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Sebastian Junger: Our lonely society makes it hard to come home from war | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/sebastian_junger_our_lonely_society_makes_it_hard_to_come_home_from_war

Advanced Words Only

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Session 1: Word List

psyche

n. the human soul, mind, or spirit

synonym: mind, soul, spirit

(1) deep **psyche**, (2) **psyche** healing

The therapist helped her understand the workings of her **psyche** and how to cope with her anxiety.

artillery

n. large-caliber guns used in warfare, typically operated by a crew and mounted on wheels or in a fixed position; any military weapons, equipment, or vehicles that are operated by a special branch or unit of the armed forces

synonym: guns, cannons, ordnance

(1) **artillery** fire, (2) coastal **artillery**

The army brought in heavier **artillery** to break through the enemy defenses.

primate

n. any mammal of the order Primates, which includes monkeys, apes, and humans

synonym: ape, monkey, lemur

(1) **primate** species, (2) **primate** sanctuary

Many scientists study **primate** behavior and intelligence.

flashback

n. an interruption of the chronological sequence of events in a narrative, in which an event or scene from a past

time is inserted into the current narrative

synonym : recollection, reminiscence, memory

(1) vivid **flashback**, (2) **flashback** memory

The **flashback** scene in the movie shows the character's past experiences.

predispose

v. to make someone susceptible

synonym : dispose, incline

(1) **predispose** to the development of cancer,

(2) **predispose** me to become a novelist

Her outstanding achievement **predisposes** people to like her.

schizophrenia

n. a severe mental disorder in which a person has a distorted view of reality and may experience hallucinations, delusions, and disordered thinking and behavior

synonym : psychosis, disorder, mental illness

(1) **schizophrenia** spectrum disorder, (2) **schizophrenia** treatment

The **schizophrenia** patient was experiencing severe auditory hallucinations.

casualty

n. a person who has been killed or injured in a war, accident, or other disasters; a victim

synonym : victim, injured, fatality

(1) civilian **casualty**, (2) military **casualty**

Unfortunately, the driver was the only **casualty** in the car accident.

anthropology

n. the scientific study of humanity, concerned with human behavior, human biology, cultures, societies, and linguistics in both the present and past, including past human species

(1) social **anthropology**, (2) **anthropology** of religion

The areas of **anthropology** and psychology are significantly

related to one another.

fieldwork

n. real-world research or study conducted outside a library or laboratory.

(1) meticulous **fieldwork**, (2) perform **fieldwork**

Numerous instances from **fieldwork** show these hypotheses in great detail.

warlike

adj. characterized by a tendency toward or readiness for war or aggression; belligerent or hostile in manner

synonym: martial, bellicose, combative

(1) **warlike** behavior, (2) **warlike** language

The **warlike** imagery depicted on the temple walls was meant to inspire warriors to fight bravely.

determinant

n. a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result

synonym: cause, factor, element

(1) environmental **determinant**, (2) a **determinant** of crop yields

One **determinant** of success is having a positive attitude and a strong work ethic.

cohesive

adj. causing cohesion; bringing people or things together

synonym: sticky, close-knit, well-integrated

(1) **cohesive** ability, (2) highly **cohesive** group

He skillfully combines these fragments into a **cohesive** whole.

agrarian

adj. relating to the cultivation of land or the raising of crops and animals; characterized by a society that relies on agriculture as its primary means of sustenance

synonym: agricultural, farming, rural

(1) **agrarian** society, (2) **agrarian** reform

Most of the people in the **agrarian** community work in

agriculture.

chaotic

adj. without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing

synonym : disorderly, cluttered, topsy-turvy

(1) the **chaotic** economic situation, (2) **chaotic** theory
Change is also occurring in Turkey as a result of **chaotic** reform.

corruptible

adj. capable of being made to do something dishonest or immoral

synonym : bribable, dishonest, venal

(1) **corruptible** officials, (2) **corruptible** judges
Bureaucracies are more **corruptible** than other systems or organizations.

oversea

adj. situated or operating beyond national boundaries; in, from, or to foreign countries

synonym : foreign, abroad, international

(1) **oversea** shipments, (2) for **oversea** use
The company enhanced **oversea** operations to tap into new markets.

alienated

adj. feeling isolated, estranged, or disconnected from others, often due to a sense of difference or lack of belonging

synonym : isolated, estranged, disconnected

(1) **alienated** from my parents, (2) become **alienated**
The new employee felt **alienated** from the rest of the team, as they didn't try to include him in their conversations.

phantom

n. a ghost or a spirit of a dead person; something existing only in your imagination or perception

synonym : ghost, spirit, apparition

(1) a **phantom** company, (2) **phantom** limb pain
The police frantically searched for clues to the **phantom** killer.

alienation

n. the state of being isolated or detached from one's social, emotional, or political environment

synonym: estrangement, separation, detachment

(1) human **alienation**, (2) international **alienation**

His feelings of **alienation** from society led to depression.

indefinitely

adv. without any fixed or definite limit; for an unknown or unspecified period of time

synonym: endlessly, permanently, perpetually

(1) postpone a meeting **indefinitely**, (2) **indefinitely** suspended

The construction project has been delayed **indefinitely** due to the pandemic.

blitz

n. a sudden and intensive military attack designed to achieve a quick victory; a sudden and intense effort to accomplish a task or objective, often involving a rapid and concerted action

synonym: onslaught, assault, attack

(1) marketing **blitz**, (2) snowstorm **blitz**

The football team used the **blitz** strategy to overwhelm their opponents quickly.

accuse

v. to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing

synonym: charge, blame, criticize

(1) **accuse** his rudeness, (2) **accuse** each other

The witness **accused** the defendant of committing the robbery.

treason

n. the act of betraying one's country or government, especially by attempting to overthrow it or give aid and comfort to its enemies; a violation of allegiance or loyalty to one's country or government

synonym: betrayal, disloyalty, sedition

(1) high **treason**, (2) arrested for **treason**

The rebels were sentenced to death for committing acts of

treason against the state.

riot

n. a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals

synonym: disturbance, unrest, upheaval

(1) **riot** police, (2) **riot** control gas

The **riots** in the city have left many buildings damaged and several people injured.

platoon

n. a subdivision of a military company consisting of a small group of soldiers, usually about 30, that operates as a unit within a larger military unit; a group of individuals or things that work together or share a common purpose

synonym: squad, unit

(1) **platoon** leader, (2) **platoon** sergeant

The **platoon** of soldiers marched in perfect formation during the parade.

Session 2: Spelling

1. cor_____le officials *adj.* capable of being made to do something dishonest or immoral
2. ant_____ogy of religion *n.* the scientific study of humanity, concerned with human behavior, human biology, cultures, societies, and linguistics in both the present and past, including past human species
3. ac___e his rudeness *v.* to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing
4. high tr_____n *n.* the act of betraying one's country or government, especially by attempting to overthrow it or give aid and comfort to its enemies; a violation of allegiance or loyalty to one's country or government
5. al_____ed from my parents *adj.* feeling isolated, estranged, or disconnected from others, often due to a sense of difference or lack of belonging
6. wa_____e behavior *adj.* characterized by a tendency toward or readiness for war or aggression; belligerent or hostile in manner
7. cor_____le judges *adj.* capable of being made to do something dishonest or immoral
8. pre_____se me to become a novelist *v.* to make someone susceptible
9. social ant_____ogy *n.* the scientific study of humanity, concerned with human behavior, human biology, cultures, societies, and linguistics in both the present and past, including past human species

ANSWERS: 1. corruptible, 2. anthropology, 3. accuse, 4. treason, 5. alienated, 6. warlike, 7. corruptible, 8. predispose, 9. anthropology

10. ag____an society *adj.* relating to the cultivation of land or the raising of crops and animals; characterized by a society that relies on agriculture as its primary means of sustenance
11. deep ps___e *n.* the human soul, mind, or spirit
12. meticulous fi_____rk *n.* real-world research or study conducted outside a library or laboratory.
13. pre_____se to the development of cancer *v.* to make someone susceptible
14. snowstorm bl__z *n.* a sudden and intensive military attack designed to achieve a quick victory; a sudden and intense effort to accomplish a task or objective, often involving a rapid and concerted action
15. marketing bl__z *n.* a sudden and intensive military attack designed to achieve a quick victory; a sudden and intense effort to accomplish a task or objective, often involving a rapid and concerted action
16. sch_____nia treatment *n.* a severe mental disorder in which a person has a distorted view of reality and may experience hallucinations, delusions, and disordered thinking and behavior
17. ch____c theory *adj.* without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing
18. a det_____nt of crop yields *n.* a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result

ANSWERS: 10. agrarian, 11. psyche, 12. fieldwork, 13. predispose, 14. blitz, 15. blitz, 16. schizophrenia, 17. chaotic, 18. determinant

19. wa_____e language *adj.* characterized by a tendency toward or readiness for war or aggression; belligerent or hostile in manner
20. fl_____ck memory *n.* an interruption of the chronological sequence of events in a narrative, in which an event or scene from a past time is inserted into the current narrative
21. pl_____n leader *n.* a subdivision of a military company consisting of a small group of soldiers, usually about 30, that operates as a unit within a larger military unit; a group of individuals or things that work together or share a common purpose
22. pl_____n sergeant *n.* a subdivision of a military company consisting of a small group of soldiers, usually about 30, that operates as a unit within a larger military unit; a group of individuals or things that work together or share a common purpose
23. become al_____ed *adj.* feeling isolated, estranged, or disconnected from others, often due to a sense of difference or lack of belonging
24. ag_____an reform *adj.* relating to the cultivation of land or the raising of crops and animals; characterized by a society that relies on agriculture as its primary means of sustenance
25. r__t police *n.* a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals

ANSWERS: 19. warlike, 20. flashback, 21. platoon, 22. platoon, 23. alienated, 24. agrarian, 25. riot

26. ps___e healing *n.* the human soul, mind, or spirit
27. perform fi_____rk *n.* real-world research or study conducted outside a library or laboratory.
28. the ch_____c economic situation *adj.* without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing
29. ind_____ely suspended *adv.* without any fixed or definite limit; for an unknown or unspecified period of time
30. ar_____ry fire *n.* large-caliber guns used in warfare, typically operated by a crew and mounted on wheels or in a fixed position; any military weapons, equipment, or vehicles that are operated by a special branch or unit of the armed forces
31. pr_____e species *n.* any mammal of the order Primates, which includes monkeys, apes, and humans
32. coastal ar_____ry *n.* large-caliber guns used in warfare, typically operated by a crew and mounted on wheels or in a fixed position; any military weapons, equipment, or vehicles that are operated by a special branch or unit of the armed forces
33. military ca_____ty *n.* a person who has been killed or injured in a war, accident, or other disasters; a victim
34. international ali_____on *n.* the state of being isolated or detached from one's social, emotional, or political environment

ANSWERS: 26. psyche, 27. fieldwork, 28. chaotic, 29. indefinitely, 30. artillery, 31. primate, 32. artillery, 33. casualty, 34. alienation

35. ov____a shipments *adj.* situated or operating beyond national boundaries; in, from, or to foreign countries
36. ac___e each other *v.* to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing
37. r__t control gas *n.* a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals
38. environmental det____nt *n.* a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result
39. pr____e sanctuary *n.* any mammal of the order Primates, which includes monkeys, apes, and humans
40. co____ve ability *adj.* causing cohesion; bringing people or things together
41. vivid fl____ck *n.* an interruption of the chronological sequence of events in a narrative, in which an event or scene from a past time is inserted into the current narrative
42. human ali____on *n.* the state of being isolated or detached from one's social, emotional, or political environment
43. postpone a meeting ind____ely *adv.* without any fixed or definite limit; for an unknown or unspecified period of time
44. civilian ca____ty *n.* a person who has been killed or injured in a war, accident, or other disasters; a victim

ANSWERS: 35. oversea, 36. accuse, 37. riot, 38. determinant, 39. primate, 40. cohesive, 41. flashback, 42. alienation, 43. indefinitely, 44. casualty

45. highly co____ve group *adj.* causing cohesion; bringing people or things together
46. ph____m limb pain *n.* a ghost or a spirit of a dead person; something existing only in your imagination or perception
47. arrested for tr____n *n.* the act of betraying one's country or government, especially by attempting to overthrow it or give aid and comfort to its enemies; a violation of allegiance or loyalty to one's country or government
48. for ov____a use *adj.* situated or operating beyond national boundaries; in, from, or to foreign countries
49. a ph____m company *n.* a ghost or a spirit of a dead person; something existing only in your imagination or perception
50. sch______nia spectrum disorder *n.* a severe mental disorder in which a person has a distorted view of reality and may experience hallucinations, delusions, and disordered thinking and behavior

ANSWERS: 45. cohesive, 46. phantom, 47. treason, 48. oversea, 49. phantom, 50. schizophrenia

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The _____ imagery depicted on the temple walls was meant to inspire warriors to fight bravely.
adj. characterized by a tendency toward or readiness for war or aggression; belligerent or hostile in manner
2. The _____ scene in the movie shows the character's past experiences.
n. an interruption of the chronological sequence of events in a narrative, in which an event or scene from a past time is inserted into the current narrative
3. The football team used the _____ strategy to overwhelm their opponents quickly.
n. a sudden and intensive military attack designed to achieve a quick victory; a sudden and intense effort to accomplish a task or objective, often involving a rapid and concerted action
4. The new employee felt _____ from the rest of the team, as they didn't try to include him in their conversations.
adj. feeling isolated, estranged, or disconnected from others, often due to a sense of difference or lack of belonging
5. The areas of _____ and psychology are significantly related to one another.
n. the scientific study of humanity, concerned with human behavior, human biology, cultures, societies, and linguistics in both the present and past, including past human species
6. The rebels were sentenced to death for committing acts of _____ against the state.
n. the act of betraying one's country or government, especially by attempting to overthrow it or give aid and comfort to its enemies; a violation of allegiance or loyalty to one's country or government

ANSWERS: 1. warlike, 2. flashback, 3. blitz, 4. alienated, 5. anthropology, 6. treason

7. He skillfully combines these fragments into a _____ whole.
adj. causing cohesion; bringing people or things together
8. Numerous instances from _____ show these hypotheses in great detail.
n. real-world research or study conducted outside a library or laboratory.
9. The _____ of soldiers marched in perfect formation during the parade.
n. a subdivision of a military company consisting of a small group of soldiers, usually about 30, that operates as a unit within a larger military unit; a group of individuals or things that work together or share a common purpose
10. Change is also occurring in Turkey as a result of _____ reform.
adj. without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing
11. The construction project has been delayed _____ due to the pandemic.
adv. without any fixed or definite limit; for an unknown or unspecified period of time
12. The _____ in the city have left many buildings damaged and several people injured.
n. a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals
13. The army brought in heavier _____ to break through the enemy defenses.
n. large-caliber guns used in warfare, typically operated by a crew and mounted on wheels or in a fixed position; any military weapons, equipment, or vehicles that are operated by a special branch or unit of the armed forces
14. The witness _____ the defendant of committing the robbery.
v. to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing

ANSWERS: 7. cohesive, 8. fieldwork, 9. platoon, 10. chaotic, 11. indefinitely, 12. riots, 13. artillery, 14. accused

15. One _____ of success is having a positive attitude and a strong work ethic.
n. a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result
16. The company enhanced _____ operations to tap into new markets.
adj. situated or operating beyond national boundaries; in, from, or to foreign countries
17. Her outstanding achievement _____ people to like her.
v. to make someone susceptible
18. Most of the people in the _____ community work in agriculture.
adj. relating to the cultivation of land or the raising of crops and animals; characterized by a society that relies on agriculture as its primary means of sustenance
19. Many scientists study _____ behavior and intelligence.
n. any mammal of the order Primates, which includes monkeys, apes, and humans
20. The _____ patient was experiencing severe auditory hallucinations.
n. a severe mental disorder in which a person has a distorted view of reality and may experience hallucinations, delusions, and disordered thinking and behavior
21. Bureaucracies are more _____ than other systems or organizations.
adj. capable of being made to do something dishonest or immoral
22. Unfortunately, the driver was the only _____ in the car accident.
n. a person who has been killed or injured in a war, accident, or other disasters; a victim

ANSWERS: 15. determinant, 16. oversea, 17. predisposes, 18. agrarian, 19. primate, 20. schizophrenia, 21. corruptible, 22. casualty

23. His feelings of _____ from society led to depression.

n. the state of being isolated or detached from one's social, emotional, or political environment

24. The therapist helped her understand the workings of her _____ and how to cope with her anxiety.

n. the human soul, mind, or spirit

25. The police frantically searched for clues to the _____ killer.

n. a ghost or a spirit of a dead person; something existing only in your imagination or perception

ANSWERS: 23. alienation, 24. psyche, 25. phantom