Englist.me

Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Mark Plotkin: What the people of the Amazon know that you don't | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/mark_plotkin_what_the_pe ople_of_the_amazon_know_that_you_don_t



Advanced Words Only

IMPORTANT

This material is a commentary and does not contain any copyrighted material of the reference source. We strongly recommend accessing/buying the reference source at the same time.

Session 1: Word List

botany	 n. the scientific study of plants synonym: phytology, vegetation, horticulture (1) botany professor, (2) geographical botany The study of botany can also include the study of plant fossils and the history of plant evolution.
rainforest	 <i>n</i>. a forest rich in biodiversity that is generally found in tropical settings with heavy annual rainfall (1) rainforest destruction, (2) tropical rainforest The destruction of the rainforest is a ticking time bomb for the Earth.
medicinal	 <i>adj.</i> of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease <i>synonym</i>: curative, therapeutic, healing (1) medicinal chemistry, (2) traditional medicinal The medicinal properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.
jaguar	 <i>n</i>. a large animal of the cat family that has a yellowish-brown coat with black spots, mainly found in parts of Central and South America <i>synonym</i>: cat, feline, panther (1) a wild jaguar, (2) a female jaguar

	Humans have developed the jaguar's habitat over several decades.
harpy	 n. a mythological creature in Greek and Roman mythology with the head of a woman and the body of a vulture or bird of prey, also used to describe a predatory or aggressive woman
	(1) harpy's feather, (2) harpy lady
	The angry wife screamed like a harpy at her husband for coming home late.
aspirin	<i>n.</i> a drug used to reduce pain, fever, and inflammation
	(1) prescribe aspirin , (2) aspirin sensitivity
	She took a tablet of aspirin to soothe the fever.
narcotic	 n. a drug or substance that dulls the senses and induces a state of lethargy or sleep; a drug that is illegal or highly regulated for medical use due to its ability to cause addiction or harm synonym: drug, sedative, opiate
	(1) narcotic drug, (2) narcotic addiction
	The doctor prescribed a narcotic painkiller to alleviate her chronic pain.
painkiller	<i>n.</i> medicine used to relieve physical pain <i>synonym</i> : anesthetic, anodyne, analgesic
	(1) a strong painkiller , (2) take a painkiller beforehand Over-the-counter painkillers are less effective for patients who have taken many in the past.
cortisone	<i>n.</i> a hormone naturally produced by the adrenal glands or a synthetic version of this hormone, commonly used as an anti-inflammatory medication to treat various conditions, such as allergies, skin diseases, arthritis, and asthma
	(1) cortisone treatment, (2) topical cortisone
	The athlete received a cortisone injection to reduce

inflammation in the injured knee.

sever	 v. to break or separate something by cutting, especially suddenly and forcibly
	synonym: cut apart, separate, detach
	(1) sever a rope, (2) sever a positive relationship
	He severed a branch from a tree quickly.
shaman	 n. a person who is regarded as having access to the spirit world and who typically acts as a healer or intermediary between spirits and humans in certain cultures and traditions
	synonym: medicine man, healer, spiritual leader
	(1) shaman's wisdom, (2) the tribe's shaman
	The village shaman performed a healing ritual for the ailing elder.
machete	 n. a large, heavy knife with a broad blade used for cutting vegetation or, in some cultures, as a weapon synonym: panga, chopper, sword
	(1) sharp machete , (2) rusty machete
	The farmer used a steel machete to clear away the dense
	underbrush in the field.
carve	 v. to create something by cutting wood or stone; to turn sharply
	synonym: sculpt, engrave, cut
	(1) carve a statue, (2) carve my name on the plate
	This statue is carved from a single tree trunk.
fern	 n. a non-flowering plant with long, feathery fronds that reproduce by spores rather than seeds synonym: greenery, foliage, bracken
	(1) fern leaves, (2) tropical ferns
	The garden was filled with various plants, including a beautiful maidenhair fern .

devise	 v. to come up with an idea, plan, theory, etc., using your intelligence or imagination synonym: create, concoct, invent
	(1) devise a plan, (2) devise a literary plot
	They had to devise a system that did not depend on fossil fuels.
schizophrenia	 n. a severe mental disorder in which a person has a distorted view of reality and may experience hallucinations, delusions, and disordered thinking and behavior
	synonym: psychosis, disorder, mental illness
	 schizophrenia spectrum disorder, (2) schizophrenia treatment
	The schizophrenia patient was experiencing severe auditory hallucinations.
insomnia	<i>n.</i> the condition of being unable to sleep, usually a chronic one
	synonym: sleeplessness, wakefulness, restlessness
	(1) medication for insomnia , (2) alcohol-dependent insomnia
	He suffered insomnia and loss of appetite after he began taking that medication.
leishmaniasis	 n. a parasitic disease caused by the Leishmania parasites, transmitted through the bite of infected sandflies, which can manifest as cutaneous leishmaniasis (= affecting the skin), visceral leishmaniasis (= affecting internal organs), or mucocutaneous leishmaniasis (= affecting mucous membranes)
	synonym: kala-azar, black fever, oriental sore
	(1) treatment for leishmaniasis, (2) visceral leishmaniasis
	The first symptoms of cutaneous leishmaniasis are usually
	skin sores that may become ulcers with time.

protozoa	<i>n</i> . a diverse group of single-celled microorganisms that are classified as eukaryotic, meaning they have a distinct nucleus and other membrane-bound organelles found in a wide range of environments, from soil to water to the bodies of humans and animals
	synonym: microorganism, unicellular organism, amoeba
	(1) free-living protozoa , (2) protozoa species
	The water in the lake was contaminated with high levels of
	protozoa, making it unsafe for swimming or drinking.
afflict	 v. to cause pain, suffering, or distress to someone or something
	synonym: trouble, distress, bother
	(1) afflict with the plague, (2) afflict the economy
	The disease can afflict both humans and animals.
antimony	<i>n.</i> a chemical element with the symbol Sb and atomic number 51, often used in alloys, flame retardants, and medicines
	(1) antimony compound, (2) antimony ore
	The laboratory used antimony chloride in the production of
	certain chemicals.
beckon	 v. to gesture or signal someone to come nearer or follow; to encourage or entice someone to do something; to seem attractive or desirable synonym: signal, summon, gesture
	(1) beckon with a hand, (2) beckon a taxi
	The warm sun and gentle breeze beckoned us to spend the
	day outside.
hallucinogen	<i>n.</i> a substance that produces hallucinations (i.e., perceptions of things that are not present or real), such as LSD, psilocybin, or mescaline
	synonym: psychedelic drug, mind-bender
	(1) hallucinogen effects, (2) take a hallucinogen
	Psilocybin is a type of hallucinogen found in some

mushrooms.

whirl	 v. to spin or turn rapidly; to move or be moved quickly in a circular manner; (noun) a spinning or rotating movement, often rapid or chaotic in nature synonym: spin, rotate, swirl
	(1) whirl in the washing machine, (2) whirl around the dance floor
	The leaves began to whirl around in the windy weather.
hammock	 n. a type of lightweight bed or sling made of canvas, rope, or netting, often suspended between two supports such as trees or poles; a type of vegetation-rich ecosystem found in lowland areas synonym: cradle, swing
	(1) hammock swing, (2) woven hammock
	I like to relax in a hammock on warm summer days.
staphylococcus	 n. (also staph) a type of bacteria that can cause various types of infections in humans, including skin infections, pneumonia, and food poisoning synonym: bacteria, microbe, germ
	(1) staphylococcus aureus, (2) staphylococcus bacteria
	The patient was diagnosed with a staphylococcus infection.
aureus	 n. a type of bacteria, particularly the species Staphylococcus aureus, that can cause a range of infections in humans and animals, often resistant to antibiotics and can be difficult to treat; (adjective, "golden" or "of gold" in Latin) relating to something that is gold-colored or has properties similar to gold synonym: (adjective) golden
	(1) aureus color, (2) aureus infection
	Staphylococcus aureus is a type of bacteria that can cause skin infections.

ironic	 <i>adj.</i> using words to express something different from and often opposite to their literal or usual meaning, often for humorous or rhetorical effect <i>synonym</i>: sarcastic, wry, sardonic (1) ironic result, (2) an ironic turn of events It was ironic that the heavy rain started just as they set up for
	an outdoor picnic.
ayahuasca	<i>n</i> . a psychoactive brew or infusion made from a combination of plant-based ingredients, traditionally used by indigenous people in the Amazon region of South America for spiritual and healing purposes, which contains the psychedelic compound DMT (dimethyltryptamine) and is often consumed as part of a ritual or ceremony
	(1) ayahuasca ceremony, (2) ayahuasca vine
	Participants in the ceremony consumed ayahuasca to achieve spiritual enlightenment.
affliction	 n. a condition of physical or mental suffering or distress, often caused by illness, injury, or other adversity; a burden or trouble that causes hardship or grief synonym: anguish, distress, suffering
	(1) mental affliction, (2) autoimmune affliction
	Chronic pain can be a debilitating affliction that affects every aspect of one's life.
viper	n. venomous snake synonym: snake, serpent, adder
	(1) brood of vipers , (2) viper poison
	The pit viper coiled up, ready to strike at its prey.
venom	 <i>n</i>. a toxic substance produced by an animal, typically a snake or insect, and injected into prey or an enemy by biting or stinging <i>synonym</i>: poison, toxin, hating
	(1) the venom of a lizard, (2) injected venom

	The snake's venom is highly toxic and can be fatal to humans.
frontline	 adj. in the most critical or dangerous position; in the military line or part of an army closest to the enemy synonym: battlefront, cutting edge
	(1) frontline health workers, (2) at the frontline of the war
	Within days, the new aircraft was in frontline service.
industrious	<i>adj.</i> hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort <i>synonym</i> : diligent, hardworking, assiduous
	(1) industrious worker, (2) industrious student
	He was known to be very industrious and would often work
	late into the night.
sequester	 v. to take temporary possession of someone's property until a debt is paid. synonym: isolate, set apart, segregate
	(1) sequester ten percent of the annual carbon emissions,(2) sequester myself from the world
	He approved their requests to sequester the jury.
anteater	 n. a mammal that feeds on ants and termites, characterized by a long snout and a sticky tongue synonym: antbear, numbat, echidna
	(1) anteater habitat, (2) giant anteater
	The anteater's long, sticky tongue is perfectly adapted to
	catching ants and insects.
goliath	 n. a biblical figure and legendary giant warrior whom the young shepherd David defeated; a symbol of great strength or size
	synonym: giant, colossus, titan
	(1) automotive goliath , (2) goliath bird-eating spider
	The young entrepreneur took down the goliath corporation with her innovative idea.

wingspan	 n. the distance between the tips of a bird's wings when fully extended and in flight; often used to describe the size or scope of something, particularly about physical objects or structures synonym: reach, spread, extent
	(1) bird wingspan , (2) airplane wingspan
	The bald eagle has an impressive wingspan of over 7 feet.
caiman	<i>n</i> . a type of predatory reptile that belongs to the crocodilian family which resembles alligators and crocodiles but are smaller in size, typically found in Central and South America
	synonym: alligator, crocodile, reptile
	(1) caiman conservation, (2) caiman population
	The caiman's diet mainly consists of fish and small
	mammals.
man-eater	 an animal, typically a big cat or crocodile, that is known to attack and eat humans; a seductive woman who is seen as a danger to men
	synonym: predator, carnivore, hunter
	(1) man-eater shark, (2) notorious man-eater
	The villagers lived in fear of the man-eater lurking in the
	jungle.
anaconda	<i>n</i> . a large non-venomous snake found in South America, known for its impressive size and ability to constrict its prey
	synonym: snake, serpent, python
	(1) anaconda habitat, (2) giant anaconda
	We encountered an enormous anaconda while exploring the
	Amazon rainforest.
capybara	 a large semiaquatic rodent native to South America, known for its heavy-set body, short legs, and webbed feet
	(1) capybara habitat, (2) giant capybara

	The capybara's diet mainly consists of grasses and aquatic plants.
rodent	<i>n.</i> a small, gnawing mammal, such as a mouse, rat, or squirrel, that has sharp incisors and typically has a long, thin tail
	synonym: mouse, rat, hamster
	(1) rodent repellent, (2) prevent rodent damage
	He set up a trap to catch the rodent .
mystical	 adj. relating to or characterized by spiritual powers; beyond ordinary understanding synonym: occult, esoteric, enigmatic
	(1) mystical intuition, (2) mystical belief
	While meditating, he had a mystical experience and felt a sense of unity with the universe.
emerald	adj. having a deep, rich green color, like that of an emerald gemstone
	synonym: green, verdant, jade
	(1) an emerald gem, (2) emerald ring
	The emerald green dress caught everyone's eye at the party
nomad	 n. a member of a group of people who move from place to place rather than living in one place all the time; a wanderer; a person with no fixed abode synonym: wanderer, traveler, rover
	(1) nomad worker, (2) nomad culture
	The nomad tribe moved from place to place with its herd of sheep.
roam	 v. to move about or travel aimlessly or without a fixed destination; to wander
	synonym: wander, ramble, meander
	(1) roam freely, (2) roam the countryside
	I love to roam around the city and discover new neighborhoods.

nomadic	<i>adj.</i> moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time
	synonym: mobile, migratory, wandering
	(1) nomadic life, (2) nomadic herdsmen
	This dessert is the territory of nomadic tribes.
carving	 n. the act or process of cutting or shaping a hard material, such as wood or stone, into a specific form or design synonym: sculpture, engraving, sculpture
	(1) a wood carving , (2) carving instrument
	The intricate carving on the wooden box was the work of a master craftsman.
ax	 a tool with a metal blade that is usually attached to a wooden handle and is used for chopping wood or other materials
	synonym: hatchet, chopper, tomahawk
	(1) chop wood with an ax , (2) an ax in the toolbox
	He used an ax to chop the firewood for the campfire.
imprint	 v. to make a mark or impression on a surface; to leave a lasting impression or influence on someone or something; (noun) a mark or impression made by pressing or stamping something onto a surface; a distinctive feature or characteristic that is left by something or someone
	synonym: impress, stamp, engrave
	(1) DNA imprint, (2) imprint a memory
	He wanted to imprint his brand logo on the product.
epicenter	 n. the point on the earth's surface directly above the focus of an earthquake synonym: ground zero, focus, center
	(1) the epicenter of the sports world, (2) epicenter magnitude
	The epicenter of the earthquake was located deep beneath the earth's surface.

rev	 <i>n</i>. a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute <i>synonym</i>: revolution, RPM, speed
	(1) low- rev engine, (2) rev up the crowd
	He stepped on the gas pedal, and the engine released a loud rev .
botanical	<i>adj.</i> relating to the study or science of plants; of, pertaining to, made from, or derived from plants<i>synonym</i>: botanic, plant-based, herbal
	(1) botanical extract, (2) botanical illustrations
	The botanical gardens were filled with exotic plants from all around the world.
thug	 <i>n</i>. a violent or criminal individual, especially one who is part of a group or gang <i>synonym</i>: gangster, hooligan, criminal
	(1) local thug, (2) notorious thug
	The police arrested the thug who robbed the convenience
	store.
massacre	<i>n</i> . the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals
	synonym: slaughter, bloodbath, butchery
	(1) massacre in the village, (2) animal massacre
	The massacre of innocent civilians in the war zone was a
	tragic event.
butcher	 n. a person who prepares and sells meat, especially at a retail shop; a person who kills or slaughters animals, especially for food; a person who engages in the relentless or brutal treatment of others synonym: butcherer, meat cutter, slaughterer
	(1) butcher knife, (2) local butcher

	He's a vegetarian and was shocked to see so much meat in
	the butcher shop.
literate	<i>adj.</i> having the ability to read and write; possessing knowledge or understanding of a particular subject or topic
	synonym: educated, well-read, knowledgeable
	(1) literate population, (2) digitally literate
	Being literate in multiple languages can open up many
	opportunities for travel and work.
beggar	 n. a person who asks for money or food from others, particularly as a means of survival due to poverty or homelessness
	synonym: pauper, mendicant, panhandler
	(1) homeless beggar , (2) give alms to a beggar
	The beggar's rags barely covered his body as he shivered in the cold.
trove	<i>n.</i> a valuable collection of rare or interesting things, usually on the earth
	synonym: hoard, collection, assemblage
	(1) trove of information, (2) stumble on a trove
	The treasure trove of ancient artifacts was a museum's dream come true.
atop	adv. on, to, or at the top
	synonym: upon, onto
	(1) stand atop , (2) sit atop a stack of books
	The eagle perched atop the tallest tree in the forest.
diminish	 v. to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc. synonym: decline, dwindle, lessen
	(1) diminish a reputation, (2) diminish swelling
	As people get old, their energies may diminish .
	to poople get dia, then energies may diminish.

stumble	 v. to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily synonym: bumble, struggle, misstep
	(1) stumble financially, (2) stumble through life
	She stumbled over the tree root.
inhuman	 adj. lacking human qualities, such as compassion, kindness, or understanding; cruel, brutal, or without regard for others' suffering or dignity synonym: brutal, hardhanded, cruel
	(1) inhuman act, (2) inhuman conditions
	Prisoners were subjected to inhuman treatment in an overcrowded jail.
Christ	 n. the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity synonym: Savior, Jesus Christ, Jesus
	(1) teaching of Christ , (2) before Christ
	Christmas is the day to celebrate the birth of Christ.
ancestral	 adj. related to or connected with members of your family from the past synonym: hereditary, inherited, patrimonial
	(1) an ancestral graveyard, (2) ancestral roots
	The ancestral home has been in the family for generations.
outsider	 n. a person who is not part of a particular group, community, or society; someone who is considered to be on the periphery or outside of established social circles
	synonym: stranger, foreigner, alien
	(1) outsider perspective, (2) outsider artist
	Living in a foreign country can make you feel like an outsider at times.
despicable	<i>adj.</i> deserving of contempt or scorn; morally reprehensible or despicable

synonym: contemptible, vile, shameful

(1) despicable cowardice, (2) despicable behaviorThe despicable act of stealing from the elderly is a heinous crime.

disgust	 n. a strong feeling of dislike or disapproval synonym: nauseate, hate, dislike 		
	(1) public disgust, (2) show disgust at his actionsHe was filled with disgust and fear for the threat of war.		
luxuriant	 adj. characterized by rich or plentiful growth; abundant, lush, or thriving synonym: lush, flourishing, abundant 		
	(1) luxuriant vegetation, (2) luxuriant growth		
	The garden was filled with luxuriant foliage, creating a lush and vibrant atmosphere.		

Session 2: Spelling

1.	seer ten percent of the annual carbon emissions	v.	to take temporary possession of someone's property until a debt is paid.
2.	take a halgen	n.	a substance that produces hallucinations (i.e., perceptions of things that are not present or real), such as LSD, psilocybin, or mescaline
3.	naic addiction	n.	a drug or substance that dulls the senses and induces a state of lethargy or sleep; a drug that is illegal or highly regulated for medical use due to its ability to cause addiction or harm
4.	ben with a hand	v.	to gesture or signal someone to come nearer or follow; to encourage or entice someone to do something; to seem attractive or desirable
5.	an irc turn of events	adj.	using words to express something different from and often opposite to their literal or usual meaning, often for humorous or rhetorical effect
6.	anny compound	n.	a chemical element with the symbol Sb and atomic number 51, often used in alloys, flame retardants, and medicines
7.	hay lady	n.	a mythological creature in Greek and Roman mythology with the head of a woman and the body of a vulture or bird of prey, also used to describe a predatory or aggressive woman

ANSWERS: 1. sequester, 2. hallucinogen, 3. narcotic, 4. beckon, 5. ironic, 6. antimony, 7. harpy

8. myal intuition	adj.	relating to or characterized by spiritual powers; beyond ordinary understanding
9. before Cht	n.	the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
10. visceral leisis	n.	a parasitic disease caused by the Leishmania parasites, transmitted through the bite of infected sandflies, which can manifest as cutaneous leishmaniasis (= affecting the skin), visceral leishmaniasis (= affecting internal organs), or mucocutaneous leishmaniasis (= affecting mucous membranes)
11. dee a plan	v.	to come up with an idea, plan, theory, etc., using your intelligence or imagination
12. aus color	n.	a type of bacteria, particularly the species Staphylococcus aureus, that can cause a range of infections in humans and animals, often resistant to antibiotics and can be difficult to treat; (adjective, "golden" or "of gold" in Latin) relating to something that is gold-colored or has properties similar to gold
13. an ax in the toolbox	n.	a tool with a metal blade that is usually attached to a wooden handle and is used for chopping wood or other materials

ANSWERS: 8. mystical, 9. Christ, 10. leishmaniasis, 11. devise, 12. aureus, 13. ax

14.	anal roots	adj.	related to or connected with members of your family from the past
15.	local bur	n.	a person who prepares and sells meat, especially at a retail shop; a person who kills or slaughters animals, especially for food; a person who engages in the relentless or brutal treatment of others
16.	aft the economy	v.	to cause pain, suffering, or distress to someone or something
17.	rm the countryside	V.	to move about or travel aimlessly or without a fixed destination; to wander
18.	whl in the washing machine	v.	to spin or turn rapidly; to move or be moved quickly in a circular manner; (noun) a spinning or rotating movement, often rapid or chaotic in nature
19.	prevent rot damage	n.	a small, gnawing mammal, such as a mouse, rat, or squirrel, that has sharp incisors and typically has a long, thin tail
20.	boy professor	n.	the scientific study of plants
21.	free-living proa	n.	a diverse group of single-celled microorganisms that are classified as eukaryotic, meaning they have a distinct nucleus and other membrane-bound organelles found in a wide range of environments, from soil to water to the bodies of humans and animals
22.	ayca ceremony	n.	a psychoactive brew or infusion made from a combination of plant-based ingredients, traditionally used by indigenous people in the Amazon region of South America for spiritual and healing purposes, which contains the psychedelic compound DMT (dimethyltryptamine) and is often consumed as part of a ritual or ceremony

ANSWERS: 14. ancestral, 15. butcher, 16. afflict, 17. roam, 18. whirl, 19. rodent, 20.

botany, 21. protozoa, 22. ayahuasca

23. frne health workers	adj.	in the most critical or dangerous position; in the military line or part of an army closest to the enemy
24. cae a statue	v.	to create something by cutting wood or stone; to turn sharply
25. fn leaves	n.	a non-flowering plant with long, feathery fronds that reproduce by spores rather than seeds
26. a strong paier	n.	medicine used to relieve physical pain
27. asn sensitivity	n.	a drug used to reduce pain, fever, and inflammation
28. myal belief	adj.	relating to or characterized by spiritual powers; beyond ordinary understanding
29. ouer artist	n.	a person who is not part of a particular group, community, or society; someone who is considered to be on the periphery or outside of established social circles
30. boal extract	adj.	relating to the study or science of plants; of, pertaining to, made from, or derived from plants
31. give alms to a ber	n.	a person who asks for money or food from others, particularly as a means of survival due to poverty or homelessness
32. an emd gem	adj.	having a deep, rich green color, like that of an emerald gemstone
33. imt a memory	v.	to make a mark or impression on a surface; to leave a lasting impression or influence on someone or something; (noun) a mark or impression made by pressing or stamping something onto a surface; a distinctive feature or characteristic that is left by something or someone

ANSWERS: 23. frontline, 24. carve, 25. fern, 26. painkiller, 27. aspirin, 28. mystical,

29. outsider, 30. botanical, 31. beggar, 32. emerald, 33. imprint

34. injected vem	n.	a toxic substance produced by an animal, typically a snake or insect, and injected into prey or an enemy by biting or stinging
35. naic drug	n.	a drug or substance that dulls the senses and induces a state of lethargy or sleep; a drug that is illegal or highly regulated for medical use due to its ability to cause addiction or harm
36. ayca vine	n.	a psychoactive brew or infusion made from a combination of plant-based ingredients, traditionally used by indigenous people in the Amazon region of South America for spiritual and healing purposes, which contains the psychedelic compound DMT (dimethyltryptamine) and is often consumed as part of a ritual or ceremony
37. take a paier beforehand	n.	medicine used to relieve physical pain
38. indus worker	adj.	hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
39. brood of virs	n.	venomous snake
40. schnia treatment	n.	a severe mental disorder in which a person has a distorted view of reality and may experience hallucinations, delusions, and disordered thinking and behavior
41. whl around the dance floor	v.	to spin or turn rapidly; to move or be moved quickly in a circular manner; (noun) a spinning or rotating movement, often rapid or chaotic in nature

ANSWERS: 34. venom, 35. narcotic, 36. ayahuasca, 37. painkiller, 38. industrious, 39. viper, 40. schizophrenia, 41. whirl

42. desle cowardice	adj.	deserving of contempt or scorn; morally reprehensible or despicable
43. stumble on a tre	n.	a valuable collection of rare or interesting things, usually on the earth
44. topical cone	n.	a hormone naturally produced by the adrenal glands or a synthetic version of this hormone, commonly used as an anti-inflammatory medication to treat various conditions, such as allergies, skin diseases, arthritis, and asthma
45. schnia spectrum disorder	n.	a severe mental disorder in which a person has a distorted view of reality and may experience hallucinations, delusions, and disordered thinking and behavior
46. eper magnitude	n.	the point on the earth's surface directly above the focus of an earthquake
47. aft with the plague	v.	to cause pain, suffering, or distress to someone or something
48. aner habitat	n.	a mammal that feeds on ants and termites, characterized by a long snout and a sticky tongue
49. notorious maer	n.	an animal, typically a big cat or crocodile, that is known to attack and eat humans; a seductive woman who is seen as a danger to men
50. desle behavior	adj.	deserving of contempt or scorn; morally reprehensible or despicable
51. can conservation	n.	a type of predatory reptile that belongs to the crocodilian family which resembles alligators and crocodiles but are smaller in size, typically found in Central and South America

ANSWERS: 42. despicable, 43. trove, 44. cortisone, 45. schizophrenia, 46. epicenter, 47. afflict, 48. anteater, 49. man-eater, 50. despicable, 51. caiman

52. geographical boy	n.	the scientific study of plants
53. notorious tg	n.	a violent or criminal individual, especially one who is part of a group or gang
54. the tribe's shn	n.	a person who is regarded as having access to the spirit world and who typically acts as a healer or intermediary between spirits and humans in certain cultures and traditions
55. ste financially	v.	to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
56. shn's wisdom	n.	a person who is regarded as having access to the spirit world and who typically acts as a healer or intermediary between spirits and humans in certain cultures and traditions
57. automotive goh	n.	a biblical figure and legendary giant warrior whom the young shepherd David defeated; a symbol of great strength or size
58. stacus aureus	n.	(also staph) a type of bacteria that can cause various types of infections in humans, including skin infections, pneumonia, and food poisoning
59. noc herdsmen	adj.	moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time

ANSWERS: 52. botany, 53. thug, 54. shaman, 55. stumble, 56. shaman, 57. goliath, 58. staphylococcus, 59. nomadic

60. lite population	adj.	having the ability to read and write; possessing knowledge or understanding of a particular subject or topic
61. mental affon	n.	a condition of physical or mental suffering or distress, often caused by illness, injury, or other adversity; a burden or trouble that causes hardship or grief
62. cara habitat	n.	a large semiaquatic rodent native to South America, known for its heavy-set body, short legs, and webbed feet
63. tropical raist	n.	a forest rich in biodiversity that is generally found in tropical settings with heavy annual rainfall
64. aus infection	n.	a type of bacteria, particularly the species Staphylococcus aureus, that can cause a range of infections in humans and animals, often resistant to antibiotics and can be difficult to treat; (adjective, "golden" or "of gold" in Latin) relating to something that is gold-colored or has properties similar to gold
65. nod worker	n.	a member of a group of people who move from place to place rather than living in one place all the time; a wanderer; a person with no fixed abode
66. rm freely	<i>v</i> .	to move about or travel aimlessly or without a fixed destination; to wander

ANSWERS: 60. literate, 61. affliction, 62. capybara, 63. rainforest, 64. aureus, 65. nomad, 66. roam

67. ca_	n population	n.	a type of predatory reptile that belongs to the crocodilian family which resembles alligators and crocodiles but are smaller in size, typically found in Central and South America
68. aut	oimmune affon	n.	a condition of physical or mental suffering or distress, often caused by illness, injury, or other adversity; a burden or trouble that causes hardship or grief
69. sta	nd ap	adv.	on, to, or at the top
70. ind _.	us student	adj.	hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
71. the	vem of a lizard	n.	a toxic substance produced by an animal, typically a snake or insect, and injected into prey or an enemy by biting or stinging
72. no_	d culture	n.	a member of a group of people who move from place to place rather than living in one place all the time; a wanderer; a person with no fixed abode
73. in	n conditions	adj.	lacking human qualities, such as compassion, kindness, or understanding; cruel, brutal, or without regard for others' suffering or dignity
74. em	d ring	adj.	having a deep, rich green color, like that of an emerald gemstone
75. ca_	g instrument	n.	the act or process of cutting or shaping a hard material, such as wood or stone, into a specific form or design

ANSWERS: 67. caiman, 68. affliction, 69. atop, 70. industrious, 71. venom, 72. nomad, 73. inhuman, 74. emerald, 75. carving

76.	at the frne of the war	adj.	in the most critical or dangerous position; in the military line or part of an army closest to the enemy
77.	a female jar	n.	a large animal of the cat family that has a yellowish-brown coat with black spots, mainly found in parts of Central and South America
78.	cae my name on the plate	v.	to create something by cutting wood or stone; to turn sharply
79.	inn act	adj.	lacking human qualities, such as compassion, kindness, or understanding; cruel, brutal, or without regard for others' suffering or dignity
80.	an anal graveyard	adj.	related to or connected with members of your family from the past
81.	a wild jar	n.	a large animal of the cat family that has a yellowish-brown coat with black spots, mainly found in parts of Central and South America
82.	vir poison	n.	venomous snake
83.	hak swing	n.	a type of lightweight bed or sling made of canvas, rope, or netting, often suspended between two supports such as trees or poles; a type of vegetation-rich ecosystem found in lowland areas
84.	goh bird-eating spider	n.	a biblical figure and legendary giant warrior whom the young shepherd David defeated; a symbol of great strength or size

ANSWERS: 76. frontline, 77. jaguar, 78. carve, 79. inhuman, 80. ancestral, 81. jaguar, 82. viper, 83. hammock, 84. goliath

85. traditional meal	adj.	of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
86. r_v up the crowd	n.	a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute
87. rusty mae	n.	a large, heavy knife with a broad blade used for cutting vegetation or, in some cultures, as a weapon
88. woven hak	n.	a type of lightweight bed or sling made of canvas, rope, or netting, often suspended between two supports such as trees or poles; a type of vegetation-rich ecosystem found in lowland areas
89. a wood cag	n.	the act or process of cutting or shaping a hard material, such as wood or stone, into a specific form or design
90. airplane wian	n.	the distance between the tips of a bird's wings when fully extended and in flight; often used to describe the size or scope of something, particularly about physical objects or structures
91. raist destruction	n.	a forest rich in biodiversity that is generally found in tropical settings with heavy annual rainfall
92. rot repellent	n.	a small, gnawing mammal, such as a mouse, rat, or squirrel, that has sharp incisors and typically has a long, thin tail

ANSWERS: 85. medicinal, 86. rev, 87. machete, 88. hammock, 89. carving, 90. wingspan, 91. rainforest, 92. rodent

93. seer myself from the world	ν.	to take temporary possession of someone's property until a debt is paid.
94. chop wood with an ax	n.	a tool with a metal blade that is usually attached to a wooden handle and is used for chopping wood or other materials
95. tre of information	n.	a valuable collection of rare or interesting things, usually on the earth
96. bird wian	n.	the distance between the tips of a bird's wings when fully extended and in flight; often used to describe the size or scope of something, particularly about physical objects or structures
97. tropical fns	n.	a non-flowering plant with long, feathery fronds that reproduce by spores rather than seeds
98. cone treatment	n.	a hormone naturally produced by the adrenal glands or a synthetic version of this hormone, commonly used as an anti-inflammatory medication to treat various conditions, such as allergies, skin diseases, arthritis, and asthma
99. dish a reputation	v.	to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc.
100. sharp mae	n.	a large, heavy knife with a broad blade used for cutting vegetation or, in some cultures, as a weapon
101. meal chemistry	adj.	of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

ANSWERS: 93. sequester, 94. ax, 95. trove, 96. wingspan, 97. fern, 98. cortisone, 99. diminish, 100. machete, 101. medicinal

		y 1 ()
102. giant cara	n.	a large semiaquatic rodent native to South America, known for its heavy-set body, short legs, and webbed feet
103. lunt growth	adj.	characterized by rich or plentiful growth; abundant, lush, or thriving
104. anda habitat	n.	a large non-venomous snake found in South America, known for its impressive size and ability to constrict its prey
105. ben a taxi	v.	to gesture or signal someone to come nearer or follow; to encourage or entice someone to do something; to seem attractive or desirable
106. giant aner	n.	a mammal that feeds on ants and termites, characterized by a long snout and a sticky tongue
107. halgen effects	n.	a substance that produces hallucinations (i.e., perceptions of things that are not present or real), such as LSD, psilocybin, or mescaline
108. show dit at his actions	n.	a strong feeling of dislike or disapproval
109. animal mare	n.	the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals
110. boal illustrations	adj.	relating to the study or science of plants; of, pertaining to, made from, or derived from plants
111. hay's feather	n.	a mythological creature in Greek and Roman mythology with the head of a woman and the body of a vulture or bird of prey, also used to describe a predatory or aggressive woman

ANSWERS: 102. capybara, 103. luxuriant, 104. anaconda, 105. beckon, 106. anteater, 107. hallucinogen, 108. disgust, 109. massacre, 110. botanical, 111. harpy

112. dee a literary plot	v.	to come up with an idea, plan, theory, etc., using your intelligence or imagination
113. dish swelling	v.	to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc.
114. noc life	adj.	moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time
115. sit ap a stack of books	adv.	on, to, or at the top
116. irc result	adj.	using words to express something different from and often opposite to their literal or usual meaning, often for humorous or rhetorical effect
117. bur knife	n.	a person who prepares and sells meat, especially at a retail shop; a person who kills or slaughters animals, especially for food; a person who engages in the relentless or brutal treatment of others
118. maer shark	n.	an animal, typically a big cat or crocodile, that is known to attack and eat humans; a seductive woman who is seen as a danger to men
119. ouer perspective	n.	a person who is not part of a particular group, community, or society; someone who is considered to be on the periphery or outside of established social circles
120. digitally lite	adj.	having the ability to read and write; possessing knowledge or understanding of a particular subject or topic

ANSWERS: 112. devise, 113. diminish, 114. nomadic, 115. atop, 116. ironic, 117. butcher, 118. man-eater, 119. outsider, 120. literate

121. local tg	n.	a violent or criminal individual, especially one who is part of a group or gang
122. alcohol-dependent inia	n.	the condition of being unable to sleep, usually a chronic one
123. prescribe asn	n.	a drug used to reduce pain, fever, and inflammation
124. proa species	n.	a diverse group of single-celled microorganisms that are classified as eukaryotic, meaning they have a distinct nucleus and other membrane-bound organelles found in a wide range of environments, from soil to water to the bodies of humans and animals
125. teaching of Cht	n.	the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
126. lunt vegetation	adj.	characterized by rich or plentiful growth; abundant, lush, or thriving
127. ste through life	v.	to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
128. medication for inia	n.	the condition of being unable to sleep, usually a chronic one
129. anny ore	n.	a chemical element with the symbol Sb and atomic number 51, often used in alloys, flame retardants, and medicines
130. ser a positive relationship	v.	to break or separate something by cutting, especially suddenly and forcibly

ANSWERS: 121. thug, 122. insomnia, 123. aspirin, 124. protozoa, 125. Christ, 126. luxuriant, 127. stumble, 128. insomnia, 129. antimony, 130. sever

131. giant anda	n.	a large non-venomous snake found in South America, known for its impressive size and ability to constrict its prey
132. low-r_v engine	n.	a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute
133. mare in the village	n.	the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals
134. DNA imt	v.	to make a mark or impression on a surface; to leave a lasting impression or influence on someone or something; (noun) a mark or impression made by pressing or stamping something onto a surface; a distinctive feature or characteristic that is left by something or someone
135. ser a rope	v.	to break or separate something by cutting, especially suddenly and forcibly
136. public dit	n.	a strong feeling of dislike or disapproval
137. stacus bacteria	n.	(also staph) a type of bacteria that can cause various types of infections in humans, including skin infections, pneumonia, and food poisoning
138. the eper of the sports world	n.	the point on the earth's surface directly above the focus of an earthquake

ANSWERS: 131. anaconda, 132. rev, 133. massacre, 134. imprint, 135. sever, 136. disgust, 137. staphylococcus, 138. epicenter

139. homeless ber	n.	a person who asks for money or food from others, particularly as a means of survival due to poverty or homelessness
140. treatment for leisis	n.	a parasitic disease caused by the Leishmania parasites, transmitted through the bite of infected sandflies, which can manifest as cutaneous leishmaniasis (= affecting the skin), visceral leishmaniasis (= affecting internal organs), or mucocutaneous leishmaniasis (= affecting mucous membranes)

ANSWERS: 139. beggar, 140. leishmaniasis

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. This statue is _____ from a single tree trunk.
- *v.* to create something by cutting wood or stone; to turn sharply
- 2. Being _____ in multiple languages can open up many opportunities for travel and work.
- *adj.* having the ability to read and write; possessing knowledge or understanding of a particular subject or topic
- 3. The laboratory used ______ chloride in the production of certain chemicals.
- *n.* a chemical element with the symbol Sb and atomic number 51, often used in alloys, flame retardants, and medicines
- 4. He wanted to _____ his brand logo on the product.
 - v. to make a mark or impression on a surface; to leave a lasting impression or influence on someone or something; (noun) a mark or impression made by pressing or stamping something onto a surface; a distinctive feature or characteristic that is left by something or someone
- 5. The destruction of the _____ is a ticking time bomb for the Earth.
- *n.* a forest rich in biodiversity that is generally found in tropical settings with heavy annual rainfall
- 6. The angry wife screamed like a _____ at her husband for coming home late.
 - *n.* a mythological creature in Greek and Roman mythology with the head of a woman and the body of a vulture or bird of prey, also used to describe a predatory or aggressive woman
- 7. The ______ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.
- adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

ANSWERS: 1. carved, 2. literate, 3. antimony, 4. imprint, 5. rainforest, 6. harpy, 7. medicinal

- 8. Chronic pain can be a debilitating ______ that affects every aspect of one's life.
 - *n.* a condition of physical or mental suffering or distress, often caused by illness, injury, or other adversity; a burden or trouble that causes hardship or grief
- 9. The pit _____ coiled up, ready to strike at its prey.
- *n.* venomous snake
- 10. It was ______ that the heavy rain started just as they set up for an outdoor picnic.
- *adj.* using words to express something different from and often opposite to their literal or usual meaning, often for humorous or rhetorical effect
- 11. The first symptoms of cutaneous ______ are usually skin sores that may become ulcers with time.
- *n.* a parasitic disease caused by the Leishmania parasites, transmitted through the bite of infected sandflies, which can manifest as cutaneous leishmaniasis (= affecting the skin), visceral leishmaniasis (= affecting internal organs), or mucocutaneous leishmaniasis (= affecting mucous membranes)
- 12. Prisoners were subjected to ______ treatment in an overcrowded jail.
- *adj.* lacking human qualities, such as compassion, kindness, or understanding; cruel, brutal, or without regard for others' suffering or dignity
- 13. The village _____ performed a healing ritual for the ailing elder.
- *n.* a person who is regarded as having access to the spirit world and who typically acts as a healer or intermediary between spirits and humans in certain cultures and traditions
- 14. Humans have developed the _____ habitat over several decades.
- *n.* a large animal of the cat family that has a yellowish-brown coat with black spots, mainly found in parts of Central and South America

ANSWERS: 8. affliction, 9. viper, 10. ironic, 11. leishmaniasis, 12. inhuman, 13. shaman, 14. jaguar's

- 15. The villagers lived in fear of the _____ lurking in the jungle.
- *n.* an animal, typically a big cat or crocodile, that is known to attack and eat humans; a seductive woman who is seen as a danger to men
- 16. The ______ of the earthquake was located deep beneath the earth's surface.
- *n.* the point on the earth's surface directly above the focus of an earthquake
- 17. The garden was filled with various plants, including a beautiful maidenhair _____.
- *n*. a non-flowering plant with long, feathery fronds that reproduce by spores rather than seeds
- 18. I love to _____ around the city and discover new neighborhoods.
- *v*. to move about or travel aimlessly or without a fixed destination; to wander
- 19. The disease can _____ both humans and animals.
- *v.* to cause pain, suffering, or distress to someone or something
- 20. We encountered an enormous ______ while exploring the Amazon rainforest.
- *n.* a large non-venomous snake found in South America, known for its impressive size and ability to constrict its prey
- 21. He was known to be very _____ and would often work late into the night.
 - adj. hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
- 22. The warm sun and gentle breeze _____ us to spend the day outside.
- *v.* to gesture or signal someone to come nearer or follow; to encourage or entice someone to do something; to seem attractive or desirable
- 23. The ______ patient was experiencing severe auditory hallucinations.
- *n.* a severe mental disorder in which a person has a distorted view of reality and may experience hallucinations, delusions, and disordered thinking and behavior

ANSWERS: 15. man-eater, 16. epicenter, 17. fern, 18. roam, 19. afflict, 20. anaconda, 21. industrious, 22. beckoned, 23. schizophrenia

- 24. The treasure _____ of ancient artifacts was a museum's dream come true.
- *n.* a valuable collection of rare or interesting things, usually on the earth
- 25. The ______ diet mainly consists of fish and small mammals.
- *n*. a type of predatory reptile that belongs to the crocodilian family which resembles alligators and crocodiles but are smaller in size, typically found in Central and South America
- 26. The ______ green dress caught everyone's eye at the party.
- adj. having a deep, rich green color, like that of an emerald gemstone
- 27. Within days, the new aircraft was in _____ service.
- *adj.* in the most critical or dangerous position; in the military line or part of an army closest to the enemy
- 28. The intricate ______ on the wooden box was the work of a master craftsman.
- *n*. the act or process of cutting or shaping a hard material, such as wood or stone, into a specific form or design
- 29. The farmer used a steel ______ to clear away the dense underbrush in the field.
- *n*. a large, heavy knife with a broad blade used for cutting vegetation or, in some cultures, as a weapon
- 30. The leaves began to _____ around in the windy weather.
- *v.* to spin or turn rapidly; to move or be moved quickly in a circular manner; (noun) a spinning or rotating movement, often rapid or chaotic in nature
- 31. The bald eagle has an impressive _____ of over 7 feet.
- *n.* the distance between the tips of a bird's wings when fully extended and in flight; often used to describe the size or scope of something, particularly about physical objects or structures

ANSWERS: 24. trove, 25. caiman's, 26. emerald, 27. frontline, 28. carving, 29. machete, 30. whirl, 31. wingspan

- 32. He's a vegetarian and was shocked to see so much meat in the _____ shop.
 - *n.* a person who prepares and sells meat, especially at a retail shop; a person who kills or slaughters animals, especially for food; a person who engages in the relentless or brutal treatment of others
- 33. _____ is the day to celebrate the birth of Christ.
- *n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
- 34. He ______ a branch from a tree quickly.
- v. to break or separate something by cutting, especially suddenly and forcibly
- 35. The ______ act of stealing from the elderly is a heinous crime.
- adj. deserving of contempt or scorn; morally reprehensible or despicable
- 36. This dessert is the territory of ______ tribes.
- *adj.* moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time
- 37. Over-the-counter ______ are less effective for patients who have taken many in the past.
- *n.* medicine used to relieve physical pain
- 38. The police arrested the _____ who robbed the convenience store.
- *n.* a violent or criminal individual, especially one who is part of a group or gang
- 39. The water in the lake was contaminated with high levels of ______ making it unsafe for swimming or drinking.
- *n.* a diverse group of single-celled microorganisms that are classified as eukaryotic, meaning they have a distinct nucleus and other membrane-bound organelles found in a wide range of environments, from soil to water to the bodies of humans and animals

ANSWERS: 32. butcher, 33. Christmas, 34. severed, 35. despicable, 36. nomadic, 37. painkillers, 38. thug, 39. protozoa,

- 40. The doctor prescribed a ______ painkiller to alleviate her chronic pain.
 - *n.* a drug or substance that dulls the senses and induces a state of lethargy or sleep; a drug that is illegal or highly regulated for medical use due to its ability to cause addiction or harm
- 41. The ______ diet mainly consists of grasses and aquatic plants.
- *n.* a large semiaquatic rodent native to South America, known for its heavy-set body, short legs, and webbed feet
- 42. He set up a trap to catch the _____.
- *n.* a small, gnawing mammal, such as a mouse, rat, or squirrel, that has sharp incisors and typically has a long, thin tail
- 43. The study of _____ can also include the study of plant fossils and the history of plant evolution.
- *n.* the scientific study of plants
- 44. I like to relax in a _____ on warm summer days.
- *n.* a type of lightweight bed or sling made of canvas, rope, or netting, often suspended between two supports such as trees or poles; a type of vegetation-rich ecosystem found in lowland areas
- 45. While meditating, he had a ______ experience and felt a sense of unity with the universe.
- *adj.* relating to or characterized by spiritual powers; beyond ordinary understanding
- 46. He approved their requests to ______ the jury.
- *v.* to take temporary possession of someone's property until a debt is paid.
- 47. The patient was diagnosed with a ______ infection.
- *n.* (also staph) a type of bacteria that can cause various types of infections in humans, including skin infections, pneumonia, and food poisoning

ANSWERS: 40. narcotic, 41. capybara's, 42. rodent, 43. botany, 44. hammock, 45. mystical, 46. sequester, 47. staphylococcus

- 48. The _____ tribe moved from place to place with its herd of sheep.
- *n.* a member of a group of people who move from place to place rather than living in one place all the time; a wanderer; a person with no fixed abode
- 49. Living in a foreign country can make you feel like an _____ at times.
- *n.* a person who is not part of a particular group, community, or society; someone who is considered to be on the periphery or outside of established social circles
- 50. Participants in the ceremony consumed ______ to achieve spiritual enlightenment.
- *n*. a psychoactive brew or infusion made from a combination of plant-based ingredients, traditionally used by indigenous people in the Amazon region of South America for spiritual and healing purposes, which contains the psychedelic compound DMT (dimethyltryptamine) and is often consumed as part of a ritual or ceremony
- 51. He used an _____ to chop the firewood for the campfire.
- *n.* a tool with a metal blade that is usually attached to a wooden handle and is used for chopping wood or other materials
- 52. The ______ home has been in the family for generations.
- *adj.* related to or connected with members of your family from the past
- 53. Psilocybin is a type of ______ found in some mushrooms.
- *n.* a substance that produces hallucinations (i.e., perceptions of things that are not present or real), such as LSD, psilocybin, or mescaline
- 54. He suffered ______ and loss of appetite after he began taking that medication.
- *n.* the condition of being unable to sleep, usually a chronic one

ANSWERS: 48. nomad, 49. outsider, 50. ayahuasca, 51. ax, 52. ancestral, 53. hallucinogen, 54. insomnia

- 55. She took a tablet of _____ to soothe the fever.
- *n.* a drug used to reduce pain, fever, and inflammation
- 56. The garden was filled with ______ foliage, creating a lush and vibrant atmosphere.
- adj. characterized by rich or plentiful growth; abundant, lush, or thriving
- 57. Staphylococcus ______ is a type of bacteria that can cause skin infections.
 - *n.* a type of bacteria, particularly the species Staphylococcus aureus, that can cause a range of infections in humans and animals, often resistant to antibiotics and can be difficult to treat; (adjective, "golden" or "of gold" in Latin) relating to something that is gold-colored or has properties similar to gold
- 58. He was filled with _____ and fear for the threat of war.
- *n.* a strong feeling of dislike or disapproval
- 59. The ______ rags barely covered his body as he shivered in the cold.
- *n.* a person who asks for money or food from others, particularly as a means of survival due to poverty or homelessness
- 60. As people get old, their energies may _____.
- *v.* to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc.
- 61. He stepped on the gas pedal, and the engine released a loud ____.
- *n.* a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute
- 62. The athlete received a ______ injection to reduce inflammation in the injured knee.
 - *n.* a hormone naturally produced by the adrenal glands or a synthetic version of this hormone, commonly used as an anti-inflammatory medication to treat various conditions, such as allergies, skin diseases, arthritis, and asthma

ANSWERS: 55. aspirin, 56. luxuriant, 57. aureus, 58. disgust, 59. beggar's, 60.

diminish, 61. rev, 62. cortisone

- 63. The ______ long, sticky tongue is perfectly adapted to catching ants and insects.
- *n.* a mammal that feeds on ants and termites, characterized by a long snout and a sticky tongue
- 64. The young entrepreneur took down the _____ corporation with her innovative idea.
 - *n.* a biblical figure and legendary giant warrior whom the young shepherd David defeated; a symbol of great strength or size
- 65. They had to ______ a system that did not depend on fossil fuels.
- *v.* to come up with an idea, plan, theory, etc., using your intelligence or imagination
- 66. The eagle perched _____ the tallest tree in the forest.

adv. on, to, or at the top

- 67. The ______ of innocent civilians in the war zone was a tragic event.
- *n.* the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals
- 68. The snake's _____ is highly toxic and can be fatal to humans.
- *n.* a toxic substance produced by an animal, typically a snake or insect, and injected into prey or an enemy by biting or stinging
- 69. She _____ over the tree root.
- *v.* to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
- 70. The ______ gardens were filled with exotic plants from all around the world.
- *adj.* relating to the study or science of plants; of, pertaining to, made from, or derived from plants

ANSWERS: 63. anteater's, 64. goliath, 65. devise, 66. atop, 67. massacre, 68. venom, 69. stumbled, 70. botanical

ANSWERS: