value, (2) **enhance** the flavor of the vanilla

The new strategy will **enhance** the profitability of our company.

broad

adj. very wide; general

synonym: wide, expansive, comprehensive

(1) attract **broad** attention, (2) a **broad** mind

He accumulated wealth across a **broad** spectrum of assets.

maintain

v. to continue to uphold or sustain; to keep in a particular state or condition; to assert or declare something to be true

synonym: preserve, uphold, sustain

(1) **maintain** order, (2) **maintain** good health

I need to **maintain** my car regularly to prevent any major mechanical issues.

cervical

adj. relating to the neck or the cervix (= the narrow passage forming the lower end of the uterus)

synonym: cervical, neck, spinal

(1) **cervical** cancer, (2) **cervical** spine

She must undergo a **cervical** screening to check for abnormalities in her reproductive system.

metastatic

adj. used to describe cancer cells that have spread from the primary site of origin to other parts of the body through the bloodstream or lymphatic system

synonym: spreading, invasive, secondary

(1) **metastatic** disease, (2) **metastatic** spreading

Metastatic cancer has spread from its original site to other body parts.

elderly

adj. (a polite word for) old

synonym : aged, old, senior

(1) a home for the **elderly**, (2) **elderly** woman

The **elderly** woman is quite energetic.

pedal

n. a foot-operated lever or control, especially one used to control a vehicle, machine, or musical instrument

synonym : treadle, accelerator

(1) clutch **pedal**, (2) piano **pedal**

He pressed the **pedal** with all his might, but the car still wouldn't start.

rough

adj. not quite exact or correct; having or caused by an irregular surface

synonym : inelegant, coarse, barbarian

(1) **rough** and tough, (2) **rough** estimation

The vehicle bounced along the **rough** mountain road.

proportion

n. a part, share, or amount of something considered in comparative relation to a whole

synonym : ratio, balance, consonance

(1) direct **proportion**, (2) a building of vast **proportions**

He is more concerned about the **proportion** of his body fat than usual because of an upcoming bodybuilding competition.

chapter

n. a separate section of a written work usually numbered and titled

synonym : section, phase, episode

(1) an introductory **chapter**, (2) **chapter** of a political party

The final **chapter** provides a summary of the discussion.

thrive

v. to grow vigorously; to make steady progress

synonym : bloom, flourish, prosper

(1) **thrive** in a society, (2) **thrive** on pressure

Without investment, a business cannot **thrive**.

testicle

n. one of the two oval-shaped organs in men that produce sperm and testosterone; in animals, the equivalent organ responsible for producing sperm and often also regulating testosterone levels

synonym : ballock, gonad, ball

(1) **testicle** injury, (2) swollen **testicles**

The athlete was hit in the **testicle** during the game and had to be removed.

stroke

n. a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc.

synonym : blow

(1) suffer **stroke**, (2) a **stroke** of the putter

This year's extreme heat has resulted in many heat **stroke** cases.

radiation

n. the energy that comes from a nuclear reaction in the form of rays, waves, or particles and that can be hazardous to health

synonym : dissemination, emission, irradiation

(1) exposure to **radiation**, (2) electromagnetic **radiation**

He tried every possible treatment, including chemotherapy and **radiation** therapy.

marrow

n. a soft, fatty, vascular substance in the cavities of bones, in which blood cells are produced; the choicest or most essential part of some idea or experience

synonym : bone marrow, pith, center

(1) the **marrow** of a speech, (2) vegetable **marrow**

The soup was made with bone **marrow**, giving it a rich and savory flavor.

transplant

v. to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another

synonym :

relocate, emigrate, graft

(1) **transplant** a heart, (2) **transplant** my family to America
He tried to **transplant** the seedling into a larger pot.

engaging

adj. attracting, pleasant, or charming

synonym: alluring, interesting, engrossing

(1) **engaging** story, (2) an **engaging** smile

She was disbarred for her **engaging** in fraud.

empower

v. to give someone the power or authority to do something

synonym: authorize, endow, entitle

(1) **empower** my life, (2) **empower** the secretary to do the same

The company **empowered** employees to buy low-price items without approval to achieve efficient purchasing.

lord

n. a person who has general authority, control, or power over others; a man of noble rank or high office

synonym: master, noble, peer

(1) a young **lord**, (2) **lord** of castle

The feudal **lord** had ruled the land for many years.

relate

v. to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

synonym: connect, link, associate

(1) **relate** a story, (2) **relate** a message

He tried to **relate** his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.

demonstrate

v. to display something or give an exhibition to an interested audience

synonym: show, illustrate, display

(1) **demonstrate** a difference, (2) **demonstrate** mastery

How can you **demonstrate** that the earth is a sphere?

- absolute** *adj.* perfect or complete or to the most considerable degree possible
synonym : complete, infrangible, indisputable
(1) **absolute** loyalty, (2) an **absolute** must
Gandhi had an **absolute** zeal for nonviolence.
- certainty** *n.* the state of being certain
synonym : inevitability, confidence, assurance
(1) scientific **certainty**, (2) reach **certainty** about the theory
Through investigation, his suspicions hardened into **certainty**.
- seminal** *adj.* highly original, influential, or innovative; containing the seeds or beginnings of future development or growth; (of medicine) of or relating to semen or the male reproductive system
synonym : influential, groundbreaking, original
(1) **seminal** research, (2) **seminal** duct
The book was a **seminal** work in psychology, influencing generations of researchers.
- journal** *n.* a newspaper or magazine specialized in a specific topic or profession
synonym : periodical, diary, bulletin
(1) scientific **journal**, (2) **journal** articles
The physician is reading the **journals** related to medicine
- colleague** *n.* one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
synonym : coworker, associate, fellow
(1) collaborate with **colleagues**, (2) former **colleague**
I decided to seek counseling on the advice of my **colleague**.
- hospitalize** *v.* to admit someone to a hospital for medical treatment
synonym : admit, place in hospital
(1) **hospitalize** patient, (2) **hospitalize** child
She had to be **hospitalized** due to her injuries.

prescription

n. a written or spoken instruction that directs a medical practitioner to prescribe a specific treatment or medication for a patient

synonym : directive, instruction, order

(1) **prescription** drugs, (2) fill the **prescription**

I need to refill my **prescription** for allergy medication at the pharmacy.

goofy

adj. silly or foolish

synonym : silly, crazy, dopey

(1) wore a **goofy** hat, (2) with a **goofy** expression

He made a **goofy** face as he recalled this morning's events.

mantra

n. a word or phrase, often repeated, that is used as a focus for the mind during meditation

synonym : hymn, chant, phrase

(1) campaign **mantra**, (2) chant the **mantra** of structural reform

She repeated her personal **mantra** to herself to stay motivated.

grandchild

n. a child of someone's son or daughter

synonym : offspring, descendant, progeny

(1) **grandchild-grandparent** relationship, (2) **grandchild** development

The grandparents take care of their **grandchild** while the parents are at work.

couch

n. a piece of furniture made for sitting, usually with a back and armrests, designed to seat more than one person

synonym : sofa, settee, divan

(1) leather **couch**, (2) a **couch** potato

I love to relax on the **couch** and watch movies on the weekends.

government

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

synonym: administration, regime, state

(1) **government** bureaucracy, (2) **government** funding

The federal **government** is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

shift

n. a slight transition in position, direction, or trend

synonym: transition, change, modification

(1) Doppler **shift**, (2) major paradigm **shift**

Could you help me **shift** some furniture?

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. clinical pa_____gy | <i>n.</i> the study of the nature and cause of diseases and disorders; the medical specialty that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and disorders |
| 2. a friendly con_____ion | <i>n.</i> an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc. |
| 3. a private ind_____al | <i>n.</i> a single person or thing, as distinct from a group |
| 4. legal co_____t | <i>n.</i> the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning |
| 5. a building of vast pro_____ons | <i>n.</i> a part, share, or amount of something considered in comparative relation to a whole |
| 6. a sonic b__m | <i>n.</i> a sudden increase in economic activity, or a sudden happening that brings good fortune; a deep, loud, and prolonged sound |
| 7. tu_____n assistance | <i>n.</i> the act of teaching something, especially when given to a small group or one person; fees charged by education institutions for instruction or other services |
| 8. arrive and de____t on time | <i>v.</i> to go away or leave, especially to start a journey |

ANSWERS: 1. pathology, 2. conversation, 3. individual, 4. context, 5. proportion, 6. boom, 7. tuition, 8. depart

9. em_____r the secretary to do the same *v.* to give someone the power or authority to do something
10. per ca____a sales *n.* a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone
11. the int_____ion of coordinate axes *n.* a point where two or more roads, lines, etc., cross each other
12. te_____le injury *n.* one of the two oval-shaped organs in men that produce sperm and testosterone; in animals, the equivalent organ responsible for producing sperm and often also regulating testosterone levels
13. re____e a message *v.* to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
14. exp_____re planning *n.* the act of spending money; the total amount of money spent
15. de____t from the faith *v.* to go away or leave, especially to start a journey
16. a do_____ic animal *adj.* relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international
17. ce_____al spine *adj.* relating to the neck or the cervix (= the narrow passage forming the lower end of the uterus)
18. dem_____te a difference *v.* to display something or give an exhibition to an interested audience

ANSWERS: 9. empower, 10. capita, 11. intersection, 12. testicle, 13. relate, 14. expenditure, 15. depart, 16. domestic, 17. cervical, 18. demonstrate

19. sc__e off her attacker by screaming *v.* to frighten a person or animal, or to become frightened
20. hos_____ze child *v.* to admit someone to a hospital for medical treatment
21. suffer st___e *n.* a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc.
22. environmental th___t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
23. tr_____on cubic feet *n.* the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
24. swollen te_____les *n.* one of the two oval-shaped organs in men that produce sperm and testosterone; in animals, the equivalent organ responsible for producing sperm and often also regulating testosterone levels
25. en___e a new employee *v.* to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something
26. poor pr_____is *n.* the likely outcome or course of a disease or illness based on medical analysis and examination of the patient; a forecast or prediction of future events or developments

ANSWERS: 19. scare, 20. hospitalize, 21. stroke, 22. threat, 23. trillion, 24. testicle, 25. engage, 26. prognosis

27. de____ia patients *n.* a severe decline in cognitive function, especially memory, as a result of disease or injury
28. basic br__n function *n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
29. the halo of a sa____d image *adj.* connected with religion or religious purposes; worthy of respect or dedication because of a connection with a god
30. ten-ga____n hat *n.* a unit for measuring volume, in the US, it is equal to about 3.79 liters, and in the UK, Canada, and other countries, it is equal to about 4.55 liters
31. inf_____nt meetings *adj.* occurring rarely or irregularly; happening at long intervals; not happening often or in large numbers
32. ma_____in order *v.* to continue to uphold or sustain; to keep in a particular state or condition; to assert or declare something to be true
33. s__p a heavy fine *v.* to strike something or someone with an open palm or flat object, producing a sharp sound or sensation; to place something firmly, suddenly, or unexpectedly
34. low-r_v engine *n.* a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute

ANSWERS: 27. dementia, 28. brain, 29. sacred, 30. gallon, 31. infrequent, 32. maintain, 33. slap, 34. rev

35. op_____ne occasion *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
36. ma_____in good health *v.* to continue to uphold or sustain; to keep in a particular state or condition; to assert or declare something to be true
37. jo_____l articles *n.* a newspaper or magazine specialized in a specific topic or profession
38. a br__d mind *adj.* very wide; general
39. di_____e control *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
40. sub_____an countries *adj.* of or relating to or situated in the area south of the Sahara Desert
41. permanent br__n damage *n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
42. h__l broke loose *n.* the place thought to be where bad people go and are punished after death, often depicted as being located beneath the earth; an extraordinarily unpleasant or difficult place
43. attract br__d attention *adj.* very wide; general
44. ind_____us student *adj.* hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
45. di_____se the problem *v.* to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis

ANSWERS: 35. opportune, 36. maintain, 37. journal, 38. broad, 39. disease, 40. sub-Saharan, 41. brain, 42. hell, 43. broad, 44. industrious, 45. diagnose

46. tra_____nt a heart *v.* to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another
47. an op_____ne remark *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
48. b__m in sales *n.* a sudden increase in economic activity, or a sudden happening that brings good fortune; a deep, loud, and prolonged sound
49. hea_____re agency *n.* the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
50. s__p on the back *v.* to strike something or someone with an open palm or flat object, producing a sharp sound or sensation; to place something firmly, suddenly, or unexpectedly
51. major pa_____gm shift *n.* a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model
52. pl____t like the Earth *n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
53. en____e in environmental protection activities *v.* to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something

ANSWERS: 46. transplant, 47. opportune, 48. boom, 49. healthcare, 50. slap, 51. paradigm, 52. planet, 53. engage

54. vul_____le parts of the body *adj.* capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally
55. cr____s management *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
56. save the pl____t *n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
57. se_____l duct *adj.* highly original, influential, or innovative; containing the seeds or beginnings of future development or growth; (of medicine) of or relating to semen or the male reproductive system
58. el_____y woman *adj.* (a polite word for) old
59. cognitive com_____ty *n.* the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
60. reach ce_____ty about the theory *n.* the state of being certain
61. campaign ma____a *n.* a word or phrase, often repeated, that is used as a focus for the mind during meditation
62. im_____e the test score *v.* to make or become better
63. g__m reality *adj.* looking or sounding very serious or gloomy
64. the root problem of her dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

ANSWERS: 54. vulnerable, 55. crisis, 56. planet, 57. seminal, 58. elderly, 59. complexity, 60. certainty, 61. mantra, 62. improve, 63. grim, 64. depression

65. gra_____ld-grandparent relationship *n.* a child of someone's son or daughter
66. met_____ic disease *adj.* used to describe cancer cells that have spread from the primary site of origin to other parts of the body through the bloodstream or lymphatic system
67. em_____r my life *v.* to give someone the power or authority to do something
68. do_____ic airline *adj.* relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international
69. a st___e of the putter *n.* a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc.
70. the professor of su_____y *n.* medical treatment of injuries or diseases involving an incision with instruments and often removing or replacing some parts of the body; the branch of medical science that treats disease or injury by operative procedures
71. execution by burning at a st__e *n.* a share or financial investment in something such as a business; a wooden or metal post set up to mark something
72. sub_____an Africa *adj.* of or relating to or situated in the area south of the Sahara Desert
73. fill the pre_____ion *n.* a written or spoken instruction that directs a medical practitioner to prescribe a specific treatment or medication for a patient

ANSWERS: 65. grandchild, 66. metastatic, 67. empower, 68. domestic, 69. stroke, 70. surgery, 71. stake, 72. sub-Saharan, 73. prescription

74. rising hea_____re cost *n.* the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
75. traditional me_____al *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
76. a g__m-featured man *adj.* looking or sounding very serious or gloomy
77. the Great Dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
78. ec_____y of scale *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
79. pa_____te symptoms *v.* to make a disease, condition, or symptom appear less severe or intense than it actually is; to alleviate or ease symptoms without curing the underlying cause
80. gov_____nt bureaucracy *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
81. cardiac su_____y *n.* medical treatment of injuries or diseases involving an incision with instruments and often removing or replacing some parts of the body; the branch of medical science that treats disease or injury by operative procedures

ANSWERS: 74. healthcare, 75. medicinal, 76. grim, 77. depression, 78. economy, 79. palliate, 80. government, 81. surgery

82. pr_____is of cancer
n. the likely outcome or course of a disease or illness based on medical analysis and examination of the patient; a forecast or prediction of future events or developments
83. sa____d music
adj. connected with religion or religious purposes; worthy of respect or dedication because of a connection with a god
84. r__k amateur
n. a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
85. leather co__h
n. a piece of furniture made for sitting, usually with a back and armrests, designed to seat more than one person
86. wh_____e a tune
v. to make a high-pitched sound by forcing breath through a small opening, usually with the lips or fingers; (noun) a piece of equipment that forces air or steam against an edge or into a cavity and so produces a loud shrill sound
87. se_____l research
adj. highly original, influential, or innovative; containing the seeds or beginnings of future development or growth; (of medicine) of or relating to semen or the male reproductive system
88. high r__k
n. a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
89. r_v up the crowd
n. a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute

ANSWERS: 82. prognosis, 83. sacred, 84. rank, 85. couch, 86. whistle, 87. seminal, 88. rank, 89. rev

90. an en_____ng smile *adj.* attracting, pleasant, or charming
91. im_____e a process *v.* to make or become better
92. an ab_____te must *adj.* perfect or complete or to the most considerable degree possible
93. the co_____um of events *n.* a series of similar items in which no part or portion is distinct or distinguishable from adjacent parts
94. che_____apy side effects *n.* the treatment of disease, particularly cancer, using special drugs that have a toxic effect on cancer cells; frequently used in conjunction with other therapies such as surgery and radiation
95. con_____ion in English *n.* an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.
96. attempts to pa_____te *v.* to make a disease, condition, or symptom appear less severe or intense than it actually is; to alleviate or ease symptoms without curing the underlying cause
97. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
98. a_m at a specific target *v.* to try or plan to get or achieve something
99. l__d of castle *n.* a person who has general authority, control, or power over others; a man of noble rank or high office

ANSWERS: 90. engaging, 91. improve, 92. absolute, 93. continuum, 94. chemotherapy, 95. conversation, 96. palliate, 97. statistics, 98. aim, 99. lord

100. do l__g transplantation *n.* either of the two organs in the chest that people and some animals use for breathing
101. tr___e digits *adj.* consisting of three items or people; three times as great or many
102. a b__c of developing nations *n.* a group of countries or political parties that have similar interests or goals and often act together
103. an introductory ch____r *n.* a separate section of a written work usually numbered and titled
104. sc__e the birds away *v.* to frighten a person or animal, or to become frightened
105. economic th__t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
106. pa____t with weight loss *n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
107. st____e financially *v.* to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
108. probably have de____ia *n.* a severe decline in cognitive function, especially memory, as a result of disease or injury
109. en____ng story *adj.* attracting, pleasant, or charming

ANSWERS: 100. lung, 101. triple, 102. bloc, 103. chapter, 104. scare, 105. threat, 106. patient, 107. stumble, 108. dementia, 109. engaging

110. clutch pe__l *n.* a foot-operated lever or control, especially one used to control a vehicle, machine, or musical instrument
111. Doppler sh__t *n.* a slight transition in position, direction, or trend
112. ca___r diagnosis *n.* abnormal growth of cells that can invade and destroy surrounding tissues and organs; a disease characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells
113. former co_____ue *n.* one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
114. ab_____te loyalty *adj.* perfect or complete or to the most considerable degree possible
115. at___d a meeting *v.* to be present at an event, to go to a place
116. ec_____cs professor *n.* the branch of social science that deals with the production, consumption, and transfer of goods and services
117. b__c countries *n.* a group of countries or political parties that have similar interests or goals and often act together
118. at__s of anatomy *n.* a book of maps or charts; a figure in Greek mythology who bore the weight of the world on his shoulders
119. electromagnetic ra_____on *n.* the energy that comes from a nuclear reaction in the form of rays, waves, or particles and that can be hazardous to health

ANSWERS: 110. pedal, 111. shift, 112. cancer, 113. colleague, 114. absolute, 115. attend, 116. economics, 117. bloc, 118. atlas, 119. radiation

120. direct pro_____on *n.* a part, share, or amount of something considered in comparative relation to a whole
121. ch_____r of a political party *n.* a separate section of a written work usually numbered and titled
122. major paradigm sh__t *n.* a slight transition in position, direction, or trend
123. the advice of the ph_____an *n.* a medical doctor who practices medicine
124. scientific jo_____l *n.* a newspaper or magazine specialized in a specific topic or profession
125. ce_____al cancer *adj.* relating to the neck or the cervix (= the narrow passage forming the lower end of the uterus)
126. su____r a setback *v.* to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant
127. en_____e the flavor of the vanilla *v.* to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something
128. di_____se with CT scans *v.* to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis
129. com_____ty theory *n.* the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
130. with a go__y expression *adj.* silly or foolish
131. 5-ga____n square can *n.* a unit for measuring volume, in the US, it is equal to about 3.79 liters, and in the UK, Canada, and other countries, it is equal to about 4.55 liters

ANSWERS: 120. proportion, 121. chapter, 122. shift, 123. physician, 124. journal, 125. cervical, 126. suffer, 127. enhance, 128. diagnose, 129. complexity, 130. goofy, 131. gallon

132. dem_____te mastery *v.* to display something or give an exhibition to an interested audience
133. gr__s injustice *adj.* being the total amount of something before any deductions; obese and ugly or unpleasant
134. financial cr___s *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
135. exposure to ra_____on *n.* the energy that comes from a nuclear reaction in the form of rays, waves, or particles and that can be hazardous to health
136. ind_____al freedom *n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
137. advance cap_____sm *n.* an economic system based on the private ownership of the means of production and their operation for profit
138. ro__h estimation *adj.* not quite exact or correct; having or caused by an irregular surface
139. hos_____ze patient *v.* to admit someone to a hospital for medical treatment
140. pa_____t in the hospital *n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
141. wh_____e for help *v.* to make a high-pitched sound by forcing breath through a small opening, usually with the lips or fingers; (noun) a piece of equipment that forces air or steam against an edge or into a cavity and so produces a loud shrill sound

ANSWERS: 132. demonstrate, 133. gross, 134. crisis, 135. radiation, 136. individual, 137. capitalism, 138. rough, 139. hospitalize, 140. patient, 141. whistle

142. tra_____nt my family to America *v.* to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another
143. su___r bad grades *v.* to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant
144. a_m to be a nurse *v.* to try or plan to get or achieve something
145. ext_____te animal dose *v.* to guess or think about what might happen or estimate something using the facts that you have now
146. under the umbrella of cap_____sm *n.* an economic system based on the private ownership of the means of production and their operation for profit
147. em_____cy action *n.* a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action
148. ro__h and tough *adj.* not quite exact or correct; having or caused by an irregular surface
149. scientific ce_____ty *n.* the state of being certain
150. th___e on pressure *v.* to grow vigorously; to make steady progress
151. st_____e through life *v.* to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
152. pre_____ion drugs *n.* a written or spoken instruction that directs a medical practitioner to prescribe a specific treatment or medication for a patient

ANSWERS: 142. transplant, 143. suffer, 144. aim, 145. extrapolate, 146. capitalism, 147. emergency, 148. rough, 149. certainty, 150. thrive, 151. stumble, 152. prescription

153. ware a go__y hat *adj.* silly or foolish
154. ev____te a situation *v.* to assess or estimate the quality, significance, quantity, or value of something
155. at___d service *v.* to be present at an event, to go to a place
156. ext____te the results *v.* to guess or think about what might happen or estimate something using the facts that you have now
157. at__s map *n.* a book of maps or charts; a figure in Greek mythology who bore the weight of the world on his shoulders
158. consult with a ph____an *n.* a medical doctor who practices medicine
159. gov____nt funding *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
160. a co__h potato *n.* a piece of furniture made for sitting, usually with a back and armrests, designed to seat more than one person
161. ev____te the grant proposal *v.* to assess or estimate the quality, significance, quantity, or value of something
162. piano pe__l *n.* a foot-operated lever or control, especially one used to control a vehicle, machine, or musical instrument
163. acute em____cy *n.* a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action

ANSWERS: 153. goofy, 154. evaluate, 155. attend, 156. extrapolate, 157. atlas, 158. physician, 159. government, 160. couch, 161. evaluate, 162. pedal, 163. emergency

164. th___e in a society *v.* to grow vigorously; to make steady progress
165. ind_____us worker *adj.* hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
166. inf_____nt showers *adj.* occurring rarely or irregularly; happening at long intervals; not happening often or in large numbers
167. benign pa_____gy *n.* the study of the nature and cause of diseases and disorders; the medical specialty that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and disorders
168. energy exp_____re *n.* the act of spending money; the total amount of money spent
169. a vul_____le bridge *adj.* capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally
170. ec_____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
171. di_____e prevention *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
172. buy the company's st___e *n.* a share or financial investment in something such as a business; a wooden or metal post set up to mark something

ANSWERS: 164. thrive, 165. industrious, 166. infrequent, 167. pathology, 168. expenditure, 169. vulnerable, 170. economy, 171. disease, 172. stake

173. the gr__s amount *adj.* being the total amount of something before any deductions; obese and ugly or unpleasant
174. bit of a he_____he *n.* pain in the head; someone or something that causes anxiety or trouble
175. sta_____cs for cancer *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
176. me_____al chemistry *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
177. busy int_____ion *n.* a point where two or more roads, lines, etc., cross each other
178. re___e a story *v.* to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
179. ca___r research *n.* abnormal growth of cells that can invade and destroy surrounding tissues and organs; a disease characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells
180. collaborate with co_____ues *n.* one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
181. cultural pa_____gm *n.* a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model
182. a young l__d *n.* a person who has general authority, control, or power over others; a man of noble rank or high office

ANSWERS: 173. gross, 174. headache, 175. statistics, 176. medicinal, 177. intersection, 178. relate, 179. cancer, 180. colleague, 181. paradigm, 182. lord

192. he_____he accompanied by fever *n.* pain in the head; someone or something that causes anxiety or trouble
193. en_____e value *v.* to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something
194. the ma____w of a speech *n.* a soft, fatty, vascular substance in the cavities of bones, in which blood cells are produced; the choicest or most essential part of some idea or experience
195. run like h__l *n.* the place thought to be where bad people go and are punished after death, often depicted as being located beneath the earth; an extraordinarily unpleasant or difficult place
196. pha_____ogy research *n.* the branch of medicine concerned with the study of drugs and their effects on the body, including their properties, uses, and interactions with other substances
197. welfare ec_____cs *n.* the branch of social science that deals with the production, consumption, and transfer of goods and services
198. met_____ic spreading *adj.* used to describe cancer cells that have spread from the primary site of origin to other parts of the body through the bloodstream or lymphatic system
199. the agricultural yield per ca____a *n.* a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone

ANSWERS: 192. headache, 193. enhance, 194. marrow, 195. hell, 196. pharmacology, 197. economics, 198. metastatic, 199. capita

200. chant the ma___a of structural reform

n. a word or phrase, often repeated, that is used as a focus for the mind during meditation

201. l__g capacity

n. either of the two organs in the chest that people and some animals use for breathing

202. gra_____ld development

n. a child of someone's son or daughter

ANSWERS: 200. mantra, 201. lung, 202. grandchild

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The company _____ employees to buy low-price items without approval to achieve efficient purchasing.
 - v. to give someone the power or authority to do something

2. Without investment, a business cannot _____.
 - v. to grow vigorously; to make steady progress

3. The older man _____ from arthritis and finds it difficult to move around.
 - v. to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant

4. Many multinational companies are _____ in the reconstruction of that country.
 - v. to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something

5. Almost \$1 billion in capital _____ is still required.
 - n. the act of spending money; the total amount of money spent

6. This year's extreme heat has resulted in many heat _____ cases.
 - n. a medical condition in which poor blood flow to the brain causes cell death; the act of swinging or striking at a ball with a club, racket, etc.

7. The world _____ showed me the locations of all the countries.
 - n. a book of maps or charts; a figure in Greek mythology who bore the weight of the world on his shoulders

8. The federal _____ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.
 - n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

ANSWERS: 1. empowered, 2. thrive, 3. suffers, 4. engaged, 5. expenditure, 6. stroke, 7. atlas, 8. government

9. X-rays revealed a small tumor in his _____.
- n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
10. Medical professionals must stay up-to-date with the latest developments in _____ to ensure optimal patient care.
- n.* the branch of medicine concerned with the study of drugs and their effects on the body, including their properties, uses, and interactions with other substances
11. The result presented a _____ picture of inefficiency and corruption.
- adj.* looking or sounding very serious or gloomy
12. Our life is a _____ of experience in which events pass from the future through the present to the past.
- n.* a series of similar items in which no part or portion is distinct or distinguishable from adjacent parts
13. This predictive model mechanically _____ past trends into the future.
- v.* to guess or think about what might happen or estimate something using the facts that you have now
14. He tried every possible treatment, including chemotherapy and _____ therapy.
- n.* the energy that comes from a nuclear reaction in the form of rays, waves, or particles and that can be hazardous to health
15. He made a _____ face as he recalled this morning's events.
- adj.* silly or foolish

ANSWERS: 9. brain, 10. pharmacology, 11. grim, 12. continuum, 13. extrapolates, 14. radiation, 15. goofy

16. The new strategy will _____ the profitability of our company.
- v. to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something
17. We want to _____ ties between our two countries.
- v. to make or become better
18. His class will cover an introduction to agricultural _____.
- n. the branch of social science that deals with the production, consumption, and transfer of goods and services
19. Could you help me _____ some furniture?
- n. a slight transition in position, direction, or trend
20. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
- n. the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
21. He accumulated wealth across a _____ spectrum of assets.
- adj. very wide; general
22. In an aging population, citizens must pay more to maintain quality _____.
- n. the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
23. He tried to _____ his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.
- v. to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

ANSWERS: 16. enhance, 17. improve, 18. economics, 19. shift, 20. economy, 21. broad, 22. healthcare, 23. relate

24. His father cannot afford his _____.
- n.* the act of teaching something, especially when given to a small group or one person; fees charged by education institutions for instruction or other services
25. The athlete was hit in the _____ during the game and had to be removed.
- n.* one of the two oval-shaped organs in men that produce sperm and testosterone; in animals, the equivalent organ responsible for producing sperm and often also regulating testosterone levels
26. The high-technology industry is enjoying a _____.
- n.* a sudden increase in economic activity, or a sudden happening that brings good fortune; a deep, loud, and prolonged sound
27. This device is used to _____ brain cancer and other tumors.
- v.* to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis
28. We hit the ground to _____ out the rabbits.
- v.* to frighten a person or animal, or to become frightened
29. He was promoted to the _____ of captain in the military.
- n.* a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
30. The country decided to join the economic _____ to benefit from the trade agreements.
- n.* a group of countries or political parties that have similar interests or goals and often act together
31. The meeting aims to _____ possible choices.
- v.* to assess or estimate the quality, significance, quantity, or value of something

ANSWERS: 24. tuition, 25. testicle, 26. boom, 27. diagnose, 28. scare, 29. rank, 30. bloc, 31. evaluate

32. The battlefield became _____ on earth.

- n.* the place thought to be where bad people go and are punished after death, often depicted as being located beneath the earth; an extraordinarily unpleasant or difficult place

33. I need to refill my _____ for allergy medication at the pharmacy.

- n.* a written or spoken instruction that directs a medical practitioner to prescribe a specific treatment or medication for a patient

34. The book was a _____ work in psychology, influencing generations of researchers.

- adj.* highly original, influential, or innovative; containing the seeds or beginnings of future development or growth; (of medicine) of or relating to semen or the male reproductive system

35. The study found that regular exercise can help to prevent the onset of _____ in older age.

- n.* a severe decline in cognitive function, especially memory, as a result of disease or injury

36. He has terminal _____ cancer.

- n.* either of the two organs in the chest that people and some animals use for breathing

37. The project's _____ made it difficult for the team to complete it on time.

- n.* the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand

38. _____ symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.

- n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

ANSWERS: 32. hell, 33. prescription, 34. seminal, 35. dementia, 36. lung, 37. complexity, 38. Depression

39. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.
- n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
40. She visited the local _____ to seek treatment for her persistent headache.
- n.* a medical doctor who practices medicine
41. She had to be _____ due to her injuries.
- v.* to admit someone to a hospital for medical treatment
42. It's important to understand the _____ of a situation before making a decision.
- n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
43. _____ cancer has spread from its original site to other body parts.
- adj.* used to describe cancer cells that have spread from the primary site of origin to other parts of the body through the bloodstream or lymphatic system
44. The president declared a state of _____.
- n.* a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action
45. She _____ over the tree root.
- v.* to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
46. GDP per _____ shrunk by almost 10 percent for the third consecutive year.
- n.* a Latin word meaning "head," used to express the amount for each person; any head or headlike expansion on a structure, as on a bone

ANSWERS: 39. statistics, 40. physician, 41. hospitalized, 42. context, 43. Metastatic, 44. emergency, 45. stumbled, 46. capita

47. I decided to seek counseling on the advice of my _____.
- n.* one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
48. She must undergo a _____ screening to check for abnormalities in her reproductive system.
- adj.* relating to the neck or the cervix (= the narrow passage forming the lower end of the uterus)
49. GDP stands for gross _____ product.
- adj.* relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international
50. Through investigation, his suspicions hardened into _____.
- n.* the state of being certain
51. Mercury is the closest _____ to the sun.
- n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
52. He pressed the _____ with all his might, but the car still wouldn't start.
- n.* a foot-operated lever or control, especially one used to control a vehicle, machine, or musical instrument
53. The feudal _____ had ruled the land for many years.
- n.* a person who has general authority, control, or power over others; a man of noble rank or high office
54. The grandparents take care of their _____ while the parents are at work.
- n.* a child of someone's son or daughter

ANSWERS: 47. colleague, 48. cervical, 49. domestic, 50. certainty, 51. planet, 52. pedal, 53. lord, 54. grandchild

55. The imperial _____ was standardized legally by the British Empire.
n. a unit for measuring volume, in the US, it is equal to about 3.79 liters, and in the UK, Canada, and other countries, it is equal to about 4.55 liters
56. The coffee producers in _____ countries are at the sharp end of fluctuations in price.
adj. of or relating to or situated in the area south of the Sahara Desert
57. The soup was made with bone _____ giving it a rich and savory flavor.
n. a soft, fatty, vascular substance in the cavities of bones, in which blood cells are produced; the choicest or most essential part of some idea or experience
58. The phone rang at the most _____ time.
adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
59. The _____ report showed no signs of cancer, giving her family a sense of relief.
n. the study of the nature and cause of diseases and disorders; the medical specialty that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and disorders
60. He stepped on the gas pedal, and the engine released a loud _____.
n. a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute
61. Infants and pregnant women are particularly _____.
adj. capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally
62. She was disbarred for her _____ in fraud.
adj. attracting, pleasant, or charming

ANSWERS: 55. gallon, 56. sub-Saharan, 57. marrow, 58. opportune, 59. pathology, 60. rev, 61. vulnerable, 62. engaging

63. This space is a private office _____ to the President

adj. connected with religion or religious purposes; worthy of respect or dedication because of a connection with a god

64. He is more concerned about the _____ of his body fat than usual because of an upcoming bodybuilding competition.

n. a part, share, or amount of something considered in comparative relation to a whole

65. The Chinese word for _____ comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

66. The _____ woman is quite energetic.

adj. (a polite word for) old

67. We ____ for an overseas expansion.

v. to try or plan to get or achieve something

68. He was known to be very _____ and would often work late into the night.

adj. hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort

69. He had undergone heart _____ years before.

n. medical treatment of injuries or diseases involving an incision with instruments and often removing or replacing some parts of the body; the branch of medical science that treats disease or injury by operative procedures

70. The doctor carefully examined the _____ medical history.

n. a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic

ANSWERS: 63. sacred, 64. proportion, 65. crisis, 66. elderly, 67. aim, 68. industrious, 69. surgery, 70. patient's

71. Breast _____ is the most common type of cancer in women.

- n.* abnormal growth of cells that can invade and destroy surrounding tissues and organs; a disease characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells

72. One light year is nearly 6 _____ miles.

- n.* the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million

73. We _____ before the temperature fell below zero.

- v.* to go away or leave, especially to start a journey

74. I need to _____ my car regularly to prevent any major mechanical issues.

- v.* to continue to uphold or sustain; to keep in a particular state or condition; to assert or declare something to be true

75. His coach is a _____ Olympic champion.

- adj.* consisting of three items or people; three times as great or many

76. Many cancer patients undergo _____ as a treatment option.

- n.* the treatment of disease, particularly cancer, using special drugs that have a toxic effect on cancer cells; frequently used in conjunction with other therapies such as surgery and radiation

77. The charity provided meals and shelter to _____ the suffering of the homeless population.

- v.* to make a disease, condition, or symptom appear less severe or intense than it actually is; to alleviate or ease symptoms without curing the underlying cause

78. The doctor diagnosed him with a rare _____ that had no known cure.

- n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

ANSWERS: 71. cancer, 72. trillion, 73. departed, 74. maintain, 75. triple, 76. chemotherapy, 77. palliate, 78. disease

79. I love to relax on the _____ and watch movies on the weekends.
n. a piece of furniture made for sitting, usually with a back and armrests, designed to seat more than one person
80. _____ also guarantees intellectual property rights and thus promotes innovation.
n. an economic system based on the private ownership of the means of production and their operation for profit
81. Gandhi had an _____ zeal for nonviolence.
adj. perfect or complete or to the most considerable degree possible
82. This pill will relieve your _____ immediately.
n. pain in the head; someone or something that causes anxiety or trouble
83. The politician tried to _____ down the rumors about his personal life.
v. to strike something or someone with an open palm or flat object, producing a sharp sound or sensation; to place something firmly, suddenly, or unexpectedly
84. The _____ of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.
n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
85. We must _____ to this matter.
v. to be present at an event, to go to a place
86. Traveling to remote villages can be difficult due to _____ transportation.
adj. occurring rarely or irregularly; happening at long intervals; not happening often or in large numbers

ANSWERS: 79. couch, 80. Capitalism, 81. absolute, 82. headaches, 83. slap, 84. threat, 85. attend, 86. infrequent

87. The drastic reorganization has significantly increased this company's _____ profits.

adj. being the total amount of something before any deductions; obese and ugly or unpleasant

88. The vehicle bounced along the _____ mountain road.

adj. not quite exact or correct; having or caused by an irregular surface

89. As an _____ he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.

n. a single person or thing, as distinct from a group

90. Your _____ reflects your thoughts.

n. an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.

91. The physician is reading the _____ related to medicine

n. a newspaper or magazine specialized in a specific topic or profession

92. The employee decided to _____ on the company's illegal activities.

v. to make a high-pitched sound by forcing breath through a small opening, usually with the lips or fingers; (noun) a piece of equipment that forces air or steam against an edge or into a cavity and so produces a loud shrill sound

93. He postulated a completely different _____ to explain all these phenomena.

n. a standard or typical example of something; a pattern or model

94. The final _____ provides a summary of the discussion.

n. a separate section of a written work usually numbered and titled

ANSWERS: 87. gross, 88. rough, 89. individual, 90. conversation, 91. journals, 92. whistle-blow, 93. paradigm, 94. chapter

95. The _____ of the company is too high nowadays.

- n.* a share or financial investment in something such as a business; a wooden or metal post set up to mark something

96. She repeated her personal _____ to herself to stay motivated.

- n.* a word or phrase, often repeated, that is used as a focus for the mind during meditation

97. The _____ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

- adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

98. The doctor gave a positive _____ for her recovery from the illness.

- n.* the likely outcome or course of a disease or illness based on medical analysis and examination of the patient; a forecast or prediction of future events or developments

99. He tried to _____ the seedling into a larger pot.

- v.* to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another

100. Take a right turn at the next _____.

- n.* a point where two or more roads, lines, etc., cross each other

101. How can you _____ that the earth is a sphere?

- v.* to display something or give an exhibition to an interested audience

ANSWERS: 95. stake, 96. mantra, 97. medicinal, 98. prognosis, 99. transplant, 100. intersection, 101. demonstrate