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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Lisa Krause: Who were Las Mariposas, and why were they murdered? | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/lisa_krause_who_were_las _mariposas_and_why_were_they_murdered



All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

| imprison | v. to confine a person to a prison, a detention facility, or a place of involuntary confinement synonym: incarcerate, detain, confine | | |
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| | (1) imprison illegal immigrant, (2) imprison myself within the room | | |
| | He was imprisoned for embezzlement. | | |
| torture | n. the act of causing intense pain or suffering to someone to punish them, extract information from them, or for some other reason synonym: torment, abuse, mistreatment | | |
| | (1) a torture chamber, (2) an instrument of torture | | |
| | The use of torture is strictly prohibited under international law. | | |
| murder | <i>n.</i> the crime of killing somebody intentionally <i>synonym</i> : slaying, killing | | |
| | (1) murder in the second degree, (2) attempted murder | | |
| | This intriguing murder mystery remains unsolved. | | |
| dictator | <i>n.</i> a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force | | |

| | synonym: autocrat, tyrant, despot |
|-------------|---|
| | (1) military dictator , (2) a dictator with enormous powers |
| | A popular uprising led to the overthrow of the dictator . |
| republic | n. a state or country in which the people and their elected representatives hold supreme power and which has an elected or nominated president rather than a monarch synonym: democracy, federation, commonwealth |
| | (1) republic democracy, (2) the republic of art |
| | The United States is a federal presidential constitutional |
| | republic. |
| underground | adj. under the surface of the ground; a secret group organized to achieve a specific purpose, such as overthrowing the government or occupying a force synonym: subterranean, subsurface, confidential |
| | (1) water flowing underground, (2) underground activist |
| | Having underground parking has been very beneficial throughout the winter. |
| revolution | n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war; synonym: coup, innovation, rebellion |
| | (1) beginning of the industrial revolution , (2) a political revolution |
| | The revolution by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth. |
| courage | n. the ability to face danger, difficulty, uncertainty, or pain without being overcome by fear or despair; the quality of being brave or courageous synonym: bravery, valor, fearlessness |
| | (1) mental courage , (2) inspire courage |
| | It takes a lot of courage to stand up for what you believe is |
| | |

right.

| inspire | v. to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative synonym: boost, encourage, enlighten |
|------------|---|
| | (1) inspire a feeling of curiosity, (2) inspire him to write a novel |
| | The unique style of this martial arts inspired many action film producers. |
| threaten | v. to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone |
| | synonym: endanger, terrorize, intimidate |
| | (1) threaten a healthy relationship, (2) threaten national security |
| | Various artificially induced causes are threatening our ecosystem. |
| tragic | adj. causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate synonym: calamitous, disastrous, catastrophic |
| | (1) tragic love stories, (2) tragic death |
| | The tragic events of the war left many families torn apart. |
| military | adj. relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare synonym: armed, martial, warlike |
| | (1) a military operation, (2) a military leader |
| | The military academy was known for its strict discipline and |
| | training. |
| rank | <i>n.</i> a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others |
| | synonym: position, status, standing |
| | (1) rank amateur, (2) high rank |
| | He was promoted to the rank of captain in the military. |
| statistics | <i>n.</i> the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data |

| | (1) statistics for cancer, (2) official statisticsThe statistics demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems. |
|------------|---|
| occupation | <i>n</i>. a person's job or profession; the act of taking possession <i>synonym</i>: job, profession, vocation |
| | (1) occupation disease, (2) occupation of a building |
| | The police stopped the suspicious person and asked him to give his name, address, and occupation . |
| assume | v. to think or accept something to be true without having proof of it; to take or begin to have power; to begin to exhibit a specific quality or appearance synonym: guess, presume, suppose |
| | (1) assume a lousy attitude to his boss, (2) assume an important role |
| | The following example assumes that the capacity of each battery is the same. |
| coup | <i>n.</i> a sudden, violent, and illegal seizure of power from a government; an impressive or successful action or achievement |
| | synonym: revolution, overthrow, takeover |
| | (1) coup plotters, (2) military coup |
| | The prime minister was arrested and charged with treason after he was found to be involved in the coup . |
| rig | v. to prepare or set up something in a certain way, typically in a carefully planned or fraudulent manner; to equip with sails or masts |
| | synonym: set up, prepare, arrange |
| | (1) rig an election, (2) rig a ship with new sails |
| | He rigged the game so he could win the prize. |
| elect | v. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something |

| | synonym: select, choose, prefer |
|----------|---|
| | (1) elect the school board, (2) elect death |
| | Every five years, the provincial governors are elected . |
| enrich | v. to make better or improve in quality by adding something else |
| | synonym: enhance, improve, augment |
| | (1) enrich a gas with a balloon, (2) enrich public services |
| | Reading not only increases knowledge but also enriches life. |
| gross | <i>adj.</i> being the total amount of something before any deductions; obese and ugly or unpleasant <i>synonym</i> : before tax, total, abhorrent |
| | (1) the gross amount, (2) gross injustice |
| | The drastic reorganization has significantly increased this |
| | company's gross profits. |
| domestic | <i>adj.</i> relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international |
| | synonym: endemic, private, household |
| | (1) domestic airline, (2) a domestic animal |
| | GDP stands for gross domestic product. |
| monopoly | n. exclusive control or possession of something, especially an area of business; a board game in which players try to gain a monopoly on real estate synonym: cartel, trust, ownership |
| | (1) a government monopoly , (2) monopoly in distribution |
| | The government strived to protect its tobacco monopoly . |
| rename | v. to give a new name to something; to change the name of something |
| | synonym: rebrand, rechristen, re-label |
| | (1) rename the street, (2) rename in plain English |
| | The new owners renamed the restaurant to give it a fresh |
| | start. |

| portrait | n. a painting, picture; the likeness of a person, especially one showing the face |
|-----------|---|
| | synonym: illustration, image, portraiture |
| | (1) a portrait painter, (2) portrait of a well-known figure |
| | A well-known artist painted this lovely lady's portrait . |
| display | v. to exhibit or show something to others, often to attract attention or demonstrate its features, properties, or value |
| | synonym: show, exhibit, present |
| | (1) display merchandise, (2) display artwork |
| | We need to display our products in an attractive way to |
| | attract customers. |
| committed | adj. willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something synonym: devoted, faithful, attached |
| | (1) in a committed relationship, (2) strong and committed sales staff |
| | Our company is strongly committed to meeting customers' needs. |
| atrocity | <i>n.</i> brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act <i>synonym</i> : evil, horror, iniquity |
| | (1) commit atrocity, (2) cold-blooded atrocity |
| | The atrocity of the war left many children orphaned. |
| massacre | n. the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals synonym: slaughter, bloodbath, butchery |
| | (1) massacre in the village, (2) animal massacre |
| | The massacre of innocent civilians in the war zone was a |
| | tragic event. |
| maintain | v. to continue to uphold or sustain; to keep in a particular state or condition; to assert or declare something to be |

| | true synonym: preserve, uphold, sustain (1) maintain order, (2) maintain good health I need to maintain my car regularly to prevent any major mechanical issues. |
|-------------|--|
| opponent | n. a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc. synonym: adversary, competitor, enemy |
| | (1) computer opponent, (2) death-penalty opponentHe was attempting to confuse his opponent. |
| countryside | n. rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery synonym: rural, rustic, pastoral |
| | (1) countryside scenery, (2) countryside lifestyle The small village in the countryside was perfect for a quiet getaway. |
| relative | adj. considered and evaluated through comparison with something else synonym: comparative, proximate, congeneric |
| | (1) a remote relative , (2) relative factors |
| | Most countries prohibit sexual activity between certain close relatives . |
| opposition | n. the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement synonym: resistance, hostility, antagonism |
| | (1) opposition campaign, (2) meet with opposition The opposition party strongly disagreed with the government's proposed legislation. |
| discuss | v. to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information |

| | on a particular topic |
|----------|--|
| | synonym: talk about, converse, debate |
| | (1) discuss options, (2) discuss solutions |
| | We need to discuss the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow. |
| oppress | v. to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people synonym: antagonize, distress, burden |
| | (1) oppress the minority, (2) oppress the people with force |
| | Historically, many countries have often oppressed certain |
| | religions to gain the support of the majority of the population. |
| invest | v. to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result synonym: fund, sponsor, support |
| | (1) invest in stocks, (2) invest capital |
| | The government should view children as national assets and actively invest in them. |
| collapse | v. to fall down or give way suddenly, often after breaking apart synonym: tumble, spill, bankruptcy |
| | (1) the stock market collapsed , (2) ready to collapse |
| | The roof finally collapsed after three days and three nights of heavy snowfall. |
| invite | v. to ask someone to come or join; to offer an opportunity or possibility for something to happen or take place synonym: ask, request, summon |
| | (1) invite guests, (2) invite criticism |
| | We want to invite you to our annual charity event. |
| hunt | v. to go after and try to catch wild animals to kill them for food, sport, or profit synonym: |

| | chase, pursuit, quest |
|------------|--|
| | (1) hunt a job, (2) hunt after knowledge |
| | Hounds hunt their prey by using their keen scent. |
| decline | v. to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept synonym: descend, drop, deny |
| | (1) decline a job offer, (2) decline in quality |
| | As people age, their digestive capacity also gradually declines . |
| invitation | n. a spoken or written request to participate or be present or take part in something synonym: request, asking, proposal |
| | (1) a letter of invitation , (2) invitation of foreign investment |
| | I will be very happy to accept your invitation . |
| attempt | an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult |
| | synonym: endeavor, effort, try |
| | the attempt to rescue the hostages, (2) a reckless attempt |
| | The third attempt was far more successful. |
| reception | n. the act of receiving or the state of being received, especially warmly or kindly; a formal party of people synonym: welcome, greeting, party |
| | (1) a cold reception , (2) reception desk |
| | The wedding reception was held in the grand ballroom of the |
| | hotel. |
| eventually | adv. finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on synonym: finally, someday, ultimately |
| | (1) eventually become obsolete, (2) eventually succeed |
| | The corporation eventually dominated the entire tobacco |

| | business. |
|------------|--|
| reject | v. to refuse to accept, consider, or use something or someone synonym: decline, turn down, repudiate |
| | (1) reject the proposal, (2) reject all imperfect merchandise The company rejected the job candidate's application due to a lack of experience. |
| advance | <i>v.</i> to go or move forward; to develop in a positive way <i>synonym</i> : progress, boost, come along |
| | (1) advance the technology, (2) advance a cooperative relationship |
| | Scientific knowledge will advance significantly with the power of AI. |
| seldom | <i>adv.</i> not often; rarely <i>synonym</i> : rarely, hardly, infrequently |
| | (1) seldom try to walk, (2) seldom fluctuate |
| | He seldom went out to socialize, preferring to spend evenings at home. |
| disrespect | <i>n.</i> an expression of lack of regard or contempt for someone or something |
| | synonym: impoliteness, rudeness, insult |
| | (1) mean no disrespect , (2) disrespect for a customer |
| | His disrespectful behavior towards his elders earned him a stern warning from his parents. |
| property | <i>n.</i> a thing or things that belong to someone <i>synonym</i> : belongings, possessions, equity |
| | (1) a man of property , (2) chemical property |
| | He stood to inherit a million-dollar property. |
| confiscate | v. to seize, take or appropriate something by authority, often as a penalty for breaking laws or rules |

synonym:

| seize, ta | ke, exprop | oriate |
|-----------|------------|--------|
| 00.20, 10 | ne, enprer | |

| | (1) confiscate drugs, (2) confiscate property The security officer had to confiscate the weapon from the suspect. |
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| graduated | adj. having received a degree from a school, college, or university; marked with or divided into levels or degrees synonym: completed, finished, earned |
| | (1) graduated taxation, (2) graduated flask |
| | She was a graduated student of a prestigious university. |
| honor | n. high regard or great respect for someone; the quality of having and doing based on a keen sense of morality; (verb) to show respect towards someone synonym: integrity, virtue, acclaim |
| | (1) womanly honor , (2) honor our ancestors |
| | I claim on my honor that it is true. |
| degree | n. a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment synonym: level, qualification, diploma |
| | (1) bachelor's degree , (2) degree centigrade |
| | She received her degree in psychology from the university. |
| deny | v. to state that one refuses to admit the existence or truth of something synonym: refute, reject, repudiate |
| | (1) adamantly deny killing, (2) deny the allegations |
| | He is still denying stealing the money from the cash register. |
| | The le can denying cleaning the menoy norm the caer registeri |
| process | n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products synonym: procedure, method, system |

| | (1) process improvement, (2) decision-making process The process for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated. |
|------------|--|
| oversee | v. to watch and direct someone or something to make sure that it is being done correctly synonym: manage, command, supervise |
| | (1) oversee the process, (2) properly oversee the staff |
| | A committee was appointed to oversee a huge budget. |
| conviction | <i>n</i> . a strong belief or opinion, especially one that is based on principles or evidence; (criminal law) a final judgment of guilty in a criminal case and the punishment that is imposed |
| | synonym: belief, certainty, faith |
| | (1) moral conviction , (2) conviction for murder |
| | She spoke with conviction about the importance of |
| | education. |
| launch | v. to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time synonym: start, initiate, begin |
| | (1) launch a spaceship into orbit, (2) launch a big attack |
| | The company is set to launch its new product line next |
| | month. |
| crush | v. to press it firmly, usually with your hands or a tool, so that it becomes flat or smaller |
| | synonym: destroy, demolish, pulverize |
| | (1) crush coffee beans, (2) crush a revolt |
| | The car was completely crushed in the accident. |
| overthrow | v. to defeat or remove a leader or a government from a position of power by force synonym: defeat, destroy, conquer |
| | (1) overthrow the government, (2) overthrow the theory |

| | The group aims to overthrow the military regime. |
|-------------|---|
| movement | n. a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively synonym: motion, progression, action |
| | (1) a circular movement , (2) movement of troops |
| | The movement of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant. |
| butterfly | n. a diurnal insect typically has a slender body with knobbed antennae and broad, colorful wings |
| | (1) butterfly effect, (2) the life cycle of a butterfly |
| | He enjoys collecting butterfly specimens. |
| attend | v. to be present at an event, to go to a placesynonym: go, be present, accompany |
| | (1) attend a meeting, (2) attend service |
| | We must attend to this matter. |
| clandestine | <i>adj.</i> done or kept in secret, especially because it is illegal or not allowed |
| | synonym: secret, hidden, covert |
| | (1) non- clandestine expenses, (2) a clandestine location |
| | The spy carried out the mission in a clandestine manner. |
| distribute | v. to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something synonym: broadcast, disperse, hand out |
| | (1) distribute wealth evenly, (2) distribute video content |
| | His estate was distributed to his sons. |
| pamphlet | a small booklet that contains information or arguments about a particular subject synonym: brochure, leaflet, booklet |
| | (1) propaganda pamphlet , (2) pamphlet in English |

The political organization handed out **pamphlets** to raise awareness about their cause. violation an action that breaches a law, rule, or agreement; an n. infringement of rights or duties synonym: breach, transgression, infraction (1) violation law, (2) commit a traffic violation The international community has widely condemned the violation of human rights. someone who speaks or acts officially on behalf of representative n. another person or group of people synonym: spokesperson, agent, delegate (1) an official **representative**, (2) sales **representative** The media **representatives** had special passes. the way of construction of something and the structure n. arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts synonym: construction, architecture, establishment (1) the **structure** of a machine, (2) **structure** and function of the brain The organizational **structure** of start-ups is often flat and straightforward. a public rebellion, especially against an established uprising n. government or authority synonym: revolt, rebellion, insurgency (1) stage an **uprising**, (2) violent **uprising** The anti-government uprising was successful in overthrowing the regime. a person who is employed or trained to observe or n. spy gather information in secret, often for military or political purposes; a person who secretly or illegally gathers

synonym: agent, undercover operative

information about a private individual or organization

| | (1) spy cameras, (2) digital spy tools The government recruited a spy to gather information on a suspected terrorist cell |
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| revolutionary | <i>adj.</i> relating to or characterized by a complete or dramatic change |
| | synonym: radical, innovative, groundbreaking |
| | (1) revolutionary change, (2) enforce revolutionary justice |
| | The revolutionary leader inspired others to join the fight for freedom and democracy. |
| arrest | v. to take into custody |
| | synonym: capture, detain, imprison |
| | (1) arrest the thief, (2) arrest the progress |
| | A police officer has the authority to arrest a criminal. |
| creative | <i>adj.</i> relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something<i>synonym</i>: imaginative, innovative, inventive |
| | (1) creative writing, (2) barren of creative spirit |
| | All the supervisor has to do is assign tasks that make his subordinates more creative . |
| transmit | v. to send or forward an electronic signal; to pass something from one person or thing to another synonym: convey, share, dispatch |
| | (1) transmit the disease, (2) transmit information |
| | Parents often transmit their characteristics to their children. |
| rebel | n. someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it |
| | synonym: insurgent, dissenter, mutineer |
| | (1) rebel uprising, (2) group of rebels |
| | The rebels fought against the government for their independence. |

| church | n. a building or institution dedicated to religious worship or activities; a Christian religious organization or denomination synonym: chapel, cathedral, synagogue | | |
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| | (1) church bell, (2) small church | | |
| | The church on the corner is hosting a free community meal | | |
| | tonight. | | |
| critic | n. someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc. synonym: pundit, analyst, attacker | | |
| | (1) art critic, (2) severe critic | | |
| | Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their | | |
| | critics. | | |
| release | <i>v.</i> to set free or allow to escape from confinement <i>synonym</i> : free, let go, discharge | | |
| | (1) release a prisoner, (2) release CO2 into the air | | |
| | The animal rights group worked to release the dolphins back into the wild. | | |
| regime | n. the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit synonym: administration, establishment, government | | |
| | (1) a puppet regime , (2) exercise regime | | |
| | Totalitarian regimes are less likely to innovate because they deprive individuals of economic incentives. | | |
| stability | <i>n.</i> the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast <i>synonym</i> : resilience, solidity, steadiness | | |
| | (1) stability pact, (2) fiscal stability pact | | |
| | The policy should increase the country's monetary stability . | | |
| ego | <i>n</i>. a consciousness of your own identity; a person's sense of self-esteem or self-importance, especially inflated one <i>synonym</i>: self-esteem, personality, psyche | | |

| | (1) ego defense mechanisms, (2) national ego She was constantly trying to boost her ego by talking about her accomplishments. | | | | |
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| asphyxiate | v. to make someone unable to breathe, usually resulting in unconscious or death synonym: suffocate, choke, stifle | | | | |
| | (1) asphyxiate him to death, (2) asphyxiate rival companies | | | | |
| | Three people were asphyxiated in the crowd crush of the demo. | | | | |
| roll | v. to move in a particular direction by turning over and over or from side to side synonym: spin, swirl, wheel | | | | |
| | (1) roll a ball, (2) roll down his cheeks | | | | |
| | He was exhausted and rolled into bed as soon as he got home. | | | | |
| frame | <i>n.</i> a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window <i>synonym</i>: body, skeleton, scaffolding | | | | |
| | (1) a picture frame , (2) the frame of the policy | | | | |
| | The detective looked for fingerprints on the window frame. | | | | |
| accident | <i>n</i> . an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury | | | | |
| | synonym: calamity, casualty, chance | | | | |
| | (1) cause an accident , (2) injury in a car accident | | | | |
| | The accident partially destroyed my vehicle. | | | | |
| silent | <i>adj.</i> without any or little sound <i>synonym</i> : quiet, hushed, mute | | | | |
| | (1) silent reading, (2) give silent consent | | | | |
| | The politician remained silent despite intense media scrutiny. | | | | |

| stabilize | v. to become or cause to become steady or unlikely to give way |
|---------------|---|
| | synonym: brace, steady, secure |
| | (1) stabilize prices, (2) stabilize blood sugar levels |
| | The raising of interest rates stabilizes the inflation rate. |
| backfire | v. to have an opposite and undesirable effect to what was intended; to make a sudden noise like an explosion synonym: recoil, boomerang, misfire |
| | (1) backfire big time, (2) backfire spectacularly |
| | The company's decision to lay off a large number of employees backfired as it led to a decrease in productivity. |
| flimsy | <i>adj.</i> very thin and easily broken or damaged; poorly made and not strong enough for the purpose for which it is used |
| | synonym: delicate, insubstantial, fragile |
| | (1) a flimsy structure, (2) make a flimsy excuse |
| | His arguments are based on flimsy evidence. |
| communal | <i>adj.</i> belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use |
| | synonym: collaborative, combined, collective |
| | (1) communal swimming pool, (2) communal combination of funds |
| | Communal elections were held in several European countries. |
| condemn | <i>v.</i> to express strong disapproval or criticism of something <i>synonym</i> : criticize, denounce, censure |
| | (1) condemn violence, (2) condemn crime |
| | The government was condemned for its handling of the crisis. |
| assassination | n. the act of killing a public figure, especially a political leader, usually for political or religious motives synonym: murder, killing, execution |

| | (1) failed assassination attempt, (2) assassination plot The assassination of the president sent shockwaves through the nation. | | |
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| embassy | n. the diplomatic building where a country's representatives to a foreign country are based synonym: consulate, mission, legation | | |
| | (1) embassy staff, (2) embassy function | | |
| | The embassy building was heavily guarded by security personnel. | | |
| violent | adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something synonym: aggressive, intense, turbulent | | |
| | (1) victim of a violent crime, (2) violent incident | | |
| | The protesters became violent when the police tried to | | |
| | disperse them. | | |
| reign | n. the period of time during which a monarch or government holds power; (verb) to be the king or queen synonym: rule, governance, sovereignty | | |
| | (1) reign of a dictator, (2) reign as sovereign | | |
| | The dictator's reign was characterized by widespread human rights abuses and suppression of political opposition. | | |
| survive | <i>v.</i> to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period <i>synonym</i> : endure, persist, stay | | |
| | (1) survive a blizzard, (2) survive a plane crash | | |
| | These birds can only survive in temperate climates. | | |
| surpass | v. to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something synonym: excel, outdo, outperform | | |
| | (1) surpass imagination, (2) surpass \$20 billion in sales | | |
| | The athlete's record-breaking performance surpassed all expectations. | | |

| clutch | v. to grasp and hold somebody or something tightlysynonym: grip, hold, grab | | | |
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| | (1) clutch at any straw, (2) clutched her daughter to her breast | | | |
| | The boy clutched his mother's hand tightly as they walked in the dark. | | | |
| tyranny | <i>n</i>. a form of government in which a single ruler has absolute power, often exercised cruelly and oppressively; the arbitrary or oppressive exercise of power or control over others <i>synonym</i>: despotism, oppression, dictatorship | | | |
| | (1) brutal tyranny , (2) tyranny of the majority | | | |
| | The country was ruled by a tyranny that oppressed its | | | |
| | citizens. | | | |
| nation | <i>n</i> . a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture | | | |
| | synonym: country, state, sovereign entity | | | |
| | (1) nation-state, (2) a seafaring nation | | | |
| | The nation of Japan is known for its unique culture and | | | |
| | advanced technology. | | | |
| hero | n. a person who is admired or idealized for courage, outstanding achievements, or noble qualities; a character in literature or history who is central to the plot and who exhibits heroic qualities synonym: champion, protagonist, savior | | | |
| | (1) local hero , (2) unsung hero | | | |
| | The soldier who sacrificed his life for his country is | | | |
| | considered a national hero . | | | |
| monument | n. a statue, building, or other structure erected to commemorate a person or event synonym: memorial, marker, statue | | | |
| | (1) humanity's monument , (2) monument honoring | | | |

| | The stone monument was built to commemorate the war heroes. |
|-------------|---|
| commemorate | v. to honor the memory of someone or something by ceremony or tribute synonym: honor, remember, celebrate |
| | (1) commemorate her long life, (2) commemorate a deed |
| | The country commemorated the war heroes on Memorial Day. |
| struggle | v. to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction synonym: toil, strive, compete |
| | (1) struggle against discrimination, (2) struggle to get the job |
| | He could not struggle against temptation. |
| declare | v. to say, state, or announce something clearly, officially, or publicly |
| | synonym: announce, state, affirm |
| | (1) declare independence, (2) declare my love |
| | Foreign goods from abroad must be declared to customs |
| | when entering a country. |
| anniversary | n. the annual recurrence of a date marking a notable event; a date on which an event occurred in a previous year |
| | synonym: commemoration, celebration, observance |
| | (1) anniversary celebration, (2) a bicentennial anniversary |
| | They celebrated their 10th anniversary with a romantic dinner. |
| elimination | <i>n.</i> the act or process of removing or getting rid of something or someone |
| | synonym: removal, eradication, extinction |
| | (1) waste elimination, (2) an elimination tournament |

The government's efforts toward disease **elimination** have been successful in many regions.

courageousadj. able to face and deal with danger or fear without
flinching
synonym: brave, valiant, fearless

(1) make a **courageous** decision, (2) **courageous** rescue attempt

He was a **courageous** soldier who had served his country with honor.

Session 2: Spelling

| 1. | unsung ho | n. | a person who is admired or idealized for courage, outstanding achievements, or noble qualities; a character in literature or history who is central to the plot and who exhibits heroic qualities |
|----|-----------------------------|------|---|
| 2. | sem try to walk | adv. | not often; rarely |
| 3. | imon myself within the room | v. | to confine a person to a prison, a detention facility, or a place of involuntary confinement |
| 4. | hor our ancestors | n. | high regard or great respect for someone; the quality of having and doing based on a keen sense of morality; (verb) to show respect towards someone |
| 5. | aspte him to death | v. | to make someone unable to breathe, usually resulting in unconscious or death |
| 6. | r_laball | v. | to move in a particular direction by turning over and over or from side to side |
| 7. | mean no disct | n. | an expression of lack of regard or contempt for someone or something |
| 8. | local ho | n. | a person who is admired or idealized for courage, outstanding achievements, or noble qualities; a character in literature or history who is central to the plot and who exhibits heroic qualities |

ANSWERS: 1. hero, 2. seldom, 3. imprison, 4. honor, 5. asphyxiate, 6. roll, 7. disrespect, 8. hero

| 9. tyy of the majority | n. | a form of government in which a single ruler has absolute power, often exercised cruelly and oppressively; the arbitrary or oppressive exercise of power or control over others |
|---------------------------|------|---|
| 10. make a couus decision | adj. | able to face and deal with danger or fear without flinching |
| 11. reic democracy | n. | a state or country in which the people and their elected representatives hold supreme power and which has an elected or nominated president rather than a monarch |
| 12. a clane location | adj. | done or kept in secret, especially because it is illegal or not allowed |
| 13. trc love stories | adj. | causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate |
| 14. main order | v. | to continue to uphold or sustain; to keep in a particular state or condition; to assert or declare something to be true |
| 15. give sit consent | adj. | without any or little sound |
| 16. stacs for cancer | n. | the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data |
| 17. chh bell | n. | a building or institution dedicated to religious worship or activities; a Christian religious organization or denomination |
| 18. assion plot | n. | the act of killing a public figure, especially a political leader, usually for political or religious motives |

ANSWERS: 9. tyranny, 10. courageous, 11. republic, 12. clandestine, 13. tragic, 14. maintain, 15. silent, 16. statistics, 17. church, 18. assassination

| 19. | int capital | v. | to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result |
|-----|--------------------------------|------|--|
| 20. | the grs amount | adj. | being the total amount of something before any deductions; obese and ugly or unpleasant |
| 21. | waste elion | n. | the act or process of removing or getting rid of something or someone |
| 22. | a man of prty | n. | a thing or things that belong to someone |
| 23. | trc death | adj. | causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate |
| 24. | the life cycle of a buly | n. | a diurnal insect typically has a slender body with knobbed antennae and broad, colorful wings |
| 25. | stre and function of the brain | n. | the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts |
| 26. | coude lifestyle | n. | rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery |
| 27. | dee centigrade | n. | a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment |
| 28. | cp plotters | n. | a sudden, violent, and illegal seizure of power from a government; an impressive or successful action or achievement |

ANSWERS: 19. invest, 20. gross, 21. elimination, 22. property, 23. tragic, 24. butterfly, 25. structure, 26. countryside, 27. degree, 28. coup

| 29. a bicentennial annry | n. | the annual recurrence of a date marking a notable event; a date on which an event occurred in a previous year |
|--------------------------------|------|--|
| 30. animal mare | n. | the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals |
| 31. gred taxation | adj. | having received a degree from a school, college, or university; marked with or divided into levels or degrees |
| 32. commit atty | n. | brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act |
| 33. ine a feeling of curiosity | v. | to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative |
| 34. humanity's mont | n. | a statue, building, or other structure erected to commemorate a person or event |
| 35. high rk | n. | a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others |
| 36. sales repive | n. | someone who speaks or acts officially on behalf of another person or group of people |
| 37. non-clane expenses | adj. | done or kept in secret, especially because it is illegal or not allowed |
| 38. small chh | n. | a building or institution dedicated to religious worship or activities; a Christian religious organization or denomination |

ANSWERS: 29. anniversary, 30. massacre, 31. graduated, 32. atrocity, 33. inspire, 34. monument, 35. rank, 36. representative, 37. clandestine, 38. church

| 39. stze blood sugar levels | v. | to become or cause to become steady or unlikely to give way |
|---------------------------------|------|--|
| 40. meet with oppon | n. | the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement |
| 41. s_y cameras | n. | a person who is employed or trained to observe or gather information in secret, often for military or political purposes; a person who secretly or illegally gathers information about a private individual or organization |
| 42. bare spectacularly | v. | to have an opposite and undesirable effect to what was intended; to make a sudden noise like an explosion |
| 43. properly ove the staff | v. | to watch and direct someone or something to make sure that it is being done correctly |
| 44. then a healthy relationship | v. | to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone |
| 45. water flowing undnd | adj. | under the surface of the ground; a secret group organized to achieve a specific purpose, such as overthrowing the government or occupying a force |
| 46. sit reading | adj. | without any or little sound |
| 47. sue a blizzard | v. | to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period |
| 48. diy artwork | v. | to exhibit or show something to others, often to attract attention or demonstrate its features, properties, or value |
| 49. computer opnt | n. | a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc. |

ANSWERS: 39. stabilize, 40. opposition, 41. spy, 42. backfire, 43. oversee, 44. threaten, 45. underground, 46. silent, 47. survive, 48. display, 49. opponent

| 50. trit information | v. | to send or forward an electronic signal; to pass something from one person or thing to another |
|---------------------------------|------|--|
| 51. atd a meeting | ν. | to be present at an event, to go to a place |
| 52. mur in the second degree | n. | the crime of killing somebody intentionally |
| 53. a fly structure | adj. | very thin and easily broken or damaged; poorly made and not strong enough for the purpose for which it is used |
| 54. cause an acnt | n. | an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury |
| 55. art the thief | ν. | to take into custody |
| 56. ren as sovereign | n. | the period of time during which a monarch or government holds power; (verb) to be the king or queen |
| 57. a seafaring nan | n. | a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture |
| 58. then national security | ν. | to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone |
| 59. mont honoring | n. | a statue, building, or other structure erected to commemorate a person or event |
| 60. commit a traffic vion | n. | an action that breaches a law, rule, or agreement; an infringement of rights or duties |
| 61. poit of a well-known figure | n. | a painting, picture; the likeness of a person, especially one showing the face |

ANSWERS: 50. transmit, 51. attend, 52. murder, 53. flimsy, 54. accident, 55. arrest, 56. reign, 57. nation, 58. threaten, 59. monument, 60. violation, 61. portrait

| 62. crve writing | adj. | relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something |
|---------------------------|------|---|
| 63. a letter of invon | n. | a spoken or written request to participate or be present or take part in something |
| 64. injury in a car acnt | n. | an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury |
| 65. grs injustice | adj. | being the total amount of something before any deductions; obese and ugly or unpleasant |
| 66. annry celebration | n. | the annual recurrence of a date marking a notable event; a date on which an event occurred in a previous year |
| 67. aspte rival companies | v. | to make someone unable to breathe, usually resulting in unconscious or death |
| 68. propaganda paet | n. | a small booklet that contains information or arguments about a particular subject |
| 69. a miry leader | adj. | relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare |
| 70. gred flask | adj. | having received a degree from a school, college, or university; marked with or divided into levels or degrees |
| 71. couus rescue attempt | adj. | able to face and deal with danger or fear without flinching |
| 72. elt the school board | v. | to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something |

ANSWERS: 62. creative, 63. invitation, 64. accident, 65. gross, 66. anniversary, 67. asphyxiate, 68. pamphlet, 69. military, 70. graduated, 71. courageous, 72. elect

| 73. main good health | v. | to continue to uphold or sustain; to keep in a particular state or condition; to assert or declare something to be true |
|----------------------------|------|--|
| 74. violent upng | n. | a public rebellion, especially against an established government or authority |
| 75. a circular mont | n. | a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively |
| 76. mental coe | n. | the ability to face danger, difficulty, uncertainty, or pain without being overcome by fear or despair; the quality of being brave or courageous |
| 77. a reckless att | n. | an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult |
| 78. a remote reve | adj. | considered and evaluated through comparison with something else |
| 79. e_o defense mechanisms | n. | a consciousness of your own identity; a person's sense of self-esteem or self-importance, especially inflated one |
| 80. decision-making prs | n. | a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products |

ANSWERS: 73. maintain, 74. uprising, 75. movement, 76. courage, 77. attempt, 78. relative, 79. ego, 80. process

| 81. comte her long life | v. | to honor the memory of someone or something by ceremony or tribute |
|---------------------------------------|------|---|
| 82. bare big time | v. | to have an opposite and undesirable effect to what was intended; to make a sudden noise like an explosion |
| 83. ine criticism | v. | to ask someone to come or join; to offe an opportunity or possibility for something to happen or take place |
| 84. a picture fre | n. | a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window |
| 85. enh public services | v. | to make better or improve in quality by adding something else |
| 86. barren of crve spirit | adj. | relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something |
| 87. beginning of the industrial revon | n. | a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war; |
| 88. dee my love | ν. | to say, state, or announce something clearly, officially, or publicly |
| 89. cold-blooded atty | n. | brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act |
| 90. clhed her daughter to her breast | v. | to grasp and hold somebody or something tightly |
| 91. military cp | n. | a sudden, violent, and illegal seizure of power from a government; an impressive or successful action or achievement |

ANSWERS: 81. commemorate, 82. backfire, 83. invite, 84. frame, 85. enrich, 86. creative, 87. revolution, 88. declare, 89. atrocity, 90. clutch, 91. coup

| 92. a dior with enormous powers | n. | a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force |
|---------------------------------|----|---|
| 93. national e_o | n. | a consciousness of your own identity; a person's sense of self-esteem or self-importance, especially inflated one |
| 94. disct for a customer | n. | an expression of lack of regard or contempt for someone or something |
| 95. clh at any straw | ν. | to grasp and hold somebody or something tightly |
| 96. military dior | n. | a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force |
| 97. dis options | v. | to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic |
| 98. conon for murder | n. | a strong belief or opinion, especially one that is based on principles or evidence; (criminal law) a final judgment of guilty in a criminal case and the punishment that is imposed |
| 99. a puppet ree | n. | the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit |
| 100. stage an upng | n. | a public rebellion, especially against an established government or authority |
| 101. ine guests | v. | to ask someone to come or join; to offer an opportunity or possibility for something to happen or take place |

ANSWERS: 92. dictator, 93. ego, 94. disrespect, 95. clutch, 96. dictator, 97. discuss, 98. conviction, 99. regime, 100. uprising, 101. invite

| 102. nan-state | n. | a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture |
|----------------------------|------|---|
| 103. r_l down his cheeks | v. | to move in a particular direction by turning over and over or from side to side |
| 104. elt death | v. | to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something |
| 105. victim of a vit crime | adj. | involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something |
| 106. an official repive | n. | someone who speaks or acts officially on behalf of another person or group of people |
| 107. stle to get the job | v. | to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction |
| 108. the reic of art | n. | a state or country in which the people and their elected representatives hold supreme power and which has an elected or nominated president rather than a monarch |
| 109. reon desk | n. | the act of receiving or the state of being received, especially warmly or kindly; a formal party of people |
| 110. fiscal stty pact | n. | the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast |

ANSWERS: 102. nation, 103. roll, 104. elect, 105. violent, 106. representative, 107. struggle, 108. republic, 109. reception, 110. stability

| , , | |
|------|--|
| adj. | belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use |
| n. | an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult |
| n. | a painting, picture; the likeness of a person, especially one showing the face |
| n. | a person who is employed or trained to observe or gather information in secret, often for military or political purposes; a person who secretly or illegally gathers information about a private individual or organization |
| n. | a strong belief or opinion, especially one that is based on principles or evidence; (criminal law) a final judgment of guilty in a criminal case and the punishment that is imposed |
| n. | the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals |
| n. | the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit |
| v. | to prepare or set up something in a certain way, typically in a carefully planned or fraudulent manner; to equip with sails or masts |
| v. | to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time |
| | n. n. n. n. v. |

ANSWERS: 111. communal, 112. attempt, 113. portrait, 114. spy, 115. conviction, 116. massacre, 117. regime, 118. rig, 119. launch

| 120. prs improvement | n. | a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products |
|---------------------------|------------|--|
| 121. occon of a building | n. | a person's job or profession; the act of taking possession |
| 122. ret the proposal | v. | to refuse to accept, consider, or use something or someone |
| 123. adamantly dy killing | v. | to state that one refuses to admit the existence or truth of something |
| 124. ovow the theory | v. | to defeat or remove a leader or a government from a position of power by force |
| 125. ade the technology | v. | to go or move forward; to develop in a positive way |
| 126. diy merchandise | v. | to exhibit or show something to others, often to attract attention or demonstrate its features, properties, or value |
| 127. coal swimming pool | adj. | belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use |
| 128. art the progress | <i>v</i> . | to take into custody |
| 129. vion law | n. | an action that breaches a law, rule, or agreement; an infringement of rights or duties |
| 130. oppon campaign | n. | the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement |

ANSWERS: 120. process, 121. occupation, 122. reject, 123. deny, 124. overthrow, 125. advance, 126. display, 127. communal, 128. arrest, 129. violation, 130. opposition

| 131. ine him to write a novel | v. | to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative |
|--------------------------------|----|---|
| 132. chemical prty | n. | a thing or things that belong to someone |
| 133. paet in English | n. | a small booklet that contains information or arguments about a particular subject |
| 134. the fre of the policy | n. | a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window |
| 135. rel uprising | n. | someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it |
| 136. ready to cose | v. | to fall down or give way suddenly, often after breaking apart |
| 137. womanly hor | n. | high regard or great respect for someone; the quality of having and doing based on a keen sense of morality; (verb) to show respect towards someone |
| 138. brutal tyy | n. | a form of government in which a single ruler has absolute power, often exercised cruelly and oppressively; the arbitrary or oppressive exercise of power or control over others |
| 139. ops the people with force | v. | to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people |

ANSWERS: 131. inspire, 132. property, 133. pamphlet, 134. frame, 135. rebel, 136. collapse, 137. honor, 138. tyranny, 139. oppress

| 140. doic airline | adj. | relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international |
|----------------------------------|------|--|
| 141. invon of foreign investment | n. | a spoken or written request to participate or be present or take part in something |
| 142. crh a revolt | v. | to press it firmly, usually with your hands or a tool, so that it becomes flat or smaller |
| 143. coude scenery | n. | rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery |
| 144. dis solutions | v. | to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic |
| 145. dy the allegations | v. | to state that one refuses to admit the existence or truth of something |
| 146. lah a big attack | v. | to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time |
| 147. an instrument of toe | n. | the act of causing intense pain or suffering to someone to punish them, extract information from them, or for some other reason |
| 148. buly effect | n. | a diurnal insect typically has a slender body with knobbed antennae and broad, colorful wings |

ANSWERS: 140. domestic, 141. invitation, 142. crush, 143. countryside, 144. discuss, 145. deny, 146. launch, 147. torture, 148. butterfly

| 149. undnd activist | adj. | under the surface of the ground; a secret group organized to achieve a specific purpose, such as overthrowing the government or occupying a force |
|-------------------------------------|------|--|
| 150. conte property | v. | to seize, take or appropriate something by authority, often as a penalty for breaking laws or rules |
| 151. r_g an election | v. | to prepare or set up something in a certain way, typically in a carefully planned or fraudulent manner; to equip with sails or masts |
| 152. a cold reon | n. | the act of receiving or the state of being received, especially warmly or kindly; a formal party of people |
| 153. ree the street | v. | to give a new name to something; to change the name of something |
| 154. enforce revary justice | adj. | relating to or characterized by a complete or dramatic change |
| 155. ree CO2 into the air | v. | to set free or allow to escape from confinement |
| 156. official stacs | n. | the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data |
| 157. ade a cooperative relationship | v. | to go or move forward; to develop in a positive way |
| 158. con violence | v. | to express strong disapproval or criticism of something |
| 159. dee in quality | v. | to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept |

ANSWERS: 149. underground, 150. confiscate, 151. rig, 152. reception, 153. rename, 154. revolutionary, 155. release, 156. statistics, 157. advance, 158. condemn, 159. decline

| 160. ht a job | v. | to go after and try to catch wild animals to kill them for food, sport, or profit |
|------------------------------------|------|---|
| 161. reve factors | adj. | considered and evaluated through comparison with something else |
| 162. enh a gas with a balloon | ν. | to make better or improve in quality by adding something else |
| 163. bachelor's dee | n. | a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment |
| 164. stle against discrimination | v. | to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction |
| 165. inspire coe | n. | the ability to face danger, difficulty, uncertainty, or pain without being overcome by fear or despair; the quality of being brave or courageous |
| 166. ret all imperfect merchandise | ν. | to refuse to accept, consider, or use something or someone |
| 167. ren of a dictator | n. | the period of time during which a monarch or government holds power; (verb) to be the king or queen |
| 168. ree in plain English | ν. | to give a new name to something; to change the name of something |
| 169. con crime | ν. | to express strong disapproval or criticism of something |
| 170. stty pact | n. | the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast |

ANSWERS: 160. hunt, 161. relative, 162. enrich, 163. degree, 164. struggle, 165. courage, 166. reject, 167. reign, 168. rename, 169. condemn, 170. stability

| 171. rk amateur | n. | a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others |
|----------------------------------|------|---|
| 172. comte a deed | v. | to honor the memory of someone or something by ceremony or tribute |
| 173. severe crc | n. | someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc. |
| 174. sus \$20 billion in sales | V. | to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something |
| 175. a political revon | n. | a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war; |
| 176. strong and coed sales staff | adj. | willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something |
| 177. failed assion attempt | n. | the act of killing a public figure, especially a political leader, usually for political or religious motives |
| 178. a miry operation | adj. | relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare |
| 179. the stock market cosed | v. | to fall down or give way suddenly, often after breaking apart |
| 180. sem fluctuate | adv | not often; rarely |
| 181. death-penalty opnt | n. | a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc. |

ANSWERS: 171. rank, 172. commemorate, 173. critic, 174. surpass, 175. revolution, 176. committed, 177. assassination, 178. military, 179. collapse, 180. seldom, 181. opponent

| 182. evely succeed | adv. | finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on |
|----------------------------|------|---|
| 183. sus imagination | v. | to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something |
| 184. the stre of a machine | n. | the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts |
| 185. atd service | v. | to be present at an event, to go to a place |
| 186. art crc | n. | someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc. |
| 187. crh coffee beans | v. | to press it firmly, usually with your hands or a tool, so that it becomes flat or smaller |
| 188. sue a plane crash | ν. | to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period |
| 189. ovow the government | v. | to defeat or remove a leader or a government from a position of power by force |
| 190. ase an important role | v. | to think or accept something to be true without having proof of it; to take or begin to have power; to begin to exhibit a specific quality or appearance |
| 191. an elion tournament | n. | the act or process of removing or getting rid of something or someone |
| 192. ht after knowledge | v. | to go after and try to catch wild animals to kill them for food, sport, or profit |

ANSWERS: 182. eventually, 183. surpass, 184. structure, 185. attend, 186. critic, 187. crush, 188. survive, 189. overthrow, 190. assume, 191. elimination, 192. hunt

| 193. attempted mur | n. | the crime of killing somebody intentionally |
|---------------------------------------|------|---|
| 194. imon illegal immigrant | v. | to confine a person to a prison, a detention facility, or a place of involuntary confinement |
| 195. a doic animal | adj. | relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international |
| 196. ase a lousy attitude to his boss | v. | to think or accept something to be true without having proof of it; to take or begin to have power; to begin to exhibit a specific quality or appearance |
| 197. make a fly excuse | adj. | very thin and easily broken or damaged; poorly made and not strong enough for the purpose for which it is used |
| 198. evely become obsolete | adv. | finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on |
| 199. diste video content | v. | to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something |
| 200. vit incident | adj. | involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something |
| 201. trit the disease | v. | to send or forward an electronic signal; to pass something from one person or thing to another |
| 202. group of rels | n. | someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it |
| 203. diste wealth evenly | v. | to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something |

ANSWERS: 193. murder, 194. imprison, 195. domestic, 196. assume, 197. flimsy, 198. eventually, 199. distribute, 200. violent, 201. transmit, 202. rebel, 203. distribute

| 204. dee independence | v. | to say, state, or announce something clearly, officially, or publicly |
|---------------------------|----|--|
| 205. int in stocks | v. | to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result |
| 206. mont of troops | n. | a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively |
| 207. emy staff | n. | the diplomatic building where a country's representatives to a foreign country are based |
| 208. moly in distribution | n. | exclusive control or possession of something, especially an area of business; a board game in which players try to gain a monopoly on real estate |
| 209. ops the minority | v. | to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people |
| 210. ree a prisoner | v. | to set free or allow to escape from confinement |
| 211. occon disease | n. | a person's job or profession; the act of taking possession |
| 212. a toe chamber | n. | the act of causing intense pain or suffering to someone to punish them, extract information from them, or for some other reason |

ANSWERS: 204. declare, 205. invest, 206. movement, 207. embassy, 208. monopoly, 209. oppress, 210. release, 211. occupation, 212. torture

| 213. a government moly | n. | exclusive control or possession of something, especially an area of business; a board game in which players try to gain a monopoly on real estate |
|-----------------------------|------------|---|
| 214. dee a job offer | v. | to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept |
| 215. conte drugs | v. | to seize, take or appropriate something by authority, often as a penalty for breaking laws or rules |
| 216. emy function | n. | the diplomatic building where a country's representatives to a foreign country are based |
| 217. stze prices | <i>v</i> . | to become or cause to become steady or unlikely to give way |
| 218. in a coed relationship | adj. | willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something |
| 219. ove the process | v. | to watch and direct someone or something to make sure that it is being done correctly |
| 220. revary change | adj. | relating to or characterized by a complete or dramatic change |

ANSWERS: 213. monopoly, 214. decline, 215. confiscate, 216. embassy, 217. stabilize, 218. committed, 219. oversee, 220. revolutionary

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. The company's decision to lay off a large number of employees ______ as it led to a decrease in productivity.
- *v*. to have an opposite and undesirable effect to what was intended; to make a sudden noise like an explosion
- 2. She received her _____ in psychology from the university.
- *n.* a unit of measurement for angles, temperature, or level of proficiency or achievement; a rank or level of academic or professional attainment
- 3. He enjoys collecting _____ specimens.
- *n.* a diurnal insect typically has a slender body with knobbed antennae and broad, colorful wings
- 4. His estate was _____ to his sons.
- *v.* to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
- 5. The dictator's _____ was characterized by widespread human rights abuses and suppression of political opposition.
- *n*. the period of time during which a monarch or government holds power; (verb) to be the king or queen
- 6. We want to _____ you to our annual charity event.
- v. to ask someone to come or join; to offer an opportunity or possibility for something to happen or take place
- 7. The spy carried out the mission in a _____ manner.
- *adj.* done or kept in secret, especially because it is illegal or not allowed

ANSWERS: 1. backfired, 2. degree, 3. butterfly, 4. distributed, 5. reign, 6. invite, 7. clandestine

- 8. The government recruited a _____ to gather information on a suspected terrorist cell
 - *n.* a person who is employed or trained to observe or gather information in secret, often for military or political purposes; a person who secretly or illegally gathers information about a private individual or organization
- 9. The government's efforts toward disease ______ have been successful in many regions.
- *n.* the act or process of removing or getting rid of something or someone
- 10. Every five years, the provincial governors are _____.
- *v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
- 11. We must _____ to this matter.
- *v*. to be present at an event, to go to a place
- 12. The company is set to _____ its new product line next month.
- *v.* to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time
- 13. The media ______ had special passes.
- *n.* someone who speaks or acts officially on behalf of another person or group of people
- 14. His arguments are based on _____ evidence.
- *adj.* very thin and easily broken or damaged; poorly made and not strong enough for the purpose for which it is used

ANSWERS: 8. spy, 9. elimination, 10. elected, 11. attend, 12. launch, 13. representatives, 14. flimsy

- 15. The anti-government ______ was successful in overthrowing the regime.
- *n.* a public rebellion, especially against an established government or authority
- 16. The ______ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.
- *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
- 17. The country ______ the war heroes on Memorial Day.
- v. to honor the memory of someone or something by ceremony or tribute
- 18. The third _____ was far more successful.
- *n.* an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult
- 19. GDP stands for gross _____ product.
- adj. relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international
- 20. The ______ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.
- *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
- 21. I will be very happy to accept your _____.
- *n.* a spoken or written request to participate or be present or take part in something
- 22. The corporation ______ dominated the entire tobacco business.
- *adv.* finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on

ANSWERS: 15. uprising, 16. statistics, 17. commemorated, 18. attempt, 19. domestic, 20. nation, 21. invitation, 22. eventually

- 23. The boy ______ his mother's hand tightly as they walked in the dark.
- *v*. to grasp and hold somebody or something tightly
- 24. He stood to inherit a million-dollar _____.
- *n.* a thing or things that belong to someone
- 25. A popular uprising led to the overthrow of the _____.
- *n.* a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force
- 26. Our company is strongly ______ to meeting customers' needs.
 - *adj.* willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something
- 27. Reading not only increases knowledge but also ______ life.
- *v.* to make better or improve in quality by adding something else
- 28. The ______ of innocent civilians in the war zone was a tragic event.
- *n.* the brutal and indiscriminate killing of a large number of people; a violent and bloody event that typically results in the death of many individuals
- 29. The ______ for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.
 - *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
- 30. The ______ academy was known for its strict discipline and training.
- *adj.* relating to or characteristic of members of the armed forces; of or relating to war or warfare

ANSWERS: 23. clutched, 24. property, 25. dictator, 26. committed, 27. enriches, 28. massacre, 29. process, 30. military

- 31. The United States is a federal presidential constitutional ______.
- *n.* a state or country in which the people and their elected representatives hold supreme power and which has an elected or nominated president rather than a monarch
- 32. The stone ______ was built to commemorate the war heroes.
- *n.* a statue, building, or other structure erected to commemorate a person or event
- 33. Having ______ parking has been very beneficial throughout the winter.
- *adj.* under the surface of the ground; a secret group organized to achieve a specific purpose, such as overthrowing the government or occupying a force
- 34. Totalitarian ______ are less likely to innovate because they deprive individuals of economic incentives.
 - *n.* the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit
- 35. A police officer has the authority to _____ a criminal.
- *v*. to take into custody
- 36. He was exhausted and _____ into bed as soon as he got home.
- *v.* to move in a particular direction by turning over and over or from side to side
- 37. He ______ the game so he could win the prize.
- *v.* to prepare or set up something in a certain way, typically in a carefully planned or fraudulent manner; to equip with sails or masts
- 38. The ______ fought against the government for their independence.
- *n.* someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it

ANSWERS: 31. republic, 32. monument, 33. underground, 34. regimes, 35. arrest, 36. rolled, 37. rigged, 38. rebels

- The drastic reorganization has significantly increased this company's ______ profits.
- *adj.* being the total amount of something before any deductions; obese and ugly or unpleasant
- 40. She spoke with ______ about the importance of education.
- *n*. a strong belief or opinion, especially one that is based on principles or evidence; (criminal law) a final judgment of guilty in a criminal case and the punishment that is imposed
- 41. The politician remained _____ despite intense media scrutiny.
- adj. without any or little sound
- 42. The roof finally ______ after three days and three nights of heavy snowfall.
- *v.* to fall down or give way suddenly, often after breaking apart
- 43. The _____ partially destroyed my vehicle.
- *n.* an unfortunate event, especially one causing damage or injury
- 44. He was promoted to the _____ of captain in the military.
 - *n.* a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
- 45. He was ______ for embezzlement.
- v. to confine a person to a prison, a detention facility, or a place of involuntary confinement
- 46. The ______ events of the war left many families torn apart.
- adj. causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate

ANSWERS: 39. gross, 40. conviction, 41. silent, 42. collapsed, 43. accident, 44. rank, 45. imprisoned, 46. tragic

- 47. Hounds _____ their prey by using their keen scent.
- v. to go after and try to catch wild animals to kill them for food, sport, or profit
- 48. The government strived to protect its tobacco _____
- *n.* exclusive control or possession of something, especially an area of business; a board game in which players try to gain a monopoly on real estate
- 49. The small village in the _____ was perfect for a quiet getaway.
- *n.* rural areas or regions outside of cities and urban centers often characterized by open fields, farmland, forests, and countryside scenery
- 50. The ______ by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.
- *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
- 51. A committee was appointed to _____ a huge budget.
- *v.* to watch and direct someone or something to make sure that it is being done correctly
- 52. Most countries prohibit sexual activity between certain close _____.
- *adj.* considered and evaluated through comparison with something else
- 53. The soldier who sacrificed his life for his country is considered a national _____.
- *n.* a person who is admired or idealized for courage, outstanding achievements, or noble qualities; a character in literature or history who is central to the plot and who exhibits heroic qualities
- 54. They celebrated their 10th ______ with a romantic dinner.
- *n.* the annual recurrence of a date marking a notable event; a date on which an event occurred in a previous year

ANSWERS: 47. hunt, 48. monopoly, 49. countryside, 50. revolution, 51. oversee, 52. relatives, 53. hero, 54. anniversary

- 55. This intriguing _____ mystery remains unsolved.
- *n.* the crime of killing somebody intentionally
- 56. The country was ruled by a ______ that oppressed its citizens.
- *n.* a form of government in which a single ruler has absolute power, often exercised cruelly and oppressively; the arbitrary or oppressive exercise of power or control over others
- 57. These birds can only _____ in temperate climates.
- v. to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period
- 58. The athlete's record-breaking performance ______ all expectations.
 - *v.* to be or do better than someone or something; to excel or go beyond the limits or standards of something
- 59. The ______ on the corner is hosting a free community meal tonight.
- *n.* a building or institution dedicated to religious worship or activities; a Christian religious organization or denomination
- 60. The ______ of the war left many children orphaned.
- *n.* brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act
- 61. The ______ of the dancers on stage was graceful and elegant.
- *n.* a group of people working together to achieve a shared goal, especially a political, social, or artistic one; the process of moving or being moved, physically or figuratively
- 62. The ______ building was heavily guarded by security personnel.
- *n.* the diplomatic building where a country's representatives to a foreign country are based

ANSWERS: 55. murder, 56. tyranny, 57. survive, 58. surpassed, 59. church, 60. atrocity, 61. movement, 62. embassy

- 63. The detective looked for fingerprints on the window _____.
- *n.* a strong border or structure of the wood, metal, etc. that surrounds something such as a picture, door, or window
- 64. He was attempting to confuse his _____.
- *n.* a person against whom you are playing or fighting in a game, competition, debate, etc.
- 65. Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their _____.
- *n.* someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
- 66. He could not _____ against temptation.
 - v. to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction
- 67. I need to ______ my car regularly to prevent any major mechanical issues.
- v. to continue to uphold or sustain; to keep in a particular state or condition; to assert or declare something to be true
- 68. The prime minister was arrested and charged with treason after he was found to be involved in the _____.
- *n.* a sudden, violent, and illegal seizure of power from a government; an impressive or successful action or achievement
- 69. I claim on my _____ that it is true.
 - *n*. high regard or great respect for someone; the quality of having and doing based on a keen sense of morality; (verb) to show respect towards someone
- 70. Foreign goods from abroad must be ______ to customs when entering a country.
- v. to say, state, or announce something clearly, officially, or publicly

ANSWERS: 63. frame, 64. opponent, 65. critics, 66. struggle, 67. maintain, 68. coup, 69. honor, 70. declared

- 71. Various artificially induced causes are ______ our ecosystem.
- *v.* to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone
- 72. We need to ______ our products in an attractive way to attract customers.
- *v.* to exhibit or show something to others, often to attract attention or demonstrate its features, properties, or value

73. He ______ went out to socialize, preferring to spend evenings at home. *adv.* not often; rarely

- 74. The animal rights group worked to ______ the dolphins back into the wild.
- *v*. to set free or allow to escape from confinement
- 75. The ______ of the president sent shockwaves through the nation.
- *n.* the act of killing a public figure, especially a political leader, usually for political or religious motives
- 76. He was a ______ soldier who had served his country with honor.
- *adj.* able to face and deal with danger or fear without flinching
- 77. We need to ______ the next steps for the project during our meeting tomorrow.
- *v.* to talk about or examine in detail through conversation or debate; to exchange ideas, opinions, or information on a particular topic
- 78. The ______ party strongly disagreed with the government's proposed legislation.
- *n.* the act of disagreeing or resisting; the state of strong disagreement
- 79. Historically, many countries have often _____ certain religions to gain the support of the majority of the population.
 - *v.* to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people

ANSWERS: 71. threatening, 72. display, 73. seldom, 74. release, 75. assassination, 76. courageous, 77. discuss, 78. opposition, 79. oppressed

- 80. The policy should increase the country's monetary _____.
- *n.* the quality or attribute of being firm and steadfast
- 81. The following example ______ that the capacity of each battery is the same.
- v. to think or accept something to be true without having proof of it; to take or begin to have power; to begin to exhibit a specific quality or appearance
- 82. He is still ______ stealing the money from the cash register.
- *v*. to state that one refuses to admit the existence or truth of something
- 83. The company ______ the job candidate's application due to a lack of experience.
 - *v*. to refuse to accept, consider, or use something or someone
- 84. The police stopped the suspicious person and asked him to give his name, address, and _____.
- *n.* a person's job or profession; the act of taking possession
- 85. The security officer had to ______ the weapon from the suspect.
 - v. to seize, take or appropriate something by authority, often as a penalty for breaking laws or rules
- 86. ______ elections were held in several European countries.
- *adj.* belonging to or used by a group rather than individuals; for common use
- 87. A well-known artist painted this lovely lady's _____.
- *n.* a painting, picture; the likeness of a person, especially one showing the face
- 88. The government should view children as national assets and actively _____ in them.
 - v. to put money, effort, time, etc. into something to make a profit or achieve a result

ANSWERS: 80. stability, 81. assumes, 82. denying, 83. rejected, 84. occupation, 85. confiscate, 86. Communal, 87. portrait, 88. invest

- 89. She was a ______ student of a prestigious university.
- *adj.* having received a degree from a school, college, or university; marked with or divided into levels or degrees
- 90. The government was ______ for its handling of the crisis.
- *v.* to express strong disapproval or criticism of something
- 91. The wedding ______ was held in the grand ballroom of the hotel.
 - *n.* the act of receiving or the state of being received, especially warmly or kindly; a formal party of people
- 92. The organizational ______ of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.
- *n.* the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
- 93. The car was completely _____ in the accident.
- *v.* to press it firmly, usually with your hands or a tool, so that it becomes flat or smaller
- 94. As people age, their digestive capacity also gradually _____.
- *v.* to become gradually smaller, fewer, worse, etc.; to refuse to accept
- 95. The ______ leader inspired others to join the fight for freedom and democracy.
- *adj.* relating to or characterized by a complete or dramatic change
- 96. It takes a lot of ______ to stand up for what you believe is right.
- *n.* the ability to face danger, difficulty, uncertainty, or pain without being overcome by fear or despair; the quality of being brave or courageous

ANSWERS: 89. graduated, 90. condemned, 91. reception, 92. structure, 93. crushed, 94. declines, 95. revolutionary, 96. courage

- 97. The protesters became ______ when the police tried to disperse them.
- *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
- 98. Three people were ______ in the crowd crush of the demo.
- *v.* to make someone unable to breathe, usually resulting in unconscious or death
- 99. The group aims to ______ the military regime.
 - v. to defeat or remove a leader or a government from a position of power by force
- 100. All the supervisor has to do is assign tasks that make his subordinates more
- *adj.* relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
- 101. The political organization handed out ______ to raise awareness about their cause.
- *n.* a small booklet that contains information or arguments about a particular subject
- 102. She was constantly trying to boost her ____ by talking about her accomplishments.
- *n*. a consciousness of your own identity; a person's sense of self-esteem or self-importance, especially inflated one
- 103. The new owners ______ the restaurant to give it a fresh start.
- v. to give a new name to something; to change the name of something
- 104. The raising of interest rates ______ the inflation rate.
- *v.* to become or cause to become steady or unlikely to give way

ANSWERS: 97. violent, 98. asphyxiated, 99. overthrow, 100. creative, 101. pamphlets, 102. ego, 103. renamed, 104. stabilizes

- 105. The international community has widely condemned the ______ of human rights.
- *n.* an action that breaches a law, rule, or agreement; an infringement of rights or duties
- 106. His ______ behavior towards his elders earned him a stern warning from his parents.
- *n.* an expression of lack of regard or contempt for someone or something
- 107. Parents often ______ their characteristics to their children.
- v. to send or forward an electronic signal; to pass something from one person or thing to another
- 108. Scientific knowledge will ______ significantly with the power of AI.
- *v*. to go or move forward; to develop in a positive way
- 109. The use of ______ is strictly prohibited under international law.
- *n.* the act of causing intense pain or suffering to someone to punish them, extract information from them, or for some other reason
- 110. The unique style of this martial arts _____ many action film producers.
- *v.* to make somebody fill with the desire, confidence, or enthusiasm, especially to do something creative

ANSWERS: 105. violation, 106. disrespectful, 107. transmit, 108. advance, 109. torture, 110. inspired