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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Roman Krznaric: How to be a good ancestor | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/roman_krznaric_how_to_be_a_good_ancestor

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

humankind

n. the whole of the living human inhabitants of the earth

synonym: humanity, human race, society

(1) **humankind** as a species, (2) history of **humankind**

On the geological time scale, **humankind** has existed for a brief moment.

recognize

v. to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered

synonym: acknowledge, identify, admit

(1) **recognize** talent, (2) **recognize** achievement

It's important to **recognize** your strengths and weaknesses.

disturb

v. to interrupt someone who is trying to work, sleep, etc.

synonym: agitate, bother, intrude

(1) **disturb** the peace, (2) **disturb** his sleep

Tourists frequently **disturb** the island's delicate natural balance.

colon

n. the punctuation mark (:) used to introduce a list, summary, explanation, etc., or before reporting what someone has said; a significant part of the large intestine, the final section of the digestive system

(1) **colon** examination, (2) the **colon** at the end of the sentence

Consumption of vegetables may aid in the prevention of **colon** cancer.

wealth

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

synonym: affluence, assets, fortunate

(1) majority of his **wealth**, (2) material **wealth**

The **wealth** inequality was unavoidable.

distant

adj. far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship

synonym: far, isolated, remote

(1) a **distant** memory, (2) **distant** ancestors

The sun set over the crest of **distant** hills.

colonial

adj. of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony

synonym: imperial, immigrant, gregarious

(1) oppressive **colonial** rule, (2) **colonial** style

The city has a rich **colonial** history, with many historic buildings and landmarks.

outpost

n. a small military camp at some distance from the main army, used mainly to observe an enemy's movements, etc.

synonym: frontier, settlement

(1) **outpost** area, (2) military **outpost**

With the war's end, they have begun a gradual retreat from their **outposts**.

dump

v. to deposit or dispose of something, such as trash, waste, etc., carelessly or hurriedly

synonym: throw away, dispose

(1) **dump** the gravel on the road, (2) **dump** hazardous

waste

The company **dumped** him after several years of service.

ecology

n. the study of the relationships between living organisms, including humans, and their physical environment

(1) science of **ecology**, (2) the **ecology** of the island

Many companies are now enthusiastically embracing the knowledge of **ecology** for sustainable development.

damage

v. to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity

synonym: harm, impair, injure

(1) **damage** a relationship, (2) **damage** assessment

During the surgery, the doctor had to be extremely cautious not to **damage** a blood vessel.

technological

adj. based on scientific and industrial progress

synonym: specialized, technical

(1) **technological** advancement, (2) **technological** policy

Technological advances have disrupted many industries.

tragedy

n. an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character

synonym: disaster, adversity, calamity

(1) a **tragedy** during work, (2) the aftermath of this **tragedy**

Macbeth is a famous **tragedy** by Shakespeare.

pillage

n. the act of looting or plundering, particularly during times of war or conflict; the theft or destruction of property or valuables; (verb) to rob, loot, or plunder a place or area, usually in a violent and destructive way

synonym: looting, plunder, raid

(1) violent **pillage**, (2) **pillage** gold and other treasures
The army's village **pillage** left the residents without food or shelter.

inheritance

n. the money, property, etc., that someone gives you when they die; (genetics) attributes acquired via biological heredity from ancestors

synonym: legacy, estate, heritage

(1) paternal **inheritance**, (2) **inheritance** tax

His vast **inheritance** was equitably divided among the brothers.

leap

v. to jump or spring into the air, often with the feet leaving the ground or a surface below; to move quickly or suddenly, often forward or upward

synonym: jump, bound, hop

(1) **leap** to a conclusion, (2) **leap** of faith

The athlete was able to **leap** over the hurdle with ease.

suffrage

n. the right to vote in political elections; the exercise of voting rights or the process of obtaining them

synonym: franchise, vote, enfranchisement

(1) **suffrage** movement, (2) female **suffrage**

The **suffrage** march was a peaceful protest demanding voting rights for women.

defy

v. to challenge or dare someone to do something; to resist or disobey a rule, decision, etc.

synonym: challenge, resist, disobey

(1) **defy** gravity, (2) **defy** authority

She tried to **defy** her parents by moving to the city against their wishes.

oppress

v. to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people

synonym: antagonize, distress, burden

(1) **oppress** the minority, (2) **oppress** the people with force
Historically, many countries have often **oppressed** certain religions to gain the support of the majority of the population.

grant

v. to agree to give or allow somebody

synonym: allocate, authorize, give

(1) **grant** a new license, (2) **grant** a land

The chairperson **granted** him the right to speak.

representation

n. the act of speaking, acting, or being present on behalf of someone officially; a statement of facts and reasons made in appealing or protesting

synonym: delegacy, manifestation, expression

(1) sales **representation**, (2) binary **representation**

A person who has been declared incompetent should have legal **representation**.

influence

n. the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself

synonym: power, leverage, effect

(1) **influence** a child's future, (2) **influence** the daily life

The former emperor had a particular **influence** even after he abdicated.

marketplace

n. a physical or virtual venue where goods or services are bought and sold; an economic system that facilitates exchange between buyers and sellers

synonym: bazaar, mart, emporium

(1) **marketplace** competition, (2) global **marketplace**

The online **marketplace** offers a wide variety of products for shoppers.

silent

adj. without any or little sound

synonym: quiet, hushed, mute

(1) **silent** reading, (2) give **silent** consent

The politician remained **silent** despite intense media scrutiny.

render

v. to bring someone or something into a particular state; to provide something such as service, help, etc.

synonym: deliver, give, provide

(1) **render** an assessment, (2) **render** the contract void

The jury must **render** a decision on this complex case.

powerless

adj. lacking power, strength, or authority; unable to act or affect change

synonym: helpless, impotent, feeble

(1) **powerless** position, (2) **powerless** in the organization

During the hurricane, we felt **powerless** against the winds and rain.

grasp

v. to take hold of something or someone quickly and firmly

synonym: grab, clasp, grip

(1) **grasp** his hand, (2) **grasp** a chance

They spent a lot of time trying to **grasp** the current situation.

injustice

n. a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society

synonym: unfairness, bias, discrimination

(1) gross **injustice**, (2) **injustice** system

The **injustice** of the court's decision angered many people and led to protests.

fraction

n. a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers

synonym: piece, part, fragment

(1) a **fractional** share of the vote, (2) a numerator in a **fraction**

He spent only a **fraction** of his earnings.

estimate

v. to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something

synonym: calculate, gauge, evaluate

(1) **estimate** a fair value, (2) **estimate** this chicken to weigh three pounds

We **estimated** the season's total trade deficit at \$50 billion.

vast

adj. enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity

synonym: expansive, extended, boundless

(1) **vast** majority, (2) **vast** desert

A **vast** audience viewed the broadcast.

outnumber

v. to be more numerous or greater in number than another group or entity; to exceed in quantity or number

synonym: surpass, exceed

(1) **outnumber** our opponents, (2) **outnumber** males

The number of tourists in the city now **outnumbers** the locals.

trillion

n. the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million

(1) **trillion** cubic feet, (2) many **trillions** of dollars

One light year is nearly 6 **trillion** miles.

assume

v. to think or accept something to be true without having proof of it; to take or begin to have power; to begin to exhibit a specific quality or appearance

synonym: guess, presume, suppose

(1) **assume** a lousy attitude to his boss, (2) **assume** an important role

The following example **assumes** that the capacity of each battery is the same.

stabilize

v. to become or cause to become steady or unlikely to give way

synonym: brace, steady, secure

(1) **stabilize** prices, (2) **stabilize** blood sugar levels

The raising of interest rates **stabilizes** the inflation rate.

grandchild

n. a child of someone's son or daughter

synonym: offspring, descendant, progeny

(1) **grandchild-grandparent** relationship, (2) **grandchild**

development

The grandparents take care of their **grandchild** while the parents are at work.

communal

adj. belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

synonym: collaborative, combined, collective

(1) **communal** swimming pool, (2) **communal** combination of funds

Communal elections were held in several European countries.

inherit

v. to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died

synonym: obtain, gain, acquire

(1) **inherit** estate, (2) **inherit** ancestral property

After his death, his sons **inherited** his business.

extraordinary

adj. exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual

synonym: exceptional, noteworthy, astonishing

(1) **extraordinary** ability, (2) **extraordinary** weather

He narrated the **extraordinary** story of his adventure.

ancestor

n. a person from whom one is descended; a forefather

synonym: forebear, forefather, progenitor

(1) **ancestor** language, (2) earliest human **ancestor**

My remote **ancestor** immigrated to the United States from Ireland in the 1800s.

agriculture

n. the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock

synonym: farming, husbandry, agribusiness

(1) organic **agriculture**, (2) intensive **agriculture**

Agriculture is the foundation of our economy.

revolution

n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;

synonym: coup, innovation, rebellion

(1) beginning of the industrial **revolution**, (2) a political **revolution**

The **revolution** by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

medical

adj. relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine

synonym: health, disease, treatment

(1) a **medical** opinion, (2) temporary **medical** treatment

The **medical** team worked quickly to save the patient's life.

discovery

n. the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known

synonym: finding, uncovering, detection

(1) a scientific **discovery**, (2) the great **discovery** of the century

Her research team made an important **discovery**.

destructive

adj. causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage

synonym: destroying, harmful, disastrous

(1) lead to **destructive** behavior, (2) a habit **destructive** to health

It was the most **destructive** storm in decades.

legacy

n. something that is handed down from an earlier generation or time, often something that has had a significant impact on subsequent generations; a bequest made by a person in their will, often money or property

synonym: inheritance, bequest, estate

(1) financial **legacy**, (2) cultural **legacy**

Her **legacy** as a philanthropist will live on for generations to come.

slavery

n. the practice or system of owning, buying, and selling people as property and forcing them to work

synonym: bondage, servitude, enslavement

(1) **slavery** labor, (2) institution of **slavery**

The abolition of **slavery** in the United States was a major achievement in the fight for human rights.

racism

n. prejudice, discrimination, or antagonism directed against a person or people based on their membership in a particular ethnic group, typically one that is a minority or marginalized

synonym: prejudice, discrimination, bias

(1) systemic **racism**, (2) research on anti- **racism**

The school's lack of diversity was a clear indication of the **racism** present in the community.

inequity

n. a lack of fairness or justice; an unfair or unequal situation or practice

synonym: injustice, unfairness, bias

(1) **inequity** in education, (2) market **inequity**

There's an **inequity** in the criminal justice system that needs to be addressed.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym: finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

structural

adj. associated with the way on construction or organization of anything

synonym: architectural, basic, anatomical

(1) **structural** analyses, (2) **structural** reorganization

The earthquake resulted in significant **structural** destruction.

addict

n. a person who cannot stop using or doing something as a habit, especially something harmful

synonym: devotee, buff, freak

(1) a drug **addict**, (2) Internet **addict**

We have become TV **addicts** due to video streaming services.

fossil

n. any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock

synonym: relic, remnant, antediluvian

(1) burning of **fossil** fuels, (2) a **fossil** leaf

It was the **fossil** of a dinosaur tooth.

fuel

n. a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy

synonym: energy, power, gas

(1) biomass **fuel**, (2) smokeless **fuel**

The **fuel** scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector

endless

adj. having no end or conclusion; infinitely very large in size or amount

synonym: infinite, ceaseless, boundless

(1) **endless** possibilities, (2) **endless** hours

He looked out the window at the **endless** stream of people.

transform

v. to change in outward structure or looks;

synonym: alter, convert, change

(1) **transform** an education system, (2) **transform** heat into power

My father's death **transformed** my life completely.

deserve

v. to be worthy of or entitled to something, especially something good or valuable

synonym: merit, earn, justify

(1) **deserve** respect, (2) **deserve** this prize

The employee **deserved** the promotion for their hard work and dedication.

movement

n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

synonym: motion, progression, action

(1) a circular **movement**, (2) **movement** of troops

The **movement** of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.

emerge

v. to move out of or away from something and become visible

synonym: arise, occur, appear

(1) **emerge** as a butterfly, (2) **emerge** from poverty

During colonial eras, new migratory patterns **emerged**.

committed

adj. willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something

synonym: devoted, faithful, attached

(1) in a **committed** relationship, (2) strong and **committed** sales staff

Our company is strongly **committed** to meeting customers' needs.

colonize

v. to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers

synonym: settle, occupy, inhabit

(1) **colonize** planets, (2) **colonize** for cultivation

European powers **colonized** much of the Americas in the 16th and 17th centuries.

extend

v. to broaden in scope, range, or area

synonym: prolong, lengthen, advance

(1) **extend** the warranty, (2) **extend** a line
Her visit will **extend** from Monday to Friday.

horizon

n. the line at which the earth's surface and the sky appear to meet; the range of interest or activity that can be anticipated

synonym: skyline, view, visible boundary

(1) the event **horizon** of a black hole, (2) business **horizon**
As the sun set, the colors of the sky merged with the **horizon**, creating a beautiful orange and pink hue.

fragment

n. a small piece or part broken off or detached

synonym: piece, shard, segment

(1) **fragment** of a text, (2) a broken **fragment**

The archaeologist carefully pieced together the tiny **fragments** of pottery found at the dig site.

pioneer

n. inventor; explorer; someone who is among the first to achieve something

synonym: frontiersperson, innovator, trailblazer

(1) act as a **pioneer**, (2) early **pioneers**

John Whitney was a computer animation **pioneer**.

rebel

n. someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it

synonym: insurgent, dissenter, mutineer

(1) **rebel** uprising, (2) group of **rebels**

The **rebels** fought against the government for their independence.

visionary

adj. having or showing exceptional foresight and imagination; not practical or realizable; speculative

synonym: prophetic, far-sighted, imaginative

(1) **visionary** business, (2) **visionary** ideas

The **visionary** leader had a clear plan for the company's future.

- aim**
- v. to try or plan to get or achieve something
synonym: aspire, direct, target
(1) **aim** at a specific target, (2) **aim** to be a nurse
We **aim** for an overseas expansion.
- overcome**
- v. to succeed in controlling or dealing with something, such as a problem or difficulty; to defeat or overwhelm someone
synonym: beat, confound, overwhelm
(1) **overcome** opponents, (2) **overcome** all difficulties
He tried to **overcome** a bad reputation and win the election.
- cycle**
- n. an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle
synonym: revolution, rotation, bike
(1) the **cycle** of the seasons, (2) go to the workplace by **cycle**
The food chain causes a material **cycle**.
- dominate**
- v. to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
synonym: govern, rule, prevail
(1) **dominate** possession, (2) **dominate** over the weak
The perspective of his right brain **dominates** his consciousness.
- principle**
- n. a fundamental law or truth that explains or controls how something happens or works
synonym: rule, creed, code
(1) **principle** of treatment, (2) **principle** in business
Efficiency isn't an essential **principle** here; fairness is.
- decision**
- n. the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options
synonym: choice, determination, judgment
(1) **decision** authority, (2) a selfish **decision**

She was struggling to make a **decision** between two job offers.

native

adj. connecting with or describing someone's birth country or place of birth, or someone born in a specific country or place

synonym: endemic, domestic, aboriginal

(1) **native** to Africa, (2) **native** language

The vegetation here is almost wholly **native**.

resident

n. a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place

synonym: dweller, inhabitant, inhabitant

(1) a **resident** of the city, (2) **resident** tax

Visa renewal for **resident** foreigners in this country is once every five years.

discuss

v. to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic

synonym: talk about, converse, debate

(1) **discuss** options, (2) **discuss** solutions

We need to **discuss** the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.

ceremonial

adj. of or relating to a ceremony (= a formal event performed on a special occasion) or ritual, especially a formal or elaborate one

synonym: ritual, formal, solemn

(1) wear a **ceremonial** dress, (2) **ceremonial** speech

The wedding was a grand **ceremonial** occasion with many traditional elements.

advocate

n. a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something

synonym: proponent, exponent, promoter

(1) an **advocate** of disarmament, (2) public education

advocates

Advocates of abolishing the death penalty often argue that the alternative heaviest sentence should be life in prison.

healthcare

n. the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession

(1) **healthcare** agency, (2) rising **healthcare** cost

In an aging population, citizens must pay more to maintain quality **healthcare**.

invest

v. to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result

synonym: fund, sponsor, support

(1) **invest** in stocks, (2) **invest** capital

The government should view children as national assets and actively **invest** in them.

climate

n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

synonym: atmosphere, weather, environment

(1) a cold **climate**, (2) effects of **climate** change

Climate and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

innovative

adj. introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.

synonym: creative, ingenious, inventive

(1) use of **innovative** technology, (2) stylistically **innovative** works

The Prime Minister stressed the need to create **innovative** industries.

assembly

n. a group of people who have been elected, especially one that meets regularly and makes decisions or laws for a specific region or country

synonym: crowd, gathering, mass

(1) **assembly** line, (2) **assembly** hall

This company's **assembly** plant is an enormous facility.

adopt

v. to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own

synonym: accept, assume, take on

(1) **adopt** a child, (2) **adopt** a bill

The national assembly has **adopted** the budget.

revitalization

n. the process of giving new life or energy to something

synonym: renewal, reactivation, rejuvenation

(1) **revitalization** project, (2) **revitalization** of humanity

The **revitalization** of the downtown area brought new life to the community.

democracy

n. a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so

synonym: self-government, republic, commonwealth

(1) **democracy** advocate, (2) principles of **democracy**

Democracy often entails inclusive capitalism as well.

vision

n. the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see

synonym: sight, image, concept

(1) a prodigious **vision**, (2) telescopic **vision**

Driving is difficult for me because of my poor **vision**.

landmark

n. a notable or important event, place, or achievement; a significant object or feature that serves as a reference point

synonym: marker, reference point, guidepost

(1) a **landmark** discovery, (2) historical **landmark**

The Empire State Building is a **landmark** in New York City.

government

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

synonym: administration, regime, state

(1) **government** bureaucracy, (2) **government** funding

The federal **government** is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

behalf

n. represent; advantage, benefit, the interest of someone

synonym: benefit, advantage, favor

(1) on **behalf** of our management, (2) on his own **behalf**

I gave witness on her **behalf**.

atmosphere

n. the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work

synonym: air, ambiance, circumstances

(1) carbon dioxide in the **atmosphere**, (2) a convivial

atmosphere

The spaceship began to burn up as it approached the Earth's **atmosphere**.

struggle

v. to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction

synonym: toil, strive, compete

(1) **struggle** against discrimination, (2) **struggle** to get the job

He could not **struggle** against temptation.

inspire

v. to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative

synonym: boost, encourage, enlighten

(1) **inspire** a feeling of curiosity, (2) **inspire** him to write a novel

The unique style of this martial arts **inspired** many action film producers.

groundbreaking

adj. producing fresh findings; using novel techniques

synonym: innovative, revolutionary

(1) **groundbreaking** concept, (2) **groundbreaking** settlement

He has produced **groundbreaking** research on the subject.

lawsuit

n. a legal action taken by one party against another in a court of law, typically seeking damages or some other form of remedy for perceived wrongs or harms suffered

synonym: suit, legal action, litigation

(1) **lawsuit** settlement, (2) file a **lawsuit**

The company is facing a **lawsuit** for its alleged discrimination against employees.

ballot

n. a piece of paper used to cast a vote in an election

synonym: vote, poll, election

(1) the final **ballot**, (2) **ballot** booth

The **ballot** for the upcoming election will be sent out to registered voters next week.

lobby

n. a large area inside the entrance of a public building where people can meet and wait; a group of people who try to persuade a politician, the government, or an official group to influence legislation

synonym: entrance, hall, anteroom

(1) **lobby** for legislation, (2) a hotel **lobby**

That **lobby** group actively advocated environmental protection to the government.

grandparent

n. a parent of one's father or mother

(1) great- **grandparent**, (2) person of **grandparent** age

She was close to her paternal **grandparents** and often spent summers with them.

parliamentary

adj. of or relating to a parliament (= a legislative body) or the system of government it is a part of

synonym: legislative, parliamentary, congressional

(1) **parliamentary** government, (2) a **parliamentary** body
The **parliamentary** system of government is used in many countries.

elect

v. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something

synonym: select, choose, prefer

(1) **elect** the school board, (2) **elect** death

Every five years, the provincial governors are **elected**.

hashtag

n. a word or phrase preceded by the symbol #, used on social media websites and applications to identify messages on a specific topic

(1) marked with a **hashtag**, (2) trending **hashtag**

Our brand's campaign uses a unique **hashtag** to track engagement and reach.

viral

adj. relating to or caused by a virus

(1) fight **viral** infections, (2) detect a **viral** code

This device can more accurately detect **viral** pathogens.

decide

v. to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options

synonym: choose, determine, settle

(1) **decide** a question, (2) **decide** on a course of action

She couldn't **decide** whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.

twin

n. either of two children born at the same time from the same mother

(1) a **twin-lens** camera, (2) a **twin** room

Its **twin** brothers are difficult to tell apart except for their parents.

debate

n. a formal discussion or argument of opposing viewpoints, often to persuade others to adopt a specific position; a public discussion, often on an issue of current interest,

in which participants offer opinions and differing perspectives

synonym: argument, discussion, dispute

(1) **debate** topic, (2) **debate** competition

The **debate** over climate change continues to be a hot topic in politics.

manifesto

n. a public declaration or statement of policy and aims, usually issued by a political party or government; a written statement or proclamation of one's beliefs or intentions

synonym: declaration, proclamation, statement

(1) **manifesto** statement, (2) environmental **manifesto**

The political party issued a **manifesto** outlining its plans for the country's future.

rebellion

n. an act of violent or open resistance to an established government or ruler

synonym: insurrection, uprising, revolt

(1) **rebellion** leader, (2) excite **rebellion**

The antigovernment **rebellion** was put down quickly by the government's military forces.

intergenerational

adj. relating to, involving, or affecting different generations

(1) **intergenerational** conflict, (2) promote **intergenerational** ties

The results of that survey clearly show **intergenerational** differences in attitudes toward LGBTQ.

digital

adj. processing or storing information as a succession of 1 and 0 to show that a signal is present or missing; relating to the use of computer technology, especially the internet

synonym: numerical, computerized, cyber

(1) a **digital** watch, (2) **digital** electronic signature

Sensors convert physical phenomena into **digital** signals.

distract

v. to draw someone's attention away from what they are trying to do

synonym: divert, preoccupy, confuse

(1) **distract** attention from the real issue, (2) **distract** public opinion

Please don't **distract** me while I'm studying.

consume

v. to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount

synonym: absorb, ingest, use up

(1) **consume** a large of alcohol, (2) **consume** electricity

A smaller car will **consume** less fuel.

trap

n. a piece of equipment or hole for catching animals or people; (verb) to catch animals or people and prevent them from escaping

synonym: catch, snare, pinfall

(1) set a **trap**, (2) **trap** an animal

The enemy fell right into the **trap**.

lure

v. to tempt or persuade someone to do something

synonym: tempt, entice, attract

(1) **lure** prey, (2) **lure** foreign investment

The salesperson used a special offer to **lure** customers into buying the product.

Don

n. a Spanish gentleman; a university lecturer, especially a senior member of a college at Oxford or Cambridge

(1) the **don** of the university, (2) **Don** Giovanni

He could never go against what **Don** Carlos said.

seed

n. a small, hard, often round, a reproductive structure that contains a plant's genetic material and is capable of growing into a new plant

synonym: germ, kernel, ovule

(1) a **seed** coat, (2) **seed** money

He planted the **seed** in the soil and waited for it to sprout.

vault

n. a large room or chamber used for storage, often for valuables such as money, documents, or artwork; (verb) to leap or jump over something; to move quickly or suddenly

synonym: safe, strongbox, coffer

(1) **vault** door, (2) **vault** from five to fifty percent

The government **vault** contains top-secret documents and classified information that only a few individuals can access.

indestructible

adj. impossible to destroy or damage beyond repair

synonym: unbreakable, sturdy, durable

(1) **indestructible** warrior, (2) **indestructible** object

The vault was advertised as **indestructible** but was eventually broken into.

bunker

n. a concrete shelter or underground room, typically for storing ammunition or protecting people from enemy fire; a hazard on a golf course; a large container for storing fuel

synonym: shelter, fortification, defense

(1) coal **bunker**, (2) **bunker** facility

The soldiers took cover in the dug-out **bunker** during the bombing.

arctic

adj. of or relating to the region around the North Pole or the Arctic Ocean; very cold

synonym: cold, frozen, polar

(1) **arctic** ice, (2) high **arctic**

Cold temperatures and long, dark winters characterize the **arctic** climate.

millennium

n. a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia)

(1) past **millennium**, (2) **millennium** bottle of wine

Our world is in the third **millennium**.

ultimate

adj. furthest or highest in degree or order

synonym: highest, maximum, foremost

(1) the **ultimate** goal in life, (2) the **ultimate** luxury

Management must take **ultimate** responsibility for the accident.

mimicry

n. the act or skill of copying the sounds or behavior of a particular person or animal, often to make people laugh

synonym: imitation, apery

(1) vocal **mimicry**, (2) floral **mimicry**

Some insects use **mimicry** to avoid detection by predators.

evolution

n. a gradual process of transformation of living things

synonym: elaboration, expansion, transition

(1) human **evolution**, (2) **evolution** theory

They study the **evolution** of the universe.

survive

v. to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period

synonym: endure, persist, stay

(1) **survive** a blizzard, (2) **survive** a plane crash

These birds can only **survive** in temperate climates.

thrive

v. to grow vigorously; to make steady progress

synonym: bloom, flourish, prosper

(1) **thrive** in a society, (2) **thrive** on pressure

Without investment, a business cannot **thrive**.

offspring

n. descendant; any immature animal or plant

synonym: children, descendants, heirs

(1) female **offspring**, (2) produce **offspring**

How many **offspring** does the average lion have?

ecosystem

n. all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment

(1) marine **ecosystem**, (2) change the **ecosystem**

Human conservation efforts often fail unexpectedly because

they disturb the balance of the **ecosystem**.

embedded

adj. fixed firmly into the surface of something

synonym: ingrained, implanted, inserted

(1) **embedded** systems, (2) LED- **embedded** glass

The **embedded** chip in my credit card allows me to make contactless payments.

foul

adj. extremely unpleasant, dirty, or smelling bad

synonym: nasty, loathsome, illegal

(1) **foul** day, (2) **foul** language

It was **foul** of him to betray his friend.

nest

n. a structure in which animals lay their eggs or give birth to their young

synonym: roost, perch, burrow

(1) bird's **nest**, (2) a **nest** of thieves

The female birds build a **nest** and lay their eggs in May.

devastating

adj. causing a great deal of destruction or damage

synonym: destructive, annihilative, disastrous

(1) have **devastating** effects, (2) treat this **devastating** disease

This typhoon was the most **devastating** in years.

pace

n. the speed at which someone or something moves, or the rate at which something happens or changes

synonym: gait, rate, speed

(1) at your own **pace**, (2) the runner's **pace**

The economy is growing at a supercharged **pace**.

profound

adj. extremely great; sensed or experienced very strongly; displaying a high level of knowledge or comprehension

synonym: deep, unsounded, far-reaching

(1) a **profound** book, (2) the **profound** depths of the sea

My mother's illness had a **profound** impact on us all.

regenerate

v. to improve or renew an area, institution, system, etc., especially by making it more active or successful

synonym: renew, revive, improve

(1) **regenerate** bone tissue, (2) a **regenerate** sinner

The new CEO's primary mission is to **regenerate** the company on the verge of bankruptcy.

planet

n. any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star

synonym: earth, world, globe

(1) **planet** like the Earth, (2) save the **planet**

Mercury is the closest **planet** to the sun.

savannah

n. a mixed forest and grassland ecosystem where the trees are far enough apart that the canopy doesn't close

synonym: grassland, plain

(1) **savannah** region, (2) tropical **savannah**

The birds live in tropical forests, **savannahs**, and arid semi-desert environments.

reconnect

v. to connect again after a break or interruption

synonym: reopen, rejoin, link up

(1) **reconnect** a telephone, (2) **reconnect** with family

After a long period of estrangement, they **reconnected** with each other.

blessing

n. a gift or favor from a higher power or force; an act or expression of approval, encouragement, or gratitude; something that brings happiness or good fortune

synonym: favor, benediction, boon

(1) count your **blessings**, (2) bestowed **blessings**

Receiving support from his friends was a great **blessing** in his time of need.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1. historical la____rk | <i>n.</i> a notable or important event, place, or achievement; a significant object or feature that serves as a reference point |
| 2. co__n examination | <i>n.</i> the punctuation mark (:) used to introduce a list, summary, explanation, etc., or before reporting what someone has said; a significant part of the large intestine, the final section of the digestive system |
| 3. co____ze planets | <i>v.</i> to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers |
| 4. a fr____onal share of the vote | <i>n.</i> a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers |
| 5. vocal mi____y | <i>n.</i> the act or skill of copying the sounds or behavior of a particular person or animal, often to make people laugh |
| 6. excite re____on | <i>n.</i> an act of violent or open resistance to an established government or ruler |
| 7. floral mi____y | <i>n.</i> the act or skill of copying the sounds or behavior of a particular person or animal, often to make people laugh |
| 8. treat this dev____ng disease | <i>adj.</i> causing a great deal of destruction or damage |
| 9. bird's n__t | <i>n.</i> a structure in which animals lay their eggs or give birth to their young |

ANSWERS: 1. landmark, 2. colon, 3. colonize, 4. fraction, 5. mimicry, 6. rebellion, 7. mimicry, 8. devastating, 9. nest

10. st_____ze blood sugar levels	<i>v.</i> to become or cause to become steady or unlikely to give way
11. produce of_____ng	<i>n.</i> descendant; any immature animal or plant
12. d__y authority	<i>v.</i> to challenge or dare someone to do something; to resist or disobey a rule, decision, etc.
13. have dev_____ng effects	<i>adj.</i> causing a great deal of destruction or damage
14. on be___f of our management	<i>n.</i> represent; advantage, benefit, the interest of someone
15. re_____ct a telephone	<i>v.</i> to connect again after a break or interruption
16. va__t door	<i>n.</i> a large room or chamber used for storage, often for valuables such as money, documents, or artwork; (verb) to leap or jump over something; to move quickly or suddenly
17. in_____ce the daily life	<i>n.</i> the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself
18. sa_____ah region	<i>n.</i> a mixed forest and grassland ecosystem where the trees are far enough apart that the canopy doesn't close
19. ad__t a child	<i>v.</i> to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own
20. ma_____to statement	<i>n.</i> a public declaration or statement of policy and aims, usually issued by a political party or government; a written statement or proclamation of one's beliefs or intentions

ANSWERS: 10. stabilize, 11. offspring, 12. defy, 13. devastating, 14. behalf, 15. reconnect, 16. vault, 17. influence, 18. savannah, 19. adopt, 20. manifesto

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|-----------------------------|--|
| 21. principles of de_____cy | <i>n.</i> a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so |
| 22. ba____t booth | <i>n.</i> a piece of paper used to cast a vote in an election |
| 23. in_____t estate | <i>v.</i> to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died |
| 24. str_____al analyses | <i>adj.</i> associated with the way on construction or organization of anything |
| 25. count your bl_____ngs | <i>n.</i> a gift or favor from a higher power or force; an act or expression of approval, encouragement, or gratitude; something that brings happiness or good fortune |
| 26. tropical sa_____ah | <i>n.</i> a mixed forest and grassland ecosystem where the trees are far enough apart that the canopy doesn't close |
| 27. ext_____ary ability | <i>adj.</i> exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual |
| 28. da____e assessment | <i>v.</i> to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity |
| 29. fr_____nt of a text | <i>n.</i> a small piece or part broken off or detached |

ANSWERS: 21. democracy, 22. ballot, 23. inherit, 24. structural, 25. blessing, 26. savannah, 27. extraordinary, 28. damage, 29. fragment

30. detect a vi__l code	<i>adj.</i> relating to or caused by a virus
31. ex___d the warranty	<i>v.</i> to broaden in scope, range, or area
32. a t__n room	<i>n.</i> either of two children born at the same time from the same mother
33. marine ec_____em	<i>n.</i> all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment
34. ind_____ble object	<i>adj.</i> impossible to destroy or damage beyond repair
35. de_____on authority	<i>n.</i> the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options
36. a n__t of thieves	<i>n.</i> a structure in which animals lay their eggs or give birth to their young
37. va__t from five to fifty percent	<i>n.</i> a large room or chamber used for storage, often for valuables such as money, documents, or artwork; (verb) to leap or jump over something; to move quickly or suddenly
38. save the pl___t	<i>n.</i> any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
39. de_____cy advocate	<i>n.</i> a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so

ANSWERS: 30. viral, 31. extend, 32. twin, 33. ecosystem, 34. indestructible, 35. decision, 36. nest, 37. vault, 38. planet, 39. democracy

40. di_____ct public opinion	<i>v.</i> to draw someone's attention away from what they are trying to do
41. Internet ad_____t	<i>n.</i> a person who cannot stop using or doing something as a habit, especially something harmful
42. trending ha_____g	<i>n.</i> a word or phrase preceded by the symbol #, used on social media websites and applications to identify messages on a specific topic
43. a di_____l watch	<i>adj.</i> processing or storing information as a succession of 1 and 0 to show that a signal is present or missing; relating to the use of computer technology, especially the internet
44. ec_____y class	<i>n.</i> the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
45. rev_____ion of humanity	<i>n.</i> the process of giving new life or energy to something
46. st_____le against discrimination	<i>v.</i> to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction
47. act as a pi_____r	<i>n.</i> inventor; explorer; someone who is among the first to achieve something
48. gro_____ing concept	<i>adj.</i> producing fresh findings; using novel techniques

ANSWERS: 40. distract, 41. addict, 42. hashtag, 43. digital, 44. economy, 45. revitalization, 46. struggle, 47. pioneer, 48. groundbreaking

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|---------------------------------|--|
| 49. co____e electricity | <i>v.</i> to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount |
| 50. gov_____nt funding | <i>n.</i> the group of people with authority to control a country or state |
| 51. vi_____ry business | <i>adj.</i> having or showing exceptional foresight and imagination; not practical or realizable; speculative |
| 52. tec_____cal advancement | <i>adj.</i> based on scientific and industrial progress |
| 53. cultural le____y | <i>n.</i> something that is handed down from an earlier generation or time, often something that has had a significant impact on subsequent generations; a bequest made by a person in their will, often money or property |
| 54. great-gra_____nt | <i>n.</i> a parent of one's father or mother |
| 55. in_____ce a child's future | <i>n.</i> the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself |
| 56. sl_____y labor | <i>n.</i> the practice or system of owning, buying, and selling people as property and forcing them to work |
| 57. a political rev_____on | <i>n.</i> a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war; |
| 58. in_____t ancestral property | <i>v.</i> to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died |
| 59. a cold cl_____e | <i>n.</i> the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period |

ANSWERS: 49. consume, 50. government, 51. visionary, 52. technological, 53. legacy, 54. grandparent, 55. influence, 56. slavery, 57. revolution, 58. inherit, 59. climate

60. lo__y for legislation	<i>n.</i> a large area inside the entrance of a public building where people can meet and wait; a group of people who try to persuade a politician, the government, or an official group to influence legislation
61. gra_____ld-grandparent relationship	<i>n.</i> a child of someone's son or daughter
62. ou_____er males	<i>v.</i> to be more numerous or greater in number than another group or entity; to exceed in quantity or number
63. a fo___l leaf	<i>n.</i> any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock
64. paternal inh_____ce	<i>n.</i> the money, property, etc., that someone gives you when they die; (genetics) attributes acquired via biological heredity from ancestors
65. s__d money	<i>n.</i> a small, hard, often round, a reproductive structure that contains a plant's genetic material and is capable of growing into a new plant
66. fight vi___l infections	<i>adj.</i> relating to or caused by a virus
67. re___r an assessment	<i>v.</i> to bring someone or something into a particular state; to provide something such as service, help, etc.
68. de_____e this prize	<i>v.</i> to be worthy of or entitled to something, especially something good or valuable
69. strong and co_____ed sales staff	<i>adj.</i> willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something

ANSWERS: 60. lobby, 61. grandchild, 62. outnumber, 63. fossil, 64. inheritance, 65. seed, 66. viral, 67. render, 68. deserve, 69. committed

70. f__l day	<i>adj.</i> extremely unpleasant, dirty, or smelling bad
71. the pr____nd depths of the sea	<i>adj.</i> extremely great; sensed or experienced very strongly; displaying a high level of knowledge or comprehension
72. the ul____te luxury	<i>adj.</i> furthest or highest in degree or order
73. science of ec____y	<i>n.</i> the study of the relationships between living organisms, including humans, and their physical environment
74. tr____rm heat into power	<i>v.</i> to change in outward structure or looks;
75. re____ze talent	<i>v.</i> to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
76. em___e as a butterfly	<i>v.</i> to move out of or away from something and become visible
77. a par____ary body	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to a parliament (= a legislative body) or the system of government it is a part of
78. as___e an important role	<i>v.</i> to think or accept something to be true without having proof of it; to take or begin to have power; to begin to exhibit a specific quality or appearance
79. na___e language	<i>adj.</i> connecting with or describing someone's birth country or place of birth, or someone born in a specific country or place
80. re____on leader	<i>n.</i> an act of violent or open resistance to an established government or ruler

ANSWERS: 70. foul, 71. profound, 72. ultimate, 73. ecology, 74. transform, 75. recognize, 76. emerge, 77. parliamentary, 78. assume, 79. native, 80. rebellion

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| 81. reg_____te bone tissue | <i>v.</i> to improve or renew an area, institution, system, etc., especially by making it more active or successful |
| 82. el__t the school board | <i>v.</i> to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something |
| 83. pr_____le in business | <i>n.</i> a fundamental law or truth that explains or controls how something happens or works |
| 84. d__y gravity | <i>v.</i> to challenge or dare someone to do something; to resist or disobey a rule, decision, etc. |
| 85. a re_____nt of the city | <i>n.</i> a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place |
| 86. the co__n at the end of the sentence | <i>n.</i> the punctuation mark (:) used to introduce a list, summary, explanation, etc., or before reporting what someone has said; a significant part of the large intestine, the final section of the digestive system |
| 87. st_____ze prices | <i>v.</i> to become or cause to become steady or unlikely to give way |
| 88. co_____ze for cultivation | <i>v.</i> to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers |
| 89. po_____ss in the organization | <i>adj.</i> lacking power, strength, or authority; unable to act or affect change |
| 90. ind_____ble warrior | <i>adj.</i> impossible to destroy or damage beyond repair |

ANSWERS: 81. regenerate, 82. elect, 83. principle, 84. defy, 85. resident, 86. colon, 87. stabilize, 88. colonize, 89. powerless, 90. indestructible

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|-----------------------------------|--|
| 91. violent pi____e | <i>n.</i> the act of looting or plundering, particularly during times of war or conflict; the theft or destruction of property or valuables; (verb) to rob, loot, or plunder a place or area, usually in a violent and destructive way |
| 92. op____s the minority | <i>v.</i> to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people |
| 93. do____te over the weak | <i>v.</i> to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something |
| 94. en____s possibilities | <i>adj.</i> having no end or conclusion; infinitely very large in size or amount |
| 95. gross in____ce | <i>n.</i> a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society |
| 96. de____e on a course of action | <i>v.</i> to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options |
| 97. the runner's p__e | <i>n.</i> the speed at which someone or something moves, or the rate at which something happens or changes |
| 98. systemic ra____m | <i>n.</i> prejudice, discrimination, or antagonism directed against a person or people based on their membership in a particular ethnic group, typically one that is a minority or marginalized |
| 99. the cy__e of the seasons | <i>n.</i> an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle |

ANSWERS: 91. pillage, 92. oppress, 93. dominate, 94. endless, 95. injustice, 96. decide, 97. pace, 98. racism, 99. cycle

100. pr_____le of treatment	<i>n.</i> a fundamental law or truth that explains or controls how something happens or works
101. em___e from poverty	<i>v.</i> to move out of or away from something and become visible
102. str_____al reorganization	<i>adj.</i> associated with the way on construction or organization of anything
103. in_____e him to write a novel	<i>v.</i> to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative
104. re_____nt tax	<i>n.</i> a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
105. environmental ma_____to	<i>n.</i> a public declaration or statement of policy and aims, usually issued by a political party or government; a written statement or proclamation of one's beliefs or intentions
106. di_____t ancestors	<i>adj.</i> far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship
107. d__p the gravel on the road	<i>v.</i> to deposit or dispose of something, such as trash, waste, etc., carelessly or hurriedly
108. th___e on pressure	<i>v.</i> to grow vigorously; to make steady progress
109. di_____l electronic signature	<i>adj.</i> processing or storing information as a succession of 1 and 0 to show that a signal is present or missing; relating to the use of computer technology, especially the internet

ANSWERS: 100. principle, 101. emerge, 102. structural, 103. inspire, 104. resident, 105. manifesto, 106. distant, 107. dump, 108. thrive, 109. digital

110. female su____ge	<i>n.</i> the right to vote in political elections; the exercise of voting rights or the process of obtaining them
111. la____t settlement	<i>n.</i> a legal action taken by one party against another in a court of law, typically seeking damages or some other form of remedy for perceived wrongs or harms suffered
112. burning of fo____l fuels	<i>n.</i> any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock
113. high ar____c	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to the region around the North Pole or the Arctic Ocean; very cold
114. in____ty in education	<i>n.</i> a lack of fairness or justice; an unfair or unequal situation or practice
115. inh____ce tax	<i>n.</i> the money, property, etc., that someone gives you when they die; (genetics) attributes acquired via biological heredity from ancestors
116. a reg____te sinner	<i>v.</i> to improve or renew an area, institution, system, etc., especially by making it more active or successful
117. vi____ry ideas	<i>adj.</i> having or showing exceptional foresight and imagination; not practical or realizable; speculative
118. military ou____t	<i>n.</i> a small military camp at some distance from the main army, used mainly to observe an enemy's movements, etc.

ANSWERS: 110. suffrage, 111. lawsuit, 112. fossil, 113. arctic, 114. inequity, 115. inheritance, 116. regenerate, 117. visionary, 118. outpost

119. at your own p__e	<i>n.</i> the speed at which someone or something moves, or the rate at which something happens or changes
120. research on anti-ra___m	<i>n.</i> prejudice, discrimination, or antagonism directed against a person or people based on their membership in a particular ethnic group, typically one that is a minority or marginalized
121. ou____t area	<i>n.</i> a small military camp at some distance from the main army, used mainly to observe an enemy's movements, etc.
122. human ev_____on	<i>n.</i> a gradual process of transformation of living things
123. in a co_____ed relationship	<i>adj.</i> willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something
124. co_____al style	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony
125. su_____e a blizzard	<i>v.</i> to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period
126. op_____s the people with force	<i>v.</i> to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people
127. es_____te a fair value	<i>v.</i> to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something
128. tr_____rm an education system	<i>v.</i> to change in outward structure or looks;

ANSWERS: 119. pace, 120. racism, 121. outpost, 122. evolution, 123. committed, 124. colonial, 125. survive, 126. oppress, 127. estimate, 128. transform

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| 129. carbon dioxide in the atm_____re | <i>n.</i> the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work |
| 130. smokeless f__l | <i>n.</i> a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy |
| 131. de___e topic | <i>n.</i> a formal discussion or argument of opposing viewpoints, often to persuade others to adopt a specific position; a public discussion, often on an issue of current interest, in which participants offer opinions and differing perspectives |
| 132. use of inn_____ve technology | <i>adj.</i> introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc. |
| 133. tec_____cal policy | <i>adj.</i> based on scientific and industrial progress |
| 134. an ad_____te of disarmament | <i>n.</i> a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something |
| 135. po_____ss position | <i>adj.</i> lacking power, strength, or authority; unable to act or affect change |
| 136. a t__n-lens camera | <i>n.</i> either of two children born at the same time from the same mother |
| 137. wear a cer_____al dress | <i>adj.</i> of or relating to a ceremony (= a formal event performed on a special occasion) or ritual, especially a formal or elaborate one |
| 138. a pr_____nd book | <i>adj.</i> extremely great; sensed or experienced very strongly; displaying a high level of knowledge or comprehension |

ANSWERS: 129. atmosphere, 130. fuel, 131. debate, 132. innovative, 133. technological, 134. advocate, 135. powerless, 136. twin, 137. ceremonial, 138. profound

139. earliest human an____or	<i>n.</i> a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
140. re_____ze achievement	<i>v.</i> to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered
141. a la_____rk discovery	<i>n.</i> a notable or important event, place, or achievement; a significant object or feature that serves as a reference point
142. in_____ce system	<i>n.</i> a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society
143. the d_n of the university	<i>n.</i> a Spanish gentleman; a university lecturer, especially a senior member of a college at Oxford or Cambridge
144. a scientific di_____ry	<i>n.</i> the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known
145. go to the workplace by cy__e	<i>n.</i> an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle
146. de_____e respect	<i>v.</i> to be worthy of or entitled to something, especially something good or valuable
147. LED-em_____ed glass	<i>adj.</i> fixed firmly into the surface of something
148. a_m at a specific target	<i>v.</i> to try or plan to get or achieve something
149. female of_____ng	<i>n.</i> descendant; any immature animal or plant

ANSWERS: 139. ancestor, 140. recognize, 141. landmark, 142. injustice, 143. Don, 144. discovery, 145. cycle, 146. deserve, 147. embedded, 148. aim, 149. offspring

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| 150. mil_____um bottle of wine | <i>n.</i> a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia) |
| 151. file a la_____t | <i>n.</i> a legal action taken by one party against another in a court of law, typically seeking damages or some other form of remedy for perceived wrongs or harms suffered |
| 152. marked with a ha_____g | <i>n.</i> a word or phrase preceded by the symbol #, used on social media websites and applications to identify messages on a specific topic |
| 153. telescopic vi_____n | <i>n.</i> the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see |
| 154. oppressive co_____al rule | <i>adj.</i> of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony |
| 155. ad__t a bill | <i>v.</i> to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own |
| 156. a tr_____y during work | <i>n.</i> an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character |
| 157. temporary me_____l treatment | <i>adj.</i> relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine |
| 158. ext_____ary weather | <i>adj.</i> exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual |

ANSWERS: 150. millennium, 151. lawsuit, 152. hashtag, 153. vision, 154. colonial, 155. adopt, 156. tragedy, 157. medical, 158. extraordinary

159. cer_____al speech	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to a ceremony (= a formal event performed on a special occasion) or ritual, especially a formal or elaborate one
160. lead to des_____ve behavior	<i>adj.</i> causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
161. pi_____e gold and other treasures	<i>n.</i> the act of looting or plundering, particularly during times of war or conflict; the theft or destruction of property or valuables; (verb) to rob, loot, or plunder a place or area, usually in a violent and destructive way
162. binary rep_____ion	<i>n.</i> the act of speaking, acting, or being present on behalf of someone officially; a statement of facts and reasons made in appealing or protesting
163. D_n Giovanni	<i>n.</i> a Spanish gentleman; a university lecturer, especially a senior member of a college at Oxford or Cambridge
164. su_____e a plane crash	<i>v.</i> to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period
165. majority of his we____h	<i>n.</i> a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
166. institution of sl_____y	<i>n.</i> the practice or system of owning, buying, and selling people as property and forcing them to work
167. rising hea_____re cost	<i>n.</i> the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession

ANSWERS: 159. ceremonial, 160. destructive, 161. pillage, 162. representation, 163. Don, 164. survive, 165. wealth, 166. slavery, 167. healthcare

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| 168. co____e a large of alcohol | <i>v.</i> to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount |
| 169. na____e to Africa | <i>adj.</i> connecting with or describing someone's birth country or place of birth, or someone born in a specific country or place |
| 170. set a t__p | <i>n.</i> a piece of equipment or hole for catching animals or people; (verb) to catch animals or people and prevent them from escaping |
| 171. de____e competition | <i>n.</i> a formal discussion or argument of opposing viewpoints, often to persuade others to adopt a specific position; a public discussion, often on an issue of current interest, in which participants offer opinions and differing perspectives |
| 172. di____b the peace | <i>v.</i> to interrupt someone who is trying to work, sleep, etc. |
| 173. intensive agr______re | <i>n.</i> the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock |
| 174. re____r the contract void | <i>v.</i> to bring someone or something into a particular state; to provide something such as service, help, etc. |
| 175. gr__t a new license | <i>v.</i> to agree to give or allow somebody |
| 176. par______ary government | <i>adj.</i> of or relating to a parliament (= a legislative body) or the system of government it is a part of |
| 177. th____e in a society | <i>v.</i> to grow vigorously; to make steady progress |

ANSWERS: 168. consume, 169. native, 170. trap, 171. debate, 172. disturb, 173. agriculture, 174. render, 175. grant, 176. parliamentary, 177. thrive

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| 178. l__p of faith | <i>v.</i> to jump or spring into the air, often with the feet leaving the ground or a surface below; to move quickly or suddenly, often forward or upward |
| 179. give si___t consent | <i>adj.</i> without any or little sound |
| 180. bestowed bl_____ngs | <i>n.</i> a gift or favor from a higher power or force; an act or expression of approval, encouragement, or gratitude; something that brings happiness or good fortune |
| 181. a circular mo_____nt | <i>n.</i> a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively |
| 182. coal bu___r | <i>n.</i> a concrete shelter or underground room, typically for storing ammunition or protecting people from enemy fire; a hazard on a golf course; a large container for storing fuel |
| 183. el__t death | <i>v.</i> to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something |
| 184. ar___c ice | <i>adj.</i> of or relating to the region around the North Pole or the Arctic Ocean; very cold |
| 185. the great di_____ry of the century | <i>n.</i> the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known |

ANSWERS: 178. leap, 179. silent, 180. blessing, 181. movement, 182. bunker, 183. elect, 184. arctic, 185. discovery

186. re__l uprising	<i>n.</i> someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it
187. a habit des_____ve to health	<i>adj.</i> causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
188. biomass f__l	<i>n.</i> a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
189. sales rep_____ion	<i>n.</i> the act of speaking, acting, or being present on behalf of someone officially; a statement of facts and reasons made in appealing or protesting
190. mar_____ce competition	<i>n.</i> a physical or virtual venue where goods or services are bought and sold; an economic system that facilitates exchange between buyers and sellers
191. ec_____y of scale	<i>n.</i> the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
192. the ul_____te goal in life	<i>adj.</i> furthest or highest in degree or order
193. organic agr_____re	<i>n.</i> the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
194. group of re__ls	<i>n.</i> someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it
195. ex___d a line	<i>v.</i> to broaden in scope, range, or area

ANSWERS: 186. rebel, 187. destructive, 188. fuel, 189. representation, 190. marketplace, 191. economy, 192. ultimate, 193. agriculture, 194. rebel, 195. extend

196. st____le to get the job	<i>v.</i> to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction
197. di____ct attention from the real issue	<i>v.</i> to draw someone's attention away from what they are trying to do
198. hu____nd as a species	<i>n.</i> the whole of the living human inhabitants of the earth
199. many tr____ons of dollars	<i>n.</i> the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
200. a hotel lo__y	<i>n.</i> a large area inside the entrance of a public building where people can meet and wait; a group of people who try to persuade a politician, the government, or an official group to influence legislation
201. a_m to be a nurse	<i>v.</i> to try or plan to get or achieve something
202. public education ad____tes	<i>n.</i> a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something
203. su____ge movement	<i>n.</i> the right to vote in political elections; the exercise of voting rights or the process of obtaining them
204. rev______ion project	<i>n.</i> the process of giving new life or energy to something
205. do____te possession	<i>v.</i> to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
206. ev____on theory	<i>n.</i> a gradual process of transformation of living things

ANSWERS: 196. struggle, 197. distract, 198. humankind, 199. trillion, 200. lobby, 201. aim, 202. advocate, 203. suffrage, 204. revitalization, 205. dominate, 206. evolution

207. in___t in stocks	<i>v.</i> to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result
208. a selfish de____on	<i>n.</i> the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options
209. l___e foreign investment	<i>v.</i> to tempt or persuade someone to do something
210. l___p to a conclusion	<i>v.</i> to jump or spring into the air, often with the feet leaving the ground or a surface below; to move quickly or suddenly, often forward or upward
211. in___t capital	<i>v.</i> to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result
212. re_____ct with family	<i>v.</i> to connect again after a break or interruption
213. the aftermath of this tr_____y	<i>n.</i> an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character
214. global mar_____ce	<i>n.</i> a physical or virtual venue where goods or services are bought and sold; an economic system that facilitates exchange between buyers and sellers
215. co_____al combination of funds	<i>adj.</i> belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

ANSWERS: 207. invest, 208. decision, 209. lure, 210. leap, 211. invest, 212. reconnect, 213. tragedy, 214. marketplace, 215. communal

216. material we___h	<i>n.</i> a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
217. gr__p a chance	<i>v.</i> to take hold of something or someone quickly and firmly
218. person of gra_____nt age	<i>n.</i> a parent of one's father or mother
219. di_____b his sleep	<i>v.</i> to interrupt someone who is trying to work, sleep, etc.
220. di_____s options	<i>v.</i> to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
221. a numerator in a fr_____on	<i>n.</i> a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers
222. effects of cl_____e change	<i>n.</i> the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
223. on his own be_____f	<i>n.</i> represent; advantage, benefit, the interest of someone
224. em_____ed systems	<i>adj.</i> fixed firmly into the surface of something
225. di_____s solutions	<i>v.</i> to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
226. gro_____ing settlement	<i>adj.</i> producing fresh findings; using novel techniques
227. as___e a lousy attitude to his boss	<i>v.</i> to think or accept something to be true without having proof of it; to take or begin to have power; to begin to exhibit a specific quality or appearance

ANSWERS: 216. wealth, 217. grasp, 218. grandparent, 219. disturb, 220. discuss, 221. fraction, 222. climate, 223. behalf, 224. embedded, 225. discuss, 226. groundbreaking, 227. assume

228. business ho____n	<i>n.</i> the line at which the earth's surface and the sky appear to meet; the range of interest or activity that can be anticipated
229. co____al swimming pool	<i>adj.</i> belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
230. a broken fr____nt	<i>n.</i> a small piece or part broken off or detached
231. history of hu____nd	<i>n.</i> the whole of the living human inhabitants of the earth
232. change the ec____em	<i>n.</i> all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment
233. past mil____um	<i>n.</i> a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia)
234. gov____nt bureaucracy	<i>n.</i> the group of people with authority to control a country or state
235. v__t majority	<i>adj.</i> enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity
236. gr__t a land	<i>v.</i> to agree to give or allow somebody
237. hea____re agency	<i>n.</i> the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession
238. mo____nt of troops	<i>n.</i> a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

ANSWERS: 228. horizon, 229. communal, 230. fragment, 231. humankind, 232. ecosystem, 233. millennium, 234. government, 235. vast, 236. grant, 237. healthcare, 238. movement

239. the event ho____n of a black hole	<i>n.</i> the line at which the earth's surface and the sky appear to meet; the range of interest or activity that can be anticipated
240. v__t desert	<i>adj.</i> enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity
241. ou_____er our opponents	<i>v.</i> to be more numerous or greater in number than another group or entity; to exceed in quantity or number
242. en____s hours	<i>adj.</i> having no end or conclusion; infinitely very large in size or amount
243. f__l language	<i>adj.</i> extremely unpleasant, dirty, or smelling bad
244. gra_____ld development	<i>n.</i> a child of someone's son or daughter
245. the ec____y of the island	<i>n.</i> the study of the relationships between living organisms, including humans, and their physical environment
246. l__e prey	<i>v.</i> to tempt or persuade someone to do something
247. in____e a feeling of curiosity	<i>v.</i> to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative
248. ov____me opponents	<i>v.</i> to succeed in controlling or dealing with something, such as a problem or difficulty; to defeat or overwhelm someone
249. d__p hazardous waste	<i>v.</i> to deposit or dispose of something, such as trash, waste, etc., carelessly or hurriedly

ANSWERS: 239. horizon, 240. vast, 241. outnumber, 242. endless, 243. foul, 244. grandchild, 245. ecology, 246. lure, 247. inspire, 248. overcome, 249. dump

250. de___e a question	<i>v.</i> to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options
251. market in____ty	<i>n.</i> a lack of fairness or justice; an unfair or unequal situation or practice
252. int_____nal conflict	<i>adj.</i> relating to, involving, or affecting different generations
253. pl___t like the Earth	<i>n.</i> any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
254. beginning of the industrial rev_____on	<i>n.</i> a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
255. as_____ly line	<i>n.</i> a group of people who have been elected, especially one that meets regularly and makes decisions or laws for a specific region or country
256. financial le___y	<i>n.</i> something that is handed down from an earlier generation or time, often something that has had a significant impact on subsequent generations; a bequest made by a person in their will, often money or property
257. stylistically inn_____ve works	<i>adj.</i> introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.
258. es_____te this chicken to weigh three pounds	<i>v.</i> to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something
259. promote int_____nal ties	<i>adj.</i> relating to, involving, or affecting different generations

ANSWERS: 250. decide, 251. inequity, 252. intergenerational, 253. planet, 254. revolution, 255. assembly, 256. legacy, 257. innovative, 258. estimate, 259. intergenerational

260. a me____l opinion	<i>adj.</i> relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine
261. t__p an animal	<i>n.</i> a piece of equipment or hole for catching animals or people; (verb) to catch animals or people and prevent them from escaping
262. an____or language	<i>n.</i> a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
263. the final ba____t	<i>n.</i> a piece of paper used to cast a vote in an election
264. as____ly hall	<i>n.</i> a group of people who have been elected, especially one that meets regularly and makes decisions or laws for a specific region or country
265. tr____on cubic feet	<i>n.</i> the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
266. si____t reading	<i>adj.</i> without any or little sound
267. ov____me all difficulties	<i>v.</i> to succeed in controlling or dealing with something, such as a problem or difficulty; to defeat or overwhelm someone
268. da____e a relationship	<i>v.</i> to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity

ANSWERS: 260. medical, 261. trap, 262. ancestor, 263. ballot, 264. assembly, 265. trillion, 266. silent, 267. overcome, 268. damage

269. gr__p his hand	<i>v.</i> to take hold of something or someone quickly and firmly
270. a s__d coat	<i>n.</i> a small, hard, often round, a reproductive structure that contains a plant's genetic material and is capable of growing into a new plant
271. a convivial atm_____re	<i>n.</i> the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work
272. a drug ad___t	<i>n.</i> a person who cannot stop using or doing something as a habit, especially something harmful
273. bu___r facility	<i>n.</i> a concrete shelter or underground room, typically for storing ammunition or protecting people from enemy fire; a hazard on a golf course; a large container for storing fuel
274. a prodigious vi___n	<i>n.</i> the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see
275. early pi_____rs	<i>n.</i> inventor; explorer; someone who is among the first to achieve something
276. a di_____t memory	<i>adj.</i> far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship

ANSWERS: 269. grasp, 270. seed, 271. atmosphere, 272. addict, 273. bunker, 274. vision, 275. pioneer, 276. distant

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. European powers _____ much of the Americas in the 16th and 17th centuries.
v. to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers
2. He looked out the window at the _____ stream of people.
adj. having no end or conclusion; infinitely very large in size or amount
3. The school's lack of diversity was a clear indication of the _____ present in the community.
n. prejudice, discrimination, or antagonism directed against a person or people based on their membership in a particular ethnic group, typically one that is a minority or marginalized
4. After his death, his sons _____ his business.
v. to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died
5. The _____ scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector
n. a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
6. This company's _____ plant is an enormous facility.
n. a group of people who have been elected, especially one that meets regularly and makes decisions or laws for a specific region or country
7. My remote _____ immigrated to the United States from Ireland in the 1800s.
n. a person from whom one is descended; a forefather

ANSWERS: 1. colonized, 2. endless, 3. racism, 4. inherited, 5. fuel, 6. assembly, 7. ancestor

8. She was struggling to make a _____ between two job offers.
n. the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options
9. The enemy fell right into the _____.
n. a piece of equipment or hole for catching animals or people; (verb) to catch animals or people and prevent them from escaping
10. Historically, many countries have often _____ certain religions to gain the support of the majority of the population.
v. to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people
11. Cold temperatures and long, dark winters characterize the _____ climate.
adj. of or relating to the region around the North Pole or the Arctic Ocean; very cold
12. He narrated the _____ story of his adventure.
adj. exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual
13. Mercury is the closest _____ to the sun.
n. any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
14. Receiving support from his friends was a great _____ in his time of need.
n. a gift or favor from a higher power or force; an act or expression of approval, encouragement, or gratitude; something that brings happiness or good fortune
15. In an aging population, citizens must pay more to maintain quality _____.
n. the organized activity or business of preserving mental and physical health by preventing or treating illness through services offered by the health profession

ANSWERS: 8. decision, 9. trap, 10. oppressed, 11. arctic, 12. extraordinary, 13. planet, 14. blessing, 15. healthcare

16. The archaeologist carefully pieced together the tiny _____ of pottery found at the dig site.
- n.* a small piece or part broken off or detached
17. Many companies are now enthusiastically embracing the knowledge of _____ for sustainable development.
- n.* the study of the relationships between living organisms, including humans, and their physical environment
18. The birds live in tropical forests, _____ and arid semi-desert environments.
- n.* a mixed forest and grassland ecosystem where the trees are far enough apart that the canopy doesn't close
19. The food chain causes a material _____.
- n.* an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle
20. How many _____ does the average lion have?
- n.* descendant; any immature animal or plant
21. After a long period of estrangement, they _____ with each other.
- v.* to connect again after a break or interruption
22. The former emperor had a particular _____ even after he abdicated.
- n.* the ability to affect someone's or something's character, growth, or behavior, or the effect itself
23. Her research team made an important _____.
- n.* the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known

ANSWERS: 16. fragments, 17. ecology, 18. savannahs, 19. cycle, 20. offspring, 21. reconnected, 22. influence, 23. discovery

24. _____ advances have disrupted many industries.

adj. based on scientific and industrial progress

25. The _____ for the upcoming election will be sent out to registered voters next week.

n. a piece of paper used to cast a vote in an election

26. _____ and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

27. His vast _____ was equitably divided among the brothers.

n. the money, property, etc., that someone gives you when they die; (genetics) attributes acquired via biological heredity from ancestors

28. The wedding was a grand _____ occasion with many traditional elements.

adj. of or relating to a ceremony (= a formal event performed on a special occasion) or ritual, especially a formal or elaborate one

29. He could never go against what ____ Carlos said.

n. a Spanish gentleman; a university lecturer, especially a senior member of a college at Oxford or Cambridge

30. My father's death _____ my life completely.

v. to change in outward structure or looks;

31. The athlete was able to _____ over the hurdle with ease.

v. to jump or spring into the air, often with the feet leaving the ground or a surface below; to move quickly or suddenly, often forward or upward

ANSWERS: 24. Technological, 25. ballot, 26. Climate, 27. inheritance, 28. ceremonial, 29. Don, 30. transformed, 31. leap

32. Management must take _____ responsibility for the accident.

adj. furthest or highest in degree or order

33. The _____ leader had a clear plan for the company's future.

adj. having or showing exceptional foresight and imagination; not practical or realizable; speculative

34. The government should view children as national assets and actively _____ in them.

v. to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result

35. The _____ of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.

n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively

36. Sensors convert physical phenomena into _____ signals.

adj. processing or storing information as a succession of 1 and 0 to show that a signal is present or missing; relating to the use of computer technology, especially the internet

37. We ____ for an overseas expansion.

v. to try or plan to get or achieve something

38. During the surgery, the doctor had to be extremely cautious not to _____ a blood vessel.

v. to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity

ANSWERS: 32. ultimate, 33. visionary, 34. invest, 35. movement, 36. digital, 37. aim, 38. damage

39. The _____ chip in my credit card allows me to make contactless payments.
adj. fixed firmly into the surface of something
40. Some insects use _____ to avoid detection by predators.
n. the act or skill of copying the sounds or behavior of a particular person or animal, often to make people laugh
41. The online _____ offers a wide variety of products for shoppers.
n. a physical or virtual venue where goods or services are bought and sold; an economic system that facilitates exchange between buyers and sellers
42. Its _____ brothers are difficult to tell apart except for their parents.
n. either of two children born at the same time from the same mother
43. John Whitney was a computer animation _____.
n. inventor; explorer; someone who is among the first to achieve something
44. The _____ team worked quickly to save the patient's life.
adj. relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine
45. A smaller car will _____ less fuel.
v. to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount
46. The raising of interest rates _____ the inflation rate.
v. to become or cause to become steady or unlikely to give way
47. The _____ fought against the government for their independence.
n. someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it

ANSWERS: 39. embedded, 40. mimicry, 41. marketplace, 42. twin, 43. pioneer, 44. medical, 45. consume, 46. stabilizes, 47. rebels

48. The _____ by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.
n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
49. They study the _____ of the universe.
n. a gradual process of transformation of living things
50. The female birds build a _____ and lay their eggs in May.
n. a structure in which animals lay their eggs or give birth to their young
51. Our company is strongly _____ to meeting customers' needs.
adj. willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something
52. With the war's end, they have begun a gradual retreat from their _____.
n. a small military camp at some distance from the main army, used mainly to observe an enemy's movements, etc.
53. One light year is nearly 6 _____ miles.
n. the number 1,000,000,000,000; a million million
54. The city has a rich _____ history, with many historic buildings and landmarks.
adj. of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony
55. Please don't _____ me while I'm studying.
v. to draw someone's attention away from what they are trying to do

ANSWERS: 48. revolution, 49. evolution, 50. nest, 51. committed, 52. outposts, 53. trillion, 54. colonial, 55. distract

56. The grandparents take care of their _____ while the parents are at work.
n. a child of someone's son or daughter
57. Tourists frequently _____ the island's delicate natural balance.
v. to interrupt someone who is trying to work, sleep, etc.
58. _____ is the foundation of our economy.
n. the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
59. Every five years, the provincial governors are _____.
v. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
60. The _____ march was a peaceful protest demanding voting rights for women.
n. the right to vote in political elections; the exercise of voting rights or the process of obtaining them
61. _____ often entails inclusive capitalism as well.
n. a form of government in which the people have the authority to deliberate and decide legislation, or to choose governing officials to do so
62. The antigovernment _____ was put down quickly by the government's military forces.
n. an act of violent or open resistance to an established government or ruler
63. Her visit will _____ from Monday to Friday.
v. to broaden in scope, range, or area

ANSWERS: 56. grandchild, 57. disturb, 58. Agriculture, 59. elected, 60. suffrage, 61. Democracy, 62. rebellion, 63. extend

64. These birds can only _____ in temperate climates.

- v.* to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period

65. We need to _____ the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.

- v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic

66. The vault was advertised as _____ but was eventually broken into.

- adj.* impossible to destroy or damage beyond repair

67. Driving is difficult for me because of my poor _____.

- n.* the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see

68. He could not _____ against temptation.

- v.* to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction

69. Visa renewal for _____ foreigners in this country is once every five years.

- n.* a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place

70. The _____ of the court's decision angered many people and led to protests.

- n.* a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society

71. Efficiency isn't an essential _____ here; fairness is.

- n.* a fundamental law or truth that explains or controls how something happens or works

72. The company is facing a _____ for its alleged discrimination against employees.

- n.* a legal action taken by one party against another in a court of law, typically seeking damages or some other form of remedy for perceived wrongs or harms suffered

ANSWERS: 64. survive, 65. discuss, 66. indestructible, 67. vision, 68. struggle, 69. resident, 70. injustice, 71. principle, 72. lawsuit

73. That _____ group actively advocated environmental protection to the government.
- n.* a large area inside the entrance of a public building where people can meet and wait; a group of people who try to persuade a politician, the government, or an official group to influence legislation
74. My mother's illness had a _____ impact on us all.
- adj.* extremely great; sensed or experienced very strongly; displaying a high level of knowledge or comprehension
75. The following example _____ that the capacity of each battery is the same.
- v.* to think or accept something to be true without having proof of it; to take or begin to have power; to begin to exhibit a specific quality or appearance
76. The federal _____ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.
- n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
77. The abolition of _____ in the United States was a major achievement in the fight for human rights.
- n.* the practice or system of owning, buying, and selling people as property and forcing them to work
78. The _____ system of government is used in many countries.
- adj.* of or relating to a parliament (= a legislative body) or the system of government it is a part of
79. He planted the _____ in the soil and waited for it to sprout.
- n.* a small, hard, often round, a reproductive structure that contains a plant's genetic material and is capable of growing into a new plant

ANSWERS: 73. lobby, 74. profound, 75. assumes, 76. government, 77. slavery, 78. parliamentary, 79. seed

80. The company _____ him after several years of service.

- v.* to deposit or dispose of something, such as trash, waste, etc., carelessly or hurriedly

81. The results of that survey clearly show _____ differences in attitudes toward LGBTQ.

- adj.* relating to, involving, or affecting different generations

82. He tried to _____ a bad reputation and win the election.

- v.* to succeed in controlling or dealing with something, such as a problem or difficulty; to defeat or overwhelm someone

83. The sun set over the crest of _____ hills.

- adj.* far away in space, time, or where you are; far apart in relevance, relationship, or kinship

84. The employee _____ the promotion for their hard work and dedication.

- v.* to be worthy of or entitled to something, especially something good or valuable

85. The army's village _____ left the residents without food or shelter.

- n.* the act of looting or plundering, particularly during times of war or conflict; the theft or destruction of property or valuables; (verb) to rob, loot, or plunder a place or area, usually in a violent and destructive way

86. She couldn't _____ whether to order the pizza or the pasta for dinner.

- v.* to make up someone's mind about something; to come to a conclusion or judgment after considering options

87. He has produced _____ research on the subject.

- adj.* producing fresh findings; using novel techniques

ANSWERS: 80. dumped, 81. intergenerational, 82. overcome, 83. distant, 84. deserved, 85. pillage, 86. decide, 87. groundbreaking

88. The salesperson used a special offer to ____ customers into buying the product.
v. to tempt or persuade someone to do something
89. It was the most _____ storm in decades.
adj. causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
90. _____ of abolishing the death penalty often argue that the alternative heaviest sentence should be life in prison.
n. a person who supports or suggests an idea, development, or way of doing something
91. Our brand's campaign uses a unique _____ to track engagement and reach.
n. a word or phrase preceded by the symbol #, used on social media websites and applications to identify messages on a specific topic
92. The government _____ contains top-secret documents and classified information that only a few individuals can access.
n. a large room or chamber used for storage, often for valuables such as money, documents, or artwork; (verb) to leap or jump over something; to move quickly or suddenly
93. He spent only a _____ of his earnings.
n. a small part or item forming a piece of a whole; the quotient of two rational numbers
94. She was close to her paternal _____ and often spent summers with them.
n. a parent of one's father or mother
95. The earthquake resulted in significant _____ destruction.
adj. associated with the way on construction or organization of anything

ANSWERS: 88. lure, 89. destructive, 90. Advocates, 91. hashtag, 92. vault, 93. fraction, 94. grandparents, 95. structural

96. The national assembly has _____ the budget.

- v.* to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own

97. The spaceship began to burn up as it approached the Earth's _____.

- n.* the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work

98. It was _____ of him to betray his friend.

- adj.* extremely unpleasant, dirty, or smelling bad

99. Her _____ as a philanthropist will live on for generations to come.

- n.* something that is handed down from an earlier generation or time, often something that has had a significant impact on subsequent generations; a bequest made by a person in their will, often money or property

100. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.

- n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

101. This typhoon was the most _____ in years.

- adj.* causing a great deal of destruction or damage

102. Our world is in the third _____.

- n.* a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia)

103. We _____ the season's total trade deficit at \$50 billion.

- v.* to guess or calculate the cost, size, value, etc. of something

ANSWERS: 96. adopted, 97. atmosphere, 98. foul, 99. legacy, 100. wealth, 101. devastating, 102. millennium, 103. estimated

104. We have become TV _____ due to video streaming services.

- n.* a person who cannot stop using or doing something as a habit, especially something harmful

105. The _____ over climate change continues to be a hot topic in politics.

- n.* a formal discussion or argument of opposing viewpoints, often to persuade others to adopt a specific position; a public discussion, often on an issue of current interest, in which participants offer opinions and differing perspectives

106. It was the _____ of a dinosaur tooth.

- n.* any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock

107. They spent a lot of time trying to _____ the current situation.

- v.* to take hold of something or someone quickly and firmly

108. There's an _____ in the criminal justice system that needs to be addressed.

- n.* a lack of fairness or justice; an unfair or unequal situation or practice

109. The politician remained _____ despite intense media scrutiny.

- adj.* without any or little sound

110. On the geological time scale, _____ has existed for a brief moment.

- n.* the whole of the living human inhabitants of the earth

111. Consumption of vegetables may aid in the prevention of _____ cancer.

- n.* the punctuation mark (:) used to introduce a list, summary, explanation, etc., or before reporting what someone has said; a significant part of the large intestine, the final section of the digestive system

ANSWERS: 104. addicts, 105. debate, 106. fossil, 107. grasp, 108. inequity, 109. silent, 110. humankind, 111. colon

112. The _____ of the downtown area brought new life to the community.
n. the process of giving new life or energy to something
113. The new CEO's primary mission is to _____ the company on the verge of bankruptcy.
v. to improve or renew an area, institution, system, etc., especially by making it more active or successful
114. The chairperson _____ him the right to speak.
v. to agree to give or allow somebody
115. The perspective of his right brain _____ his consciousness.
v. to have or control a lot of power and influence over somebody or something
116. During colonial eras, new migratory patterns _____.
v. to move out of or away from something and become visible
117. A _____ audience viewed the broadcast.
adj. enormous in size, number, amount, or quantity
118. The Prime Minister stressed the need to create _____ industries.
adj. introducing or using new methods, ideas, etc.
119. The vegetation here is almost wholly _____.
adj. connecting with or describing someone's birth country or place of birth, or someone born in a specific country or place
120. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
n. the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

ANSWERS: 112. revitalization, 113. regenerate, 114. granted, 115. dominates, 116. emerged, 117. vast, 118. innovative, 119. native, 120. economy

121. The Empire State Building is a _____ in New York City.

- n.* a notable or important event, place, or achievement; a significant object or feature that serves as a reference point

122. She tried to _____ her parents by moving to the city against their wishes.

- v.* to challenge or dare someone to do something; to resist or disobey a rule, decision, etc.

123. The number of tourists in the city now _____ the locals.

- v.* to be more numerous or greater in number than another group or entity; to exceed in quantity or number

124. This device can more accurately detect _____ pathogens.

- adj.* relating to or caused by a virus

125. Without investment, a business cannot _____.

- v.* to grow vigorously; to make steady progress

126. The political party issued a _____ outlining its plans for the country's future.

- n.* a public declaration or statement of policy and aims, usually issued by a political party or government; a written statement or proclamation of one's beliefs or intentions

127. During the hurricane, we felt _____ against the winds and rain.

- adj.* lacking power, strength, or authority; unable to act or affect change

128. I gave witness on her _____.

- n.* represent; advantage, benefit, the interest of someone

ANSWERS: 121. landmark, 122. defy, 123. outnumber, 124. viral, 125. thrive, 126. manifesto, 127. powerless, 128. behalf

129. Macbeth is a famous _____ by Shakespeare.

- n.* an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character

130. It's important to _____ your strengths and weaknesses.

- v.* to acknowledge or realize something or someone; to identify, remember, or become aware of something that was previously known or encountered

131. The unique style of this martial arts _____ many action film producers.

- v.* to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative

132. A person who has been declared incompetent should have legal _____.

- n.* the act of speaking, acting, or being present on behalf of someone officially; a statement of facts and reasons made in appealing or protesting

133. As the sun set, the colors of the sky merged with the _____ creating a beautiful orange and pink hue.

- n.* the line at which the earth's surface and the sky appear to meet; the range of interest or activity that can be anticipated

134. _____ elections were held in several European countries.

- adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use

135. The soldiers took cover in the dug-out _____ during the bombing.

- n.* a concrete shelter or underground room, typically for storing ammunition or protecting people from enemy fire; a hazard on a golf course; a large container for storing fuel

ANSWERS: 129. tragedy, 130. recognize, 131. inspired, 132. representation, 133. horizon, 134. Communal, 135. bunker

136. The jury must _____ a decision on this complex case.

- v.* to bring someone or something into a particular state; to provide something such as service, help, etc.

137. The economy is growing at a supercharged _____.

- n.* the speed at which someone or something moves, or the rate at which something happens or changes

138. Human conservation efforts often fail unexpectedly because they disturb the balance of the _____.

- n.* all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment

ANSWERS: 136. render, 137. pace, 138. ecosystem