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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Rod Phillips: What happened when the United States tried to ban alcohol | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/rod_phillips_what_happened_when_the_united_states_tried_to_ban_alcohol

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

freight

n. goods or cargo that are transported by land, sea, or air; the transportation of goods or cargo by land, sea, or air

synonym : cargo, shipment, haul

(1) **freight** transport, (2) **freight** cost

The large **freight** shipment arrived at the port early in the morning.

spirit

n. the part of a person which is the seat of their mind, feelings, and character rather than their physical body; the general atmosphere of a place or situation and the effect that it has on people

synonym : soul, attitude, enthusiasm

(1) **spirit** and the letter of the law, (2) an indomitable **spirit**

Despite their tragic loss, the family is showing great **spirit**.

illegal

adj. not allowed by law

synonym : banned, prohibited, illicit

(1) **illegal** drugs, (2) child of **illegal** immigrants

The customs agents seized the **illegal** shipment.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

whiskey

n. a type of distilled alcoholic beverage made from fermented grains, typically barley, corn, rye, or wheat, aged in barrels and often consumed straight or with mixers

synonym: bourbon, scotch, rye

(1) bootleg **whiskey**, (2) **whiskey** barrel

I enjoy a glass of **whiskey** on the rocks after a long day.

unintended

adj. not planned or meant

synonym: accidental, unconsenting, involuntary

(1) **unintended** bias, (2) **unintended** misunderstanding

Excessive human interference in the global environment may bring **unintended** consequences.

consequence

n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual

synonym: result, impact, outcome

(1) unintended **consequences**, (2) the **consequence** of an argument

These economic activities had disastrous environmental **consequences**.

prohibition

n. the act of not allowing something, or an order that does so, especially by law or authority

synonym: banning, forbidding, restriction

(1) driving **prohibition**, (2) **prohibition** of alcohol

There were no **prohibitions** against excessive overtime.

nationwide

adj. extending throughout an entire nation

synonym: countrywide, national

(1) **nationwide** strike, (2) **nationwide** network

This is a **nationwide** campaign to recruit women into trade unions.

ban v. to officially or legally forbid or refuse to allow something
synonym: forbid, prohibit, restrict
(1) **ban** gender-related job discrimination, (2) **ban** any type of cloning
We should **ban** mildly violent video games from a child's development perspective.

alcohol n. a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
synonym: booze, liquor, ethanol
(1) stop drinking **alcohol**, (2) diluted **alcohol**
There is a clear association between **alcohol** consumption and cognitive decline.

heel n. the rounded back part of the foot below the ankle; someone who is morally reprehensible; (verb) to follow someone or something
synonym: hindfoot
(1) **heel** bone, (2) **heel** wrestler
She wore high **heels** to the party.

traction n. the action or ability to pull something along a surface without sliding
synonym: pulling, friction, suction
(1) increase **traction** on ice, (2) electronic **traction**
His leg was in **traction** for weeks after the accident.

industrial *adj.* of or relating to or resulting from industry
synonym: manufacturing, mechanical
(1) beginning of the **industrial** revolution, (2) **industrial** alcohol
Industrial design has become more focused on human nature aspect than ever before.

revolution n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
synonym: coup, innovation, rebellion

(1) beginning of the industrial **revolution**, (2) a political **revolution**

The **revolution** by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

saloon

n. a place of business, typically a bar or tavern, that serves alcoholic drinks and often features entertainment or social activities

synonym: barroom, tavern, pub

(1) **saloon** cabin, (2) western-style **saloon**

She sat on a bar stool in the **saloon**, sipping her whiskey and watching the live music.

temperance

n. moderation or restraint, especially in the consumption of alcohol; the movement in the United States and other countries advocating for reduced or eliminated alcohol consumption and temperate behavior

synonym: abstinence, sobriety, teetotalism

(1) **temperance** society, (2) **temperance** pledge

The **temperance** movement was a push to ban alcohol consumption in the United States in the early 1900s.

movement

n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

synonym: motion, progression, action

(1) a circular **movement**, (2) **movement** of troops

The **movement** of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.

fundamental

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

synonym: basic, essential, entire

(1) **fundamental** education, (2) **fundamental** rights

Human behavior has **fundamental** characteristics.

poverty

n. the condition of being extremely poor
synonym: deprivation, destitution, poorness

(1) **poverty** alleviation, (2) the cycle of **poverty**

Many studies have investigated the relationship between **poverty** and academic achievement.

domestic

adj. relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international

synonym: endemic, private, household

(1) **domestic** airline, (2) a **domestic** animal

GDP stands for gross **domestic** product.

violent

adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

synonym: aggressive, intense, turbulent

(1) victim of a **violent** crime, (2) **violent** incident

The protesters became **violent** when the police tried to disperse them.

convince

v. to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true

synonym: persuade, win over, convert

(1) **convince** her to go with us, (2) **convince** an opponent

I am considering what I should do to **convince** him.

government

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

synonym: administration, regime, state

(1) **government** bureaucracy, (2) **government** funding

The federal **government** is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

advocate

n. a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something

synonym: proponent, exponent, promoter

(1) an **advocate** of disarmament, (2) public education

advocates

Advocates of abolishing the death penalty often argue that the alternative heaviest sentence should be life in prison.

moderate

adj. being within reasonable limits; not excessive or extreme
synonym: average, middle-of-the-road, tempered

(1) **moderate** growth, (2) **moderate** risk

He had a **moderate** understanding of the topic but needed further research.

entirely

adv. completely
synonym: completely, fully, totally

(1) **entirely** satisfied with the meal, (2) he was **entirely** to blame

Later, his claim was found to be **entirely** false.

broad

adj. very wide; general
synonym: wide, expansive, comprehensive

(1) attract **broad** attention, (2) a **broad** mind

He accumulated wealth across a **broad** spectrum of assets.

sector

n. a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity

synonym: division, department, branch

(1) industrial **sector**, (2) private **sector**

The technology **sector** is constantly evolving and innovating.

participate

v. to take part in something
synonym: take part, partake, enter

(1) **participate** fully in conversation, (2) **participate** in the program

The majority of students actively **participated** in the college's intramural sports program.

argue

v. to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others

synonym : debate, dispute, quarrel

(1) **argue** a case, (2) **argue** passionately

The couple began to **argue** over which restaurant to go to for dinner.

neglect

v. to not give enough care or attention to something; to leave something undone

synonym : delinquency, carelessness, decay

(1) **neglect** to call, (2) **neglect** ethical issues

He **neglected** his health to make the project a success.

abuse

n. the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner

synonym : misuse, misconduct, vilification

(1) the problem of drug **abuse**, (2) victim of sexual **abuse**

Our company has an audit team that monitors directors for **abuse** of authority.

religion

n. a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny

synonym : faith, creed, belief

(1) **religion** sociology, (2) freedom of **religion**

Their **religion** strictly prohibits them from drinking or gambling.

protestant

adj. a member of a Western Christian church that is separate from the Roman Catholic Church and that is based on the teachings of Martin Luther and other Reformers

synonym : reformed, evangelical, nonconformist

(1) hard-line **Protestant**, (2) **protestant** theology

The **Protestant** church was the dominant religion in the area.

denounce

v. to speak out against; to strongly criticize something or someone

synonym : condemn, disapprove, criticize

(1) **denounce** a statement, (2) **denounce** a heresy
He **denounced** the actions of the corrupt official.

temptation

n. the desire to do or have something that you know you should not do or have; the act of influencing by exciting hope or desire

synonym: allure, attraction, enticement

(1) withstand **temptation**, (2) many **temptations**

Researchers often succumb to the **temptation** of accolades and commit research misconduct.

sin

n. the offense against a religious or moral law or against God

synonym: misdeed, guilt, wrong

(1) forgive a **sin**, (2) **sin** of omission

Some overzealous environmentalists claim celebrities are committing carbon dioxide **sins**.

progressive

adj. relating to or supporting development or advancement, especially social or political one

synonym: advanced, forward-thinking, modern

(1) **progressive** taxation, (2) **progressive** development

The **progressive** approach to education emphasizes hands-on learning and student-centered classrooms.

labor

n. productive work, especially physical work done for wages; the people who do manual or physical work in a country or company for wage; (verb) to work hard or to strive and make an effort to reach a goal

synonym: toil, toil, donkeywork

(1) seasonal **labor**, (2) manual **labor**

In several countries, child **labor** is a serious social problem.

consumption

n. the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials

synonym: usage, uptake, utilization

(1) average fuel **consumption**, (2) the **consumption** of

food

In our country, water **consumption** usually decreases during the winter.

settler

n. a person who moved with a group of others to live in a different country or area

synonym: frontiersperson, immigrant, emigrant

(1) new **settlers**, (2) **settlers** on some foreign shore

A large proportion of railway workers in **settler** colonies were white.

introduction

n. a preliminary explanation or remarks given before the start of a text, performance, or event; the act of bringing something new into existence or introducing something to a wider audience or new market

synonym: initiation, preamble, prologue

(1) **introduction** education, (2) self- **introduction**

The **introduction** to the new class was informative and engaging.

liquor

n. an alcoholic beverage that is distilled rather than fermented, such as whiskey or gin; alcohol, in general

synonym: alcohol, spirits, booze

(1) **liquor** store, (2) craft **liquor**

She poured a glass of her favorite **liquor** and enjoyed it slowly.

rum

n. a distilled alcoholic beverage made from sugarcane or molasses, often aged and typically with a sweet, rich, or spicy flavor

synonym: liquor, spirits, alcohol

(1) **rum** cocktail, (2) spiced **rum**

The **rum** in the pina colada gave the drink its signature kick.

native

adj. connecting with or describing someone's birth country or place of birth, or someone born in a specific country or place

synonym: endemic, domestic, aboriginal

(1) **native** to Africa, (2) **native** language

The vegetation here is almost wholly **native**.

communal

adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals;
for common use

synonym: collaborative, combined, collective

(1) **communal** swimming pool, (2) **communal** combination
of funds

Communal elections were held in several European
countries.

blame

v. to think or say that someone or something did
something wrong or is responsible for something bad

synonym: condemn, rebuke, find fault with

(1) **blame** circumstances for the failure, (2) **blame** the lack
of knowledge

We **blamed** our impeded progress on lack of money.

disrupt

v. to prevent or stop something, especially an event,
activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by
causing a problem or disturbance

synonym: interrupt, disturb, break into

(1) **disrupt** a well-ordered condition, (2) **disrupt** sleep

I'm so sorry to **disrupt** you when you're pretty busy.

destructive

adj. causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable
damage

synonym: destroying, harmful, disastrous

(1) lead to **destructive** behavior, (2) a habit **destructive** to
health

It was the most **destructive** storm in decades.

aspect

n. one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.

synonym: characteristic, element, factor

(1) nontechnical **aspects** of the job, (2) **aspects** of social,

political, and economic life

His professional experience includes all **aspects** of media production.

interaction

n. the act of connecting with someone, mainly when working, playing, or spending time with them

synonym: dealings, exchange, relations

(1) the **interaction** between man and his environment,

(2) **interaction** among human beings

The **interaction** of the two groups is good for brainstorming.

reserve

v. to keep something for future use or contingency; to obtain or arrange something, such as a meeting, seat, etc., in advance

synonym: keep, hold, preserve

(1) **reserve** the right, (2) **reserve** a concert ticket

You can easily **reserve** seats over the telephone.

victory

n. success in a game, competition, election, or battle, or the knowledge that you have won

synonym: win, triumph, success

(1) **victory** in the law court, (2) **victory** over terrorism

We are optimistic about our final **victory**.

amendment

n. the act or the process of changing something, especially a document or proposed new law

synonym: modification, revision, emendation

(1) constitutional **amendment**, (2) make an **amendment** to a contract

The opposition politicians jointly proposed an **amendment** to that law.

constitution

n. the set of fundamental principles or established precedents that a state, a country, or an organization is governed by; the act of forming or establishing something

synonym: fundamental law, establishment, formation

(1) the national **constitution**, (2) the national **constitution**
When the **constitution** is amended, it often creates a great deal of controversy throughout the country

manufacture

v. to make goods in large numbers, usually in a factory using machines

synonym: create, fabricate, assemble

(1) **manufacture** an enzyme, (2) **manufacture** a product
The majority of synthetic vitamins are **manufactured** from oil.

transport

n. a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on

synonym: shipment, transit, conveyance

(1) **transport** facilities, (2) access to public **transport**
Enhanced rail **transportation** is crucial for our business.

beverage

n. a drink of any type

synonym: drink, libation, liquid

(1) food and **beverage**, (2) alcoholic **beverages**
Bring a snack or **beverage** to satisfy your appetite.

wealth

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

synonym: affluence, assets, fortunate

(1) majority of his **wealth**, (2) material **wealth**
The **wealth** inequality was unavoidable.

opportune

adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose

synonym: suitable, timely, practical

(1) **opportune** occasion, (2) an **opportune** remark
The phone rang at the most **opportune** time.

distill

v. to purify or refine; to extract the essential elements

synonym: extract, condense, purify

(1) **distill** a liquid, (2) **distill** information

She decided to **distill** her thoughts into a more manageable list.

brew

v. to make beer or tea by mixing a substance with hot water

synonym : make, prepare

(1) **brew** a cup of tea, (2) **brew** beer

I am going to **brew** some coffee this morning.

winery

n. a facility where grapes are processed, and wine is made and stored, often includes areas for tasting, tours, and sales

synonym : vineyard, wine cellar

(1) **winery** tour, (2) boutique **winery**

She works as a sommelier at a prestigious **winery** in Napa Valley.

lucrative

adj. producing a great deal of profit; financially rewarding

synonym : profitable, moneymaking, remunerative

(1) **lucrative** deal, (2) **lucrative** market

Investing in real estate can be a **lucrative** business if done correctly.

smuggle

v. to import or export something or someone without paying appropriate customs duties, often illegally

(1) **smuggle** drugs, (2) **smuggle** herself out of a country

He was able to **smuggle** a gun inside the prison.

illicit

adj. forbidden by law, rules, or custom; not approved of or socially acceptable

synonym : illegal, unlawful, prohibited

(1) **illicit** drugs, (2) **illicit** trade

He was arrested for his **illicit** activities in the black market.

corruptible

adj. capable of being made to do something dishonest or immoral

synonym : bribable, dishonest, venal

(1) **corruptible** officials, (2) **corruptible** judges
Bureaucracies are more **corruptible** than other systems or organizations.

bomb

n. a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something
synonym: missile, explosive, ammunition

(1) atomic **bombs**, (2) disarm the **bomb**
The use of cluster **bombs** is strictly prohibited by international law.

elect

v. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
synonym: select, choose, prefer

(1) **elect** the school board, (2) **elect** death
Every five years, the provincial governors are **elected**.

speakeasy

n. a place where alcoholic beverages were illegally sold and consumed in the United States during the period of Prohibition (1920-1933); a secret, hidden, or unlicensed establishment where alcohol or other illegal activities may take place

(1) Prohibition-era **speakeasy**, (2) underground **speakeasy**
The entrance to the **speakeasy** was hidden behind a bookshelf.

dingy

adj. dark, gloomy, and dirty
synonym: gloomy, dirty, drab

(1) **dingy** apartment, (2) **dingy** lighting
The **dingy** room needed a fresh coat of paint.

basement

n. a room or a part of a building that is partly or entirely below ground level
synonym: cellar, storage, vault

(1) four **basement** floor, (2) church **basement**
Underground rivers flow over a **basement** layer that is

impervious to water.

elaborate

adj. containing a lot of carefully prepared and organized or many complicated and detailed parts

synonym: detailed, intricate, complicated

(1) an **elaborate** hat, (2) **elaborate** Ponzi scheme
He proposed an **elaborate** program of public works.

obtain

v. to get something, especially by making a great effort

synonym: accept, acquire, receive

(1) **obtain** a license, (2) **obtain** a bid
Where can I **obtain** the application form?

prescription

n. a written or spoken instruction that directs a medical practitioner to prescribe a specific treatment or medication for a patient

synonym: directive, instruction, order

(1) **prescription** drugs, (2) fill the **prescription**
I need to refill my **prescription** for allergy medication at the pharmacy.

consume

v. to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount

synonym: absorb, ingest, use up

(1) **consume** a large of alcohol, (2) **consume** electricity
A smaller car will **consume** less fuel.

chemical

adj. relating to or connected with chemistry;

synonym: chemic, synthetic

(1) toxic **chemicals**, (2) a **chemical** compound
The firm has grown into a large **chemical** manufacturing.

poisonous

adj. containing or producing toxic substances; harmful or dangerous to living beings, often causing illness, injury, or death; capable of causing serious harm or destruction

synonym: toxic, venomous, deadly

(1) **poisonous** plants, (2) **poisonous** chemicals

Some species of **poisonous snakes** can be deadly to humans if bitten.

regulate

v. to control something, especially by means of rules or laws

synonym: control, restrain, handle

(1) **regulate** blood sugar levels, (2) **regulate** our conduct

We must manage to **regulate** our expenditure.

improve

v. to make or become better

synonym: enhance, ameliorate, enrich

(1) **improve** a process, (2) **improve** the test score

We want to **improve** ties between our two countries.

contribute

v. to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people

synonym: donate, devote, commit

(1) **contribute** a large sum of money to the fund,

(2) **contribute** to society

Government workers cannot **contribute** to political campaigns.

corruption

n. dishonest, harmful, or illegal behavior, especially of people in positions of power

synonym: depravity, bribery, degeneration

(1) **corruption** accusation, (2) federal **corruption** charges

Rampant **corruption** led to a loss of trust in the government.

flout

v. to openly disregard or disobey a rule, law, convention, or authority; to mock or ridicule something or someone

synonym: defy, disobey, disregard

(1) **flout** his order, (2) **flout** the rules

The politician decided to **flout** the law and run for office despite being ineligible.

- raid** *n.* a sudden short attack, usually by soldiers, ships, or aircraft
synonym: attack, invasion, aggression
(1) make a **raid** on an enemy's camp, (2) air- **raid** siren
Throughout the **raid**, the bank robbers wore masks.
- sheriff** *n.* (in the US) a government official who is responsible for keeping law and order within a particular county or town
synonym: officer, enforcer
(1) **sheriff** court, (2) deputy **sheriff**
The **sheriff** kept establishing order in the town.
- congressperson** *n.* a person who belongs to a congress, especially a member of the US House of Representatives; congressman (congressperson is used to avoid gender discrimination)
synonym: lawmaker, politician, representative
(1) hawkish **congressperson**, (2) former **congressperson**
The term of a **congressperson** is two years.
- arrest** *v.* to take into custody
synonym: capture, detain, imprison
(1) **arrest** the thief, (2) **arrest** the progress
A police officer has the authority to **arrest** a criminal.
- depression** *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
synonym: recession, slump, despair
(1) the Great **Depression**, (2) the root problem of her **depression**
Depression symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.
- sorely** *adv.* to a great extent; greatly or severely; in a way that causes pain, distress, or hardship
synonym: severely, acutely, greatly

(1) **sorely** missed, (2) **sorely** in need

I was **sorely** disappointed when my favorite team lost the game.

revenue

n. the income that a government receives from taxes or that a company earns from its business

synonym: earnings, payment, remuneration

(1) tax **revenue**, (2) annual **revenue**

This graph indicates the city's tourism **revenue** over five years.

lift

v. to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position

synonym: raise, elevate, move up

(1) **lift** sagging skin, (2) **lift** a ban on alcohol

The drought **lifted** the prices of grain globally.

stimulate

v. to encourage something to develop or become more active; to stir the feelings or emotions

synonym: excite, provoke, arouse

(1) **stimulate** the economy, (2) **stimulate** the nervous system

The book **stimulated** my imagination.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym: finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

Congress

n. a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade

unions, political parties, or other groups

synonym: legislature, parliament, assembly

(1) an international **Congress**, (2) peace **Congress**

Congress must consider this proposal in an unusual situation.

complicated

adj. involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze

synonym: complex, convoluted, intricate

(1) a **complicated** process, (2) become increasingly **complicated**

He did **complicated** pen-and-ink drawings in just a few days.

Session 2: Spelling

1. il____t drugs *adj.* forbidden by law, rules, or custom; not approved of or socially acceptable
2. il____t trade *adj.* forbidden by law, rules, or custom; not approved of or socially acceptable
3. lu_____ve market *adj.* producing a great deal of profit; financially rewarding
4. mo____te growth *adj.* being within reasonable limits; not excessive or extreme
5. de____ce a heresy *v.* to speak out against; to strongly criticize something or someone
6. bl__e circumstances for the failure *v.* to think or say that someone or something did something wrong or is responsible for something bad
7. private se____r *n.* a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
8. child of il____l immigrants *adj.* not allowed by law
9. ec____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
10. po_____us plants *adj.* containing or producing toxic substances; harmful or dangerous to living beings, often causing illness, injury, or death; capable of causing serious harm or destruction

ANSWERS: 1. illicit, 2. illicit, 3. lucrative, 4. moderate, 5. denounce, 6. blame, 7. sector, 8. illegal, 9. economy, 10. poisonous

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|--|---|
| 11. public education ad_____tes | <i>n.</i> a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something |
| 12. become increasingly com_____ed | <i>adj.</i> involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze |
| 13. co_____ce her to go with us | <i>v.</i> to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true |
| 14. gov_____nt bureaucracy | <i>n.</i> the group of people with authority to control a country or state |
| 15. the int_____on between man and his environment | <i>n.</i> the act of connecting with someone, mainly when working, playing, or spending time with them |
| 16. pre_____ion drugs | <i>n.</i> a written or spoken instruction that directs a medical practitioner to prescribe a specific treatment or medication for a patient |
| 17. el__t the school board | <i>v.</i> to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something |
| 18. par_____te in the program | <i>v.</i> to take part in something |
| 19. di__y lighting | <i>adj.</i> dark, gloomy, and dirty |
| 20. uni_____ed bias | <i>adj.</i> not planned or meant |
| 21. material we___h | <i>n.</i> a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns |
| 22. increase tr_____on on ice | <i>n.</i> the action or ability to pull something along a surface without sliding |

ANSWERS: 11. advocate, 12. complicated, 13. convince, 14. government, 15. interaction, 16. prescription, 17. elect, 18. participate, 19. dingy, 20. unintended, 21. wealth, 22. traction

23. federal cor_____on charges *n.* dishonest, harmful, or illegal behavior, especially of people in positions of power
24. an el_____te hat *adj.* containing a lot of carefully prepared and organized or many complicated and detailed parts
25. seasonal la__r *n.* productive work, especially physical work done for wages; the people who do manual or physical work in a country or company for wage; (verb) to work hard or to strive and make an effort to reach a goal
26. cor_____le officials *adj.* capable of being made to do something dishonest or immoral
27. as___ts of social, political, and economic life *n.* one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.
28. beginning of the industrial rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
29. ne_____t to call *v.* to not give enough care or attention to something; to leave something undone
30. par_____te fully in conversation *v.* to take part in something
31. li___r store *n.* an alcoholic beverage that is distilled rather than fermented, such as whiskey or gin; alcohol, in general
32. the root problem of her dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market

ANSWERS: 23. corruption, 24. elaborate, 25. labor, 26. corruptible, 27. aspect, 28. revolution, 29. neglect, 30. participate, 31. liquor, 32. depression

33. pro_____on of alcohol *n.* the act of not allowing something, or an order that does so, especially by law or authority
34. forgive a s_n *n.* the offense against a religious or moral law or against God
35. mo_____nt of troops *n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
36. uni_____ed misunderstanding *adj.* not planned or meant
37. co_____al swimming pool *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
38. b__w a cup of tea *v.* to make beer or tea by mixing a substance with hot water
39. an indomitable sp____t *n.* the part of a person which is the seat of their mind, feelings, and character rather than their physical body; the general atmosphere of a place or situation and the effect that it has on people
40. victim of a vi_____t crime *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
41. wh_____y barrel *n.* a type of distilled alcoholic beverage made from fermented grains, typically barley, corn, rye, or wheat, aged in barrels and often consumed straight or with mixers

ANSWERS: 33. prohibition, 34. sin, 35. movement, 36. unintended, 37. communal, 38. brew, 39. spirit, 40. violent, 41. whiskey

42. co_____e a large of alcohol *v.* to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount
43. en_____ly satisfied with the meal *adv.* completely
44. do_____ic airline *adj.* relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international
45. unintended con_____ces *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
46. nontechnical as____ts of the job *n.* one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.
47. a br__d mind *adj.* very wide; general
48. di_____t sleep *v.* to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
49. driving pro_____on *n.* the act of not allowing something, or an order that does so, especially by law or authority
50. lu_____ve deal *adj.* producing a great deal of profit; financially rewarding
51. an op_____ne remark *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
52. diluted al_____l *n.* a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
53. attract br__d attention *adj.* very wide; general

ANSWERS: 42. consume, 43. entirely, 44. domestic, 45. consequence, 46. aspect, 47. broad, 48. disrupt, 49. prohibition, 50. lucrative, 51. opportune, 52. alcohol, 53. broad

54. alcoholic be____ges *n.* a drink of any type
55. a com_____ed process *adj.* involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
56. disarm the b__b *n.* a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something
57. Prohibition-era sp_____sy *n.* a place where alcoholic beverages were illegally sold and consumed in the United States during the period of Prohibition (1920-1933); a secret, hidden, or unlicensed establishment where alcohol or other illegal activities may take place
58. st_____te the nervous system *v.* to encourage something to develop or become more active; to stir the feelings or emotions
59. nat_____de network *adj.* extending throughout an entire nation
60. re_____e the right *v.* to keep something for future use or contingency; to obtain or arrange something, such as a meeting, seat, etc., in advance
61. im_____e a process *v.* to make or become better
62. beginning of the ind_____al revolution *adj.* of or relating to or resulting from industry
63. he was en_____ly to blame *adv.* completely
64. vi_____t incident *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

ANSWERS: 54. beverage, 55. complicated, 56. bomb, 57. speakeasy, 58. stimulate, 59. nationwide, 60. reserve, 61. improve, 62. industrial, 63. entirely, 64. violent

65. ar___t the progress *v.* to take into custody
66. sa___n cabin *n.* a place of business, typically a bar or tavern, that serves alcoholic drinks and often features entertainment or social activities
67. boutique wi___y *n.* a facility where grapes are processed, and wine is made and stored, often includes areas for tasting, tours, and sales
68. manual la__r *n.* productive work, especially physical work done for wages; the people who do manual or physical work in a country or company for wage; (verb) to work hard or to strive and make an effort to reach a goal
69. ar__e passionately *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
70. hawkish con_____son *n.* a person who belongs to a congress, especially a member of the US House of Representatives; congressman (congressperson is used to avoid gender discrimination)
71. make an am_____nt to a contract *n.* the act or the process of changing something, especially a document or proposed new law
72. po_____us chemicals *adj.* containing or producing toxic substances; harmful or dangerous to living beings, often causing illness, injury, or death; capable of causing serious harm or destruction

ANSWERS: 65. arrest, 66. saloon, 67. winery, 68. labor, 69. argue, 70. congressperson, 71. amendment, 72. poisonous

82. co_____ce an opponent *v.* to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true
83. gov_____nt funding *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
84. h__l wrestler *n.* the rounded back part of the foot below the ankle; someone who is morally reprehensible; (verb) to follow someone or something
85. the con_____on of food *n.* the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
86. freedom of re_____on *n.* a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny
87. a do_____ic animal *adj.* relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international
88. se_____rs on some foreign shore *n.* a person who moved with a group of others to live in a different country or area
89. di__y apartment *adj.* dark, gloomy, and dirty
90. pro_____nt theology *adj.* a member of a Western Christian church that is separate from the Roman Catholic Church and that is based on the teachings of Martin Luther and other Reformers
91. el_____te Ponzi scheme *adj.* containing a lot of carefully prepared and organized or many complicated and detailed parts
92. b_n any type of cloning *v.* to officially or legally forbid or refuse to allow something

ANSWERS: 82. convince, 83. government, 84. heel, 85. consumption, 86. religion, 87. domestic, 88. settler, 89. dingy, 90. protestant, 91. elaborate, 92. ban

93. ec____y of scale *n.* the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
94. spiced r_m *n.* a distilled alcoholic beverage made from sugarcane or molasses, often aged and typically with a sweet, rich, or spicy flavor
95. withstand tem_____on *n.* the desire to do or have something that you know you should not do or have; the act of influencing by exciting hope or desire
96. tem_____ce society *n.* moderation or restraint, especially in the consumption of alcohol; the movement in the United States and other countries advocating for reduced or eliminated alcohol consumption and temperate behavior
97. di_____t a well-ordered condition *v.* to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
98. int_____on among human beings *n.* the act of connecting with someone, mainly when working, playing, or spending time with them
99. nat_____de strike *adj.* extending throughout an entire nation
100. four ba_____nt floor *n.* a room or a part of a building that is partly or entirely below ground level

ANSWERS: 93. economy, 94. rum, 95. temptation, 96. temperance, 97. disrupt, 98. interaction, 99. nationwide, 100. basement

101. industrial se___r *n.* a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
102. annual re_____e *n.* the income that a government receives from taxes or that a company earns from its business
103. r_m cocktail *n.* a distilled alcoholic beverage made from sugarcane or molasses, often aged and typically with a sweet, rich, or spicy flavor
104. tax re_____e *n.* the income that a government receives from taxes or that a company earns from its business
105. int_____ion education *n.* a preliminary explanation or remarks given before the start of a text, performance, or event; the act of bringing something new into existence or introducing something to a wider audience or new market
106. mo_____te risk *adj.* being within reasonable limits; not excessive or extreme
107. fr_____t cost *n.* goods or cargo that are transported by land, sea, or air; the transportation of goods or cargo by land, sea, or air
108. the con_____ce of an argument *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
109. co_____e electricity *v.* to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount

ANSWERS: 101. sector, 102. revenue, 103. rum, 104. revenue, 105. introduction, 106. moderate, 107. freight, 108. consequence, 109. consume

110. vi____y in the law court *n.* success in a game, competition, election, or battle, or the knowledge that you have won
111. fun_____al education *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
112. air-r__d siren *n.* a sudden short attack, usually by soldiers, ships, or aircraft
113. tem_____ce pledge *n.* moderation or restraint, especially in the consumption of alcohol; the movement in the United States and other countries advocating for reduced or eliminated alcohol consumption and temperate behavior
114. the cycle of po____y *n.* the condition of being extremely poor
115. western-style sa____n *n.* a place of business, typically a bar or tavern, that serves alcoholic drinks and often features entertainment or social activities
116. a ch_____al compound *adj.* relating to or connected with chemistry;
117. re_____te blood sugar levels *v.* to control something, especially by means of rules or laws
118. op_____ne occasion *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
119. ne_____t ethical issues *v.* to not give enough care or attention to something; to leave something undone
120. make a r__d on an enemy's camp *n.* a sudden short attack, usually by soldiers, ships, or aircraft

ANSWERS: 110. victory, 111. fundamental, 112. raid, 113. temperance, 114. poverty, 115. saloon, 116. chemical, 117. regulate, 118. opportune, 119. neglect, 120. raid

121. tr_____rt facilities *n.* a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on
122. s_n of omission *n.* the offense against a religious or moral law or against God
123. church ba_____nt *n.* a room or a part of a building that is partly or entirely below ground level
124. a habit des_____ve to health *adj.* causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
125. majority of his we____h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
126. di_____l information *v.* to purify or refine; to extract the essential elements
127. de_____ce a statement *v.* to speak out against; to strongly criticize something or someone
128. fr_____t transport *n.* goods or cargo that are transported by land, sea, or air; the transportation of goods or cargo by land, sea, or air
129. fill the pre_____ion *n.* a written or spoken instruction that directs a medical practitioner to prescribe a specific treatment or medication for a patient
130. toxic ch_____als *adj.* relating to or connected with chemistry;
131. b_n gender-related job discrimination *v.* to officially or legally forbid or refuse to allow something
132. na____e to Africa *adj.* connecting with or describing someone's birth country or place of birth, or someone born in a specific country or place

ANSWERS: 121. transport, 122. sin, 123. basement, 124. destructive, 125. wealth, 126. distill, 127. denounce, 128. freight, 129. prescription, 130. chemical, 131. ban, 132. native

133. deputy sh____f *n.* (in the US) a government official who is responsible for keeping law and order within a particular county or town
134. con_____te to society *v.* to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
135. food and be____ge *n.* a drink of any type
136. the problem of drug ab__e *n.* the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
137. bl__e the lack of knowledge *v.* to think or say that someone or something did something wrong or is responsible for something bad
138. vi_____y over terrorism *n.* success in a game, competition, election, or battle, or the knowledge that you have won
139. stop drinking al_____l *n.* a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
140. the national con_____ion *n.* the set of fundamental principles or established precedents that a state, a country, or an organization is governed by; the act of forming or establishing something
141. im_____e the test score *v.* to make or become better
142. an ad_____te of disarmament *n.* a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something
143. sm_____e drugs *v.* to import or export something or someone without paying appropriate customs duties, often illegally

ANSWERS: 133. sheriff, 134. contribute, 135. beverage, 136. abuse, 137. blame, 138. victory, 139. alcohol, 140. constitution, 141. improve, 142. advocate, 143. smuggle

144. a circular mo____nt *n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
145. wi____y tour *n.* a facility where grapes are processed, and wine is made and stored, often includes areas for tasting, tours, and sales
146. sp____t and the letter of the law *n.* the part of a person which is the seat of their mind, feelings, and character rather than their physical body; the general atmosphere of a place or situation and the effect that it has on people
147. ob____n a license *v.* to get something, especially by making a great effort
148. ob____n a bid *v.* to get something, especially by making a great effort
149. sta____cs for cancer *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
150. so____y missed *adv.* to a great extent; greatly or severely; in a way that causes pain, distress, or hardship
151. ind____al alcohol *adj.* of or relating to or resulting from industry
152. man____re a product *v.* to make goods in large numbers, usually in a factory using machines

ANSWERS: 144. movement, 145. winery, 146. spirit, 147. obtain, 148. obtain, 149. statistics, 150. sorely, 151. industrial, 152. manufacture

153. average fuel con_____on *n.* the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
154. sh_____f court *n.* (in the US) a government official who is responsible for keeping law and order within a particular county or town
155. il_____l drugs *adj.* not allowed by law
156. fl__t the rules *v.* to openly disregard or disobey a rule, law, convention, or authority; to mock or ridicule something or someone
157. el__t death *v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
158. con_____te a large sum of money to the fund *v.* to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
159. former con_____son *n.* a person who belongs to a congress, especially a member of the US House of Representatives; congressman (congressperson is used to avoid gender discrimination)
160. craft li____r *n.* an alcoholic beverage that is distilled rather than fermented, such as whiskey or gin; alcohol, in general
161. the Great Dep_____on *n.* a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
162. re_____e a concert ticket *v.* to keep something for future use or contingency; to obtain or arrange something, such as a meeting, seat, etc., in advance

ANSWERS: 153. consumption, 154. sheriff, 155. illegal, 156. flout, 157. elect, 158. contribute, 159. congressperson, 160. liquor, 161. depression, 162. reserve

163. di_____l a liquid *v.* to purify or refine; to extract the essential elements
164. sm_____e herself out of a country *v.* to import or export something or someone without paying appropriate customs duties, often illegally
165. cor_____le judges *adj.* capable of being made to do something dishonest or immoral
166. new se_____rs *n.* a person who moved with a group of others to live in a different country or area
167. cor_____on accusation *n.* dishonest, harmful, or illegal behavior, especially of people in positions of power
168. access to public tr_____rt *n.* a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on
169. fl__t his order *v.* to openly disregard or disobey a rule, law, convention, or authority; to mock or ridicule something or someone
170. electronic tr_____on *n.* the action or ability to pull something along a surface without sliding
171. a political rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
172. constitutional am_____nt *n.* the act or the process of changing something, especially a document or proposed new law
173. hard-line Pro_____nt *adj.* a member of a Western Christian church that is separate from the Roman Catholic Church and that is based on the teachings of Martin Luther and other Reformers

ANSWERS: 163. distill, 164. smuggle, 165. corruptible, 166. settler, 167. corruption, 168. transport, 169. flout, 170. traction, 171. revolution, 172. amendment, 173. protestant

174. lead to des_____ve behavior *adj.* causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
175. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
176. man_____re an enzyme *v.* to make goods in large numbers, usually in a factory using machines
177. co_____al combination of funds *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
178. b__w beer *v.* to make beer or tea by mixing a substance with hot water
179. many tem_____ons *n.* the desire to do or have something that you know you should not do or have; the act of influencing by exciting hope or desire
180. l__t a ban on alcohol *v.* to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position
181. atomic b__bs *n.* a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something
182. po_____y alleviation *n.* the condition of being extremely poor
183. fun_____al rights *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
184. so_____y in need *adv.* to a great extent; greatly or severely; in a way that causes pain, distress, or hardship

ANSWERS: 174. destructive, 175. statistics, 176. manufacture, 177. communal, 178. brew, 179. temptation, 180. lift, 181. bomb, 182. poverty, 183. fundamental, 184. sorely

185. pro_____ve development *adj.* relating to or supporting development or advancement, especially social or political one
186. re_____on sociology *n.* a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny
187. st_____te the economy *v.* to encourage something to develop or become more active; to stir the feelings or emotions
188. re_____te our conduct *v.* to control something, especially by means of rules or laws
189. self-int_____ion *n.* a preliminary explanation or remarks given before the start of a text, performance, or event; the act of bringing something new into existence or introducing something to a wider audience or new market
190. na___e language *adj.* connecting with or describing someone's birth country or place of birth, or someone born in a specific country or place
191. peace co_____ss *n.* a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade unions, political parties, or other groups

ANSWERS: 185. progressive, 186. religion, 187. stimulate, 188. regulate, 189. introduction, 190. native, 191. congress

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. This is a _____ campaign to recruit women into trade unions.
adj. extending throughout an entire nation
2. The _____ to the new class was informative and engaging.
n. a preliminary explanation or remarks given before the start of a text, performance, or event; the act of bringing something new into existence or introducing something to a wider audience or new market
3. The firm has grown into a large _____ manufacturing.
adj. relating to or connected with chemistry;
4. I am going to _____ some coffee this morning.
v. to make beer or tea by mixing a substance with hot water
5. We want to _____ ties between our two countries.
v. to make or become better
6. We should _____ mildly violent video games from a child's development perspective.
v. to officially or legally forbid or refuse to allow something
7. He was able to _____ a gun inside the prison.
v. to import or export something or someone without paying appropriate customs duties, often illegally
8. _____ must consider this proposal in an unusual situation.
n. a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade unions, political parties, or other groups

ANSWERS: 1. nationwide, 2. introduction, 3. chemical, 4. brew, 5. improve, 6. ban, 7. smuggle, 8. Congress

9. Some overzealous environmentalists claim celebrities are committing carbon dioxide _____.
n. the offense against a religious or moral law or against God
10. _____ of abolishing the death penalty often argue that the alternative heaviest sentence should be life in prison.
n. a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something
11. I am considering what I should do to _____ him.
v. to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true
12. She wore high _____ to the party.
n. the rounded back part of the foot below the ankle; someone who is morally reprehensible; (verb) to follow someone or something
13. The customs agents seized the _____ shipment.
adj. not allowed by law
14. The _____ by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.
n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
15. She decided to _____ her thoughts into a more manageable list.
v. to purify or refine; to extract the essential elements
16. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.
n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

ANSWERS: 9. sins, 10. Advocates, 11. convince, 12. heels, 13. illegal, 14. revolution, 15. distill, 16. statistics

17. He _____ his health to make the project a success.

v. to not give enough care or attention to something; to leave something undone

18. These economic activities had disastrous environmental _____.

n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual

19. He proposed an _____ program of public works.

adj. containing a lot of carefully prepared and organized or many complicated and detailed parts

20. A smaller car will _____ less fuel.

v. to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount

21. He did _____ pen-and-ink drawings in just a few days.

adj. involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze

22. There is a clear association between _____ consumption and cognitive decline.

n. a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.

23. The use of cluster _____ is strictly prohibited by international law.

n. a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something

24. The majority of synthetic vitamins are _____ from oil.

v. to make goods in large numbers, usually in a factory using machines

ANSWERS: 17. neglected, 18. consequences, 19. elaborate, 20. consume, 21. complicated, 22. alcohol, 23. bombs, 24. manufactured

25. There were no _____ against excessive overtime.

n. the act of not allowing something, or an order that does so, especially by law or authority

26. The majority of students actively _____ in the college's intramural sports program.

v. to take part in something

27. The _____ church was the dominant religion in the area.

adj. a member of a Western Christian church that is separate from the Roman Catholic Church and that is based on the teachings of Martin Luther and other Reformers

28. The protesters became _____ when the police tried to disperse them.

adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something

29. GDP stands for gross _____ product.

adj. relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international

30. I was _____ disappointed when my favorite team lost the game.

adv. to a great extent; greatly or severely; in a way that causes pain, distress, or hardship

31. I'm so sorry to _____ you when you're pretty busy.

v. to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance

32. _____ design has become more focused on human nature aspect than ever before.

adj. of or relating to or resulting from industry

ANSWERS: 25. prohibitions, 26. participated, 27. Protestant, 28. violent, 29. domestic, 30. sorely, 31. disrupt, 32. Industrial

33. The federal _____ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.
n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state
34. He was arrested for his _____ activities in the black market.
adj. forbidden by law, rules, or custom; not approved of or socially acceptable
35. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.
n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
36. You can easily _____ seats over the telephone.
v. to keep something for future use or contingency; to obtain or arrange something, such as a meeting, seat, etc., in advance
37. He _____ the actions of the corrupt official.
v. to speak out against; to strongly criticize something or someone
38. She poured a glass of her favorite _____ and enjoyed it slowly.
n. an alcoholic beverage that is distilled rather than fermented, such as whiskey or gin; alcohol, in general
39. The vegetation here is almost wholly _____.
adj. connecting with or describing someone's birth country or place of birth, or someone born in a specific country or place
40. She sat on a bar stool in the _____ sipping her whiskey and watching the live music.
n. a place of business, typically a bar or tavern, that serves alcoholic drinks and often features entertainment or social activities

ANSWERS: 33. government, 34. illicit, 35. wealth, 36. reserve, 37. denounced, 38. liquor, 39. native, 40. saloon,

41. I need to refill my _____ for allergy medication at the pharmacy.
- n.* a written or spoken instruction that directs a medical practitioner to prescribe a specific treatment or medication for a patient
42. The _____ of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.
- n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
43. The technology _____ is constantly evolving and innovating.
- n.* a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
44. Some species of _____ can be deadly to humans if bitten.
- adj.* containing or producing toxic substances; harmful or dangerous to living beings, often causing illness, injury, or death; capable of causing serious harm or destruction
45. Researchers often succumb to the _____ of accolades and commit research misconduct.
- n.* the desire to do or have something that you know you should not do or have; the act of influencing by exciting hope or desire
46. The drought _____ the prices of grain globally.
- v.* to raise something to a higher position or level; to pick up something or somebody and move them to a different position
47. The large _____ shipment arrived at the port early in the morning.
- n.* goods or cargo that are transported by land, sea, or air; the transportation of goods or cargo by land, sea, or air

ANSWERS: 41. prescription, 42. movement, 43. sector, 44. poisonous snakes, 45. temptation, 46. lifted, 47. freight

48. In several countries, child _____ is a serious social problem.

n. productive work, especially physical work done for wages; the people who do manual or physical work in a country or company for wage; (verb) to work hard or to strive and make an effort to reach a goal

49. He accumulated wealth across a _____ spectrum of assets.

adj. very wide; general

50. His leg was in _____ for weeks after the accident.

n. the action or ability to pull something along a surface without sliding

51. Underground rivers flow over a _____ layer that is impervious to water.

n. a room or a part of a building that is partly or entirely below ground level

52. _____ elections were held in several European countries.

adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

53. The opposition politicians jointly proposed an _____ to that law.

n. the act or the process of changing something, especially a document or proposed new law

54. Enhanced rail _____ is crucial for our business.

n. a system for moving people or products from one location to another using automobiles, roads, and so on

55. I enjoy a glass of _____ on the rocks after a long day.

n. a type of distilled alcoholic beverage made from fermented grains, typically barley, corn, rye, or wheat, aged in barrels and often consumed straight or with mixers

ANSWERS: 48. labor, 49. broad, 50. traction, 51. basement, 52. Communal, 53. amendment, 54. transportation, 55. whiskey

56. The _____ room needed a fresh coat of paint.

adj. dark, gloomy, and dirty

57. Government workers cannot _____ to political campaigns.

v. to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people

58. Bring a snack or _____ to satisfy your appetite.

n. a drink of any type

59. The _____ kept establishing order in the town.

n. (in the US) a government official who is responsible for keeping law and order within a particular county or town

60. Human behavior has _____ characteristics.

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

61. Where can I _____ the application form?

v. to get something, especially by making a great effort

62. Many studies have investigated the relationship between _____ and academic achievement.

n. the condition of being extremely poor

63. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

ANSWERS: 56. dingy, 57. contribute, 58. beverage, 59. sheriff, 60. fundamental, 61. obtain, 62. poverty, 63. economy

64. The ____ in the pina colada gave the drink its signature kick.
- n.* a distilled alcoholic beverage made from sugarcane or molasses, often aged and typically with a sweet, rich, or spicy flavor
65. Despite their tragic loss, the family is showing great _____.
- n.* the part of a person which is the seat of their mind, feelings, and character rather than their physical body; the general atmosphere of a place or situation and the effect that it has on people
66. She works as a sommelier at a prestigious _____ in Napa Valley.
- n.* a facility where grapes are processed, and wine is made and stored, often includes areas for tasting, tours, and sales
67. Our company has an audit team that monitors directors for _____ of authority.
- n.* the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
68. The _____ movement was a push to ban alcohol consumption in the United States in the early 1900s.
- n.* moderation or restraint, especially in the consumption of alcohol; the movement in the United States and other countries advocating for reduced or eliminated alcohol consumption and temperate behavior
69. Rampant _____ led to a loss of trust in the government.
- n.* dishonest, harmful, or illegal behavior, especially of people in positions of power
70. Bureaucracies are more _____ than other systems or organizations.
- adj.* capable of being made to do something dishonest or immoral
71. The _____ of the two groups is good for brainstorming.
- n.* the act of connecting with someone, mainly when working, playing, or spending time with them

ANSWERS: 64. rum, 65. spirit, 66. winery, 67. abuse, 68. temperance, 69. corruption, 70. corruptible, 71. interaction

72. The _____ approach to education emphasizes hands-on learning and student-centered classrooms.
adj. relating to or supporting development or advancement, especially social or political one
73. Their _____ strictly prohibits them from drinking or gambling.
n. a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny
74. The term of a _____ is two years.
n. a person who belongs to a congress, especially a member of the US House of Representatives; congressman (congressperson is used to avoid gender discrimination)
75. Later, his claim was found to be _____ false.
adv. completely
76. The couple began to _____ over which restaurant to go to for dinner.
v. to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
77. The entrance to the _____ was hidden behind a bookshelf.
n. a place where alcoholic beverages were illegally sold and consumed in the United States during the period of Prohibition (1920-1933); a secret, hidden, or unlicensed establishment where alcohol or other illegal activities may take place
78. We _____ our impeded progress on lack of money.
v. to think or say that someone or something did something wrong or is responsible for something bad

ANSWERS: 72. progressive, 73. religion, 74. congressperson, 75. entirely, 76. argue, 77. speakeasy, 78. blamed

79. A large proportion of railway workers in _____ colonies were white.
n. a person who moved with a group of others to live in a different country or area
80. The phone rang at the most _____ time.
adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
81. Every five years, the provincial governors are _____.
v. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
82. He had a _____ understanding of the topic but needed further research.
adj. being within reasonable limits; not excessive or extreme
83. Excessive human interference in the global environment may bring _____ consequences.
adj. not planned or meant
84. Investing in real estate can be a _____ business if done correctly.
adj. producing a great deal of profit; financially rewarding
85. We must manage to _____ our expenditure.
v. to control something, especially by means of rules or laws
86. We are optimistic about our final _____.
n. success in a game, competition, election, or battle, or the knowledge that you have won
87. This graph indicates the city's tourism _____ over five years.
n. the income that a government receives from taxes or that a company earns from its business

ANSWERS: 79. settler, 80. opportune, 81. elected, 82. moderate, 83. unintended, 84. lucrative, 85. regulate, 86. victory, 87. revenue

88. In our country, water _____ usually decreases during the winter.
n. the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
89. The book _____ my imagination.
v. to encourage something to develop or become more active; to stir the feelings or emotions
90. It was the most _____ storm in decades.
adj. causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
91. When the _____ is amended, it often creates a great deal of controversy throughout the country
n. the set of fundamental principles or established precedents that a state, a country, or an organization is governed by; the act of forming or establishing something
92. Throughout the _____ the bank robbers wore masks.
n. a sudden short attack, usually by soldiers, ships, or aircraft
93. _____ symptoms might include a decrease in appetite and weight loss.
n. a mental condition in which a person feels very unhappy and without hope for the future; a severe recession in an economy or market
94. A police officer has the authority to _____ a criminal.
v. to take into custody
95. The politician decided to _____ the law and run for office despite being ineligible.
v. to openly disregard or disobey a rule, law, convention, or authority; to mock or ridicule something or someone

ANSWERS: 88. consumption, 89. stimulated, 90. destructive, 91. constitution, 92. raid, 93. Depression, 94. arrest, 95. flout

96. His professional experience includes all _____ of media production.

n. one part or feature of a situation, problem, subject, etc.

ANSWERS: 96. aspects