Englist.me

Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Indre Viskontas: How music makes me a better neuroscientist | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/indre_viskontas_how_musi c_makes_me_a_better_neuroscientist



Advanced Words Only

IMPORTANT

This material is a commentary and does not contain any copyrighted material of the reference source. We strongly recommend accessing/buying the reference source at the same time.

Session 1: Word List

| neuroscience | n. the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (1) the branch of neuroscience , (2) a theoretical concept in neuroscience |
| | Our university is famous for its professors, who are well-versed in behavioral neuroscience . |
| amusia | n. a neurological condition characterized by the inability to perceive or produce music, often due to damage or dysfunction in the brain regions responsible for processing musical stimuli synonym: tone-deafness, musical anhedonia |
| | (1) rhythm amusia, (2) congenital amusia The patient's amusia made it difficult for him to distinguish between different musical notes. |
| baffle | v. to bewilder or perplex someone completely and to be unable to understand or explain something synonym: perplex, astound, hinder (1) baffle his plan, (2) baffle outside noises The paradox baffled most philosophers. |
| | |

| neuron | a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body synonym: nerve cell |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (1) excite the neurons , (2) neuron cell body |
| | Our body transfers information along each neuron using an electrical impulse. |
| debatable | <i>adj.</i> open to discussion or argument; capable of being disputed or doubted |
| | synonym: questionable, uncertain, open to discussion |
| | (1) the validity of the theory is debatable, (2) debatabletopic |
| | Whether or not extraterrestrial life exists is still debatable among scientists. |
| anesthesiologist | n. a medical doctor who specializes in administering anesthesia to help control pain and monitor the vital signs of patients during procedures and surgeries synonym: anesthetist, pain specialist, sedationist |
| | specialized anesthesiologist, (2) clinical anesthesiologist |
| | The experienced anesthesiologist monitored the patient's vital signs throughout the procedure. |
| gastroenterology | n. the branch of medicine that deals with the structure, function, diagnosis, and treatment of the digestive system and its diseases synonym: gastrology, digestive medicine, enterology |
| | |
| | (1) gastroenterology clinic, (2) gastroenterology research |
| | The doctor specializes in gastroenterology and treats patients with digestive disorders. |
| orthopedic | <i>adj.</i> relating to the branch of medicine concerned with the correction or prevention of deformities, disorders, or injuries of the skeletal system and associated muscles, joints, and ligaments <i>synonym</i>: skeletal, musculoskeletal, bone-related |
| | |

| | (1) orthopedic shoes, (2) orthopedic clinicThe athlete visited the orthopedic surgeon to have her injured knee examined and treated. |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ophthalmology | n. the branch of medicine that deals with the anatomy, physiology, and diseases of the eye synonym: eye care, optometry, eye medicine |
| | (1) ophthalmology practice, (2) ophthalmology clinicMy grandfather had a problem with his eyes and went to an ophthalmology specialist. |
| thanksgiving | <i>n.</i> an annual holiday celebrated primarily in the United States and Canada, typically observed on the fourth Thursday in November in the U.S. and on the second Monday in October in Canada, that commemorates the giving of thanks for the blessings of the previous year <i>synonym</i>: gratitude, appreciation, recognition |
| | (1) thanksgiving traditions, (2) thanksgiving paradeMy family gathers together every year for thanksgiving dinner. |
| dismay | <i>n.</i> a feeling of discouragement, distress, or anxiety caused by something unexpected or unwelcome; a sudden loss of courage or confidence |
| | synonym: distress, discouragement, consternation(1) flop down in dismay, (2) feel dismay |
| | The employees expressed their dismay at the sudden |
| | announcement of massive layoffs. |
| locomotive | <i>n</i>. a powered rail vehicle used for pulling trains or railway cars; an engine that produces the necessary power for the train to move on the tracks <i>synonym</i>: train, engine, motor |
| | (1) locomotive engine, (2) diesel locomotive |
| | The powerful locomotive chugged along the tracks, hauling a long line of freight cars. |
| | |

| hopeless | adj. having no hope; despairing; having no chance of success |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | synonym: despairing, helpless, futile |
| | (1) hopeless situation, (2) hopeless at everything |
| | After months of job searching, he felt hopeless and unsure of |
| | his future. |
| undervalue | v. to assign too low a value to something |
| | synonym: underrate, underestimate, devalue |
| | (1) undervalue his contribution, (2) undervalue the potential |
| | He undervalued the importance of teamwork and struggled to succeed. |
| devour | v. to eat or consume something eagerly or ravenously; or to destroy something rapidly |
| | synonym: consume, swallow, destroy |
| | (1) devour a meal, (2) devour my way |
| | She devoured the mystery novel in one sitting. |
| autobiographical | <i>adj.</i> relating to or based on the experiences, thoughts, or life story of oneself; about one's own life history or personal narrative |
| | synonym: self-written, self-told, personal |
| | (1) autobiographical narrative, (2) autobiographical memory |
| | The author wrote an autobiographical novel about growing up in a small town. |
| elusive | <i>adj.</i> difficult to find, define, achieve, or remember <i>synonym</i> : mysterious, ambiguous, inapproachable |
| | (1) an elusive criminal, (2) track down an elusive fact |
| | The physicist who found the elusive particle won the Nobel Prize. |

| anatomical | <i>adj.</i> of or relating to the structure of the body and its parts <i>synonym</i> : physical, bodily, structural |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (1) anatomical structure, (2) anatomical elements |
| | The anatomical model of the human body was used to teach medical students. |
| larynx | an organ in the top of the throat involved in breathing, producing sound |
| | (1) irritate the larynx, (2) narrowing of the larynx |
| | Smoking significantly increases the risk of larynx cancer. |
| diaphragm | n. a large, dome-shaped muscle located at the bottom of the chest cavity, essential for breathing and separating the chest and abdomen; a shallow, dome-shaped device with a flexible rim that is inserted into the vagina to cover the cervix and prevent sperm from reaching the uterus, serving as a method of birth control synonym: midriff, pessary, shield |
| | (1) diaphragm birth control, (2) diaphragm activity |
| | Individuals with a weak diaphragm may experience difficulty |
| | breathing during physical activity. |
| elapse | v. to pass or go by, especially about time; to slip away unnoticed |
| | synonym: pass, proceed, advance |
| | (1) much time had elapsed , (2) elapse from the announced start time |
| | Five minutes have elapsed since we began the experiment. |
| moodiness | n. a tendency to experience mood swings or to be easily affected by changes in mood synonym: emotional instability, irritability, temperament |
| | (1) control your moodiness , (2) moodiness during puberty |
| | His moodiness made it difficult for his coworkers to predict |
| | how he would react to things. |

| irritable | <i>adj.</i> easily or frequently agitated, annoyed, or angered; prone to becoming tense or angry in response to minor stimuli or events |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | synonym: cranky, grumpy, touchy |
| | (1) irritable bowel syndrome, (2) irritable mood |
| | Lack of sleep can make me irritable and easily annoyed. |
| irrational | adj. not based on, or not using reason or clear thinking; (mathematics) a real number that cannot be expressed as the ratio of two integers synonym: illogical, ludicrous, senseless |
| | (1) an irrational request, (2) irrational numbers |
| | They continued to endure irrational treatment by the dictatorship. |
| martini | n. a cocktail made with gin and vermouth typically garnished with an olive or a twist of lemon peel |
| | (1) martini glass, (2) shaken martini |
| | I ordered a dirty martini with extra olives at the bar. |
| loathe | v. to feel strong hatred or disgust for someone or something; to be unwilling or reluctant to do something synonym: despise, hate, abominate |
| | (1) loathe violence, (2) loathe broccoli |
| | I absolutely loathe spiders and can't stand to be near them. |
| dedicate | v. to give all of your energy, time, etc., entirely to a specific person, activity, or cause; to set apart for a particular purpose or use |
| | synonym: consecrate, devote, commit |
| | (1) dedicate a few hours, (2) dedicate a chapter to the subject |
| | He dedicated his life to helping others. |
| apprentice | n. a person who works for and learns from a skilled employer to become a skilled worker themselves synonym: learner, trainee, protégé |

| | (1) apprentice carpenter, (2) a young apprentice |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | He took on an apprentice to teach him the trade. |
| gnaw | v. to bite or chew on something persistently or nervously; to wear away at something gradually synonym: chew, bite, annoy |
| | (1) gnaw a hole in a wall, (2) gnaw at the national sentiment |
| | She couldn't stop gnawing on her nails. |
| trickle | v. to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities synonym: dribble, flow, seep |
| | (1) trickle down my cheek, (2) trickle from his eyes |
| | Water was beginning to trickle into the basement after the |
| | heavy rain. |
| interleave | v. to insert or alternate layers of one thing between two or more layers of another thing, particularly in a patterned or systematic way, such as in computer memory or documents synonym: interlace, interweave, intersperse |
| | (1) interleave pages, (2) interleave yarns |
| | To create a sturdy fabric, the weavers must interleave the |
| | threads. |
| guinea | n. a former British gold coin worth 21 shillings or a unit of currency used in some West African countries; (Guinea) a republic in western Africa on the Atlantic synonym: coin, money, currency |
| | (1) guinea coins, (2) guinea pig |
| | The cost of the antique vase is three guineas . |
| conservatory | n. a place where plants are grown and cultivated, often for scientific or educational purposes; a school or institution that provides training in music, dance, or other performing arts synonym: greenhouse, nursery, school |
| | |

| | (1) conservatory of music, (2) conservatory plant The conservatory program offered advanced training in acting and theater production. |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| deem | <i>v.</i> to consider or decide something in a particular way <i>synonym</i> : believe, consider, suppose |
| | (1) deem socially responsible, (2) deem wrong or inappropriate |
| | Regarding earthquakes, some commercial buildings were deemed unsafe. |
| devastate | <i>v.</i> to wreck a place or an area or cause significant damage <i>synonym</i> : demolish, destroy, crush |
| | (1) devastate an area, (2) devastate the economy |
| | Earthquakes can also trigger tsunamis, which devastate coastal areas. |
| rehearsal | <i>n</i>. a practice session, usually for a performance or presentation, during which people prepare and fine-tune their performance, often with the help of feedback from others; the act of rehearsing <i>synonym</i>: practice, run-through, drill |
| | (1) dress rehearsal , (2) music rehearsal |
| | The theater company had its final rehearsal before opening night. |
| collide | <i>v.</i> to hit something violently when moving <i>synonym</i> : clash, slam, contradict |
| | (1) collide head-on, (2) collide in midair |
| | The interests of the two countries collide . |
| nutshell | n. the hard, outer covering or protective casing that encloses the kernel or fruit of certain types of nuts, such as walnuts or acorns; a concise and condensed summary or explanation of something synonym: summary, essence, covering |
| | |

| | (1) move into a nutshell, (2) nutshell version |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Can you explain your argument in a nutshell? |
| chaotic | adj. without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing synonym: disorderly, cluttered, topsy-turvy |
| | (1) the chaotic economic situation, (2) chaotic theory |
| | Change is also occurring in Turkey as a result of chaotic reform. |
| anthropomorphize | v. to attribute human characteristics, emotions, and abilities to non-human entities synonym: personify, humanize |
| | (1) anthropomorphize animals, (2) anthropomorphize God |
| | The children anthropomorphized their stuffed animals and gave them personalities. |
| trait | <i>n.</i> a particular feature of your nature <i>synonym</i> : attribute, feature, quality |
| | (1) chemical trait, (2) personality traits |
| | Multiple genes may influence behavioral traits concurrently. |
| obsession | n. the state in which a person's mind is filled with thoughts of one single object or particular person synonym: compulsion, fixation, enthusiasm |
| | (1) obsession with character, (2) national obsession |
| | Gambling became an obsession for him, and he eventually |
| | lost everything. |
| riot | <i>n.</i> a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals |
| | synonym: disturbance, unrest, upheaval |
| | (1) riot police, (2) riot control gas |
| | The riots in the city have left many buildings damaged and |

several people injured.

| topple | v. to cause to lose balance and fall over, especially by pushing synonym: overturn, capsize, upset |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (1) topple communist rule, (2) topple off a ledge |
| | The statue was old and unstable, so it easily toppled over. |
| awash | adj. flooded or overflowing with water, typically suddenly or unexpectedly; abundant or prevalent to the extent of being overwhelming or excessive synonym: flooded, inundated, immersed |
| | (1) awash with cash, (2) awash in debt |
| | The beach was awash with seaweed after the storm. |
| neurotransmitter | <i>n.</i> a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles |
| | (1) neurotransmitter receptor, (2) neurotransmitters released from the brain |
| | Endorphins are a type of neurotransmitter that gives a sense of well-being. |
| dopamine | <i>n.</i> a chemical substance produced by nerve cells as a neurotransmitter; as a drug, it is used to treat shock and hypotension |
| | (1) dopamine-inhibiting agent, (2) antagonism of |
| | dopamine |
| | The drug controls the level of dopamine in the brain. |
| undersell | v. to sell something at a lower price than it is worth or than someone else is selling it for; to downplay or diminish the value or importance of something to make it appear less impressive or desirable |
| | synonym: downplay, undercut, devalue |
| | (1) undersell the value, (2) undersell their abilities |
| | The store always tries to undersell its competitors to attract |
| | more customers. |

| salience | n. the quality of being prominent, significant, or relevant; the degree to which something stands out or is noticeable synonym: prominence, importance, significance |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (1) the salience of the topic, (2) emotional salience |
| | The salience of the issue was highlighted in the national news. |
| nauseate | v. to cause feelings of nausea or sickness; to feel sick or queasy; to cause repugnance or disgust synonym: queasy, sicken, disgust |
| | (1) nauseate my stomach, (2) make me nauseate |
| | The roller coaster ride was so intense that it nauseated some passengers. |
| self-doubt | n. lack of confidence in one's abilities or oneself synonym: insecurity, uncertainty, diffident |
| | (1) overcome self-doubt, (2) spiral of self-doubt I was filled with self-doubt. |
| coffin | n. a box or container used to bury a dead body; a case or structure resembling a coffin synonym: casket, box, chest |
| | (1) coffin lid, (2) wooden coffin |
| | The priest prayed over the coffin before it was lowered into the ground. |
| climax | n. the most intense or exciting moment of an event or experience; the point of highest dramatic tension or emotional intensity in a story, plot, or performance synonym: finale, pinnacle, apex |
| | (1) emotional climax, (2) reach a climax |
| | The climax of the movie had everyone on the edge of their |
| | seats. |
| mediate | v. to try to bring about an agreement or understanding between people who are in conflict |

| | synonym: arbitrate, reconcile, intervene |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (1) mediate allergic reaction, (2) mediate a negotiation |
| | The teacher had to mediate a disagreement between two |
| | students over a stolen pencil. |
| caudate | adj. shaped like a tail; relating to or situated in the tail or posterior part synonym: long-tailed, tapering |
| | (1) caudate branches, (2) caudate lobe |
| | The caudate nucleus is responsible for motor and emotional |
| | functions in the brain. |
| accumbens | <i>n.</i> (nucleus accumbens) an area of the brain located in the basal forebrain that has a significant role in the cognitive processing of motivation, aversion, reward |
| | (1) nucleus accumbens neurons, (2) cells of the nucleus |
| | accumbens |
| | Dopamine is released into the nucleus accumbens . |
| correlate | v. to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another synonym: associate, liken, connect |
| | (1) correlate closely with the quality, (2) correlate to the size |
| | We may frequently correlate age with the frequency of disease. |
| stimming | n. a behavior often exhibited by individuals on the autism spectrum characterized by repetitive bodily movements or sounds, such as hand flapping or rocking, often used as a form of self-regulation or sensory stimulation synonym: self-stimulation, repetitive behaviors |
| | (1) autistic stimming , (2) stimming therapy |
| | Autistic children may engage in stimming behaviors, such as |
| | rocking or hand flapping, to self-regulate. |

| starve | v. to suffer or die from lack of food; to cause someone or something to suffer or die from lack of food; to deprive something of necessary nourishment or sustenance synonym: famish, hunger |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (1) starve for a victory, (2) starve to death |
| | If you don't eat soon, you're going to starve . |
| intensify | v. to increase or make something increase in extent or strength |
| | synonym: amplify, boost, strengthen |
| | (1) intensify diplomatic efforts, (2) intensify a good relationship |
| | Rebels have pledged to intensify the armed struggle against the dictatorship. |
| parisian | <i>adj.</i> of or from Paris, France; characteristic of Paris or its inhabitants |
| | (1) Parisian celebrity, (2) parisian accent |
| | The Parisian café had a charming atmosphere. |
| courtesan | n. a woman who is kept or supported in exchange for sexual services or companionship; a high-class prostitute or mistress synonym: prostitute, paramour, escort |
| | (1) the life of a courtesan , (2) high-class courtesan |
| | The movie was about the life of a famous courtesan in 18th-century France. |
| | Toth contary France. |
| prostitute | n. a person, typically a woman, who engages in sexual activity in exchange for payment |
| | synonym: hooker, harlot, whore |
| | (1) prostitute street, (2) a male prostitute |
| | She turned to prostitute to make ends meet. |
| soprano | n. the highest-pitched voice or vocal range of a female or child singer; a female or child singer with a soprano voice; the highest-pitched member of an instrumental |

| | family, such as a violin or clarinet synonym: treble |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (1) soprano singer, (2) dramatic soprano |
| | The soprano's voice was so beautiful that it brought the |
| | audience to tears. |
| lavish | <i>adj.</i> large in amount and expensive or impressive <i>synonym</i> : grate, grand, splendid |
| | (1) lavish lifestyle, (2) enjoy a lavish trip abroad |
| | He has earned lavish praise for his achievement. |
| double-edged | adj. having two sharp edges or sides, especially one that can harm or benefit in equal measure; (of sword or blade) having two cutting edges synonym: two-sided, ambivalent, ambiguous |
| | (1) a double-edged compliment, (2) double-edged tool |
| | The double-edged sword could be used for both offense and defense. |
| singe | v. to burn something slightly or superficially, usually by mistake synonym: sear, char, burn |
| | (1) singe off the hair over the flames, (2) singe the edges of a fabric |
| | I didn't realize the iron was still hot and singed my dress. |

Session 2: Spelling

| 1. | shaken mai | n. | a cocktail made with gin and vermouth typically garnished with an olive or a twist of lemon peel |
|----|--------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2. | tre from his eyes | v. | to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities |
| 3. | overcome selbt | n. | lack of confidence in one's abilities or oneself |
| 4. | emotional sace | n. | the quality of being prominent, significant, or relevant; the degree to which something stands out or is noticeable |
| 5. | rt police | n. | a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals |
| 6. | digm birth control | n. | a large, dome-shaped muscle located at the bottom of the chest cavity, essential for breathing and separating the chest and abdomen; a shallow, dome-shaped device with a flexible rim that is inserted into the vagina to cover the cervix and prevent sperm from reaching the uterus, serving as a method of birth control |
| 7. | ortic shoes | adj. | relating to the branch of medicine concerned with the correction or prevention of deformities, disorders, or injuries of the skeletal system and associated muscles, joints, and ligaments |

ANSWERS: 1. martini, 2. trickle, 3. self-doubt, 4. salience, 5. riot, 6. diaphragm, 7. orthopedic

| 8. | congenital ama | n. | a neurological condition characterized by the inability to perceive or produce music, often due to damage or dysfunction in the brain regions responsible for processing musical stimuli |
|-----|-------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 9. | lah lifestyle | adj. | large in amount and expensive or impressive |
| 10. | dm socially responsible | <i>v</i> . | to consider or decide something in a particular way |
| 11. | sie the edges of a fabric | v. | to burn something slightly or superficially, usually by mistake |
| 12. | cote closely with the quality | v. | to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another |
| 13. | awh in debt | adj. | flooded or overflowing with water, typically suddenly or unexpectedly; abundant or prevalent to the extent of being overwhelming or excessive |
| 14. | awh with cash | adj. | flooded or overflowing with water, typically suddenly or unexpectedly; abundant or prevalent to the extent of being overwhelming or excessive |
| 15. | nate my stomach | v. | to cause feelings of nausea or sickness; to feel sick or queasy; to cause repugnance or disgust |
| 16. | undue his contribution | v. | to assign too low a value to something |
| 17. | gw at the national sentiment | v. | to bite or chew on something persistently or nervously; to wear away at something gradually |

ANSWERS: 8. amusia, 9. lavish, 10. deem, 11. singe, 12. correlate, 13. awash, 14. awash, 15. nauseate, 16. undervalue, 17. gnaw

| 18. | digm activity | n. | a large, dome-shaped muscle located at the bottom of the chest cavity, essential for breathing and separating the chest and abdomen; a shallow, dome-shaped device with a flexible rim that is inserted into the vagina to cover the cervix and prevent sperm from reaching the uterus, serving as a method of birth control |
|-----|---------------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 19. | track down an ele fact | adj. | difficult to find, define, achieve, or remember |
| 20. | con lid | n. | a box or container used to bury a dead body; a case or structure resembling a coffin |
| 21. | gw a hole in a wall | v. | to bite or chew on something persistently or nervously; to wear away at something gradually |
| 22. | ste to death | v. | to suffer or die from lack of food; to cause someone or something to suffer or die from lack of food; to deprive something of necessary nourishment or sustenance |
| 23. | gasogy research | n. | the branch of medicine that deals with the structure, function, diagnosis, and treatment of the digestive system and its diseases |
| 24. | dm wrong or inappropriate | v. | to consider or decide something in a particular way |
| 25. | much time had eled | v. | to pass or go by, especially about time; to slip away unnoticed |
| 26. | irral numbers | adj. | not based on, or not using reason or clear thinking; (mathematics) a real number that cannot be expressed as the ratio of two integers |

ANSWERS: 18. diaphragm, 19. elusive, 20. coffin, 21. gnaw, 22. starve, 23. gastroenterology, 24. deem, 25. elapse, 26. irrational

| 27. mee allergic reaction | v. | to try to bring about an agreement or understanding between people who are in conflict |
|-------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 28. bae outside noises | v. | to bewilder or perplex someone completely and to be unable to understand or explain something |
| 29. neuters released from the brain | n. | a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles |
| 30. ophogy clinic | n. | the branch of medicine that deals with the anatomy, physiology, and diseases of the eye |
| 31. obon with character | n. | the state in which a person's mind is filled with thoughts of one single object or particular person |
| 32. clinical aneist | n. | a medical doctor who specializes in administering anesthesia to help control pain and monitor the vital signs of patients during procedures and surgeries |
| 33. make me nate | v. | to cause feelings of nausea or sickness to feel sick or queasy; to cause repugnance or disgust |
| 34. Paan celebrity | adj. | of or from Paris, France; characteristic of Paris or its inhabitants |
| 35. ophogy practice | n. | the branch of medicine that deals with the anatomy, physiology, and diseases of the eye |
| 36. autistic stng | n. | a behavior often exhibited by individuals on the autism spectrum characterized by repetitive bodily movements or sounds, such as hand flapping or rocking, often used as a form of self-regulation or sensory stimulation |
| | | |

ANSWERS: 27. mediate, 28. baffle, 29. neurotransmitter, 30. ophthalmology, 31. obsession, 32. anesthesiologist, 33. nauseate, 34. parisian, 35. ophthalmology, 36. stimming

| 37. the life of a coan | n. | a woman who is kept or supported in exchange for sexual services or companionship; a high-class prostitute or mistress |
|---------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 38. thaing traditions | n. | an annual holiday celebrated primarily in the United States and Canada, typically observed on the fourth Thursday in November in the U.S. and on the second Monday in October in Canada, that commemorates the giving of thanks for the blessings of the previous year |
| 39. irritate the lax | n. | an organ in the top of the throat involved in breathing, producing sound |
| 40. gua coins | n. | a former British gold coin worth 21 shillings or a unit of currency used in some West African countries; (Guinea) a republic in western Africa on the Atlantic |
| 41. the sace of the topic | n. | the quality of being prominent, significant, or relevant; the degree to which something stands out or is noticeable |
| 42. coe head-on | <i>v</i> . | to hit something violently when moving |
| 43. cote to the size | v. | to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another |
| 44. an irral request | adj. | not based on, or not using reason or clear thinking; (mathematics) a real number that cannot be expressed as the ratio of two integers |

ANSWERS: 37. courtesan, 38. thanksgiving, 39. larynx, 40. guinea, 41. salience, 42. collide, 43. correlate, 44. irrational

| 45. cells of the nucleus acns | n. | (nucleus accumbens) an area of the brain located in the basal forebrain that has a significant role in the cognitive processing of motivation, aversion, reward |
|---------------------------------------|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 46. neuter receptor | n. | a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles |
| 47. dete a chapter to the subject | v. | to give all of your energy, time, etc., entirely to a specific person, activity, or cause; to set apart for a particular purpose or use |
| 48. move into a null | n. | the hard, outer covering or protective casing that encloses the kernel or fruit of certain types of nuts, such as walnuts or acorns; a concise and condensed summary or explanation of something |
| 49. der my way | v. | to eat or consume something eagerly or ravenously; or to destroy something rapidly |
| 50. antagonism of done | n. | a chemical substance produced by nerve cells as a neurotransmitter; as a drug, it is used to treat shock and hypotension |
| 51. ele from the announced start time | v. | to pass or go by, especially about time; to slip away unnoticed |
| 52. coe in midair | ν. | to hit something violently when moving |
| 53. reach a clx | n. | the most intense or exciting moment of an event or experience; the point of highest dramatic tension or emotional intensity in a story, plot, or performance |

ANSWERS: 45. accumbens, 46. neurotransmitter, 47. dedicate, 48. nutshell, 49. devour, 50. dopamine, 51. elapse, 52. collide, 53. climax

| 54. | conory of music | n. | a place where plants are grown and cultivated, often for scientific or educational purposes; a school or institution that provides training in music, dance, or other performing arts |
|-----|---------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 55. | locve engine | n. | a powered rail vehicle used for pulling trains or railway cars; an engine that produces the necessary power for the train to move on the tracks |
| 56. | undue the potential | <i>v</i> . | to assign too low a value to something |
| 57. | gasogy clinic | n. | the branch of medicine that deals with the structure, function, diagnosis, and treatment of the digestive system and its diseases |
| 58. | hoss situation | adj. | having no hope; despairing; having no chance of success |
| 59. | gua pig | n. | a former British gold coin worth 21 shillings or a unit of currency used in some West African countries; (Guinea) a republic in western Africa on the Atlantic |
| 60. | chc theory | adj. | without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing |
| 61. | emotional clx | n. | the most intense or exciting moment of an event or experience; the point of highest dramatic tension or emotional intensity in a story, plot, or performance |
| 62. | der a meal | v. | to eat or consume something eagerly of ravenously; or to destroy something rapidly |

ANSWERS: 54. conservatory, 55. locomotive, 56. undervalue, 57. gastroenterology, 58. hopeless, 59. guinea, 60. chaotic, 61. climax, 62. devour

| 63. | dress real | n. | a practice session, usually for a performance or presentation, during which people prepare and fine-tune their performance, often with the help of feedback from others; the act of rehearsing |
|-----|------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 64. | feel diy | n. | a feeling of discouragement, distress, or anxiety caused by something unexpected or unwelcome; a sudden loss of courage or confidence |
| 65. | nuII version | n. | the hard, outer covering or protective casing that encloses the kernel or fruit of certain types of nuts, such as walnuts or acorns; a concise and condensed summary or explanation of something |
| 66. | national obon | n. | the state in which a person's mind is filled with thoughts of one single object or particular person |
| 67. | dete a few hours | ν. | to give all of your energy, time, etc., entirely to a specific person, activity, or cause; to set apart for a particular purpose or use |
| 68. | irle mood | adj. | easily or frequently agitated, annoyed, or angered; prone to becoming tense or angry in response to minor stimuli or events |
| 69. | chemical trt | n. | a particular feature of your nature |
| 70. | toe off a ledge | v. | to cause to lose balance and fall over, especially by pushing |

ANSWERS: 63. rehearsal, 64. dismay, 65. nutshell, 66. obsession, 67. dedicate, 68. irritable, 69. trait, 70. topple

| 71. | flop down in diy | n. | a feeling of discouragement, distress, or anxiety caused by something unexpected or unwelcome; a sudden loss of courage or confidence |
|-----|-----------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 72. | dete an area | <i>v</i> . | to wreck a place or an area or cause significant damage |
| 73. | anaal structure | adj. | of or relating to the structure of the body and its parts |
| 74. | dele topic | adj. | open to discussion or argument; capable of being disputed or doubted |
| 75. | anaal elements | adj. | of or relating to the structure of the body and its parts |
| 76. | a young appce | n. | a person who works for and learns from a skilled employer to become a skilled worker themselves |
| 77. | done-inhibiting agent | n. | a chemical substance produced by nerve cells as a neurotransmitter; as a drug, it is used to treat shock and hypotension |
| 78. | conory plant | n. | a place where plants are grown and cultivated, often for scientific or educational purposes; a school or institution that provides training in music, dance, or other performing arts |
| 79. | mai glass | n. | a cocktail made with gin and vermouth typically garnished with an olive or a twist of lemon peel |
| 80. | thaing parade | n. | an annual holiday celebrated primarily in the United States and Canada, typically observed on the fourth Thursday in November in the U.S. and on the second Monday in October in Canada, that commemorates the giving of thanks for the blessings of the previous year |

ANSWERS: 71. dismay, 72. devastate, 73. anatomical, 74. debatable, 75. anatomical, 76. apprentice, 77. dopamine, 78. conservatory, 79. martini, 80. thanksgiving

| 81. | dramatic soo | n. | the highest-pitched voice or vocal range of a female or child singer; a female or child singer with a soprano voice; the highest-pitched member of an instrumental family, such as a violin or clarinet |
|-----|-------------------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 82. | loe violence | v. | to feel strong hatred or disgust for someone or something; to be unwilling or reluctant to do something |
| 83. | intve yarns | v. | to insert or alternate layers of one thing between two or more layers of another thing, particularly in a patterned or systematic way, such as in computer memory or documents |
| 84. | ortic clinic | adj. | relating to the branch of medicine concerned with the correction or prevention of deformities, disorders, or injuries of the skeletal system and associated muscles, joints, and ligaments |
| 85. | control your moss | n. | a tendency to experience mood swings or to be easily affected by changes in mood |
| 86. | an ele criminal | adj. | difficult to find, define, achieve, or remember |
| 87. | rhythm ama | n. | a neurological condition characterized by the inability to perceive or produce music, often due to damage or dysfunction in the brain regions responsible for processing musical stimuli |

ANSWERS: 81. soprano, 82. loathe, 83. interleave, 84. orthopedic, 85. moodiness, 86. elusive, 87. amusia

| 88. moss during puberty | n. | a tendency to experience mood swings or to be easily affected by changes in mood |
|----------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 89. autcal narrative | adj. | relating to or based on the experiences, thoughts, or life story of oneself; about one's own life history or personal narrative |
| 90. autcal memory | adj. | relating to or based on the experiences, thoughts, or life story of oneself; about one's own life history or personal narrative |
| 91. unll the value | v. | to sell something at a lower price than it is worth or than someone else is selling it for; to downplay or diminish the value or importance of something to make it appear less impressive or desirable |
| 92. personality trts | n. | a particular feature of your nature |
| 93. the validity of the theory is dele | adj. | open to discussion or argument; capable of being disputed or doubted |
| 94. spiral of selbt | n. | lack of confidence in one's abilities or oneself |
| 95. nen cell body | n. | a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body |
| 96. wooden con | n. | a box or container used to bury a dead body; a case or structure resembling a coffin |
| 97. douged tool | adj. | having two sharp edges or sides, especially one that can harm or benefit in equal measure; (of sword or blade) having two cutting edges |

ANSWERS: 88. moodiness, 89. autobiographical, 90. autobiographical, 91. undersell, 92. trait, 93. debatable, 94. self-doubt, 95. neuron, 96. coffin, 97. double-edged

| 98. mee a negotiation | v. | to try to bring about an agreement or understanding between people who are in conflict |
|-------------------------------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 99. paan accent | adj. | of or from Paris, France; characteristic of Paris or its inhabitants |
| 100. infy a good relationship | ν. | to increase or make something increase in extent or strength |
| 101. high-class coan | n. | a woman who is kept or supported in exchange for sexual services or companionship; a high-class prostitute or mistress |
| 102. soo singer | n. | the highest-pitched voice or vocal range of a female or child singer; a female or child singer with a soprano voice; the highest-pitched member of an instrumental family, such as a violin or clarinet |
| 103. dete the economy | ν. | to wreck a place or an area or cause significant damage |
| 104. appce carpenter | n. | a person who works for and learns from a skilled employer to become a skilled worker themselves |
| 105. ste for a victory | v. | to suffer or die from lack of food; to cause someone or something to suffer or die from lack of food; to deprive something of necessary nourishment or sustenance |
| 106. diesel locve | n. | a powered rail vehicle used for pulling trains or railway cars; an engine that produces the necessary power for the train to move on the tracks |

ANSWERS: 98. mediate, 99. parisian, 100. intensify, 101. courtesan, 102. soprano, 103. devastate, 104. apprentice, 105. starve, 106. locomotive

| 107. rt control gas | n. | a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals |
|---------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 108. cae branches | adj. | shaped like a tail; relating to or situated in the tail or posterior part |
| 109. hoss at everything | adj. | having no hope; despairing; having no chance of success |
| 110. stng therapy | n. | a behavior often exhibited by individuals on the autism spectrum characterized by repetitive bodily movements or sounds, such as hand flapping or rocking, often used as a form of self-regulation or sensory stimulation |
| 111. nucleus acns neurons | n. | (nucleus accumbens) an area of the brain located in the basal forebrain that has a significant role in the cognitive processing of motivation, aversion, reward |
| 112. a male prote | n. | a person, typically a woman, who engages in sexual activity in exchange for payment |
| 113. sie off the hair over the flames | v. | to burn something slightly or superficially, usually by mistake |
| 114. prote street | n. | a person, typically a woman, who engages in sexual activity in exchange for payment |
| 115. the branch of neunce | n. | the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system |

ANSWERS: 107. riot, 108. caudate, 109. hopeless, 110. stimming, 111. accumbens, 112. prostitute, 113. singe, 114. prostitute, 115. neuroscience

| 116. a douged compliment | adj. | having two sharp edges or sides, especially one that can harm or benefit in equal measure; (of sword or blade) having two cutting edges |
|---------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 117. irle bowel syndrome | adj. | easily or frequently agitated, annoyed, or angered; prone to becoming tense or angry in response to minor stimuli or events |
| 118. intve pages | v. | to insert or alternate layers of one thing between two or more layers of another thing, particularly in a patterned or systematic way, such as in computer memory or documents |
| 119. the chc economic situation | adj. | without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing |
| 120. enjoy a lah trip abroad | adj. | large in amount and expensive or impressive |
| 121. antize God | ν. | to attribute human characteristics, emotions, and abilities to non-human entities |
| 122. cae lobe | adj. | shaped like a tail; relating to or situated in the tail or posterior part |
| 123. music real | n. | a practice session, usually for a performance or presentation, during which people prepare and fine-tune their performance, often with the help of feedback from others; the act of rehearsing |
| 124. bae his plan | v. | to bewilder or perplex someone completely and to be unable to understand or explain something |

ANSWERS: 116. double-edged, 117. irritable, 118. interleave, 119. chaotic, 120. lavish, 121. anthropomorphize, 122. caudate, 123. rehearsal, 124. baffle

| 125. unII their abilities | v. | to sell something at a lower price than it is worth or than someone else is selling it for; to downplay or diminish the value or importance of something to make it appear less impressive or desirable |
|--------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 126. a theoretical concept in neunce | n. | the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system |
| 127. tre down my cheek | v. | to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities |
| 128. excite the nens | n. | a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body |
| 129. loe broccoli | v. | to feel strong hatred or disgust for someone or something; to be unwilling or reluctant to do something |
| 130. antize animals | v. | to attribute human characteristics, emotions, and abilities to non-human entities |
| 131. infy diplomatic efforts | v. | to increase or make something increase in extent or strength |
| 132. specialized aneist | n. | a medical doctor who specializes in administering anesthesia to help control pain and monitor the vital signs of patients during procedures and surgeries |
| 133. toe communist rule | v. | to cause to lose balance and fall over, especially by pushing |

ANSWERS: 125. undersell, 126. neuroscience, 127. trickle, 128. neuron, 129. loathe, 130. anthropomorphize, 131. intensify, 132. anesthesiologist, 133. topple

134. narrowing of the la___x

n. an organ in the top of the throat involved in breathing, producing sound

ANSWERS: 134. larynx

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. The author wrote an ______ novel about growing up in a small town.
- *adj.* relating to or based on the experiences, thoughts, or life story of oneself; about one's own life history or personal narrative
- 2. The _____ café had a charming atmosphere. *adj.* of or from Paris, France; characteristic of Paris or its inhabitants
- 3. The physicist who found the _____ particle won the Nobel Prize. *adj.* difficult to find, define, achieve, or remember
- 4. Five minutes have ______ since we began the experiment.
- *v.* to pass or go by, especially about time; to slip away unnoticed
- 5. The powerful ______ chugged along the tracks, hauling a long line of freight cars.
- *n.* a powered rail vehicle used for pulling trains or railway cars; an engine that produces the necessary power for the train to move on the tracks
- 6. Smoking significantly increases the risk of _____ cancer.
- *n.* an organ in the top of the throat involved in breathing, producing sound
- 7. The priest prayed over the _____ before it was lowered into the ground.
- *n*. a box or container used to bury a dead body; a case or structure resembling a coffin
- 8. He has earned _____ praise for his achievement.
- *adj.* large in amount and expensive or impressive

ANSWERS: 1. autobiographical, 2. Parisian, 3. elusive, 4. elapsed, 5. locomotive, 6. larynx, 7. coffin, 8. lavish

- 9. He _____ his life to helping others.
- *v.* to give all of your energy, time, etc., entirely to a specific person, activity, or cause; to set apart for a particular purpose or use
- 10. He ______ the importance of teamwork and struggled to succeed.
- *v*. to assign too low a value to something
- 11. The ______ program offered advanced training in acting and theater production.
- *n.* a place where plants are grown and cultivated, often for scientific or educational purposes; a school or institution that provides training in music, dance, or other performing arts
- 12. The ______ voice was so beautiful that it brought the audience to tears.
- *n*. the highest-pitched voice or vocal range of a female or child singer; a female or child singer with a soprano voice; the highest-pitched member of an instrumental family, such as a violin or clarinet
- 13. She ______ the mystery novel in one sitting.
- *v.* to eat or consume something eagerly or ravenously; or to destroy something rapidly
- 14. The ______ nucleus is responsible for motor and emotional functions in the brain.
- *adj.* shaped like a tail; relating to or situated in the tail or posterior part
- 15. The teacher had to ______ a disagreement between two students over a stolen pencil.
- *v.* to try to bring about an agreement or understanding between people who are in conflict

ANSWERS: 9. dedicated, 10. undervalued, 11. conservatory, 12. soprano's, 13. devoured, 14. caudate, 15. mediate

- 16. Lack of sleep can make me _____ and easily annoyed.
- *adj.* easily or frequently agitated, annoyed, or angered; prone to becoming tense or angry in response to minor stimuli or events
- 17. Multiple genes may influence behavioral _____ concurrently.
- *n.* a particular feature of your nature
- 18. We may frequently ______ age with the frequency of disease.
- v. to have a connection or relationship in which one thing affects or depends on another
- 19. She couldn't stop _____ on her nails.
- *v.* to bite or chew on something persistently or nervously; to wear away at something gradually
- 20. The statue was old and unstable, so it easily _____ over.
- *v.* to cause to lose balance and fall over, especially by pushing
- 21. The drug controls the level of _____ in the brain.
- *n.* a chemical substance produced by nerve cells as a neurotransmitter; as a drug, it is used to treat shock and hypotension
- 22. He took on an ______ to teach him the trade.
- *n.* a person who works for and learns from a skilled employer to become a skilled worker themselves
- 23. The cost of the antique vase is three _____.
- *n.* a former British gold coin worth 21 shillings or a unit of currency used in some West African countries; (Guinea) a republic in western Africa on the Atlantic

ANSWERS: 16. irritable, 17. traits, 18. correlate, 19. gnawing, 20. toppled, 21. dopamine, 22. apprentice, 23. guineas

- 24. Whether or not extraterrestrial life exists is still _____ among scientists.
- *adj.* open to discussion or argument; capable of being disputed or doubted
- 25. Our body transfers information along each _____ using an electrical impulse.
- *n*. a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body
- 26. The movie was about the life of a famous ______ in 18th-century France.
 - *n.* a woman who is kept or supported in exchange for sexual services or companionship; a high-class prostitute or mistress
- 27. After months of job searching, he felt ______ and unsure of his future.
- adj. having no hope; despairing; having no chance of success
- 28. The paradox _____ most philosophers.
- *v.* to bewilder or perplex someone completely and to be unable to understand or explain something
- 29. They continued to endure ______ treatment by the dictatorship.
- *adj.* not based on, or not using reason or clear thinking; (mathematics) a real number that cannot be expressed as the ratio of two integers
- 30. Dopamine is released into the nucleus _____.
- *n.* (nucleus accumbens) an area of the brain located in the basal forebrain that has a significant role in the cognitive processing of motivation, aversion, reward
- 31. His ______ made it difficult for his coworkers to predict how he would react to things.
- *n.* a tendency to experience mood swings or to be easily affected by changes in mood

ANSWERS: 24. debatable, 25. neuron, 26. courtesan, 27. hopeless, 28. baffled, 29. irrational, 30. accumbens, 31. moodiness

- 32. The roller coaster ride was so intense that it ______ some passengers.
 - *v.* to cause feelings of nausea or sickness; to feel sick or queasy; to cause repugnance or disgust
- 33. The interests of the two countries _____.
- *v.* to hit something violently when moving
- 34. Autistic children may engage in _____ behaviors, such as rocking or hand flapping, to self-regulate.
- *n.* a behavior often exhibited by individuals on the autism spectrum characterized by repetitive bodily movements or sounds, such as hand flapping or rocking, often used as a form of self-regulation or sensory stimulation
- 35. The children ______ their stuffed animals and gave them personalities.
- v. to attribute human characteristics, emotions, and abilities to non-human entities
- 36. Our university is famous for its professors, who are well-versed in behavioral
 - *n.* the scientific study of the function, structure, and disorder of the brain and the nervous system
- 37. Change is also occurring in Turkey as a result of _____ reform.
- *adj.* without any order or organization; extremely disorganized, unpredictable, and confusing
- 38. The ______ model of the human body was used to teach medical students.
- *adj.* of or relating to the structure of the body and its parts
- 39. She turned to ______ to make ends meet.
- *n.* a person, typically a woman, who engages in sexual activity in exchange for payment

ANSWERS: 32. nauseated, 33. collide, 34. stimming, 35. anthropomorphized, 36. neuroscience, 37. chaotic, 38. anatomical, 39. prostitute

- 40. Can you explain your argument in a _____
- *n.* the hard, outer covering or protective casing that encloses the kernel or fruit of certain types of nuts, such as walnuts or acorns; a concise and condensed summary or explanation of something
- 41. The patient's _____ made it difficult for him to distinguish between different musical notes.
- *n*. a neurological condition characterized by the inability to perceive or produce music, often due to damage or dysfunction in the brain regions responsible for processing musical stimuli
- 42. Individuals with a weak _____ may experience difficulty breathing during physical activity.
- n. a large, dome-shaped muscle located at the bottom of the chest cavity, essential for breathing and separating the chest and abdomen; a shallow, dome-shaped device with a flexible rim that is inserted into the vagina to cover the cervix and prevent sperm from reaching the uterus, serving as a method of birth control
- 43. The ______ of the movie had everyone on the edge of their seats.
- *n.* the most intense or exciting moment of an event or experience; the point of highest dramatic tension or emotional intensity in a story, plot, or performance
- 44. Regarding earthquakes, some commercial buildings were _____ unsafe.
- *v.* to consider or decide something in a particular way
- 45. The store always tries to ______ its competitors to attract more customers.
 - v. to sell something at a lower price than it is worth or than someone else is selling it for; to downplay or diminish the value or importance of something to make it appear less impressive or desirable

ANSWERS: 40. nutshell?, 41. amusia, 42. diaphragm, 43. climax, 44. deemed, 45. undersell

- 46. The theater company had its final _____ before opening night.
 - *n.* a practice session, usually for a performance or presentation, during which people prepare and fine-tune their performance, often with the help of feedback from others; the act of rehearsing
- 47. The ______ of the issue was highlighted in the national news.
- *n.* the quality of being prominent, significant, or relevant; the degree to which something stands out or is noticeable
- 48. If you don't eat soon, you're going to _____.
 - v. to suffer or die from lack of food; to cause someone or something to suffer or die from lack of food; to deprive something of necessary nourishment or sustenance
- 49. Water was beginning to ______ into the basement after the heavy rain.
- *v.* to flow or drip slowly and in small amounts; to happen or occur gradually or in small quantities
- 50. My grandfather had a problem with his eyes and went to an ______ specialist.
 - *n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the anatomy, physiology, and diseases of the eye
- 51. Earthquakes can also trigger tsunamis, which _____ coastal areas.
- *v.* to wreck a place or an area or cause significant damage
- 52. I absolutely ______ spiders and can't stand to be near them.
 - *v.* to feel strong hatred or disgust for someone or something; to be unwilling or reluctant to do something

ANSWERS: 46. rehearsal, 47. salience, 48. starve, 49. trickle, 50. ophthalmology, 51. devastate, 52. loathe

- 53. I was filled with _____.
- *n.* lack of confidence in one's abilities or oneself
- 54. I didn't realize the iron was still hot and _____ my dress.
- *v.* to burn something slightly or superficially, usually by mistake
- 55. The beach was _____ with seaweed after the storm.
- *adj.* flooded or overflowing with water, typically suddenly or unexpectedly; abundant or prevalent to the extent of being overwhelming or excessive
- 56. To create a sturdy fabric, the weavers must ______ the threads.
 - v. to insert or alternate layers of one thing between two or more layers of another thing, particularly in a patterned or systematic way, such as in computer memory or documents
- 57. The athlete visited the ______ surgeon to have her injured knee examined and treated.
 - *adj.* relating to the branch of medicine concerned with the correction or prevention of deformities, disorders, or injuries of the skeletal system and associated muscles, joints, and ligaments
- 58. Endorphins are a type of ______ that gives a sense of well-being.
- *n.* a chemical that carries nerve impulses between neurons or between neurons and muscles
- 59. The experienced ______ monitored the patient's vital signs throughout the procedure.
- *n*. a medical doctor who specializes in administering anesthesia to help control pain and monitor the vital signs of patients during procedures and surgeries

ANSWERS: 53. self-doubt, 54. singed, 55. awash, 56. interleave, 57. orthopedic, 58. neurotransmitter, 59. anesthesiologist

- 60. The doctor specializes in ______ and treats patients with digestive disorders.
- *n.* the branch of medicine that deals with the structure, function, diagnosis, and treatment of the digestive system and its diseases
- 61. The employees expressed their _____ at the sudden announcement of massive layoffs.
- *n.* a feeling of discouragement, distress, or anxiety caused by something unexpected or unwelcome; a sudden loss of courage or confidence
- 62. Gambling became an ______ for him, and he eventually lost everything.
- *n.* the state in which a person's mind is filled with thoughts of one single object or particular person
- 63. I ordered a dirty _____ with extra olives at the bar.
- *n.* a cocktail made with gin and vermouth typically garnished with an olive or a twist of lemon peel
- 64. Rebels have pledged to ______ the armed struggle against the dictatorship.
- *v.* to increase or make something increase in extent or strength
- 65. The ______ sword could be used for both offense and defense.
- *adj.* having two sharp edges or sides, especially one that can harm or benefit in equal measure; (of sword or blade) having two cutting edges
- 66. The _____ in the city have left many buildings damaged and several people injured.
 - *n.* a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd, characterized by destruction of property, looting, arson, and attacks on individuals

ANSWERS: 60. gastroenterology, 61. dismay, 62. obsession, 63. martini, 64. intensify, 65. double-edged, 66. riots

- 67. My family gathers together every year for ______ dinner.
 - *n.* an annual holiday celebrated primarily in the United States and Canada, typically observed on the fourth Thursday in November in the U.S. and on the second Monday in October in Canada, that commemorates the giving of thanks for the blessings of the previous year

ANSWERS: 67. thanksgiving