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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Kimberlé Crenshaw: The urgency of intersectionality | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/kimberle_crenshaw_the_urgency_of_intersectionality

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

recognize

v. to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered

synonym: acknowledge, identify, admit

(1) **recognize** talent, (2) **recognize** achievement

It's important to **recognize** your strengths and weaknesses.

garner

v. to acquire or accumulate something through effort or attention

synonym: acquire, collect, obtain

(1) **garner** good reviews, (2) **garner** attention

He used his charm and charisma to **garner** support for his campaign.

aura

n. a distinctive feeling or quality that seems to surround a person or place; a low-level electromagnetic field surrounding a living organism or object

synonym: ambience, atmosphere, vibe

(1) positive **aura**, (2) **aura** of divinity

He had a mysterious **aura** that made people curious and intimidated.

spot

n. a particular location or place; a small round or roundish area, differing in color or feels from the surface around it

synonym: dot, mark, place

(1) beauty **spot**, (2) a **spot** on his honor

This remote **spot** is rarely visited.

encourage

v. to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do

synonym: facilitate, persuade, stimulate

(1) **encourage** a sense of affinity, (2) **encourage** antisocial behavior

They **encouraged** customers with a premium for loyal patronage.

transparency

n. the condition or quality of being easy to see through

synonym: clearness, clarity, translucence

(1) lack of **transparency**, (2) **transparency** during the trials

The main discussion topic is government **transparency**.

distinguish

v. to notice or understand the difference between two people or things

synonym: determine, differentiate, characterize

(1) **distinguish** these two things, (2) **distinguish** man from the other animals

This study **distinguished** four different ways to run a business.

gender

n. the range of characteristics of femininity and masculinity and differentiating between them, especially when considering social and cultural differences rather than differences in biology

synonym: sexuality

(1) **gender-blind** policies, (2) dual **gender**

Cultural norms strongly influence **gender** expectations.

distinct

adj. noticeable from something else of a similar type

synonym: different, special, characteristic

(1) **distinct** difference, (2) **distinct** from each other

It is essential to keep these two issues **distinct**.

recognition

n. the action or process of recognizing or being recognized, especially by remembering; an agreement that something is true or legal

synonym: acknowledgement, identification, credit

(1) **recognition** award, (2) joint **recognition**

He was given **recognition** for his outstanding work in the field of medicine.

psychology

n. the scientific study of mind and behavior

(1) **psychology** experiment, (2) **psychology** of crowd

She had a master's degree in **psychology**.

sociologist

n. a person who studies the institutions and development of human society

(1) religious **sociologist**, (2) French **sociologist**

Sociologist studies the changes in family structure due to modernization.

progressive

adj. relating to or supporting development or advancement, especially social or political one

synonym: advanced, forward-thinking, modern

(1) **progressive** taxation, (2) **progressive** development

The **progressive** approach to education emphasizes hands-on learning and student-centered classrooms.

congress

n. a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade unions, political parties, or other groups

synonym: legislature, parliament, assembly

(1) an international **congress**, (2) peace **congress**

Congress must consider this proposal in an unusual

situation.

awareness

n. the fact or state of knowing something exists and is important

synonym: understanding, cognition, knowledge

(1) **awareness** of my ignorance, (2) raise public **awareness**

There has been a gradual but steady rise in environmental **awareness**.

violent

adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

synonym: aggressive, intense, turbulent

(1) victim of a **violent** crime, (2) **violent** incident

The protesters became **violent** when the police tried to disperse them.

exceedingly

adv. to an extreme degree

synonym: enormously, especially, exceptionally

(1) **exceedingly** common, (2) an **exceedingly** difficult book

Fear is **exceedingly** infectious, and children catch it from their elders.

involve

v. to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else

synonym: implicate, include, engage

(1) **involve** a lot of paperwork, (2) **involve** a high degree of risk

The investigation **involves** several government agencies and is expected to take several months.

imply

v. to indicate the truth or existence of something without referring to it

synonym: hint, indicate, denote

(1) **imply** a strong correlation, (2) **imply** the presence of alien

The salespeople speak in technical terms to **imply** that they

are more knowledgeable than the customer.

victim

n. a person who has been harmed, injured, or otherwise negatively affected by a particular action, circumstance, or event

synonym : prey, target, sufferer

(1) **victim** support, (2) **victim** compensation

The **victim** of the crime deserves justice and support to recover from the trauma.

communicate

v. to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals

synonym : convey, share, transmit

(1) **communicate** his anxieties to the psychiatrist,

(2) **communicate** well with my advisor

Dolphins use sound to **communicate** with each other.

frame

n. a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window

synonym : body, skeleton, scaffolding

(1) a picture **frame**, (2) the **frame** of the policy

The detective looked for fingerprints on the window **frame**.

incorporate

v. to include something as a part of a larger entity

synonym : contain, integrate, amalgamate

(1) **incorporate** the current trends, (2) **incorporate** technology into daily life

We will attempt to **incorporate** some of your suggestions into our future strategy.

conscious

adj. being aware of and able to respond to what is happening around you

synonym : aware, cognizant, deliberate

(1) **conscious** effort, (2) **conscious** of having succeeded

He became **conscious** that he was being followed.

consequence

n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual

synonym : result, impact, outcome

(1) unintended **consequences**, (2) the **consequence** of an argument

These economic activities had disastrous environmental **consequences**.

policymaker

n. a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.

synonym : lawmaker, legislator

(1) education **policymaker**, (2) regional **policymaker**

Policymakers struggle to develop various laws and regulations to address international trade conflicts.

politician

n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.

synonym : congressperson, lawmaker, legislator

(1) a **politician** in the ruling party, (2) a corrupt **politician**

The **politician** lost his position in the end due to the scandal.

necessarily

adv. in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise

synonym : inevitable, certainly, automatically

(1) not **necessarily** a problem, (2) **necessarily** true

This accident was something that happened **necessarily**.

trickle

v. to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities

synonym : dribble, flow, seep

(1) **trickle** down my cheek, (2) **trickle** from his eyes

Water was beginning to **trickle** into the basement after the heavy rain.

crack

v. to break or cause to break without dividing into separate parts; (noun) a line on the surface of something along

which it has separated without breaking

synonym : snap, burst, break

(1) **crack** an eggshell, (2) a **crack** in a board

He that would eat the kernel must **crack** the nut.

movement

n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

synonym : motion, progression, action

(1) a circular **movement**, (2) **movement** of troops

The **movement** of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.

suffer

v. to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant

synonym : endure, undergo, tolerate

(1) **suffer** a setback, (2) **suffer** bad grades

The older man **suffers** from arthritis and finds it difficult to move around.

virtual

adj. being actually such in almost every respect; existing in essence or effect though not in actual fact

synonym : practical

(1) a **virtual** image, (2) trading of **virtual** currencies

She is the **virtual** president of the company.

isolation

n. the condition of being alone or lonely; the act or state of separation between persons or groups

synonym : aloneness, seclusion, separateness

(1) **isolation** booth, (2) the country's **isolation**

That incident led to his **isolation**.

intersection

n. a point where two or more roads, lines, etc., cross each other

synonym : crossroad, junction, hub

(1) busy **intersection**, (2) the **intersection** of coordinate axes

Take a right turn at the next **intersection**.

racism

n. prejudice, discrimination, or antagonism directed against a person or people based on their membership in a particular ethnic group, typically one that is a minority or marginalized

synonym: prejudice, discrimination, bias

(1) systemic **racism**, (2) research on anti- **racism**

The school's lack of diversity was a clear indication of the **racism** present in the community.

overlap

v. to partially cover something by going beyond its edge

synonym: overlay, cover, bespread

(1) **overlap** one another, (2) **overlap** in many areas

There was no **overlap** between their proposals.

injustice

n. a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society

synonym: unfairness, bias, discrimination

(1) gross **injustice**, (2) **injustice** system

The **injustice** of the court's decision angered many people and led to protests.

encounter

v. to face something, particularly something unpleasant or difficult, while attempting to do something else; to meet, especially unexpectedly

synonym: meet, run into, come across

(1) **encounter** a crisis, (2) **encounter** a storm

I'm prepared to **encounter** challenges throughout this adventure.

judge

n. a person who makes decisions in a court of law; (verb) to determine the result of or form a critical opinion of something

synonym: arbiter, justice, (verb) deduce

(1) **judge** a competition, (2) an associate **judge**

The strict **judge** ruled in favor of the plaintiff in the case.

dismiss

v. to regard something or someone as not important and not worth considering; to terminate someone's employment

synonym: decline, disband, dissolve

(1) **dismiss** a person from the office, (2) **dismiss** a matter with a laugh

The committee has decided to **dismiss** the president from the post.

claim

v. to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true

synonym: assert, declare, maintain

(1) **claim** responsibility, (2) false **claim**

He wants to **claim** ownership of the abandoned property.

discriminate

v. to treat a person or particular group of people worse or better than another, especially in an unfair way; to recognize or perceive the difference between people or things

synonym: show prejudice, segregate, differentiate

(1) **discriminate** against women employees,

(2) **discriminate** between different things

You should not **discriminate** against minorities.

manufacture

v. to make goods in large numbers, usually in a factory using machines

synonym: create, fabricate, assemble

(1) **manufacture** an enzyme, (2) **manufacture** a product

The majority of synthetic vitamins are **manufactured** from oil.

employ

v. to give somebody a job and pay them for it; to make use of

synonym: hire, engage, use

(1) **employ** job seekers, (2) **employ** a new method
When making arrests, police officers frequently **employ** excessive force.

hire

v. to give somebody a job
synonym: employ, engage, lease

(1) **hire** a guide, (2) **hire** a car by the hour
We should always be prepared to **hire** talented recruits.

suit

n. a set of clothes that are made from the same material; a claim or complaint that a person or organization can file in court against another party; (verb) to be fit or acceptable for

synonym: clothes, lawsuit, (verb) fit

(1) **suit** and tie restaurant, (2) **suit** at law
Six **suits** are awaiting trial or verdict.

argument

n. a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute

synonym: debate, discourse, discussion

(1) a blazing **argument**, (2) the **argument** against capital punishment

The **argument** between the two sides over the proposed policy was heated.

employer

n. a person or organization that pays workers to work for them

synonym: boss, owner, company

(1) illegal **employer**, (2) **employer** responsibility

An **employer's** attitude toward its employees significantly impacts their productivity.

acknowledge

v. to accept or admit the existence, reality, or truth of something; to accept that someone or something has a particular authority or quality; to express obligation, thanks, or gratitude for someone's help, commitment,

etc.;

synonym : accept, agree, declare

(1) **acknowledge** the deed, (2) **acknowledge** his help
He never **acknowledged** his fault.

industrial

adj. of or relating to or resulting from industry

synonym : manufacturing, mechanical

(1) beginning of the **industrial** revolution, (2) **industrial** alcohol

Industrial design has become more focused on human nature aspect than ever before.

maintenance

n. the act or process of keeping something, either artificial materials or living things, in good condition; the money needed for a person's or family's living expenses

synonym : care, perpetuation, support

(1) the **maintenance** of the car, (2) **maintenance** work
We have decided to extend our **maintenance** contract until next year.

policy

n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

synonym : strategy, plan, guideline

(1) health **policy**, (2) foreign **policy**

The company's new **policy** on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

refuse

v. to show that one is not willing to do or accept something

synonym : turn down, deny, decline

(1) **refuse** a request, (2) **refuse** the company

My initial reaction was to **refuse**.

preferential

adj. showing or giving preference or priority to a particular thing or person; giving special treatment or privilege to someone or something

synonym : preferential treatment, biased, partial

(1) **preferential** seating, (2) **preferential** pricing

The **preferential** treatment given to certain employees led to resentment from others in the company.

advantage

n. a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has

synonym : benefit, edge, asset

(1) score an **advantage**, (2) take **advantage** of his weak points

One of the main **advantages** of the new product is its increased efficiency.

bat

n. a nocturnal animal with wings that flies and feeds at night, similar to a mouse; a piece of wood with a handle used for hitting the ball in sports including baseball, cricket, and table tennis

synonym : cane, rod, stick

(1) **bat** cave, (2) **bat** an eye

The cave was a habitat for **bats**.

combine

v. to join or merge to form a single thing or group

synonym : coalesce, cohere, blend

(1) **combine** chemically with another substance,

(2) **combine** augmented reality

Hydrogen and oxygen **combine** to form water.

unfair

adj. not giving equal treatment or opportunities to people involved; marked by injustice, partiality, or deception

synonym : wrongful, biased, dishonest

(1) **unfair** employment practices, (2) have an **unfair** advantage

In a democracy, it is necessary to monitor the judiciary to see

if it is making **unfair** decisions.

refusal

n. the act of showing or saying that one is not willing to do or accept something

synonym: denial, rejection, turndown

(1) meet with a **refusal**, (2) **refusal** of inspection

She gave a firm **refusal**.

broaden

v. to make or become wider or more extensive; to make or become more tolerant or liberal.

synonym: expand, widen, enlarge

(1) **broaden** students' knowledge, (2) **broaden** their horizon

The company **broadened** its product line to include more customer options.

toss

v. to throw something carelessly with a light motion

synonym: throw, sway

(1) **toss** a coin, (2) **toss** the bottle into a trash can

It would be best if you **tossed** out all those old magazines.

feminist

adj. describing a belief in and advocacy for achieving gender equality in social, political, and economic spheres; advocating for the rights and empowerment of women;
(*noun*) a person who believes in and advocates for gender equality between men and women

synonym: egalitarian

(1) **feminist** movement, (2) **feminist** perspective

The **feminist** ideals of inclusivity and diversity are important in creating a more just and equal world.

racist

adj. characterized by or showing discrimination or prejudice against people of other races; (*noun*) a person with a prejudiced belief that one racial group is superior to others

synonym: discriminatory, prejudiced, bigoted

(1) far-right **racist**, (2) **racist** attitudes

The **racist** comments made by the politician caused

widespread condemnation.

strike

v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

synonym: hit, impact, influence

(1) **strike** up a conversation, (2) **strike** a blow

We **strike** to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

exclusion

n. the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something

synonym: omission, isolation, bar

(1) gender **exclusion**, (2) **exclusion** criteria

The policy of **exclusion** has caused significant harm to marginalized communities.

inconsequential

adj. of little or no importance or significance; trivial or negligible

synonym: insignificant, trivial, minor

(1) **inconsequential** details, (2) **inconsequential** effect

The mistake was **inconsequential** and did not significantly impact the outcome.

distort

v. to change something's shape, appearance, or sound so that it appears weird or unclear

synonym: fudge, deform, contort

(1) **distort** the facts, (2) **distort** the economy

Economists contend that taxes **distort** consumer behavior in general.

alternative

n. one of two or more available possibilities or choice

synonym: choice, option

(1) an **alternative** plan, (2) there is no other **alternative**

Doctors are gradually coming around to the idea of using **alternative** medicines.

narrative

n. a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story

synonym: the tale, chronology, annals

(1) **narrative** poetry, (2) personal **narrative**

The **narrative** handles multiple plot lines and has unpredictable ends.

prism

n. a three-dimensional object with a triangular base and parallel sides, which refracts (= to bend something) light that passes through it, resulting in the separation and display of the colors of the visible spectrum; a metaphorical term used to describe a situation that reveals or illuminates various aspects or perspectives of a particular phenomenon or topic

synonym: crystal, polyhedron

(1) **prism** spectrometer, (2) a **prism** of viewpoints

The scientist used an optical **prism** to analyze the dispersion of light in the laboratory experiment.

dilemma

n. a situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more options, especially that are equally unfavorable ones

synonym: difficulty, plight, predicament

(1) chicken-and-egg **dilemma**, (2) be in a **dilemma**

The choice between bureaucracy and adhococracy represents a common **dilemma**.

rescue

v. to save someone or something from a dangerous or difficult situation

synonym: save, extricate, retrieve

(1) **rescue** a dying dog, (2) **rescue** a company from bankruptcy

The fire department arrived just in time to **rescue** the family from the burning building.

analogy

n. a comparison between similar things that have similar aspects, often used to help explain a principle or

concept

synonym: metaphor, comparison, parallel

(1) draw **analogy**, (2) historical **analogy**

Some kinds of machine learning models show an **analogy** to how people learn.

workforce

n. all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.

synonym: labor pool, manpower

(1) skilled **workforce**, (2) the **workforce** is on strike

Many companies outsource and hire consultants to keep their **workforce** flexible.

structure

n. the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts

synonym: construction, architecture, establishment

(1) the **structure** of a machine, (2) **structure** and function of the brain

The organizational **structure** of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.

traffic

n. the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time

synonym: congestion, jam, flow

(1) **traffic** jam, (2) heavy **traffic**

We decided to take a detour to avoid the construction **traffic** on the main road.

precise

adj. sharply exact or accurate or delimited

synonym: accurate, exact, distinct

(1) **precise** analyses, (2) estimate **precise** costs

The content is **precise** and informative for me.

simultaneous

adj. happening or being done at the same time

synonym: concurrent, accompanying, coexisting

(1) the **simultaneous** release of the album,

(2) **simultaneous** equations

The **simultaneous** translation made it possible for everyone to understand the speaker.

ambulance

n. a vehicle specifically designed and equipped to transport sick or injured people to and from hospitals and other medical facilities

(1) dispatch an **ambulance**, (2) **ambulance** service

The **ambulance** crew quickly stabilized the patient before transporting them to the hospital.

intersect

v. to meet or cross one another

synonym: cross, bisect, cut

(1) **intersect** at a point, (2) railways **intersect** the country

Her multidisciplinary works **intersect** music and picture with writing.

abandon

v. to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity

synonym: relinquish, leave behind, disregard

(1) **abandon** a friend, (2) **abandon** the practice

The castle was **abandoned** several years later.

fender

n. a barrier that surrounds the wheels of a vehicle to block splashing water or mud; a cushion-like device that reduces shock due to an impact

synonym: cover, bumper, cushion

(1) front **fender**, (2) vehicle **fender**

He had a **fender** bender last night.

margin

n. the space around the edge of a page or document; (finance) the net sales minus the cost of goods and services sold

synonym: edge, border, periphery

(1) **margin** error, (2) a profit **margin**

Unfortunately, the book's **margin** was too small to make notes.

heterosexual

adj. attracted to individuals of the opposite sex

synonym: straight, conventional

(1) **heterosexual** relationship, (2) **heterosexual** marriage

He identified as **heterosexual** and had never considered being with someone of the same gender.

transphobia

n. prejudice, discrimination, or hostility towards transgender people or people who do not conform to traditional gender roles or expectations

synonym: gender bias, gender bigotry

(1) overcome **transphobia**, (2) experience **transphobia**

Discrimination and harassment against transgender individuals is a form of **transphobia** still prevalent in many parts of the world.

xenophobia

n. extreme fear or hatred of people from other countries

synonym: fear, hatred, aversion

(1) suffer from **xenophobia**, (2) linguistic **xenophobia**

The **xenophobia** in society makes it hard for immigrants to assimilate and integrate.

ableism

n. discrimination or prejudice against people with disabilities; the belief that non-disabled individuals are superior to those with disabilities

synonym: discrimination, bias, prejudice

(1) **ableism** awareness, (2) **ableism** discrimination

Many people with disabilities face **ableism** daily in the workplace or public spaces.

dynamics

n. the branch of mechanics that deals with the motion of bodies under the action of forces, including the particular case in which a body remains at rest; forces that produce or stimulate movement, growth, or change

synonym: mechanics, kinetics, kinematics

(1) **dynamics** of group, (2) **dynamics** of economy

The relationship **dynamics** between the two countries were complex and constantly changing.

expose

v. to show something by uncovering it; to make something accessible to some action or influence

synonym: disclose, reveal, uncover

(1) **expose** a crime, (2) **expose** a person to risks

That newspaper **exposed** a political scandal in a big way.

tragic

adj. causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate

synonym: calamitous, disastrous, catastrophic

(1) **tragic** love stories, (2) **tragic** death

The **tragic** events of the war left many families torn apart.

circumstance

n. the specific conditions or events that surround a particular situation or occurrence

synonym: condition, context, environment

(1) **circumstance** of birth, (2) **circumstance** of injury

She explained the **circumstances** surrounding the accident.

survive

v. to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period

synonym: endure, persist, stay

(1) **survive** a blizzard, (2) **survive** a plane crash

These birds can only **survive** in temperate climates.

stomp

v. to walk heavily and noisily, often with a rhythmical sound; to dance with a rhythmical step

synonym: trample, tread, dance

(1) **stomp** off to the room, (2) **stomp** on his foot

The children **stomped** their feet in time to the music.

suffocate

v. to die or cause someone to die from lack of air or inability to breathe; to be overwhelmed or constricted by a feeling or situation, such as anxiety or oppression

synonym: choke, smother, stifle

(1) **suffocate** to death, (2) **suffocate** fire

People can **suffocate** from a lack of oxygen in confined spaces.

manhandle

v. to handle or move someone or something roughly or awkwardly, often using physical force or without care; to treat someone roughly or brutally

synonym: handle roughly, grab, wrestle

(1) **manhandle** his property, (2) **manhandle** a piece of furniture

The movers tried to **manhandle** the heavy piano up the stairs but eventually had to call for a crane to lift it.

disability

n. a physical or mental condition that makes it difficult for someone to do some things that other people do

synonym: impairment, disadvantage, restriction

(1) a **disability** pension, (2) a learning **disability**

Listening to music at a high volume may lead to a hearing **disability**.

domestic

adj. relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international

synonym: endemic, private, household

(1) **domestic** airline, (2) a **domestic** animal

GDP stands for gross **domestic** product.

disturbance

n. something that interrupts a settled and peaceful condition or that makes someone feel nervous or worried

synonym: disorder, upset, annoyance

(1) a nervous **disturbance**, (2) a **disturbance** caused by a terrorist

This building construction causes serious **disturbance** to residents.

homeless

adj. without a home, and therefore typically living on the streets

synonym : destitute, displaced, transient

(1) **homeless** shelter, (2) a **homeless** cat

He became **homeless** after losing his job.

infant

n. a baby or very young child

synonym : baby, newborn, tot

(1) **infant** daughter, (2) **infant** food

Mozart was an **infant** prodigy.

strap

n. a long, narrow strip or belt of leather, fabric, or another material used for binding, fastening, or supporting something or someone; a band or string that attaches one object to another, often used to secure items during transport

synonym : band, belt, sling

(1) leather **strap**, (2) camera **strap**

The athlete tightened the **strap** on his running shoes before the race.

communal

adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

synonym : collaborative, combined, collective

(1) **communal** swimming pool, (2) **communal** combination of funds

Communal elections were held in several European countries.

outcry

n. a strong expression of public protest, anger, or dissent

synonym : protest, objection, dissent

(1) a great **outcry**, (2) national **outcry**

The **outcry** against the new policy was heard loud and clear by the government.

rally

v. a public meeting of a group of people intended to arouse enthusiasm

synonym : gathering, meetup, demonstration

(1) **rally** in front of the embassy, (2) the preliminary **rally**
There was a massive police presence at the anti-government **rally**.

protest

n. a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition

synonym: objection, disapproval, challenge

(1) hold a **protest**, (2) a silent **protest**

He left the party in **protest** at its radical political stance.

confer

v. to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something

synonym: consult, meet, discuss

(1) **confer** degree, (2) **confer** honor

The leaders of the two countries met to **confer** on the issue.

discuss

v. to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic

synonym: talk about, converse, debate

(1) **discuss** options, (2) **discuss** solutions

We need to **discuss** the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.

witness

n. a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident

synonym: onlooker, attestant, bystander

(1) **witness** of the car accident, (2) a material **witness**

The manufacturing industry is **witnessing** fierce competition.

confront

v. to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person

synonym: engage, encounter, contend

(1) **confront** a global warming, (2) **confront** the issue

He finally decided to **confront** problems directly.

humiliation

n. the feeling of being made to feel ashamed or foolish
synonym: mortification, degradation, embarrassment

(1) an intolerable **humiliation**, (2) a taste of **humiliation**
His public **humiliation** resulted from a cruel prank played by his colleagues.

opportune

adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose

synonym: suitable, timely, practical

(1) **opportune** occasion, (2) an **opportune** remark
The phone rang at the most **opportune** time.

trigger

v. to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function

synonym: activate, spark, drive

(1) **trigger** a biochemical response, (2) **trigger** inflation
The incident **triggered** a political controversy.

phenomenal

adj. extremely good or impressive; outstanding

synonym: extraordinary, remarkable, impressive

(1) **phenomenal** success, (2) **phenomenal** growth

The athlete's **phenomenal** performance broke all previous records.

reverse

v. to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear

synonym: overturn, shift, switch

(1) **reverse** the trend, (2) **reverse** the order

The restaurant **reversed** a ban on smoking.

clip

n. a small metal or plastic device used for holding an object or objects together or in place; a short part of electronic media, either an audio clip or video clip

synonym: buckle, hook, pin

(1) tie **clip**, (2) short video **clip**

He fastens some sheets of paper with a **clip**.

roll v. to move in a particular direction by turning over and over or from side to side
synonym: spin, swirl, wheel
(1) **roll** a ball, (2) **roll** down his cheeks
He was exhausted and **rolled** into bed as soon as he got home.

random *adj.* made, done, or happening without method, conscious decision, or any regular pattern
synonym: incidental, arbitrary, unanticipated
(1) a **random** choice, (2) bombs fell at **random**
To find drunk drivers, police conduct **random** tests.

disorder *n.* an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
synonym: chaos, disturbance, disease
(1) the files are in complete **disorder**, (2) people with bipolar **disorder**
The doctor prescribed some medicine for the mental **disorder**.

cacophony *n.* a harsh, discordant mixture of sounds; a jarring or unpleasant noise or combination of sounds
synonym: discord, noise, dissonance
(1) **cacophony** of sound, (2) emotional **cacophony**
The construction next door has created a constant **cacophony** of drilling and hammering.

represent v. to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
synonym: depict, express, describe
(1) **represent** by a diagram, (2) the characters that **represent** numbers

We elected him to **represent** us at the international conference.

intention

n. something you want to do and are going to do

synonym: purpose, connotation, will

(1) **intention** behind his decision, (2) clear **intention**

Our CEO's **intentions** are always transparent and straightforward.

singe

v. to burn something slightly or superficially, usually by mistake

synonym: sear, char, burn

(1) **singe** off the hair over the flames, (2) **singe** the edges of a fabric

I didn't realize the iron was still hot and **singed** my dress.

blacksmith

n. a smith who forges and shapes iron with a hammer and anvil

(1) **blacksmith** welding, (2) **blacksmith** shop

The **blacksmith** shaped a horseshoe on his anvil.

mourning

n. the act or expression of sorrow or grief for someone who has died; a period of time set aside for such grieving

synonym: grieving, sorrow, lamentation

(1) **mourning** period, (2) **mourning** ritual

She wore black clothing as a symbol of **mourning** for her grandmother.

grief

n. a very great sadness, especially when somebody dies

synonym: anguish, desperation, dismay

(1) have **grief** and sorrow, (2) a lot of **grief**

Each person has a unique **grief** experience.

transformation

n. a complete change in form, nature, or appearance of someone or something

synonym: change, conversion, renewal

(1) the **transformation** of a tadpole into a frog, (2) cast a **transformation** spell

Understanding unitary **transformations** of a normal matrix require considerable mathematical sophistication.

Session 2: Spelling

1. b_t cave *n.* a nocturnal animal with wings that flies and feeds at night, similar to a mouse; a piece of wood with a handle used for hitting the ball in sports including baseball, cricket, and table tennis
2. ab_____m discrimination *n.* discrimination or prejudice against people with disabilities; the belief that non-disabled individuals are superior to those with disabilities
3. the sim_____ous release of the album *adj.* happening or being done at the same time
4. di_____s solutions *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
5. en_____ge a sense of affinity *v.* to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do
6. vi_____t incident *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
7. si__e off the hair over the flames *v.* to burn something slightly or superficially, usually by mistake
8. score an ad_____ge *n.* a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has

ANSWERS: 1. bat, 2. ableism, 3. simultaneous, 4. discuss, 5. encourage, 6. violent, 7. singe, 8. advantage

9. heavy tr____c *n.* the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time
10. ra__y in front of the embassy *v.* a public meeting of a group of people intended to arouse enthusiasm
11. unintended con_____ces *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
12. su_____e a plane crash *v.* to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period
13. trading of vi_____l currencies *adj.* being actually such in almost every respect; existing in essence or effect though not in actual fact
14. tr___c love stories *adj.* causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate
15. cr__k an eggshell *v.* to break or cause to break without dividing into separate parts; (noun) a line on the surface of something along which it has separated without breaking
16. cir_____nce of birth *n.* the specific conditions or events that surround a particular situation or occurrence
17. ex___e a person to risks *v.* to show something by uncovering it; to make something accessible to some action or influence
18. ho_____ss shelter *adj.* without a home, and therefore typically living on the streets

ANSWERS: 9. traffic, 10. rally, 11. consequence, 12. survive, 13. virtual, 14. tragic, 15. crack, 16. circumstance, 17. expose, 18. homeless

19. sim_____ous equations *adj.* happening or being done at the same time
20. the con_____ce of an argument *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
21. a pr__m of viewpoints *n.* a three-dimensional object with a triangular base and parallel sides, which refracts (= to bend something) light that passes through it, resulting in the separation and display of the colors of the visible spectrum; a metaphorical term used to describe a situation that reveals or illuminates various aspects or perspectives of a particular phenomenon or topic
22. tie c__p *n.* a small metal or plastic device used for holding an object or objects together or in place; a short part of electronic media, either an audio clip or video clip
23. phe_____al success *adj.* extremely good or impressive; outstanding
24. skilled wo_____ce *n.* all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.
25. ma___n error *n.* the space around the edge of a page or document; (finance) the net sales minus the cost of goods and services sold
26. the characters that re_____nt numbers *v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
27. re___e a dying dog *v.* to save someone or something from a dangerous or difficult situation

ANSWERS: 19. simultaneous, 20. consequence, 21. prism, 22. clip, 23. phenomenal, 24. workforce, 25. margin, 26. represent, 27. rescue

28. wi____s of the car accident *n.* a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident
29. bombs fell at ra___m *adj.* made, done, or happening without method, conscious decision, or any regular pattern
30. not nec_____ly a problem *adv.* in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise
31. em___y a new method *v.* to give somebody a job and pay them for it; to make use of
32. inc_____ial details *adj.* of little or no importance or significance; trivial or negligible
33. co_____us effort *adj.* being aware of and able to respond to what is happening around you
34. het_____ual relationship *adj.* attracted to individuals of the opposite sex
35. a dis_____ce caused by a terrorist *n.* something that interrupts a settled and peaceful condition or that makes someone feel nervous or worried
36. a silent pr_____t *n.* a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition
37. en_____er a crisis *v.* to face something, particularly something unpleasant or difficult, while attempting to do something else; to meet, especially unexpectedly
38. mo_____nt of troops *n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

ANSWERS: 28. witness, 29. random, 30. necessarily, 31. employ, 32. inconsequential, 33. conscious, 34. heterosexual, 35. disturbance, 36. protest, 37. encounter, 38. movement

39. re___e a company from bankruptcy *v.* to save someone or something from a dangerous or difficult situation
40. man_____re a product *v.* to make goods in large numbers, usually in a factory using machines
41. s__t at law *n.* a set of clothes that are made from the same material; a claim or complaint that a person or organization can file in court against another party; (verb) to be fit or acceptable for
42. beginning of the ind_____al revolution *adj.* of or relating to or resulting from industry
43. di_____t the facts *v.* to change something's shape, appearance, or sound so that it appears weird or unclear
44. beauty s__t *n.* a particular location or place; a small round or roundish area, differing in color or feels from the surface around it
45. French soc_____st *n.* a person who studies the institutions and development of human society
46. dis_____sh these two things *v.* to notice or understand the difference between two people or things
47. ab_____m awareness *n.* discrimination or prejudice against people with disabilities; the belief that non-disabled individuals are superior to those with disabilities
48. co_____al combination of funds *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
49. b_t an eye *n.* a nocturnal animal with wings that flies and feeds at night, similar to a mouse; a piece of wood with a handle used for hitting the ball in sports including baseball, cricket, and table tennis

ANSWERS: 39. rescue, 40. manufacture, 41. suit, 42. industrial, 43. distort, 44. spot, 45. sociologist, 46. distinguish, 47. ableism, 48. communal, 49. bat

50. di_____t the economy *v.* to change something's shape, appearance, or sound so that it appears weird or unclear
51. ga____r attention *v.* to acquire or accumulate something through effort or attention
52. com_____te well with my advisor *v.* to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals
53. the preliminary ra__y *v.* a public meeting of a group of people intended to arouse enthusiasm
54. mo_____ng ritual *n.* the act or expression of sorrow or grief for someone who has died; a period of time set aside for such grieving
55. em____y job seekers *v.* to give somebody a job and pay them for it; to make use of
56. take ad_____ge of his weak points *n.* a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has
57. suffer from xen_____ia *n.* extreme fear or hatred of people from other countries
58. ab_____n a friend *v.* to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity
59. a corrupt pol_____an *n.* a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
60. st_____re and function of the brain *n.* the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts

ANSWERS: 50. distort, 51. garner, 52. communicate, 53. rally, 54. mourning, 55. employ, 56. advantage, 57. xenophobia, 58. abandon, 59. politician, 60. structure

61. draw an____y *n.* a comparison between similar things that have similar aspects, often used to help explain a principle or concept
62. regional pol____er *n.* a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.
63. un____r employment practices *adj.* not giving equal treatment or opportunities to people involved; marked by injustice, partiality, or deception
64. re____e the company *v.* to show that one is not willing to do or accept something
65. com____te his anxieties to the psychiatrist *v.* to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals
66. su____te fire *v.* to die or cause someone to die from lack of air or inability to breathe; to be overwhelmed or constricted by a feeling or situation, such as anxiety or oppression
67. cast a tra____ion spell *n.* a complete change in form, nature, or appearance of someone or something
68. chicken-and-egg di____a *n.* a situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more options, especially that are equally unfavorable ones
69. su____r a setback *v.* to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant

ANSWERS: 61. analogy, 62. policymaker, 63. unfair, 64. refuse, 65. communicate, 66. suffocate, 67. transformation, 68. dilemma, 69. suffer

70. front fe___r *n.* a barrier that surrounds the wheels of a vehicle to block splashing water or mud; a cushion-like device that reduces shock due to an impact
71. re_____nt by a diagram *v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
72. tr_____e down my cheek *v.* to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities
73. si__e the edges of a fabric *v.* to burn something slightly or superficially, usually by mistake
74. tr_____e from his eyes *v.* to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities
75. in_____e a high degree of risk *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
76. ack_____ge the deed *v.* to accept or admit the existence, reality, or truth of something; to accept that someone or something has a particular authority or quality; to express obligation, thanks, or gratitude for someone's help, commitment, etc.;
77. have gr__f and sorrow *n.* a very great sadness, especially when somebody dies
78. systemic ra___m *n.* prejudice, discrimination, or antagonism directed against a person or people based on their membership in a particular ethnic group, typically one that is a minority or marginalized

ANSWERS: 70. fender, 71. represent, 72. trickle, 73. singe, 74. trickle, 75. involve, 76. acknowledge, 77. grief, 78. racism

79. re_____ze achievement *v.* to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
80. overcome tra_____ia *n.* prejudice, discrimination, or hostility towards transgender people or people who do not conform to traditional gender roles or expectations
81. exc_____ly common *adv.* to an extreme degree
82. ma_____le his property *v.* to handle or move someone or something roughly or awkwardly, often using physical force or without care; to treat someone roughly or brutally
83. an op_____ne remark *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
84. a vi_____l image *adj.* being actually such in almost every respect; existing in essence or effect though not in actual fact
85. ov_____p one another *v.* to partially cover something by going beyond its edge
86. ju__e a competition *n.* a person who makes decisions in a court of law; (verb) to determine the result of or form a critical opinion of something
87. a ho_____ss cat *adj.* without a home, and therefore typically living on the streets
88. dispatch an am_____ce *n.* a vehicle specifically designed and equipped to transport sick or injured people to and from hospitals and other medical facilities

ANSWERS: 79. recognize, 80. transphobia, 81. exceedingly, 82. manhandle, 83. opportune, 84. virtual, 85. overlap, 86. judge, 87. homeless, 88. ambulance

89. in_____on behind his decision *n.* something you want to do and are going to do
90. national ou____y *n.* a strong expression of public protest, anger, or dissent
91. st____e up a conversation *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
92. re_____e the trend *v.* to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear
93. positive a__a *n.* a distinctive feeling or quality that seems to surround a person or place; a low-level electromagnetic field surrounding a living organism or object
94. in_____e a lot of paperwork *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
95. a pol_____an in the ruling party *n.* a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
96. re_____e the order *v.* to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear
97. in_____ct at a point *v.* to meet or cross one another
98. health po____y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

ANSWERS: 89. intention, 90. outcry, 91. strike, 92. reverse, 93. aura, 94. involve, 95. politician, 96. reverse, 97. intersect, 98. policy

99. pro_____ve development *adj.* relating to or supporting development or advancement, especially social or political one
100. emotional ca_____ny *n.* a harsh, discordant mixture of sounds; a jarring or unpleasant noise or combination of sounds
101. gross in_____ce *n.* a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society
102. vi___m support *n.* a person who has been harmed, injured, or otherwise negatively affected by a particular action, circumstance, or event
103. co_____nt a global warming *v.* to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person
104. do_____ic airline *adj.* relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international
105. op_____ne occasion *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
106. st__p on his foot *v.* to walk heavily and noisily, often with a rhythmical sound; to dance with a rhythmical step
107. psy_____gy of crowd *n.* the scientific study of mind and behavior
108. di_____ct from each other *adj.* noticeable from something else of a similar type
109. research on anti-ra___m *n.* prejudice, discrimination, or antagonism directed against a person or people based on their membership in a particular ethnic group, typically one that is a minority or marginalized

ANSWERS: 99. progressive, 100. cacophony, 101. injustice, 102. victim, 103. confront, 104. domestic, 105. opportune, 106. stomp, 107. psychology, 108. distinct, 109. racism

110. the files are in complete di_____er *n.* an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
111. the ar_____nt against capital punishment *n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
112. inc_____ial effect *adj.* of little or no importance or significance; trivial or negligible
113. re_____ze talent *v.* to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
114. br_____n their horizon *v.* to make or become wider or more extensive; to make or become more tolerant or liberal.
115. tr_____c jam *n.* the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time
116. tr_____r a biochemical response *v.* to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function
117. fe_____st perspective *adj.* describing a belief in and advocacy for achieving gender equality in social, political, and economic spheres; advocating for the rights and empowerment of women; (noun) a person who believes in and advocates for gender equality between men and women

ANSWERS: 110. disorder, 111. argument, 112. inconsequential, 113. recognize, 114. broaden, 115. traffic, 116. trigger, 117. feminist

118. ov____p in many areas *v.* to partially cover something by going beyond its edge
119. an international co____ss *n.* a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade unions, political parties, or other groups
120. a do____ic animal *adj.* relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international
121. in____t daughter *n.* a baby or very young child
122. raise public aw____ss *n.* the fact or state of knowing something exists and is important
123. a lot of gr__f *n.* a very great sadness, especially when somebody dies
124. there is no other alt____ve *n.* one of two or more available possibilities or choice
125. gender ex____on *n.* the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something
126. estimate pr____e costs *adj.* sharply exact or accurate or delimited
127. peace co____ss *n.* a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade unions, political parties, or other groups
128. cir____nce of injury *n.* the specific conditions or events that surround a particular situation or occurrence
129. nec____ly true *adv.* in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise

ANSWERS: 118. overlap, 119. congress, 120. domestic, 121. infant, 122. awareness, 123. grief, 124. alternative, 125. exclusion, 126. precise, 127. congress, 128. circumstance, 129. necessarily

130. st__p off to the room *v.* to walk heavily and noisily, often with a rhythmical sound; to dance with a rhythmical step
131. people with bipolar di____er *n.* an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
132. have an un____r advantage *adj.* not giving equal treatment or opportunities to people involved; marked by injustice, partiality, or deception
133. am____ce service *n.* a vehicle specifically designed and equipped to transport sick or injured people to and from hospitals and other medical facilities
134. personal na____ve *n.* a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story
135. im__y the presence of alien *v.* to indicate the truth or existence of something without referring to it
136. short video c__p *n.* a small metal or plastic device used for holding an object or objects together or in place; a short part of electronic media, either an audio clip or video clip
137. joint rec____on *n.* the action or process of recognizing or being recognized, especially by remembering; an agreement that something is true or legal
138. a profit ma____n *n.* the space around the edge of a page or document; (finance) the net sales minus the cost of goods and services sold

ANSWERS: 130. stomp, 131. disorder, 132. unfair, 133. ambulance, 134. narrative, 135. imply, 136. clip, 137. recognition, 138. margin

139. a s__t on his honor *n.* a particular location or place; a small round or roundish area, differing in color or feels from the surface around it
140. ex_____on criteria *n.* the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something
141. be in a di_____a *n.* a situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more options, especially that are equally unfavorable ones
142. a circular mo_____nt *n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
143. mo_____ng period *n.* the act or expression of sorrow or grief for someone who has died; a period of time set aside for such grieving
144. an exc_____ly difficult book *adv.* to an extreme degree
145. a taste of hum_____on *n.* the feeling of being made to feel ashamed or foolish
146. victim of a vi_____t crime *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
147. h__e a guide *v.* to give somebody a job
148. the tra_____ion of a tadpole into a frog *n.* a complete change in form, nature, or appearance of someone or something

ANSWERS: 139. spot, 140. exclusion, 141. dilemma, 142. movement, 143. mourning, 144. exceedingly, 145. humiliation, 146. violent, 147. hire, 148. transformation

149. the country's is_____on *n.* the condition of being alone or lonely; the act or state of separation between persons or groups
150. di_____ct difference *adj.* noticeable from something else of a similar type
151. su_____e a blizzard *v.* to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period
152. far-right ra____t *adj.* characterized by or showing discrimination or prejudice against people of other races; (noun) a person with a prejudiced belief that one racial group is superior to others
153. na_____ve poetry *n.* a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story
154. tra_____ncy during the trials *n.* the condition or quality of being easy to see through
155. dis_____ate against women employees *v.* to treat a person or particular group of people worse or better than another, especially in an unfair way; to recognize or perceive the difference between people or things
156. man_____re an enzyme *v.* to make goods in large numbers, usually in a factory using machines
157. st____e a blow *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
158. the int_____ion of coordinate axes *n.* a point where two or more roads, lines, etc., cross each other
159. illegal em_____er *n.* a person or organization that pays workers to work for them

ANSWERS: 149. isolation, 150. distinct, 151. survive, 152. racist, 153. narrative, 154. transparency, 155. discriminate, 156. manufacture, 157. strike, 158. intersection, 159. employer

160. the fr__e of the policy *n.* a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window
161. co_____e chemically with another substance *v.* to join or merge to form a single thing or group
162. di_____s a matter with a laugh *v.* to regard something or someone as not important and not worth considering; to terminate someone's employment
163. busy int_____ion *n.* a point where two or more roads, lines, etc., cross each other
164. ex___e a crime *v.* to show something by uncovering it; to make something accessible to some action or influence
165. bla_____th shop *n.* a smith who forges and shapes iron with a hammer and anvil
166. a cr__k in a board *v.* to break or cause to break without dividing into separate parts; (noun) a line on the surface of something along which it has separated without breaking
167. an associate ju__e *n.* a person who makes decisions in a court of law; (verb) to determine the result of or form a critical opinion of something
168. false cl__m *v.* to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true

ANSWERS: 160. frame, 161. combine, 162. dismiss, 163. intersection, 164. expose, 165. blacksmith, 166. crack, 167. judge, 168. claim

169. hold a pr____t *n.* a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition
170. ga___r good reviews *v.* to acquire or accumulate something through effort or attention
171. dis_____sh man from the other animals *v.* to notice or understand the difference between two people or things
172. a blazing ar_____nt *n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
173. inc_____te the current trends *v.* to include something as a part of a larger entity
174. tr___c death *adj.* causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate
175. ca_____ny of sound *n.* a harsh, discordant mixture of sounds; a jarring or unpleasant noise or combination of sounds
176. co_____al swimming pool *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
177. s__t and tie restaurant *n.* a set of clothes that are made from the same material; a claim or complaint that a person or organization can file in court against another party; (verb) to be fit or acceptable for
178. dy_____cs of economy *n.* the branch of mechanics that deals with the motion of bodies under the action of forces, including the particular case in which a body remains at rest; forces that produce or stimulate movement, growth, or change

ANSWERS: 169. protest, 170. garner, 171. distinguish, 172. argument, 173. incorporate, 174. tragic, 175. cacophony, 176. communal, 177. suit, 178. dynamics

179. ab____n the practice *v.* to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity
180. br____n students' knowledge *v.* to make or become wider or more extensive; to make or become more tolerant or liberal.
181. in____ce system *n.* a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society
182. bla____th welding *n.* a smith who forges and shapes iron with a hammer and anvil
183. religious soc____st *n.* a person who studies the institutions and development of human society
184. su___r bad grades *v.* to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant
185. the mai____ce of the car *n.* the act or process of keeping something, either artificial materials or living things, in good condition; the money needed for a person's or family's living expenses
186. ra___t attitudes *adj.* characterized by or showing discrimination or prejudice against people of other races; (noun) a person with a prejudiced belief that one racial group is superior to others
187. co___r degree *v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
188. r___l a ball *v.* to move in a particular direction by turning over and over or from side to side

ANSWERS: 179. abandon, 180. broaden, 181. injustice, 182. blacksmith, 183. sociologist, 184. suffer, 185. maintenance, 186. racist, 187. confer, 188. roll

189. phe_____al growth *adj.* extremely good or impressive; outstanding
190. en_____ge antisocial behavior *v.* to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do
191. the wo_____ce is on strike *n.* all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.
192. railways in_____ct the country *v.* to meet or cross one another
193. in____t food *n.* a baby or very young child
194. vi____m compensation *n.* a person who has been harmed, injured, or otherwise negatively affected by a particular action, circumstance, or event
195. pro_____ve taxation *adj.* relating to or supporting development or advancement, especially social or political one
196. ma_____le a piece of furniture *v.* to handle or move someone or something roughly or awkwardly, often using physical force or without care; to treat someone roughly or brutally
197. pr__m spectrometer *n.* a three-dimensional object with a triangular base and parallel sides, which refracts (= to bend something) light that passes through it, resulting in the separation and display of the colors of the visible spectrum; a metaphorical term used to describe a situation that reveals or illuminates various aspects or perspectives of a particular phenomenon or topic

ANSWERS: 189. phenomenal, 190. encourage, 191. workforce, 192. intersect, 193. infant, 194. victim, 195. progressive, 196. manhandle, 197. prism

198. an intolerable hum_____on *n.* the feeling of being made to feel ashamed or foolish
199. dual ge___r *n.* the range of characteristics of femininity and masculinity and differentiating between them, especially when considering social and cultural differences rather than differences in biology
200. inc_____te technology into daily life *v.* to include something as a part of a larger entity
201. a great ou___y *n.* a strong expression of public protest, anger, or dissent
202. cl__m responsibility *v.* to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
203. experience tra_____ia *n.* prejudice, discrimination, or hostility towards transgender people or people who do not conform to traditional gender roles or expectations
204. pre_____ial pricing *adj.* showing or giving preference or priority to a particular thing or person; giving special treatment or privilege to someone or something
205. foreign po___y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

ANSWERS: 198. humiliation, 199. gender, 200. incorporate, 201. outcry, 202. claim, 203. transphobia, 204. preferential, 205. policy

206. pr____e analyses *adj.* sharply exact or accurate or delimited
207. dy____cs of group *n.* the branch of mechanics that deals with the motion of bodies under the action of forces, including the particular case in which a body remains at rest; forces that produce or stimulate movement, growth, or change
208. a__a of divinity *n.* a distinctive feeling or quality that seems to surround a person or place; a low-level electromagnetic field surrounding a living organism or object
209. t__s the bottle into a trash can *v.* to throw something carelessly with a light motion
210. vehicle fe____r *n.* a barrier that surrounds the wheels of a vehicle to block splashing water or mud; a cushion-like device that reduces shock due to an impact
211. su____te to death *v.* to die or cause someone to die from lack of air or inability to breathe; to be overwhelmed or constricted by a feeling or situation, such as anxiety or oppression
212. clear in____on *n.* something you want to do and are going to do
213. historical an____y *n.* a comparison between similar things that have similar aspects, often used to help explain a principle or concept
214. fe____st movement *adj.* describing a belief in and advocacy for achieving gender equality in social, political, and economic spheres; advocating for the rights and empowerment of women; (noun) a person who believes in and advocates for gender equality between men and women

ANSWERS: 206. precise, 207. dynamics, 208. aura, 209. toss, 210. fender, 211. suffocate, 212. intention, 213. analogy, 214. feminist

215. a material wi_____s *n.* a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident
216. im__y a strong correlation *v.* to indicate the truth or existence of something without referring to it
217. ind_____al alcohol *adj.* of or relating to or resulting from industry
218. is_____on booth *n.* the condition of being alone or lonely; the act or state of separation between persons or groups
219. dis_____ate between different things *v.* to treat a person or particular group of people worse or better than another, especially in an unfair way; to recognize or perceive the difference between people or things
220. en_____er a storm *v.* to face something, particularly something unpleasant or difficult, while attempting to do something else; to meet, especially unexpectedly
221. di_____s options *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
222. aw_____ss of my ignorance *n.* the fact or state of knowing something exists and is important
223. co_____us of having succeeded *adj.* being aware of and able to respond to what is happening around you
224. re___e a request *v.* to show that one is not willing to do or accept something
225. ack_____ge his help *v.* to accept or admit the existence, reality, or truth of something; to accept that someone or something has a particular authority or quality; to express obligation, thanks, or gratitude for someone's help, commitment, etc.;

ANSWERS: 215. witness, 216. imply, 217. industrial, 218. isolation, 219. discriminate, 220. encounter, 221. discuss, 222. awareness, 223. conscious, 224. refuse, 225. acknowledge

226. the st_____re of a machine *n.* the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
227. meet with a re_____l *n.* the act of showing or saying that one is not willing to do or accept something
228. education pol_____er *n.* a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.
229. a learning dis_____ty *n.* a physical or mental condition that makes it difficult for someone to do some things that other people do
230. h__e a car by the hour *v.* to give somebody a job
231. lack of tra_____ncy *n.* the condition or quality of being easy to see through
232. co___r honor *v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
233. t__s a coin *v.* to throw something carelessly with a light motion
234. co_____nt the issue *v.* to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person
235. het_____ual marriage *adj.* attracted to individuals of the opposite sex
236. tr_____r inflation *v.* to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function
237. a ra___m choice *adj.* made, done, or happening without method, conscious decision, or any regular pattern

ANSWERS: 226. structure, 227. refusal, 228. policymaker, 229. disability, 230. hire, 231. transparency, 232. confer, 233. toss, 234. confront, 235. heterosexual, 236. trigger, 237. random

238. r__l down his cheeks *v.* to move in a particular direction by turning over and over or from side to side
239. ge___r-blind policies *n.* the range of characteristics of femininity and masculinity and differentiating between them, especially when considering social and cultural differences rather than differences in biology
240. em_____er responsibility *n.* a person or organization that pays workers to work for them
241. leather st__p *n.* a long, narrow strip or belt of leather, fabric, or another material used for binding, fastening, or supporting something or someone; a band or string that attaches one object to another, often used to secure items during transport
242. a nervous dis_____ce *n.* something that interrupts a settled and peaceful condition or that makes someone feel nervous or worried
243. an alt_____ve plan *n.* one of two or more available possibilities or choice
244. psy_____gy experiment *n.* the scientific study of mind and behavior
245. re_____l of inspection *n.* the act of showing or saying that one is not willing to do or accept something
246. linguistic xen_____ia *n.* extreme fear or hatred of people from other countries
247. di_____s a person from the office *v.* to regard something or someone as not important and not worth considering; to terminate someone's employment

ANSWERS: 238. roll, 239. gender, 240. employer, 241. strap, 242. disturbance, 243. alternative, 244. psychology, 245. refusal, 246. xenophobia, 247. dismiss

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The phone rang at the most _____ time.
adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
2. _____ elections were held in several European countries.
adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
3. They _____ customers with a premium for loyal patronage.
v. to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do
4. Unfortunately, the book's _____ was too small to make notes.
n. the space around the edge of a page or document; (finance) the net sales minus the cost of goods and services sold
5. We have decided to extend our _____ contract until next year.
n. the act or process of keeping something, either artificial materials or living things, in good condition; the money needed for a person's or family's living expenses
6. The athlete's _____ performance broke all previous records.
adj. extremely good or impressive; outstanding
7. The _____ of the crime deserves justice and support to recover from the trauma.
n. a person who has been harmed, injured, or otherwise negatively affected by a particular action, circumstance, or event

ANSWERS: 1. opportune, 2. Communal, 3. encouraged, 4. margin, 5. maintenance, 6. phenomenal, 7. victim

8. Doctors are gradually coming around to the idea of using _____ medicines.
n. one of two or more available possibilities or choice
9. He became _____ after losing his job.
adj. without a home, and therefore typically living on the streets
10. The strict _____ ruled in favor of the plaintiff in the case.
n. a person who makes decisions in a court of law; (verb) to determine the result of or form a critical opinion of something
11. The _____ of the court's decision angered many people and led to protests.
n. a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society
12. _____ struggle to develop various laws and regulations to address international trade conflicts.
n. a person in charge of or involved in developing action plans for a political party, business, etc.
13. The _____ handles multiple plot lines and has unpredictable ends.
n. a story or a description of a series of events or process of telling a story
14. The scientist used an optical _____ to analyze the dispersion of light in the laboratory experiment.
n. a three-dimensional object with a triangular base and parallel sides, which refracts (= to bend something) light that passes through it, resulting in the separation and display of the colors of the visible spectrum; a metaphorical term used to describe a situation that reveals or illuminates various aspects or perspectives of a particular phenomenon or topic

ANSWERS: 8. alternative, 9. homeless, 10. judge, 11. injustice, 12. Policymakers, 13. narrative, 14. prism

15. The athlete tightened the _____ on his running shoes before the race.
- n.* a long, narrow strip or belt of leather, fabric, or another material used for binding, fastening, or supporting something or someone; a band or string that attaches one object to another, often used to secure items during transport
16. The investigation _____ several government agencies and is expected to take several months.
- v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
17. The majority of synthetic vitamins are _____ from oil.
- v.* to make goods in large numbers, usually in a factory using machines
18. We elected him to _____ us at the international conference.
- v.* to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
19. Understanding unitary _____ of a normal matrix require considerable mathematical sophistication.
- n.* a complete change in form, nature, or appearance of someone or something
20. The main discussion topic is government _____.
- n.* the condition or quality of being easy to see through
21. The _____ crew quickly stabilized the patient before transporting them to the hospital.
- n.* a vehicle specifically designed and equipped to transport sick or injured people to and from hospitals and other medical facilities
22. Cultural norms strongly influence _____ expectations.
- n.* the range of characteristics of femininity and masculinity and differentiating between them, especially when considering social and cultural differences rather than differences in biology

ANSWERS: 15. strap, 16. involves, 17. manufactured, 18. represent, 19. transformations, 20. transparency, 21. ambulance, 22. gender

23. It's important to _____ your strengths and weaknesses.
- v. to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
24. Discrimination and harassment against transgender individuals is a form of _____ still prevalent in many parts of the world.
- n. prejudice, discrimination, or hostility towards transgender people or people who do not conform to traditional gender roles or expectations
25. I didn't realize the iron was still hot and _____ my dress.
- v. to burn something slightly or superficially, usually by mistake
26. It would be best if you _____ out all those old magazines.
- v. to throw something carelessly with a light motion
27. Dolphins use sound to _____ with each other.
- v. to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals
28. These economic activities had disastrous environmental _____.
- n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
29. She explained the _____ surrounding the accident.
- n. the specific conditions or events that surround a particular situation or occurrence
30. The content is _____ and informative for me.
- adj. sharply exact or accurate or delimited

ANSWERS: 23. recognize, 24. transphobia, 25. singed, 26. tossed, 27. communicate, 28. consequences, 29. circumstances, 30. precise

31. In a democracy, it is necessary to monitor the judiciary to see if it is making _____ decisions.

adj. not giving equal treatment or opportunities to people involved; marked by injustice, partiality, or deception

32. The children _____ their feet in time to the music.

v. to walk heavily and noisily, often with a rhythmical sound; to dance with a rhythmical step

33. The _____ shaped a horseshoe on his anvil.

n. a smith who forges and shapes iron with a hammer and anvil

34. Many people with disabilities face _____ daily in the workplace or public spaces.

n. discrimination or prejudice against people with disabilities; the belief that non-disabled individuals are superior to those with disabilities

35. _____ must consider this proposal in an unusual situation.

n. a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade unions, political parties, or other groups

36. His public _____ resulted from a cruel prank played by his colleagues.

n. the feeling of being made to feel ashamed or foolish

37. She gave a firm _____.

n. the act of showing or saying that one is not willing to do or accept something

38. He was exhausted and _____ into bed as soon as he got home.

v. to move in a particular direction by turning over and over or from side to side

ANSWERS: 31. unfair, 32. stomped, 33. blacksmith, 34. ableism, 35. Congress, 36. humiliation, 37. refusal, 38. rolled

39. The _____ translation made it possible for everyone to understand the speaker.
adj. happening or being done at the same time
40. He finally decided to _____ problems directly.
v. to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person
41. The organizational _____ of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.
n. the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
42. People can _____ from a lack of oxygen in confined spaces.
v. to die or cause someone to die from lack of air or inability to breathe; to be overwhelmed or constricted by a feeling or situation, such as anxiety or oppression
43. This study _____ four different ways to run a business.
v. to notice or understand the difference between two people or things
44. Economists contend that taxes _____ consumer behavior in general.
v. to change something's shape, appearance, or sound so that it appears weird or unclear
45. The _____ in society makes it hard for immigrants to assimilate and integrate.
n. extreme fear or hatred of people from other countries
46. The detective looked for fingerprints on the window _____.
n. a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window

ANSWERS: 39. simultaneous, 40. confront, 41. structure, 42. suffocate, 43. distinguished, 44. distort, 45. xenophobia, 46. frame

47. Some kinds of machine learning models show an _____ to how people learn.
- n.* a comparison between similar things that have similar aspects, often used to help explain a principle or concept
48. This remote _____ is rarely visited.
- n.* a particular location or place; a small round or roundish area, differing in color or feels from the surface around it
49. Many companies outsource and hire consultants to keep their _____ flexible.
- n.* all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.
50. The mistake was _____ and did not significantly impact the outcome.
- adj.* of little or no importance or significance; trivial or negligible
51. The relationship _____ between the two countries were complex and constantly changing.
- n.* the branch of mechanics that deals with the motion of bodies under the action of forces, including the particular case in which a body remains at rest; forces that produce or stimulate movement, growth, or change
52. You should not _____ against minorities.
- v.* to treat a person or particular group of people worse or better than another, especially in an unfair way; to recognize or perceive the difference between people or things
53. The _____ comments made by the politician caused widespread condemnation.
- adj.* characterized by or showing discrimination or prejudice against people of other races; (noun) a person with a prejudiced belief that one racial group is superior to others

ANSWERS: 47. analogy, 48. spot, 49. workforce, 50. inconsequential, 51. dynamics, 52. discriminate, 53. racist

54. Mozart was an _____ prodigy.

n. a baby or very young child

55. The salespeople speak in technical terms to _____ that they are more knowledgeable than the customer.

v. to indicate the truth or existence of something without referring to it

56. The committee has decided to _____ the president from the post.

v. to regard something or someone as not important and not worth considering; to terminate someone's employment

57. She is the _____ president of the company.

adj. being actually such in almost every respect; existing in essence or effect though not in actual fact

58. GDP stands for gross _____ product.

adj. relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international

59. There was a massive police presence at the anti-government _____.

v. a public meeting of a group of people intended to arouse enthusiasm

60. The older man _____ from arthritis and finds it difficult to move around.

v. to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant

61. Hydrogen and oxygen _____ to form water.

v. to join or merge to form a single thing or group

62. He wants to _____ ownership of the abandoned property.

v. to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true

ANSWERS: 54. infant, 55. imply, 56. dismiss, 57. virtual, 58. domestic, 59. rally, 60. suffers, 61. combine, 62. claim

63. Take a right turn at the next _____.
- n.* a point where two or more roads, lines, etc., cross each other
64. The doctor prescribed some medicine for the mental _____.
- n.* an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
65. _____ design has become more focused on human nature aspect than ever before.
- adj.* of or relating to or resulting from industry
66. One of the main _____ of the new product is its increased efficiency.
- n.* a condition or circumstance that puts one in a favorable or superior position; a beneficial feature or asset that someone or something has
67. To find drunk drivers, police conduct _____ tests.
- adj.* made, done, or happening without method, conscious decision, or any regular pattern
68. The protesters became _____ when the police tried to disperse them.
- adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
69. He that would eat the kernel must _____ the nut.
- v.* to break or cause to break without dividing into separate parts; (noun) a line on the surface of something along which it has separated without breaking
70. There has been a gradual but steady rise in environmental _____.
- n.* the fact or state of knowing something exists and is important

ANSWERS: 63. intersection, 64. disorder, 65. Industrial, 66. advantages, 67. random, 68. violent, 69. crack, 70. awareness

71. Her multidisciplinary works _____ music and picture with writing.
v. to meet or cross one another
72. The incident _____ a political controversy.
v. to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function
73. We need to _____ the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.
v. to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
74. He was given _____ for his outstanding work in the field of medicine.
n. the action or process of recognizing or being recognized, especially by remembering; an agreement that something is true or legal
75. The restaurant _____ a ban on smoking.
v. to change something's direction, order, position, decision, etc., to the opposite one; (adjective) directed or moving toward the rear
76. He fastens some sheets of paper with a _____.
n. a small metal or plastic device used for holding an object or objects together or in place; a short part of electronic media, either an audio clip or video clip
77. The policy of _____ has caused significant harm to marginalized communities.
n. the act of keeping someone or something out or preventing them from participating in or being part of something
78. He had a mysterious _____ that made people curious and intimidated.
n. a distinctive feeling or quality that seems to surround a person or place; a low-level electromagnetic field surrounding a living organism or object

ANSWERS: 71. intersect, 72. triggered, 73. discuss, 74. recognition, 75. reversed, 76. clip, 77. exclusion, 78. aura

79. Our CEO's _____ are always transparent and straightforward.
- n.* something you want to do and are going to do
80. We decided to take a detour to avoid the construction _____ on the main road.
- n.* the movement of vehicles, people, or goods along a route or through a transport system; the amount of such movement in a particular place or at a particular time
81. He identified as _____ and had never considered being with someone of the same gender.
- adj.* attracted to individuals of the opposite sex
82. She wore black clothing as a symbol of _____ for her grandmother.
- n.* the act or expression of sorrow or grief for someone who has died; a period of time set aside for such grieving
83. He had a _____ bender last night.
- n.* a barrier that surrounds the wheels of a vehicle to block splashing water or mud; a cushion-like device that reduces shock due to an impact
84. We will attempt to _____ some of your suggestions into our future strategy.
- v.* to include something as a part of a larger entity
85. The fire department arrived just in time to _____ the family from the burning building.
- v.* to save someone or something from a dangerous or difficult situation
86. He used his charm and charisma to _____ support for his campaign.
- v.* to acquire or accumulate something through effort or attention

ANSWERS: 79. intentions, 80. traffic, 81. heterosexual, 82. mourning, 83. fender, 84. incorporate, 85. rescue, 86. garner

87. Each person has a unique _____ experience.
n. a very great sadness, especially when somebody dies
88. The _____ against the new policy was heard loud and clear by the government.
n. a strong expression of public protest, anger, or dissent
89. The castle was _____ several years later.
v. to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity
90. The movers tried to _____ the heavy piano up the stairs but eventually had to call for a crane to lift it.
v. to handle or move someone or something roughly or awkwardly, often using physical force or without care; to treat someone roughly or brutally
91. It is essential to keep these two issues _____.
adj. noticeable from something else of a similar type
92. He never _____ his fault.
v. to accept or admit the existence, reality, or truth of something; to accept that someone or something has a particular authority or quality; to express obligation, thanks, or gratitude for someone's help, commitment, etc.;
93. The construction next door has created a constant _____ of drilling and hammering.
n. a harsh, discordant mixture of sounds; a jarring or unpleasant noise or combination of sounds
94. That incident led to his _____.
n. the condition of being alone or lonely; the act or state of separation between persons or groups

ANSWERS: 87. grief, 88. outcry, 89. abandoned, 90. manhandle, 91. distinct, 92. acknowledged, 93. cacophony, 94. isolation

95. The manufacturing industry is _____ fierce competition.
n. a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident
96. There was no _____ between their proposals.
v. to partially cover something by going beyond its edge
97. I'm prepared to _____ challenges throughout this adventure.
v. to face something, particularly something unpleasant or difficult, while attempting to do something else; to meet, especially unexpectedly
98. She had a master's degree in _____.
n. the scientific study of mind and behavior
99. My initial reaction was to _____.
v. to show that one is not willing to do or accept something
100. The _____ of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.
n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
101. The company _____ its product line to include more customer options.
v. to make or become wider or more extensive; to make or become more tolerant or liberal.
102. This building construction causes serious _____ to residents.
n. something that interrupts a settled and peaceful condition or that makes someone feel nervous or worried

ANSWERS: 95. witnessing, 96. overlap, 97. encounter, 98. psychology, 99. refuse, 100. movement, 101. broadened, 102. disturbance

103. He left the party in _____ at its radical political stance.

n. a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition

104. We should always be prepared to _____ talented recruits.

v. to give somebody a job

105. The cave was a habitat for _____.

n. a nocturnal animal with wings that flies and feeds at night, similar to a mouse; a piece of wood with a handle used for hitting the ball in sports including baseball, cricket, and table tennis

106. _____ studies the changes in family structure due to modernization.

n. a person who studies the institutions and development of human society

107. The _____ lost his position in the end due to the scandal.

n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.

108. The choice between bureaucracy and adhocracy represents a common _____.

n. a situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more options, especially that are equally unfavorable ones

109. Fear is _____ infectious, and children catch it from their elders.

adv. to an extreme degree

110. An _____ attitude toward its employees significantly impacts their productivity.

n. a person or organization that pays workers to work for them

ANSWERS: 103. protest, 104. hire, 105. bats, 106. Sociologist, 107. politician, 108. dilemma, 109. exceedingly, 110. employer's

111. The _____ treatment given to certain employees led to resentment from others in the company.
adj. showing or giving preference or priority to a particular thing or person; giving special treatment or privilege to someone or something
112. These birds can only _____ in temperate climates.
v. to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period
113. He became _____ that he was being followed.
adj. being aware of and able to respond to what is happening around you
114. Six _____ are awaiting trial or verdict.
n. a set of clothes that are made from the same material; a claim or complaint that a person or organization can file in court against another party; (verb) to be fit or acceptable for
115. The company's new _____ on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.
n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
116. The _____ events of the war left many families torn apart.
adj. causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate
117. This accident was something that happened _____.
adv. in an essential manner; in such a way as could not be otherwise
118. The _____ ideals of inclusivity and diversity are important in creating a more just and equal world.
adj. describing a belief in and advocacy for achieving gender equality in social, political, and economic spheres; advocating for the rights and empowerment of women; (noun) a person who believes in and advocates for gender equality between men and women

ANSWERS: 111. preferential, 112. survive, 113. conscious, 114. suits, 115. policy, 116. tragic, 117. necessarily, 118. feminist

119. The leaders of the two countries met to _____ on the issue.

- v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something

120. That newspaper _____ a political scandal in a big way.

- v.* to show something by uncovering it; to make something accessible to some action or influence

121. The _____ approach to education emphasizes hands-on learning and student-centered classrooms.

- adj.* relating to or supporting development or advancement, especially social or political one

122. We _____ to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

- v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

123. The _____ between the two sides over the proposed policy was heated.

- n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute

124. When making arrests, police officers frequently _____ excessive force.

- v.* to give somebody a job and pay them for it; to make use of

125. Water was beginning to _____ into the basement after the heavy rain.

- v.* to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities

126. Listening to music at a high volume may lead to a hearing _____.

- n.* a physical or mental condition that makes it difficult for someone to do some things that other people do

ANSWERS: 119. confer, 120. exposed, 121. progressive, 122. strike, 123. argument, 124. employ, 125. trickle, 126. disability

127. The school's lack of diversity was a clear indication of the _____ present in the community.

- n.* prejudice, discrimination, or antagonism directed against a person or people based on their membership in a particular ethnic group, typically one that is a minority or marginalized

ANSWERS: 127. racism