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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Nadine Burke Harris: How childhood trauma affects health across a lifetime | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/nadine_burke_harris_how_childhood_trauma_affects_health_across_a_lifetime

Advanced Words Only

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

transcribe

v. to copy or reproduce something in written or printed form; to translate spoken language into written text

synonym: copy, record, transliterate

(1) **transcribe** notes, (2) **transcribe** documents

She needs to **transcribe** the interview recording to write the article for the magazine.

pervasive

adj. spreading or existing throughout every part of a thing or place

synonym: extensive, ubiquitous, prevalent

(1) **pervasive** language, (2) the **pervasive** odor of garlic

Suspicion and worry were **pervasive** in our minds.

rethink

v. to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it

synonym: reexplore, review, reconsider

(1) **rethink** a marketing plan, (2) **rethink** the role of the manager

We have to **rethink** our company's product lineup for further growth.

someplace

adv. somewhere without specifying a particular or exact location

synonym : somewhere, anywhere, wherever

(1) from **someplace** deep inside, (2) **someplace** quiet
Let's go **someplace** new and try something we have not done before.

underserved

adj. inadequately or insufficiently provided with help, products, or services

(1) **underserved** market, (2) traditionally **underserved**
This area is medically **underserved**.

pediatrics

n. the branch of medicine that deals with the care and treatment of children

synonym : pedology, child health

(1) **pediatrics** department, (2) **pediatrics** clinic

I am studying **pediatrics** in medical school because I love working with children.

shingle

n. a thin piece of wood, slate, or other material used as a roof covering or siding

synonym : tile, slate, clapboard

(1) asphalt **shingle**, (2) wooden **shingle**

The roofer installed new **shingles** on the roof to replace the old and worn-out ones.

disparity

n. a significant difference or inequality between two or more things

synonym : difference, inequality, gap

(1) the **disparity** between theory and reality, (2) income **disparity**

There is a significant **disparity** in pay between men and women in the company.

immunization

n. the process of making a person or animal immune to a specific disease by administering a vaccine or other preventative measure

synonym : vaccination, shot, inoculation

(1) **immunization** program, (2) childhood **immunization**
Due to the success of **immunization** programs, certain diseases, such as smallpox, have been eradicated.

hospitalize

v. to admit someone to a hospital for medical treatment
synonym: admit, place in hospital

(1) **hospitalize** patient, (2) **hospitalize** child
She had to be **hospitalized** due to her injuries.

disturb

v. to interrupt someone who is trying to work, sleep, etc.
synonym: agitate, bother, intrude

(1) **disturb** the peace, (2) **disturb** his sleep
Tourists frequently **disturb** the island's delicate natural balance.

hyperactive

adj. excessively or abnormally active, restless, or easily excitable, particularly about children or animals with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)

synonym: hyperkinetic, overactive, restless

(1) **hyperactive** child, (2) **hyperactive** imagination
The **hyperactive** dog was running around the house, knocking things over.

adversity

n. difficulties or hardships that someone faces
synonym: hardship, difficulty, trial

(1) environmental **adversity**, (2) struggling with **adversity**
The team demonstrated great resilience in the face of **adversity** and won the game.

incarceration

n. the state of being confined in prison or jail
synonym: confinement, imprisonment, detention

(1) mass **incarceration**, (2) **incarceration** rates
The judge sentenced him to five years of **incarceration** for embezzlement.

correlate

v. to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another

synonym: associate, liken, connect

(1) **correlate** closely with the quality, (2) **correlate** to the size

We may frequently **correlate** age with the frequency of disease.

obstruct

v. to block or interfere with the passage, movement, or action of something or someone

synonym: block, impede, hinder

(1) **obstruct** an airway, (2) **obstruct** a bill

The road was blocked by a fallen tree, **obstructing** the path for all vehicles.

ischemic

adj. relating to or caused by an inadequate supply of blood to an organ or tissue, leading to reduced oxygen and nutrient levels

synonym: blocked, restricted, reduced blood flow

(1) **ischemic** stroke, (2) **ischemic** optic neuropathy

The patient was diagnosed with **ischemic** heart disease requiring immediate medical attention.

accumbens

n. (nucleus accumbens) an area of the brain located in the basal forebrain that has a significant role in the cognitive processing of motivation, aversion, reward

(1) nucleus **accumbens** neurons, (2) cells of the nucleus **accumbens**

Dopamine is released into the nucleus **accumbens**.

prefrontal

adj. in or about the foremost part of the frontal lobe of the brain

(1) **prefrontal** bone, (2) **prefrontal** region

Research shows that damage to the **prefrontal** cortex leads to increased aggression.

amygdala

n. one of two parts of the almond-shaped neural structure that are linked to emotions, especially fear and pleasure, memory, and the sense of smell

(1) the decline in **amygdala** activity, (2) **amygdala** damage

The **amygdala** has been associated with memories of past emotional events.

neurology

n. the branch of medicine that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the nervous system

synonym: brain science, nervous system, neuropathology

(1) cognitive **neurology**, (2) **neurology** department

She is studying clinical **neurology** to become a brain surgeon.

hypothalamus

n. a basal part of the brain that autonomically controls body temperature, hunger, and the release of hormones

(1) anterior **hypothalamus**, (2) **hypothalamus** hemorrhage

Oxytocin is also produced in the nucleus of the **hypothalamus**.

pituitary

n. a small, pea-sized gland located at the base of the brain that influences the growth and sexual development of the body by producing hormones

synonym: hypophyseal, hypothalamic, anterior lobe

(1) **pituitary** hormone, (2) anterior **pituitary**

The **pituitary** gland is responsible for releasing hormones that regulate growth and metabolism.

adrenal

adj. relating to two glands situated above the kidneys, called the adrenal gland

(1) **adrenal** gland, (2) **adrenal** cortex

The doctor ordered tests to check the patient's **adrenal** function.

adrenaline

n. (also "epinephrine") a substance secreted by the adrenal medulla in response to stress, which makes the heart beat faster and prepares the body to react to

danger

synonym : epinephrine

(1) **adrenaline** receptor, (2) **adrenaline** addiction

The band has released a lot of **adrenaline-pumping** rock music.

cortisol

n. a hormone produced by the adrenal gland that is involved in regulating the body's metabolism, immune system, and blood pressure

synonym : stress hormone, hydrocortisone

(1) **cortisol** stress, (2) excessive **cortisol**

Cortisol levels in the body are often elevated during times of stress.

dilate

v. to make something wider, larger, or more open

synonym : widen, open, enlarge

(1) **dilate** the bronchial tubes, (2) **dilate** blood vessel

The pupils of the eyes **dilate** in low light.

airway

n. the air passage from the nose and throat to the lungs; a designated route followed by airplanes flying from one airport to another

synonym : air passage, air duct, skyway

(1) **airway** blockage, (2) **airway** beacon

When performing lifesaving, the first step is to secure the **airway**.

lifesaving

n. the act or process of rescuing someone else's life, especially from drowning

(1) **lifesaving** efforts, (2) **lifesaving** device

The patient needs a **lifesaving** transplant operation.

disrupt

v. to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance

synonym : interrupt, disturb, break into

(1) **disrupt** a well-ordered condition, (2) **disrupt** sleep
I'm so sorry to **disrupt** you when you're pretty busy.

multidisciplinary

adj. integrating or involving various academic fields or different skills in a topic or problem-solving approach

synonym: integrative, interdisciplinary

(1) **multidisciplinary** project, (2) **multidisciplinary** analysis

He adopted a **multidisciplinary** research approach to unravel complex phenomena.

poisonous

adj. containing or producing toxic substances; harmful or dangerous to living beings, often causing illness, injury, or death; capable of causing serious harm or destruction

synonym: toxic, venomous, deadly

(1) **poisonous** plants, (2) **poisonous** chemicals

Some species of **poisonous snakes** can be deadly to humans if bitten.

rooftop

n. the upper surface or cover of a building's roof, often used for recreational or other purposes

synonym: roof, terrace, deck

(1) **rooftop** live, (2) **rooftop** deck

They held the dinner party on the **rooftop** terrace, enjoying the beautiful view of the city.

unaddressed

adj. not dealt with, resolved, or attended to; lacking attention or consideration

synonym: unanswered, ignored, neglected

(1) **unaddressed** risks, (2) **unaddressed** letter

The community is frustrated with the **unaddressed** issue of crime in the area.

terrifying

adj. very frightening or intimidating

synonym: frightening, intimidating, alarming

(1) **terrifying** experience, (2) **terrifying** events

Large earthquakes often generate **terrifying** tsunamis.

spoil

v. to ruin the taste, appearance, or quality of something; to become or cause something to become rotten or bad

synonym: rot, decay, deteriorate

(1) **spoil** a person's sport, (2) **spoil** the surprise

If you leave the milk out of the refrigerator for too long, it will **spoil**.

marginalize

v. to treat a person or group as insignificant or unimportant; to push to the edge or margin of society or a group; to exclude from power or influence

synonym: exclude, isolate, sideline

(1) **marginalize** minorities, (2) **marginalize** dissenting voices

It's important not to **marginalize** certain groups of people based on their race, religion, or ethnicity.

anomalous

adj. deviating from what is standard or expected; unexpected or unusual in a way that is difficult to explain

synonym: unusual, peculiar, abnormal

(1) **anomalous** behavior, (2) **anomalous** result

The data from the study was **anomalous** and unexpected.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1. re____k a marketing plan | <i>v.</i> to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it |
| 2. ne_____gy department | <i>n.</i> the branch of medicine that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the nervous system |
| 3. pe_____ve language | <i>adj.</i> spreading or existing throughout every part of a thing or place |
| 4. asphalt sh_____e | <i>n.</i> a thin piece of wood, slate, or other material used as a roof covering or siding |
| 5. ad_____l gland | <i>adj.</i> relating to two glands situated above the kidneys, called the adrenal gland |
| 6. tra_____be documents | <i>v.</i> to copy or reproduce something in written or printed form; to translate spoken language into written text |
| 7. the decline in am_____la activity | <i>n.</i> one of two parts of the almond-shaped neural structure that are linked to emotions, especially fear and pleasure, memory, and the sense of smell |
| 8. inc_____ion rates | <i>n.</i> the state of being confined in prison or jail |
| 9. po_____us chemicals | <i>adj.</i> containing or producing toxic substances; harmful or dangerous to living beings, often causing illness, injury, or death; capable of causing serious harm or destruction |

ANSWERS: 1. rethink, 2. neurology, 3. pervasive, 4. shingle, 5. adrenal, 6. transcribe, 7. amygdala, 8. incarceration, 9. poisonous

10. hyp_____ve child *adj.* excessively or abnormally active, restless, or easily excitable, particularly about children or animals with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)
11. adr_____ne addiction *n.* (also "epinephrine") a substance secreted by the adrenal medulla in response to stress, which makes the heart beat faster and prepares the body to react to danger
12. ped_____cs department *n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the care and treatment of children
13. nucleus ac_____ns neurons *n.* (nucleus accumbens) an area of the brain located in the basal forebrain that has a significant role in the cognitive processing of motivation, aversion, reward
14. wooden sh_____e *n.* a thin piece of wood, slate, or other material used as a roof covering or siding
15. tra_____be notes *v.* to copy or reproduce something in written or printed form; to translate spoken language into written text
16. po_____us plants *adj.* containing or producing toxic substances; harmful or dangerous to living beings, often causing illness, injury, or death; capable of causing serious harm or destruction
17. lif_____ng efforts *n.* the act or process of rescuing someone else's life, especially from drowning
18. mar_____ze dissenting voices *v.* to treat a person or group as insignificant or unimportant; to push to the edge or margin of society or a group; to exclude from power or influence

ANSWERS: 10. hyperactive, 11. adrenaline, 12. pediatrics, 13. accumbens, 14. shingle, 15. transcribe, 16. poisonous, 17. lifesaving, 18. marginalize

19. the pe_____ve odor of garlic *adj.* spreading or existing throughout every part of a thing or place
20. di___e blood vessel *v.* to make something wider, larger, or more open
21. an_____us behavior *adj.* deviating from what is standard or expected; unexpected or unusual in a way that is difficult to explain
22. income di_____ty *n.* a significant difference or inequality between two or more things
23. anterior hyp_____mus *n.* a basal part of the brain that autonomically controls body temperature, hunger, and the release of hormones
24. anterior pi_____ry *n.* a small, pea-sized gland located at the base of the brain that influences the growth and sexual development of the body by producing hormones
25. ai___y beacon *n.* the air passage from the nose and throat to the lungs; a designated route followed by airplanes flying from one airport to another
26. lif_____ng device *n.* the act or process of rescuing someone else's life, especially from drowning
27. ter_____ng events *adj.* very frightening or intimidating
28. mar_____ze minorities *v.* to treat a person or group as insignificant or unimportant; to push to the edge or margin of society or a group; to exclude from power or influence

ANSWERS: 19. pervasive, 20. dilate, 21. anomalous, 22. disparity, 23. hypothalamus, 24. pituitary, 25. airway, 26. lifesaving, 27. terrifying, 28. marginalize

29. is____ic optic neuropathy *adj.* relating to or caused by an inadequate supply of blood to an organ or tissue, leading to reduced oxygen and nutrient levels
30. ad____l cortex *adj.* relating to two glands situated above the kidneys, called the adrenal gland
31. ped____cs clinic *n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the care and treatment of children
32. di____b his sleep *v.* to interrupt someone who is trying to work, sleep, etc.
33. sp__l a person's sport *v.* to ruin the taste, appearance, or quality of something; to become or cause something to become rotten or bad
34. cells of the nucleus ac____ns *n.* (nucleus accumbens) an area of the brain located in the basal forebrain that has a significant role in the cognitive processing of motivation, aversion, reward
35. una____ed letter *adj.* not dealt with, resolved, or attended to; lacking attention or consideration
36. hos____ze patient *v.* to admit someone to a hospital for medical treatment
37. re____k the role of the manager *v.* to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it
38. am____la damage *n.* one of two parts of the almond-shaped neural structure that are linked to emotions, especially fear and pleasure, memory, and the sense of smell
39. mul____ary analysis *adj.* integrating or involving various academic fields or different skills in a topic or problem-solving approach

ANSWERS: 29. ischemic, 30. adrenal, 31. pediatrics, 32. disturb, 33. spoil, 34. accumbens, 35. unaddressed, 36. hospitalize, 37. rethink, 38. amygdala, 39. multidisciplinary

40. di_____b the peace *v.* to interrupt someone who is trying to work, sleep, etc.
41. ob_____ct an airway *v.* to block or interfere with the passage, movement, or action of something or someone
42. imm_____ion program *n.* the process of making a person or animal immune to a specific disease by administering a vaccine or other preventative measure
43. pre_____al region *adj.* in or about the foremost part of the frontal lobe of the brain
44. from so_____ce deep inside *adv.* somewhere without specifying a particular or exact location
45. adr_____ne receptor *n.* (also "epinephrine") a substance secreted by the adrenal medulla in response to stress, which makes the heart beat faster and prepares the body to react to danger
46. an_____us result *adj.* deviating from what is standard or expected; unexpected or unusual in a way that is difficult to explain
47. ter_____ng experience *adj.* very frightening or intimidating
48. mul_____ary project *adj.* integrating or involving various academic fields or different skills in a topic or problem-solving approach
49. und_____ed market *adj.* inadequately or insufficiently provided with help, products, or services
50. environmental ad_____ty *n.* difficulties or hardships that someone faces

ANSWERS: 40. disturb, 41. obstruct, 42. immunization, 43. prefrontal, 44. someplace, 45. adrenaline, 46. anomalous, 47. terrifying, 48. multidisciplinary, 49. underserved, 50. adversity

51. is____ic stroke *adj.* relating to or caused by an inadequate supply of blood to an organ or tissue, leading to reduced oxygen and nutrient levels
52. una____ed risks *adj.* not dealt with, resolved, or attended to; lacking attention or consideration
53. excessive co____ol *n.* a hormone produced by the adrenal gland that is involved in regulating the body's metabolism, immune system, and blood pressure
54. hyp____ve imagination *adj.* excessively or abnormally active, restless, or easily excitable, particularly about children or animals with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)
55. pi____ry hormone *n.* a small, pea-sized gland located at the base of the brain that influences the growth and sexual development of the body by producing hormones
56. ro____p live *n.* the upper surface or cover of a building's roof, often used for recreational or other purposes
57. ai____y blockage *n.* the air passage from the nose and throat to the lungs; a designated route followed by airplanes flying from one airport to another
58. hyp____mus hemorrhage *n.* a basal part of the brain that autonomically controls body temperature, hunger, and the release of hormones
59. di____e the bronchial tubes *v.* to make something wider, larger, or more open

ANSWERS: 51. ischemic, 52. unaddressed, 53. cortisol, 54. hyperactive, 55. pituitary, 56. rooftop, 57. airway, 58. hypothalamus, 59. dilate

60. pre_____al bone *adj.* in or about the foremost part of the frontal lobe of the brain
61. cognitive ne_____gy *n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the nervous system
62. so_____ce quiet *adv.* somewhere without specifying a particular or exact location
63. ob_____ct a bill *v.* to block or interfere with the passage, movement, or action of something or someone
64. mass inc_____ion *n.* the state of being confined in prison or jail
65. the di_____ty between theory and reality *n.* a significant difference or inequality between two or more things
66. traditionally und_____ed *adj.* inadequately or insufficiently provided with help, products, or services
67. childhood imm_____ion *n.* the process of making a person or animal immune to a specific disease by administering a vaccine or other preventative measure
68. co_____ol stress *n.* a hormone produced by the adrenal gland that is involved in regulating the body's metabolism, immune system, and blood pressure
69. co_____te closely with the quality *v.* to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another
70. sp__l the surprise *v.* to ruin the taste, appearance, or quality of something; to become or cause something to become rotten or bad

ANSWERS: 60. prefrontal, 61. neurology, 62. someplace, 63. obstruct, 64. incarceration, 65. disparity, 66. underserved, 67. immunization, 68. cortisol, 69. correlate, 70. spoil

71. hos_____ze child *v.* to admit someone to a hospital for medical treatment
72. co_____te to the size *v.* to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another
73. di_____t sleep *v.* to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
74. struggling with ad_____ty *n.* difficulties or hardships that someone faces
75. di_____t a well-ordered condition *v.* to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
76. ro_____p deck *n.* the upper surface or cover of a building's roof, often used for recreational or other purposes

ANSWERS: 71. hospitalize, 72. correlate, 73. disrupt, 74. adversity, 75. disrupt, 76. rooftop

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The data from the study was _____ and unexpected.
adj. deviating from what is standard or expected; unexpected or unusual in a way that is difficult to explain
2. I am studying _____ in medical school because I love working with children.
n. the branch of medicine that deals with the care and treatment of children
3. Large earthquakes often generate _____ tsunamis.
adj. very frightening or intimidating
4. We may frequently _____ age with the frequency of disease.
v. to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another
5. We have to _____ our company's product lineup for further growth.
v. to consider again a plan, idea, etc., especially to change it
6. The _____ has been associated with memories of past emotional events.
n. one of two parts of the almond-shaped neural structure that are linked to emotions, especially fear and pleasure, memory, and the sense of smell
7. The band has released a lot of _____ rock music.
n. (also "epinephrine") a substance secreted by the adrenal medulla in response to stress, which makes the heart beat faster and prepares the body to react to danger

ANSWERS: 1. anomalous, 2. pediatrics, 3. terrifying, 4. correlate, 5. rethink, 6. amygdala, 7. adrenaline-pumping

8. It's important not to _____ certain groups of people based on their race, religion, or ethnicity.
- v.* to treat a person or group as insignificant or unimportant; to push to the edge or margin of society or a group; to exclude from power or influence
9. The judge sentenced him to five years of _____ for embezzlement.
- n.* the state of being confined in prison or jail
10. The road was blocked by a fallen tree, _____ the path for all vehicles.
- v.* to block or interfere with the passage, movement, or action of something or someone
11. Suspicion and worry were _____ in our minds.
- adj.* spreading or existing throughout every part of a thing or place
12. Due to the success of _____ programs, certain diseases, such as smallpox, have been eradicated.
- n.* the process of making a person or animal immune to a specific disease by administering a vaccine or other preventative measure
13. There is a significant _____ in pay between men and women in the company.
- n.* a significant difference or inequality between two or more things
14. The roofer installed new _____ on the roof to replace the old and worn-out ones.
- n.* a thin piece of wood, slate, or other material used as a roof covering or siding
15. Some species of _____ can be deadly to humans if bitten.
- adj.* containing or producing toxic substances; harmful or dangerous to living beings, often causing illness, injury, or death; capable of causing serious harm or destruction

ANSWERS: 8. marginalize, 9. incarceration, 10. obstructing, 11. pervasive, 12. immunization, 13. disparity, 14. shingles, 15. poisonous snakes

16. He adopted a _____ research approach to unravel complex phenomena.

adj. integrating or involving various academic fields or different skills in a topic or problem-solving approach

17. She is studying clinical _____ to become a brain surgeon.

n. the branch of medicine that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the nervous system

18. Oxytocin is also produced in the nucleus of the _____.

n. a basal part of the brain that autonomically controls body temperature, hunger, and the release of hormones

19. The _____ dog was running around the house, knocking things over.

adj. excessively or abnormally active, restless, or easily excitable, particularly about children or animals with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)

20. The pupils of the eyes _____ in low light.

v. to make something wider, larger, or more open

21. The patient was diagnosed with _____ heart disease requiring immediate medical attention.

adj. relating to or caused by an inadequate supply of blood to an organ or tissue, leading to reduced oxygen and nutrient levels

22. This area is medically _____.

adj. inadequately or insufficiently provided with help, products, or services

23. The doctor ordered tests to check the patient's _____ function.

adj. relating to two glands situated above the kidneys, called the adrenal gland

ANSWERS: 16. multidisciplinary, 17. neurology, 18. hypothalamus, 19. hyperactive, 20. dilate, 21. ischemic, 22. underserved, 23. adrenal

24. Let's go _____ new and try something we have not done before.
adv. somewhere without specifying a particular or exact location
25. The team demonstrated great resilience in the face of _____ and won the game.
n. difficulties or hardships that someone faces
26. She needs to _____ the interview recording to write the article for the magazine.
v. to copy or reproduce something in written or printed form; to translate spoken language into written text
27. The _____ gland is responsible for releasing hormones that regulate growth and metabolism.
n. a small, pea-sized gland located at the base of the brain that influences the growth and sexual development of the body by producing hormones
28. When performing lifesaving, the first step is to secure the _____.
n. the air passage from the nose and throat to the lungs; a designated route followed by airplanes flying from one airport to another
29. The patient needs a _____ transplant operation.
n. the act or process of rescuing someone else's life, especially from drowning
30. _____ levels in the body are often elevated during times of stress.
n. a hormone produced by the adrenal gland that is involved in regulating the body's metabolism, immune system, and blood pressure
31. They held the dinner party on the _____ terrace, enjoying the beautiful view of the city.
n. the upper surface or cover of a building's roof, often used for recreational or other purposes

ANSWERS: 24. someplace, 25. adversity, 26. transcribe, 27. pituitary, 28. airway, 29. lifesaving, 30. Cortisol, 31. rooftop

32. She had to be _____ due to her injuries.

v. to admit someone to a hospital for medical treatment

33. Research shows that damage to the _____ cortex leads to increased aggression.

adj. in or about the foremost part of the frontal lobe of the brain

34. The community is frustrated with the _____ issue of crime in the area.

adj. not dealt with, resolved, or attended to; lacking attention or consideration

35. Tourists frequently _____ the island's delicate natural balance.

v. to interrupt someone who is trying to work, sleep, etc.

36. Dopamine is released into the nucleus _____.

n. (nucleus accumbens) an area of the brain located in the basal forebrain that has a significant role in the cognitive processing of motivation, aversion, reward

37. I'm so sorry to _____ you when you're pretty busy.

v. to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance

38. If you leave the milk out of the refrigerator for too long, it will _____.

v. to ruin the taste, appearance, or quality of something; to become or cause something to become rotten or bad

ANSWERS: 32. hospitalized, 33. prefrontal, 34. unaddressed, 35. disturb, 36. accumbens, 37. disrupt, 38. spoil