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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Judy Cebra-Thomas: How turtle shells evolved... twice | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/judy_cebra_thomas_how_t urtle_shells_evolved_twice



Advanced Words Only

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

swamp	an area of low-lying land that is flooded or saturated with water, often having a growth of natural vegetation <i>nonym</i> : marsh, mire, bog					
	(1) muddy swamp , (2) swamp tour					
	The lowland swamp was full of dangerous animals and poisonous plants.					
reptile	 a cold-blooded animal that has dry, scaly skin and lays eggs on land, such as snakes, lizards, and turtles synonym: lizard, serpent, snake 					
	(1) reptile exhibition, (2) fossil reptile					
	Alligators are a type of reptile that live in swamps and rivers.					
ancestor	<i>n.</i> a person from whom one is descended; a forefather <i>synonym</i> : forebear, forefather, progenitor					
	(1) ancestor language, (2) earliest human ancestor					
	My remote ancestor immigrated to the United States from Ireland in the 1800s.					
undifferentiated	 adj. having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions synonym: uniform, identical, alike 					
	(1) undifferentiated cells, (2) undifferentiated market					

The infant makes **undifferentiated** reflex responses to stimuli.

mammal	 any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
	(1) a primitive mammal , (2) a sort of mammal
	Marine mammal populations are declining worldwide due to ocean pollution.
bulge	v. to protrude or extend outwardsynonym: protrude, swell, expand
	(1) bulge at the enterprise, (2) bulge with books
	The muscles in his arm bulged as he lifted the heavyweights.
carapace	<i>n</i> . the hard, protective shell or covering that covers the body of some animals, such as turtles, crabs, and insects
	synonym: shell, armor, casing
	(1) armored carapace, (2) fossilized carapace
	The turtle's hard carapace protected it from predators.
rib	<i>n</i> . each of a series of curved bones that are connected to the spine and surround the chest; (adjective) subject to laughter or ridicule
	synonym: costa
	(1) brake a rib , (2) rib cage
	The accident caused a cracked rib .
suture	 <i>n</i>. a stitch or series of stitches used to hold together the edges of a wound or incision so that it can heal; a line of junction between two bones, particularly in the skull of an animal or human <i>synonym</i>: stitch, seam
	(1) surgical suture , (2) suture thread
	The surgeon used a special suture to close the wound.

scute	 a thick, bony, or horny plate or shield that covers an animal's skin, especially of reptiles or fish
	synonym: plate, scale, shield
	(1) scute pattern, (2) the scutes on the alligator's back
	The turtle's shell is covered with bony scutes for protection.
plastron	 n. (in animals such as turtles and tortoises) the hard underbelly or protective plate that covers the ventral (belly) side of the shell
	synonym: breastplate, armor, shell
	(1) sternal plastron , (2) plastron armor
	The turtle's plastron, or underside shell, protects and supports its body.
neuron	 a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body synonym: nerve cell
	(1) excite the neurons , (2) neuron cell body
	Our body transfers information along each neuron using an electrical impulse.
cartilage	<i>n</i> . a tough, elastic connective tissue that is found in various parts of the body, such as the joints, the outer ear, and the tip of the nose
	synonym: connective tissue, gristle, fibrocartilage
	(1) cartilage damage, (2) nasal cartilage
	The knee joint is supported by cartilage , which helps absorb shock and prevent bone damage.
predator	<i>n.</i> an animal whose natural behavior is to prey on others <i>synonym</i> : vulture, bloodsucker
	(1) apex predator, (2) sexual predators
	The native South American animals were in danger because of the predator's arrival.
forearm	<i>n.</i> the part of a person's arm between the elbow and the wrist; (verb) to arm in advance of a confrontation

	(1) forearm bone, (2) several veins of the forearm
	The accident left him with numbness in his left forearm.
burrow	 v. to excavate a hole or make a tunnel in the ground by digging, typically for use as a dwelling of an animal <i>synonym</i>: tunnel, dig, excavate
	(1) burrow through the forest, (2) burrow into a mystery
	You can't burrow through solid metal.
fused	 adj. joined together or combined into one; blended or integrated in a way that creates a new entity synonym: merged, blended, united
	(1) fused glass, (2) fused bones
	The fused wires in the electrical circuit caused a power outage.
retract	 v. to take back, withdraw, or revoke something that has been said or done; to disavow or repudiate a statement or assertion that one has previously made synonym: withdraw, take back, revoke
	(1) retract a promise, (2) retract a lawsuit
	I need to retract my statement because I realized it was incorrect.
streamline	 v. to simplify or make more efficient by eliminating unnecessary parts or steps synonym: simplify, optimize, make more efficient
	(1) streamline administrative activities, (2) streamline workflow
	The government plans to streamline the tax collection process to make it more efficient.
glide	v. to move smoothly and effortlesslysynonym: slide, skim, coast
	(1) glide through the water, (2) glide down the mountain The eagle gracefully glided on the thermals, soaring above

the mountains.

tortoise

 a slow-moving, herbivorous reptile characterized by a hard shell that protects its body; many species of tortoise are long-lived and have lifespans of over 100 years

synonym: turtle, chelonian

(1) giant tortoise, (2) tortoise shell

The Galapagos **tortoise** is a fascinating creature with a long lifespan.

Session 2: Spelling

1.	excite the nens	n.	a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body
2.	ret a lawsuit	v.	to take back, withdraw, or revoke something that has been said or done; to disavow or repudiate a statement or assertion that one has previously made
3.	r_b cage	n.	each of a series of curved bones that are connected to the spine and surround the chest; (adjective) subject to laughter or ridicule
4.	several veins of the fom	n.	the part of a person's arm between the elbow and the wrist; (verb) to arm in advance of a confrontation
5.	fossilized cace	n.	the hard, protective shell or covering that covers the body of some animals, such as turtles, crabs, and insects
6.	buw into a mystery	v.	to excavate a hole or make a tunnel in the ground by digging, typically for use as a dwelling of an animal
7.	muddy swp	n.	an area of low-lying land that is flooded or saturated with water, often having a growth of natural vegetation
8.	armored cace	n.	the hard, protective shell or covering that covers the body of some animals, such as turtles, crabs, and insects

ANSWERS: 1. neuron, 2. retract, 3. rib, 4. forearm, 5. carapace, 6. burrow, 7. swamp, 8. carapace

9.	brake a r_b	n.	each of a series of curved bones that are connected to the spine and surround the chest; (adjective) subject to laughter or ridicule
10.	tose shell	n.	a slow-moving, herbivorous reptile characterized by a hard shell that protects its body; many species of tortoise are long-lived and have lifespans of over 100 years
11.	gle down the mountain	v.	to move smoothly and effortlessly
12.	sce pattern	n.	a thick, bony, or horny plate or shield that covers an animal's skin, especially of reptiles or fish
13.	buw through the forest	v.	to excavate a hole or make a tunnel in the ground by digging, typically for use as a dwelling of an animal
14.	surgical sue	n.	a stitch or series of stitches used to hold together the edges of a wound or incision so that it can heal; a line of junction between two bones, particularly in the skull of an animal or human
15.	nen cell body	n.	a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body
16.	strne workflow	v.	to simplify or make more efficient by eliminating unnecessary parts or steps
17.	swp tour	n.	an area of low-lying land that is flooded or saturated with water, often having a growth of natural vegetation

ANSWERS: 9. rib, 10. tortoise, 11. glide, 12. scute, 13. burrow, 14. suture, 15. neuron, 16. streamline, 17. swamp

18.	sternal plon	n.	(in animals such as turtles and tortoises) the hard underbelly or protective plate that covers the ventral (belly) side of the shell
19.	cage damage	n.	a tough, elastic connective tissue that is found in various parts of the body, such as the joints, the outer ear, and the tip of the nose
20.	bue at the enterprise	v.	to protrude or extend outward
21.	bue with books	<i>V</i> .	to protrude or extend outward
22.	ret a promise	V.	to take back, withdraw, or revoke something that has been said or done; to disavow or repudiate a statement or assertion that one has previously made
23.	sue thread	n.	a stitch or series of stitches used to hold together the edges of a wound or incision so that it can heal; a line of junction between two bones, particularly in the skull of an animal or human
24.	plon armor	n.	(in animals such as turtles and tortoises) the hard underbelly or protective plate that covers the ventral (belly) side of the shell
25.	nasal cage	n.	a tough, elastic connective tissue that is found in various parts of the body, such as the joints, the outer ear, and the tip of the nose
26.	anor language	n.	a person from whom one is descended; a forefather

ANSWERS: 18. plastron, 19. cartilage, 20. bulge, 21. bulge, 22. retract, 23. suture, 24. plastron, 25. cartilage, 26. ancestor

27. a sort of maI	n.	any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
28. strne administrative activities	v.	to simplify or make more efficient by eliminating unnecessary parts or steps
29. giant tose	n.	a slow-moving, herbivorous reptile characterized by a hard shell that protects its body; many species of tortoise are long-lived and have lifespans of over 100 years
30. a primitive mal	n.	any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
31. gle through the water	<i>v</i> .	to move smoothly and effortlessly
32. undted market	adj.	having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions
33. fud glass	adj.	joined together or combined into one; blended or integrated in a way that creates a new entity
34. sexual prors	n.	an animal whose natural behavior is to prey on others
35. earliest human anor	n.	a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
36. fud bones	adj.	joined together or combined into one; blended or integrated in a way that creates a new entity
37. undted cells	adj.	having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions

ANSWERS: 27. mammal, 28. streamline, 29. tortoise, 30. mammal, 31. glide, 32. undifferentiated, 33. fused, 34. predator, 35. ancestor, 36. fused, 37. undifferentiated

38. ree exhibition	n.	a cold-blooded animal that has dry, scaly skin and lays eggs on land, such as snakes, lizards, and turtles
39. fossil ree	n.	a cold-blooded animal that has dry, scaly skin and lays eggs on land, such as snakes, lizards, and turtles
40. the sces on the alligator's back	n.	a thick, bony, or horny plate or shield that covers an animal's skin, especially of reptiles or fish
41. apex pror	n.	an animal whose natural behavior is to prey on others
42. fom bone	n.	the part of a person's arm between the elbow and the wrist; (verb) to arm in advance of a confrontation

ANSWERS: 38. reptile, 39. reptile, 40. scute, 41. predator, 42. forearm

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. You can't _____ through solid metal.
- v. to excavate a hole or make a tunnel in the ground by digging, typically for use as a dwelling of an animal
- 2. My remote ______ immigrated to the United States from Ireland in the 1800s.
- *n.* a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
- 3. The accident caused a cracked _____.
- *n*. each of a series of curved bones that are connected to the spine and surround the chest; (adjective) subject to laughter or ridicule
- 4. Alligators are a type of ______ that live in swamps and rivers.
- *n.* a cold-blooded animal that has dry, scaly skin and lays eggs on land, such as snakes, lizards, and turtles
- 5. The lowland _____ was full of dangerous animals and poisonous plants.
- *n.* an area of low-lying land that is flooded or saturated with water, often having a growth of natural vegetation
- 6. The muscles in his arm _____ as he lifted the heavyweights.
- v. to protrude or extend outward
- 7. The accident left him with numbness in his left _____.
- *n*. the part of a person's arm between the elbow and the wrist; (verb) to arm in advance of a confrontation
- 8. The government plans to ______ the tax collection process to make it more efficient.
- *v.* to simplify or make more efficient by eliminating unnecessary parts or steps

ANSWERS: 1. burrow, 2. ancestor, 3. rib, 4. reptile, 5. swamp, 6. bulged, 7. forearm, 8. streamline

- 9. The turtle's shell is covered with bony _____ for protection.
- *n.* a thick, bony, or horny plate or shield that covers an animal's skin, especially of reptiles or fish
- 10. The native South American animals were in danger because of the ______ arrival.
- *n.* an animal whose natural behavior is to prey on others
- 11. I need to _____ my statement because I realized it was incorrect.
- *v.* to take back, withdraw, or revoke something that has been said or done; to disavow or repudiate a statement or assertion that one has previously made
- 12. The eagle gracefully _____ on the thermals, soaring above the mountains.
- v. to move smoothly and effortlessly
- 13. The knee joint is supported by ______ which helps absorb shock and prevent bone damage.
- *n*. a tough, elastic connective tissue that is found in various parts of the body, such as the joints, the outer ear, and the tip of the nose
- 14. The _____ wires in the electrical circuit caused a power outage.
- *adj.* joined together or combined into one; blended or integrated in a way that creates a new entity
- 15. The turtle's hard ______ protected it from predators.
- *n*. the hard, protective shell or covering that covers the body of some animals, such as turtles, crabs, and insects
- 16. The surgeon used a special _____ to close the wound.
- *n.* a stitch or series of stitches used to hold together the edges of a wound or incision so that it can heal; a line of junction between two bones, particularly in the skull of an animal or human

ANSWERS: 9. scutes, 10. predator's, 11. retract, 12. glided, 13. cartilage, 14. fused, 15. carapace, 16. suture

- 17. Our body transfers information along each _____ using an electrical impulse.
- *n.* a cell that is specialized to carry information within the brain and between the brain and other parts of the body
- 18. Marine _____ populations are declining worldwide due to ocean pollution.
- *n*. any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
- 19. The infant makes ______ reflex responses to stimuli.
- *adj.* having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions
- 20. The turtle's ______ or underside shell, protects and supports its body.
 - *n.* (in animals such as turtles and tortoises) the hard underbelly or protective plate that covers the ventral (belly) side of the shell
- 21. The Galapagos ______ is a fascinating creature with a long lifespan.
- *n.* a slow-moving, herbivorous reptile characterized by a hard shell that protects its body; many species of tortoise are long-lived and have lifespans of over 100 years

ANSWERS: 17. neuron, 18. mammal, 19. undifferentiated, 20. plastron, 21. tortoise