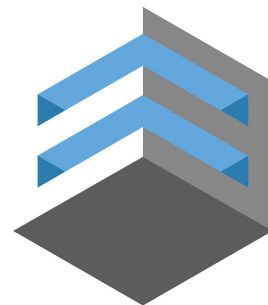


Englist.me



Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Greta Thunberg: The disarming case to act right now on climate change | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/greta_thunberg_the_disarming_case_to_act_right_now_on_climate_change

All Words

IMPORTANT

This material is a commentary and does not contain any copyrighted material of the reference source. We strongly recommend accessing/buying the reference source at the same time.

Session 1: Word List

climate

n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

synonym: atmosphere, weather, environment

(1) a cold **climate**, (2) effects of **climate** change

Climate and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

apparently

adv. based on what you have heard or read

synonym: evidently, obviously, supposedly

(1) **apparently** simple, (2) **apparently** unrelated

The police **apparently** believed this explanation was plausible.

recycle

v. to sort and collect things to process them and produce valuable materials that can be used again

synonym: reclaim, reuse, reprocess

(1) **recycle** the cardboard boxes, (2) **recycle** milk packaging into new paper

We largely **recycle** the circuit board of cell phones because they contain a lot of valuable metals.

fossil

n. any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into

rock

synonym: relic, remnant, antediluvian

(1) burning of **fossil** fuels, (2) a **fossil** leaf

It was the **fossil** of a dinosaur tooth.

fuel

n. a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy

synonym: energy, power, gas

(1) biomass **fuel**, (2) smokeless **fuel**

The **fuel** scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector

threaten

v. to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone

synonym: endanger, terrorize, intimidate

(1) **threaten** a healthy relationship, (2) **threaten** national security

Various artificially induced causes are **threatening** our ecosystem.

restriction

n. a limitation or constraint placed on something, or the act of limiting or constraining something

synonym: limitation, constraint, control

(1) nutritional **restriction**, (2) **restriction** on trade

The **restriction** on travel during the pandemic made it difficult for people to see their loved ones.

illegal

adj. not allowed by law

synonym: banned, prohibited, illicit

(1) **illegal** drugs, (2) child of **illegal** immigrants

The customs agents seized the **illegal** shipment.

unreal

adj. imaginary; not existing in fact

synonym: false, fake, fictitious

(1) have an **unreal** feeling, (2) **unreal** situation

The idea of winning the lottery seemed so **unreal** that he

didn't even bother buying a ticket.

depression

n. a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

synonym: recession, slump, despair

(1) the Great **Depression**, (2) the root problem of her **depression**

Depression symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.

diagnose

v. to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis

synonym: identify, analyze, interpret

(1) **diagnose** the problem, (2) **diagnose** with CT scans

This device is used to **diagnose** brain cancer and other tumors.

syndrome

n. a group of signs and symptoms that occur together and are characteristic of a particular condition or disorder

synonym: disorder, condition, complication

(1) **syndrome** of dementia, (2) acute **syndrome**

The patient was diagnosed with a rare genetic **syndrome**.

mutism

n. a condition in which a person is unable or unwilling to speak, often due to a psychological or neurological disorder; the state of being mute or silent

synonym: dumbness, silence, speechlessness

(1) developmental **mutism**, (2) anxiety-based **mutism**

He experienced selective **mutism** when he was around large groups of people.

spectrum

n. an ordered array of colors into which a light beam can be split

synonym: range, scale, spread

(1) a broad **spectrum** of opinion, (2) infrared **spectrum**

This device displayed the speech **spectrum**

spectrographically.

participate

v. to take part in something

synonym: take part, partake, enter

(1) **participate** fully in conversation, (2) **participate** in the program

The majority of students actively **participated** in the college's intramural sports program.

fond

adj. having affection or liking for someone, particularly someone you've known for a long time

synonym: liking, enjoying, affectionate

(1) very **fond** of, (2) **fond** memories of the birthday

He is excessively **fond** of alcohol.

autism

n. a developmental disorder characterized by difficulties in social interaction, verbal and nonverbal communication

(1) high-functioning **autism**, (2) **autism** spectrum disorder

There is no cure for **autism**, but early intervention and therapy can improve outcomes for individuals with the condition.

norm

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

synonym: criterion, mean, standard

(1) **norm** of action, (2) cultural **norm**

The systems we have developed has accepted as industry **norms**.

sustainable

adj. able to continue or be continued for a long time

synonym: continuable, endurable, tolerable

(1) **sustainable** alternative fuel, (2) principles of **sustainable** development

The government should do more to support environmentally **sustainable** agriculture.

crisis

n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

synonym : concern, problem, emergency

(1) financial **crisis**, (2) **crisis** management

The Chinese word for **crisis** comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

threat

n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

synonym : menace, danger, hazard

(1) economic **threat**, (2) environmental **threat**

The **threat** of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.

emission

n. the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.

synonym : emanation, radiation, discharge

(1) global **emissions** of greenhouse gases, (2) the **emission** of light

There are five distinct **emissions** at five unique wavelengths.

survival

n. the state of continuing to exist or live, frequently in the face of difficulty or danger

synonym : endurance, continuity

(1) **survival** ability, (2) **survival** food

He evaluated his chances for **survival** rather pessimistically.

degree

n. a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment

synonym : level, qualification, diploma

(1) bachelor's **degree**, (2) **degree** centigrade

She received her **degree** in psychology from the university.

demonstrate

v. to display something or give an exhibition to an interested audience

synonym: show, illustrate, display

(1) **demonstrate** a difference, (2) **demonstrate** mastery

How can you **demonstrate** that the earth is a sphere?

aim

v. to try or plan to get or achieve something

synonym: aspire, direct, target

(1) **aim** at a specific target, (2) **aim** to be a nurse

We **aim** for an overseas expansion.

mention

v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly

synonym: reference, allude, cite

(1) **mention** name, (2) **mention** in a report

I **mentioned** to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.

greenhouse

n. a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in

synonym: conservatory

(1) exotic plants in a **greenhouse**, (2) emissions of **greenhouse** gases

The **greenhouse** effect is a phenomenon that happens naturally.

pollution

n. the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change

synonym: corrosion, deterioration, corruption

(1) environmental **pollution**, (2) high levels of air **pollution**

The **pollution** is endangering the local plants and animals.

midst

n. the middle part of people or things

synonym: middle, core, bosom

(1) in the **midst** of the crowd, (2) in the **midst** of a scandal

He remained serene in the **midst** of turbulence.

mass

n. a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together

synonym : abundance, crowd, mob

(1) a **mass** of molten rock, (2) critical **mass**

The **mass** of people who do not own property is politically impotent.

extinction

n. the complete disappearance of a species from the earth

synonym : disappearance, eradication, annihilation

(1) **extinction** prevention, (2) brink of **extinction**

The **extinction** of the dinosaurs is thought to have been caused by an asteroid impact.

extinct

adj. no longer in existence

synonym : dead, obsolete, abolished

(1) **extinct** by human activity, (2) long- **extinct** volcano

Many species have become **extinct** due to habitat destruction and other human activities.

aspect

n. one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.

synonym : characteristic, element, factor

(1) nontechnical **aspects** of the job, (2) **aspects** of social, political, and economic life

His professional experience includes all **aspects** of media production.

equity

n. the value of the shares issued by a company

synonym : fairness

(1) private **equity** firm, (2) **equity** capital market

That company is cautious when it comes to **equity** investment.

absolutely

adv. without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly

synonym : completely, utterly, definitely

(1) **absolutely** against, (2) **absolutely** obsessed with the

girl

I am **absolutely** opposed to his idea because of morality.

infrastructure

n. the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies

synonym: foundation, framework

(1) IT **infrastructure**, (2) **infrastructure** cost

Aging societies tend to require huge costs for **infrastructure** maintenance.

electrify

v. to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something

synonym: wire, amaze, astonish

(1) **electrify** the audience, (2) **electrify** a manufacturing process

The product developed through years of research continues to **electrify** the market.

commitment

n. a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way

synonym: burden, obligation, promise

(1) a **commitment** to an alliance, (2) meet his **commitments**

His business **commitments** took him to the United States.

evil

adj. profoundly immoral, cruel, and wicked; having or exerting a harmful effect on people

synonym: malign, corruption, immorality

(1) **evil** ways, (2) a charm against **evil**

Corruption is an **evil** act for any reason.

vast

adj. enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity

synonym: expansive, extended, boundless

(1) **vast** majority, (2) **vast** desert

A **vast** audience viewed the broadcast.

clue

n. an object, a piece of evidence, or some information that helps someone to find the answer to a problem, question, or mystery

synonym : hint, indication, inkling

(1) a **clue** about the crime, (2) a **clue** to the diagnosis

The police couldn't find a **clue** to her whereabouts.

consequence

n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual

synonym : result, impact, outcome

(1) unintended **consequences**, (2) the **consequence** of an argument

These economic activities had disastrous environmental **consequences**.

flood

n. a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount

synonym : deluge, downpour, overflow

(1) **flood** advisory, (2) a **flood** of questions

These heavy rains caused flash **floods** on several islands.

nation

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

synonym : country, state, sovereign entity

(1) **nation-state**, (2) a seafaring **nation**

The **nation** of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

pile

n. a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money

synonym : accumulation, heap, stack

(1) a sand **pile**, (2) the height of a **pile**

After the party, they had to clean up **piles** of dirty dishes.

emergency

n. a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action

synonym: crisis, trouble, difficulty

(1) **emergency** action, (2) acute **emergency**

The president declared a state of **emergency**.

headline

n. a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page

synonym: title, caption

(1) **headline** article, (2) banner **headline**

The engagement of the two golf players became **headline** news.

politician

n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.

synonym: congressperson, lawmaker, legislator

(1) a **politician** in the ruling party, (2) a corrupt **politician**

The **politician** lost his position in the end due to the scandal.

dairy

n. a room, building, or establishment where milk and milk products are produced and processed; milk and milk products, such as butter and cheese

synonym: creamery, farm

(1) low-fat **dairy**, (2) imported **dairy** product

The **dairy** industry is a significant contributor to the economy.

celebrate

v. to acknowledge a memorable or good day or event with a social gathering or enjoyable activity

synonym: praise, glorify, honor

(1) **celebrate** his election, (2) **celebrate** Christmas

He **celebrated** the 10th anniversary of his tenure.

grandchild

n. a child of someone's son or daughter

synonym: offspring, descendant, progeny

(1) **grandchild-grandparent** relationship, (2) **grandchild** development

The grandparents take care of their **grandchild** while the parents are at work.

undo

v. to reverse the effect of an action or event, typically one that is recent or specific

synonym: reverse, retract, revoke

(1) **undo** changes, (2) **undo** a belt

I accidentally deleted the file, so can you **undo** that action?

decide

v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options

synonym: choose, determine, settle

(1) **decide** a question, (2) **decide** on a course of action

She couldn't **decide** whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.

parliament

n. a legislative body, especially the one that represents the people of a country or state

synonym: congress, assembly, legislature

(1) disband **parliament**, (2) event of a hung **parliament**

He was a member of **parliament**.

strike

v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

synonym: hit, impact, influence

(1) **strike** up a conversation, (2) **strike** a blow

We **strike** to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

whatsoever

adv. not at all; no matter what

synonym: in any way, at all, in any respect

(1) **whatsoever** it be, (2) without impact **whatsoever**

He refused to do anything **whatsoever** to help her.

panel

n. a square or rectangular and flat piece of something that forms a distinct section or component of something; a small group of specialists who discuss particular topics

or give their advice or opinion about something

synonym : board, commission, discussion

(1) **panel** discussion, (2) cost of solar **panels**

A **panel** of economic advisers from the United States visited the country to help rebuild its economy.

circular

adj. shaped like a circle; having a round form

synonym : round, loopy, oblique

(1) **circular** economy, (2) non- **circular** orbit

The **circular** shape of the planet makes it difficult to determine which direction is north.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym : finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

pep

n. energy, enthusiasm, or liveliness; (verb) to give someone energy, enthusiasm, or liveliness

synonym : energy, enthusiasm, liveliness

(1) **pep** me up, (2) have a lot of **peps**

The coach gave a **pep** talk to the team before the game to boost their spirits.

barrel

n. a large round container made of wood, metal, or plastic, with flat ends and, usually, curved sides; one of several units of volume

synonym : cask, firkin, drum

(1) a **barrel** of beer, (2) \$30 a **barrel**

One rotten apple spoils the whole **barrel**.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------|---|
| 1. par_____te fully in conversation | v. | to take part in something |
| 2. pa__l discussion | n. | a square or rectangular and flat piece of something that forms a distinct section or component of something; a small group of specialists who discuss particular topics or give their advice or opinion about something |
| 3. burning of fo___l fuels | n. | any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock |
| 4. un___l situation | adj. | imaginary; not existing in fact |
| 5. di_____se with CT scans | v. | to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis |
| 6. na___n-state | n. | a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture |
| 7. de___e a question | v. | to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options |
| 8. a fo___l leaf | n. | any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock |
| 9. el_____fy a manufacturing process | v. | to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something |

ANSWERS: 1. participate, 2. panel, 3. fossil, 4. unreal, 5. diagnose, 6. nation, 7. decide, 8. fossil, 9. electrify

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| 10. su____al ability | <i>n.</i> the state of continuing to exist or live, frequently in the face of difficulty or danger |
| 11. u__o changes | <i>v.</i> to reverse the effect of an action or event, typically one that is recent or specific |
| 12. biomass f__l | <i>n.</i> a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy |
| 13. a com_____nt to an alliance | <i>n.</i> a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way |
| 14. app_____ly unrelated | <i>adv.</i> based on what you have heard or read |
| 15. developmental mu____m | <i>n.</i> a condition in which a person is unable or unwilling to speak, often due to a psychological or neurological disorder; the state of being mute or silent |
| 16. de___e on a course of action | <i>v.</i> to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options |
| 17. brink of ext_____on | <i>n.</i> the complete disappearance of a species from the earth |
| 18. a c__e to the diagnosis | <i>n.</i> an object, a piece of evidence, or some information that helps someone to find the answer to a problem, question, or mystery |
| 19. non-ci_____ar orbit | <i>adj.</i> shaped like a circle; having a round form |
| 20. a cold cl_____e | <i>n.</i> the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period |

ANSWERS: 10. survival, 11. undo, 12. fuel, 13. commitment, 14. apparently, 15. mutism, 16. decide, 17. extinction, 18. clue, 19. circular, 20. climate

- | | |
|---|---|
| 21. global em_____ons of greenhouse gases | <i>n.</i> the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc. |
| 22. disband par_____nt | <i>n.</i> a legislative body, especially the one that represents the people of a country or state |
| 23. wha_____er it be | <i>adv.</i> not at all; no matter what |
| 24. sy_____me of dementia | <i>n.</i> a group of signs and symptoms that occur together and are characteristic of a particular condition or disorder |
| 25. n__m of action | <i>n.</i> something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard |
| 26. he_____ne article | <i>n.</i> a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page |
| 27. IT inf_____ure | <i>n.</i> the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies |
| 28. the Great Dep_____on | <i>n.</i> a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market |
| 29. ci_____ar economy | <i>adj.</i> shaped like a circle; having a round form |
| 30. acute sy_____me | <i>n.</i> a group of signs and symptoms that occur together and are characteristic of a particular condition or disorder |
| 31. child of il_____l immigrants | <i>adj.</i> not allowed by law |
| 32. p_p me up | <i>n.</i> energy, enthusiasm, or liveliness; (verb) to give someone energy, enthusiasm, or liveliness |

ANSWERS: 21. emission, 22. parliament, 23. whatsoever, 24. syndrome, 25. norm, 26. headline, 27. infrastructure, 28. depression, 29. circular, 30. syndrome, 31. illegal, 32. pep

33. low-fat da__y *n.* a room, building, or establishment where milk and milk products are produced and processed; milk and milk products, such as butter and cheese
34. in the mi__t of the crowd *n.* the middle part of people or things
35. gra_____ld-grandparent relationship *n.* a child of someone's son or daughter
36. bachelor's de___e *n.* a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment
37. a corrupt pol_____an *n.* a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
38. exotic plants in a gre_____se *n.* a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in
39. high levels of air po_____on *n.* the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change
40. a ba___l of beer *n.* a large round container made of wood, metal, or plastic, with flat ends and, usually, curved sides; one of several units of volume
41. have a lot of p__ps *n.* energy, enthusiasm, or liveliness; (verb) to give someone energy, enthusiasm, or liveliness
42. as___ts of social, political, and economic life *n.* one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.

ANSWERS: 33. dairy, 34. midst, 35. grandchild, 36. degree, 37. politician, 38. greenhouse, 39. pollution, 40. barrel, 41. pep, 42. aspect

43. imported da__y product *n.* a room, building, or establishment where milk and milk products are produced and processed; milk and milk products, such as butter and cheese
44. have an un___l feeling *adj.* imaginary; not existing in fact
45. smokeless f__l *n.* a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
46. the root problem of her dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
47. ex_____t by human activity *adj.* no longer in existence
48. sus_____le alternative fuel *adj.* able to continue or be continued for a long time
49. the height of a p__e *n.* a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money
50. unintended con_____ces *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
51. st___e up a conversation *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
52. a seafaring na___n *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
53. par_____te in the program *v.* to take part in something
54. banner he_____ne *n.* a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page

ANSWERS: 43. dairy, 44. unreal, 45. fuel, 46. depression, 47. extinct, 48. sustainable, 49. pile, 50. consequence, 51. strike, 52. nation, 53. participate, 54. headline

55. fl__d advisory *n.* a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount
56. f__d memories of the birthday *adj.* having affection or liking for someone, particularly someone you've known for a long time
57. environmental th____t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
58. \$30 a ba____l *n.* a large round container made of wood, metal, or plastic, with flat ends and, usually, curved sides; one of several units of volume
59. re_____e the cardboard boxes *v.* to sort and collect things to process them and produce valuable materials that can be used again
60. me_____n in a report *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly
61. in the mi__t of a scandal *n.* the middle part of people or things
62. ce_____te his election *v.* to acknowledge a memorable or good day or event with a social gathering or enjoyable activity
63. without impact wha_____er *adv.* not at all; no matter what
64. su_____al food *n.* the state of continuing to exist or live, frequently in the face of difficulty or danger

ANSWERS: 55. flood, 56. fond, 57. threat, 58. barrel, 59. recycle, 60. mention, 61. midst, 62. celebrate, 63. whatsoever, 64. survival

65. de___e centigrade *n.* a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment
66. a fl__d of questions *n.* a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount
67. ext_____on prevention *n.* the complete disappearance of a species from the earth
68. long-ex_____t volcano *adj.* no longer in existence
69. emissions of gre_____se gases *n.* a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in
70. the em_____on of light *n.* the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.
71. nontechnical as____ts of the job *n.* one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.
72. a broad sp_____um of opinion *n.* an ordered array of colors into which a light beam can be split
73. acute em_____cy *n.* a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action
74. eq___y capital market *n.* the value of the shares issued by a company
75. inf_____ure cost *n.* the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies

ANSWERS: 65. degree, 66. flood, 67. extinction, 68. extinct, 69. greenhouse, 70. emission, 71. aspect, 72. spectrum, 73. emergency, 74. equity, 75. infrastructure

76. re____e milk packaging into new paper
v. to sort and collect things to process them and produce valuable materials that can be used again
77. financial cr____s
n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
78. high-functioning au____m
n. a developmental disorder characterized by difficulties in social interaction, verbal and nonverbal communication
79. very f__d of
adj. having affection or liking for someone, particularly someone you've known for a long time
80. critical m__s
n. a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together
81. nutritional res_____on
n. a limitation or constraint placed on something, or the act of limiting or constraining something
82. cr____s management
n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
83. ec____y of scale
n. the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

ANSWERS: 76. recycle, 77. crisis, 78. autism, 79. fond, 80. mass, 81. restriction, 82. crisis, 83. economy

84. me_____n name *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly
85. effects of cl_____e change *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
86. el_____fy the audience *v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
87. th_____en national security *v.* to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone
88. em_____cy action *n.* a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action
89. principles of sus_____le development *adj.* able to continue or be continued for a long time
90. environmental po_____on *n.* the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change
91. a c__e about the crime *n.* an object, a piece of evidence, or some information that helps someone to find the answer to a problem, question, or mystery
92. private eq___y firm *n.* the value of the shares issued by a company
93. a_m at a specific target *v.* to try or plan to get or achieve something
94. ce_____te Christmas *v.* to acknowledge a memorable or good day or event with a social gathering or enjoyable activity

ANSWERS: 84. mention, 85. climate, 86. electrify, 87. threaten, 88. emergency, 89. sustainable, 90. pollution, 91. clue, 92. equity, 93. aim, 94. celebrate

95. ec____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
96. economic th____t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
97. th____en a healthy relationship *v.* to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone
98. abs____ly obsessed with the girl *adv.* without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly
99. cost of solar pa__ls *n.* a square or rectangular and flat piece of something that forms a distinct section or component of something; a small group of specialists who discuss particular topics or give their advice or opinion about something
100. v__t majority *adj.* enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity
101. dem____te a difference *v.* to display something or give an exhibition to an interested audience
102. st____e a blow *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

ANSWERS: 95. economy, 96. threat, 97. threaten, 98. absolutely, 99. panel, 100. vast, 101. demonstrate, 102. strike

103. the con_____ce of an argument *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
104. il_____l drugs *adj.* not allowed by law
105. a_m to be a nurse *v.* to try or plan to get or achieve something
106. e__l ways *adj.* profoundly immoral, cruel, and wicked; having or exerting a harmful effect on people
107. a m__s of molten rock *n.* a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together
108. dem_____te mastery *v.* to display something or give an exhibition to an interested audience
109. u__o a belt *v.* to reverse the effect of an action or event, typically one that is recent or specific
110. a pol_____an in the ruling party *n.* a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
111. abs_____ly against *adv.* without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly
112. anxiety-based mu___m *n.* a condition in which a person is unable or unwilling to speak, often due to a psychological or neurological disorder; the state of being mute or silent
113. di_____se the problem *v.* to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis

ANSWERS: 103. consequence, 104. illegal, 105. aim, 106. evil, 107. mass, 108. demonstrate, 109. undo, 110. politician, 111. absolutely, 112. mutism, 113. diagnose

114. app_____ly simple *adv.* based on what you have heard or read
115. a charm against e__l *adj.* profoundly immoral, cruel, and wicked; having or exerting a harmful effect on people
116. a sand p__e *n.* a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money
117. event of a hung par_____nt *n.* a legislative body, especially the one that represents the people of a country or state
118. au___m spectrum disorder *n.* a developmental disorder characterized by difficulties in social interaction, verbal and nonverbal communication
119. v__t desert *adj.* enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity
120. gra_____ld development *n.* a child of someone's son or daughter
121. res_____on on trade *n.* a limitation or constraint placed on something, or the act of limiting or constraining something
122. meet his com_____nts *n.* a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way
123. infrared sp_____um *n.* an ordered array of colors into which a light beam can be split
124. cultural n__m *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

ANSWERS: 114. apparently, 115. evil, 116. pile, 117. parliament, 118. autism, 119. vast, 120. grandchild, 121. restriction, 122. commitment, 123. spectrum, 124. norm

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The engagement of the two golf players became _____ news.
n. a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page
2. The government should do more to support environmentally _____ agriculture.
adj. able to continue or be continued for a long time
3. He was a member of _____.
n. a legislative body, especially the one that represents the people of a country or state
4. The _____ on travel during the pandemic made it difficult for people to see their loved ones.
n. a limitation or constraint placed on something, or the act of limiting or constraining something
5. The police couldn't find a _____ to her whereabouts.
n. an object, a piece of evidence, or some information that helps someone to find the answer to a problem, question, or mystery
6. The _____ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.
n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
7. The Chinese word for _____ comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.
n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

ANSWERS: 1. headline, 2. sustainable, 3. parliament, 4. restriction, 5. clue, 6. nation, 7. crisis

8. He remained serene in the _____ of turbulence.
n. the middle part of people or things
9. A _____ audience viewed the broadcast.
adj. enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity
10. The grandparents take care of their _____ while the parents are at work.
n. a child of someone's son or daughter
11. The _____ of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.
n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
12. His business _____ took him to the United States.
n. a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way
13. A _____ of economic advisers from the United States visited the country to help rebuild its economy.
n. a square or rectangular and flat piece of something that forms a distinct section or component of something; a small group of specialists who discuss particular topics or give their advice or opinion about something
14. Many species have become _____ due to habitat destruction and other human activities.
adj. no longer in existence
15. One rotten apple spoils the whole _____.
n. a large round container made of wood, metal, or plastic, with flat ends and, usually, curved sides; one of several units of volume

ANSWERS: 8. midst, 9. vast, 10. grandchild, 11. threat, 12. commitments, 13. panel, 14. extinct, 15. barrel

16. The product developed through years of research continues to _____ the market.
- v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
17. I accidentally deleted the file, so can you _____ that action?
- v.* to reverse the effect of an action or event, typically one that is recent or specific
18. She couldn't _____ whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.
- v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
19. It was the _____ of a dinosaur tooth.
- n.* any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock
20. The customs agents seized the _____ shipment.
- adj.* not allowed by law
21. The president declared a state of _____.
- n.* a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action
22. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
- n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
23. The idea of winning the lottery seemed so _____ that he didn't even bother buying a ticket.
- adj.* imaginary; not existing in fact

ANSWERS: 16. electrify, 17. undo, 18. decide, 19. fossil, 20. illegal, 21. emergency, 22. economy, 23. unreal

24. His professional experience includes all _____ of media production.
n. one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.
25. This device is used to _____ brain cancer and other tumors.
v. to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis
26. We largely _____ the circuit board of cell phones because they contain a lot of valuable metals.
v. to sort and collect things to process them and produce valuable materials that can be used again
27. He refused to do anything _____ to help her.
adv. not at all; no matter what
28. The majority of students actively _____ in the college's intramural sports program.
v. to take part in something
29. There are five distinct _____ at five unique wavelengths.
n. the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.
30. The _____ scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector
n. a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
31. This device displayed the speech _____ spectrographically.
n. an ordered array of colors into which a light beam can be split
32. Corruption is an _____ act for any reason.
adj. profoundly immoral, cruel, and wicked; having or exerting a harmful effect on people

ANSWERS: 24. aspects, 25. diagnose, 26. recycle, 27. whatsoever, 28. participated, 29. emissions, 30. fuel, 31. spectrum, 32. evil

33. The _____ lost his position in the end due to the scandal.
n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
34. He is excessively _____ of alcohol.
adj. having affection or liking for someone, particularly someone you've known for a long time
35. We _____ to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.
v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
36. That company is cautious when it comes to _____ investment.
n. the value of the shares issued by a company
37. The _____ industry is a significant contributor to the economy.
n. a room, building, or establishment where milk and milk products are produced and processed; milk and milk products, such as butter and cheese
38. The _____ of the dinosaurs is thought to have been caused by an asteroid impact.
n. the complete disappearance of a species from the earth
39. I _____ to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.
v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly
40. After the party, they had to clean up _____ of dirty dishes.
n. a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money

ANSWERS: 33. politician, 34. fond, 35. strike, 36. equity, 37. dairy, 38. extinction, 39. mentioned, 40. piles

41. The _____ is endangering the local plants and animals.
n. the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change
42. _____ and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.
n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
43. The _____ shape of the planet makes it difficult to determine which direction is north.
adj. shaped like a circle; having a round form
44. We ___ for an overseas expansion.
v. to try or plan to get or achieve something
45. The coach gave a ___ talk to the team before the game to boost their spirits.
n. energy, enthusiasm, or liveliness; (verb) to give someone energy, enthusiasm, or liveliness
46. How can you _____ that the earth is a sphere?
v. to display something or give an exhibition to an interested audience
47. I am _____ opposed to his idea because of morality.
adv. without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly
48. Aging societies tend to require huge costs for _____ maintenance.
n. the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies
49. Various artificially induced causes are _____ our ecosystem.
v. to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone

ANSWERS: 41. pollution, 42. Climate, 43. circular, 44. aim, 45. pep, 46. demonstrate, 47. absolutely, 48. infrastructure, 49. threatening

50. There is no cure for _____ but early intervention and therapy can improve outcomes for individuals with the condition.
- n.* a developmental disorder characterized by difficulties in social interaction, verbal and nonverbal communication
51. The _____ effect is a phenomenon that happens naturally.
- n.* a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in
52. He evaluated his chances for _____ rather pessimistically.
- n.* the state of continuing to exist or live, frequently in the face of difficulty or danger
53. The _____ of people who do not own property is politically impotent.
- n.* a large amount of a substance with no definite shape or form; a large number of people or things grouped or crowded together
54. These heavy rains caused flash _____ on several islands.
- n.* a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount
55. He _____ the 10th anniversary of his tenure.
- v.* to acknowledge a memorable or good day or event with a social gathering or enjoyable activity
56. These economic activities had disastrous environmental _____.
- n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
57. She received her _____ in psychology from the university.
- n.* a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment

ANSWERS: 50. autism, 51. greenhouse, 52. survival, 53. mass, 54. floods, 55. celebrated, 56. consequences, 57. degree

58. The patient was diagnosed with a rare genetic _____.
- n.* a group of signs and symptoms that occur together and are characteristic of a particular condition or disorder
59. _____ symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.
- n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
60. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.
- n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
61. He experienced selective _____ when he was around large groups of people.
- n.* a condition in which a person is unable or unwilling to speak, often due to a psychological or neurological disorder; the state of being mute or silent
62. The police _____ believed this explanation was plausible.
- adv.* based on what you have heard or read

ANSWERS: 58. syndrome, 59. Depression, 60. norms, 61. mutism, 62. apparently