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Rebecca Brachman: Could a drug prevent depression and PTSD? | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/rebecca_brachman_could_a_drug_prevent_depression_and_ptsd

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

tuberculosis

n. an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs

(1) died of **tuberculosis**, (2) a medicine for **tuberculosis**
Tuberculosis used to be considered a fatal disease.

ward

n. a room in a hospital for patients requiring special care
synonym: room, division, unit

(1) a children's **ward**, (2) **ward** nurse

The patient was moved to the intensive care **ward** for further treatment.

disease

n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

synonym: illness, ailment, affliction

(1) **disease** prevention, (2) **disease** control

The doctor diagnosed him with a rare **disease** that had no known cure.

hypothesis

n. a proposed idea or explanation that is based on a few known facts but has not yet been proven to be true or accurate

synonym: assumption, conjecture, theory

(1) test my **hypothesis**, (2) a bold **hypothesis**

This evidence supports the big-bang **hypothesis**.

constitution

n. the set of fundamental principles or established precedents that a state, a country, or an organization is governed by; the act of forming or establishing something

synonym: fundamental law, establishment, formation

(1) the national **constitution**, (2) the national **constitution**

When the **constitution** is amended, it often creates a great deal of controversy throughout the country

susceptible

adj. easily influenced, harmed, or affected by something

synonym: exposed, liable, gullible

(1) a **susceptible** young woman, (2) **susceptible** of proof

Well-stretched muscles are less **susceptible** to injury.

romantic

adj. of or relating to love or a sexual relationship

synonym: idealistic, unrealistic, amatory

(1) **romantic** movies, (2) **romantic** breakup

It was his first **romantic** love.

consumption

n. the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials

synonym: usage, uptake, utilization

(1) average fuel **consumption**, (2) the **consumption** of food

In our country, water **consumption** usually decreases during the winter.

disorder

n. an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions

synonym: chaos, disturbance, disease

(1) the files are in complete **disorder**, (2) people with bipolar

disorder

The doctor prescribed some medicine for the mental **disorder**.

poet

n. a person who writes poetry

synonym: versifier, rhymer, writer

(1) a court **poet**, (2) a **poet** of sorts

She is a talented **poet** who has been recognized for her work.

intellect

n. the ability to think logically and comprehend information, especially at an advanced level

synonym: mind, brightness, cleverness

(1) enrich my **intellect**, (2) human **intellect**

Your **intellect** is capable of distinguishing among similar objects.

sensitivity

n. the ability to perceive or respond to subtle differences or changes; the ability to understand and respond to the needs and feelings of others

synonym: alertness, attentiveness, sympathy

(1) **sensitivity** analysis, (2) become full of **sensitivity**

The instrument has a high **sensitivity** to temperature changes.

confer

v. to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something

synonym: consult, meet, discuss

(1) **confer** degree, (2) **confer** honor

The leaders of the two countries met to **confer** on the issue.

creative

adj. relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something

synonym: imaginative, innovative, inventive

(1) **creative** writing, (2) barren of **creative** spirit

All the supervisor has to do is assign tasks that make his

subordinates more **creative**.

genius

n. someone who has exceptional intellectual ability and originality

synonym: brilliance, brainiac, acumen

(1) a person of **genius**, (2) a **genius** for music
Mozart was a musical **genius**.

contagious

adj. able to be passed on to others through contact or proximity, especially by infection or disease

synonym: infectious, transmissible, communicable

(1) **contagious** enthusiasm, (2) **contagious** virus
The disease is highly **contagious** and spreads quickly.

bacteria

n. single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease

synonym: microorganism, microbe

(1) pathogenic **bacteria**, (2) harmless **bacteria**
Bacteria prevalent in hospitals are often resistant to antibiotics.

infection

n. a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body

synonym: contagion, disease, transmission

(1) a bacterial **infection**, (2) treat the **infection** with antibiotics

Hospitals must meet various standards to prevent nosocomial **infections**.

slightly

adv. in a small degree or extent; a little

synonym: barely, narrowly, scarcely

(1) increase **slightly**, (2) **slightly** alkaline soils
He moved his body **slightly** to the left.

upside

n. the positive aspect or potential of something; the upper side of something

synonym : advantage, benefit, top

(1) have no **upside**, (2) market **upside**

Many people see the **upside** of traveling as an opportunity to experience new cultures and broaden their horizons.

develop

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

synonym : evolve, progress, advance

(1) **develop** a strategy, (2) **develop** a skill

We must **develop** a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

discovery

n. the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known

synonym : finding, uncovering, detection

(1) a scientific **discovery**, (2) the great **discovery** of the century

Her research team made an important **discovery**.

optimistic

adj. hoping or expecting that good thing will happen or something will be successful

synonym : hopeful, auspicious, cheery

(1) he is **optimistic**, (2) **optimistic** outlook

Most executives were **optimistic** about future business conditions.

patient

n. a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic

synonym : client, recipient, subject

(1) **patient** in the hospital, (2) **patient** with weight loss
The doctor carefully examined the **patient's** medical history.

energetic

adj. possessing or exerting or displaying energy

synonym: active, animated, lively

(1) **energetic** density, (2) **energetic** dog

This process caused an **energetic** chemical reaction.

medical

adj. relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine

synonym: health, disease, treatment

(1) a **medical** opinion, (2) temporary **medical** treatment

The **medical** team worked quickly to save the patient's life.

unfortunately

adv. by bad luck; unluckily

synonym: regrettably, unluckily, alas

(1) **unfortunately** caught in a shower, (2) even more **unfortunately**

The treatments were done but, **unfortunately**, were unsuccessful.

necessarily

adv. in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise

synonym: inevitable, certainly, automatically

(1) not **necessarily** a problem, (2) **necessarily** true

This accident was something that happened **necessarily**.

inappropriate

adj. not suitable or proper for a particular occasion, purpose, or person

synonym: improper, unsuitable, unacceptable

(1) **inappropriate** behavior, (2) **inappropriate** language

It was highly **inappropriate** to make jokes during a serious business meeting.

antidepressant

n. any of a class of drugs used to reduce feelings of sadness and worry

(1) an **antidepressant** drug, (2) **antidepressant** effect
She has been taking **antidepressants** since her baby died.

accidental

adj. happening or existing by chance or unintentionally
synonym: inadvertent, fortuitous, coincidental

(1) **accidental** death, (2) cover **accidental** damage
This system prevents **accidental** deletion of data.

uncommon

adj. not occurring or seen very often; rare
synonym: rare, scarce, unusual

(1) **uncommon** occurrence, (2) **uncommon** talents
It was **uncommon** for the store to have such a big sale.

accident

n. an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury

synonym: calamity, casualty, chance

(1) cause an **accident**, (2) injury in a car **accident**
The **accident** partially destroyed my vehicle.

recognize

v. to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered

synonym: acknowledge, identify, admit

(1) **recognize** talent, (2) **recognize** achievement
It's important to **recognize** your strengths and weaknesses.

neuroscience

n. the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system

(1) the branch of **neuroscience**, (2) a theoretical concept in **neuroscience**

Our university is famous for its professors, who are well-versed in behavioral **neuroscience**.

firsthand

adv. from the source; directly; (adjective) received directly from a source

synonym: direct

(1) hear customer's voices **firsthand**, (2) conduct **firsthand** research

The manager tried to hear customers' voices **firsthand**.

opposition

n. the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement

synonym: resistance, hostility, antagonism

(1) **opposition** campaign, (2) meet with **opposition**

The **opposition** party strongly disagreed with the government's proposed legislation.

dumb

adj. lacking the power of speech, unable to speak; stupid, or lacking intelligence

synonym: mute, speechless, idiotic

(1) **dumb** creatures, (2) struck **dumb**

He made a **dumb** mistake and forgot to submit the report on time.

background

n. the details of a person's social heritage, such as family, vocational or educational experience; past information that is essential to understanding a situation or problem

synonym: ground, experience, backdrop

(1) a **background** color, (2) a criminal **background**

The company's hiring criteria emphasize personality, not a person's **background**.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

sanatorium

n. a medical facility or institution for the long-term treatment or care of people with chronic illnesses or diseases, especially tuberculosis

synonym: health resort, rehab center

(1) military **sanatorium**, (2) **sanatorium** resort

In the early 1900s, tuberculosis patients would check into a **sanatorium** for treatment.

infectious

adj. able to be passed quickly from one person, animal, or plant to another, especially through air or water

synonym: contagious, epidemic, transmittable

(1) an **infectious** fever, (2) person's smile is **infectious**

Leprosy is an indolent **infectious** disease.

psychiatric

adj. of or relating to the treatment or study of mental illness or disorders

synonym: mental, psychological, psychotherapeutic

(1) people with **psychiatric** disorders, (2) **psychiatric** hospital

The **psychiatric** evaluation revealed that the patient had been suffering from anxiety.

epidemic

n. the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time

synonym: outbreak, contagion, plague

(1) a worldwide **epidemic**, (2) health **epidemic**

The disease is now reaching **epidemic** proportions in our country.

mood

n. the way you feel at a particular time; an angry or impatient state of mind

synonym: mindset, disposition, temper

(1) the **mood** in a room, (2) in an ugly **mood**

His gaffe spoiled the **mood** of the dinner party.

depression

n. a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

synonym: recession, slump, despair

(1) the Great **Depression**, (2) the root problem of her

depression

Depression symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.

traumatic

adj. relating to or caused by injury, especially emotional injury

synonym: distressing

(1) **traumatic** event, (2) **traumatic** brain injury

The experience was so **traumatic** that it left a lasting impact on the survivor's mental health.

suffer

v. to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant

synonym: endure, undergo, tolerate

(1) **suffer** a setback, (2) **suffer** bad grades

The older man **suffers** from arthritis and finds it difficult to move around.

surpass

v. to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something

synonym: excel, outdo, outperform

(1) **surpass** imagination, (2) **surpass** \$20 billion in sales

The athlete's record-breaking performance **surpassed** all expectations.

malaria

n. a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito

(1) **malaria** mosquitoes, (2) **malaria-endemic** area

Many people in tropical countries die from **malaria** every year.

diabetes

n. a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood

(1) juvenile **diabetes**, (2) **diabetes** patient

My father was tested for **diabetes**.

disability

n. a physical or mental condition that makes it difficult for someone to do some things that other people do

synonym: impairment, disadvantage, restriction

(1) a **disability** pension, (2) a learning **disability**

Listening to music at a high volume may lead to a hearing **disability**.

chronic

adj. being long-lasting and recurrent or characterized by long suffering; habitual

synonym: established, regular, constant

(1) risk of **chronic** disease, (2) **chronic** alcohol consumption

Chronic hyperglycemia is a trigger for a variety of serious diseases.

lifetime

n. the duration of someone's life or something's existence;

synonym: lifespan, duration

(1) **lifetime** benefits, (2) **lifetime** ban from the sport

She had lived through two world wars in her **lifetime**.

histamine

n. a substance produced by the body, sometimes found in foods, that can cause allergic reactions, inflammation, or other physiological responses

(1) **histamine** reaction, (2) **histamine** blocker

His allergies caused **histamine** release in his body, leading to congestion and sneezing.

mania

n. a psychological or emotional state that is marked by excessive enthusiasm, excitement, or delusions; a strong and uncontrollable desire or craving for something

synonym: obsession, craze, frenzy

(1) start-up **mania**, (2) dance **mania**

The **mania** for collecting rare books led him to spend his savings on a first edition.

suppress

v. to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force

synonym: subdue, bury, stifle

(1) **suppress** a yawn, (2) **suppress** a revolt

The doctor prescribed medication to **suppress** the patient's appetite.

allergy

n. a hypersensitivity disorder of the immune system, characterized by an exaggerated response to certain allergens, such as pollens, foods, and drugs

synonym: hypersensitivity, reaction

(1) food **allergy**, (2) **allergy** treatment

The **allergy** test helped to determine the cause of her symptoms.

repurpose

v. to use something again for a different purpose than it was originally intended

synonym: reutilize, recycle, reuse

(1) **repurpose** an old building, (2) **repurpose** a used car

The old barn was **repurposed** into a modern event space.

framework

n. the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text

synonym: structure, scheme, foundation

(1) legal **framework**, (2) the **framework** of a house

He devised a new analytical **framework** to capture the phenomenon.

adverse

adj. unfavorable or harmful

synonym: hostile, detrimental, unfavorable

(1) **adverse** circumstances, (2) **adverse** reaction

The **adverse** weather conditions forced us to cancel the outdoor event.

severe

adj. extremely serious or bad in feeling, manner, or strict and harsh; extremely strong or vigorous

synonym : harsh, relentless, powerful

(1) **severe** heat, (2) a **severe** case of pneumonia

The senator received **severe** criticism from his opponent.

euphoria

n. a feeling of intense happiness, excitement, or delight; a state of extreme joy or pleasure

synonym : elevation, bliss, elation

(1) experience **euphoria**, (2) **euphoria-inducing** drug

Winning the lottery brought a feeling of **euphoria** to the lucky winner.

interfere

v. to get involved in and prevent a process or activity from continuing

synonym : interpose, interrupt, hamper

(1) **interfere** in another country's affairs, (2) **interfere** with DNA synthesis

Your talking **interferes** with my work.

recover

v. to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength

synonym : come back, convalesce, heal

(1) **recover** a loss, (2) **recover** approval ratings

She is still **recovering** from a shot to her shoulder.

recommend

v. to suggest that someone or something would be a suitable fit for a particular purpose or role

synonym : advise, suggest, instruct

(1) **recommend** a hospitalization, (2) **recommend** reading

We **recommend** taking media training every six months.

extreme

adj. very great in amount or degree

synonym : farthestmost, outermost, fierce

(1) **extreme** sports, (2) **extreme** weather events

Solar gravity creates **extreme** pressures and temperatures.

emotional

adj. relating to people's feelings

synonym : affecting, impactful, impressive

(1) **emotional** health, (2) **emotional** distress

Human **emotional** responses vary widely depending on the society to which they belong.

stable

adj. firm and steady; not easily moved, disturbed, or changed

synonym: sturdy, unmoving, durable

(1) in **stable** condition, (2) have a **stable** job

Relations between the two countries have been relatively **stable** due to the summit meeting.

perspective

n. a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something

synonym: viewpoint, standpoint, outlook

(1) a **perspective** view, (2) the **perspective** of the battle

His father's death changed his whole **perspective** on life.

implication

n. something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something

synonym: suggestion, association, conclusion

(1) the **implication** in a crime, (2) the **implication** of a word

His poem has a very significant **implication**.

entirely

adv. completely

synonym: completely, fully, totally

(1) **entirely** satisfied with the meal, (2) he was **entirely** to blame

Later, his claim was found to be **entirely** false.

functional

adj. designed for or capable of a particular activity, purpose, or task; practical or ready for use or service

synonym: applicable, practical, usable

(1) field of **functional** medicine, (2) **functional** deafness

The mobile phone was still **functional** even after being dropped.

bias

n. a strong feeling in favor of or against one group of people, an idea, or thing, often not based on fair judgment

synonym: inclination, partiality, predilection

(1) **bias** against a big company, (2) have a **bias** toward socialism

She researched gender **bias** in politics.

tradition

n. a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society

synonym: custom, practice, ritual

(1) a **tradition** of a culture, (2) against **tradition**

It is a **tradition** in many families to have a big Thanksgiving dinner with all their relatives.

function

n. the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose

synonym: purpose, mapping, job

(1) **function** properly, (2) immune **function**

The brain is an incredibly complex organ that controls the body's **function**.

preconceived

adj. (of an idea or opinion) formed beforehand, especially without evidence for its truth or usefulness

(1) a **preconceived** notion, (2) **preconceived** opinions

We should start a discussion from scratch with no **preconceived** ideas.

liver

n. a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins

(1) **liver** disease, (2) fatty **liver**

The patient will undergo **liver** transplant surgery tomorrow.

toxic

adj. of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous
synonym : poisonous, harmful, contaminated

(1) **toxic** molecule, (2) exposure to **toxic** chemicals

This chemical compound is a thousand-fold more **toxic**.

pound

n. the standard unit of money in the UK; the standard unit of weight equal to 16 ounces

(1) three-fourths of a **pound**, (2) thousands of **pounds**

The car's front bumper cost fifteen hundred **pounds**.

suicide

n. the act of killing yourself intentionally

synonym : self-destruction, self-annihilation, felo-de-se

(1) commit **suicide**, (2) **suicide** attack

In an economically prosperous country, most male **suicide** is due to child support problems.

serotonin

n. a neurotransmitter (= a chemical that carries nerve impulses) involved in, e.g., sleep, emotion, and memory

(1) **serotonin** drug, (2) **serotonin** levels

The medicine works by boosting **serotonin** levels in the brain.

chemical

adj. relating to or connected with chemistry;

synonym : chemic, synthetic

(1) toxic **chemicals**, (2) a **chemical** compound

The firm has grown into a large **chemical** manufacturing.

brain

n. the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling

synonym : intellect, mind, encephalon

(1) basic **brain** function, (2) permanent **brain** damage

X-rays revealed a small tumor in his **brain**.

neurotransmitter

n. a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles

(1) **neurotransmitter** receptor, (2) **neurotransmitters** released from the brain

Endorphins are a type of **neurotransmitter** that gives a sense of well-being.

specifically

adv. only associated with or meant for one thing

synonym: especially, particularly, notably

(1) designed **specifically** for men, (2) for **specifically** American customers

This ad campaign is aimed **specifically** at young women.

uptake

n. the rate or amount of something that is taken in or used by a particular system or organism; the process of taking food into the body through the mouth by eating

synonym: absorption, incorporation, intake

(1) **uptake** rate, (2) **uptake** of calcium

The **uptake** of the new technology was slower than expected.

inhibitor

n. a substance or agent that slows down or prevents a chemical reaction or biological process from occurring at normal rates, often used in medicine or industrial applications to control or regulate various functions or reactions

synonym: hinderer, suppressor, blocker

(1) **inhibitor** protein, (2) chemical **inhibitor**

The virus uses an enzyme **inhibitor** to block the immune system's response.

optimize

v. to make the best or most effective use of something

synonym: advance, amend, improve

(1) **optimize** a process, (2) **optimize** control for cooling

The essence of economics is to **optimize** the allocation of limited resources.

insomnia

n. the condition of being unable to sleep, usually a chronic one

synonym: sleeplessness, wakefulness, restlessness

(1) medication for **insomnia**, (2) alcohol-dependent

insomnia

He suffered **insomnia** and loss of appetite after he began taking that medication.

symptom

n. any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease

synonym: sign, manifestation, syndrome

(1) **symptoms** of low testosterone, (2) neurotic **symptoms**

The patient displays a **symptom** of a side effect.

painkiller

n. medicine used to relieve physical pain

synonym: anesthetic, anodyne, analgesic

(1) a strong **painkiller**, (2) take a **painkiller** beforehand

Over-the-counter **painkillers** are less effective for patients who have taken many in the past.

antibiotic

n. a substance or drug that kills or slows down the growth of bacteria

synonym: antimicrobial, chemotherapeutic, germicide

(1) **antibiotic** resistance, (2) **antibiotic** allergy

He has been prescribed an **antibiotic** to treat his infection.

underlying

adj. significant as a cause or basis of something but not immediately apparent or stated clearly

synonym: fundamental, latent, basic

(1) an **underlying** motive, (2) an **underlying** cause of an accident

The **underlying** principle of every business was identical.

flexibility

n. the quality of changing or being changed easily according to new conditions or situations

synonym: elasticity, adaptability, resilience

(1) mental **flexibility**, (2) the **flexibility** of the body
We dealt with those problems with speed and **flexibility**.

commerce

n. the activity of buying and selling things, especially on a large scale

synonym: trade, transaction, dealings

(1) interstate **commerce**, (2) the local chamber of **commerce**

This company has invested heavily in Internet **commerce**.

dramatize

v. to present or portray something in a way that emphasizes its dramatic or emotional aspects; to make something into a drama or play

synonym: exaggerate, sensationalize, theatricalize

(1) **dramatize** the dialogue, (2) **dramatize** the event

The media tends to **dramatize** news stories to attract more viewers.

double-blind

n. a method of experimentation where neither the participants nor the experimenters know who is receiving a particular treatment used to prevent bias in research results

synonym: randomization, placebo-controlled study

(1) **double-blind** experiment, (2) conduct a **double-blind** trial

The scientists conducted a **double-blind** study to ensure the validity of their results.

experiment

n. the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge

synonym: experimentation, investigation

(1) **experiment** design, (2) series of **experiments**

His **experiments** showed highly positive results.

agnostic

n. a person who believes that it is impossible to know whether there is a god

synonym: skeptic, doubter, unbeliever

(1) **agnostic** world-view, (2) **agnostic** position

Her scientific background led her to be **agnostic** about the existence of a higher power.

creep

v. to move slowly, quietly, and carefully, usually to avoid being seen or heard

synonym: crawl, glide, encroach

(1) **creep** along the leaf, (2) **creep** toward the mouse

Aging **creeps** up slowly with time.

insidious

adj. tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way

synonym: sly, cunning, subtle

(1) **insidious** plot, (2) **insidious** behavior

The disease has an **insidious** onset, making it difficult to diagnose.

exclusion

n. the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something

synonym: omission, isolation, bar

(1) gender **exclusion**, (2) **exclusion** criteria

The policy of **exclusion** has caused significant harm to marginalized communities.

glutamate

n. a salt or ester of glutamic acid, a natural amino acid found in proteins, that functions as a neurotransmitter and plays a key role in neural signaling and brain function

synonym: amino acid, monosodium glutamate

(1) **glutamate** receptors, (2) **glutamate** antagonist

Excessive consumption of foods high in **glutamate** can lead to headaches and other health problems.

traditionally

adv. in accordance with tradition; typically or commonly done in a particular way

synonym: conventionally, commonly, generally

(1) **traditionally** accepted concept, (2) **traditionally** sung at a banquet

Traditionally, the ceremony was held outdoors.

anesthesia

n. a state of controlled, temporary loss of bodily sensation or awareness that is induced for medical purposes

(1) **anesthesia** for surgery, (2) local **anesthesia**

He is in general **anesthesia** under the surgeon.

surgery

n. medical treatment of injuries or diseases involving an incision with instruments and often removing or replacing some parts of the body; the branch of medical science that treats disease or injury by operative procedures

synonym: operation, (medical) procedure

(1) cardiac **surgery**, (2) the professor of **surgery**

He had undergone heart **surgery** years before.

colleague

n. one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business

synonym: coworker, associate, fellow

(1) collaborate with **colleagues**, (2) former **colleague**

I decided to seek counseling on the advice of my **colleague**.

pilot

n. a person who flies an aircraft, especially as a job; a person qualified to guide ships through a difficult area of water

synonym: aviator, flyer, chief

(1) a test **pilot**, (2) **pilot** production

The **pilot** exercised great care in landing.

injection

n. the act of introducing a liquid, especially a drug, into the body using a needle and a syringe

synonym: shot, infusion, dose

(1) fuel **injection**, (2) **injection** needle

He received an **injection** of antibiotics to treat his infection.

weird

adj. extraordinary, unexpected, or difficult to explain
synonym : bizarre, creepy, peculiar

(1) a **weird** dress, (2) the state of being **weird**
My computer has been acting **weird** recently.

analyze

v. to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning

synonym : explore, examine, investigate

(1) **analyze** a chemical compound, (2) **analyze** your real motives

The teacher attempted to **analyze** the root cause of our mistake.

beforehand

adv. ahead of time; in advance

synonym : in advance, preceding, earlier

(1) take a seat **beforehand**, (2) three months **beforehand**
She packed her sunscreen **beforehand** to remember it on the beach trip.

exciting

adj. causing a lot of interest or excitement

synonym : exhilarating, stimulating, thrilling

(1) **exciting** football player, (2) **exciting** news

The findings of the experiment were both **exciting** and unexpected.

decide

v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options

synonym : choose, determine, settle

(1) **decide** a question, (2) **decide** on a course of action

She couldn't **decide** whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.

interact

v. to communicate or react with somebody

synonym : cooperate, combine, collaborate

(1) **interact** directly with customers, (2) **interact** with one another

He should **interact** more with his colleagues.

norm

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
synonym: criterion, mean, standard

(1) **norm** of action, (2) cultural **norm**

The systems we have developed has accepted as industry **norms**.

skeptical

adj. doubting that something is accurate or useful
synonym: doubtful, distrustful, suspicious

(1) a **skeptical** attitude, (2) **skeptical** scientists

His religious and philosophical beliefs were utterly **skeptical**.

yell

v. to shout in a sudden and loud way
synonym: shout, scream, cry

(1) **yell** for help, (2) **yell** as loud as we can

When I asked my father for more money, he became furious and **yelled** at me.

suppose

v. to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
synonym: guess, assume, presume

(1) **suppose** you're right, (2) **suppose** beforehand

What do you **suppose** the culprit's motive was?

excite

v. to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
synonym: thrill, exhilarate, animate

(1) **excite** the crowd, (2) **excite** rebellion

The news of her promotion **excited** her.

physiological

adj. relating to the normal functioning of living organisms and their organs and systems; concerning the physical or biochemical processes and activities that occur within the body

synonym: biological, organic, bodily

(1) **physiological** response, (2) **physiological** activity

The doctor explained the various **physiological** changes that

occur during pregnancy.

hormone

n. a chemical substance made by organs that encourages or influences the development, growth, sex, etc., of an animal and is carried around the body in the blood

(1) **hormone** secretion, (2) female **hormone**

The doctor diagnosed me with a **hormone** disorder.

undergraduate

n. a student who is studying for their first degree at a university or other higher education institution

synonym: college student, freshman

(1) engineering **undergraduate**, (2) **undergraduate** course

The class was composed of both **undergraduate** and graduate students.

collaborate

v. to work with someone else to produce or achieve something

synonym: cooperate, unite, get together

(1) **collaborate** with the police, (2) **collaborate** on a press release

She agreed to **collaborate** with him in creating new artwork.

halfway

adj. in or at a point midway or an equal distance between two points

synonym: middle, median, center

(1) **halfway** through my journey, (2) **halfway** decent job

The famous restaurant stands **halfway** up the hill.

confirm

v. to support or establish the truth or certainty of something previously believed or suspected to be the case

synonym: affirm, verify, assure

(1) **confirm** the diagnosis, (2) **confirm** a transaction

Please write to **confirm** your reservation.

lab

n. a workplace for the conduct of scientific research; a laboratory

synonym: workshop, laboratory, research chamber

(1) **lab** instrument, (2) medical **lab**

The Prime Minister will pay a courtesy visit to the Nobel laureate's **lab**.

independence

n. freedom from another's or others' control or influence
synonym: freedom, liberty, autonomy

(1) financial **independence**, (2) **independence** ceremony

There is nothing more valuable than **independence** and freedom.

initial

adj. of or happening at the beginning; (noun) the first letter of a word, especially a person's name

synonym: basic, primary, beginning

(1) **initial** velocity, (2) an **initial** letter

They took the **initial** step toward reconciliation.

trigger

v. to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function

synonym: activate, spark, drive

(1) **trigger** a biochemical response, (2) **trigger** inflation

The incident **triggered** a political controversy.

disaster

n. an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life

synonym: catastrophe, calamity, tragedy

(1) global **disaster**, (2) **disaster** recovery

The **disaster** response team worked around the clock to aid those affected by the earthquake.

communal

adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

synonym: collaborative, combined, collective

(1) **communal** swimming pool, (2) **communal** combination of funds

Communal elections were held in several European countries.

violent

adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

synonym : aggressive, intense, turbulent

(1) victim of a **violent** crime, (2) **violent** incident

The protesters became **violent** when the police tried to disperse them.

assault

n. a violent physical attack; the crime of forcing someone to submit to sexual intercourse against their will

synonym : assault, attack, raid

(1) **assault** aircraft, (2) victim of sexual **assault**

We got caught up in an **assault** case.

exposed

adj. having no protection or shield from something, such as bad weather, attack, or criticism

synonym : endangered, revealed, disclosed

(1) **exposed** to radiation, (2) an **exposed** rock

Tech companies often employ **exposed** ducts and other materials in their office interiors.

resilient

adj. able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions

synonym : robust, sturdy, tough

(1) a hard and **resilient** steel, (2) **resilient** population

She is a **resilient** person and has always bounced back from setbacks.

bounce

v. to cause to move up or away after hitting a surface; to spring back

synonym : bound, leap, spring

(1) **bounce** across the floor, (2) **bounce** back from failure

They will **bounce** between various emotional states.

vary

v. to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.

synonym : alter, contrast, differ

(1) **vary** according to the age, (2) **vary** directly with the price

Maximum heart rates **vary** a lot for each individual.

property

n. a thing or things that belong to someone

synonym : belongings, possessions, equity

(1) a man of **property**, (2) chemical **property**

He stood to inherit a million-dollar **property**.

absence

n. the fact or condition of being away from a place where they are typically anticipated to be

synonym : dearth, scarcity, lack

(1) **absence** from work, (2) a leave of **absence**

Another critical factor of child poverty is the father's **absence**.

susceptibility

n. the state of being easily influenced or vulnerable to some external influence, such as a disease, idea, or emotional state; the ability to be easily affected by something

synonym : vulnerability, proneness, openness

(1) **susceptibility** to peer pressure, (2) chemical **susceptibility**

Certain individuals have a higher **susceptibility** to certain diseases due to genetic factors.

enhance

v. to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something

synonym : improve, enrich, refine

(1) **enhance** value, (2) **enhance** the flavor of the vanilla

The new strategy will **enhance** the profitability of our company.

akin

adj. similar or related in nature, character, or origin

synonym : similar, related, alike

(1) **akin** to anger, (2) **akin** to the prior experiences

Her interests are **akin** to mine.

accidentally

adv. by chance or without planning

synonym : by chance, unintentionally, unwittingly

(1) they met **accidentally**, (2) **accidentally** coincide
He was **accidentally** killed by friendly fire.

immune

adj. protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells

synonym: resistant, unsusceptible, unaffected

(1) **immune** from criminal prosecution, (2) the cell of the **immune** system

The vaccination does not necessarily make you completely **immune**.

vaccine

n. a substance that is put into the body and protects them from disease by causing them to produce antibodies (= proteins that attack harmful bacteria, viruses, etc.)

synonym: vaccinum

(1) development of **vaccines**, (2) an oral **vaccine**

The mRNA **vaccine** was approved in less than a year because it did not contain the fragments of the target virus.

resistance

n. the act of defending oneself from an aggressor or refusing to accept something

synonym: opposition, antagonism, defiance

(1) **resistance** movement, (2) **resistance** to insulin

The bill to increase the consumption tax had passed despite much **resistance** from the public.

palliate

v. to make a disease, condition, or symptom appear less severe or intense than it actually is; to alleviate or ease symptoms without curing the underlying cause

synonym: extenuate, soothe, relieve

(1) **palliate** symptoms, (2) attempts to **palliate**

The charity provided meals and shelter to **palliate** the suffering of the homeless population.

exposure

n. the state of being in a particular situation or place where there is no protection from or guarantee to something

harmful; the disclosure of something secret

synonym: vulnerability, disclosure, uncovering

(1) a southern **exposure**, (2) the **exposure** of a fraud

The long **exposure** to the air tarnished the antique tableware.

translate

v. to convert or change words into another language

synonym: convert, transcribe, render

(1) **translate** a document into English, (2) **translate** the emotion to a movement

Translate the text from Italian into English.

predictable

adj. capable of being known, seen or declared in advance

synonym: foreseeable, expectable, likely

(1) **predictable** pattern, (2) in a **predictable** manner

The economy becomes more volatile and less **predictable**.

induce

v. to persuade someone to do something; to cause to act in a specific manner

synonym: cause, encourage, persuade

(1) **induce** a crisis, (2) **induce** him to see a doctor

The lack of sleep **induces** both physical and psychological diseases.

firefighter

n. a person whose job is to extinguish fires

(1) forest **firefighter**, (2) decided to be a **firefighter**

The **firefighter** broke into the house bravely to rescue the children.

refugee

n. a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war

synonym: emigrant, evacuee, exile

(1) global **refugee** crisis, (2) the **refugee** camp

The community warmly welcomed the **refugees**.

burden

n. a duty, responsibility, etc. that is oppressive or worrisome; a load, typically a heavy one that is difficult to carry

synonym : obligation, duty, load

(1) carry a **burden**, (2) **burden** of disease

That car has a low environmental **burden**.

estimate

v. to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something

synonym : calculate, gauge, evaluate

(1) **estimate** a fair value, (2) **estimate** this chicken to weigh three pounds

We **estimated** the season's total trade deficit at \$50 billion.

trillion

n. the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million

(1) **trillion** cubic feet, (2) many **trillions** of dollars

One light year is nearly 6 **trillion** miles.

compound

n. an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements

synonym : combination, mixture, blend

(1) aquatic **compound**, (2) harmful **compound**

Common salt is a sodium and chlorine **compound**.

mention

v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly

synonym : reference, allude, cite

(1) **mention** name, (2) **mention** in a report

I **mentioned** to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.

ketamine

n. a medication primarily used as an anesthetic and analgesic, known for its rapid onset and short duration of action, also used in recreational settings as a dissociative and hallucinogenic drug

(1) **ketamine** infusion, (2) **ketamine** therapy

Studies have suggested that low doses of **ketamine** may

help reduce chronic pain.

abuse

n. the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
synonym: misuse, misconduct, vilification

(1) the problem of drug **abuse**, (2) victim of sexual **abuse**
Our company has an audit team that monitors directors for **abuse** of authority.

anesthetic

n. a substance that is administered to a person or an animal to produce a loss of sensation or consciousness so that medical or surgical procedures can be performed without causing pain

synonym: sedative, anesthesia, painkiller

(1) **anesthetic** injection, (2) local **anesthetic**

The dentist administered an **anesthetic** to numb the patient's mouth before the procedure.

battlefield

n. a place where a battle or conflict is fought

synonym: warzone, front line, combat area

(1) **battlefield** casualties, (2) tactics on the **battlefield**

The general reviewed the plans for the upcoming battle on the **battlefield**.

nation

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

synonym: country, state, sovereign entity

(1) **nation-state**, (2) a seafaring **nation**

The **nation** of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

organization

n. a group of people who work together for a shared purpose

synonym: association, institution, community

(1) **organization** chart, (2) agricultural **organization**

She is the president of a large international **organization**.

essential

adj. indispensable; fundamental

synonym : critical, crucial, basic

(1) **essential** amino acid, (2) **essential** commodities of life
Trial and error is an **essential** part of education.

medicinal

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

synonym : curative, therapeutic, healing

(1) **medicinal** chemistry, (2) traditional **medicinal**

The **medicinal** properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

compete

v. to strive to achieve more success than someone or something

synonym : contend, contest, vie

(1) **compete** against a friend, (2) **compete** fiercely

You must **compete** with others to obtain this position.

fortunate

adj. having good luck or lucky

synonym : fortuitous, lucky, blessed

(1) **fortunate** situation, (2) less **fortunate** person

He was pretty **fortunate** to pass the exam.

prophylactic

adj. capable of preventing disease or intended to prevent disease

synonym : preventative, protective, preventive

(1) a **prophylactic** drug, (2) **prophylactic** protocol

The doctor carried out vaccination and other **prophylactic** measures.

approval

n. the belief that someone or something is good or acceptable

synonym : acceptance, endorsement, permission

(1) a written **approval**, (2) express my **approval**

This project took a lot of time to get the president's **approval**.

process

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

synonym: procedure, method, system

(1) **process** improvement, (2) decision-making **process**

The **process** for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

generic

adj. not specific; not linked to a particular brand or product

synonym: common, ordinary, typical

(1) a **generic** product, (2) **generic** version

The **generic** aspirin brand was just as effective as the name brand but much cheaper.

fraction

n. a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers

synonym: piece, part, fragment

(1) a **fractional** share of the vote, (2) a numerator in a **fraction**

He spent only a **fraction** of his earnings.

policy

n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

synonym: strategy, plan, guideline

(1) health **policy**, (2) foreign **policy**

The company's new **policy** on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

incentive

n. something, such as a punishment, reward, etc., that encourages a person to do something

synonym: encouragement, inducement, enticement

(1) financial **incentives**, (2) an **incentive** to work hard

They have no **incentive** to win the game.

patent

n. a legal document that grants an inventor exclusive rights to their invention for a certain period of time; the invention or process for which a patent has been granted

synonym : copyright, trademark, license

(1) **patent** application, (2) **patent** law

The company has filed for a **patent** to protect its new invention.

exclusive

adj. not divided or shared with others

synonym : sole, deluxe, limited

(1) **exclusive** authority, (2) **exclusive** clubs

The condo offers **exclusive** access to the beach.

encourage

v. to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do

synonym : facilitate, persuade, stimulate

(1) **encourage** a sense of affinity, (2) **encourage** antisocial behavior

They **encouraged** customers with a premium for loyal patronage.

pharmaceutical

adj. relating to the production and selling of the medical drugs

synonym : drug, medication, prescription

(1) major **pharmaceutical** companies, (2) commercial **pharmaceutical** products

She gave money to help set up a **pharmaceutical** laboratory.

regardless

adv. not paying attention or considering something or someone even if the situation is bad or there are difficulties

synonym : anyhow, nevertheless, still

(1) **regardless** of the difficulties, (2) **regardless** tread
People can pick out superior products **regardless** of the quality of the advertising.

novel

n. an extended fictional work in prose; usually in the form of a story; (adjective) original and of a kind not seen before

synonym: fiction, story, (adjective) innovative

(1) historical **novel**, (2) **novel** effect

The **novel** has largely gotten positive feedback.

psychiatry

n. the branch of medicine concerned with the study, treatment, and prevention of mental illness

synonym: mental health, psychology, psychoanalysis

(1) **psychiatry** therapy, (2) biological **psychiatry**

The field of **psychiatry** is constantly evolving, with new treatments and approaches being developed all the time.

opposed

adj. being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something

synonym: anti, averse, hostile

(1) two **opposed** characters, (2) absolutely **opposed** to abortion

I'm strongly **opposed** to that plan.

Session 2: Spelling

1. a we__d dress *adj.* extraordinary, unexpected, or difficult to explain
2. y__l as loud as we can *v.* to shout in a sudden and loud way
3. the state of being we__d *adj.* extraordinary, unexpected, or difficult to explain
4. em_____al distress *adj.* relating to people's feelings
5. barren of cr_____ve spirit *adj.* relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
6. pathogenic ba_____ia *n.* single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease
7. global di_____er *n.* an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life
8. in_____re in another country's affairs *v.* to get involved in and prevent a process or activity from continuing
9. the national con_____ion *n.* the set of fundamental principles or established precedents that a state, a country, or an organization is governed by; the act of forming or establishing something

ANSWERS: 1. weird, 2. yell, 3. weird, 4. emotional, 5. creative, 6. bacteria, 7. disaster, 8. interfere, 9. constitution

10. health ep_____ic *n.* the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time
11. ant_____ic resistance *n.* a substance or drug that kills or slows down the growth of bacteria
12. reg_____ss tread *adv.* not paying attention or considering something or someone even if the situation is bad or there are difficulties
13. tr_____te the emotion to a movement *v.* to convert or change words into another language
14. former co_____ue *n.* one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
15. su____r bad grades *v.* to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant
16. su_____ss a revolt *v.* to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force
17. traditional me_____al *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
18. carry a bu____n *n.* a duty, responsibility, etc. that is oppressive or worrisome; a load, typically a heavy one that is difficult to carry
19. medication for in_____ia *n.* the condition of being unable to sleep, usually a chronic one
20. gl_____te antagonist *n.* a salt or ester of glutamic acid, a natural amino acid found in proteins, that functions as a neurotransmitter and plays a key role in neural signaling and brain function

ANSWERS: 10. epidemic, 11. antibiotic, 12. regardless, 13. translate, 14. colleague, 15. suffer, 16. suppress, 17. medicinal, 18. burden, 19. insomnia, 20. glutamate

21. sl____ly alkaline soils *adv.* in a small degree or extent; a little
22. the files are in complete di____er *n.* an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
23. pa____t in the hospital *n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
24. pro____tic protocol *adj.* capable of preventing disease or intended to prevent disease
25. ke____ne therapy *n.* a medication primarily used as an anesthetic and analgesic, known for its rapid onset and short duration of action, also used in recreational settings as a dissociative and hallucinogenic drug
26. chemical sus____ity *n.* the state of being easily influenced or vulnerable to some external influence, such as a disease, idea, or emotional state; the ability to be easily affected by something
27. re____nd reading *v.* to suggest that someone or something would be a suitable fit for a particular purpose or role
28. local ane____ic *n.* a substance that is administered to a person or an animal to produce a loss of sensation or consciousness so that medical or surgical procedures can be performed without causing pain

ANSWERS: 21. slightly, 22. disorder, 23. patient, 24. prophylactic, 25. ketamine, 26. susceptibility, 27. recommend, 28. anesthetic

29. a p__t of sorts *n.* a person who writes poetry
30. es____te this chicken to weigh three pounds *v.* to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something
31. vi_____t incident *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
32. tr_____r a biochemical response *v.* to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function
33. res_____ce to insulin *n.* the act of defending oneself from an aggressor or refusing to accept something
34. neurotic sy_____ms *n.* any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease
35. series of exp_____nts *n.* the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge
36. li_____me benefits *n.* the duration of someone's life or something's existence;
37. dr_____ze the dialogue *v.* to present or portray something in a way that emphasizes its dramatic or emotional aspects; to make something into a drama or play
38. the per_____ve of the battle *n.* a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something
39. ex_____e weather events *adj.* very great in amount or degree

ANSWERS: 29. poet, 30. estimate, 31. violent, 32. trigger, 33. resistance, 34. symptom, 35. experiment, 36. lifetime, 37. dramatize, 38. perspective, 39. extreme

40. op____ze control for cooling *v.* to make the best or most effective use of something
41. un____on talents *adj.* not occurring or seen very often; rare
42. en____e the flavor of the vanilla *v.* to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something
43. the cell of the im____e system *adj.* protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
44. the fr____rk of a house *n.* the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text
45. risk of ch____c disease *adj.* being long-lasting and recurrent or characterized by long suffering; habitual
46. opp____on campaign *n.* the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement
47. he was en____ly to blame *adv.* completely
48. struck d__b *adj.* lacking the power of speech, unable to speak; stupid, or lacking intelligence
49. ex____e sports *adj.* very great in amount or degree
50. the m__d in a room *n.* the way you feel at a particular time; an angry or impatient state of mind
51. su____s \$20 billion in sales *v.* to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something

ANSWERS: 40. optimize, 41. uncommon, 42. enhance, 43. immune, 44. framework, 45. chronic, 46. opposition, 47. entirely, 48. dumb, 49. extreme, 50. mood, 51. surpass

52. sus_____le of proof *adj.* easily influenced, harmed, or affected by something
53. und_____ate course *n.* a student who is studying for their first degree at a university or other higher education institution
54. bo___e back from failure *v.* to cause to move up or away after hitting a surface; to spring back
55. su_____e beforehand *v.* to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
56. a test pi__t *n.* a person who flies an aircraft, especially as a job; a person qualified to guide ships through a difficult area of water
57. a__n to the prior experiences *adj.* similar or related in nature, character, or origin
58. ab_____e from work *n.* the fact or condition of being away from a place where they are typically anticipated to be
59. hi_____ne blocker *n.* a substance produced by the body, sometimes found in foods, that can cause allergic reactions, inflammation, or other physiological responses
60. bat_____ld casualties *n.* a place where a battle or conflict is fought
61. an oral va_____e *n.* a substance that is put into the body and protects them from disease by causing them to produce antibodies (= proteins that attack harmful bacteria, viruses, etc.)
62. no__l effect *n.* an extended fictional work in prose; usually in the form of a story; (adjective) original and of a kind not seen before

ANSWERS: 52. susceptible, 53. undergraduate, 54. bounce, 55. suppose, 56. pilot, 57. akin, 58. absence, 59. histamine, 60. battlefield, 61. vaccine, 62. novel

63. the con_____on of food
n. the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
64. a bacterial in_____on
n. a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body
65. d__b creatures
adj. lacking the power of speech, unable to speak; stupid, or lacking intelligence
66. field of fun_____al medicine
adj. designed for or capable of a particular activity, purpose, or task; practical or ready for use or service
67. v__y directly with the price
v. to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.
68. en_____ic density
adj. possessing or exerting or displaying energy
69. not nec_____ly a problem
adv. in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise
70. express my ap_____al
n. the belief that someone or something is good or acceptable
71. gl_____te receptors
n. a salt or ester of glutamic acid, a natural amino acid found in proteins, that functions as a neurotransmitter and plays a key role in neural signaling and brain function
72. tr_____on cubic feet
n. the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
73. take a seat bef_____nd
adv. ahead of time; in advance
74. se_____in levels
n. a neurotransmitter (= a chemical that carries nerve impulses) involved in, e.g., sleep, emotion, and memory

ANSWERS: 63. consumption, 64. infection, 65. dumb, 66. functional, 67. vary, 68. energetic, 69. necessarily, 70. approval, 71. glutamate, 72. trillion, 73. beforehand, 74. serotonin

75. di_____es patient *n.* a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood
76. a ge_____c product *adj.* not specific; not linked to a particular brand or product
77. ex_____d to radiation *adj.* having no protection or shield from something, such as bad weather, attack, or criticism
78. three-fourths of a po__d *n.* the standard unit of money in the UK; the standard unit of weight equal to 16 ounces
79. for spe_____lly American customers *adv.* only associated with or meant for one thing
80. su___r a setback *v.* to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant
81. reg_____ss of the difficulties *adv.* not paying attention or considering something or someone even if the situation is bad or there are difficulties
82. re_____nt population *adj.* able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions
83. a ch_____al compound *adj.* relating to or connected with chemistry;
84. people with bipolar di_____er *n.* an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
85. co___r degree *v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something

ANSWERS: 75. diabetes, 76. generic, 77. exposed, 78. pound, 79. specifically, 80. suffer, 81. regardless, 82. resilient, 83. chemical, 84. disorder, 85. confer

86. chemical pr____ty *n.* a thing or things that belong to someone
87. ant____ic allergy *n.* a substance or drug that kills or slows down the growth of bacteria
88. an und____ng motive *adj.* significant as a cause or basis of something but not immediately apparent or stated clearly
89. a learning dis____ty *n.* a physical or mental condition that makes it difficult for someone to do some things that other people do
90. victim of a vi____t crime *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
91. de____p a strategy *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
92. many tr____ons of dollars *n.* the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
93. permanent br__n damage *n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
94. less fo____te person *adj.* having good luck or lucky
95. a worldwide ep____ic *n.* the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time
96. phy____cal activity *adj.* relating to the normal functioning of living organisms and their organs and systems; concerning the physical or biochemical processes and activities that occur within the body

ANSWERS: 86. property, 87. antibiotic, 88. underlying, 89. disability, 90. violent, 91. develop, 92. trillion, 93. brain, 94. fortunate, 95. epidemic, 96. physiological

97. pre_____le pattern *adj.* capable of being known, seen or declared in advance
98. fatty li__r *n.* a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins
99. w__d nurse *n.* a room in a hospital for patients requiring special care
100. ina_____ate language *adj.* not suitable or proper for a particular occasion, purpose, or person
101. sk_____al scientists *adj.* doubting that something is accurate or useful
102. female ho_____e *n.* a chemical substance made by organs that encourages or influences the development, growth, sex, etc., of an animal and is carried around the body in the blood
103. ex___e rebellion *v.* to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
104. test my hyp_____is *n.* a proposed idea or explanation that is based on a few known facts but has not yet been proven to be true or accurate
105. a bold hyp_____is *n.* a proposed idea or explanation that is based on a few known facts but has not yet been proven to be true or accurate
106. the local chamber of co_____ce *n.* the activity of buying and selling things, especially on a large scale
107. en_____ge antisocial behavior *v.* to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do

ANSWERS: 97. predictable, 98. liver, 99. ward, 100. inappropriate, 101. skeptical, 102. hormone, 103. excite, 104. hypothesis, 105. hypothesis, 106. commerce, 107. encourage

108. ind_____nce ceremony *n.* freedom from another's or others' control or influence
109. ex_____on criteria *n.* the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something
110. bo___e across the floor *v.* to cause to move up or away after hitting a surface; to spring back
111. cr_____ve writing *adj.* relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
112. basic br__n function *n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
113. military san_____um *n.* a medical facility or institution for the long-term treatment or care of people with chronic illnesses or diseases, especially tuberculosis
114. ant_____ant effect *n.* any of a class of drugs used to reduce feelings of sadness and worry
115. local ane_____ia *n.* a state of controlled, temporary loss of bodily sensation or awareness that is induced for medical purposes
116. he is opt_____ic *adj.* hoping or expecting that good thing will happen or something will be successful
117. aquatic co_____nd *n.* an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements

ANSWERS: 108. independence, 109. exclusion, 110. bounce, 111. creative, 112. brain, 113. sanatorium, 114. antidepressant, 115. anesthesia, 116. optimistic, 117. compound

118. cover acc_____al damage *adj.* happening or existing by chance or unintentionally
119. nec_____ly true *adv.* in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise
120. a seafaring na____n *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
121. psy_____ic hospital *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or study of mental illness or disorders
122. meet with opp_____on *n.* the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement
123. ex___e the crowd *v.* to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
124. es_____te a fair value *v.* to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something
125. gender ex_____on *n.* the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something
126. financial in_____ves *n.* something, such as a punishment, reward, etc., that encourages a person to do something
127. n__m of action *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
128. major pha_____cal companies *adj.* relating to the production and selling of the medical drugs
129. become full of sen_____ty *n.* the ability to perceive or respond to subtle differences or changes; the ability to understand and respond to the needs and feelings of others

ANSWERS: 118. accidental, 119. necessarily, 120. nation, 121. psychiatric, 122. opposition, 123. excite, 124. estimate, 125. exclusion, 126. incentive, 127. norm, 128. pharmaceutical, 129. sensitivity

130. pr____s improvement *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
131. three months bef____nd *adv.* ahead of time; in advance
132. a written ap____al *n.* the belief that someone or something is good or acceptable
133. se___e heat *adj.* extremely serious or bad in feeling, manner, or strict and harsh; extremely strong or vigorous
134. cause an ac____nt *n.* an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury
135. human in____ct *n.* the ability to think logically and comprehend information, especially at an advanced level
136. in____on needle *n.* the act of introducing a liquid, especially a drug, into the body using a needle and a syringe
137. de___e on a course of action *v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
138. im___e from criminal prosecution *adj.* protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells

ANSWERS: 130. process, 131. beforehand, 132. approval, 133. severe, 134. accident, 135. intellect, 136. injection, 137. decide, 138. immune

139. in___e him to see a doctor *v.* to persuade someone to do something; to cause to act in a specific manner
140. harmless ba____ia *n.* single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease
141. dou_____ind experiment *n.* a method of experimentation where neither the participants nor the experimenters know who is receiving a particular treatment used to prevent bias in research results
142. exp_____nt design *n.* the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge
143. a criminal bac_____nd *n.* the details of a person's social heritage, such as family, vocational or educational experience; past information that is essential to understanding a situation or problem
144. the ex_____re of a fraud *n.* the state of being in a particular situation or place where there is no protection from or guarantee to something harmful; the disclosure of something secret
145. an in_____l letter *adj.* of or happening at the beginning; (noun) the first letter of a word, especially a person's name
146. in_____or protein *n.* a substance or agent that slows down or prevents a chemical reaction or biological process from occurring at normal rates, often used in medicine or industrial applications to control or regulate various functions or reactions

ANSWERS: 139. induce, 140. bacteria, 141. double-blind, 142. experiment, 143. background, 144. exposure, 145. initial, 146. inhibitor

147. injury in a car ac____nt *n.* an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury
148. a se___e case of pneumonia *adj.* extremely serious or bad in feeling, manner, or strict and harsh; extremely strong or vigorous
149. co____al swimming pool *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
150. ch____c alcohol consumption *adj.* being long-lasting and recurrent or characterized by long suffering; habitual
151. ro____ic breakup *adj.* of or relating to love or a sexual relationship
152. take a pai____er beforehand *n.* medicine used to relieve physical pain
153. immune fu____on *n.* the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose
154. cultural n__m *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
155. me____n in a report *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly
156. li____me ban from the sport *n.* the duration of someone's life or something's existence;
157. pa___t application *n.* a legal document that grants an inventor exclusive rights to their invention for a certain period of time; the invention or process for which a patent has been granted

ANSWERS: 147. accident, 148. severe, 149. communal, 150. chronic, 151. romantic, 152. painkiller, 153. function, 154. norm, 155. mention, 156. lifetime, 157. patent

158. the fle_____ty of the body *n.* the quality of changing or being changed easily according to new conditions or situations
159. ag_____ic position *n.* a person who believes that it is impossible to know whether there is a god
160. legal fr_____rk *n.* the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text
161. ad_____e circumstances *adj.* unfavorable or harmful
162. ex_____ve authority *adj.* not divided or shared with others
163. a medicine for tub_____sis *n.* an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs
164. designed spe_____lly for men *adv.* only associated with or meant for one thing
165. fo_____te situation *adj.* having good luck or lucky
166. in_____us plot *adj.* tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way
167. b__s against a big company *n.* a strong feeling in favor of or against one group of people, an idea, or thing, often not based on fair judgment
168. y__l for help *v.* to shout in a sudden and loud way
169. con_____us virus *adj.* able to be passed on to others through contact or proximity, especially by infection or disease

ANSWERS: 158. flexibility, 159. agnostic, 160. framework, 161. adverse, 162. exclusive, 163. tuberculosis, 164. specifically, 165. fortunate, 166. insidious, 167. bias, 168. yell, 169. contagious

170. fuel in_____on *n.* the act of introducing a liquid, especially a drug, into the body using a needle and a syringe
171. in_____l velocity *adj.* of or happening at the beginning; (noun) the first letter of a word, especially a person's name
172. the imp_____on in a crime *n.* something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something
173. tr_____r inflation *v.* to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function
174. agricultural org_____ion *n.* a group of people who work together for a shared purpose
175. cardiac su_____y *n.* medical treatment of injuries or diseases involving an incision with instruments and often removing or replacing some parts of the body; the branch of medical science that treats disease or injury by operative procedures
176. tr_____te a document into English *v.* to convert or change words into another language
177. col_____te on a press release *v.* to work with someone else to produce or achieve something
178. a sk_____al attitude *adj.* doubting that something is accurate or useful
179. person's smile is inf_____us *adj.* able to be passed quickly from one person, animal, or plant to another, especially through air or water

ANSWERS: 170. injection, 171. initial, 172. implication, 173. trigger, 174. organization, 175. surgery, 176. translate, 177. collaborate, 178. skeptical, 179. infectious

180. ex_____ng football player *adj.* causing a lot of interest or excitement
181. re_____r approval ratings *v.* to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength
182. a per_____ve view *n.* a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something
183. ro_____ic movies *adj.* of or relating to love or a sexual relationship
184. de____e a question *v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
185. global re_____e crisis *n.* a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war
186. re_____ze talent *v.* to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
187. historical no__l *n.* an extended fictional work in prose; usually in the form of a story; (adjective) original and of a kind not seen before
188. the re_____e camp *n.* a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war
189. a pre_____ved notion *adj.* (of an idea or opinion) formed beforehand, especially without evidence for its truth or usefulness

ANSWERS: 180. exciting, 181. recover, 182. perspective, 183. romantic, 184. decide, 185. refugee, 186. recognize, 187. novel, 188. refugee, 189. preconceived

190. di_____er recovery *n.* an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life
191. sus_____ity to peer pressure *n.* the state of being easily influenced or vulnerable to some external influence, such as a disease, idea, or emotional state; the ability to be easily affected by something
192. pre_____ved opinions *adj.* (of an idea or opinion) formed beforehand, especially without evidence for its truth or usefulness
193. org_____ion chart *n.* a group of people who work together for a shared purpose
194. foreign po____y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
195. absolutely op_____d to abortion *adj.* being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something
196. na____n-state *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
197. in st____e condition *adj.* firm and steady; not easily moved, disturbed, or changed
198. co____r honor *v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something

ANSWERS: 190. disaster, 191. susceptibility, 192. preconceived, 193. organization, 194. policy, 195. opposed, 196. nation, 197. stable, 198. confer

208. tra_____lly accepted concept *adv.* in accordance with tradition; typically or commonly done in a particular way
209. have a b__s toward socialism *n.* a strong feeling in favor of or against one group of people, an idea, or thing, often not based on fair judgment
210. even more unf_____ely *adv.* by bad luck; unluckily
211. a children's w__d *n.* a room in a hospital for patients requiring special care
212. harmful co_____nd *n.* an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements
213. ge_____c version *adj.* not specific; not linked to a particular brand or product
214. mental fle_____ty *n.* the quality of changing or being changed easily according to new conditions or situations
215. di_____e prevention *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
216. decided to be a fir_____er *n.* a person whose job is to extinguish fires
217. engineering und_____ate *n.* a student who is studying for their first degree at a university or other higher education institution
218. two op_____d characters *adj.* being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something

ANSWERS: 208. traditionally, 209. bias, 210. unfortunately, 211. ward, 212. compound, 213. generic, 214. flexibility, 215. disease, 216. firefighter, 217. undergraduate, 218. opposed

219. up___e rate *n.* the rate or amount of something that is taken in or used by a particular system or organism; the process of taking food into the body through the mouth by eating
220. al____y treatment *n.* a hypersensitivity disorder of the immune system, characterized by an exaggerated response to certain allergens, such as pollens, foods, and drugs
221. an____e a chemical compound *v.* to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning
222. dance ma__a *n.* a psychological or emotional state that is marked by excessive enthusiasm, excitement, or delusions; a strong and uncontrollable desire or craving for something
223. en____ly satisfied with the meal *adv.* completely
224. a strong pai_____er *n.* medicine used to relieve physical pain
225. ha____y through my journey *adj.* in or at a point midway or an equal distance between two points
226. the imp_____on of a word *n.* something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something
227. an und_____ng cause of an accident *adj.* significant as a cause or basis of something but not immediately apparent or stated clearly
228. re_____nd a hospitalization *v.* to suggest that someone or something would be a suitable fit for a particular purpose or role

ANSWERS: 219. uptake, 220. allergy, 221. analyze, 222. mania, 223. entirely, 224. painkiller, 225. halfway, 226. implication, 227. underlying, 228. recommend

229. ha____y decent job *adj.* in or at a point midway or an equal distance between two points
230. exposure to to__c chemicals *adj.* of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous
231. an inf_____us fever *adj.* able to be passed quickly from one person, animal, or plant to another, especially through air or water
232. tra_____lly sung at a banquet *adv.* in accordance with tradition; typically or commonly done in a particular way
233. opt_____ic outlook *adj.* hoping or expecting that good thing will happen or something will be successful
234. su_____s imagination *v.* to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something
235. tactics on the bat_____ld *n.* a place where a battle or conflict is fought
236. average fuel con_____on *n.* the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
237. the Great Dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
238. an ex_____d rock *adj.* having no protection or shield from something, such as bad weather, attack, or criticism
239. the professor of su_____y *n.* medical treatment of injuries or diseases involving an incision with instruments and often removing or replacing some parts of the body; the branch of medical science that treats disease or injury by operative procedures

ANSWERS: 229. halfway, 230. toxic, 231. infectious, 232. traditionally, 233. optimistic, 234. surpass, 235. battlefield, 236. consumption, 237. depression, 238. exposed, 239. surgery

240. financial ind_____nce *n.* freedom from another's or others' control or influence
241. em_____al health *adj.* relating to people's feelings
242. food al_____y *n.* a hypersensitivity disorder of the immune system, characterized by an exaggerated response to certain allergens, such as pollens, foods, and drugs
243. pa____t law *n.* a legal document that grants an inventor exclusive rights to their invention for a certain period of time; the invention or process for which a patent has been granted
244. up____e of calcium *n.* the rate or amount of something that is taken in or used by a particular system or organism; the process of taking food into the body through the mouth by eating
245. ag_____ic world-view *n.* a person who believes that it is impossible to know whether there is a god
246. increase sl_____ly *adv.* in a small degree or extent; a little
247. co_____m the diagnosis *v.* to support or establish the truth or certainty of something previously believed or suspected to be the case
248. es_____al commodities of life *adj.* indispensable; fundamental
249. conduct fi_____nd research *adv.* from the source; directly; (adjective) received directly from a source

ANSWERS: 240. independence, 241. emotional, 242. allergy, 243. patent, 244. uptake, 245. agnostic, 246. slightly, 247. confirm, 248. essential, 249. firsthand

250. acc_____lly coincide *adv.* by chance or without planning
251. experience eu_____ia *n.* a feeling of intense happiness, excitement, or delight; a state of extreme joy or pleasure
252. victim of sexual as_____t *n.* a violent physical attack; the crime of forcing someone to submit to sexual intercourse against their will
253. the problem of drug ab__e *n.* the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
254. toxic ch_____als *adj.* relating to or connected with chemistry;
255. hi_____ne reaction *n.* a substance produced by the body, sometimes found in foods, that can cause allergic reactions, inflammation, or other physiological responses
256. cr__p along the leaf *v.* to move slowly, quietly, and carefully, usually to avoid being seen or heard
257. to__c molecule *adj.* of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous
258. op_____ze a process *v.* to make the best or most effective use of something
259. market up___e *n.* the positive aspect or potential of something; the upper side of something
260. a dis_____ty pension *n.* a physical or mental condition that makes it difficult for someone to do some things that other people do
261. sy_____ms of low testosterone *n.* any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease

ANSWERS: 250. accidentally, 251. euphoria, 252. assault, 253. abuse, 254. chemical, 255. histamine, 256. creep, 257. toxic, 258. optimize, 259. upside, 260. disability, 261. symptom

262. fun_____al deafness *adj.* designed for or capable of a particular activity, purpose, or task; practical or ready for use or service
263. sta_____cs for cancer *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
264. conduct a dou_____ind trial *n.* a method of experimentation where neither the participants nor the experimenters know who is receiving a particular treatment used to prevent bias in research results
265. eu_____ia-inducing drug *n.* a feeling of intense happiness, excitement, or delight; a state of extreme joy or pleasure
266. have no up____e *n.* the positive aspect or potential of something; the upper side of something
267. forest fir_____er *n.* a person whose job is to extinguish fires
268. thousands of po__ds *n.* the standard unit of money in the UK; the standard unit of weight equal to 16 ounces
269. phy_____cal response *adj.* relating to the normal functioning of living organisms and their organs and systems; concerning the physical or biochemical processes and activities that occur within the body
270. health po____y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

ANSWERS: 262. functional, 263. statistics, 264. double-blind, 265. euphoria, 266. upside, 267. firefighter, 268. pound, 269. physiological, 270. policy

271. in_____ct with one another *v.* to communicate or react with somebody
272. ex_____ve clubs *adj.* not divided or shared with others
273. a me_____l opinion *adj.* relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine
274. an_____e your real motives *v.* to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning
275. en_____e value *v.* to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something
276. treat the in_____on with antibiotics *n.* a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body
277. have a st_____e job *adj.* firm and steady; not easily moved, disturbed, or changed
278. co_____e against a friend *v.* to strive to achieve more success than someone or something
279. pi__t production *n.* a person who flies an aircraft, especially as a job; a person qualified to guide ships through a difficult area of water
280. con_____us enthusiasm *adj.* able to be passed on to others through contact or proximity, especially by infection or disease
281. against tr_____on *n.* a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society
282. co_____al combination of funds *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

ANSWERS: 271. interact, 272. exclusive, 273. medical, 274. analyze, 275. enhance, 276. infection, 277. stable, 278. compete, 279. pilot, 280. contagious, 281. tradition, 282. communal

291. a fr____onal share of the vote *n.* a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers
292. su____e you're right *v.* to think that something is likely to be actual or possible
293. a sus____le young woman *adj.* easily influenced, harmed, or affected by something
294. ad____e reaction *adj.* unfavorable or harmful
295. an in____ve to work hard *n.* something, such as a punishment, reward, etc., that encourages a person to do something
296. en____ge a sense of affinity *v.* to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do
297. they met acc____lly *adv.* by chance or without planning
298. a tr____on of a culture *n.* a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society
299. ane____ia for surgery *n.* a state of controlled, temporary loss of bodily sensation or awareness that is induced for medical purposes
300. in____e a crisis *v.* to persuade someone to do something; to cause to act in a specific manner
301. in a pre____le manner *adj.* capable of being known, seen or declared in advance

ANSWERS: 291. fraction, 292. suppose, 293. susceptible, 294. adverse, 295. incentive, 296. encourage, 297. accidentally, 298. tradition, 299. anesthesia, 300. induce, 301. predictable

302. unf_____ely caught in a shower *adv.* by bad luck; unluckily
303. ex_____ng news *adj.* causing a lot of interest or excitement
304. ane_____ic injection *n.* a substance that is administered to a person or an animal to produce a loss of sensation or consciousness so that medical or surgical procedures can be performed without causing pain
305. re_____r a loss *v.* to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength
306. development of va_____es *n.* a substance that is put into the body and protects them from disease by causing them to produce antibodies (= proteins that attack harmful bacteria, viruses, etc.)
307. ina_____ate behavior *adj.* not suitable or proper for a particular occasion, purpose, or person
308. ke_____ne infusion *n.* a medication primarily used as an anesthetic and analgesic, known for its rapid onset and short duration of action, also used in recreational settings as a dissociative and hallucinogenic drug
309. neu_____ters released from the brain *n.* a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles
310. v__y according to the age *v.* to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.
311. a hard and re_____nt steel *adj.* able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions

ANSWERS: 302. unfortunately, 303. exciting, 304. anesthetic, 305. recover, 306. vaccine, 307. inappropriate, 308. ketamine, 309. neurotransmitter, 310. vary, 311. resilient

312. a theoretical concept in
neu_____nce
313. su_____ss a yawn
314. juvenile di_____es
315. a court p__t
316. re_____se an old building
317. a bac_____nd color
318. a ge____s for music
319. sen_____ty analysis
320. commit su_____e
321. bu____n of disease
322. cr__p toward the mouse
- n.* the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system
- v.* to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force
- n.* a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood
- n.* a person who writes poetry
- v.* to use something again for a different purpose than it was originally intended
- n.* the details of a person's social heritage, such as family, vocational or educational experience; past information that is essential to understanding a situation or problem
- n.* someone who has exceptional intellectual ability and originality
- n.* the ability to perceive or respond to subtle differences or changes; the ability to understand and respond to the needs and feelings of others
- n.* the act of killing yourself intentionally
- n.* a duty, responsibility, etc. that is oppressive or worrisome; a load, typically a heavy one that is difficult to carry
- v.* to move slowly, quietly, and carefully, usually to avoid being seen or heard

ANSWERS: 312. neuroscience, 313. suppress, 314. diabetes, 315. poet, 316. repurpose, 317. background, 318. genius, 319. sensitivity, 320. suicide, 321. burden, 322. creep

323. in_____us behavior *adj.* tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way
324. tr_____ic event *adj.* relating to or caused by injury, especially emotional injury
325. dr_____ze the event *v.* to present or portray something in a way that emphasizes its dramatic or emotional aspects; to make something into a drama or play
326. neu_____ter receptor *n.* a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles
327. su_____e attack *n.* the act of killing yourself intentionally
328. ma_____a-endemic area *n.* a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
329. a numerator in a fr_____on *n.* a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers
330. pa_____te symptoms *v.* to make a disease, condition, or symptom appear less severe or intense than it actually is; to alleviate or ease symptoms without curing the underlying cause
331. hear customer's voices fi_____nd *adv.* from the source; directly; (adjective) received directly from a source
332. in an ugly m__d *n.* the way you feel at a particular time; an angry or impatient state of mind
333. alcohol-dependent in_____ia *n.* the condition of being unable to sleep, usually a chronic one

ANSWERS: 323. insidious, 324. traumatic, 325. dramatize, 326. neurotransmitter, 327. suicide, 328. malaria, 329. fraction, 330. palliate, 331. firsthand, 332. mood, 333. insomnia

334. me_____n name *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly
335. de_____p a skill *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
336. fu_____on properly *n.* the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose
337. commercial pha_____cal products *adj.* relating to the production and selling of the medical drugs
338. a man of pr_____ty *n.* a thing or things that belong to someone
339. di_____e control *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
340. biological psy_____ry *n.* the branch of medicine concerned with the study, treatment, and prevention of mental illness
341. pa_____t with weight loss *n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic

ANSWERS: 334. mention, 335. develop, 336. function, 337. pharmaceutical, 338. property, 339. disease, 340. psychiatry, 341. patient

342. the great di_____ry of the century *n.* the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known
343. ho_____e secretion *n.* a chemical substance made by organs that encourages or influences the development, growth, sex, etc., of an animal and is carried around the body in the blood
344. l_b instrument *n.* a workplace for the conduct of scientific research; a laboratory
345. interstate co_____ce *n.* the activity of buying and selling things, especially on a large scale
346. collaborate with co_____ues *n.* one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
347. col_____te with the police *v.* to work with someone else to produce or achieve something
348. chemical in_____or *n.* a substance or agent that slows down or prevents a chemical reaction or biological process from occurring at normal rates, often used in medicine or industrial applications to control or regulate various functions or reactions
349. en_____ic dog *adj.* possessing or exerting or displaying energy
350. re_____se a used car *v.* to use something again for a different purpose than it was originally intended
351. a__n to anger *adj.* similar or related in nature, character, or origin

ANSWERS: 342. discovery, 343. hormone, 344. lab, 345. commerce, 346. colleague, 347. collaborate, 348. inhibitor, 349. energetic, 350. repurpose, 351. akin

352. psy_____ry therapy *n.* the branch of medicine concerned with the study, treatment, and prevention of mental illness
353. co_____e fiercely *v.* to strive to achieve more success than someone or something
354. a pro_____tic drug *adj.* capable of preventing disease or intended to prevent disease
355. medical l_b *n.* a workplace for the conduct of scientific research; a laboratory
356. acc_____al death *adj.* happening or existing by chance or unintentionally
357. an ant_____ant drug *n.* any of a class of drugs used to reduce feelings of sadness and worry
358. people with psy_____ic disorders *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or study of mental illness or disorders
359. the root problem of her dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
360. the branch of neu_____nce *n.* the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system
361. li__r disease *n.* a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins
362. me_____al chemistry *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
363. victim of sexual ab__e *n.* the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner

ANSWERS: 352. psychiatry, 353. compete, 354. prophylactic, 355. lab, 356. accidental, 357. antidepressant, 358. psychiatric, 359. depression, 360. neuroscience, 361. liver, 362. medicinal, 363. abuse

364. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
365. un_____on occurrence *adj.* not occurring or seen very often; rare
366. tr_____ic brain injury *adj.* relating to or caused by injury, especially emotional injury
367. temporary me_____l treatment *adj.* relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine
368. es_____al amino acid *adj.* indispensable; fundamental
369. in_____ct directly with customers *v.* to communicate or react with somebody

ANSWERS: 364. statistics, 365. uncommon, 366. traumatic, 367. medical, 368. essential, 369. interact

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The long _____ to the air tarnished the antique tableware.
n. the state of being in a particular situation or place where there is no protection from or guarantee to something harmful; the disclosure of something secret

2. The dentist administered an _____ to numb the patient's mouth before the procedure.
n. a substance that is administered to a person or an animal to produce a loss of sensation or consciousness so that medical or surgical procedures can be performed without causing pain

3. He is in general _____ under the surgeon.
n. a state of controlled, temporary loss of bodily sensation or awareness that is induced for medical purposes

4. We must _____ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.
v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

5. In an economically prosperous country, most male _____ is due to child support problems.
n. the act of killing yourself intentionally

6. We _____ the season's total trade deficit at \$50 billion.
v. to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something

7. The condo offers _____ access to the beach.
adj. not divided or shared with others

ANSWERS: 1. exposure, 2. anesthetic, 3. anesthesia, 4. develop, 5. suicide, 6. estimated, 7. exclusive

8. He devised a new analytical _____ to capture the phenomenon.
n. the structural components of a building or object that support its weight and give it form; the underlying structure of a system, concept, or text
9. The athlete's record-breaking performance _____ all expectations.
v. to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something
10. The firm has grown into a large _____ manufacturing.
adj. relating to or connected with chemistry;
11. The _____ evaluation revealed that the patient had been suffering from anxiety.
adj. of or relating to the treatment or study of mental illness or disorders
12. He suffered _____ and loss of appetite after he began taking that medication.
n. the condition of being unable to sleep, usually a chronic one
13. He stood to inherit a million-dollar _____.
n. a thing or things that belong to someone
14. Tech companies often employ _____ ducts and other materials in their office interiors.
adj. having no protection or shield from something, such as bad weather, attack, or criticism
15. Studies have suggested that low doses of _____ may help reduce chronic pain.
n. a medication primarily used as an anesthetic and analgesic, known for its rapid onset and short duration of action, also used in recreational settings as a dissociative and hallucinogenic drug

ANSWERS: 8. framework, 9. surpassed, 10. chemical, 11. psychiatric, 12. insomnia, 13. property, 14. exposed, 15. ketamine

16. When I asked my father for more money, he became furious and _____ at me.
v. to shout in a sudden and loud way
17. The _____ of the new technology was slower than expected.
n. the rate or amount of something that is taken in or used by a particular system or organism; the process of taking food into the body through the mouth by eating
18. Certain individuals have a higher _____ to certain diseases due to genetic factors.
n. the state of being easily influenced or vulnerable to some external influence, such as a disease, idea, or emotional state; the ability to be easily affected by something
19. Many people see the _____ of traveling as an opportunity to experience new cultures and broaden their horizons.
n. the positive aspect or potential of something; the upper side of something
20. Leprosy is an indolent _____ disease.
adj. able to be passed quickly from one person, animal, or plant to another, especially through air or water
21. The _____ weather conditions forced us to cancel the outdoor event.
adj. unfavorable or harmful
22. The doctor diagnosed me with a _____ disorder.
n. a chemical substance made by organs that encourages or influences the development, growth, sex, etc., of an animal and is carried around the body in the blood

ANSWERS: 16. yelled, 17. uptake, 18. susceptibility, 19. upside, 20. infectious, 21. adverse, 22. hormone

23. This evidence supports the big-bang _____.
- n.* a proposed idea or explanation that is based on a few known facts but has not yet been proven to be true or accurate
24. She has been taking _____ since her baby died.
- n.* any of a class of drugs used to reduce feelings of sadness and worry
25. Her interests are _____ to mine.
- adj.* similar or related in nature, character, or origin
26. Another critical factor of child poverty is the father's _____.
- n.* the fact or condition of being away from a place where they are typically anticipated to be
27. We _____ taking media training every six months.
- v.* to suggest that someone or something would be a suitable fit for a particular purpose or role
28. The _____ team worked quickly to save the patient's life.
- adj.* relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine
29. The manager tried to hear customers' voices _____.
- adv.* from the source; directly; (adjective) received directly from a source
30. That car has a low environmental _____.
- n.* a duty, responsibility, etc. that is oppressive or worrisome; a load, typically a heavy one that is difficult to carry
31. He spent only a _____ of his earnings.
- n.* a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers

ANSWERS: 23. hypothesis, 24. antidepressants, 25. akin, 26. absence, 27. recommend, 28. medical, 29. firsthand, 30. burden, 31. fraction

32. The _____ aspirin brand was just as effective as the name brand but much cheaper.
adj. not specific; not linked to a particular brand or product
33. The incident _____ a political controversy.
v. to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function
34. His _____ showed highly positive results.
n. the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge
35. People can pick out superior products _____ of the quality of the advertising.
adv. not paying attention or considering something or someone even if the situation is bad or there are difficulties
36. This chemical compound is a thousand-fold more _____.
adj. of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous
37. The findings of the experiment were both _____ and unexpected.
adj. causing a lot of interest or excitement
38. The _____ has largely gotten positive feedback.
n. an extended fictional work in prose; usually in the form of a story; (adjective) original and of a kind not seen before
39. She researched gender _____ in politics.
n. a strong feeling in favor of or against one group of people, an idea, or thing, often not based on fair judgment

ANSWERS: 32. generic, 33. triggered, 34. experiments, 35. regardless, 36. toxic, 37. exciting, 38. novel, 39. bias

40. He made a _____ mistake and forgot to submit the report on time.
adj. lacking the power of speech, unable to speak; stupid, or lacking intelligence
41. The general reviewed the plans for the upcoming battle on the _____.
n. a place where a battle or conflict is fought
42. He has been prescribed an _____ to treat his infection.
n. a substance or drug that kills or slows down the growth of bacteria
43. She agreed to _____ with him in creating new artwork.
v. to work with someone else to produce or achieve something
44. My computer has been acting _____ recently.
adj. extraordinary, unexpected, or difficult to explain
45. His religious and philosophical beliefs were utterly _____.
adj. doubting that something is accurate or useful
46. _____ elections were held in several European countries.
adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
47. _____ used to be considered a fatal disease.
n. an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs
48. The _____ response team worked around the clock to aid those affected by the earthquake.
n. an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life

ANSWERS: 40. dumb, 41. battlefield, 42. antibiotic, 43. collaborate, 44. weird, 45. skeptical, 46. Communal, 47. Tuberculosis, 48. disaster

49. He had undergone heart _____ years before.

n. medical treatment of injuries or diseases involving an incision with instruments and often removing or replacing some parts of the body; the branch of medical science that treats disease or injury by operative procedures

50. The famous restaurant stands _____ up the hill.

adj. in or at a point midway or an equal distance between two points

51. The mobile phone was still _____ even after being dropped.

adj. designed for or capable of a particular activity, purpose, or task; practical or ready for use or service

52. They will _____ between various emotional states.

v. to cause to move up or away after hitting a surface; to spring back

53. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

54. _____ symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.

n. a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

55. His father's death changed his whole _____ on life.

n. a confident attitude toward something; a particular style of thinking about something

56. This ad campaign is aimed _____ at young women.

adv. only associated with or meant for one thing

ANSWERS: 49. surgery, 50. halfway, 51. functional, 52. bounce, 53. norms, 54. Depression, 55. perspective, 56. specifically

57. _____ hyperglycemia is a trigger for a variety of serious diseases.
adj. being long-lasting and recurrent or characterized by long suffering; habitual
58. The doctor diagnosed him with a rare _____ that had no known cure.
n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
59. Our university is famous for its professors, who are well-versed in behavioral _____.
n. the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system
60. The medicine works by boosting _____ levels in the brain.
n. a neurotransmitter (= a chemical that carries nerve impulses) involved in, e.g., sleep, emotion, and memory
61. The leaders of the two countries met to _____ on the issue.
v. to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
62. The mRNA _____ was approved in less than a year because it did not contain the fragments of the target virus.
n. a substance that is put into the body and protects them from disease by causing them to produce antibodies (= proteins that attack harmful bacteria, viruses, etc.)
63. The brain is an incredibly complex organ that controls the body's _____.
n. the purpose or use of an object, system, or process; a particular activity or operation that is designed to serve a specific purpose; a mathematical concept that describes a relationship between two sets of values, called the input and output sets; (verb) to operate or work in a specific way, or to perform a particular task or purpose

ANSWERS: 57. Chronic, 58. disease, 59. neuroscience, 60. serotonin, 61. confer, 62. vaccine, 63. function

64. The _____ for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.
- n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
65. The Prime Minister will pay a courtesy visit to the Nobel laureate's ____.
- n.* a workplace for the conduct of scientific research; a laboratory
66. You must _____ with others to obtain this position.
- v.* to strive to achieve more success than someone or something
67. Her research team made an important _____.
- n.* the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known
68. It was _____ for the store to have such a big sale.
- adj.* not occurring or seen very often; rare
69. _____ prevalent in hospitals are often resistant to antibiotics.
- n.* single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease
70. The policy of _____ has caused significant harm to marginalized communities.
- n.* the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something
71. Human _____ responses vary widely depending on the society to which they belong.
- adj.* relating to people's feelings

ANSWERS: 64. process, 65. lab, 66. compete, 67. discovery, 68. uncommon, 69. Bacteria, 70. exclusion, 71. emotional

72. One light year is nearly 6 _____ miles.
n. the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
73. The essence of economics is to _____ the allocation of limited resources.
v. to make the best or most effective use of something
74. His poem has a very significant _____.
n. something that is inferred or indirectly stated; the act or fact of being involved in something
75. There is nothing more valuable than _____ and freedom.
n. freedom from another's or others' control or influence
76. Excessive consumption of foods high in _____ can lead to headaches and other health problems.
n. a salt or ester of glutamic acid, a natural amino acid found in proteins, that functions as a neurotransmitter and plays a key role in neural signaling and brain function
77. I decided to seek counseling on the advice of my _____.
n. one of a group of a coworker, especially in a profession or a business
78. Winning the lottery brought a feeling of _____ to the lucky winner.
n. a feeling of intense happiness, excitement, or delight; a state of extreme joy or pleasure
79. Her scientific background led her to be _____ about the existence of a higher power.
n. a person who believes that it is impossible to know whether there is a god

ANSWERS: 72. trillion, 73. optimize, 74. implication, 75. independence, 76. glutamate, 77. colleague, 78. euphoria, 79. agnostic

80. The scientists conducted a _____ study to ensure the validity of their results.
- n.* a method of experimentation where neither the participants nor the experimenters know who is receiving a particular treatment used to prevent bias in research results
81. It was his first _____ love.
- adj.* of or relating to love or a sexual relationship
82. It's important to _____ your strengths and weaknesses.
- v.* to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
83. This process caused an _____ chemical reaction.
- adj.* possessing or exerting or displaying energy
84. Mozart was a musical _____.
- n.* someone who has exceptional intellectual ability and originality
85. They took the _____ step toward reconciliation.
- adj.* of or happening at the beginning; (noun) the first letter of a word, especially a person's name
86. He moved his body _____ to the left.
- adv.* in a small degree or extent; a little
87. I _____ to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.
- v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly

ANSWERS: 80. double-blind, 81. romantic, 82. recognize, 83. energetic, 84. genius, 85. initial, 86. slightly, 87. mentioned

88. Endorphins are a type of _____ that gives a sense of well-being.
- n.* a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles
89. The doctor carefully examined the _____ medical history.
- n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
90. It is a _____ in many families to have a big Thanksgiving dinner with all their relatives.
- n.* a belief, custom, or way of doing something that has been passed down from generation to generation within a group or society
91. The company has filed for a _____ to protect its new invention.
- n.* a legal document that grants an inventor exclusive rights to their invention for a certain period of time; the invention or process for which a patent has been granted
92. The community warmly welcomed the _____.
- n.* a displaced person who has crossed national borders and who cannot or is unwilling to return home due to political, religious, or economic reasons or because of a war
93. The patient will undergo _____ transplant surgery tomorrow.
- n.* a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins
94. This project took a lot of time to get the president's _____.
- n.* the belief that someone or something is good or acceptable

ANSWERS: 88. neurotransmitter, 89. patient's, 90. tradition, 91. patent, 92. refugees, 93. liver, 94. approval

95. The news of her promotion _____ her.
v. to make someone feel suddenly enthusiastic or eager
96. _____ the text from Italian into English.
v. to convert or change words into another language
97. The disease is now reaching _____ proportions in our country.
n. the widespread outbreak of a particular disease in a large number of people at the same time
98. The _____ for collecting rare books led him to spend his savings on a first edition.
n. a psychological or emotional state that is marked by excessive enthusiasm, excitement, or delusions; a strong and uncontrollable desire or craving for something
99. In our country, water _____ usually decreases during the winter.
n. the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
100. The _____ principle of every business was identical.
adj. significant as a cause or basis of something but not immediately apparent or stated clearly
101. I'm strongly _____ to that plan.
adj. being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something
102. She is a _____ person and has always bounced back from setbacks.
adj. able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions

ANSWERS: 95. excited, 96. Translate, 97. epidemic, 98. mania, 99. consumption, 100. underlying, 101. opposed, 102. resilient

103. The experience was so _____ that it left a lasting impact on the survivor's mental health.

adj. relating to or caused by injury, especially emotional injury

104. The new strategy will _____ the profitability of our company.

v. to increase or improve the quality, amount, or strength of someone or something

105. Most executives were _____ about future business conditions.

adj. hoping or expecting that good thing will happen or something will be successful

106. Relations between the two countries have been relatively _____ due to the summit meeting.

adj. firm and steady; not easily moved, disturbed, or changed

107. It was highly _____ to make jokes during a serious business meeting.

adj. not suitable or proper for a particular occasion, purpose, or person

108. The bill to increase the consumption tax had passed despite much _____ from the public.

n. the act of defending oneself from an aggressor or refusing to accept something

109. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

110. She is the president of a large international _____.

n. a group of people who work together for a shared purpose

ANSWERS: 103. traumatic, 104. enhance, 105. optimistic, 106. stable, 107. inappropriate, 108. resistance, 109. statistics, 110. organization

111. His gaffe spoiled the _____ of the dinner party.

n. the way you feel at a particular time; an angry or impatient state of mind

112. His allergies caused _____ release in his body, leading to congestion and sneezing.

n. a substance produced by the body, sometimes found in foods, that can cause allergic reactions, inflammation, or other physiological responses

113. They _____ customers with a premium for loyal patronage.

v. to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do

114. The media tends to _____ news stories to attract more viewers.

v. to present or portray something in a way that emphasizes its dramatic or emotional aspects; to make something into a drama or play

115. He was pretty _____ to pass the exam.

adj. having good luck or lucky

116. The patient was moved to the intensive care _____ for further treatment.

n. a room in a hospital for patients requiring special care

117. She gave money to help set up a _____ laboratory.

adj. relating to the production and selling of the medical drugs

118. She packed her sunscreen _____ to remember it on the beach trip.

adv. ahead of time; in advance

ANSWERS: 111. mood, 112. histamine, 113. encouraged, 114. dramatize, 115. fortunate, 116. ward, 117. pharmaceutical, 118. beforehand

119. Later, his claim was found to be _____ false.

adv. completely

120. Solar gravity creates _____ pressures and temperatures.

adj. very great in amount or degree

121. The company's hiring criteria emphasize personality, not a person's _____.

n. the details of a person's social heritage, such as family, vocational or educational experience; past information that is essential to understanding a situation or problem

122. When the _____ is amended, it often creates a great deal of controversy throughout the country

n. the set of fundamental principles or established precedents that a state, a country, or an organization is governed by; the act of forming or establishing something

123. The teacher attempted to _____ the root cause of our mistake.

v. to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning

124. He should _____ more with his colleagues.

v. to communicate or react with somebody

125. This company has invested heavily in Internet _____.

n. the activity of buying and selling things, especially on a large scale

126. Well-stretched muscles are less _____ to injury.

adj. easily influenced, harmed, or affected by something

ANSWERS: 119. entirely, 120. extreme, 121. background, 122. constitution, 123. analyze, 124. interact, 125. commerce, 126. susceptible

127. The doctor carried out vaccination and other _____ measures.

adj. capable of preventing disease or intended to prevent disease

128. The field of _____ is constantly evolving, with new treatments and approaches being developed all the time.

n. the branch of medicine concerned with the study, treatment, and prevention of mental illness

129. The treatments were done but, _____ were unsuccessful.

adv. by bad luck; unluckily

130. She is still _____ from a shot to her shoulder.

v. to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength

131. The _____ broke into the house bravely to rescue the children.

n. a person whose job is to extinguish fires

132. The virus uses an enzyme _____ to block the immune system's response.

n. a substance or agent that slows down or prevents a chemical reaction or biological process from occurring at normal rates, often used in medicine or industrial applications to control or regulate various functions or reactions

133. The _____ test helped to determine the cause of her symptoms.

n. a hypersensitivity disorder of the immune system, characterized by an exaggerated response to certain allergens, such as pollens, foods, and drugs

134. The charity provided meals and shelter to _____ the suffering of the homeless population.

v. to make a disease, condition, or symptom appear less severe or intense than it actually is; to alleviate or ease symptoms without curing the underlying cause

ANSWERS: 127. prophylactic, 128. psychiatry, 129. unfortunately, 130. recovering, 131. firefighter, 132. inhibitor, 133. allergy, 134. palliate

135. She is a talented _____ who has been recognized for her work.

n. a person who writes poetry

136. In the early 1900s, tuberculosis patients would check into a _____ for treatment.

n. a medical facility or institution for the long-term treatment or care of people with chronic illnesses or diseases, especially tuberculosis

137. The patient displays a _____ of a side effect.

n. any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease

138. Many people in tropical countries die from _____ every year.

n. a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito

139. My father was tested for _____.

n. a medical condition in which the body cannot produce enough insulin to control the glucose levels in the blood

140. Hospitals must meet various standards to prevent nosocomial _____.

n. a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body

141. The lack of sleep _____ both physical and psychological diseases.

v. to persuade someone to do something; to cause to act in a specific manner

142. We should start a discussion from scratch with no _____ ideas.

adj. (of an idea or opinion) formed beforehand, especially without evidence for its truth or usefulness

ANSWERS: 135. poet, 136. sanatorium, 137. symptom, 138. malaria, 139. diabetes, 140. infections, 141. induces, 142. preconceived

143. The _____ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.
adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
144. She couldn't _____ whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.
v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
145. Trial and error is an _____ part of education.
adj. indispensable; fundamental
146. They have no _____ to win the game.
n. something, such as a punishment, reward, etc., that encourages a person to do something
147. The disease has an _____ onset, making it difficult to diagnose.
adj. tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way
148. Please write to _____ your reservation.
v. to support or establish the truth or certainty of something previously believed or suspected to be the case
149. Over-the-counter _____ are less effective for patients who have taken many in the past.
n. medicine used to relieve physical pain
150. All the supervisor has to do is assign tasks that make his subordinates more _____.
adj. relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something

ANSWERS: 143. medicinal, 144. decide, 145. essential, 146. incentive, 147. insidious, 148. confirm, 149. painkillers, 150. creative

151. _____ the ceremony was held outdoors.

adv. in accordance with tradition; typically or commonly done in a particular way

152. This accident was something that happened _____.

adv. in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise

153. X-rays revealed a small tumor in his _____.

n. the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling

154. The disease is highly _____ and spreads quickly.

adj. able to be passed on to others through contact or proximity, especially by infection or disease

155. The older man _____ from arthritis and finds it difficult to move around.

v. to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant

156. The _____ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

157. The doctor prescribed some medicine for the mental _____.

n. an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions

158. Your _____ is capable of distinguishing among similar objects.

n. the ability to think logically and comprehend information, especially at an advanced level

ANSWERS: 151. Traditionally, 152. necessarily, 153. brain, 154. contagious, 155. suffers, 156. nation, 157. disorder, 158. intellect

159. The class was composed of both _____ and graduate students.

n. a student who is studying for their first degree at a university or other higher education institution

160. The doctor explained the various _____ changes that occur during pregnancy.

adj. relating to the normal functioning of living organisms and their organs and systems; concerning the physical or biochemical processes and activities that occur within the body

161. The protesters became _____ when the police tried to disperse them.

adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

162. The instrument has a high _____ to temperature changes.

n. the ability to perceive or respond to subtle differences or changes; the ability to understand and respond to the needs and feelings of others

163. Common salt is a sodium and chlorine _____.

n. an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements

164. The old barn was _____ into a modern event space.

v. to use something again for a different purpose than it was originally intended

165. Your talking _____ with my work.

v. to get involved in and prevent a process or activity from continuing

166. We dealt with those problems with speed and _____.

n. the quality of changing or being changed easily according to new conditions or situations

ANSWERS: 159. undergraduate, 160. physiological, 161. violent, 162. sensitivity, 163. compound, 164. repurposed, 165. interferes, 166. flexibility

167. The senator received _____ criticism from his opponent.

adj. extremely serious or bad in feeling, manner, or strict and harsh; extremely strong or vigorous

168. What do you _____ the culprit's motive was?

v. to think that something is likely to be actual or possible

169. He was _____ killed by friendly fire.

adv. by chance or without planning

170. Listening to music at a high volume may lead to a hearing _____.

n. a physical or mental condition that makes it difficult for someone to do some things that other people do

171. The doctor prescribed medication to _____ the patient's appetite.

v. to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force

172. The company's new _____ on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

173. The vaccination does not necessarily make you completely _____.

adj. protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells

174. The economy becomes more volatile and less _____.

adj. capable of being known, seen or declared in advance

ANSWERS: 167. severe, 168. suppose, 169. accidentally, 170. disability, 171. suppress, 172. policy, 173. immune, 174. predictable

175. Maximum heart rates _____ a lot for each individual.

v. to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.

176. Aging _____ up slowly with time.

v. to move slowly, quietly, and carefully, usually to avoid being seen or heard

177. The _____ party strongly disagreed with the government's proposed legislation.

n. the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement

178. The _____ exercised great care in landing.

n. a person who flies an aircraft, especially as a job; a person qualified to guide ships through a difficult area of water

179. This system prevents _____ deletion of data.

adj. happening or existing by chance or unintentionally

180. Our company has an audit team that monitors directors for _____ of authority.

n. the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner

181. We got caught up in an _____ case.

n. a violent physical attack; the crime of forcing someone to submit to sexual intercourse against their will

182. The car's front bumper cost fifteen hundred _____.

n. the standard unit of money in the UK; the standard unit of weight equal to 16 ounces

183. He received an _____ of antibiotics to treat his infection.

n. the act of introducing a liquid, especially a drug, into the body using a needle and a syringe

ANSWERS: 175. vary, 176. creeps, 177. opposition, 178. pilot, 179. accidental, 180. abuse, 181. assault, 182. pounds, 183. injection

184. She had lived through two world wars in her _____.

n. the duration of someone's life or something's existence;

185. The _____ partially destroyed my vehicle.

n. an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury

ANSWERS: 184. lifetime, 185. accident