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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Helen M. Farrell: The truth about electroconvulsive therapy (ECT) | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/helen_m_farrell_the_truth_about_electroconvulsive_therapy_ect

All Words

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Session 1: Word List

nurse

n. a healthcare professional who is trained to provide care for the sick or injured; (verb) to try to cure by special care or treatment of an illness or injury

synonym: healthcare worker, caregiver, medic

(1) **nurse** practitioner, (2) a volunteer **nurse**

The night shift **nurse** checked my vital signs before administering the medication.

suffer

v. to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant

synonym: endure, undergo, tolerate

(1) **suffer** a setback, (2) **suffer** bad grades

The older man **suffers** from arthritis and finds it difficult to move around.

severe

adj. extremely serious or bad in feeling, manner, or strict and harsh; extremely strong or vigorous

synonym: harsh, relentless, powerful

(1) **severe** heat, (2) a **severe** case of pneumonia

The senator received **severe** criticism from his opponent.

unrelenting

adj. not easing or slackening in intensity; persistent and unwavering in pursuit of a goal

synonym : relentless, persistent, unyielding

(1) **unrelenting** pressure, (2) **unrelenting** pursuit

The **unrelenting** heat made it difficult to sleep.

depression

n. a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

synonym : recession, slump, despair

(1) the Great **Depression**, (2) the root problem of her

depression

Depression symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.

concentration

n. the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.

synonym : attention, engagement, assiduity

(1) **concentration** of armaments, (2) his research area of

concentration

This exam requires excellent **concentration** to pass.

convulse

v. to experience a sudden and violent contraction of the muscles, often caused by pain, illness, or emotional distress, or to make someone or something do this

synonym : spasm, tremble, seize

(1) **convulse** with laughter, (2) **convulse** with anger

He **convulsed** in pain as the injury was severe.

therapy

n. the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.

synonym : antidote, medicine, treatment

(1) **therapy** for a patient, (2) field of gene **therapy**

I underwent aversion **therapy** for my addiction to alcohol.

symptom

n. any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease

synonym : sign, manifestation, syndrome

(1) **symptoms** of low testosterone, (2) neurotic **symptoms**
The patient displays a **symptom** of a side effect.

lift

v. to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position

synonym: raise, elevate, move up

(1) **lift** sagging skin, (2) **lift** a ban on alcohol

The drought **lifted** the prices of grain globally.

graduate

n. a person who has a first degree from university or college; (verb) to complete the first course of university or college and get a degree

synonym: alumna, alum, grad

(1) **graduate** degree program, (2) honor **graduate**

Many employers hire **graduate** trainees to train as managers.

grade

n. a particular level of quality, size, importance, etc.

synonym: score, rate, degree

(1) boys in the twelfth **grade**, (2) students at all **grade** levels

Departments may set requirements for a higher **grade** point average.

negative

adj. having the quality of something bad or harmful; expressing refusal

synonym: minus, adverse, pessimistic

(1) have a **negative** effect, (2) a **negative** number

The movie has received almost universally **negative** criticism.

impressive

adj. arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill

synonym: impactful, remarkable, exceptional

(1) **impressive** performances, (2) an **impressive** array of facts

The budget reduction was an **impressive** feat for our nation.

stigma

n. a mark of shame or disgrace associated with a particular circumstance, quality, or person

synonym: mark, blemish, disgrace

(1) social **stigma**, (2) **stigma** against obesity

The mental health **stigma** often prevents people from seeking treatment.

leftover

adj. not consumed or used at the end of something

synonym: extra, residual, unused

(1) **leftover** from a party, (2) **leftover** goods

The chef will make soup with the **leftover** ham bone.

resemblance

n. similarity in appearance or exterior or superficial details

synonym: closeness, likeness, similarity

(1) striking **resemblance**, (2) faint **resemblance**

The **resemblance** between Anna and her mother was astonishing.

modern

adj. of or belonging to the present time or recent times

synonym: contemporary, stylish, current

(1) **modern** poetry, (2) pre- **modern** agricultural society

Their headquarters are in a **modern** skyscraper.

procedure

n. a way of doing something, especially the official or well-known way

synonym: action, approach, course

(1) undergo a surgical **procedure**, (2) standard **procedure**

The pilot and flight attendant ran through the check-out **procedure**.

medicinal

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

synonym: curative, therapeutic, healing

(1) **medicinal** chemistry, (2) traditional **medicinal**

The **medicinal** properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

administer

v. to oversee and control the operation or arrangement of something

synonym : allocate, distribute, dispense

(1) **administer** justice, (2) **administer** the funds

After the accident, three governmental bodies **administer** the company.

electrical

adj. relating to electricity

(1) an **electrical** storm, (2) degree in **electrical** engineering

Actuators convert **electrical** pulses into motion.

brain

n. the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling

synonym : intellect, mind, encephalon

(1) basic **brain** function, (2) permanent **brain** damage

X-rays revealed a small tumor in his **brain**.

seizure

n. the action of taking something from somebody by the use of legal authority; a sudden occurrence or recurrence of a disease

synonym : confiscation, expropriation, takeover

(1) **seizure** of a debtor's property, (2) a heart **seizure**

Customs have made their biggest ever **seizure** of cocaine.

patient

n. a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic

synonym : client, recipient, subject

(1) **patient** in the hospital, (2) **patient** with weight loss

The doctor carefully examined the **patient's** medical history.

tongue

n. a moveable mass of muscle tissue covered with mucous membrane that is in the mouth; a language

synonym : lingo, language, vocabulary

(1) native **tongue**, (2) **tongue** cancer

The **tongue** is boneless, but it is as strong as bones.

anesthesia

n. a state of controlled, temporary loss of bodily sensation or awareness that is induced for medical purposes

(1) **anesthesia** for surgery, (2) local **anesthesia**

He is in general **anesthesia** under the surgeon.

electrode

n. either of two points or ends of a conductor at which electricity enters or leaves an object, substance, or region

(1) platinum **electrodes**, (2) **electrode** corrosion

It is important to place the **electrodes** in the correct position for accurate electro-cardiogram recording.

pulse

n. the regular heartbeat as it sends blood around the body, especially when it is felt at the wrist or side of the neck; a solid regular vibration of sound, electric current, light, or other waves

synonym: beat, vibration, throb

(1) a weak **pulse**, (2) **pulse** waves

The cardiac monitor displays the intensity of your **pulse**.

neuron

n. a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body

synonym: nerve cell

(1) excite the **neurons**, (2) **neuron** cell body

Our body transfers information along each **neuron** using an electrical impulse.

unison

n. occurring or corresponding together, simultaneously, or exactly; (music) two or more sounds or tones at the same pitch or in octaves

synonym: harmony, accord, unanimity

(1) singing in **unison**, (2) clap the hands in **unison**

They saluted in **unison** to the captain.

relax

v. to become or cause someone to become less active or tense and calmer

synonym: soften, comfort, soothe

(1) **relax** a series of muscles, (2) **relax** at home

The rules were **relaxed** after the new executive arrived.

spasm

n. a sudden, involuntary contraction of a muscle, causing a range of sensations from mild discomfort to severe pain; a sudden outburst or brief episode of intense emotion or activity

synonym : convulsion, cramp, twitch

(1) gastric **spasm**, (2) **spasm** of laughter

The patient's face twitched in **spasms** as the dentist started drilling her tooth.

indication

n. a sign or remark that something exists, is real, or is likely to occur

synonym : clue, hint, inkling

(1) **indication** of inflation, (2) environmental **indication**

Faces are a good **indication** of age.

electrify

v. to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something

synonym : wire, amaze, astonish

(1) **electrify** the audience, (2) **electrify** a manufacturing process

The product developed through years of research continues to **electrify** the market.

flood

n. a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount

synonym : deluge, downpour, overflow

(1) **flood** advisory, (2) a **flood** of questions

These heavy rains caused flash **floods** on several islands.

twitch

v. to make a sudden and quick movement with a part of the body; (noun) a sudden, small, jerky movement of a muscle or part of the body

synonym : spasm, jerk, flinch

(1) **twitch** at his sleeve, (2) **twitch** of an eye
She couldn't stop her leg from **twitching** nervously.

resume

v. to continue or begin anew after a pause or interruption
synonym: continue, reopen, restart

(1) **resume** an office, (2) **resume** a relationship
We **resumed** negotiations after a temporary break.

norm

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
synonym: criterion, mean, standard

(1) **norm** of action, (2) cultural **norm**
The systems we have developed has accepted as industry **norms**.

session

n. a formal meeting or series of meetings for the execution of a particular group's functions; a period spent doing a particular activity

synonym: conference, gathering

(1) the morning **session**, (2) the court **session**
Parliament is now in **session**.

bipolar

adj. of, relating to, or occurring in both polar regions; of or relating to manic depressive illness

(1) **bipolar** depression, (2) a **bipolar** semiconductor
The physician prescribed medication to treat **bipolar** disorder.

disorder

n. an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions

synonym: chaos, disturbance, disease

(1) the files are in complete **disorder**, (2) people with bipolar **disorder**
The doctor prescribed some medicine for the mental **disorder**.

adverse

adj. unfavorable or harmful

synonym : hostile, detrimental, unfavorable

(1) **adverse** circumstances, (2) **adverse** reaction

The **adverse** weather conditions forced us to cancel the outdoor event.

reaction

n. a response that reveals a person's feelings or attitude; (in chemistry) a process in which one or more substances are changed into others

synonym : response, reply, answer

(1) chemical **reaction**, (2) trigger a **reaction**

There was a chemical **reaction** of the lime with the groundwater.

medication

n. a drug or other form of medicine that treats, prevents, or alleviates the symptoms of the disease

synonym : cure, drug, medicine

(1) antibiotic **medication**, (2) **medication** by mouth

The pharmacist not only prescribes the **medication** but also guides its proper use.

undergo

v. to go through something unpleasant or that involves a change

synonym : experience, suffer, endure

(1) **undergo** surgery, (2) **undergo** a decrease

The train has to **undergo** rigorous safety checks.

improve

v. to make or become better

synonym : enhance, ameliorate, enrich

(1) **improve** a process, (2) **improve** the test score

We want to **improve** ties between our two countries.

frequent

adj. happening constantly

synonym : periodic, recurring, routine

(1) **frequent** absence, (2) **frequent** use

His heartaches are less **frequent** now.

occasional

adj. happening or appearing at irregular intervals; not constant or regular

synonym: infrequent, sporadic, irregular

(1) **occasional** visitor, (2) **occasional** assistance

She only visited her grandparents on **occasional** weekends.

maintenance

n. the act or process of keeping something, either artificial materials or living things, in good condition; the money needed for a person's or family's living expenses

synonym: care, perpetuation, support

(1) the **maintenance** of the car, (2) **maintenance** work

We have decided to extend our **maintenance** contract until next year.

ache

v. to experience a dull, persistent pain or discomfort, typically of moderate or low intensity; to feel a continuous dull pain

synonym: hurt, throb, smart

(1) **ache** abominably, (2) **ache** all the time

I **ache** all over after running a marathon yesterday.

fatigue

n. a feeling of tiredness or weariness, especially as a result of physical or mental exertion; the reduction in the strength or efficiency of a material or structure due to repeated use or stress

synonym: exhaustion, weariness, tiredness

(1) **fatigue** breaking, (2) **fatigue** caused by overwork

The metal showed signs of **fatigue** after being subjected to repeated stress.

nauseate

v. to cause feelings of nausea or sickness; to feel sick or queasy; to cause repugnance or disgust

synonym: queasy, sicken, disgust

(1) **nauseate** my stomach, (2) make me **nauseate**

The roller coaster ride was so intense that it **nauseated** some passengers.

rarely

adv. not happening often; infrequently; seldom

synonym : seldom, infrequently, hardly ever

(1) **rarely** seen, (2) **rarely** used

I **rarely** eat fast food because I prefer healthy options.

fascinating

adj. extremely interesting

synonym : alluring, intriguing, captivating

(1) **fascinating** story, (2) completely **fascinating** to me

The museum houses a **fascinating** collection of Celtic artifacts.

communicate

v. to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals

synonym : convey, share, transmit

(1) **communicate** his anxieties to the psychiatrist,

(2) **communicate** well with my advisor

Dolphins use sound to **communicate** with each other.

influence

n. the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself

synonym : power, leverage, effect

(1) **influence** a child's future, (2) **influence** the daily life

The former emperor had a particular **influence** even after he abdicated.

chemistry

n. the branch of the natural sciences dealing with the composition of substances and their properties and reactions

(1) professor of **chemistry**, (2) the **chemistry** of soil

He is familiar with **chemistry** and biology.

contribute

v. to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people

synonym : donate, devote, commit

(1) **contribute** a large sum of money to the fund,

(2) **contribute** to society

Government workers cannot **contribute** to political campaigns.

mood

n. the way you feel at a particular time; an angry or impatient state of mind

synonym: mindset, disposition, temper

(1) the **mood** in a room, (2) in an ugly **mood**

His gaffe spoiled the **mood** of the dinner party.

spark

v. to start something or make it grow, especially suddenly; to emit a tiny piece of fire or electricity

synonym: start, inspire, provoke

(1) **spark** his interest, (2) **spark** a chain reaction

The bankruptcy of the giant conglomerate **sparked** turmoil in the stock market.

trigger

v. to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function

synonym: activate, spark, drive

(1) **trigger** a biochemical response, (2) **trigger** inflation

The incident **triggered** a political controversy.

release

v. to set free or allow to escape from confinement

synonym: free, let go, discharge

(1) **release** a prisoner, (2) **release** CO₂ into the air

The animal rights group worked to **release** the dolphins back into the wild.

neurotransmitter

n. a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles

(1) **neurotransmitter** receptor, (2) **neurotransmitters** released from the brain

Endorphins are a type of **neurotransmitter** that gives a sense of well-being.

molecule

n. a group of two or more atoms held together by attractive forces known as chemical bonds

synonym: particle, element, atom

(1) small **molecules**, (2) **molecule** behavior

The shape of the DNA **molecule** is a double helix.

stimming

n. a behavior often exhibited by individuals on the autism spectrum characterized by repetitive bodily movements or sounds, such as hand flapping or rocking, often used as a form of self-regulation or sensory stimulation

synonym: self-stimulation, repetitive behaviors

(1) autistic **stimming**, (2) **stimming** therapy

Autistic children may engage in **stimming** behaviors, such as rocking or hand flapping, to self-regulate.

hormone

n. a chemical substance made by organs that encourages or influences the development, growth, sex, etc., of an animal and is carried around the body in the blood

(1) **hormone** secretion, (2) female **hormone**

The doctor diagnosed me with a **hormone** disorder.

resistant

adj. not affected by something, especially changes or new ideas; of or relating to immunity to disease or infection

synonym: unsusceptible, immune, invulnerable

(1) penicillin- **resistant** bacteria, (2) **resistant** to persuasion

Insects in urban areas are becoming **resistant** to insecticides.

decide

v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options

synonym: choose, determine, settle

(1) **decide** a question, (2) **decide** on a course of action

She couldn't **decide** whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.

surrounding

adj. that is near or around, or closely encircling something

synonym: circumferent, encircling, neighboring

(1) **surrounding** areas, (2) a fence **surrounding** a castle
The **surrounding** mountains make the city difficult to be invaded.

perception

n. a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses

synonym: understanding, idea, awareness

(1) keen **perception**, (2) **perception** of a stimulus

He is a man admired for the depth of his **perception**.

persist

v. to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable

synonym: endure, continue, carry on

(1) **persist** over time, (2) **persist** in success

Consult your doctor if the symptoms **persist**.

alike

adv. similar or identical in nature or appearance

synonym: similar, identical, comparable

(1) young and old **alike**, (2) **alike** in nature

The two paintings looked **alike** as if the same artist had done them.

Session 2: Spelling

1. al__e in nature *adv.* similar or identical in nature or appearance
2. l__t sagging skin *v.* to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position
3. environmental ind_____on *n.* a sign or remark that something exists, is real, or is likely to occur
4. pre-mo___n agricultural society *adj.* of or belonging to the present time or recent times
5. antibiotic med_____on *n.* a drug or other form of medicine that treats, prevents, or alleviates the symptoms of the disease
6. singing in un___n *n.* occurring or corresponding together, simultaneously, or exactly; (music) two or more sounds or tones at the same pitch or in octaves
7. con_____te to society *v.* to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
8. le_____er goods *adj.* not consumed or used at the end of something
9. re___e a relationship *v.* to continue or begin anew after a pause or interruption
10. el_____fy the audience *v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something

ANSWERS: 1. alike, 2. lift, 3. indication, 4. modern, 5. medication, 6. unison, 7. contribute, 8. leftover, 9. resume, 10. electrify

11. neu_____ter receptor *n.* a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles
12. a fence sur_____ng a castle *adj.* that is near or around, or closely encircling something
13. sur_____ng areas *adj.* that is near or around, or closely encircling something
14. re__x at home *v.* to become or cause someone to become less active or tense and calmer
15. n__m of action *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
16. pe_____t over time *v.* to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable
17. sy_____ms of low testosterone *n.* any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease
18. sp__m of laughter *n.* a sudden, involuntary contraction of a muscle, causing a range of sensations from mild discomfort to severe pain; a sudden outburst or brief episode of intense emotion or activity
19. native to___e *n.* a moveable mass of muscle tissue covered with mucous membrane that is in the mouth; a language
20. female ho_____e *n.* a chemical substance made by organs that encourages or influences the development, growth, sex, etc., of an animal and is carried around the body in the blood

ANSWERS: 11. neurotransmitter, 12. surrounding, 13. surrounding, 14. relax, 15. norm, 16. persist, 17. symptom, 18. spasm, 19. tongue, 20. hormone

21. permanent br__n damage *n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
22. el_____fy a manufacturing process *v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
23. tr_____r inflation *v.* to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function
24. occ_____al visitor *adj.* happening or appearing at irregular intervals; not constant or regular
25. pa_____t with weight loss *n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
26. tr_____r a biochemical response *v.* to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function
27. standard pr_____re *n.* a way of doing something, especially the official or well-known way
28. fa_____e breaking *n.* a feeling of tiredness or weariness, especially as a result of physical or mental exertion; the reduction in the strength or efficiency of a material or structure due to repeated use or stress
29. su_____r bad grades *v.* to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant

ANSWERS: 21. brain, 22. electrify, 23. trigger, 24. occasional, 25. patient, 26. trigger, 27. procedure, 28. fatigue, 29. suffer

30. per_____on of a stimulus *n.* a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
31. sp__k his interest *v.* to start something or make it grow, especially suddenly; to emit a tiny piece of fire or electricity
32. the ch_____ry of soil *n.* the branch of the natural sciences dealing with the composition of substances and their properties and reactions
33. local ane_____ia *n.* a state of controlled, temporary loss of bodily sensation or awareness that is induced for medical purposes
34. students at all gr__e levels *n.* a particular level of quality, size, importance, etc.
35. gastric sp__m *n.* a sudden, involuntary contraction of a muscle, causing a range of sensations from mild discomfort to severe pain; a sudden outburst or brief episode of intense emotion or activity
36. degree in ele_____al engineering *adj.* relating to electricity
37. ind_____on of inflation *n.* a sign or remark that something exists, is real, or is likely to occur
38. re_____e a prisoner *v.* to set free or allow to escape from confinement
39. undergo a surgical pr_____re *n.* a way of doing something, especially the official or well-known way

ANSWERS: 30. perception, 31. spark, 32. chemistry, 33. anesthesia, 34. grade, 35. spasm, 36. electrical, 37. indication, 38. release, 39. procedure

40. excite the ne___ns *n.* a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body
41. completely fas_____ng to me *adj.* extremely interesting
42. neurotic sy_____ms *n.* any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease
43. con_____te a large sum of money to the fund *v.* to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
44. sp__k a chain reaction *v.* to start something or make it grow, especially suddenly; to emit a tiny piece of fire or electricity
45. the root problem of her dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
46. professor of ch_____ry *n.* the branch of the natural sciences dealing with the composition of substances and their properties and reactions
47. ra___y seen *adv.* not happening often; infrequently; seldom
48. unr_____ng pressure *adj.* not easing or slackening in intensity; persistent and unwavering in pursuit of a goal
49. field of gene th_____y *n.* the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.

ANSWERS: 40. neuron, 41. fascinating, 42. symptom, 43. contribute, 44. spark, 45. depression, 46. chemistry, 47. rarely, 48. unrelenting, 49. therapy

50. keen per_____on *n.* a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
51. fa_____e caused by overwork *n.* a feeling of tiredness or weariness, especially as a result of physical or mental exertion; the reduction in the strength or efficiency of a material or structure due to repeated use or stress
52. social st____a *n.* a mark of shame or disgrace associated with a particular circumstance, quality, or person
53. pu__e waves *n.* the regular heartbeat as it sends blood around the body, especially when it is felt at the wrist or side of the neck; a solid regular vibration of sound, electric current, light, or other waves
54. penicillin-re_____nt bacteria *adj.* not affected by something, especially changes or new ideas; of or relating to immunity to disease or infection
55. a se_____e case of pneumonia *adj.* extremely serious or bad in feeling, manner, or strict and harsh; extremely strong or vigorous
56. the Great Dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
57. ad_____e reaction *adj.* unfavorable or harmful

ANSWERS: 50. perception, 51. fatigue, 52. stigma, 53. pulse, 54. resistant, 55. severe, 56. depression, 57. adverse

58. clap the hands in un___n
n. occurring or corresponding together, simultaneously, or exactly; (music) two or more sounds or tones at the same pitch or in octaves
59. fas_____ng story
adj. extremely interesting
60. chemical re_____on
n. a response that reveals a person's feelings or attitude; (in chemistry) a process in which one or more substances are changed into others
61. med_____on by mouth
n. a drug or other form of medicine that treats, prevents, or alleviates the symptoms of the disease
62. his research area of
con_____ion
n. the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.
63. occ_____al assistance
adj. happening or appearing at irregular intervals; not constant or regular
64. trigger a re_____on
n. a response that reveals a person's feelings or attitude; (in chemistry) a process in which one or more substances are changed into others
65. un_____o surgery
v. to go through something unpleasant or that involves a change
66. autistic st_____ng
n. a behavior often exhibited by individuals on the autism spectrum characterized by repetitive bodily movements or sounds, such as hand flapping or rocking, often used as a form of self-regulation or sensory stimulation

ANSWERS: 58. unison, 59. fascinating, 60. reaction, 61. medication, 62. concentration, 63. occasional, 64. reaction, 65. undergo, 66. stimming

67. a__e all the time *v.* to experience a dull, persistent pain or discomfort, typically of moderate or low intensity; to feel a continuous dull pain
68. st_____ng therapy *n.* a behavior often exhibited by individuals on the autism spectrum characterized by repetitive bodily movements or sounds, such as hand flapping or rocking, often used as a form of self-regulation or sensory stimulation
69. the files are in complete di_____er *n.* an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
70. re___e an office *v.* to continue or begin anew after a pause or interruption
71. an imp_____ve array of facts *adj.* arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill
72. basic br__n function *n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
73. a heart se_____e *n.* the action of taking something from somebody by the use of legal authority; a sudden occurrence or recurrence of a disease
74. co_____se with anger *v.* to experience a sudden and violent contraction of the muscles, often caused by pain, illness, or emotional distress, or to make someone or something do this
75. se___e heat *adj.* extremely serious or bad in feeling, manner, or strict and harsh; extremely strong or vigorous

ANSWERS: 67. ache, 68. stimming, 69. disorder, 70. resume, 71. impressive, 72. brain, 73. seizure, 74. convulse, 75. severe

76. a fl__d of questions *n.* a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount
77. traditional me_____al *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
78. have a ne_____ve effect *adj.* having the quality of something bad or harmful; expressing refusal
79. faint res_____ce *n.* similarity in appearance or exterior or superficial details
80. striking res_____ce *n.* similarity in appearance or exterior or superficial details
81. in_____ce the daily life *n.* the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself
82. neu_____ters released from the brain *n.* a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles
83. mo___n poetry *adj.* of or belonging to the present time or recent times
84. l__t a ban on alcohol *v.* to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position
85. a ne_____ve number *adj.* having the quality of something bad or harmful; expressing refusal
86. the m__d in a room *n.* the way you feel at a particular time; an angry or impatient state of mind
87. ho_____e secretion *n.* a chemical substance made by organs that encourages or influences the development, growth, sex, etc., of an animal and is carried around the body in the blood

ANSWERS: 76. flood, 77. medicinal, 78. negative, 79. resemblance, 80. resemblance, 81. influence, 82. neurotransmitter, 83. modern, 84. lift, 85. negative, 86. mood, 87. hormone

- | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|---|
| 88. in an ugly m__d | <i>n.</i> | the way you feel at a particular time; an angry or impatient state of mind |
| 89. mai_____ce work | <i>n.</i> | the act or process of keeping something, either artificial materials or living things, in good condition; the money needed for a person's or family's living expenses |
| 90. tw___h at his sleeve | <i>v.</i> | to make a sudden and quick movement with a part of the body; (noun) a sudden, small, jerky movement of a muscle or part of the body |
| 91. honor gr_____te | <i>n.</i> | a person who has a first degree from university or college; (verb) to complete the first course of university or college and get a degree |
| 92. fl__d advisory | <i>n.</i> | a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount |
| 93. adm_____er justice | <i>v.</i> | to oversee and control the operation or arrangement of something |
| 94. mo_____le behavior | <i>n.</i> | a group of two or more atoms held together by attractive forces known as chemical bonds |
| 95. the court se_____n | <i>n.</i> | a formal meeting or series of meetings for the execution of a particular group's functions; a period spent doing a particular activity |
| 96. the morning se_____n | <i>n.</i> | a formal meeting or series of meetings for the execution of a particular group's functions; a period spent doing a particular activity |

ANSWERS: 88. mood, 89. maintenance, 90. twitch, 91. graduate, 92. flood, 93. administer, 94. molecule, 95. session, 96. session

97. adm_____er the funds *v.* to oversee and control the operation or arrangement of something
98. a bi_____r semiconductor *adj.* of, relating to, or occurring in both polar regions; of or relating to manic depressive illness
99. in_____ce a child's future *n.* the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself
100. se_____e of a debtor's property *n.* the action of taking something from somebody by the use of legal authority; a sudden occurrence or recurrence of a disease
101. make me na_____te *v.* to cause feelings of nausea or sickness; to feel sick or queasy; to cause repugnance or disgust
102. gr_____te degree program *n.* a person who has a first degree from university or college; (verb) to complete the first course of university or college and get a degree
103. pa_____t in the hospital *n.* a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
104. me_____al chemistry *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
105. fr_____nt absence *adj.* happening constantly
106. fr_____nt use *adj.* happening constantly

ANSWERS: 97. administer, 98. bipolar, 99. influence, 100. seizure, 101. nauseate, 102. graduate, 103. patient, 104. medicinal, 105. frequent, 106. frequent

107. ne___n cell body *n.* a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body
108. imp_____ve performances *adj.* arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill
109. a__e abominably *v.* to experience a dull, persistent pain or discomfort, typically of moderate or low intensity; to feel a continuous dull pain
110. people with bipolar di_____er *n.* an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
111. ra___y used *adv.* not happening often; infrequently; seldom
112. young and old al__e *adv.* similar or identical in nature or appearance
113. the mai_____ce of the car *n.* the act or process of keeping something, either artificial materials or living things, in good condition; the money needed for a person's or family's living expenses
114. bi_____r depression *adj.* of, relating to, or occurring in both polar regions; of or relating to manic depressive illness
115. st___a against obesity *n.* a mark of shame or disgrace associated with a particular circumstance, quality, or person
116. platinum el_____des *n.* either of two points or ends of a conductor at which electricity enters or leaves an object, substance, or region

ANSWERS: 107. neuron, 108. impressive, 109. ache, 110. disorder, 111. rarely, 112. alike, 113. maintenance, 114. bipolar, 115. stigma, 116. electrode

117. na_____te my stomach *v.* to cause feelings of nausea or sickness; to feel sick or queasy; to cause repugnance or disgust
118. le_____er from a party *adj.* not consumed or used at the end of something
119. an ele_____al storm *adj.* relating to electricity
120. com_____te well with my advisor *v.* to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals
121. boys in the twelfth gr__e *n.* a particular level of quality, size, importance, etc.
122. unr_____ng pursuit *adj.* not easing or slackening in intensity; persistent and unwavering in pursuit of a goal
123. su____r a setback *v.* to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant
124. to____e cancer *n.* a moveable mass of muscle tissue covered with mucous membrane that is in the mouth; a language
125. re_____nt to persuasion *adj.* not affected by something, especially changes or new ideas; of or relating to immunity to disease or infection
126. de____e a question *v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
127. co_____se with laughter *v.* to experience a sudden and violent contraction of the muscles, often caused by pain, illness, or emotional distress, or to make someone or something do this

ANSWERS: 117. nauseate, 118. leftover, 119. electrical, 120. communicate, 121. grade, 122. unrelenting, 123. suffer, 124. tongue, 125. resistant, 126. decide, 127. convulse

128. a weak pu__e *n.* the regular heartbeat as it sends blood around the body, especially when it is felt at the wrist or side of the neck; a solid regular vibration of sound, electric current, light, or other waves
129. re__x a series of muscles *v.* to become or cause someone to become less active or tense and calmer
130. nu__e practitioner *n.* a healthcare professional who is trained to provide care for the sick or injured; (verb) to try to cure by special care or treatment of an illness or injury
131. im_____e a process *v.* to make or become better
132. de___e on a course of action *v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
133. ane_____ia for surgery *n.* a state of controlled, temporary loss of bodily sensation or awareness that is induced for medical purposes
134. th_____y for a patient *n.* the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.
135. cultural n__m *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
136. a volunteer nu__e *n.* a healthcare professional who is trained to provide care for the sick or injured; (verb) to try to cure by special care or treatment of an illness or injury
137. tw___h of an eye *v.* to make a sudden and quick movement with a part of the body; (noun) a sudden, small, jerky movement of a muscle or part of the body

ANSWERS: 128. pulse, 129. relax, 130. nurse, 131. improve, 132. decide, 133. anesthesia, 134. therapy, 135. norm, 136. nurse, 137. twitch

138. ad____e circumstances *adj.* unfavorable or harmful
139. con_____ion of armaments *n.* the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.
140. im____e the test score *v.* to make or become better
141. small mo____les *n.* a group of two or more atoms held together by attractive forces known as chemical bonds
142. re____e CO2 into the air *v.* to set free or allow to escape from confinement
143. el_____de corrosion *n.* either of two points or ends of a conductor at which electricity enters or leaves an object, substance, or region
144. pe____t in success *v.* to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable
145. un____o a decrease *v.* to go through something unpleasant or that involves a change
146. com_____te his anxieties to the psychiatrist *v.* to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals

ANSWERS: 138. adverse, 139. concentration, 140. improve, 141. molecule, 142. release, 143. electrode, 144. persist, 145. undergo, 146. communicate

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. Their headquarters are in a _____ skyscraper.
adj. of or belonging to the present time or recent times
2. Our body transfers information along each _____ using an electrical impulse.
n. a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body
3. The incident _____ a political controversy.
v. to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function
4. The chef will make soup with the _____ ham bone.
adj. not consumed or used at the end of something
5. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.
n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
6. The _____ heat made it difficult to sleep.
adj. not easing or slackening in intensity; persistent and unwavering in pursuit of a goal
7. He is a man admired for the depth of his _____.
n. a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
8. Government workers cannot _____ to political campaigns.
v. to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people

ANSWERS: 1. modern, 2. neuron, 3. triggered, 4. leftover, 5. norms, 6. unrelenting, 7. perception, 8. contribute

9. I underwent aversion _____ for my addiction to alcohol.
n. the act of caring for someone through medication, remedial training, etc.
10. The museum houses a _____ collection of Celtic artifacts.
adj. extremely interesting
11. The patient displays a _____ of a side effect.
n. any sensation or change in body or mind that is experienced by a patient and is associated with a particular disease
12. Actuators convert _____ pulses into motion.
adj. relating to electricity
13. She only visited her grandparents on _____ weekends.
adj. happening or appearing at irregular intervals; not constant or regular
14. The doctor prescribed some medicine for the mental _____.
n. an untidy state or a lack of organization; a physical condition or illness that causes problems with how a section of the body or brain functions
15. The mental health _____ often prevents people from seeking treatment.
n. a mark of shame or disgrace associated with a particular circumstance, quality, or person
16. Departments may set requirements for a higher _____ point average.
n. a particular level of quality, size, importance, etc.
17. The physician prescribed medication to treat _____ disorder.
adj. of, relating to, or occurring in both polar regions; of or relating to manic depressive illness

ANSWERS: 9. therapy, 10. fascinating, 11. symptom, 12. electrical, 13. occasional, 14. disorder, 15. stigma, 16. grade, 17. bipolar

18. There was a chemical _____ of the lime with the groundwater.
n. a response that reveals a person's feelings or attitude; (in chemistry) a process in which one or more substances are changed into others
19. He is familiar with _____ and biology.
n. the branch of the natural sciences dealing with the composition of substances and their properties and reactions
20. The _____ weather conditions forced us to cancel the outdoor event.
adj. unfavorable or harmful
21. The patient's face twitched in _____ as the dentist started drilling her tooth.
n. a sudden, involuntary contraction of a muscle, causing a range of sensations from mild discomfort to severe pain; a sudden outburst or brief episode of intense emotion or activity
22. She couldn't _____ whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.
v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
23. They saluted in _____ to the captain.
n. occurring or corresponding together, simultaneously, or exactly; (music) two or more sounds or tones at the same pitch or in octaves
24. He is in general _____ under the surgeon.
n. a state of controlled, temporary loss of bodily sensation or awareness that is induced for medical purposes
25. The drought _____ the prices of grain globally.
v. to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position

ANSWERS: 18. reaction, 19. chemistry, 20. adverse, 21. spasms, 22. decide, 23. unison, 24. anesthesia, 25. lifted

26. We _____ negotiations after a temporary break.
v. to continue or begin anew after a pause or interruption
27. We want to _____ ties between our two countries.
v. to make or become better
28. The senator received _____ criticism from his opponent.
adj. extremely serious or bad in feeling, manner, or strict and harsh; extremely strong or vigorous
29. The pharmacist not only prescribes the _____ but also guides its proper use.
n. a drug or other form of medicine that treats, prevents, or alleviates the symptoms of the disease
30. His heartaches are less _____ now.
adj. happening constantly
31. His gaffe spoiled the _____ of the dinner party.
n. the way you feel at a particular time; an angry or impatient state of mind
32. The doctor carefully examined the _____ medical history.
n. a person who is receiving medical treatment, care, or attention from a healthcare professional, such as a doctor, nurse, or therapist; a personal quality or characteristic
33. Dolphins use sound to _____ with each other.
v. to share or exchange information with others by speaking, writing, moving your body, or using other signals

ANSWERS: 26. resumed, 27. improve, 28. severe, 29. medication, 30. frequent, 31. mood, 32. patient's, 33. communicate

34. Endorphins are a type of _____ that gives a sense of well-being.
- n.* a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles
35. She couldn't stop her leg from _____ nervously.
- v.* to make a sudden and quick movement with a part of the body; (noun) a sudden, small, jerky movement of a muscle or part of the body
36. The product developed through years of research continues to _____ the market.
- v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
37. The animal rights group worked to _____ the dolphins back into the wild.
- v.* to set free or allow to escape from confinement
38. The budget reduction was an _____ feat for our nation.
- adj.* arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill
39. The metal showed signs of _____ after being subjected to repeated stress.
- n.* a feeling of tiredness or weariness, especially as a result of physical or mental exertion; the reduction in the strength or efficiency of a material or structure due to repeated use or stress
40. The doctor diagnosed me with a _____ disorder.
- n.* a chemical substance made by organs that encourages or influences the development, growth, sex, etc., of an animal and is carried around the body in the blood
41. The roller coaster ride was so intense that it _____ some passengers.
- v.* to cause feelings of nausea or sickness; to feel sick or queasy; to cause repugnance or disgust

ANSWERS: 34. neurotransmitter, 35. twitching, 36. electrify, 37. release, 38. impressive, 39. fatigue, 40. hormone, 41. nauseated

42. Insects in urban areas are becoming _____ to insecticides.

adj. not affected by something, especially changes or new ideas; of or relating to immunity to disease or infection

43. The cardiac monitor displays the intensity of your _____.

n. the regular heartbeat as it sends blood around the body, especially when it is felt at the wrist or side of the neck; a solid regular vibration of sound, electric current, light, or other waves

44. The _____ is boneless, but it is as strong as bones.

n. a moveable mass of muscle tissue covered with mucous membrane that is in the mouth; a language

45. The _____ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

46. Consult your doctor if the symptoms _____.

v. to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable

47. The movie has received almost universally _____ criticism.

adj. having the quality of something bad or harmful; expressing refusal

48. This exam requires excellent _____ to pass.

n. the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.

49. The _____ mountains make the city difficult to be invaded.

adj. that is near or around, or closely encircling something

ANSWERS: 42. resistant, 43. pulse, 44. tongue, 45. medicinal, 46. persist, 47. negative, 48. concentration, 49. surrounding

50. Parliament is now in _____.

- n.* a formal meeting or series of meetings for the execution of a particular group's functions; a period spent doing a particular activity

51. The shape of the DNA _____ is a double helix.

- n.* a group of two or more atoms held together by attractive forces known as chemical bonds

52. We have decided to extend our _____ contract until next year.

- n.* the act or process of keeping something, either artificial materials or living things, in good condition; the money needed for a person's or family's living expenses

53. The rules were _____ after the new executive arrived.

- v.* to become or cause someone to become less active or tense and calmer

54. _____ symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.

- n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

55. Autistic children may engage in _____ behaviors, such as rocking or hand flapping, to self-regulate.

- n.* a behavior often exhibited by individuals on the autism spectrum characterized by repetitive bodily movements or sounds, such as hand flapping or rocking, often used as a form of self-regulation or sensory stimulation

56. Faces are a good _____ of age.

- n.* a sign or remark that something exists, is real, or is likely to occur

57. Customs have made their biggest ever _____ of cocaine.

- n.* the action of taking something from somebody by the use of legal authority; a sudden occurrence or recurrence of a disease

ANSWERS: 50. session, 51. molecule, 52. maintenance, 53. relaxed, 54. Depression, 55. stimming, 56. indication, 57. seizure

58. These heavy rains caused flash _____ on several islands.
n. a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount
59. The pilot and flight attendant ran through the check-out _____.
n. a way of doing something, especially the official or well-known way
60. After the accident, three governmental bodies _____ the company.
v. to oversee and control the operation or arrangement of something
61. The night shift _____ checked my vital signs before administering the medication.
n. a healthcare professional who is trained to provide care for the sick or injured;
(verb) to try to cure by special care or treatment of an illness or injury
62. I _____ eat fast food because I prefer healthy options.
adv. not happening often; infrequently; seldom
63. X-rays revealed a small tumor in his _____.
n. the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
64. The older man _____ from arthritis and finds it difficult to move around.
v. to experience pain, distress, or hardship; to undergo or endure something painful or unpleasant
65. I _____ all over after running a marathon yesterday.
v. to experience a dull, persistent pain or discomfort, typically of moderate or low intensity; to feel a continuous dull pain

ANSWERS: 58. floods, 59. procedure, 60. administer, 61. nurse, 62. rarely, 63. brain, 64. suffers, 65. ache

66. Many employers hire _____ trainees to train as managers.

n. a person who has a first degree from university or college; (verb) to complete the first course of university or college and get a degree

67. The former emperor had a particular _____ even after he abdicated.

n. the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself

68. He _____ in pain as the injury was severe.

v. to experience a sudden and violent contraction of the muscles, often caused by pain, illness, or emotional distress, or to make someone or something do this

69. It is important to place the _____ in the correct position for accurate electro-cardiogram recording.

n. either of two points or ends of a conductor at which electricity enters or leaves an object, substance, or region

70. The bankruptcy of the giant conglomerate _____ turmoil in the stock market.

v. to start something or make it grow, especially suddenly; to emit a tiny piece of fire or electricity

71. The two paintings looked _____ as if the same artist had done them.

adv. similar or identical in nature or appearance

72. The _____ between Anna and her mother was astonishing.

n. similarity in appearance or exterior or superficial details

73. The train has to _____ rigorous safety checks.

v. to go through something unpleasant or that involves a change

ANSWERS: 66. graduate, 67. influence, 68. convulsed, 69. electrodes, 70. sparked, 71. alike, 72. resemblance, 73. undergo

ANSWERS: