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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

David R. Williams: How racism makes us sick | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/david_r_williams_how_racism_makes_us_sick

Advanced Words Only

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Session 1: Word List

alumni

n. (the plural form of "alumnus" or "alumna") former students or graduates of an educational institution or program

synonym: graduates, former students, alum

(1) **alumni** network, (2) **alumni** relations

Many **alumni** of our college have become successful in their chosen fields.

clot

n. a thick mass or lump of coagulated liquid, especially blood; a group of people or things that form an obstructive, unsympathetic, or resistant force

synonym: clump, coagulation, thrombus

(1) blood **clot**, (2) **clot** prevention

The **clot** in the blood vessel required immediate medical attention.

awaken

v. to stop sleeping or to cause someone to stop sleeping

synonym: rouse, arouse, revive

(1) **awaken** at daybreak, (2) **awaken** a child

The friend's death **awakens** them.

drumbeat

n. a regular, steady beat or rhythm, often used to accompany music or to mark the passage of time

synonym : rhythm, cadence, pulse

(1) steady **drumbeat**, (2) thundering **drumbeat**

The ceremonial **drumbeat** echoed through the temple during the ritual.

unarmed

adj. without weapons or arms; not carrying any form of weapon or ammunition, or engaging in physical conflict with weapons

synonym : defenseless, vulnerable, helpless

(1) **unarmed** combat, (2) **unarmed** robbery

The **unarmed** protesters marched peacefully through the streets.

profoundly

adv. to a great or complete degree; deeply

synonym : deeply, greatly, completely

(1) **profoundly** insightful, (2) sleep **profoundly**

The novel affected her **profoundly**, causing her to question her beliefs and values.

dropout

n. a person who leaves school, college, or a training program before completing it

synonym : noncompleter, quitter, school leaver

(1) the **dropout** rate, (2) **dropout** student

The high school **dropout** rate has decreased significantly in recent years thanks to educational initiatives and support programs.

confer

v. to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something

synonym : consult, meet, discuss

(1) **confer** degree, (2) **confer** honor

The leaders of the two countries met to **confer** on the issue.

elevate

v. to raise something from a lower to a higher position; to give a promotion to or assign to a higher position

synonym : lift, heighten, promote

(1) **elevate** educational standards, (2) **elevate** a close relationship

Eating food in a hurry **elevates** blood glucose levels.

medicinal

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

synonym: curative, therapeutic, healing

(1) **medicinal** chemistry, (2) traditional **medicinal**

The **medicinal** properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

stereotype

n. a fixed and unvarying idea or image that people have about what someone or something is like, but which is often not true in reality and may cause hurt and offense

(1) avoid **stereotype**, (2) negative **stereotypes**

Changing **stereotypes** about LGBTQ requires considerable effort.

subconscious

adj. relating to or concerning the part of the mind that is not fully conscious but still influences thoughts, feelings, and behavior

synonym: unconscious, latent, hidden

(1) **subconscious** influence, (2) **subconscious** behavior

The **subconscious** mind is said to hold our deepest desires and fears.

delve

v. to dig or excavate deeply; to investigate or research intensively; to rummage or explore in a thorough or careful manner

synonym: dig, excavate, uncover

(1) **delve** deeper, (2) **delve** into documents

Researchers must **delve** into the intricacies of the human brain to understand mental illness.

insidious

adj. tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way

synonym: sly, cunning, subtle

(1) **insidious** plot, (2) **insidious** behavior

The disease has an **insidious** onset, making it difficult to diagnose.

institutionalize

v. to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)

synonym: formalize, establish, regularize

(1) **institutionalize** a system, (2) **institutionalize** customary laws

The new policy aims to **institutionalize** the use of renewable energy sources.

segregation

n. the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation

synonym: isolation, separation, discrimination

(1) racial **segregation**, (2) **segregation** of power

Segregation based on race or ethnicity is illegal and unjust.

determinant

n. a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result

synonym: cause, factor, element

(1) environmental **determinant**, (2) a **determinant** of crop yields

One **determinant** of success is having a positive attitude and a strong work ethic.

opportune

adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose

synonym: suitable, timely, practical

(1) **opportune** occasion, (2) an **opportune** remark

The phone rang at the most **opportune** time.

moth

n. an insect with wings similar to a butterfly that travels at night and is attracted to light

(1) **moth** larva, (2) **moth** attracted to the light
The **moth** is a serious threat to the farm's output.

cheerful

adj. happy and positive; causing feelings of happiness or optimism; marked by or expressing joy or optimism
synonym : happy, joyful, lively

(1) **cheerful** smile, (2) a **cheerful** disposition
Her **cheerful** personality brightened up the room.

co-occurrence

n. the simultaneous occurrence or presence of two or more things, often used in statistical or scientific contexts
synonym : simultaneity, coincidence, conjunction

(1) **co-occurrence** pattern, (2) **co-occurrence** matrix
The **co-occurrence** of these two events suggests that there may be a causal relationship between them.

stubborn

adj. refusing to change one's mind or behavior despite persuasion or evidence to the contrary; unyielding; difficult to move or change
synonym : persistent, obstinate, determined

(1) **stubborn** attitude, (2) **stubborn** stains
He was so **stubborn** about his beliefs that he refused to listen to any other points of view.

overreact

v. to react more strongly or excessively than is necessary or appropriate
synonym : overplay, exaggerate, overstate

(1) **overreact** with anger, (2) **overreact** to the criticism
She **overreacted** to the situation and caused unnecessary stress.

paraphrase

v. to restate or reword a passage in one's own words, often to clarify or simplify the original meaning
synonym : rephrase, reword, reinterpret

(1) **paraphrase** a poem into prose, (2) **paraphrase** the meaning

He **paraphrased** the article in his own words to avoid being accused of plagiarism.

platonic

adj. (of relationship or emotion) friendly or affectionate but not sexual

synonym: nonphysical, nonsexual, spiritual

(1) **platonic** relationship, (2) **platonic** love

His relationship with her was completely **platonic**.

unequal

adj. different in amount, size, degree, or value; not fair

synonym: unfair, uneven, imbalanced

(1) **unequal** distribution, (2) **unequal** opportunity

The income inequality in the country is becoming increasingly **unequal**.

dismantle

v. to take apart or demolish (a structure, machine, system, or the like); to strip off fittings or equipment

synonym: take apart, demolish, take down

(1) **dismantle** a machine, (2) **dismantle** a system

The old building had to be **dismantled** because it was structurally unsound.

ripple

n. a small wave on the surface of a liquid, typically caused by an object falling into it or a slight wind

synonym: wave, undulation, fluctuation

(1) a **ripple** of laughter, (2) **ripple** in the water

Many businesses felt the **ripple** effect of the economy's decline.

oppress

v. to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people

synonym: antagonize, distress, burden

(1) **oppress** the minority, (2) **oppress** the people with force

Historically, many countries have often **oppressed** certain religions to gain the support of the majority of the population.

incarceration

n. the state of being confined in prison or jail

synonym: confinement, imprisonment, detention

(1) mass **incarceration**, (2) **incarceration** rates

The judge sentenced him to five years of **incarceration** for embezzlement.

enrich

v. to make better or improve in quality by adding something else

synonym: enhance, improve, augment

(1) **enrich** a gas with a balloon, (2) **enrich** public services

Reading not only increases knowledge but also **enriches** life.

infest

v. to swarm or overrun with a large number of something undesirable, such as pests or parasites

synonym: invade, overrun

(1) **infest** a building, (2) **infest** a garden

The old storage shed was **infested** with rats and had to be torn down.

marshal

n. a military officer of high rank or a person in charge of organizing or leading a parade or public event; a law enforcement official or officer responsible for maintaining order and enforcing regulations; (verb) to organize, arrange, or gather together resources, information, or people in a deliberate and systematic manner

synonym: marshal, commander, organizer

(1) **marshal** the books into their proper places, (2) deputy **marshal**

The event organizer appointed a professional **marshal** to manage the flow of traffic.

dissent

n. possessing or expressing views that differ from those that are officially accepted

synonym: discord, conflict, disagreement

(1) **dissent** opinion, (2) with no **dissent**

The dictatorship crushes all **dissent** severely.

indifference

n. a lack of interest, enthusiasm, or sympathy towards someone or something

synonym: apathy, disinterest, unconcern

(1) **indifference** to pain, (2) general **indifference**

I tried to assume an air of **indifference**.

apathy

n. lack of emotion, concern, or enthusiasm

synonym: affectlessness, dispassion, indifference

(1) **apathy** in the election, (2) political **apathy**

The global economic crisis has led to pervasive **apathy** and powerlessness.

mistrust

v. to have doubts or suspicions about the honesty or sincerity of someone

synonym: doubt, suspect, question

(1) **mistrust** a young man, (2) **mistrust** the government

He **mistrusted** her apology because of her past lies.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|---|
| 1. par_____se a poem into prose | v. | to restate or reword a passage in one's own words, often to clarify or simplify the original meaning |
| 2. ind_____nce to pain | n. | a lack of interest, enthusiasm, or sympathy towards someone or something |
| 3. negative ste_____pes | n. | a fixed and unvarying idea or image that people have about what someone or something is like, but which is often not true in reality and may cause hurt and offense |
| 4. avoid ste_____pe | n. | a fixed and unvarying idea or image that people have about what someone or something is like, but which is often not true in reality and may cause hurt and offense |
| 5. traditional me_____al | adj. | of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease |
| 6. an op_____ne remark | adj. | suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose |
| 7. op_____ne occasion | adj. | suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose |
| 8. deputy ma_____l | n. | a military officer of high rank or a person in charge of organizing or leading a parade or public event; a law enforcement official or officer responsible for maintaining order and enforcing regulations; (verb) to organize, arrange, or gather together resources, information, or people in a deliberate and systematic manner |

ANSWERS: 1. paraphrase, 2. indifference, 3. stereotype, 4. stereotype, 5. medicinal, 6. opportune, 7. opportune, 8. marshal

9. el_____e a close relationship *v.* to raise something from a lower to a higher position; to give a promotion to or assign to a higher position
10. de__e into documents *v.* to dig or excavate deeply; to investigate or research intensively; to rummage or explore in a thorough or careful manner
11. in_____us plot *adj.* tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way
12. un_____l opportunity *adj.* different in amount, size, degree, or value; not fair
13. en___h public services *v.* to make better or improve in quality by adding something else
14. par_____se the meaning *v.* to restate or reword a passage in one's own words, often to clarify or simplify the original meaning
15. ap___y in the election *n.* lack of emotion, concern, or enthusiasm
16. pl_____ic love *adj.* (of relationship or emotion) friendly or affectionate but not sexual
17. sleep pro_____ly *adv.* to a great or complete degree; deeply
18. di_____le a system *v.* to take apart or demolish (a structure, machine, system, or the like); to strip off fittings or equipment
19. co___r honor *v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
20. the dr_____t rate *n.* a person who leaves school, college, or a training program before completing it

ANSWERS: 9. elevate, 10. delve, 11. insidious, 12. unequal, 13. enrich, 14. paraphrase, 15. apathy, 16. platonic, 17. profoundly, 18. dismantle, 19. confer, 20. dropout

21. sub_____ous behavior *adj.* relating to or concerning the part of the mind that is not fully conscious but still influences thoughts, feelings, and behavior
22. ri___e in the water *n.* a small wave on the surface of a liquid, typically caused by an object falling into it or a slight wind
23. in_____us behavior *adj.* tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way
24. ma_____l the books into their proper places *n.* a military officer of high rank or a person in charge of organizing or leading a parade or public event; a law enforcement official or officer responsible for maintaining order and enforcing regulations; (verb) to organize, arrange, or gather together resources, information, or people in a deliberate and systematic manner
25. op_____s the minority *v.* to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people
26. sub_____ous influence *adj.* relating to or concerning the part of the mind that is not fully conscious but still influences thoughts, feelings, and behavior
27. inc_____ion rates *n.* the state of being confined in prison or jail
28. mi_____st a young man *v.* to have doubts or suspicions about the honesty or sincerity of someone

ANSWERS: 21. subconscious, 22. ripple, 23. insidious, 24. marshal, 25. oppress, 26. subconscious, 27. incarceration, 28. mistrust

29. blood c__t *n.* a thick mass or lump of coagulated liquid, especially blood; a group of people or things that form an obstructive, unsympathetic, or resistant force
30. co___r degree *v.* to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
31. a ri___e of laughter *n.* a small wave on the surface of a liquid, typically caused by an object falling into it or a slight wind
32. in___t a building *v.* to swarm or overrun with a large number of something undesirable, such as pests or parasites
33. racial seg_____on *n.* the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation
34. thundering dr_____at *n.* a regular, steady beat or rhythm, often used to accompany music or to mark the passage of time
35. dr_____t student *n.* a person who leaves school, college, or a training program before completing it
36. ch_____ul smile *adj.* happy and positive; causing feelings of happiness or optimism; marked by or expressing joy or optimism
37. co-_____nce matrix *n.* the simultaneous occurrence or presence of two or more things, often used in statistical or scientific contexts

ANSWERS: 29. clot, 30. confer, 31. ripple, 32. infest, 33. segregation, 34. drumbeat, 35. dropout, 36. cheerful, 37. co-occurrence

38. general ind_____nce *n.* a lack of interest, enthusiasm, or sympathy towards someone or something
39. en___h a gas with a balloon *v.* to make better or improve in quality by adding something else
40. di_____le a machine *v.* to take apart or demolish (a structure, machine, system, or the like); to strip off fittings or equipment
41. political ap___y *n.* lack of emotion, concern, or enthusiasm
42. a det_____nt of crop yields *n.* a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result
43. c__t prevention *n.* a thick mass or lump of coagulated liquid, especially blood; a group of people or things that form an obstructive, unsympathetic, or resistant force
44. un_____d robbery *adj.* without weapons or arms; not carrying any form of weapon or ammunition, or engaging in physical conflict with weapons
45. co-_____nce pattern *n.* the simultaneous occurrence or presence of two or more things, often used in statistical or scientific contexts
46. el_____e educational standards *v.* to raise something from a lower to a higher position; to give a promotion to or assign to a higher position
47. st_____rn stains *adj.* refusing to change one's mind or behavior despite persuasion or evidence to the contrary; unyielding; difficult to move or change

ANSWERS: 38. indifference, 39. enrich, 40. dismantle, 41. apathy, 42. determinant, 43. clot, 44. unarmed, 45. co-occurrence, 46. elevate, 47. stubborn

48. ins_____ize customary laws *v.* to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)
49. in___t a garden *v.* to swarm or overrun with a large number of something undesirable, such as pests or parasites
50. mass inc_____ion *n.* the state of being confined in prison or jail
51. m__h attracted to the light *n.* an insect with wings similar to a butterfly that travels at night and is attracted to light
52. al___i relations *n.* (the plural form of "alumnus" or "alumna") former students or graduates of an educational institution or program
53. di_____t opinion *n.* possessing or expressing views that differ from those that are officially accepted
54. ins_____ize a system *v.* to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)
55. op_____s the people with force *v.* to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people
56. aw___n at daybreak *v.* to stop sleeping or to cause someone to stop sleeping
57. environmental det_____nt *n.* a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result

ANSWERS: 48. institutionalize, 49. infest, 50. incarceration, 51. moth, 52. alumni, 53. dissent, 54. institutionalize, 55. oppress, 56. awaken, 57. determinant

58. aw___n a child *v.* to stop sleeping or to cause someone to stop sleeping
59. pro_____ly insightful *adv.* to a great or complete degree; deeply
60. st_____rn attitude *adj.* refusing to change one's mind or behavior despite persuasion or evidence to the contrary; unyielding; difficult to move or change
61. un_____l distribution *adj.* different in amount, size, degree, or value; not fair
62. with no di_____t *n.* possessing or expressing views that differ from those that are officially accepted
63. de__e deeper *v.* to dig or excavate deeply; to investigate or research intensively; to rummage or explore in a thorough or careful manner
64. un_____d combat *adj.* without weapons or arms; not carrying any form of weapon or ammunition, or engaging in physical conflict with weapons
65. al___i network *n.* (the plural form of "alumnus" or "alumna") former students or graduates of an educational institution or program
66. steady dr_____at *n.* a regular, steady beat or rhythm, often used to accompany music or to mark the passage of time
67. seg_____on of power *n.* the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation

ANSWERS: 58. awaken, 59. profoundly, 60. stubborn, 61. unequal, 62. dissent, 63. delve, 64. unarmed, 65. alumni, 66. drumbeat, 67. segregation

68. pl____ic relationship *adj.* (of relationship or emotion) friendly or affectionate but not sexual
69. me_____al chemistry *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
70. m__h larva *n.* an insect with wings similar to a butterfly that travels at night and is attracted to light
71. mi_____st the government *v.* to have doubts or suspicions about the honesty or sincerity of someone
72. a ch_____ul disposition *adj.* happy and positive; causing feelings of happiness or optimism; marked by or expressing joy or optimism
73. ov_____ct to the criticism *v.* to react more strongly or excessively than is necessary or appropriate
74. ov_____ct with anger *v.* to react more strongly or excessively than is necessary or appropriate

ANSWERS: 68. platonic, 69. medicinal, 70. moth, 71. mistrust, 72. cheerful, 73. overreact, 74. overreact

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The _____ mind is said to hold our deepest desires and fears.
adj. relating to or concerning the part of the mind that is not fully conscious but still influences thoughts, feelings, and behavior
2. The global economic crisis has led to pervasive _____ and powerlessness.
n. lack of emotion, concern, or enthusiasm
3. She _____ to the situation and caused unnecessary stress.
v. to react more strongly or excessively than is necessary or appropriate
4. His relationship with her was completely _____.
adj. (of relationship or emotion) friendly or affectionate but not sexual
5. The leaders of the two countries met to _____ on the issue.
v. to have a meeting or discussion to come to a decision or agreement or exchange ideas; to bestow something
6. Eating food in a hurry _____ blood glucose levels.
v. to raise something from a lower to a higher position; to give a promotion to or assign to a higher position
7. He _____ the article in his own words to avoid being accused of plagiarism.
v. to restate or reword a passage in one's own words, often to clarify or simplify the original meaning
8. The income inequality in the country is becoming increasingly _____.
adj. different in amount, size, degree, or value; not fair

ANSWERS: 1. subconscious, 2. apathy, 3. overreacted, 4. platonic, 5. confer, 6. elevates, 7. paraphrased, 8. unequal

9. One _____ of success is having a positive attitude and a strong work ethic.
- n.* a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result
10. Reading not only increases knowledge but also _____ life.
- v.* to make better or improve in quality by adding something else
11. The _____ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.
- adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
12. The _____ in the blood vessel required immediate medical attention.
- n.* a thick mass or lump of coagulated liquid, especially blood; a group of people or things that form an obstructive, unsympathetic, or resistant force
13. Changing _____ about LGBTQ requires considerable effort.
- n.* a fixed and unvarying idea or image that people have about what someone or something is like, but which is often not true in reality and may cause hurt and offense
14. The old building had to be _____ because it was structurally unsound.
- v.* to take apart or demolish (a structure, machine, system, or the like); to strip off fittings or equipment
15. Historically, many countries have often _____ certain religions to gain the support of the majority of the population.
- v.* to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people

ANSWERS: 9. determinant, 10. enriches, 11. medicinal, 12. clot, 13. stereotypes, 14. dismantled, 15. oppressed

16. The dictatorship crushes all _____ severely.

n. possessing or expressing views that differ from those that are officially accepted

17. The new policy aims to _____ the use of renewable energy sources.

v. to establish or make something a part of an institution (= a place such as a university, hospital, etc.)

18. The disease has an _____ onset, making it difficult to diagnose.

adj. tending to entrap or beguile unawares; working or spreading in a hidden and usually harmful way

19. The _____ is a serious threat to the farm's output.

n. an insect with wings similar to a butterfly that travels at night and is attracted to light

20. The _____ of these two events suggests that there may be a causal relationship between them.

n. the simultaneous occurrence or presence of two or more things, often used in statistical or scientific contexts

21. Her _____ personality brightened up the room.

adj. happy and positive; causing feelings of happiness or optimism; marked by or expressing joy or optimism

22. The event organizer appointed a professional _____ to manage the flow of traffic.

n. a military officer of high rank or a person in charge of organizing or leading a parade or public event; a law enforcement official or officer responsible for maintaining order and enforcing regulations; (verb) to organize, arrange, or gather together resources, information, or people in a deliberate and systematic manner

ANSWERS: 16. dissent, 17. institutionalize, 18. insidious, 19. moth, 20. co-occurrence, 21. cheerful, 22. marshal

23. The phone rang at the most _____ time.

adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose

24. The novel affected her _____ causing her to question her beliefs and values.

adv. to a great or complete degree; deeply

25. The _____ protesters marched peacefully through the streets.

adj. without weapons or arms; not carrying any form of weapon or ammunition, or engaging in physical conflict with weapons

26. I tried to assume an air of _____.

n. a lack of interest, enthusiasm, or sympathy towards someone or something

27. Many businesses felt the _____ effect of the economy's decline.

n. a small wave on the surface of a liquid, typically caused by an object falling into it or a slight wind

28. The judge sentenced him to five years of _____ for embezzlement.

n. the state of being confined in prison or jail

29. The ceremonial _____ echoed through the temple during the ritual.

n. a regular, steady beat or rhythm, often used to accompany music or to mark the passage of time

30. He was so _____ about his beliefs that he refused to listen to any other points of view.

adj. refusing to change one's mind or behavior despite persuasion or evidence to the contrary; unyielding; difficult to move or change

ANSWERS: 23. opportune, 24. profoundly, 25. unarmed, 26. indifference, 27. ripple, 28. incarceration, 29. drumbeat, 30. stubborn

31. The friend's death _____ them.

v. to stop sleeping or to cause someone to stop sleeping

32. Many _____ of our college have become successful in their chosen fields.

n. (the plural form of "alumnus" or "alumna") former students or graduates of an educational institution or program

33. He _____ her apology because of her past lies.

v. to have doubts or suspicions about the honesty or sincerity of someone

34. The high school _____ rate has decreased significantly in recent years thanks to educational initiatives and support programs.

n. a person who leaves school, college, or a training program before completing it

35. _____ based on race or ethnicity is illegal and unjust.

n. the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation

36. Researchers must _____ into the intricacies of the human brain to understand mental illness.

v. to dig or excavate deeply; to investigate or research intensively; to rummage or explore in a thorough or careful manner

37. The old storage shed was _____ with rats and had to be torn down.

v. to swarm or overrun with a large number of something undesirable, such as pests or parasites

ANSWERS: 31. awakens, 32. alumni, 33. mistrusted, 34. dropout, 35. Segregation, 36. delve, 37. infested