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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

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history_of_cheese

Advanced Words Only

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

neolithic	 adj. (also called New Stone Age) the period of human history that followed the end of the last ice age and that is characterized by the development of agriculture and the use of polished stone tools synonym: ancient, old, primitive 			
	(1) the neolithic age, (2) neolithic society			
	The neolithic village was located near a river.			
fertile	 adj. capable of producing abundant vegetation or crops; intellectually productive synonym: fruitful, productive, rich 			
	(1) fertile ground, (2) fertile market			
	Herbs require fertile soil in a sunny, sheltered location.			
crescent	<i>n.</i> a shape that is curved and tapering, often resembling a moon's crescent shape			
	(1) crescent moon, (2) crescent beach			
	The river formed a crescent shape around the bend.			
domesticate	 v. to take control of animals or plants to provide food, power, or company synonym: tame, naturalize, cultivate 			
	(1) easy to domesticate , (2) domesticate the plant			

	We domesticate cows to gain milk and meat.
lactic	 adj. relating to or derived from milk, particularly the sour-tasting organic compound produced by the fermentation of lactose synonym: milky, creamy, sour
	(1) lactic acid bacteria, (2) lactic fermentation
	The lactic acid build-up in my muscles was causing me to feel sore after my workout.
coagulate	 v. to become thickened or solidified, usually as a result of a chemical reaction or change in temperature; to cause a liquid to become thick or solid synonym: clot, thicken, solidify
	(1) coagulate bleeding blood vessels, (2) coagulate milk
	When the blood coagulates , it forms a clot to stop bleeding.
clump	<i>n.</i> a small group of bushes, trees, flowers, people, etc. <i>synonym</i> : cluster, bunch, bundle
	(1) clump of bacteria, (2) a clump of trees
	I heard the clump of his boots in the hallway.
whey	 n. a thin, watery byproduct of cheese or yogurt production that is rich in protein and used in many food products, such as protein powders or sports drinks synonym: milk serum, milk water, lactoserum
	(1) whey product, (2) whey powder
	I use whey protein powder to supplement my workouts and
	help build muscle.
glob	 n. a small, round mass or lump; a drop or blob of liquid or viscous substance synonym: ball, lump, sphere
	(1) glob of paint, (2) glob of honey
	She squeezed a glob of toothpaste onto her toothbrush.

spreader	 n. a person or thing that spreads something, such as a disease, rumor, or substance synonym: distributor, carrier, transmitter
	(1) fertilizer spreader , (2) spreader of germs
	The person who attended the party while having COVID-19 became a virus spreader .
curd	 n. the solid part that is formed when milk is coagulated, used in making cheese, or eaten as a food synonym: cheese, whey, curdle
	(1) yogurt curd , (2) lemon curd
	The curd in my cheese sauce was lumpy but still tasted good.
ripen	 v. to cause something to be fully developed; to become ripe
	synonym: mature, grow, age
	(1) ripen the fruit, (2) ripen naturally
	His tireless efforts ripen into success.
whiz	 v. to move or run quickly and smoothly with a hissing or buzzing sound; to excel or perform skillfully in a particular area; to urinate; (noun) a person who is very clever or skilled at something synonym: zoom, zip, hurry
	(1) whiz kid, (2) whiz through the book
	The racing car whizzed past the grandstands, leaving a trail of dust behind it.
cornucopia	 n. a symbol of abundance or plenty, typically represented by a horn-shaped container overflowing with fruit, flowers, and other riches; an abundant or plentiful supply of good things
	synonym: abundance, plenty, profusion
	(1) cornucopia harvest, (2) cornucopia of options
	The farmers' markets were filled with a cornucopia of fresh
	produce during the fall harvest.

lactose	n. a sugar that is present in milk and milk products and is the primary source of energy for newborns
	synonym: galactose, milk sugar, monohydrate
	(1) lactose intolerance, (2) lactose degradation
	Lactose metabolism differs between individuals.
stockpile	 n. a large quantity or reserve of goods or materials that are accumulated and stored for future use, often used for emergency or contingency purposes; (verb) to accumulate or gather a large quantity of something, usually for future use or as a reserve synonym: reserve, hoard, cache
	(1) stockpile weapons, (2) nuclear stockpile
	The farmer had a huge stockpile of hay for the winter.
famine	 n. a severe shortage of food, often caused by drought, war, or economic reasons synonym: hunger, starvation, drought
	(1) famine relief, (2) coal famine
	The severe famine caused by the drought has left many
	people without food.
telltale	 adj. revealing or betraying information or evidence; serving as a sign or indicator of something synonym: revealing, indicative, suggestive
	(1) telltale evidence, (2) telltale heart
	The telltale signs of a dishonest employee were missing files
	and constant delay.
staple	adj. essential, crucial, or regularly used synonym: essential, fundamental, pivotal
	(1) staple commodities, (2) staple crop
	Rice and beans are a staple food in many cultures.
rennet	n. an extract from the stomach lining of a ruminant mammal that is used to curdle milk and separate curds and whey in the process of cheese-making

	(1) rennet cheese, (2) microbial rennetThe rennet enzyme breaks down the proteins in milk, which results in curdling.
byproduct	 n. a secondary or incidental product produced in the manufacture or synthesis of something else synonym: side effect, spinoff, outgrowth
	(1) toxic byproducts, (2) byproduct of technology
	The byproduct of the energy production process is a large amount of carbon dioxide emissions.
mammal	<i>n</i> . any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
	(1) a primitive mammal , (2) a sort of mammal
	Marine mammal populations are declining worldwide due to
	ocean pollution.
nomadic	<i>adj.</i> moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time
	synonym: mobile, migratory, wandering
	(1) nomadic life, (2) nomadic herdsmen
	This dessert is the territory of nomadic tribes.
yak	 v. to talk at length, often without a particular purpose or direction; (noun) a long-haired bovine mammal native to central Asia that is often domesticated and used for its meat, milk, and wool synonym: chatter, cackle
	(1) domestic yak , (2) sit and yak about life
	The friends met at the local pub every Friday to yak about
	their week.
sundry	<i>adj.</i> various or diverse; of different kinds or sorts; miscellaneous
	synonym: assorted, various, diverse
	(1) sundry income, (2) sundry expenses

He went to the store to buy **sundry** items such as batteries, a toothbrush, and snacks.

cot	 n. a small bed for a baby or child, typically with high sides to prevent the child from falling out synonym: bed, bunk, pallet
	(1) cot in the tent, (2) baby's cot
	The hospital provides cots for patients' families who want to stay overnight.
loaf	 n. a quantity of bread that is shaped and baked in one piece and usually sliced for serving; (verb) to be lazy or idle
	synonym: bread, boule, brioche
	(1) crusty loaf , (2) loaf around during the day
	On my way home from work, I picked up a loaf of bread from the bakery.
saltiness	<i>n.</i> the quality or state of being salty
	(1) the taste of saltiness , (2) enhance the saltiness
	She tasted the dish and detected a slight saltiness.
brine	 <i>n</i>. a strong solution of salt water used for preserving food, especially meat or fish; saline water found in salt mines or evaporated from seawater <i>synonym</i>: saltwater, seawater, saline
	(1) brine solution, (2) brine shrimp
	The recipe called for a teaspoon of brine to add flavor.
pecorino	 n. a type of Italian cheese that is made from sheep's milk, which is typically hard and flavorful and is often used in Italian cuisine
	synonym: parmesan, romano, cheese
	(1) aged pecorino , (2) pecorino romano
	I added freshly grated pecorino cheese to my pasta dish for extra flavor.

grating	 n. a framework of metal or wooden bars or slats that are parallel and spaced apart, often used to cover an opening or to protect a machine or structure synonym: grille, mesh, screen
	-
	 metal grating, (2) grating hatch The grating sound of the rusty gate made my skin crawl.
arid	<i>adj.</i> lacking in moisture or rainfall; dry and barren; lacking in interest, life, or vitality
	synonym: dry, parched, barren
	(1) arid terrain, (2) semi- arid zone
	The desert is known for its arid climate and lack of rainfall.
monastery	<i>n.</i> a building or complex of buildings in which members of a male religious community, called monks, live and worship
	synonym: abbey, convent, friary
	(1) monastery garden, (2) leave a monastery
	This ancient monastery was founded in the 13th century and
	had a long history of religious devotion.
scatter	<i>v.</i> to cause to separate and go in different directions <i>synonym</i> : disperse, spread, bestrew
	(1) scatter seeds, (2) scatter around the internet
	The hunter's approach scattered the geese.
monk	 <i>n.</i> a member of a religious community of men living under vows of poverty, chastity, and obedience <i>synonym</i>: friar, cleric, brother
	(1) monk lifestyle, (2) cloistered monk
	The ascetic monk spent his days in prayer and
	contemplation in the monastery.
endlessly	<i>adv.</i> in a way that continues for a long time or seems to have no end or limit
	synonym: ceaselessly, interminably, unceasingly
	(1) repeat endlessly , (2) worry endlessly about our future

The procession of demonstrators was endlessly continuing.
 n. a man who is a member of the clergy (= religious leader), especially a minister or priest in the Christian Church
synonym: minister, pastor, priest
(1) unfrocked clergyman, (2) clergyman's duty
The Catholic clergyman led the congregation in prayer.
 adj. relating to or characteristic of high mountains, especially the Alps; of or relating to cold, snowy, or rugged terrain synonym: mountain, highland, elevated
(1) alpine region, (2) alpine plant
We went on an exhilarating alpine adventure, climbing steep
mountain slopes and glaciers.
 v. to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation synonym: intrude, raid, overrun
(1) invade other tissues, (2) invade his privacy
I have no intention to invade your privacy.
adj. an area of elevated land or hilly terrain synonym: upland, plateau
(1) highland Indian, (2) highland agriculture
This region has a humid subtropical and highland climate.
 n. a new growth in activity or enthusiasm in anything, particularly art, literature, or music synonym: rebirth, golden age
(1) artistic renaissance , (2) industrial renaissance
Folk music is now experiencing a renaissance .
<i>n.</i> a person from whom one is descended; a forefather <i>synonym</i> : forebear, forefather, progenitor
(1) ancestor language, (2) earliest human ancestor

My remote **ancestor** immigrated to the United States from Ireland in the 1800s.

Session 2: Spelling

1.	rin naturally	v.	to cause something to be fully developed; to become ripe
2.	coria harvest	n.	a symbol of abundance or plenty, typically represented by a horn-shaped container overflowing with fruit, flowers, and other riches; an abundant or plentiful supply of good things
3.	artistic rence	n.	a new growth in activity or enthusiasm in anything, particularly art, literature, or music
4.	domte the plant	v.	to take control of animals or plants to provide food, power, or company
5.	wy product	n.	a thin, watery byproduct of cheese or yogurt production that is rich in protein and used in many food products, such as protein powders or sports drinks
6.	coria of options	n.	a symbol of abundance or plenty, typically represented by a horn-shaped container overflowing with fruit, flowers, and other riches; an abundant or plentiful supply of good things
7.	noc life	adj.	moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time
8.	gb of honey	n.	a small, round mass or lump; a drop or blob of liquid or viscous substance
9.	crnt moon	n.	a shape that is curved and tapering, often resembling a moon's crescent shape

ANSWERS: 1. ripen, 2. cornucopia, 3. Renaissance, 4. domesticate, 5. whey, 6. cornucopia, 7. nomadic, 8. glob, 9. crescent

10. crusty lf	n.	a quantity of bread that is shaped and baked in one piece and usually sliced for serving; (verb) to be lazy or idle
11. fae relief	n.	a severe shortage of food, often caused by drought, war, or economic reasons
12. ad terrain	adj.	lacking in moisture or rainfall; dry and barren; lacking in interest, life, or vitality
13. a clp of trees	n.	a small group of bushes, trees, flowers, people, etc.
14. ret cheese	n.	an extract from the stomach lining of a ruminant mammal that is used to curdle milk and separate curds and whey in the process of cheese-making
15. easy to domte	ν.	to take control of animals or plants to provide food, power, or company
16. unfrocked clan	n.	a man who is a member of the clergy (= religious leader), especially a minister or priest in the Christian Church
17. lae degradation	n.	a sugar that is present in milk and milk products and is the primary source of energy for newborns
18. nuclear stle	n.	a large quantity or reserve of goods or materials that are accumulated and stored for future use, often used for emergency or contingency purposes; (verb) to accumulate or gather a large quantity of something, usually for future use or as a reserve
19. leave a mory	n.	a building or complex of buildings in which members of a male religious community, called monks, live and worship

ANSWERS: 10. loaf, 11. famine, 12. arid, 13. clump, 14. rennet, 15. domesticate, 16. clergyman, 17. lactose, 18. stockpile, 19. monastery

20. ste commodities	adj.	essential, crucial, or regularly used
21. a sort of maI	n.	any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
22. clan's duty	n.	a man who is a member of the clergy (= religious leader), especially a minister or priest in the Christian Church
23. a primitive maI	n.	any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
24. hind Indian	adj.	an area of elevated land or hilly terrain
25. baby's c_t	n.	a small bed for a baby or child, typically with high sides to prevent the child from falling out
26. the neic age	adj.	(also called New Stone Age) the period of human history that followed the end of the last ice age and that is characterized by the development of agriculture and the use of polished stone tools
27. ste crop	adj.	essential, crucial, or regularly used
28. mk lifestyle	n.	a member of a religious community of men living under vows of poverty, chastity, and obedience
29. sit and y_k about life	v.	to talk at length, often without a particular purpose or direction; (noun) a long-haired bovine mammal native to central Asia that is often domesticated and used for its meat, milk, and wool

ANSWERS: 20. staple, 21. mammal, 22. clergyman, 23. mammal, 24. highland, 25. cot, 26. neolithic, 27. staple, 28. monk, 29. yak

30.	cloistered mk	n.	a member of a religious community of men living under vows of poverty, chastity, and obedience
31.	fee ground	adj.	capable of producing abundant vegetation or crops; intellectually productive
32.	gb of paint	n.	a small, round mass or lump; a drop or blob of liquid or viscous substance
33.	lemon cd	n.	the solid part that is formed when milk is coagulated, used in making cheese, or eaten as a food
34.	sper of germs	n.	a person or thing that spreads something, such as a disease, rumor, or substance
35.	suy expenses	adj.	various or diverse; of different kinds or sorts; miscellaneous
36.	ale region	adj.	relating to or characteristic of high mountains, especially the Alps; of or relating to cold, snowy, or rugged terrain
37.	the taste of sass	n.	the quality or state of being salty
38.	ine other tissues	v.	to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation
39.	toxic bycts	n.	a secondary or incidental product produced in the manufacture or synthesis of something else
40.	coal fae	n.	a severe shortage of food, often caused by drought, war, or economic reasons

ANSWERS: 30. monk, 31. fertile, 32. glob, 33. curd, 34. spreader, 35. sundry, 36. alpine, 37. saltiness, 38. invade, 39. byproduct, 40. famine

41.	mory garden	n.	a building or complex of buildings in which members of a male religious community, called monks, live and worship
42.	grg hatch	n.	a framework of metal or wooden bars or slats that are parallel and spaced apart, often used to cover an opening or to protect a machine or structure
43.	cote milk	v.	to become thickened or solidified, usually as a result of a chemical reaction or change in temperature; to cause a liquid to become thick or solid
44.	peno romano	n.	a type of Italian cheese that is made from sheep's milk, which is typically hard and flavorful and is often used in Italian cuisine
45.	cote bleeding blood vessels	v.	to become thickened or solidified, usually as a result of a chemical reaction or change in temperature; to cause a liquid to become thick or solid
46.	bre solution	n.	a strong solution of salt water used for preserving food, especially meat or fish; saline water found in salt mines or evaporated from seawater
47.	noc herdsmen	adj.	moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time
48.	fertilizer sper	n.	a person or thing that spreads something, such as a disease, rumor, or substance

ANSWERS: 41. monastery, 42. grating, 43. coagulate, 44. pecorino, 45. coagulate, 46. brine, 47. nomadic, 48. spreader

49.	lac fermentation	adj.	relating to or derived from milk, particularly the sour-tasting organic compound produced by the fermentation of lactose
50.	yogurt cd	n.	the solid part that is formed when milk is coagulated, used in making cheese, or eaten as a food
51.	ale plant	adj.	relating to or characteristic of high mountains, especially the Alps; of or relating to cold, snowy, or rugged terrain
52.	wy powder	n.	a thin, watery byproduct of cheese or yogurt production that is rich in protein and used in many food products, such as protein powders or sports drinks
53.	scr seeds	v.	to cause to separate and go in different directions
54.	enhance the sass	n.	the quality or state of being salty
55.	anor language	n.	a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
56.	rin the fruit	v.	to cause something to be fully developed; to become ripe
57.	scr around the internet	v.	to cause to separate and go in different directions
58.	bre shrimp	n.	a strong solution of salt water used for preserving food, especially meat or fish; saline water found in salt mines or evaporated from seawater
59.	tele heart	adj.	revealing or betraying information or evidence; serving as a sign or indicator of something

ANSWERS: 49. lactic, 50. curd, 51. alpine, 52. whey, 53. scatter, 54. saltiness, 55. ancestor, 56. ripen, 57. scatter, 58. brine, 59. telltale

60.	microbial ret	n.	an extract from the stomach lining of a ruminant mammal that is used to curdle milk and separate curds and whey in the process of cheese-making
61.	c_t in the tent	n.	a small bed for a baby or child, typically with high sides to prevent the child from falling out
62.	crnt beach	n.	a shape that is curved and tapering, often resembling a moon's crescent shape
63.	earliest human anor	n.	a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
64.	ine his privacy	v.	to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation
65.	aged peno	n.	a type of Italian cheese that is made from sheep's milk, which is typically hard and flavorful and is often used in Italian cuisine
66.	stle weapons	n.	a large quantity or reserve of goods or materials that are accumulated and stored for future use, often used for emergency or contingency purposes; (verb) to accumulate or gather a large quantity of something, usually for future use or as a reserve
67.	metal grg	n.	a framework of metal or wooden bars or slats that are parallel and spaced apart, often used to cover an opening or to protect a machine or structure

ANSWERS: 60. rennet, 61. cot, 62. crescent, 63. ancestor, 64. invade, 65. pecorino, 66. stockpile, 67. grating

68.	byct of technology	n.	a secondary or incidental product produced in the manufacture or synthesis of something else
69.	neic society	adj.	(also called New Stone Age) the period of human history that followed the end of the last ice age and that is characterized by the development of agriculture and the use of polished stone tools
70.	wz through the book	v.	to move or run quickly and smoothly with a hissing or buzzing sound; to excel or perform skillfully in a particular area; to urinate; (noun) a person who is very clever or skilled at something
71.	tele evidence	adj.	revealing or betraying information or evidence; serving as a sign or indicator of something
72.	lae intolerance	n.	a sugar that is present in milk and milk products and is the primary source of energy for newborns
73.	industrial rence	n.	a new growth in activity or enthusiasm in anything, particularly art, literature, or music
74.	If around during the day	n.	a quantity of bread that is shaped and baked in one piece and usually sliced for serving; (verb) to be lazy or idle
75.	hind agriculture	adj.	an area of elevated land or hilly terrain
76.	lac acid bacteria	adj.	relating to or derived from milk, particularly the sour-tasting organic compound produced by the fermentation of lactose

ANSWERS: 68. byproduct, 69. neolithic, 70. whiz, 71. telltale, 72. lactose, 73. Renaissance, 74. loaf, 75. highland, 76. lactic

77. semi-ad zone	adj.	lacking in moisture or rainfall; dry and barren; lacking in interest, life, or vitality
78. clp of bacteria	n.	a small group of bushes, trees, flowers, people, etc.
79. wz kid	v.	to move or run quickly and smoothly with a hissing or buzzing sound; to excel or perform skillfully in a particular area; to urinate; (noun) a person who is very clever or skilled at something
80. domestic y_k	v.	to talk at length, often without a particular purpose or direction; (noun) a long-haired bovine mammal native to central Asia that is often domesticated and used for its meat, milk, and wool
81. suy income	adj.	various or diverse; of different kinds or sorts; miscellaneous
82. repeat enly	adv.	in a way that continues for a long time or seems to have no end or limit
83. fee market	adj.	capable of producing abundant vegetation or crops; intellectually productive
84. worry enly about our future	adv.	in a way that continues for a long time or seems to have no end or limit

ANSWERS: 77. arid, 78. clump, 79. whiz, 80. yak, 81. sundry, 82. endlessly, 83. fertile, 84. endlessly

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The procession of demonstrators was ______ continuing.

adv. in a way that continues for a long time or seems to have no end or limit

- 2. The _____ enzyme breaks down the proteins in milk, which results in curdling.
- *n.* an extract from the stomach lining of a ruminant mammal that is used to curdle milk and separate curds and whey in the process of cheese-making
- 3. The ______ sound of the rusty gate made my skin crawl.
- *n.* a framework of metal or wooden bars or slats that are parallel and spaced apart, often used to cover an opening or to protect a machine or structure
- 4. The river formed a ______ shape around the bend.
- *n.* a shape that is curved and tapering, often resembling a moon's crescent shape
- 5. Marine _____ populations are declining worldwide due to ocean pollution.
- *n.* any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
- 6. The farmer had a huge ______ of hay for the winter.
 - *n*. a large quantity or reserve of goods or materials that are accumulated and stored for future use, often used for emergency or contingency purposes; (verb) to accumulate or gather a large quantity of something, usually for future use or as a reserve
- 7. The person who attended the party while having COVID-19 became a virus
- *n*. a person or thing that spreads something, such as a disease, rumor, or substance

ANSWERS: 1. endlessly, 2. rennet, 3. grating, 4. crescent, 5. mammal, 6. stockpile, 7. spreader

- 8. She squeezed a _____ of toothpaste onto her toothbrush.
- *n.* a small, round mass or lump; a drop or blob of liquid or viscous substance
- 9. The _____ in my cheese sauce was lumpy but still tasted good.
- *n.* the solid part that is formed when milk is coagulated, used in making cheese, or eaten as a food
- 10. I added freshly grated ______ cheese to my pasta dish for extra flavor.
- *n.* a type of Italian cheese that is made from sheep's milk, which is typically hard and flavorful and is often used in Italian cuisine
- 11. He went to the store to buy _____ items such as batteries, a toothbrush, and snacks.
- adj. various or diverse; of different kinds or sorts; miscellaneous
- 12. I use _____ protein powder to supplement my workouts and help build muscle.
- *n*. a thin, watery byproduct of cheese or yogurt production that is rich in protein and used in many food products, such as protein powders or sports drinks
- 13. I have no intention to _____ your privacy.
- *v.* to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation
- 14. The ______ village was located near a river.
- *adj.* (also called New Stone Age) the period of human history that followed the end of the last ice age and that is characterized by the development of agriculture and the use of polished stone tools
- 15. The Catholic ______ led the congregation in prayer.
- *n.* a man who is a member of the clergy (= religious leader), especially a minister or priest in the Christian Church

ANSWERS: 8. glob, 9. curd, 10. pecorino, 11. sundry, 12. whey, 13. invade, 14. neolithic, 15. clergyman

- 16. We _____ cows to gain milk and meat.
- *v.* to take control of animals or plants to provide food, power, or company
- 17. The ascetic _____ spent his days in prayer and contemplation in the monastery.
- *n.* a member of a religious community of men living under vows of poverty, chastity, and obedience
- 18. The severe _____ caused by the drought has left many people without food.
- *n.* a severe shortage of food, often caused by drought, war, or economic reasons
- 19. I heard the _____ of his boots in the hallway.
- *n.* a small group of bushes, trees, flowers, people, etc.
- The ______ acid build-up in my muscles was causing me to feel sore after my workout.
- *adj.* relating to or derived from milk, particularly the sour-tasting organic compound produced by the fermentation of lactose
- 21. This region has a humid subtropical and ______ climate.
- *adj.* an area of elevated land or hilly terrain
- 22. His tireless efforts _____ into success.
- *v.* to cause something to be fully developed; to become ripe
- 23. When the blood ______ it forms a clot to stop bleeding.
- *v.* to become thickened or solidified, usually as a result of a chemical reaction or change in temperature; to cause a liquid to become thick or solid
- 24. Rice and beans are a _____ food in many cultures.
- adj. essential, crucial, or regularly used

ANSWERS: 16. domesticate, 17. monk, 18. famine, 19. clump, 20. lactic, 21. highland, 22. ripen, 23. coagulates, 24. staple

- 25. This dessert is the territory of ______ tribes.
- *adj.* moving from one location to another rather than staying in one place all of the time
- 26. The desert is known for its _____ climate and lack of rainfall.
- adj. lacking in moisture or rainfall; dry and barren; lacking in interest, life, or vitality
- 27. The ______ of the energy production process is a large amount of carbon dioxide emissions.
 - *n.* a secondary or incidental product produced in the manufacture or synthesis of something else
- 28. She tasted the dish and detected a slight _____.
- *n.* the quality or state of being salty
- 29. The hunter's approach ______ the geese.
- *v.* to cause to separate and go in different directions
- 30. The friends met at the local pub every Friday to ____ about their week.
- v. to talk at length, often without a particular purpose or direction; (noun) a long-haired bovine mammal native to central Asia that is often domesticated and used for its meat, milk, and wool
- 31. On my way home from work, I picked up a _____ of bread from the bakery.
- *n.* a quantity of bread that is shaped and baked in one piece and usually sliced for serving; (verb) to be lazy or idle
- 32. We went on an exhilarating _____ adventure, climbing steep mountain slopes and glaciers.
- *adj.* relating to or characteristic of high mountains, especially the Alps; of or relating to cold, snowy, or rugged terrain

ANSWERS: 25. nomadic, 26. arid, 27. byproduct, 28. saltiness, 29. scattered, 30. yak, 31. loaf, 32. alpine

- 33. Herbs require ______ soil in a sunny, sheltered location.
- adj. capable of producing abundant vegetation or crops; intellectually productive
- 34. This ancient ______ was founded in the 13th century and had a long history of religious devotion.
 - *n.* a building or complex of buildings in which members of a male religious community, called monks, live and worship
- 35. Folk music is now experiencing a _____.
- *n.* a new growth in activity or enthusiasm in anything, particularly art, literature, or music
- 36. The ______ signs of a dishonest employee were missing files and constant delay.
- *adj.* revealing or betraying information or evidence; serving as a sign or indicator of something
- 37. _____ metabolism differs between individuals.
- *n*. a sugar that is present in milk and milk products and is the primary source of energy for newborns
- 38. The recipe called for a teaspoon of _____ to add flavor.
- *n.* a strong solution of salt water used for preserving food, especially meat or fish; saline water found in salt mines or evaporated from seawater
- 39. My remote ______ immigrated to the United States from Ireland in the 1800s.
- *n.* a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
- 40. The racing car ______ past the grandstands, leaving a trail of dust behind it.
- v. to move or run quickly and smoothly with a hissing or buzzing sound; to excel or perform skillfully in a particular area; to urinate; (noun) a person who is very clever or skilled at something

ANSWERS: 33. fertile, 34. monastery, 35. renaissance, 36. telltale, 37. Lactose, 38. brine, 39. ancestor, 40. whizzed

- 41. The farmers' markets were filled with a ______ of fresh produce during the fall harvest.
 - *n.* a symbol of abundance or plenty, typically represented by a horn-shaped container overflowing with fruit, flowers, and other riches; an abundant or plentiful supply of good things
- 42. The hospital provides _____ for patients' families who want to stay overnight.
- *n.* a small bed for a baby or child, typically with high sides to prevent the child from falling out

ANSWERS: 41. cornucopia, 42. cots