# **Englist.me**

# Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Arinjay Banerjee: Why bats don't get sick | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/arinjay\_banerjee\_why\_bats \_don\_t\_get\_sick



### **All Words**

#### **IMPORTANT**

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### Session 1: Word List

bat

n. a nocturnal animal with wings that flies and feeds at night, similar to a mouse; a piece of wood with a handle used for hitting the ball in sports including baseball, cricket, and table tennis

synonym: cane, rod, stick

(1) bat cave, (2) bat an eye

The cave was a habitat for **bats**.

infect

v. to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism

*synonym*: pollute, contaminate, affect

(1) **infect** other animal species, (2) **infect** a computer with a virus

Children often **infect** parents with this head cold.

virus

 a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants

synonym: bacterium, germ, ailment

(1) spread of the virus, (2) a strain of virus

An infected person in the hospital will likely pass the **virus** to others.

rabies

 a viral disease that affects the nervous system of mammals, including humans; transmitted through the saliva of infected animals, most often through a bite, which can lead to paralysis, seizures, and death if left untreated

synonym: hydrophobia, lyssa

(1) contract rabies, (2) rabies virus infection

Pet owners need to keep their animals vaccinated against rabies.

### diagnose

 to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis

*synonym*: identify, analyze, interpret

(1) **diagnose** the problem, (2) **diagnose** with CT scans This device is used to **diagnose** brain cancer and other tumors.

#### lethal

adj. causing or capable of causing death; extremely dangerous

synonym: destructive, fatal, brutal

(1) lethal injection, (2) lethal weapon

Malignant hypertension is the most **lethal** form of hypertension.

#### mammal

- any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
- (1) a primitive **mammal**, (2) a sort of **mammal**Marine **mammal** populations are declining worldwide due to ocean pollution.

### faze

 to disturb or disconcert someone, often causing them to lose their confidence or composure; to unsettle, intimidate, or fluster

synonym: disturb, unsettle, bother

(1) faze a decision-maker, (2) unlikely to faze himI won't let a little criticism faze me from pursuing my dreams.

### infection

*n.* a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body

synonym: contagion, disease, transmission

(1) a bacterial **infection**, (2) treat the **infection** with antibiotics

Hospitals must meet various standards to prevent nosocomial **infections**.

#### relation

 the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another

*synonym*: association, linkage, connection

(1) **relation** between cause and effect, (2) **relation** of inclusion

The industrial **relations** laws were passed with little to no alteration.

#### evolve

v. to develop gradually, or to cause the development of something or someone gradually

synonym: develop, mature, grow

(1) **evolve**, (2) **evolve** over the past decade Eyeless fish **evolved** in dark caves.

### specific

adj. clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise

synonym: particular, definite, distinct

(1) **specific** instructions, (2) industry- **specific** regulations The scientist conducted a study that provided **specific** details about the species' behavior.

### creature

n. a living being, especially an animal

synonym: being, animal, organism

(1) creature of habit, (2) artificial creature

The deep sea **creature** was unlike anything the scientists had ever seen before.

### unlikely

adj. not probable or likely to happen

synonym: doubtful, questionable, far-fetched

(1) **unlikely** event, (2) it is **unlikely** that he would win the game

The passage of the bill is **unlikely**.

### influenza

 n. (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

synonym: grippe, flu

(1) an epidemic outbreak of **influenza**, (2) **influenza** B strain

The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of **influenza**.

### relate

to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

synonym: connect, link, associate

(1) relate a story, (2) relate a message

He tried to **relate** his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.

#### immune

adj. protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells

synonym: resistant, unsusceptible, unaffected

(1) **immune** from criminal prosecution, (2) the cell of the **immune** system

The vaccination does not necessarily make you completely **immune**.

#### defend

v. to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.

synonym: protect, guard, support

(1) defend my country, (2) defend against a threat

International law allows each nation to **defend** itself when its rights and interests are illegally violated.

### steady

adj. firmly fixed, supported, or balanced; not shaking or moving

synonym: stable, solid, secure

(1) steady increase, (2) take a steady job

The patient's vital signs are **steady**, indicating a stable condition.

### stream

n. a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc.

*synonym*: flow, current, brook

(1) the **stream** of time, (2) an endless **stream** of cars

Jet **streams** are the common name for air currents that form high in the atmosphere.

criteria

n. (plural of criterion) standards or conditions by which something may be judged or decided

synonym: bars, benchmarks, standards

criteria for action, (2) consistency criteria
 He didn't meet all the criteria, but he was hired anyway.

### typical

adj. having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things

synonym: characteristic, usual, distinctive

(1) **typical** leader, (2) fairly **typical** symptoms This artwork is **typical** of her work.

### adaptation

the action or process of changing to suit different conditions

synonym: adaption, adjustment, transformation

(1) **adaptation** ability, (2) language **adaptation**The company's **adaptation** approach has been highly effective.

### pathogen

 a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that causes disease

synonym: germ, microbe, bacterium

(1) plant **pathogen**, (2) the **pathogen** in the air mRNA vaccines are approved faster because they do not contain inactivated **pathogens**.

#### controllable

adj. able to be controlled or directedsynonym: manageable, governable, submissive

(1) computer- **controllable**, (2) **controllable** aircraft The new software is much more **controllable** and user-friendly.

#### strain

 a force or pressure that stretches or pulls something, sometimes causing damage; (biology) a group of organisms within a species that differ in trivial ways from similar groups

synonym: pressure, tension, breed

(1) **strain** our eyes, (2) a **strain** of bacillus Dictators of the past often had the erroneous idea of a pure racial **strain**.

### mammalian

adj. of or relating to mammals, a class of warm-blooded vertebrate animals that typically nurse their young and have hair or fur on their skin; characterized by mammalian qualities, such as nurturing and protective behavior

synonym: animal, mammal-like, warm-blooded

(1) **mammalian** embryo, (2) **mammalian** evolution **Mammalian** milk is known to be rich in protein and essential vitamins.

#### overdrive

n. a gear in a vehicle that allows the engine to operate at a higher speed than the vehicle's speed, resulting in greater fuel efficiency and smoother driving; (verb) to drive or work too hard

synonym: high gear, high speed, turbocharge

(1) atrial <b>overdrive</b> pacing,	(2) go into <b>overdrive</b>
The car's <b>overdrive</b> function	allows it to shift into a higher
gear for better fuel efficiency	on the highway.

#### horde

 a large group of people or animals, especially one that is chaotic or uncontrolled

synonym: crowd, swarm, mass

horde of attackers, (2) the horde of shoppers
 The horde of zombies was approaching quickly.

### antibody

- a substance produced in the blood that attacks and kills harmful bacteria, viruses, etc., to fight disease
- (1) produce **antibody**, (2) **antibody** against bacteria This pharmaceutical company is developing **antibody** drugs with fewer side effects.

### inflame

v. to cause very strong feelings such as anger or excitement in a person or a group of people

synonym: agitate, arouse, enrage

(1) **inflame** skin, (2) **inflame** his passion Her eyes **inflamed** with crying.

### molecule

 a group of two or more atoms held together by attractive forces known as chemical bonds

synonym: particle, element, atom

(1) small **molecules**, (2) **molecule** behavior

The shape of the DNA **molecule** is a double helix.

### invade

v. to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation

synonym: intrude, raid, overrun

(1) invade other tissues, (2) invade his privacy

I have no intention to **invade** your privacy.

### progression

 the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward

synonym: advancement, development, evolution

(1) **progression** of civilization, (2) **progression** of disease The company has made great strides in its **progression** toward sustainability.

#### assault

 a violent physical attack; the crime of forcing someone to submit to sexual intercourse against their will

synonym: assault, attack, raid

(1) **assault** aircraft, (2) victim of sexual **assault** We got caught up in an **assault** case.

#### tissue

 an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function

synonym: structure, texture, anatomy

(1) a facial **tissue**, (2) loss of muscle **tissue**The researcher separated the nervous **tissue** for microscopic examinations.

### damage

v. to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity

synonym: harm, impair, injure

(1) **damage** a relationship, (2) **damage** assessment During the surgery, the doctor had to be extremely cautious not to **damage** a blood vessel.

### virulent

 adj. extremely harmful or poisonous, especially in a physical or biological sense; highly infectious or contagious; intensely bitter or hostile

synonym: poisonous, venomous, toxic

(1) virulent disease, (2) virulent criticism

The **virulent** virus spread rapidly through the close-knit community.

### vulnerable

adj. capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally

*synonym*: susceptible, exposed, weak

(1) a **vulnerable** bridge, (2) **vulnerable** parts of the body Infants and pregnant women are particularly **vulnerable**.

### evolutionary

adj. relating to or denoting how living things develop or change from earlier forms

synonym: developmental, mutative, transformative

(1) ecology and **evolutionary** biology, (2) the **evolutionary** process

**Evolutionary** algorithms can find ways to optimize that humans do not anticipate.

### millennium

- a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia)
- (1) past **millennium**, (2) **millennium** bottle of wine Our world is in the third **millennium**.

### adapt

v. to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment

synonym: adjust, acclimate, accustom

(1) **adapt** fully to the environment, (2) **adapt** as needed I advised him to **adapt** to his new surroundings.

### develop

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

synonym: evolve, progress, advance

(1) **develop** a strategy, (2) **develop** a skill We must **develop** a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

trait

- n. a particular feature of your naturesynonym: attribute, feature, quality
- (1) chemical trait, (2) personality traits

Multiple genes may influence behavioral **traits** concurrently.

#### flee

v. to leave by running away, especially out of fear or danger

synonym: exit, escape, run away

(1) **flee** their homes, (2) **flee** abroad

It is a basic instinct to **flee** from a dangerous situation.

#### intensive

adj. involving a lot of work or activity in a short time synonym: thorough, comprehensive, in-depth

(1) intensive agriculture, (2) intensive care

The construction industry is labor **intensive**, although it has been somewhat automated by introducing large machinery.

### process

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

synonym: procedure, method, system

(1) **process** improvement, (2) decision-making **process** The **process** for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

### temperature

- n. the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or placesynonym: climate, warmth, degree
- (1) extreme **temperatures**, (2) the atmospheric **temperature**

Cities around the world set records for highest **temperatures** this summer.

### metabolism

- the set of chemical reactions in cells or organisms that are necessary for life-sustaining
- (1) **metabolism** enzyme, (2) hemoglobin **metabolism** Better sleep leads to increased **metabolism**.

react

- v. to take action in response to somethingsynonym: respond, reply, oppose
- (1) **react** at a high temperature, (2) **react** against his way of thinking

How did he **react** to your idea?

oxygen

- n. the chemical element with the symbol O that is present in air and water and is necessary for people, animals, and plants to live
- (1) the hydrogen binds the **oxygen**, (2) lack of **oxygen** The passenger grabbed for the **oxygen** mask.

fragment

- n. a small piece or part broken off or detachedsynonym: piece, shard, segment
- (1) **fragment** of a text, (2) a broken **fragment**The archaeologist carefully pieced together the tiny **fragments** of pottery found at the dig site.

loose

 adj. not securely fixed or fastened in place or able to be detached or separated from something

synonym: relaxed, unconsolidated, open

a loose tongue, (2) remove loose hair
 The inspector discovered loose bolts under the fuel rods.

dampen

v. to make something wet or moist; to reduce the intensity or impact of something, such as a feeling, sound, or movement

synonym: drench, moisten, saturate

(1) **dampen** the sound, (2) **dampen** the enthusiasm The rain helped **dampen** the flames of the campfire.

dam

 a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy

synonym: barricade, barrier, embankment

(1) **dam-building** program, (2) **dam** collapsing The break in the **dam** threatened the valley.

### associate

v. to mentally connect someone or something with someone or something else

synonym: tie in, link, consociate

(1) **associate** alcohol with gambling, (2) **associate** with people widely

The majority of consumers **associate** this brand with quality.

### deploy

- v. to move troops or weapons into a position or military action; to bring into something in an effective waysynonym: set up, expand, launch
- (1) **deploy** troops for battle, (2) **deploy** safety measures This country **deployed** its weapons in the east region.

### absent

adj. not present in a particular place at a particular timesynonym: missing, away, not present

(1) **absent-minded**, (2) **absent** without leave He was **absent** from the meeting and missed all the important updates.

### genome

- the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things
- (1) sequencing of the human **genome**, (2) **genome** analyses

The human **genome** contains approximately three billion chemical base pairs.

### coexist

v. to live or exist together at the same time in the same place

synonym: cohabit, accompany, synchronize

(1) **coexist** with nature, (2) **coexist** with diversity

The different species can **coexist** in the same ecosystem by filling different niches and using different resources.

### impressive

adj. arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill synonym: impactful, remarkable, exceptional

(1) impressive performances, (2) an impressive array of

#### facts

The budget reduction was an **impressive** feat for our nation.

### negative

adj. having the quality of something bad or harmful; expressing refusal

synonym: minus, adverse, pessimistic

(1) have a **negative** effect, (2) a **negative** number The movie has received almost universally **negative** criticism.

### consequence

n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual

synonym: result, impact, outcome

(1) unintended **consequences**, (2) the **consequence** of an argument

These economic activities had disastrous environmental consequences.

### accord

- n. an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.; (verb) allow to have synonym: alliance, pact, agreement
- (1) **accord** with public opinion, (2) binational **accord** The organization finally signed a peace **accord**.

#### efficient

adj. performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials

synonym: productive, effective, competent

(1) **efficient** operation, (2) energy- **efficient** appliances
The new washing machine is much more **efficient** than the old one.

### counteract

v. to act against something to reduce its bad or harmful effects or neutralize it

*synonym*: balance, offset, compensate

(1) counteract the effect of poison, (2) counteract global

Page 13 / 52

### warming

Our body's immune system produces antibodies to **counteract** disease.

### frequent

adj. happening constantly

synonym: periodic, recurring, routine

(1) frequent absence, (2) frequent use

His heartaches are less **frequent** now.

#### sustain

v. to supply enough of what somebody or something needs to survive or exist; to accept as valid

synonym: maintain, nurture, support

(1) **sustain** a good relationship with him, (2) **sustain** a wellness lifestyle

She struggled to **sustain** the children's reading habits.

#### contribute

- v. to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
   synonym: donate, devote, commit
- (1) contribute a large sum of money to the fund,
- (2) contribute to society

Government workers cannot **contribute** to political campaigns.

#### chromosome

 a long and string-like DNA molecule containing the part or all of the genetic material of an organism that controls what an animal or plant is like

*synonym*: DNA

(1) a sex **chromosome**, (2) the end of **chromosome** Human females normally have two X **chromosomes**.

### sequence

 a series of related events, actions, numbers, etc., which have a particular order

synonym: arrangement, succession, series

(1) the **sequence** of the seasons, (2) the DNA **sequence** We do move forward with those tasks in **sequence** next

week.

#### telomere

- a structure that protects the terminal regions of chromosome
- (1) **telomere** length, (2) **telomere** protein

Cancer cells are thought to be able to proliferate indefinitely because of the activation of **telomere** synthase.

#### cousin

n. the child of your aunt or uncle

synonym: relative

(1) cross- **cousin** marriage, (2) **cousin's** family I used to play with my younger male **cousins** when I was a little girl.

### grant

v. to agree to give or allow somebody

synonym: allocate, authorize, give

(1) grant a new license, (2) grant a land

The chairperson **granted** him the right to speak.

### lifespan

 the length of time for which a person, animal lives, or thing exists

synonym: duration, lifetime, continuance

(1) **lifespan** extension, (2) **lifespan** retrieval curve Generally speaking, men have a shorter **lifespan** than women.

### invincible

adj. incapable of being conquered, defeated, or overcome; unassailable

synonym: unassailable, unbeatable, indomitable

(1) invincible army, (2) invincible will

The team felt **invincible** after their winning streak.

#### disease

 a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

synonym: illness, ailment, affliction

(1) disease prevention, (2) disease control

The doctor diagnosed him with a rare **disease** that had no known cure.

### bacteria

n. single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease

synonym: microorganism, microbe

(1) pathogenic **bacteria**, (2) harmless **bacteria Bacteria** prevalent in hospitals are often resistant to antibiotics.

### unfamiliar

adj. not known or recognized; not experienced or encountered before

synonym: unknown, strange, foreign

(1) the **unfamiliar** surroundings, (2) around **unfamiliar** people

She was **unfamiliar** with the city and got lost while trying to find her way back to the hotel.

### fungus

 a type of organism that includes yeasts, molds, and mushrooms, which are heterotrophic, meaning they do not produce their food and must consume organic matter to survive

synonym: mold, mildew, yeast

(1) fungus infection, (2) symbiotic fungus

Certain types of **fungus** can be toxic to humans, causing severe illness if ingested.

### ravage

- v. to cause damage to something badly synonym: devastate, ruin, destroy
- (1) ravage a country, (2) ravage the brain

A large fire **ravaged** the forest.

## syndrome

 a group of signs and symptoms that occur together and are characteristic of a particular condition or disorder *synonym*: disorder, condition, complication

(1) **syndrome** of dementia, (2) acute **syndrome** The patient was diagnosed with a rare genetic **syndrome**.

### disrupt

to prevent or stop something, especially an event, ν. activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance

synonym: interrupt, disturb, break into

(1) disrupt a well-ordered condition, (2) disrupt sleep I'm so sorry to **disrupt** you when you're pretty busy.

### hibernation

a state of inactivity and metabolic depression in animals during the winter

synonym: dormancy, torpor, sleep

(1) hibernation period, (2) artificial hibernation Many animals go into **hibernation** during the winter to conserve energy and survive the harsh conditions.

### deteriorate

- to become worse in quality; to decline or degenerate *synonym*: decline, degenerate, regress
- (1) **deteriorate** at a slow pace, (2) **deteriorate** condition The patient's health **deteriorated** rapidly after being diagnosed with the disease.

### critic

someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.

synonym: pundit, analyst, attacker

(1) art critic, (2) severe critic

Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their critics.

### ecosystem

- all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment
- (1) marine **ecosystem**, (2) change the **ecosystem** Human conservation efforts often fail unexpectedly because they disturb the balance of the **ecosystem**.

### pollination

n. the transfer of pollen from the male reproductive organs of one flower to the female reproductive organs of another flower, resulting in fertilization and the production of seeds

synonym: flowering, fertilization, cross-fertilization

(1) **pollination** by insect, (2) the cross-**pollination** of the arts

The **pollination** process is crucial for the growth and reproduction of many plants.

### disperse

v. to spread out or distribute over a broad region, or to cause something to do so

*synonym*: dissipate, spread, scatter

(1) **disperse** false information, (2) **disperse** the protesters Before authorities **dispersed** the protesters, they yelled slogans.

### consume

v. to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount

synonym: absorb, ingest, use up

(1) **consume** a large of alcohol, (2) **consume** electricity A smaller car will **consume** less fuel.

### pest

n. a destructive insect or other animals that are harmful to crops, animals, or humans; someone or something that is annoying or troublesome

synonym: nuisance, problem, annoyance

(1) pest control, (2) a pest of bean plants

The gardener used natural methods to keep **pests** away from her plants.

### insect

- any small creature that has six legs and a body divided into three sections
- (1) insect antenna, (2) insect biology

Page 18 / 52

These **insects** are more prevalent above a certain latitude.

#### encroach

v. to advance beyond the usual or acceptable limit gradually and often without being noticed; to infringe upon someone's territory, rights, privacy, etc.

synonym: invade, impinge, infringe

(1) **encroach** on the realm, (2) **encroach** on the habitat of the animal

You have no right to **encroach** on my leisure time.

### preserve

v. to keep or maintain a particular quality, feature, etc., especially to prevent it from decaying, being damaged, or being destroyed

synonym: conserve, care for, maintain

(1) **preserve** my strength, (2) **preserve** a country's heritage They worked hard to **preserve** the nature of their native lands.

### unique

adj. being the only one of its kind; unlike anything else synonym: one-of-a-kind, unparalleled, incomparable

(1) a unique teacher, (2) unique designThe painting is unique, and there is no other like it.

### antiviral

- adj. inhibiting or stopping the growth and reproduction of viruses; (noun) any drug that destroys viruses
- (1) **antiviral** effect, (2) an **antiviral** agent
  The doctor immediately prescribed **antiviral** drugs.

adj. relating to or caused by a virus

fight viral infections, (2) detect a viral code
 This device can more accurately detect viral pathogens.

*n*. the ability of an organism to resist infection or disease, often due to the presence of antibodies

synonym: resistance, protection, defense

(1) **immunity** booster, (2) **immunity** response Vaccination is an effective way to build **immunity** against diseases.

### viral

### immunity

# **Session 2: Spelling**

1.	acute syme	n.	a group of signs and symptoms that occur together and are characteristic of a particular condition or disorder
2.	severe crc	n.	someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
3.	une design	adj.	being the only one of its kind; unlike anything else
4.	sun a wellness lifestyle	v.	to supply enough of what somebody or something needs to survive or exist; to accept as valid
5.	the atmospheric temre	n.	the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
6.	dette at a slow pace	v.	to become worse in quality; to decline or degenerate
7.	dep a strategy	<i>v</i> .	to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
8.	con's family	n.	the child of your aunt or uncle
9.	abt without leave	adj.	not present in a particular place at a particular time
10.	cr ia for action	n.	(plural of criterion) standards or

ANSWERS: 1. syndrome, 2. critic, 3. unique, 4. sustain, 5. temperature, 6. deteriorate, 7. develop, 8. cousin, 9. absent, 10. criteria

conditions by which something may be

judged or decided

11. grt a land	ν.	to agree to give or allow somebody
12. the end of chrme	n.	a long and string-like DNA molecule containing the part or all of the genetic material of an organism that controls what an animal or plant is like
13. couct the effect of po	ison v.	to act against something to reduce its bad or harmful effects or neutralize it
14. ine his passion	v.	to cause very strong feelings such as anger or excitement in a person or a group of people
15. anal effect	adj.	inhibiting or stopping the growth and reproduction of viruses; (noun) any drug that destroys viruses
16. int antenna	n.	any small creature that has six legs and a body divided into three sections
17. contract ras	n.	a viral disease that affects the nervous system of mammals, including humans; transmitted through the saliva of infected animals, most often through a bite, which can lead to paralysis, seizures, and death if left untreated
18. adaon ability	n.	the action or process of changing to suit different conditions
19. f_e their homes	v.	to leave by running away, especially out of fear or danger
20. couct global warming	ν.	to act against something to reduce its bad or harmful effects or neutralize it
21. abt-minded	adj.	not present in a particular place at a particular time

ANSWERS: 11. grant, 12. chromosome, 13. counteract, 14. inflame, 15. antiviral, 16. insect, 17. rabies, 18. adaptation, 19. flee, 20. counteract, 21. absent

22.	fight viI infections	adj.	relating to or caused by a virus
23.	proon of disease	n.	the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
24.	frnt of a text	n.	a small piece or part broken off or detached
25.	dit sleep	v.	to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
26.	the hoe of shoppers	n.	a large group of people or animals, especially one that is chaotic or uncontrolled
27.	dise the protesters	<i>v</i> .	to spread out or distribute over a broad region, or to cause something to do so
28.	an endless stm of cars	n.	a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc.
29.	frnt use	adj.	happening constantly
30.	int biology	n.	any small creature that has six legs and a body divided into three sections
31.	conte to society	v.	to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
32.	milum bottle of wine	n.	a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia)
33.	gee analyses	n.	the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things

ANSWERS: 22. viral, 23. progression, 24. fragment, 25. disrupt, 26. horde, 27. disperse, 28. stream, 29. frequent, 30. insect, 31. contribute, 32. millennium, 33. genome

34.	reon between cause and effect	n.	the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
35.	a une teacher	adj.	being the only one of its kind; unlike anything else
36.	leI injection	adj.	causing or capable of causing death; extremely dangerous
37.	computer-conble	adj.	able to be controlled or directed
38.	mole behavior	n.	a group of two or more atoms held together by attractive forces known as chemical bonds
39.	metsm enzyme	n.	the set of chemical reactions in cells or organisms that are necessary for life-sustaining
40.	go into ovve	n.	a gear in a vehicle that allows the engine to operate at a higher speed than the vehicle's speed, resulting in greater fuel efficiency and smoother driving; (verb) to drive or work too hard
41.	an impve array of facts	adj.	arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill
42.	take a sty job	adj.	firmly fixed, supported, or balanced; not shaking or moving
43.	dette condition	<i>v</i> .	to become worse in quality; to decline or degenerate
44.	acd with public opinion	n.	an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.; (verb) allow to have
45.	ree a story	v.	to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something

ANSWERS: 34. relation, 35. unique, 36. lethal, 37. controllable, 38. molecule, 39. metabolism, 40. overdrive, 41. impressive, 42. steady, 43. deteriorate, 44. accord, 45. relate

46.	sty increase	adj.	firmly fixed, supported, or balanced; not shaking or moving
47.	art crc	n.	someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
48.	a sort of maI	n.	any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
49.	cross-con marriage	n.	the child of your aunt or uncle
50.	artificial hibon	n.	a state of inactivity and metabolic depression in animals during the winter
51.	b_t an eye	n.	a nocturnal animal with wings that flies and feeds at night, similar to a mouse; a piece of wood with a handle used for hitting the ball in sports including baseball, cricket, and table tennis
52.	impve performances	adj.	arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill
53.	aste alcohol with gambling	ν.	to mentally connect someone or something with someone or something else
54.	conte a large sum of money to the fund	ν.	to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
55.	die prevention	n.	a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
56.	leI weapon	adj.	causing or capable of causing death; extremely dangerous

ANSWERS: 46. steady, 47. critic, 48. mammal, 49. cousin, 50. hibernation, 51. bat, 52. impressive, 53. associate, 54. contribute, 55. disease, 56. lethal

57.	loss of muscle tie	n.	an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function
58.	grt a new license	<i>v</i> .	to agree to give or allow somebody
59.	chemical trt	n.	a particular feature of your nature
60.	industry-spic regulations	adj.	clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise
61.	ime from criminal prosecution	adj.	protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
62.	the sece of the seasons	n.	a series of related events, actions, numbers, etc., which have a particular order
63.	ras virus infection	n.	a viral disease that affects the nervous system of mammals, including humans; transmitted through the saliva of infected animals, most often through a bite, which can lead to paralysis, seizures, and death if left untreated
64.	andy against bacteria	n.	a substance produced in the blood that attacks and kills harmful bacteria, viruses, etc., to fight disease
65.	frnt absence	adj.	happening constantly
66.	imty response	n.	the ability of an organism to resist infection or disease, often due to the presence of antibodies

ANSWERS: 57. tissue, 58. grant, 59. trait, 60. specific, 61. immune, 62. sequence, 63. rabies, 64. antibody, 65. frequent, 66. immunity

67.	a p_t of bean plants	n.	a destructive insect or other animals that are harmful to crops, animals, or humans; someone or something that is annoying or troublesome
68.	the cell of the ime system	adj.	protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
69.	a facial tie	n.	an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function
70.	inve care	adj.	involving a lot of work or activity in a short time
71.	plant paen	n.	a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that causes disease
72.	d_m-building program	n.	a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy
73.	prve a country's heritage	<i>v</i> .	to keep or maintain a particular quality, feature, etc., especially to prevent it from decaying, being damaged, or being destroyed
74.	stn our eyes	n.	a force or pressure that stretches or pulls something, sometimes causing damage; (biology) a group of organisms within a species that differ in trivial ways from similar groups
75.	lack of oxn	n.	the chemical element with the symbol O that is present in air and water and is necessary for people, animals, and plants to live

ANSWERS: 67. pest, 68. immune, 69. tissue, 70. intensive, 71. pathogen, 72. dam, 73. preserve, 74. strain, 75. oxygen

76. fus infecti	on	n.	a type of organism that includes yeasts, molds, and mushrooms, which are heterotrophic, meaning they do not produce their food and must consume organic matter to survive
77. efnt op	eration	adj.	performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials
78. lian retrie	eval curve	n.	the length of time for which a person, animal lives, or thing exists
79. invle wi	II	adj.	incapable of being conquered, defeated, or overcome; unassailable
80. extreme tem_	res	n.	the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
81. a stn of ba	acillus	n.	a force or pressure that stretches or pulls something, sometimes causing damage; (biology) a group of organisms within a species that differ in trivial ways from similar groups
82. ree a mes	ssage	v.	to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
83. unlikely to f	e him	v.	to disturb or disconcert someone, often causing them to lose their confidence or composure; to unsettle, intimidate, or fluster

ANSWERS: 76. fungus, 77. efficient, 78. lifespan, 79. invincible, 80. temperature, 81. strain, 82. relate, 83. faze

84.	inve agriculture	adj.	involving a lot of work or activity in a short time
85.	the paen in the air	n.	a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that causes disease
86.	fairly tyI symptoms	adj.	having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things
87.	harmless baia	n.	single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease
88.	dae a relationship	ν.	to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity
89.	spread of the vis	n.	a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants
90.	around unfar people	adj.	not known or recognized; not experienced or encountered before
91.	reon of inclusion	n.	the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
92.	b_t cave	n.	a nocturnal animal with wings that flies and feeds at night, similar to a mouse; a piece of wood with a handle used for hitting the ball in sports including baseball, cricket, and table tennis

ANSWERS: 84. intensive, 85. pathogen, 86. typical, 87. bacteria, 88. damage, 89. virus, 90. unfamiliar, 91. relation, 92. bat

93. ty_	I leader	adj.	having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things
94. inv_	le army	adj.	incapable of being conquered, defeated, or overcome; unassailable
95. in_	t other animal species	<i>v</i> .	to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
96. cr_	re of habit	n.	a living being, especially an animal
97. arti	ficial crre	n.	a living being, especially an animal
98. f	e a decision-maker	v.	to disturb or disconcert someone, often causing them to lose their confidence or composure; to unsettle, intimidate, or fluster
99. the	stm of time	n.	a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc.
100. di_	t a well-ordered condition	ν.	to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
101. da	e assessment	ν.	to harm or cause injury to something or someone, often resulting in decreased value or functionality; to impair or negatively affect something, such as a reputation or relationship; (noun) harm or injury that is caused to a person, thing, or entity
102. lar	nguage adaon	n.	the action or process of changing to suit different conditions

ANSWERS: 93. typical, 94. invincible, 95. infect, 96. creature, 97. creature, 98. faze, 99. stream, 100. disrupt, 101. damage, 102. adaptation

103. vulle parts of the body	adj.	capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally
104. decision-making prs	n.	a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
105. ench on the realm	ν.	to advance beyond the usual or acceptable limit gradually and often without being noticed; to infringe upon someone's territory, rights, privacy, etc.
106. vint disease	adj.	extremely harmful or poisonous, especially in a physical or biological sense; highly infectious or contagious; intensely bitter or hostile
107. dep a skill	ν.	to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
108. victim of sexual ast	n.	a violent physical attack; the crime of forcing someone to submit to sexual intercourse against their will
109. an anal agent	adj.	inhibiting or stopping the growth and reproduction of viruses; (noun) any drug that destroys viruses
ANSWERS: 103 vulnerable 104 proce	ss 10F	S encroach 106 virulent 107

ANSWERS: 103. vulnerable, 104. process, 105. encroach, 106. virulent, 107. develop, 108. assault, 109. antiviral

110. the cross-polon of the arts	n.	the transfer of pollen from the male reproductive organs of one flower to the female reproductive organs of another flower, resulting in fertilization and the production of seeds
111. aste with people widely	<i>v</i> .	to mentally connect someone or something with someone or something else
112. dise with CT scans	<i>v</i> .	to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis
113. symbiotic fus	n.	a type of organism that includes yeasts, molds, and mushrooms, which are heterotrophic, meaning they do not produce their food and must consume organic matter to survive
114. maan embryo	adj.	of or relating to mammals, a class of warm-blooded vertebrate animals that typically nurse their young and have hair or fur on their skin; characterized by mammalian qualities, such as nurturing and protective behavior
115. atrial ovve pacing	n.	a gear in a vehicle that allows the engine to operate at a higher speed than the vehicle's speed, resulting in greater fuel efficiency and smoother driving; (verb) to drive or work too hard
116. sun a good relationship with him	v.	to supply enough of what somebody or something needs to survive or exist; to accept as valid
ANSWERS: 110. pollination, 111. associate, 112. diagnose, 113. fungus, 114. mammalian, 115. overdrive, 116. sustain		

117. small moles	n.	a group of two or more atoms held together by attractive forces known as chemical bonds
118. dey safety measures	v.	to move troops or weapons into a position or military action; to bring into something in an effective way
119. ine his privacy	ν.	to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation
120. unintended conces	n.	the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
121. unly event	adj.	not probable or likely to happen
122. have a neve effect	adj.	having the quality of something bad or harmful; expressing refusal
123. a neve number	adj.	having the quality of something bad or harmful; expressing refusal
124. ine other tissues	v.	to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation
125. remove loe hair	adj.	not securely fixed or fastened in place or able to be detached or separated from something
126. fe abroad	v.	to leave by running away, especially out of fear or danger
127. cot with diversity	v.	to live or exist together at the same time in the same place
128. the hydrogen binds the oxn	n.	the chemical element with the symbol O that is present in air and water and is necessary for people, animals, and plants to live

ANSWERS: 117. molecule, 118. deploy, 119. invade, 120. consequence, 121. unlikely, 122. negative, 123. negative, 124. invade, 125. loose, 126. flee, 127. coexist, 128. oxygen

129. hibon period	n.	a state of inactivity and metabolic depression in animals during the winter
130. change the ecem	n.	all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment
131. dise the problem	v.	to determine or distinguish the nature of a problem or an illness through a careful analysis
132. coe electricity	ν.	to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount
133. personality trts	n.	a particular feature of your nature
134. inza B strain	n.	(formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
135. ded against a threat	ν.	to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
136. hemoglobin metsm	n.	the set of chemical reactions in cells or organisms that are necessary for life-sustaining
137. ine skin	v.	to cause very strong feelings such as anger or excitement in a person or a group of people
138. consistency cria	n.	(plural of criterion) standards or conditions by which something may be judged or decided
139. polon by insect	n.	the transfer of pollen from the male reproductive organs of one flower to the female reproductive organs of another flower, resulting in fertilization and the production of seeds

ANSWERS: 129. hibernation, 130. ecosystem, 131. diagnose, 132. consume, 133. trait, 134. influenza, 135. defend, 136. metabolism, 137. inflame, 138. criteria, 139. pollination

140. the conce of an argument	n.	the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
141. a bacterial inon	n.	a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body
142. treat the inon with antibiotics	n.	a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body
143. int a computer with a virus	<i>v</i> .	to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
144. sequencing of the human gee	n.	the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things
145. a strain of vi_s	n.	a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants
146. adt as needed	<i>v</i> .	to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment
147. ret against his way of thinking	v.	to take action in response to something
148. ecology and evoary biology	adj.	relating to or denoting how living things develop or change from earlier forms
149. pt control	n.	a destructive insect or other animals that are harmful to crops, animals, or humans; someone or something that is annoying or troublesome
150. die control	n.	a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems

ANSWERS: 140. consequence, 141. infection, 142. infection, 143. infect, 144. genome, 145. virus, 146. adapt, 147. react, 148. evolutionary, 149. pest, 150. disease

151. a vulle bridge	adj.	capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally
152. pathogenic baia	n.	single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease
153. marine ecem	n.	all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each othe and the environment
154. eve	ν.	to develop gradually, or to cause the development of something or someone gradually
155. a primitive maI	n.	any animal of which the female gives birth to live young, not eggs, and feeds her young on milk from her own body
156. coe a large of alcohol	<i>v</i> .	to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount
157. imty booster	n.	the ability of an organism to resist infection or disease, often due to the presence of antibodies
158. produce andy	n.	a substance produced in the blood that attacks and kills harmful bacteria, viruses, etc., to fight disease
159. it is unly that he would win the game	adj.	not probable or likely to happen
160. an epidemic outbreak of inza	n.	(formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

ANSWERS: 151. vulnerable, 152. bacteria, 153. ecosystem, 154. evolve, 155. mammal, 156. consume, 157. immunity, 158. antibody, 159. unlikely, 160. influenza

161. maan evolution	adj.	of or relating to mammals, a class of warm-blooded vertebrate animals that typically nurse their young and have hair or fur on their skin; characterized by mammalian qualities, such as nurturing and protective behavior
162. a sex chrme	n.	a long and string-like DNA molecule containing the part or all of the genetic material of an organism that controls what an animal or plant is like
163. syme of dementia	n.	a group of signs and symptoms that occur together and are characteristic of a particular condition or disorder
164. past milum	n.	a span of 1000 years, or the 1000th anniversary (plural: millennia)
165. prve my strength	v.	to keep or maintain a particular quality, feature, etc., especially to prevent it from decaying, being damaged, or being destroyed
166. d_m collapsing	n.	a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy
167. a loe tongue	adj.	not securely fixed or fastened in place or able to be detached or separated from something
168. the DNA sece	n.	a series of related events, actions, numbers, etc., which have a particular order
169. binational acd	n.	an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.; (verb allow to have

ANSWERS: 161. mammalian, 162. chromosome, 163. syndrome, 164. millennium, 165. preserve, 166. dam, 167. loose, 168. sequence, 169. accord

v.	to advance beyond the usual or acceptable limit gradually and often without being noticed; to infringe upon someone's territory, rights, privacy, etc.
n.	the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
ν.	to take action in response to something
n.	the length of time for which a person, animal lives, or thing exists
v.	to make something wet or moist; to reduce the intensity or impact of something, such as a feeling, sound, or movement
adj.	extremely harmful or poisonous, especially in a physical or biological sense; highly infectious or contagious; intensely bitter or hostile
v.	to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
n.	a violent physical attack; the crime of forcing someone to submit to sexual intercourse against their will
v.	to make something wet or moist; to reduce the intensity or impact of something, such as a feeling, sound, or movement
v.	to spread out or distribute over a broad region, or to cause something to do so
<i>v</i> .	to cause damage to something badly
	n. v. n. v. adj.

ANSWERS: 170. encroach, 171. progression, 172. react, 173. lifespan, 174. dampen, 175. virulent, 176. defend, 177. assault, 178. dampen, 179. disperse, 180. ravage

181. conble aircraft	adj.	able to be controlled or directed
182. detect a viI code	adj.	relating to or caused by a virus
183. rae a country	<i>v</i> .	to cause damage to something badly
184. prs improvement	n.	a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
185. the evoary process	adj.	relating to or denoting how living things develop or change from earlier forms
186. the unfar surroundings	adj.	not known or recognized; not experienced or encountered before
187. hoe of attackers	n.	a large group of people or animals, especially one that is chaotic or uncontrolled
188. dey troops for battle	ν.	to move troops or weapons into a position or military action; to bring into something in an effective way
189. tere length	n.	a structure that protects the terminal regions of chromosome
190. energy-efnt appliances	adj.	performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials

ANSWERS: 181. controllable, 182. viral, 183. ravage, 184. process, 185. evolutionary, 186. unfamiliar, 187. horde, 188. deploy, 189. telomere, 190. efficient

191. sp\_\_\_\_ic instructions adj. clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise to live or exist together at the same time 192. co\_\_\_t with nature ν. in the same place 193. a broken fr\_\_\_nt a small piece or part broken off or n. detached 194. ad t fully to the environment to make fit for or change to suit a new ν. purpose or environment 195. te\_\_\_\_re protein a structure that protects the terminal n. regions of chromosome 196. ev\_\_\_e over the past decade to develop gradually, or to cause the development of something or someone gradually

ANSWERS: 191. specific, 192. coexist, 193. fragment, 194. adapt, 195. telomere, 196. evolve

## **Session 3: Fill in the Blanks**

1.	The passenger grabbed for the mask.
n.	the chemical element with the symbol O that is present in air and water and is necessary for people, animals, and plants to live
2.	Before authorities the protesters, they yelled slogans.
v.	to spread out or distribute over a broad region, or to cause something to do so
3.	Her eyes with crying.
<i>v</i> .	to cause very strong feelings such as anger or excitement in a person or a group of people
4.	We must a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.
<i>v</i> .	to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
5.	The company's approach has been highly effective.
n.	the action or process of changing to suit different conditions
6.	I'm so sorry to you when you're pretty busy.
<i>v</i> .	to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
7.	The process is crucial for the growth and reproduction of many plants.
n.	the transfer of pollen from the male reproductive organs of one flower to the female reproductive organs of another flower, resulting in fertilization and the production of seeds
	SWERS: 1. oxygen, 2. dispersed, 3. inflamed, 4. develop, 5. adaptation, 6. disrupt pollination

- 11. \_\_\_\_\_ milk is known to be rich in protein and essential vitamins.
- adj. of or relating to mammals, a class of warm-blooded vertebrate animals that typically nurse their young and have hair or fur on their skin; characterized by mammalian qualities, such as nurturing and protective behavior
- 12. The researcher separated the nervous \_\_\_\_\_ for microscopic examinations.
  - n. an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function
- 13. He tried to \_\_\_\_\_ his experience to the group, but they couldn't understand.
  - v. to establish a connection or association between two or more things; to narrate or tell about an event, experience, or relationship; to empathize or feel sympathy with someone or something
- 14. The break in the \_\_\_\_ threatened the valley.
- n. a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy
- 15. Hospitals must meet various standards to prevent nosocomial \_\_\_\_\_.
- n. a condition in which pathogenic microorganisms or viruses have entered the body

ANSWERS: 8. cousins, 9. associate, 10. metabolism, 11. Mammalian, 12. tissue, 13. relate, 14. dam, 15. infections

16.	The for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.
n.	a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
17.	The organization finally signed a peace
n.	an official agreement or treaty between two organizations, countries, etc.; (verb) allow to have
18.	Human conservation efforts often fail unexpectedly because they disturb the balance of the
n.	all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment
19.	Certain types of can be toxic to humans, causing severe illness if ingested.
n.	a type of organism that includes yeasts, molds, and mushrooms, which are heterotrophic, meaning they do not produce their food and must consume organic matter to survive
20.	This artwork is of her work.
adj	having the usual characteristics or traits of a specific group of things
21.	These are more prevalent above a certain latitude.
n.	any small creature that has six legs and a body divided into three sections
22.	The industrial laws were passed with little to no alteration.
n.	the way two persons or groups of people feel and act toward one another
	SWERS: 16. process, 17. accord, 18. ecosystem, 19. fungus, 20. typical, 21. ects, 22. relations

23.	An infected person in the hospital will likely pass the to others.
n.	a tiny infectious organic material that causes disease in people, animals, and plants
24.	I advised him to to his new surroundings.
<i>v</i> .	to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment
25.	You have no right to on my leisure time.
<i>v</i> .	to advance beyond the usual or acceptable limit gradually and often without being noticed; to infringe upon someone's territory, rights, privacy, etc.
26.	This country its weapons in the east region.
<i>v</i> .	to move troops or weapons into a position or military action; to bring into something in an effective way
27.	prevalent in hospitals are often resistant to antibiotics.
n.	single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease
28.	Government workers cannot to political campaigns.
<i>v</i> .	to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
29.	The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of
n.	(formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
30.	Children often parents with this head cold.
v.	to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
	SWERS: 23. virus, 24. adapt, 25. encroach, 26. deployed, 27. Bacteria, 28. htribute, 29. influenza, 30. infect

31. It is a basic instinct to from a dangerous situation.
v. to leave by running away, especially out of fear or danger
32. The passage of the bill is
adj. not probable or likely to happen
33. He was from the meeting and missed all the important updates.
adj. not present in a particular place at a particular time
34. The construction industry is labor although it has been somewhat automated by introducing large machinery.
adj. involving a lot of work or activity in a short time
35. Cancer cells are thought to be able to proliferate indefinitely because of the activation of synthase.
n. a structure that protects the terminal regions of chromosome
36. They worked hard to the nature of their native lands.
v. to keep or maintain a particular quality, feature, etc., especially to prevent it from decaying, being damaged, or being destroyed
37. The company has made great strides in its toward sustainability.
n. the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
38. The new washing machine is much more than the old one.
adj. performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials
ANSWERS: 31. flee, 32. unlikely, 33. absent, 34. intensive, 35. telomere, 36. preserve, 37. progression, 38. efficient

39. The vaccination does not necessarily make you completely
adj. protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
40. mRNA vaccines are approved faster because they do not contain inactivated
n. a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that causes disease
41. Multiple genes may influence behavioral concurrently.
n. a particular feature of your nature
42. A large fire the forest.
v. to cause damage to something badly
43. How did he to your idea?
v. to take action in response to something
44. She was with the city and got lost while trying to find her way back to the hotel.
adj. not known or recognized; not experienced or encountered before
45. Vaccination is an effective way to build against diseases.
n. the ability of an organism to resist infection or disease, often due to the presence of antibodies
46. The gardener used natural methods to keep away from her plants.
<ul> <li>a destructive insect or other animals that are harmful to crops, animals, or humans; someone or something that is annoying or troublesome</li> </ul>
ANSWERS: 39. immune, 40. pathogens, 41. traits, 42. ravaged, 43. react, 44. unfamiliar, 45. immunity, 46. pests

47. The archaeologist carefully pieced together the tiny of pottery found at the dig site.
n. a small piece or part broken off or detached
48. The new software is much more and user-friendly.
adj. able to be controlled or directed
49. The virus spread rapidly through the close-knit community.
adj. extremely harmful or poisonous, especially in a physical or biological sense; highly infectious or contagious; intensely bitter or hostile
50. The scientist conducted a study that provided details about the species' behavior.
adj. clearly defined or particular to a certain thing or situation; distinct, explicit, and precise
51. The budget reduction was an feat for our nation.
adj. arousing admiration due to size, quality, or skill
52. Malignant hypertension is the most form of hypertension.
adj. causing or capable of causing death; extremely dangerous
53. We got caught up in an case.
<ul> <li>a violent physical attack; the crime of forcing someone to submit to sexual intercourse against their will</li> </ul>
54. Generally speaking, men have a shorter than women.
n. the length of time for which a person, animal lives, or thing exists
ANSWERS: 47. fragments, 48. controllable, 49. virulent, 50. specific, 51. impressive 52. lethal, 53. assault, 54. lifespan

millennium, 61. critics, 62. streams

Page 49 / 52

ANSWERS: 71. coexist, 72. vulnerable, 73. counteract, 74. bats, 75. creature, 76.

granted, 77. mammal, 78. damage

79. The shape of the DNA is a double helix.
n. a group of two or more atoms held together by attractive forces known as chemical bonds
80. The patient's vital signs are indicating a stable condition.
adj. firmly fixed, supported, or balanced; not shaking or moving
81. International law allows each nation to itself when its rights and interests are illegally violated.
v. to protect someone or something from attack, criticism, danger, etc.
82. This pharmaceutical company is developing drugs with fewer side effects.
<ul> <li>a substance produced in the blood that attacks and kills harmful bacteria,</li> <li>viruses, etc., to fight disease</li> </ul>
83. His heartaches are less now.
adj. happening constantly
84. Many animals go into during the winter to conserve energy and survive the harsh conditions.
n. a state of inactivity and metabolic depression in animals during the winter
85. The team felt after their winning streak.
adj. incapable of being conquered, defeated, or overcome; unassailable
86. A smaller car will less fuel.
$\nu$ . to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount
ANSWERS: 79. molecule, 80. steady, 81. defend, 82. antibody, 83. frequent, 84. hibernation, 85. invincible, 86. consume

ANSWERS: 87. diagnose, 88. deteriorated, 89. dampen, 90. criteria, 91. Evolutionary, 92. syndrome, 93. disease, 94. unique,

95.	Human females normally have two X
n.	a long and string-like DNA molecule containing the part or all of the genetic material of an organism that controls what an animal or plant is like
96.	Cities around the world set records for highest this summer.
n.	the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
	The inspector discovered bolts under the fuel rods.  not securely fixed or fastened in place or able to be detached or separated fron something
98.	I have no intention to your privacy.
ν.	to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation

ANSWERS: 95. chromosomes, 96. temperatures, 97. loose, 98. invade