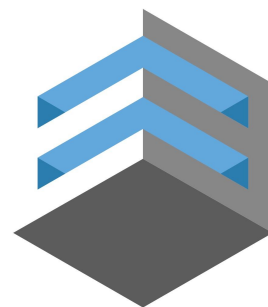


Englist.me



Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Christina Greer: How one journalist risked her life to hold murderers accountable | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/christina_greer_how_one_journalist_risked_her_life_to_hold_murderers_accountable

All Words

IMPORTANT

This material is a commentary and does not contain any copyrighted material of the reference source. We strongly recommend accessing/buying the reference source at the same time.

Session 1: Word List

grocery

n. a shop that sells food and other household items
synonym: foodstuff, market

(1) the **grocery** business, (2) run a **grocery**

I will go to the **grocery** store to buy food for dinner.

murder

n. the crime of killing somebody intentionally
synonym: slaying, killing

(1) **murder** in the second degree, (2) attempted **murder**

This intriguing **murder** mystery remains unsolved.

mob

n. a large and disorderly crowd of people; a large horde of animals

synonym: crowd, throng, horde

(1) **mob** psychology, (2) **mob** violence

The excited **mob** was getting out of control at the concert.

lynch

v. to put to death or punish (usually by hanging) without legal authorization or due process, often as an act of mob justice or vigilante action; (noun) a violent punishment, often extrajudicial, in which a mob or group of people seize and kill someone, usually by hanging, as a form of punishment or vengeance

synonym : hang, execute, mob

(1) **lynch** law, (2) **lynch** him to death

The mob wanted to **lynch** the suspect before he could be tried in court.

subsequent

adj. happening or occurring later or after something else

synonym : later, following, ensuing

(1) over **subsequent** months, (2) reduce **subsequent** mortality

In the **subsequent** meeting, the team discussed ways to improve productivity.

investigation

n. the act or process of thoroughly examining a crime, problem, statement, etc., to uncover the truth

synonym : examination, analysis, inspection

(1) a preliminary **investigation**, (2) the scope of an **investigation**

We have never before conducted a legitimate **investigation**.

consequence

n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual

synonym : result, impact, outcome

(1) unintended **consequences**, (2) the **consequence** of an argument

These economic activities had disastrous environmental **consequences**.

journalist

n. a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media

synonym : reporter, newsperson, press

(1) a China-based **journalist**, (2) **journalist** on a magazine
Foreign TV crews and **journalists** can go as they please in various locations during the Olympics.

victim

n. a person who has been harmed, injured, or otherwise negatively affected by a particular action, circumstance, or event

synonym : prey, target, sufferer

(1) **victim** support, (2) **victim** compensation

The **victim** of the crime deserves justice and support to recover from the trauma.

expose

v. to show something by uncovering it; to make something accessible to some action or influence

synonym : disclose, reveal, uncover

(1) **expose** a crime, (2) **expose** a person to risks

That newspaper **exposed** a political scandal in a big way.

shock

n. a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant

synonym : amazement, surprise, stunner

(1) death from **shock**, (2) **shock-resistant**

He got an electric **shock** at work.

nation

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

synonym : country, state, sovereign entity

(1) **nation-state**, (2) a seafaring **nation**

The **nation** of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

launch

v. to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time

synonym : start, initiate, begin

(1) **launch** a spaceship into orbit, (2) **launch** a big attack

The company is set to **launch** its new product line next month.

investigate

v. to conduct a systematic or formal inquiry to identify and evaluate the facts of a crime, problem, statement, etc. to establish the truth

synonym: examine, analyze, look into

(1) **investigate** the matter, (2) **investigate** a data leak

The committee **investigated** several apparent inconsistencies.

civic

adj. of or relating to a town, city, or the people who live in it

synonym: community, civic, communal

(1) **civic** activity, (2) **civic** center

The city promotes **civic** collaboration in community development

advocate

n. a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something

synonym: proponent, exponent, promoter

(1) an **advocate** of disarmament, (2) public education

advocates

Advocates of abolishing the death penalty often argue that the alternative heaviest sentence should be life in prison.

slavery

n. the practice or system of owning, buying, and selling people as property and forcing them to work

synonym: bondage, servitude, enslavement

(1) **slavery** labor, (2) institution of **slavery**

The abolition of **slavery** in the United States was a major achievement in the fight for human rights.

emancipation

n. the act or process of setting someone free from control or influence

synonym: liberation, freedom, release

(1) self- **emancipation**, (2) history of **emancipation**

His **emancipation** from his parents was a defining moment and gave him newfound freedom.

proclamation

n. an official announcement or statement
synonym: announcement, declamation, edict

(1) **proclamation** of innocence, (2) nullify a **proclamation**
The king made a **proclamation** declaring war on the neighboring country.

release

v. to set free or allow to escape from confinement
synonym: free, let go, discharge

(1) **release** a prisoner, (2) **release** CO2 into the air
The animal rights group worked to **release** the dolphins back into the wild.

sibling

n. a brother or sister; member of a family born to the same parents
synonym: brother, sister, relative

(1) have a **sibling** quarrel, (2) play with my **siblings**
Children often copy their parents or elder **siblings**.

writ

n. a written legal order or command
synonym: legal document, order, legal process

(1) a **writ** of summons, (2) issue a **writ**
He was served with a **writ** of eviction, giving him the notice to vacate the property.

reputation

n. the general opinion that people have about someone or something, especially when this is based on their previous experiences or behaviors
synonym: fame, standing, esteem

(1) **reputation** risk, (2) cloud his **reputation**
She has a good **reputation** for being one of the best chefs in the city.

racial

adj. of or related to the race (= classification of humans into groups based on physical traits or social relations)
synonym: ethnic, tribal, ethnical

(1) **racial** prejudice, (2) **racial** and ethnic backgrounds

A minor **racial** conflict later led to a civil war.

injustice

n. a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society

synonym : unfairness, bias, discrimination

(1) gross **injustice**, (2) **injustice** system

The **injustice** of the court's decision angered many people and led to protests.

co-own

v. to own something such as a business or company jointly

(1) **co-own** real estate, (2) **co-own** an equity interest

Members may not **co-own** a share.

edit

v. to prepare written material for publication by correcting, condensing, or otherwise modifying it

synonym : revise, modify, adjust

(1) **edit** a history book, (2) **edit** a video

I need to **edit** this document before submitting it to my boss.

headlight

n. a bright forward-facing light on a vehicle, typically used at night to illuminate the road ahead

synonym : headlamp, beam, lamp

(1) **headlight** adjustment, (2) **headlight** switch

My car's **headlight** must be replaced before I drive again at night.

attempt

n. an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult

synonym : endeavor, effort, try

(1) the **attempt** to rescue the hostages, (2) a reckless **attempt**

The third **attempt** was far more successful.

assert

v. to state something firmly and confidently, often in a way that is intended to convince others that it is true

synonym : maintain, state, declare

(1) **assert** a free society, (2) **assert** a claim for unjust

enrichment

She **asserted** that she was innocent, despite the evidence against her.

commit

v. to do something illegal or wrong

synonym: engage, carry out, execute

(1) **commit** suicide, (2) **commit** mistakes

The military has **committed** an abuse of human rights.

suppress

v. to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force

synonym: subdue, bury, stifle

(1) **suppress** a yawn, (2) **suppress** a revolt

The doctor prescribed medication to **suppress** the patient's appetite.

vandal

n. a person who deliberately damages or destroys public or private property, often out of a sense of malicious or mischievous intent

synonym: destroyer, defacer, hooligan

(1) teenage **vandal**, (2) graffiti **vandal**

The city installed security cameras to deter **vandals** from damaging public property.

analyze

v. to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning

synonym: explore, examine, investigate

(1) **analyze** a chemical compound, (2) **analyze** your real motives

The teacher attempted to **analyze** the root cause of our mistake.

specific

adj. clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise

synonym: particular, definite, distinct

(1) **specific** instructions, (2) industry- **specific** regulations

The scientist conducted a study that provided **specific** details about the species' behavior.

motto

n. a phrase or slogan that expresses a guiding principle or goal

synonym: slogan, catchphrase, phrase

(1) the **motto** for safe traffic, (2) company **motto**

The company's **motto** is "Innovation and Service," which is reflected in its products and customer support.

enrage

v. to make someone extremely angry

synonym: anger, incense, infuriate

(1) **enrage** the international community, (2) **enrage** critics

The news of the betrayal **enraged** him.

involve

v. to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else

synonym: implicate, include, engage

(1) **involve** a lot of paperwork, (2) **involve** a high degree of risk

The investigation **involves** several government agencies and is expected to take several months.

bravery

n. courage in the face of danger

synonym: courage, valor, heroism

(1) **bravery** against the enemy, (2) **bravery** under fire

His **bravery** in the face of danger saved the lives of his comrades.

claim

v. to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true

synonym: assert, declare, maintain

(1) **claim** responsibility, (2) false **claim**

He wants to **claim** ownership of the abandoned property.

criminal

n. a person who has committed a crime

synonym: offender, lawbreaker, delinquent

(1) wanted **criminal**, (2) **criminal** investigation

The police are searching for the **criminal** who stole the jewels.

deliberate

adj. done with full consciousness of nature and effects rather than by accident

synonym: intentional, planned, careful

(1) the **deliberate** act of provocation, (2) **deliberate** attempt

Despite its advanced science and technology, the empire was **deliberate** about invasion.

brutal

adj. harsh or cruel

synonym: harsh, cruel, barbarous

(1) **brutal** bully, (2) **brutal** honesty

The **brutal** attack left the victim with serious injuries.

tactic

n. a method or strategy used to achieve a particular goal or objective

synonym: strategy, approach, method

(1) an imprudent **tactic**, (2) alternative **tactic**

The coach implemented a new **tactic** to win the game.

pun

n. a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay

synonym: joke, quip, wordplay

(1) witty **pun**, (2) silly **pun**

The comedian's **pun** had the audience laughing out loud.

compete

v. to strive to achieve more success than someone or something

synonym: contend, contest, vie

(1) **compete** against a friend, (2) **compete** fiercely

You must **compete** with others to obtain this position.

divert

- v. to change the course or direction of something, often away from a specific path or target; to entertain or amuse someone, often to distract them from a problem or concern; to appropriate something for a different purpose

synonym: distract, redirect, sidetrack

(1) **divert** attention, (2) **divert** an assault

Due to the road construction, we had to **divert** our course to get to the restaurant.

competitor

- n. a person who participates in a sporting contest; a person or organization that competes with others, particularly in business

synonym: opponent, contender, contestant

(1) beat **competitor** offer, (2) domestic **competitor**

The gap between the company and its **competitors** has widened.

destroy

- v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

synonym: demolish, ruin, obliterate

(1) **destroy** the ecosystem, (2) **destroyed** evidence

The building was **destroyed** in the fire and had to be rebuilt.

strike

- v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

synonym: hit, impact, influence

(1) **strike** up a conversation, (2) **strike** a blow

We **strike** to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

threaten

- v. to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone

synonym: endanger, terrorize, intimidate

(1) **threaten** a healthy relationship, (2) **threaten** national security

Various artificially induced causes are **threatening** our

ecosystem.

pamphlet

n. a small booklet that contains information or arguments about a particular subject

synonym: brochure, leaflet, booklet

(1) propaganda **pamphlet**, (2) **pamphlet** in English

The political organization handed out **pamphlets** to raise awareness about their cause.

horror

n. intense fear or disgust, especially at something shocking or terrifying

synonym: fear, terror, dread

(1) **horror** movie, (2) **horror-struck** look

The stories of war crimes filled her with **horror**.

phase

n. any stage in a series of events, change, or development

synonym: degree, stage, step

(1) enter on the last **phase**, (2) two- **phase** structure

The era of the industrial revolution was a crucial **phase** of history.

settle

v. to reach an agreement of disagreement

synonym: inhabit, occupy, decide

(1) **settle** a dispute, (2) **settle** down in the town

I don't want to **settle** for second best.

impassioned

adj. having or showing strong feelings, enthusiasm, or dedication or making a strong emotional appeal

synonym: enthusiastic, fervent, ardent

(1) give an **impassioned** defense, (2) **impassioned** plea

He spoke with **impassioned** conviction about the need for change.

newfound

adj. newly discovered or acquired

synonym: afresh, new, recently discovered

(1) a **newfound** mine, (2) **newfound** freedom

With his **newfound** wealth, he could travel the world and indulge in his passions.

fame

n. the condition of being well-known and discussed by a large number of people as a result of one's accomplishments, abilities, and so on

synonym: celebrity, renown, stardom

(1) leap into **fame**, (2) his undying **fame**

Good **fame** is better than a good face.

amplify

v. to enhance something, particularly sound or brightness

synonym: intensify, boost, argument

(1) **amplify** a signal, (2) **amplify** the effect

You might need to **amplify** this point.

rally

v. a public meeting of a group of people intended to arouse enthusiasm

synonym: gathering, meetup, demonstration

(1) **rally** in front of the embassy, (2) the preliminary **rally**

There was a massive police presence at the anti-government **rally**.

violent

adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

synonym: aggressive, intense, turbulent

(1) victim of a **violent** crime, (2) **violent** incident

The protesters became **violent** when the police tried to disperse them.

government

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

synonym: administration, regime, state

(1) **government** bureaucracy, (2) **government** funding

The federal **government** is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

hesitate

v. to pause decision before saying or doing something
synonym: waver, pause, waffle

(1) **hesitate** for a moment, (2) **hesitate** to ask for help
Please do not **hesitate** to call us.

confront

v. to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person

synonym: engage, encounter, contend

(1) **confront** a global warming, (2) **confront** the issue
He finally decided to **confront** problems directly.

segregation

n. the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation

synonym: isolation, separation, discrimination

(1) racial **segregation**, (2) **segregation** of power

Segregation based on race or ethnicity is illegal and unjust.

policy

n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

synonym: strategy, plan, guideline

(1) health **policy**, (2) foreign **policy**

The company's new **policy** on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

delegate

n. a person sent or authorized to represent others, in particular, an elected representative sent to a conference; (verb) to transfer power to someone

synonym: representative, envoy, agent

(1) **delegate** a routine task, (2) send a **delegate**

The **delegate** from the small country was not allowed to speak at the meeting.

protest

n. a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition

synonym: objection, disapproval, challenge

(1) hold a **protest**, (2) a silent **protest**

He left the party in **protest** at its radical political stance.

discriminate

v. to treat a person or particular group of people worse or better than another, especially in an unfair way; to recognize or perceive the difference between people or things

synonym: show prejudice, segregate, differentiate

(1) **discriminate** against women employees,

(2) **discriminate** between different things

You should not **discriminate** against minorities.

disenfranchise

v. to prevent someone from having the right to vote or from having an equal opportunity to vote

synonym: deny, exclude, marginalize

(1) **disenfranchise** voters, (2) **disenfranchise** citizens

The new citizenship laws will **disenfranchise** many immigrants.

primarily

adv. mainly

synonym: largely, mainly, mostly

(1) intended **primarily** for young people, (2) **primarily** affect adults

All peaceful cooperation is based **primarily** on mutual trust.

extended

adj. longer than usual or anticipated

synonym: extensive, prolonged, elongated

(1) **extended** vacation, (2) **extended** payment

The **extended** airport runways may accommodate larger jets.

inclusive

adj. including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something

synonym: cover-all, all-embracing, comprehensive

(1) a fully **inclusive** price, (2) **inclusive** education

The university has established a capacity for each nationality as part of its **inclusive** policy.

suffrage

n. the right to vote in political elections; the exercise of voting rights or the process of obtaining them

synonym: franchise, vote, enfranchisement

(1) **suffrage** movement, (2) female **suffrage**

The **suffrage** march was a peaceful protest demanding voting rights for women.

spite

n. feelings of anger and resentment; (in spite of, also despite) a phrase that is used to indicate that something happened or exists even though there is a particular obstacle or difficulty

synonym: malice, ill will, vindictiveness

(1) bear **spite** against him, (2) die in **spite** of intensive care

He did it out of **spite**, to annoy me.

commitment

n. a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way

synonym: burden, obligation, promise

(1) a **commitment** to an alliance, (2) meet his **commitments**

His business **commitments** took him to the United States.

clash

n. a fight or argument between two groups of people; a loud noise caused by striking against something

synonym: blow, conflict, disagreement

(1) a **clash** of viewpoints, (2) a **clash** between the two task forces

Her dress was a disturbing **clash** of colors.

movement

n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

synonym: motion, progression, action

(1) a circular **movement**, (2) **movement** of troops

The **movement** of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.

march

v. to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps

synonym: parade

(1) **march** against the war, (2) **march** east

The troops **marched** shoulder-to-shoulder.

ignore

v. to intentionally not listen or pay attention to

synonym: neglect, disregard, shun

(1) **ignore** her advice, (2) **ignore** a ban

Since independence, the area has been completely **ignored**.

placate

v. to make someone less angry or hostile; to calm or soothe someone upset or agitated

synonym: appease, pacify, soothe

(1) **placate** anger, (2) **placate** my fears

The manager tried to **placate** the angry customer by offering a refund.

bigotry

n. intolerance toward those who hold different opinions from oneself

synonym: intolerance, prejudice, bias

(1) ethnic **bigotry**, (2) self-righteous **bigotry**

Bigotry and discrimination have no place in our society.

chafe

v. to rub or graze against something, causing irritation, soreness, or annoyance; to become irritated or annoyed due to frustration or impatience

synonym: irritate, rub, abrade

(1) **chafed** against my shoulders, (2) **chafe** under pressure

The new shoes are starting to **chafe** my feet after walking for hours.

radical

adj. relating to the essential aspects of anything; far beyond the norm, mainly used of opinions and actions

synonym : extreme, revolutionary

(1) a **radical** flaw in the plan, (2) a **radical** cure

The government established by the coup was more **radical** than before.

insist

v. to say something clearly or demand something forcefully, especially when other people disagree with or oppose what you say

synonym : demand, assert, claim

(1) **insist** on a clear answer, (2) **insist** over and over
He **insisted** that she pay her debt to the last penny.

atrocious

n. brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act

synonym : evil, horror, iniquity

(1) commit **atrocious**, (2) cold-blooded **atrocious**

The **atrocious** of the war left many children orphaned.

counterproductive

adj. having the opposite effect to the one intended or wanted

synonym : ineffective, inadequate, inefficient

(1) **counterproductive** approach, (2) highly **counterproductive** to performance

Territorial disputes between different countries are entirely **counterproductive** but common.

negotiation

n. the process of discussing and reaching an agreement with others

synonym : bargaining, dialogue, haggling

(1) **negotiation** process, (2) **negotiation** skills

The **negotiation** between the two countries was a delicate and complex process.

politician

n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.

synonym : congressperson, lawmaker, legislator

(1) a **politician** in the ruling party, (2) a corrupt **politician**
The **politician** lost his position in the end due to the scandal.

participate

v. to take part in something

synonym: take part, partake, enter

(1) **participate** fully in conversation, (2) **participate** in the program

The majority of students actively **participated** in the college's intramural sports program.

sideline

n. a secondary or less significant job, interest, or activity; a line on the side of a sports field that players must stay behind; (verb) to remove someone from their position or role, often temporarily or as a result of a setback or failure

synonym: sidestep, periphery, (verb) ignore

(1) **sideline** reporter, (2) lucrative **sideline**

The coach benched the star player after he broke a team rule, leaving him on the **sideline** for the entire game.

unwilling

adj. not ready or wanting to do something

synonym: disinclined, involuntary, reluctant

(1) **unwilling** look, (2) in an **unwilling** voice

They were **unwilling** to take any risks.

compromise

v. to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession

synonym: agree, settle, negotiate

(1) **compromise** the matter, (2) cannot **compromise** anymore

They never **compromised** on development despite the lack of funds.

aspect

n. one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.

synonym: characteristic, element, factor

(1) nontechnical **aspects** of the job, (2) **aspects** of social,

political, and economic life

His professional experience includes all **aspects** of media production.

vision

n. the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see

synonym: sight, image, concept

(1) a prodigious **vision**, (2) telescopic **vision**

Driving is difficult for me because of my poor **vision**.

ultimate

adj. furthest or highest in degree or order

synonym: highest, maximum, foremost

(1) the **ultimate** goal in life, (2) the **ultimate** luxury

Management must take **ultimate** responsibility for the accident.

wage

n. a particular amount of money that somebody earns, usually every week or every month, for work or services

synonym: payment, compensation, salary

(1) unpaid **wages**, (2) increase in the minimum **wage**

His **wages** continued to rise as his skills improved.

tireless

adj. characterized by a persistent and energetic effort; not easily fatigued or discouraged

synonym: indefatigable, persistent, unflagging

(1) **tireless** dedication, (2) **tireless** charity work

The politician was known for his **tireless** efforts to improve healthcare.

struggle

v. to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction

synonym: toil, strive, compete

(1) **struggle** against discrimination, (2) **struggle** to get the job

He could not **struggle** against temptation.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1. unintended con_____ces | <i>n.</i> the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual |
| 2. a silent pr_____t | <i>n.</i> a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition |
| 3. co_____n real estate | <i>v.</i> to own something such as a business or company jointly |
| 4. am_____y the effect | <i>v.</i> to enhance something, particularly sound or brightness |
| 5. di_____t attention | <i>v.</i> to change the course or direction of something, often away from a specific path or target; to entertain or amuse someone, often to distract them from a problem or concern; to appropriate something for a different purpose |
| 6. wanted cr_____al | <i>n.</i> a person who has committed a crime |
| 7. a corrupt pol_____an | <i>n.</i> a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc. |
| 8. highly cou_____ive to performance | <i>adj.</i> having the opposite effect to the one intended or wanted |
| 9. st_____le against discrimination | <i>v.</i> to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction |

ANSWERS: 1. consequence, 2. protest, 3. co-own, 4. amplify, 5. divert, 6. criminal, 7. politician, 8. counterproductive, 9. struggle

- | | |
|---|--|
| 10. the mo__o for safe traffic | <i>n.</i> a phrase or slogan that expresses a guiding principle or goal |
| 11. vi___m compensation | <i>n.</i> a person who has been harmed, injured, or otherwise negatively affected by a particular action, circumstance, or event |
| 12. ex___e a crime | <i>v.</i> to show something by uncovering it; to make something accessible to some action or influence |
| 13. an_____e your real motives | <i>v.</i> to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning |
| 14. intended pr_____ly for young people | <i>adv.</i> mainly |
| 15. co___t suicide | <i>v.</i> to do something illegal or wrong |
| 16. ra__y in front of the embassy | <i>v.</i> a public meeting of a group of people intended to arouse enthusiasm |
| 17. e__t a video | <i>v.</i> to prepare written material for publication by correcting, condensing, or otherwise modifying it |
| 18. dis_____ise voters | <i>v.</i> to prevent someone from having the right to vote or from having an equal opportunity to vote |
| 19. reduce sub_____nt mortality | <i>adj.</i> happening or occurring later or after something else |
| 20. leap into f__e | <i>n.</i> the condition of being well-known and discussed by a large number of people as a result of one's accomplishments, abilities, and so on |

ANSWERS: 10. motto, 11. victim, 12. expose, 13. analyze, 14. primarily, 15. commit, 16. rally, 17. edit, 18. disenfranchise, 19. subsequent, 20. fame

21. death from sh__k *n.* a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant
22. have a si____g quarrel *n.* a brother or sister; member of a family born to the same parents
23. in____ve education *adj.* including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something
24. he____te for a moment *v.* to pause decision before saying or doing something
25. un____ng look *adj.* not ready or wanting to do something
26. ma__h east *v.* to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps
27. com____se the matter *v.* to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession
28. mo____nt of troops *n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
29. domestic com____or *n.* a person who participates in a sporting contest; a person or organization that competes with others, particularly in business
30. unpaid w__es *n.* a particular amount of money that somebody earns, usually every week or every month, for work or services

ANSWERS: 21. shock, 22. sibling, 23. inclusive, 24. hesitate, 25. unwilling, 26. march, 27. compromise, 28. movement, 29. competitor, 30. wage

41. he_____ht adjustment *n.* a bright forward-facing light on a vehicle, typically used at night to illuminate the road ahead
42. die in sp__e of intensive care *n.* feelings of anger and resentment; (in spite of, also despite) a phrase that is used to indicate that something happened or exists even though there is a particular obstacle or difficulty
43. ti_____ss charity work *adj.* characterized by a persistent and energetic effort; not easily fatigued or discouraged
44. re_____e a prisoner *v.* to set free or allow to escape from confinement
45. nullify a pro_____ion *n.* an official announcement or statement
46. de_____te a routine task *n.* a person sent or authorized to represent others, in particular, an elected representative sent to a conference; (verb) to transfer power to someone
47. br___l bully *adj.* harsh or cruel
48. ma__h against the war *v.* to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps
49. su_____ge movement *n.* the right to vote in political elections; the exercise of voting rights or the process of obtaining them
50. play with my si_____gs *n.* a brother or sister; member of a family born to the same parents
51. increase in the minimum w__e *n.* a particular amount of money that somebody earns, usually every week or every month, for work or services

ANSWERS: 41. headlight, 42. spite, 43. tireless, 44. release, 45. proclamation, 46. delegate, 47. brutal, 48. march, 49. suffrage, 50. sibling, 51. wage

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| 52. del_____te attempt | <i>adj.</i> done with full consciousness of nature and effects rather than by accident |
| 53. ho___r-struck look | <i>n.</i> intense fear or disgust, especially at something shocking or terrifying |
| 54. co___n an equity interest | <i>v.</i> to own something such as a business or company jointly |
| 55. the gr_____y business | <i>n.</i> a shop that sells food and other household items |
| 56. ho___r movie | <i>n.</i> intense fear or disgust, especially at something shocking or terrifying |
| 57. the ul_____te goal in life | <i>adj.</i> furthest or highest in degree or order |
| 58. the del_____te act of provocation | <i>adj.</i> done with full consciousness of nature and effects rather than by accident |
| 59. co_____e fiercely | <i>v.</i> to strive to achieve more success than someone or something |
| 60. ig___e her advice | <i>v.</i> to intentionally not listen or pay attention to |
| 61. sl_____y labor | <i>n.</i> the practice or system of owning, buying, and selling people as property and forcing them to work |
| 62. a reckless at_____t | <i>n.</i> an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult |
| 63. as___t a free society | <i>v.</i> to state something firmly and confidently, often in a way that is intended to convince others that it is true |
| 64. issue a w__t | <i>n.</i> a written legal order or command |

ANSWERS: 52. deliberate, 53. horror, 54. co-own, 55. grocery, 56. horror, 57. ultimate, 58. deliberate, 59. compete, 60. ignore, 61. slavery, 62. attempt, 63. assert, 64. writ

65. he_____te to ask for help *v.* to pause decision before saying or doing something
66. gross in_____ce *n.* a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society
67. st_____le to get the job *v.* to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction
68. racial seg_____on *n.* the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation
69. cou_____ive approach *adj.* having the opposite effect to the one intended or wanted
70. a cl____h of viewpoints *n.* a fight or argument between two groups of people; a loud noise caused by striking against something
71. br_____y against the enemy *n.* courage in the face of danger
72. give an imp_____ed defense *adj.* having or showing strong feelings, enthusiasm, or dedication or making a strong emotional appeal
73. ci____c center *adj.* of or relating to a town, city, or the people who live in it
74. vi_____t incident *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
75. in____t over and over *v.* to say something clearly or demand something forcefully, especially when other people disagree with or oppose what you say

ANSWERS: 65. hesitate, 66. injustice, 67. struggle, 68. segregation, 69. counterproductive, 70. clash, 71. bravery, 72. impassioned, 73. civic, 74. violent, 75. insist

76. the at_____t to rescue the hostages *n.* an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult
77. self-ema_____ion *n.* the act or process of setting someone free from control or influence
78. en____e critics *v.* to make someone extremely angry
79. e__t a history book *v.* to prepare written material for publication by correcting, condensing, or otherwise modifying it
80. ethnic bi_____y *n.* intolerance toward those who hold different opinions from oneself
81. cold-blooded at_____ty *n.* brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act
82. co_____e against a friend *v.* to strive to achieve more success than someone or something
83. foreign po____y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
84. seg_____on of power *n.* the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation
85. silly p_n *n.* a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay

ANSWERS: 76. attempt, 77. emancipation, 78. enrage, 79. edit, 80. bigotry, 81. atrocity, 82. compete, 83. policy, 84. segregation, 85. pun

86. send a de____te *n.* a person sent or authorized to represent others, in particular, an elected representative sent to a conference; (verb) to transfer power to someone
87. female su____ge *n.* the right to vote in political elections; the exercise of voting rights or the process of obtaining them
88. alternative ta____c *n.* a method or strategy used to achieve a particular goal or objective
89. st____e up a conversation *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
90. m_b psychology *n.* a large and disorderly crowd of people; a large horde of animals
91. cannot com____se anymore *v.* to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession
92. imp____ed plea *adj.* having or showing strong feelings, enthusiasm, or dedication or making a strong emotional appeal
93. a w__t of summons *n.* a written legal order or command
94. dis____ise citizens *v.* to prevent someone from having the right to vote or from having an equal opportunity to vote
95. se____e down in the town *v.* to reach an agreement of disagreement
96. meet his com____nts *n.* a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way
97. dis____ate between different things *v.* to treat a person or particular group of people worse or better than another, especially in an unfair way; to recognize or perceive the difference between people or things

ANSWERS: 86. delegate, 87. suffrage, 88. tactic, 89. strike, 90. mob, 91. compromise, 92. impassioned, 93. writ, 94. disenfranchise, 95. settle, 96. commitment, 97. discriminate

98. graffiti va___l *n.* a person who deliberately damages or destroys public or private property, often out of a sense of malicious or mischievous intent
99. the ul_____te luxury *adj.* furthest or highest in degree or order
100. pl_____e my fears *v.* to make someone less angry or hostile; to calm or soothe someone upset or agitated
101. di___t an assault *v.* to change the course or direction of something, often away from a specific path or target; to entertain or amuse someone, often to distract them from a problem or concern; to appropriate something for a different purpose
102. sp_____ic instructions *adj.* clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise
103. ex_____ed payment *adj.* longer than usual or anticipated
104. br___l honesty *adj.* harsh or cruel
105. neg_____on skills *n.* the process of discussing and reaching an agreement with others
106. in_____e a high degree of risk *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
107. co___t mistakes *v.* to do something illegal or wrong
108. ig___e a ban *v.* to intentionally not listen or pay attention to

ANSWERS: 98. vandal, 99. ultimate, 100. placate, 101. divert, 102. specific, 103. extended, 104. brutal, 105. negotiation, 106. involve, 107. commit, 108. ignore

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| 109. an_____e a chemical compound | <i>v.</i> | to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning |
| 110. a circular mo_____nt | <i>n.</i> | a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively |
| 111. industry-sp_____ic regulations | <i>adj.</i> | clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise |
| 112. la____h a spaceship into orbit | <i>v.</i> | to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time |
| 113. in_____ce system | <i>n.</i> | a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society |
| 114. dis_____ate against women employees | <i>v.</i> | to treat a person or particular group of people worse or better than another, especially in an unfair way; to recognize or perceive the difference between people or things |
| 115. ra____l and ethnic backgrounds | <i>adj.</i> | of or related to the race (= classification of humans into groups based on physical traits or social relations) |
| 116. a com_____nt to an alliance | <i>n.</i> | a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way |
| 117. co_____nt a global warming | <i>v.</i> | to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person |

ANSWERS: 109. analyze, 110. movement, 111. specific, 112. launch, 113. injustice, 114. discriminate, 115. racial, 116. commitment, 117. confront

118. a China-based jou_____st *n.* a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media
119. ch__ed against my shoulders *v.* to rub or graze against something, causing irritation, soreness, or annoyance; to become irritated or annoyed due to frustration or impatience
120. de_____y the ecosystem *v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
121. public education ad_____tes *n.* a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something
122. a cl__h between the two task forces *n.* a fight or argument between two groups of people; a loud noise caused by striking against something
123. am_____y a signal *v.* to enhance something, particularly sound or brightness
124. his undying f__e *n.* the condition of being well-known and discussed by a large number of people as a result of one's accomplishments, abilities, and so on
125. two-ph__e structure *n.* any stage in a series of events, change, or development
126. history of ema_____ion *n.* the act or process of setting someone free from control or influence
127. witty p_n *n.* a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay

ANSWERS: 118. journalist, 119. chafe, 120. destroy, 121. advocate, 122. clash, 123. amplify, 124. fame, 125. phase, 126. emancipation, 127. pun

128. na___n-state *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
129. re_____e CO2 into the air *v.* to set free or allow to escape from confinement
130. in___t on a clear answer *v.* to say something clearly or demand something forcefully, especially when other people disagree with or oppose what you say
131. de_____yed evidence *v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
132. pl_____e anger *v.* to make someone less angry or hostile; to calm or soothe someone upset or agitated
133. mu___r in the second degree *n.* the crime of killing somebody intentionally
134. beat com_____or offer *n.* a person who participates in a sporting contest; a person or organization that competes with others, particularly in business
135. ti_____ss dedication *adj.* characterized by a persistent and energetic effort; not easily fatigued or discouraged
136. a pol_____an in the ruling party *n.* a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
137. victim of a vi_____t crime *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

ANSWERS: 128. nation, 129. release, 130. insist, 131. destroy, 132. placate, 133. murder, 134. competitor, 135. tireless, 136. politician, 137. violent

138. par_____te fully in conversation *v.* to take part in something
139. m_b violence *n.* a large and disorderly crowd of people; a large horde of animals
140. ra___l prejudice *adj.* of or related to the race (= classification of humans into groups based on physical traits or social relations)
141. ly__h law *v.* to put to death or punish (usually by hanging) without legal authorization or due process, often as an act of mob justice or vigilante action; (noun) a violent punishment, often extrajudicial, in which a mob or group of people seize and kill someone, usually by hanging, as a form of punishment or vengeance
142. over sub_____nt months *adj.* happening or occurring later or after something else
143. commit at_____ty *n.* brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act
144. he_____ht switch *n.* a bright forward-facing light on a vehicle, typically used at night to illuminate the road ahead
145. inv_____te the matter *v.* to conduct a systematic or formal inquiry to identify and evaluate the facts of a crime, problem, statement, etc. to establish the truth
146. cloud his rep_____on *n.* the general opinion that people have about someone or something, especially when this is based on their previous experiences or behaviors

ANSWERS: 138. participate, 139. mob, 140. racial, 141. lynch, 142. subsequent, 143. atrocity, 144. headlight, 145. investigate, 146. reputation

147. su____ss a revolt *v.* to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force
148. a preliminary inv_____ion *n.* the act or process of thoroughly examining a crime, problem, statement, etc., to uncover the truth
149. sh__k-resistant *n.* a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant
150. la____h a big attack *v.* to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time
151. enter on the last ph__e *n.* any stage in a series of events, change, or development
152. as____t a claim for unjust enrichment *v.* to state something firmly and confidently, often in a way that is intended to convince others that it is true
153. ne_____nd freedom *adj.* newly discovered or acquired
154. co_____nt the issue *v.* to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person
155. vi____m support *n.* a person who has been harmed, injured, or otherwise negatively affected by a particular action, circumstance, or event
156. as____ts of social, political, and economic life *n.* one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.

ANSWERS: 147. suppress, 148. investigation, 149. shock, 150. launch, 151. phase, 152. assert, 153. newfound, 154. confront, 155. victim, 156. aspect

157. in an un_____ng voice *adj.* not ready or wanting to do something
158. telescopic vi___n *n.* the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see
159. a prodigious vi___n *n.* the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see
160. false cl__m *v.* to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
161. gov_____nt bureaucracy *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
162. bear sp__e against him *n.* feelings of anger and resentment; (in spite of, also despite) a phrase that is used to indicate that something happened or exists even though there is a particular obstacle or difficulty
163. ex_____ed vacation *adj.* longer than usual or anticipated
164. nontechnical as___ts of the job *n.* one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.
165. institution of sl_____y *n.* the practice or system of owning, buying, and selling people as property and forcing them to work
166. the scope of an inv_____ion *n.* the act or process of thoroughly examining a crime, problem, statement, etc., to uncover the truth

ANSWERS: 157. unwilling, 158. vision, 159. vision, 160. claim, 161. government, 162. spite, 163. extended, 164. aspect, 165. slavery, 166. investigation

167. an ad_____te of disarmament *n.* a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something
168. the preliminary ra__y *v.* a public meeting of a group of people intended to arouse enthusiasm
169. the con_____ce of an argument *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
170. a fully in_____ve price *adj.* including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something
171. cr_____al investigation *n.* a person who has committed a crime
172. company mo__o *n.* a phrase or slogan that expresses a guiding principle or goal
173. jou_____st on a magazine *n.* a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media
174. in_____e a lot of paperwork *v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
175. teenage va___l *n.* a person who deliberately damages or destroys public or private property, often out of a sense of malicious or mischievous intent
176. ci__c activity *adj.* of or relating to a town, city, or the people who live in it
177. hold a pr_____t *n.* a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition

ANSWERS: 167. advocate, 168. rally, 169. consequence, 170. inclusive, 171. criminal, 172. motto, 173. journalist, 174. involve, 175. vandal, 176. civic, 177. protest

187. attempted mu___r *n.* the crime of killing somebody intentionally
188. a ne_____nd mine *adj.* newly discovered or acquired
189. br_____y under fire *n.* courage in the face of danger
190. rep_____on risk *n.* the general opinion that people have about someone or something, especially when this is based on their previous experiences or behaviors
191. pa_____et in English *n.* a small booklet that contains information or arguments about a particular subject
192. pro_____ion of innocence *n.* an official announcement or statement
193. run a gr_____y *n.* a shop that sells food and other household items
194. cl__m responsibility *v.* to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
195. lucrative si_____ne *n.* a secondary or less significant job, interest, or activity; a line on the side of a sports field that players must stay behind; (verb) to remove someone from their position or role, often temporarily or as a result of a setback or failure
196. a ra_____l cure *adj.* relating to the essential aspects of anything; far beyond the norm, mainly used of opinions and actions

ANSWERS: 187. murder, 188. newfound, 189. bravery, 190. reputation, 191. pamphlet, 192. proclamation, 193. grocery, 194. claim, 195. sideline, 196. radical

197. gov_____nt funding

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

198. a seafaring na___n

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

ANSWERS: 197. government, 198. nation

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The city promotes _____ collaboration in community development
adj. of or relating to a town, city, or the people who live in it
2. The new shoes are starting to _____ my feet after walking for hours.
v. to rub or graze against something, causing irritation, soreness, or annoyance; to become irritated or annoyed due to frustration or impatience
3. I don't want to _____ for second best.
v. to reach an agreement of disagreement
4. The federal _____ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.
n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state
5. The _____ from the small country was not allowed to speak at the meeting.
n. a person sent or authorized to represent others, in particular, an elected representative sent to a conference; (verb) to transfer power to someone
6. His professional experience includes all _____ of media production.
n. one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.
7. The animal rights group worked to _____ the dolphins back into the wild.
v. to set free or allow to escape from confinement
8. I will go to the _____ store to buy food for dinner.
n. a shop that sells food and other household items
9. The gap between the company and its _____ has widened.
n. a person who participates in a sporting contest; a person or organization that competes with others, particularly in business

ANSWERS: 1. civic, 2. chafe, 3. settle, 4. government, 5. delegate, 6. aspects, 7. release, 8. grocery, 9. competitors

10. The doctor prescribed medication to _____ the patient's appetite.
v. to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force
11. You should not _____ against minorities.
v. to treat a person or particular group of people worse or better than another, especially in an unfair way; to recognize or perceive the difference between people or things
12. The _____ march was a peaceful protest demanding voting rights for women.
n. the right to vote in political elections; the exercise of voting rights or the process of obtaining them
13. She has a good _____ for being one of the best chefs in the city.
n. the general opinion that people have about someone or something, especially when this is based on their previous experiences or behaviors
14. These economic activities had disastrous environmental _____.
n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
15. The _____ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.
n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
16. The teacher attempted to _____ the root cause of our mistake.
v. to think about in-depth and evaluate to discover essential features or meaning
17. My car's _____ must be replaced before I drive again at night.
n. a bright forward-facing light on a vehicle, typically used at night to illuminate the road ahead

ANSWERS: 10. suppress, 11. discriminate, 12. suffrage, 13. reputation, 14. consequences, 15. nation, 16. analyze, 17. headlight

18. Management must take _____ responsibility for the accident.

adj. furthest or highest in degree or order

19. There was a massive police presence at the anti-government _____.

v. a public meeting of a group of people intended to arouse enthusiasm

20. The _____ between the two countries was a delicate and complex process.

n. the process of discussing and reaching an agreement with others

21. Foreign TV crews and _____ can go as they please in various locations during the Olympics.

n. a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media

22. The _____ lost his position in the end due to the scandal.

n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.

23. With his _____ wealth, he could travel the world and indulge in his passions.

adj. newly discovered or acquired

24. He could not _____ against temptation.

v. to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction

25. The majority of students actively _____ in the college's intramural sports program.

v. to take part in something

ANSWERS: 18. ultimate, 19. rally, 20. negotiation, 21. journalists, 22. politician, 23. newfound, 24. struggle, 25. participated

26. The company's new _____ on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.
- n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
27. The king made a _____ declaring war on the neighboring country.
- n.* an official announcement or statement
28. They never _____ on development despite the lack of funds.
- v.* to settle a problem or disagreement by mutual concession
29. He spoke with _____ conviction about the need for change.
- adj.* having or showing strong feelings, enthusiasm, or dedication or making a strong emotional appeal
30. Members may not _____ a share.
- v.* to own something such as a business or company jointly
31. The police are searching for the _____ who stole the jewels.
- n.* a person who has committed a crime
32. The _____ attack left the victim with serious injuries.
- adj.* harsh or cruel
33. His _____ from his parents was a defining moment and gave him newfound freedom.
- n.* the act or process of setting someone free from control or influence

ANSWERS: 26. policy, 27. proclamation, 28. compromised, 29. impassioned, 30. co-own, 31. criminal, 32. brutal, 33. emancipation

34. That newspaper _____ a political scandal in a big way.
v. to show something by uncovering it; to make something accessible to some action or influence
35. The _____ of the court's decision angered many people and led to protests.
n. a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society
36. The protesters became _____ when the police tried to disperse them.
adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
37. The comedian's ____ had the audience laughing out loud.
n. a humorous play on words or use of words that sound similar but have different meanings, often for a comedic effect; a form of wordplay
38. The military has _____ an abuse of human rights.
v. to do something illegal or wrong
39. The manager tried to _____ the angry customer by offering a refund.
v. to make someone less angry or hostile; to calm or soothe someone upset or agitated
40. The political organization handed out _____ to raise awareness about their cause.
n. a small booklet that contains information or arguments about a particular subject
41. Driving is difficult for me because of my poor _____.
n. the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see

ANSWERS: 34. exposed, 35. injustice, 36. violent, 37. pun, 38. committed, 39. placate, 40. pamphlets, 41. vision

42. Her dress was a disturbing _____ of colors.
n. a fight or argument between two groups of people; a loud noise caused by striking against something
43. In the _____ meeting, the team discussed ways to improve productivity.
adj. happening or occurring later or after something else
44. The abolition of _____ in the United States was a major achievement in the fight for human rights.
n. the practice or system of owning, buying, and selling people as property and forcing them to work
45. The company is set to _____ its new product line next month.
v. to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time
46. He left the party in _____ at its radical political stance.
n. a strong expression of disagreement, disapproval, or opposition
47. His business _____ took him to the United States.
n. a promise or firm decision to do something or to behave in a certain way
48. Due to the road construction, we had to _____ our course to get to the restaurant.
v. to change the course or direction of something, often away from a specific path or target; to entertain or amuse someone, often to distract them from a problem or concern; to appropriate something for a different purpose
49. He finally decided to _____ problems directly.
v. to face, meet or deal with a problem or difficult situation or person

ANSWERS: 42. clash, 43. subsequent, 44. slavery, 45. launch, 46. protest, 47. commitments, 48. divert, 49. confront

50. You might need to _____ this point.

v. to enhance something, particularly sound or brightness

51. The news of the betrayal _____ him.

v. to make someone extremely angry

52. This intriguing _____ mystery remains unsolved.

n. the crime of killing somebody intentionally

53. They were _____ to take any risks.

adj. not ready or wanting to do something

54. Since independence, the area has been completely _____.

v. to intentionally not listen or pay attention to

55. The _____ of the crime deserves justice and support to recover from the trauma.

n. a person who has been harmed, injured, or otherwise negatively affected by a particular action, circumstance, or event

56. I need to _____ this document before submitting it to my boss.

v. to prepare written material for publication by correcting, condensing, or otherwise modifying it

57. The politician was known for his _____ efforts to improve healthcare.

adj. characterized by a persistent and energetic effort; not easily fatigued or discouraged

58. The committee _____ several apparent inconsistencies.

v. to conduct a systematic or formal inquiry to identify and evaluate the facts of a crime, problem, statement, etc. to establish the truth

ANSWERS: 50. amplify, 51. enraged, 52. murder, 53. unwilling, 54. ignored, 55. victim, 56. edit, 57. tireless, 58. investigated

59. He was served with a _____ of eviction, giving him the notice to vacate the property.

n. a written legal order or command

60. The _____ of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.

n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

61. Despite its advanced science and technology, the empire was _____ about invasion.

adj. done with full consciousness of nature and effects rather than by accident

62. The coach implemented a new _____ to win the game.

n. a method or strategy used to achieve a particular goal or objective

63. The troops _____ shoulder-to-shoulder.

v. to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps

64. The coach benched the star player after he broke a team rule, leaving him on the _____ for the entire game.

n. a secondary or less significant job, interest, or activity; a line on the side of a sports field that players must stay behind; (verb) to remove someone from their position or role, often temporarily or as a result of a setback or failure

65. The excited ____ was getting out of control at the concert.

n. a large and disorderly crowd of people; a large horde of animals

66. His _____ continued to rise as his skills improved.

n. a particular amount of money that somebody earns, usually every week or every month, for work or services

ANSWERS: 59. writ, 60. movement, 61. deliberate, 62. tactic, 63. marched, 64. sideline, 65. mob, 66. wages

67. He did it out of _____ to annoy me.

- n.* feelings of anger and resentment; (in spite of, also despite) a phrase that is used to indicate that something happened or exists even though there is a particular obstacle or difficulty

68. You must _____ with others to obtain this position.

- v.* to strive to achieve more success than someone or something

69. The _____ airport runways may accommodate larger jets.

- adj.* longer than usual or anticipated

70. We _____ to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

- v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

71. The university has established a capacity for each nationality as part of its _____ policy.

- adj.* including much or everything, and especially including stated limits; not excluding any of the people, things, ideas, etc. involved in something

72. The government established by the coup was more _____ than before.

- adj.* relating to the essential aspects of anything; far beyond the norm, mainly used of opinions and actions

73. A minor _____ conflict later led to a civil war.

- adj.* of or related to the race (= classification of humans into groups based on physical traits or social relations)

74. The new citizenship laws will _____ many immigrants.

- v.* to prevent someone from having the right to vote or from having an equal opportunity to vote

ANSWERS: 67. spite, 68. compete, 69. extended, 70. strike, 71. inclusive, 72. radical, 73. racial, 74. disenfranchise

75. The building was _____ in the fire and had to be rebuilt.

v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

76. Various artificially induced causes are _____ our ecosystem.

v. to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone

77. He got an electric _____ at work.

n. a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant

78. _____ of abolishing the death penalty often argue that the alternative heaviest sentence should be life in prison.

n. a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something

79. Children often copy their parents or elder _____.

n. a brother or sister; member of a family born to the same parents

80. We have never before conducted a legitimate _____.

n. the act or process of thoroughly examining a crime, problem, statement, etc., to uncover the truth

81. He _____ that she pay her debt to the last penny.

v. to say something clearly or demand something forcefully, especially when other people disagree with or oppose what you say

82. The third _____ was far more successful.

n. an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult

ANSWERS: 75. destroyed, 76. threatening, 77. shock, 78. Advocates, 79. siblings, 80. investigation, 81. insisted, 82. attempt

83. The stories of war crimes filled her with _____.
- n.* intense fear or disgust, especially at something shocking or terrifying
84. Good _____ is better than a good face.
- n.* the condition of being well-known and discussed by a large number of people as a result of one's accomplishments, abilities, and so on
85. She _____ that she was innocent, despite the evidence against her.
- v.* to state something firmly and confidently, often in a way that is intended to convince others that it is true
86. Territorial disputes between different countries are entirely _____ but common.
- adj.* having the opposite effect to the one intended or wanted
87. All peaceful cooperation is based _____ on mutual trust.
- adv.* mainly
88. His _____ in the face of danger saved the lives of his comrades.
- n.* courage in the face of danger
89. The company's _____ is "Innovation and Service," which is reflected in its products and customer support.
- n.* a phrase or slogan that expresses a guiding principle or goal
90. The _____ of the war left many children orphaned.
- n.* brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act
91. _____ and discrimination have no place in our society.
- n.* intolerance toward those who hold different opinions from oneself

ANSWERS: 83. horror, 84. fame, 85. asserted, 86. counterproductive, 87. primarily, 88. bravery, 89. motto, 90. atrocity, 91. Bigotry

92. _____ based on race or ethnicity is illegal and unjust.
- n.* the act or process of separating or isolating people, things, or groups based on race, gender, religion, social class, or other characteristics; a political or social system that enforces such separation or isolation
93. The city installed security cameras to deter _____ from damaging public property.
- n.* a person who deliberately damages or destroys public or private property, often out of a sense of malicious or mischievous intent
94. He wants to _____ ownership of the abandoned property.
- v.* to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
95. Please do not _____ to call us.
- v.* to pause decision before saying or doing something
96. The investigation _____ several government agencies and is expected to take several months.
- v.* to include or affect someone or something as a necessary part of something else
97. The mob wanted to _____ the suspect before he could be tried in court.
- v.* to put to death or punish (usually by hanging) without legal authorization or due process, often as an act of mob justice or vigilante action; (noun) a violent punishment, often extrajudicial, in which a mob or group of people seize and kill someone, usually by hanging, as a form of punishment or vengeance
98. The era of the industrial revolution was a crucial _____ of history.
- n.* any stage in a series of events, change, or development

ANSWERS: 92. Segregation, 93. vandals, 94. claim, 95. hesitate, 96. involves, 97. lynch, 98. phase

99. The scientist conducted a study that provided _____ details about the species' behavior.

adj. clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise

ANSWERS: 99. specific