

# Englist.me



## Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

*Kayla Wolf: Ugly History: The Spanish Inquisition | TED Talk*

[https://www.ted.com/talks/kayla\\_wolf\\_ugly\\_history\\_the\\_spanish\\_inquisition](https://www.ted.com/talks/kayla_wolf_ugly_history_the_spanish_inquisition)

### Advanced Words Only

#### IMPORTANT

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## Session 1: Word List

### devout

*adj.* deeply committed to a specific religious faith or practice, often showing great reverence or piety

*synonym* : pious, religious, faithful

(1) **devout** Buddhist, (2) act in a **devout** manner

The **devout** monk spent hours each day in prayer and contemplation.

### Catholic

*adj.* universal and including many different types of things; related to or associated with the part of the Christian Church that has the Pope as its leader

(1) **catholic** in his tastes, (2) the **Catholic** Church

Sociologists are now interested in **catholic** world peace.

### heresy

*n.* an opinion or belief that goes against the traditional or generally accepted view, especially in religion

*synonym* : dissent, apostasy, unorthodoxy

(1) the suppression of **heresy**, (2) persecution for **heresy**

The doctrine was considered **heresy** by the mainstream church.

### inquisition

*n.* a judicial or official inquiry, especially one aimed at suppressing dissent or heresy

*synonym* : investigation, examination, probe

(1) propose an **inquisition**, (2) submit him to an **inquisition**  
The **inquisition** was a period of religious persecution in Europe.

## papal

*adj.* relating to the pope (= the head of the Roman Catholic Church) or the Roman Catholic Church

*synonym*: pontifical, papistic, apostolical

(1) **papal** authority, (2) **papal** visit

The **papal** palace was a grand and imposing structure.

## monarch

*n.* a person who rules a country, such as a king or queen

*synonym*: ruler, sovereign, majesty

(1) an absolute **monarch**, (2) **monarch** butterflies

She came from a commoner background but eventually became the **monarch** of that country.

## confederacy

*n.* a union of states or organizations formed for a particular purpose

*synonym*: alliance, union, league

(1) urban **confederacy**, (2) the rebelling **confederacy**

The **confederacy** of states was formed to stand against the federal government's power.

## Jewish

*adj.* of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism

*synonym*: Judaic

(1) **Jewish** history, (2) **Jewish** culture

My friend is a **Jewish** woman who celebrates Hanukkah every year.

## Christ

*n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity

*synonym*: Savior, Jesus Christ, Jesus

(1) teaching of **Christ**, (2) before **Christ**

**Christmas** is the day to celebrate the birth of Christ.

## arresting

*adj.* attracting attention or interest; striking or impressive in appearance or effect; halting or stopping the movement or progress of something

*synonym* : striking, impressive, captivating

(1) an **arresting** image, (2) an **arresting** sight

The painting's **arresting** beauty made it difficult to look away.

## constable

*n.* a law enforcement officer, typically of lower rank than a police officer, who is responsible for community policing and maintaining order and safety; in historical contexts, a person charged with various duties related to the administration of a particular area or estate

*synonym* : police officer, officer, cop

(1) local **constable**, (2) traffic **constable**

The **constable's** duty was to maintain law and order in his assigned jurisdiction.

## prosecute

*v.* to bring legal action against someone in a court of law; to pursue or carry out something to completion or achievement

*synonym* : charge, sue, bring to trial

(1) **prosecute** criminal, (2) **prosecute** case

The attorney decided to **prosecute** the suspect for stealing from the store.

## inquisitor

*n.* someone who asks questions or conducts investigations, often with a severe or harsh demeanor; specifically, an official in the Catholic Church who questions and judges those accused of heresy

*synonym* : interrogator, examiner, investigator

(1) church **inquisitor**, (2) medieval **inquisitor**

The king appointed an **inquisitor** to investigate the accusations against the nobleman.

## accuse

*v.* to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing

*synonym* : charge, blame, criticize

(1) **accuse** his rudeness, (2) **accuse** each other  
The witness **accused** the defendant of committing the robbery.

## scribe

*n.* a person who writes out copies of documents or manuscripts, especially in ancient times

*synonym*: copyist, transcriber, writer

(1) **scribe** in ancient Egypt, (2) financial **scribe**

The **scribe's** skills were in high demand in medieval times, when many people were illiterate.

## edict

*n.* an official order or command issued by a ruler or government; a formal or authoritative proclamation

*synonym*: decree, order, command

(1) religious **edict**, (2) royal **edict**

The **edict** issued by the king had to be obeyed by all his subjects.

## persecute

*v.* to subject someone to hostility, ill-treatment, or harassment, especially because of their race, religion, or political beliefs; to oppress or mistreat someone because of their identity

*synonym*: victimize, harass, oppress

(1) **persecute** minorities, (2) **persecute** for small debts

The government's crackdown on free speech was seen as an attempt to **persecute** journalists and media outlets.

## heretic

*n.* a person who holds beliefs or opinions that are contrary to, or at odds with, the orthodox or official doctrines of a particular religion, ideology, or group; someone who is seen as a dissenter or rebel within a particular community

*synonym*: dissenter, nonconformist, dissident

(1) **heretic** beliefs, (2) labeled a **heretic**

The philosopher was accused of being a **heretic** for his controversial ideas.

## accusation

*n.* a statement or claim alleging that someone has committed a crime, offense, or wrongdoing; a charge or indictment made against someone

*synonym* : charge, indictment, imputation

(1) criminal **accusation**, (2) false **accusation**

The **accusation** of theft was unfounded, and the suspect was eventually cleared of all charges.

## confessor

*n.* a person to whom one confesses one's sins or misdeeds, often a priest or religious official; one who listens to and offers sympathy or guidance to those seeking to unburden themselves of their troubles

(1) catholic **confessor**, (2) personal **confessor**

The priest listened to the **confessor's** sins with compassion and understanding.

## imprison

*v.* to confine a person to a prison, a detention facility, or a place of involuntary confinement

*synonym* : incarcerate, detain, confine

(1) **imprison** illegal immigrant, (2) **imprison** myself within the room

He was **imprisoned** for embezzlement.

## confiscate

*v.* to seize, take or appropriate something by authority, often as a penalty for breaking laws or rules

*synonym* : seize, take, expropriate

(1) **confiscate** drugs, (2) **confiscate** property

The security officer had to **confiscate** the weapon from the suspect.

## mundane

*adj.* very ordinary and therefore lacking interest or excitement

*synonym* : ordinary, everyday, prosaic

(1) **mundane** affairs, (2) **mundane** objects

After returning from the war, he had a pretty **mundane** life.

## expel

*v.* to officially force someone to leave a school, organization, or country

*synonym*: deport, oust, dislodge

(1) **expel** him from his native country, (2) **expel** air from the lungs

He took a big drag of his cigarette and slowly **expelled** the smoke.

## converso

*n.* a Spanish or Portuguese Jew who converted to Christianity, particularly during the Inquisition

*synonym*: convert, neophyte, newcomer

(1) **converso** ancestry, (2) **converso** culture

The **converso** population played a significant role in shaping the culture and history of Spain.

## Morisco

*n.* a Muslim who was forced to convert to Christianity in Spain during the 16th and 17th centuries, or a descendant of such a person

*synonym*: Moorish, Muslim, arabized

(1) **Morisco** community, (2) **Morisco** art

The **Morisco** rebellion in the 1560s attempted to resist forced conversion to Catholicism.

## procession

*n.* a group of people or vehicles moving in an orderly, ceremonial manner, often for a religious or official purpose

*synonym*: parade, cavalcade, march

(1) **procession** of cars, (2) religious **procession**

The funeral **procession** slowly made its way to the cemetery.

## sermon

*n.* a speech or lecture given by a religious leader, especially a minister or priest, as part of a worship service

*synonym*: homily, discourse, lecture

(1) lengthy **sermon**, (2) a lay **sermon**

The preacher delivered a powerful **sermon** on the importance of forgiveness.

## exile

*n.* the state of being forced to leave one's country or home, typically for political or punitive reasons

*synonym*: banishment, expulsion, deportation

(1) **exile** community, (2) political **exile**

The **exiled** king lived in poverty in a foreign country for many years.

## Sanbenito

*n.* a garment, usually a sleeveless tunic, worn as a symbol of public humiliation or penance, particularly during the Spanish Inquisition

*synonym*: penalized garment, humiliating garment, shame garment

(1) **Sanbenito** punishment, (2) the use of **Sanbenitos**

The man was forced to wear a **Sanbenito** as he was marched through the streets.

## euphemism

*n.* a mild or indirect word or expression used in place of one considered to be too harsh or blunt when referring to something unpleasant or embarrassing

*synonym*: mild expression, implication, circumlocution

(1) genteel **euphemism**, (2) a **euphemism** for death

The company used the **euphemism** "downsizing" to describe the layoffs of hundreds of employees.

## repent

*v.* to feel remorse for one's past actions or thoughts and commit to changing them

*synonym*: regret, be sorry, rue

(1) **repent** a sin, (2) **repent** days of drug abuse

He **repented** for his actions and begged for forgiveness.

## relapse

*n.* the fact of becoming ill or starting to misbehave again after making an improvement

*synonym*: degeneration, deterioration, retrogression

(1) biochemical **relapse**, (2) **relapse** prevention

He had a **relapse** because he was working through the night.

## namesake

*n.* a person or thing with the same name as somebody or something else

(1) the **namesake** of her mother, (2) less famous than its **namesake**

He is my **namesake**, but we're not related.

## enlightenment

*n.* education that results in understanding and the spread of knowledge

*synonym*: civilization, awareness, sophistication

(1) spiritual **enlightenment**, (2) **enlightenment** activity

He finally brought his **enlightenment** to perfection.

## condemn

*v.* to express strong disapproval or criticism of something

*synonym*: criticize, denounce, censure

(1) **condemn** violence, (2) **condemn** crime

The government was **condemned** for its handling of the crisis.

## paranoia

*n.* a mental condition characterized by delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy, or exaggerated self-importance, typically compounded by feelings of anxiety or irritability

*synonym*: suspicion, mistrust, delusions

(1) encourage **paranoia**, (2) suffering from **paranoia**

His **paranoia** about being followed made him constantly look over his shoulder.



## Session 2: Spelling

1. traffic co\_\_\_\_\_le  
*n.* a law enforcement officer, typically of lower rank than a police officer, who is responsible for community policing and maintaining order and safety; in historical contexts, a person charged with various duties related to the administration of a particular area or estate
2. Sa\_\_\_\_\_to punishment  
*n.* a garment, usually a sleeveless tunic, worn as a symbol of public humiliation or penance, particularly during the Spanish Inquisition
3. ex\_\_l air from the lungs  
*v.* to officially force someone to leave a school, organization, or country
4. pe\_\_\_\_\_te minorities  
*v.* to subject someone to hostility, ill-treatment, or harassment, especially because of their race, religion, or political beliefs; to oppress or mistreat someone because of their identity
5. mu\_\_\_\_\_e objects  
*adj.* very ordinary and therefore lacking interest or excitement
6. im\_\_\_\_\_on myself within the room  
*v.* to confine a person to a prison, a detention facility, or a place of involuntary confinement
7. con\_\_\_\_\_te property  
*v.* to seize, take or appropriate something by authority, often as a penalty for breaking laws or rules

ANSWERS: 1. constable, 2. Sanbenito, 3. expel, 4. persecute, 5. mundane, 6. imprison, 7. confiscate

8. before Ch\_\_\_t *n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
9. the suppression of he\_\_\_y *n.* an opinion or belief that goes against the traditional or generally accepted view, especially in religion
10. im\_\_\_\_\_on illegal immigrant *v.* to confine a person to a prison, a detention facility, or a place of involuntary confinement
11. political ex\_\_\_e *n.* the state of being forced to leave one's country or home, typically for political or punitive reasons
12. persecution for he\_\_\_y *n.* an opinion or belief that goes against the traditional or generally accepted view, especially in religion
13. co\_\_\_\_\_n violence *v.* to express strong disapproval or criticism of something
14. medieval inq\_\_\_\_\_or *n.* someone who asks questions or conducts investigations, often with a severe or harsh demeanor; specifically, an official in the Catholic Church who questions and judges those accused of heresy
15. lengthy se\_\_\_n *n.* a speech or lecture given by a religious leader, especially a minister or priest, as part of a worship service
16. the Ca\_\_\_\_\_ic Church *adj.* universal and including many different types of things; related to or associated with the part of the Christian Church that has the Pope as its leader

ANSWERS: 8. Christ, 9. heresy, 10. imprison, 11. exile, 12. heresy, 13. condemn, 14. inquisitor, 15. sermon, 16. Catholic

17. criminal acc\_\_\_\_\_on *n.* a statement or claim alleging that someone has committed a crime, offense, or wrongdoing; a charge or indictment made against someone
18. ca\_\_\_\_\_ic in his tastes *adj.* universal and including many different types of things; related to or associated with the part of the Christian Church that has the Pope as its leader
19. the rebelling con\_\_\_\_\_cy *n.* a union of states or organizations formed for a particular purpose
20. the na\_\_\_\_\_ke of her mother *n.* a person or thing with the same name as somebody or something else
21. Je\_\_\_\_h history *adj.* of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism
22. co\_\_\_\_\_n crime *v.* to express strong disapproval or criticism of something
23. labeled a he\_\_\_\_\_c *n.* a person who holds beliefs or opinions that are contrary to, or at odds with, the orthodox or official doctrines of a particular religion, ideology, or group; someone who is seen as a dissenter or rebel within a particular community
24. an absolute mo\_\_\_\_\_h *n.* a person who rules a country, such as a king or queen
25. mo\_\_\_\_\_h butterflies *n.* a person who rules a country, such as a king or queen
26. a lay se\_\_\_\_n *n.* a speech or lecture given by a religious leader, especially a minister or priest, as part of a worship service

ANSWERS: 17. accusation, 18. Catholic, 19. confederacy, 20. namesake, 21. Jewish, 22. condemn, 23. heretic, 24. monarch, 25. monarch, 26. sermon

27. pe\_\_\_\_\_te for small debts      *v.* to subject someone to hostility, ill-treatment, or harassment, especially because of their race, religion, or political beliefs; to oppress or mistreat someone because of their identity
28. suffering from pa\_\_\_\_\_ia      *n.* a mental condition characterized by delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy, or exaggerated self-importance, typically compounded by feelings of anxiety or irritability
29. co\_\_\_\_\_so culture      *n.* a Spanish or Portuguese Jew who converted to Christianity, particularly during the Inquisition
30. re\_\_\_\_t days of drug abuse      *v.* to feel remorse for one's past actions or thoughts and commit to changing them
31. biochemical re\_\_\_\_\_e      *n.* the fact of becoming ill or starting to misbehave again after making an improvement
32. pa\_\_l authority      *adj.* relating to the pope (= the head of the Roman Catholic Church) or the Roman Catholic Church
33. submit him to an inq\_\_\_\_\_on      *n.* a judicial or official inquiry, especially one aimed at suppressing dissent or heresy
34. a eu\_\_\_\_\_sm for death      *n.* a mild or indirect word or expression used in place of one considered to be too harsh or blunt when referring to something unpleasant or embarrassing
35. religious pro\_\_\_\_\_on      *n.* a group of people or vehicles moving in an orderly, ceremonial manner, often for a religious or official purpose

ANSWERS: 27. persecute, 28. paranoia, 29. converso, 30. repent, 31. relapse, 32. papal, 33. inquisition, 34. euphemism, 35. procession

36. co\_\_\_\_so ancestry *n.* a Spanish or Portuguese Jew who converted to Christianity, particularly during the Inquisition
37. false acc\_\_\_\_\_on *n.* a statement or claim alleging that someone has committed a crime, offense, or wrongdoing; a charge or indictment made against someone
38. catholic co\_\_\_\_\_or *n.* a person to whom one confesses one's sins or misdeeds, often a priest or religious official; one who listens to and offers sympathy or guidance to those seeking to unburden themselves of their troubles
39. ex\_\_e community *n.* the state of being forced to leave one's country or home, typically for political or punitive reasons
40. religious ed\_\_t *n.* an official order or command issued by a ruler or government; a formal or authoritative proclamation
41. teaching of Ch\_\_\_t *n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
42. re\_\_\_\_\_e prevention *n.* the fact of becoming ill or starting to misbehave again after making an improvement
43. de\_\_\_t Buddhist *adj.* deeply committed to a specific religious faith or practice, often showing great reverence or piety
44. spiritual enl\_\_\_\_\_ent *n.* education that results in understanding and the spread of knowledge

ANSWERS: 36. converso, 37. accusation, 38. confessor, 39. exile, 40. edict, 41. Christ, 42. relapse, 43. devout, 44. enlightenment

45. financial sc\_\_\_e *n.* a person who writes out copies of documents or manuscripts, especially in ancient times
46. church inq\_\_\_\_or *n.* someone who asks questions or conducts investigations, often with a severe or harsh demeanor; specifically, an official in the Catholic Church who questions and judges those accused of heresy
47. pr\_\_\_\_\_te criminal *v.* to bring legal action against someone in a court of law; to pursue or carry out something to completion or achievement
48. con\_\_\_\_\_te drugs *v.* to seize, take or appropriate something by authority, often as a penalty for breaking laws or rules
49. genteel eu\_\_\_\_\_sm *n.* a mild or indirect word or expression used in place of one considered to be too harsh or blunt when referring to something unpleasant or embarrassing
50. he\_\_\_\_\_c beliefs *n.* a person who holds beliefs or opinions that are contrary to, or at odds with, the orthodox or official doctrines of a particular religion, ideology, or group; someone who is seen as a dissenter or rebel within a particular community
51. the use of Sa\_\_\_\_\_tos *n.* a garment, usually a sleeveless tunic, worn as a symbol of public humiliation or penance, particularly during the Spanish Inquisition

ANSWERS: 45. scribe, 46. inquisitor, 47. prosecute, 48. confiscate, 49. euphemism, 50. heretic, 51. Sanbenito

52. pro\_\_\_\_\_on of cars *n.* a group of people or vehicles moving in an orderly, ceremonial manner, often for a religious or official purpose
53. Je\_\_\_h culture *adj.* of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism
54. pa\_\_\_l visit *adj.* relating to the pope (= the head of the Roman Catholic Church) or the Roman Catholic Church
55. local co\_\_\_\_\_le *n.* a law enforcement officer, typically of lower rank than a police officer, who is responsible for community policing and maintaining order and safety; in historical contexts, a person charged with various duties related to the administration of a particular area or estate
56. re\_\_\_t a sin *v.* to feel remorse for one's past actions or thoughts and commit to changing them
57. Mo\_\_\_\_\_o community *n.* a Muslim who was forced to convert to Christianity in Spain during the 16th and 17th centuries, or a descendant of such a person
58. encourage pa\_\_\_\_\_ia *n.* a mental condition characterized by delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy, or exaggerated self-importance, typically compounded by feelings of anxiety or irritability
59. sc\_\_\_e in ancient Egypt *n.* a person who writes out copies of documents or manuscripts, especially in ancient times

ANSWERS: 52. procession, 53. Jewish, 54. papal, 55. constable, 56. repent, 57. Morisco, 58. paranoia, 59. scribe

60. ex\_\_l him from his native country      *v.* to officially force someone to leave a school, organization, or country
61. Mo\_\_\_\_\_o art      *n.* a Muslim who was forced to convert to Christianity in Spain during the 16th and 17th centuries, or a descendant of such a person
62. propose an inq\_\_\_\_\_on      *n.* a judicial or official inquiry, especially one aimed at suppressing dissent or heresy
63. personal co\_\_\_\_\_or      *n.* a person to whom one confesses one's sins or misdeeds, often a priest or religious official; one who listens to and offers sympathy or guidance to those seeking to unburden themselves of their troubles
64. ac\_\_\_e each other      *v.* to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing
65. urban con\_\_\_\_\_cy      *n.* a union of states or organizations formed for a particular purpose
66. less famous than its na\_\_\_\_\_ke      *n.* a person or thing with the same name as somebody or something else
67. ac\_\_\_e his rudeness      *v.* to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing
68. act in a de\_\_\_t manner      *adj.* deeply committed to a specific religious faith or practice, often showing great reverence or piety
69. mu\_\_\_\_\_e affairs      *adj.* very ordinary and therefore lacking interest or excitement
70. royal ed\_\_t      *n.* an official order or command issued by a ruler or government; a formal or authoritative proclamation

ANSWERS: 60. expel, 61. Morisco, 62. inquisition, 63. confessor, 64. accuse, 65. confederacy, 66. namesake, 67. accuse, 68. devout, 69. mundane, 70. edict



71. an ar\_\_\_\_\_ng sight      *adj.* attracting attention or interest; striking or impressive in appearance or effect; halting or stopping the movement or progress of something
72. pr\_\_\_\_\_te case      *v.* to bring legal action against someone in a court of law; to pursue or carry out something to completion or achievement
73. an ar\_\_\_\_\_ng image      *adj.* attracting attention or interest; striking or impressive in appearance or effect; halting or stopping the movement or progress of something
74. enl\_\_\_\_\_ent activity      *n.* education that results in understanding and the spread of knowledge

ANSWERS: 71. arresting, 72. prosecute, 73. arresting, 74. enlightenment

## Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. He finally brought his \_\_\_\_\_ to perfection.  
*n.* education that results in understanding and the spread of knowledge
  
2. The \_\_\_\_\_ palace was a grand and imposing structure.  
*adj.* relating to the pope (= the head of the Roman Catholic Church) or the Roman Catholic Church
  
3. The priest listened to the \_\_\_\_\_ sins with compassion and understanding.  
*n.* a person to whom one confesses one's sins or misdeeds, often a priest or religious official; one who listens to and offers sympathy or guidance to those seeking to unburden themselves of their troubles
  
4. The painting's \_\_\_\_\_ beauty made it difficult to look away.  
*adj.* attracting attention or interest; striking or impressive in appearance or effect; halting or stopping the movement or progress of something
  
5. The government's crackdown on free speech was seen as an attempt to \_\_\_\_\_ journalists and media outlets.  
*v.* to subject someone to hostility, ill-treatment, or harassment, especially because of their race, religion, or political beliefs; to oppress or mistreat someone because of their identity
  
6. The government was \_\_\_\_\_ for its handling of the crisis.  
*v.* to express strong disapproval or criticism of something
  
7. He had a \_\_\_\_\_ because he was working through the night.  
*n.* the fact of becoming ill or starting to misbehave again after making an improvement

ANSWERS: 1. enlightenment, 2. papal, 3. confessor's, 4. arresting, 5. persecute, 6. condemned, 7. relapse

8. The king appointed an \_\_\_\_\_ to investigate the accusations against the nobleman.
- n.* someone who asks questions or conducts investigations, often with a severe or harsh demeanor; specifically, an official in the Catholic Church who questions and judges those accused of heresy
9. The preacher delivered a powerful \_\_\_\_\_ on the importance of forgiveness.
- n.* a speech or lecture given by a religious leader, especially a minister or priest, as part of a worship service
10. The \_\_\_\_\_ skills were in high demand in medieval times, when many people were illiterate.
- n.* a person who writes out copies of documents or manuscripts, especially in ancient times
11. The \_\_\_\_\_ of states was formed to stand against the federal government's power.
- n.* a union of states or organizations formed for a particular purpose
12. The attorney decided to \_\_\_\_\_ the suspect for stealing from the store.
- v.* to bring legal action against someone in a court of law; to pursue or carry out something to completion or achievement
13. Sociologists are now interested in \_\_\_\_\_ world peace.
- adj.* universal and including many different types of things; related to or associated with the part of the Christian Church that has the Pope as its leader
14. He took a big drag of his cigarette and slowly \_\_\_\_\_ the smoke.
- v.* to officially force someone to leave a school, organization, or country

ANSWERS: 8. inquisitor, 9. sermon, 10. scribe's, 11. confederacy, 12. prosecute, 13. catholic, 14. expelled

15. He is my \_\_\_\_\_ but we're not related.  
*n.* a person or thing with the same name as somebody or something else
16. My friend is a \_\_\_\_\_ woman who celebrates Hanukkah every year.  
*adj.* of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism
17. The philosopher was accused of being a \_\_\_\_\_ for his controversial ideas.  
*n.* a person who holds beliefs or opinions that are contrary to, or at odds with, the orthodox or official doctrines of a particular religion, ideology, or group; someone who is seen as a dissenter or rebel within a particular community
18. The \_\_\_\_\_ was a period of religious persecution in Europe.  
*n.* a judicial or official inquiry, especially one aimed at suppressing dissent or heresy
19. \_\_\_\_\_ is the day to celebrate the birth of Christ.  
*n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
20. The \_\_\_\_\_ population played a significant role in shaping the culture and history of Spain.  
*n.* a Spanish or Portuguese Jew who converted to Christianity, particularly during the Inquisition
21. The \_\_\_\_\_ issued by the king had to be obeyed by all his subjects.  
*n.* an official order or command issued by a ruler or government; a formal or authoritative proclamation
22. The company used the \_\_\_\_\_ "downsizing" to describe the layoffs of hundreds of employees.  
*n.* a mild or indirect word or expression used in place of one considered to be too harsh or blunt when referring to something unpleasant or embarrassing

ANSWERS: 15. namesake, 16. Jewish, 17. heretic, 18. inquisition, 19. Christmas, 20. converso, 21. edict, 22. euphemism

23. The witness \_\_\_\_\_ the defendant of committing the robbery.
- v.* to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing
24. The \_\_\_\_\_ rebellion in the 1560s attempted to resist forced conversion to Catholicism.
- n.* a Muslim who was forced to convert to Christianity in Spain during the 16th and 17th centuries, or a descendant of such a person
25. The \_\_\_\_\_ of theft was unfounded, and the suspect was eventually cleared of all charges.
- n.* a statement or claim alleging that someone has committed a crime, offense, or wrongdoing; a charge or indictment made against someone
26. He was \_\_\_\_\_ for embezzlement.
- v.* to confine a person to a prison, a detention facility, or a place of involuntary confinement
27. She came from a commoner background but eventually became the \_\_\_\_\_ of that country.
- n.* a person who rules a country, such as a king or queen
28. The man was forced to wear a \_\_\_\_\_ as he was marched through the streets.
- n.* a garment, usually a sleeveless tunic, worn as a symbol of public humiliation or penance, particularly during the Spanish Inquisition
29. The \_\_\_\_\_ duty was to maintain law and order in his assigned jurisdiction.
- n.* a law enforcement officer, typically of lower rank than a police officer, who is responsible for community policing and maintaining order and safety; in historical contexts, a person charged with various duties related to the administration of a particular area or estate

ANSWERS: 23. accused, 24. Morisco, 25. accusation, 26. imprisoned, 27. monarch, 28. Sanbenito, 29. constable's

30. After returning from the war, he had a pretty \_\_\_\_\_ life.  
*adj.* very ordinary and therefore lacking interest or excitement
31. The doctrine was considered \_\_\_\_\_ by the mainstream church.  
*n.* an opinion or belief that goes against the traditional or generally accepted view, especially in religion
32. The \_\_\_\_\_ king lived in poverty in a foreign country for many years.  
*n.* the state of being forced to leave one's country or home, typically for political or punitive reasons
33. The \_\_\_\_\_ monk spent hours each day in prayer and contemplation.  
*adj.* deeply committed to a specific religious faith or practice, often showing great reverence or piety
34. The security officer had to \_\_\_\_\_ the weapon from the suspect.  
*v.* to seize, take or appropriate something by authority, often as a penalty for breaking laws or rules
35. He \_\_\_\_\_ for his actions and begged for forgiveness.  
*v.* to feel remorse for one's past actions or thoughts and commit to changing them
36. The funeral \_\_\_\_\_ slowly made its way to the cemetery.  
*n.* a group of people or vehicles moving in an orderly, ceremonial manner, often for a religious or official purpose
37. His \_\_\_\_\_ about being followed made him constantly look over his shoulder.  
*n.* a mental condition characterized by delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy, or exaggerated self-importance, typically compounded by feelings of anxiety or irritability

ANSWERS: 30. mundane, 31. heresy, 32. exiled, 33. devout, 34. confiscate, 35. repented, 36. procession, 37. paranoia

ANSWERS: