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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Joseph Goffman: Whatever happened to acid rain? | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/joseph_goffman_whatever_happened_to_acid_rain

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

brook

n. a small stream

synonym : stream, creek, rivulet

(1) music of the **brook**, (2) **brook** trout

A **brook** babbled through the woods.

experimental

adj. relating to or based on new ideas, forms, methods, etc. that have not been tried before, usually to find out what effect they have

synonym : empirical, exploratory, observed

(1) **experimental** data, (2) **experimental** design

The product is still in the **experimental** stage.

shocking

adj. extremely or surprisingly bad, or causing a strong emotional response such as surprise or disgust

synonym : startling, surprising, astounding

(1) **shocking** response, (2) **shocking** revelation

The news of the accident was **shocking** and left many in shock.

discovery

n. the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known

synonym : finding, uncovering, detection

(1) a scientific **discovery**, (2) the great **discovery** of the century

Her research team made an important **discovery**.

rainfall

n. the amount of rain that falls in a specific location at a particular moment

synonym: downpour, drizzle, rain

(1) the mean annual **rainfall**, (2) heavy **rainfall**

These plants thrive in hot climates with abundant **rainfall**.

acidic

adj. having a pH lower than 7; having characteristics of an acid, such as tasting sour or corroding metal

synonym: sour, tart, acrid

(1) **acidic** solution, (2) **acidic** taste

The soil in this region is too **acidic** for most crops to grow well.

addition

n. the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers

synonym: accumulation, expansion, addendum

(1) chemical **addition**, (2) **addition** of vectors

In **addition**, private corporations provide healthcare services.

downpour

n. a heavy rain that often starts suddenly

synonym: rainstorm, deluge, shower

(1) torrential **downpour**, (2) **downpour** of criticism

The concentrated **downpour** was so heavy that it was difficult to see more than a few feet in front of you.

acid

n. sour; water-soluble chemicals with a sour flavor; any of a variety of generally liquid compounds capable of reacting with and occasionally dissolving other materials

synonym: sour

(1) an **acid** reaction, (2) good source of essential amino **acids**

During pregnancy, the stomach generates less **acid** than

usual.

destroy

v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

synonym: demolish, ruin, obliterate

(1) **destroy** the ecosystem, (2) **destroyed** evidence

The building was **destroyed** in the fire and had to be rebuilt.

marine

adj. relating to the sea and the creatures and plants that live there

synonym: sea-dwelling, maritime, aquatic

(1) **marine** insurance, (2) variety of **marine** life

Seals and whales are **marine** animals beloved by the people.

arboreal

adj. relating to or living in trees; characterized by the presence of trees

synonym: woody, tree-dwelling, dendriform

(1) **arboreal** lifestyle, (2) **arboreal** habitat

The spider monkey is an **arboreal** primate found in Central and South America.

ecosystem

n. all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment

(1) marine **ecosystem**, (2) change the **ecosystem**

Human conservation efforts often fail unexpectedly because they disturb the balance of the **ecosystem**.

urgently

adv. in a way that requires immediate action or attention, especially before anything else, because of being very important

synonym: promptly, immediately, swiftly

(1) tackle the problem **urgently**, (2) **urgently** required

I need to send this email **urgently**.

fellow

adj. someone who has the same job or interests as you, or is in the same class, profession, or situation as you

synonym: buddy, mate, affiliate

(1) junior **fellow**, (2) nice **fellow**

He is the kind of **fellow** who only works for his success.

determinant

n. a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result

synonym: cause, factor, element

(1) environmental **determinant**, (2) a **determinant** of crop yields

One **determinant** of success is having a positive attitude and a strong work ethic.

compose

v. to write music, poetry, or formal writing; to constitute or make up a whole, or a specified part of it

synonym: compile, constitute, build

(1) **compose** an essay, (2) **compose** my thoughts

The structure is **composed** of three main components.

chemical

adj. relating to or connected with chemistry;

synonym: chemic, synthetic

(1) toxic **chemicals**, (2) a **chemical** compound

The firm has grown into a large **chemical** manufacturing.

particulate

adj. consisting of small particles, especially those that are suspended in a fluid or air

synonym: granular, dusty

(1) **particulate** size, (2) **particulate** pollution

Smoke from forest fires is causing an increase in **particulate** matter in the air.

atmosphere

n. the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work

synonym: air, ambiance, circumstances

(1) carbon dioxide in the **atmosphere**, (2) a convivial **atmosphere**

The spaceship began to burn up as it approached the Earth's

atmosphere.

compound

n. an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements

synonym : combination, mixture, blend

(1) aquatic **compound**, (2) harmful **compound**

Common salt is a sodium and chlorine **compound**.

carbon

n. a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals

(1) **carbon** dioxide, (2) **carbon** emission

Trees absorb **carbon** dioxide and give off oxygen.

oxide

n. a chemical compound that contains at least one oxygen atom and one other element

(1) silver **oxide**, (2) combined **oxide**

The blood's red coloring comes from iron **oxide**.

slightly

adv. in a small degree or extent; a little

synonym : barely, narrowly, scarcely

(1) increase **slightly**, (2) **slightly** alkaline soils

He moved his body **slightly** to the left.

pale

adj. having skin that is very light colored; lacking in vitality or interest or effectiveness

synonym : sallow, faint, ashen

(1) a **pale** complexion, (2) **pale** pink

She turned **pale** when she heard the news.

comparison

n. the consideration or examination of the similarities between two or more people or things

synonym : equivalence, analogy, contrast

(1) ease of **comparison**, (2) **comparison** of foods on a caloric basis

I've included the two designs for a **comparison**.

interact

v. to communicate or react with somebody

synonym: cooperate, combine, collaborate

(1) **interact** directly with customers, (2) **interact** with one another

He should **interact** more with his colleagues.

nitrogen

n. a chemical element with the symbol N and atomic number 7, which is a highly reactive element that forms part of many compounds, including amino acids and proteins

(1) heavy **nitrogen**, (2) **nitrogen** absorption

Nitrogen gas is used to inflate car tires because it does not react with rubber.

sulfur

n. (also sulphur) a chemical element with the symbol S and atomic number 16, found in many minerals and sulfur compounds, often used in the production of fertilizers, rubber, paper, and other industrial applications

(1) **sulfur** dioxide, (2) **sulfur** mine

The **sulfur** emissions from the nearby factory caused the rotten egg smell.

ph

n. a measure of the acidity or alkalinity of a substance, on a scale of 0 to 14, with seven being neutral, lower values indicating greater acidity, and higher values indicating greater alkalinity

synonym: acidity, alkalinity, balance

(1) **pH** value of seven, (2) **ph** scale

The **ph** level of this soil is too acidic for these types of plants.

acidity

n. the level of acid content in a substance or environment; the quality of being sour or tart; sharpness or harshness in taste or manner

synonym: sourness, tartness, acridity

(1) high **acidity** level, (2) the **acidity** of the wine

The soil's **acidity** was too high for the plants to grow correctly.

norm

n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
synonym : criterion, mean, standard

(1) **norm** of action, (2) cultural **norm**

The systems we have developed has accepted as industry **norms**.

roughly

adv. approximately but not precisely; with a violent manner
synonym : approximately, more or less, around

(1) **roughly** explain my idea, (2) **roughly** speaking

Five miles is **roughly** similar to eight kilometers.

rank

n. a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others

synonym : position, status, standing

(1) **rank** amateur, (2) high **rank**

He was promoted to the **rank** of captain in the military.

naturally

adv. as might be expected; by natural manners

synonym : by nature, inherently, intrinsically

(1) **naturally** arising, (2) **naturally** regenerated forest

He was **naturally** gifted.

byproduct

n. a secondary or incidental product produced in the manufacture or synthesis of something else

synonym : side effect, spinoff, outgrowth

(1) toxic **byproducts**, (2) **byproduct** of technology

The **byproduct** of the energy production process is a large amount of carbon dioxide emissions.

volcanic

adj. relating to or produced by or consisting of volcano

(1) effects of **volcanic** eruptions, (2) increase in **volcanic** activity

This study indicates **volcanic** activity affects global warming.

eruption

n. an instance of a sudden and violent release of lava, gas, or ash from a volcano; a sudden outburst or explosion of

something

synonym: explosion, outburst, burst

(1) **eruption** alert level, (2) emotional **eruption**

The volcanic **eruption** caused widespread destruction and left the area covered in ash.

lightning

n. a flash, or several flashes, of light that accompanies an electric discharge in the atmosphere, or something resembling such a flash

synonym: bolt, electrical discharge

(1) streaks of **lightning**, (2) **lightning** air strike

The human eye is **lightning-fast** in recognizing objects.

strike

v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

synonym: hit, impact, influence

(1) **strike** up a conversation, (2) **strike** a blow

We **strike** to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

refinery

n. a facility that is used to process, purify, and refine raw materials such as oil or metal into a more useful or valuable form

synonym: plant, factory, processing plant

(1) hydrogen **refinery**, (2) **refinery** operations

The oil **refinery** was shut down due to safety concerns after a major accident.

fossil

n. any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock

synonym: relic, remnant, antediluvian

(1) burning of **fossil** fuels, (2) a **fossil** leaf

It was the **fossil** of a dinosaur tooth.

fuel

n. a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy

synonym : energy, power, gas

(1) biomass **fuel**, (2) smokeless **fuel**

The **fuel** scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector

consistent

adj. always behaving or happening in the same way, or having the same thoughts, standards, etc.

synonym : coherent, constant, compatible

(1) do on a **consistent** basis, (2) get **consistent** results

You are not **consistent** in your behavior.

pump

v. to cause water, air, gas, etc. to move from one place to another by using mechanical equipment; to get or supply something such as money, information, etc. in significant quantities

synonym : drain, inject, send

(1) **pump** a secret out of success, (2) **pump** blood throughout the body

He was alert and could not **pump** any critical information out of him.

quantity

n. the amount or number of something; magnitude

synonym : abundance, portion, amount

(1) half **quantity**, (2) residual **quantity**

In southward, the average annual water **quantity** increases.

pollution

n. the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change

synonym : corrosion, deterioration, corruption

(1) environmental **pollution**, (2) high levels of air **pollution**

The **pollution** is endangering the local plants and animals.

roam

v. to move about or travel aimlessly or without a fixed destination; to wander

synonym : wander, ramble, meander

(1) **roam** freely, (2) **roam** the countryside

I love to **roam** around the city and discover new neighborhoods.

destruction

n. the act of causing so much damage to something

synonym: devastation, annihilation, ruin

(1) path of **destruction**, (2) cyclonic **destruction**

The extinction of several subspecies has been linked to climate change and habitat **destruction**.

presence

n. the fact or state that someone or something exists, occurs, or is present

synonym: existence, actuality, fact

(1) the evidence of the **presence**, (2) his majestic **presence**

The path to a solid online **presence** necessitates a high technical ability.

dramatically

adv. in a very impressive manner

synonym: greatly, noticeably, suddenly

(1) he confessed **dramatically**, (2) the cabin pressure fell **dramatically**

Life expectancy has grown **dramatically** this century.

precipitation

n. moisture that condenses from the atmosphere and falls to the earth in the form of rain, snow, sleet, or hail; an unexpected acceleration or hastening

synonym: moisture, rain, snow

(1) **precipitation** pattern, (2) the annual **precipitation**

The **precipitation** forecast for the weekend is for heavy rain.

fog

n. a thick cloud consisting of tiny water droplets or ice crystals suspended in the air at or near the Earth's surface; a weather condition in which visibility is reduced because of a cloud of water

synonym: cloud, mist, smog

(1) a dense **fog**, (2) front **fog** lights

The **fog** cleared away, and the star-filled sky appeared.

acidify

v. to make something acidic or to become more acidic; to add acid to a substance to make it more acidic

synonym: acidulate, sour, acetify

(1) **acidify** soil, (2) **acidify** the ocean

Agricultural runoff can **acidify** nearby water sources and harm aquatic life.

stream

n. a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc.

synonym: flow, current, brook

(1) the **stream** of time, (2) an endless **stream** of cars

Jet **streams** are the common name for air currents that form high in the atmosphere.

crop

n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food

synonym: output, produce, product

(1) **crop** field, (2) **crop** herbicide

Sow early for an early **crop**.

dam

n. a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy

synonym: barricade, barrier, embankment

(1) **dam-building** program, (2) **dam** collapsing

The break in the **dam** threatened the valley.

soil

n. the top layer of Earth in which plants grow

synonym: earth, ground, mud

(1) **soils** retentive of moisture, (2) parched **soil**

Soil moisture is another significant component controlling soil respiration.

inhibit

v. to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal

synonym: deter, hinder, impede

(1) **inhibit** desires, (2) **inhibit** tumor growth

Excessive parental interference may **inhibit** children's eagerness to learn.

corrode

v. to destroy or eat away slowly by chemical action; to gradually wear away, weaken, or disintegrate over time

synonym: erode, rust, eat away

(1) **corrode** steel drums, (2) **corrode** pipes

The saltwater can **corrode** metal over time if not properly maintained.

structure

n. the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts

synonym: construction, architecture, establishment

(1) the **structure** of a machine, (2) **structure** and function of the brain

The organizational **structure** of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.

environment

n. the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

synonym: atmosphere, surroundings, climate

(1) **environment** affairs, (2) chaotic **environment**

Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's **environment**.

threat

n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

synonym: menace, danger, hazard

(1) economic **threat**, (2) environmental **threat**

The **threat** of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.

deny

v. to state that one refuses to admit the existence or truth of something

synonym : refute, reject, repudiate

(1) adamantly **deny** killing, (2) **deny** the allegations

He is still **denying** stealing the money from the cash register.

responsible

adj. answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management

synonym : accountable, answerable, liable

(1) **responsible** action, (2) **responsible** for a customer service

She's a **responsible** pet owner who ensures her dog gets enough exercise and a healthy diet.

cast

v. to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assign or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process

synonym : throw, project, select

(1) **cast** a ballot, (2) **cast** a charming eye

This accident **cast** a dark shadow over their lives.

doubt

n. a feeling of being uncertain about something, especially about how good or accurate it is

synonym : distrust, suspect, mistrust

(1) dispel **doubts**, (2) no **doubt** about the news

Doubt is the start, not the end, of intelligence.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

corporation

n. a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit

synonym : business, company, enterprise

(1) a public **corporation**, (2) **corporation** assets

Four companies were amalgamated into a single

corporation.

lobby

n. a large area inside the entrance of a public building where people can meet and wait; a group of people who try to persuade a politician, the government, or an official group to influence legislation

synonym : entrance, hall, anteroom

(1) **lobby** for legislation, (2) a hotel **lobby**

That **lobby** group actively advocated environmental protection to the government.

regulate

v. to control something, especially by means of rules or laws

synonym : control, restrain, handle

(1) **regulate** blood sugar levels, (2) **regulate** our conduct

We must manage to **regulate** our expenditure.

convinced

adj. completely certain about something; having a strong belief or conviction in a particular religion

synonym : confident, positive, indoctrinated

(1) **convinced** of the idea, (2) **convinced** criminal

The public is **convinced** that the prime minister has committed fraud.

politician

n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.

synonym : congressperson, lawmaker, legislator

(1) a **politician** in the ruling party, (2) a corrupt **politician**

The **politician** lost his position in the end due to the scandal.

policy

n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

synonym : strategy, plan, guideline

(1) health **policy**, (2) foreign **policy**

The company's new **policy** on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

threaten

v. to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone

synonym: endanger, terrorize, intimidate

(1) **threaten** a healthy relationship, (2) **threaten** national security

Various artificially induced causes are **threatening** our ecosystem.

obstacle

n. a thing that blocks one's way or prevents or hinders progress

synonym: hindrance, barrier, block

(1) an **obstacle** to progress, (2) **obstacle** avoidance

The **obstacle** course was challenging but fun.

government

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

synonym: administration, regime, state

(1) **government** bureaucracy, (2) **government** funding

The federal **government** is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

delay

v. to cause something to happen at a later time than originally intended or expected

synonym: block, adjourn, detain

(1) **delay** a flight three hours, (2) **delay** the new project

We **delayed** the payment because of an incorrect invoice.

mandate

n. an official or authoritative instruction or command; a commission or authority to carry out a particular task

synonym: command, instruction, authority

(1) **mandate** obligation, (2) an Imperial **mandate**

The **mandate** given to the new government is to improve the

economy.

mount

v. to increase, go up, or advance gradually or continuously; to prepare and supply with the necessary equipment for execution or performance; to ride on something or someone

synonym: climb, increase, get on

(1) **mount** a hill, (2) **mount** a counterattack

They **mounted** pictures on the paper in preparation for the birthday card.

Congress

n. a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade unions, political parties, or other groups

synonym: legislature, parliament, assembly

(1) an international **Congress**, (2) peace **Congress**

Congress must consider this proposal in an unusual situation.

bulk

n. the quantity or size of something that is very large; the main part of something

synonym: majority, largeness, amount

(1) buy in **bulk**, (2) **bulk** data transfer

I received a parcel of great **bulk**.

Emission

n. the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.

synonym: emanation, radiation, discharge

(1) global **emissions** of greenhouse gases, (2) the **emission** of light

There are five distinct **emissions** at five unique wavelengths.

Sector

n. a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity

synonym: division, department, branch

(1) industrial **sector**, (2) private **sector**

The technology **sector** is constantly evolving and innovating.

emit

v. to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.

synonym : give off, radiate, expel

(1) **emit** a gamma ray, (2) **emit** air pollution

During the unloading, the container box **emits** a clicking sound.

divide

v. to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups

synonym : separate, disconnect, split

(1) **divide** the cake into two pieces, (2) **divide** money equally

Can you **divide** 123321 by eleven?

permit

v. to allow for something to happen or be done; (noun) the act of giving a formal, usually written, authorization

synonym : allow, authorize, concede

(1) **permit** application, (2) work **permit**

The teacher will not **permit** any students to leave the classroom early.

distribute

v. to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something

synonym : broadcast, disperse, hand out

(1) **distribute** wealth evenly, (2) **distribute** video content

His estate was **distributed** to his sons.

unused

adj. not being used, or never having been used

synonym : pristine, untouched, unaccustomed

(1) a bullet left **unused**, (2) an **unused** place

The old entrance area is now **unused**.

economy

n. the system by which a country or region produces, manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

synonym : finance, trade, business

(1) **economy** of scale, (2) **economy** class

The **economy** of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.

flexibility

n. the quality of changing or being changed easily according to new conditions or situations

synonym: elasticity, adaptability, resilience

(1) mental **flexibility**, (2) the **flexibility** of the body

We dealt with those problems with speed and **flexibility**.

strict

adj. strongly limiting someone's freedom; allowing no deviation from a standard, rule, belief, etc.

synonym: rigorous, inflexible, relentless

(1) **strict** compliance regime, (2) in **strict** secrecy

Too **strict** a regulation for the private sector will stifle innovation.

critic

n. someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.

synonym: pundit, analyst, attacker

(1) art **critic**, (2) severe **critic**

Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their **critics**.

license

n. an official permission or authorization to do, use, or own something; a legal document that grants the holder the right to perform certain activities, such as driving a car, practicing a profession, or using a particular product or service

synonym: permit, authorization, certificate

(1) **license** renewal, (2) software **license**

Before driving, ensure you have a valid driver's **license**.

pollute

v. to make an area or substance, such as land, air, water, etc., dirty or harmful to living things by adding waste matter or harmful chemicals

synonym: contaminate, corrupt, degrade

(1) **pollute** the air, (2) **pollute** the thread

We should do our best not to **pollute** the environment.

utility

n. the state or quality of being useful or convenient; the service, such as electric power or water or transportation, provided by a public

synonym: usefulness, practicality, utility

(1) **utility** costs, (2) marginal **utility**

The **utility** of the device was immediately apparent to all who saw it.

sulfurize

v. to treat or combine with sulfur, often used in the production of various chemicals or metallurgy

(1) **sulfurize** the metal, (2) **sulfurize** the soil

The manufacturer **sulfurizes** the rubber to improve its elasticity and durability.

scrub

v. to clean something thoroughly, typically with a brush and soap or detergent

synonym: clean, wash, sanitize

(1) **scrub** off graffiti, (2) **scrub** dirt from potatoes

She decided to **scrub** the kitchen floor to remove all the dirt and grime.

smokestack

n. a vertical pipe or chimney, usually of brick or metal, through which smoke or exhaust gases from a fire or engine are discharged into the air

synonym: chimney, stack, flue

(1) **smokestack** emissions, (2) industrial **smokestack**

The **smokestack** on top of the factory released thick clouds of pollution into the air.

coal

n. a combustible black or brownish-black sedimentary rock that is found below the ground and burnt to produce heat

synonym: ember

(1) a **coal-fired** ship, (2) construction of new **coal** plants

We combust **coal** and other fossil fuels to generate electricity.

relative

adj. considered and evaluated through comparison with something else

synonym: comparative, proximate, congeneric

(1) a remote **relative**, (2) **relative** factors

Most countries prohibit sexual activity between certain close **relatives**.

advance

v. to go or move forward; to develop in a positive way

synonym: progress, boost, come along

(1) **advance** the technology, (2) **advance** a cooperative relationship

Scientific knowledge will **advance** significantly with the power of AI.

union

n. a group of employees who have banded together to advocate for their rights and better their working conditions; the act or the state of joining together or being joined together

synonym: alliance, coalition, confederation

(1) bank and credit **unions**, (2) a craft **union**

The trade **union** remained adamant about its demands.

adopt

v. to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own

synonym: accept, assume, take on

(1) **adopt** a child, (2) **adopt** a bill

The national assembly has **adopted** the budget.

treaty

n. a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities

synonym: agreement, pact, accord

(1) **treaty** negotiation, (2) global climate **treaty**

The two countries signed a **treaty** to establish peaceful

relations.

circulate

v. to move continuously or freely around a place or closed system

synonym: flow, disperse, rotate

(1) **circulate** a rumor, (2) **circulate** an agenda before the meeting

The fan **circulates** the air in the room quickly.

largely

adv. virtually entirely; to a large degree

synonym: mainly, chiefly, broadly

(1) **largely** accepted, (2) **largely** mitigate the issue

Nevada is **largely** a desert state.

eliminate

v. to remove or get rid of someone or something

synonym: wipe out, destroy, eradicate

(1) **eliminate** contestants, (2) **eliminate** sexual barriers

We can **eliminate** this possibility from those consumptions.

recover

v. to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength

synonym: come back, convalesce, heal

(1) **recover** a loss, (2) **recover** approval ratings

She is still **recovering** from a shot to her shoulder.

reintroduce

v. to bring back something that has been previously abolished or discontinued

synonym: bring back, restore, reestablish

(1) **reintroduce** species, (2) **reintroduce** capital punishment

The government is planning to **reintroduce** wolves to the national park to restore the balance of the ecosystem.

essential

adj. indispensable; fundamental

synonym: critical, crucial, basic

(1) **essential** amino acid, (2) **essential** commodities of life

Trial and error is an **essential** part of education.

- rely**
- v. to require a specific thing or the assistance and support of someone or something to continue, run properly, or succeed.
- synonym*: depend, count, lean
- (1) **rely** on convenience stores, (2) **rely** entirely on him
- Babies heavily **rely** on others for food.
- struggle**
- v. to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction
- synonym*: toil, strive, compete
- (1) **struggle** against discrimination, (2) **struggle** to get the job
- He could not **struggle** against temptation.
- consequence**
- n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
- synonym*: result, impact, outcome
- (1) unintended **consequences**, (2) the **consequence** of an argument
- These economic activities had disastrous environmental **consequences**.
- celebrated**
- adj.* renowned for possessing admirable attributes
- synonym*: acclaimed, notable, prominent
- (1) **celebrated** artist, (2) **celebrated** paper
- Three **celebrated** tenors performed during the president's inauguration.
- victory**
- n. success in a game, competition, election, or battle, or the knowledge that you have won
- synonym*: win, triumph, success
- (1) **victory** in the law court, (2) **victory** over terrorism
- We are optimistic about our final **victory**.
- consensus**
- n. general agreement or accord in the judgment or opinion reached by a group as a whole

synonym : agreement, accord, harmony

(1) a public **consensus**, (2) **consensus** among scientists

The two parties have reached a **consensus**.

efficient

adj. performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials

synonym : productive, effective, competent

(1) **efficient** operation, (2) energy- **efficient** appliances

The new washing machine is much more **efficient** than the old one.

impose

v. to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received

synonym : charge, levy, foist

(1) **impose** harsher sanctions, (2) **impose** tariffs

The problem with achievement tests is the narrowness they **impose** on students.

Session 2: Spelling

1. in____ct directly with customers *v.* to communicate or react with somebody
2. la____y accepted *adv.* virtually entirely; to a large degree
3. get con_____nt results *adj.* always behaving or happening in the same way, or having the same thoughts, standards, etc.
4. li_____e renewal *n.* an official permission or authorization to do, use, or own something; a legal document that grants the holder the right to perform certain activities, such as driving a car, practicing a profession, or using a particular product or service
5. sl_____ly alkaline soils *adv.* in a small degree or extent; a little
6. combined ox__e *n.* a chemical compound that contains at least one oxygen atom and one other element
7. es_____al commodities of life *adj.* indispensable; fundamental
8. n__m of action *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
9. gov_____nt bureaucracy *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
10. peace co_____ss *n.* a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade unions, political parties, or other groups
11. mo__t a hill *v.* to increase, go up, or advance gradually or continuously; to prepare and supply with the necessary equipment for execution or performance; to ride on something or someone

ANSWERS: 1. interact, 2. largely, 3. consistent, 4. license, 5. slightly, 6. oxide, 7. essential, 8. norm, 9. government, 10. congress, 11. mount

12. sh____ng response *adj.* extremely or surprisingly bad, or causing a strong emotional response such as surprise or disgust
13. a scientific di____ry *n.* the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known
14. r__m the countryside *v.* to move about or travel aimlessly or without a fixed destination; to wander
15. harmful co____nd *n.* an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements
16. buy in b__k *n.* the quantity or size of something that is very large; the main part of something
17. im____e tariffs *v.* to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received
18. sc__b dirt from potatoes *v.* to clean something thoroughly, typically with a brush and soap or detergent
19. ph scale *n.* a measure of the acidity or alkalinity of a substance, on a scale of 0 to 14, with seven being neutral, lower values indicating greater acidity, and higher values indicating greater alkalinity
20. a c__l-fired ship *n.* a combustible black or brownish-black sedimentary rock that is found below the ground and burnt to produce heat
21. r__m freely *v.* to move about or travel aimlessly or without a fixed destination; to wander

ANSWERS: 12. shocking, 13. discovery, 14. roam, 15. compound, 16. bulk, 17. impose, 18. scrub, 19. ph, 20. coal, 21. roam

22. pre_____ion pattern *n.* moisture that condenses from the atmosphere and falls to the earth in the form of rain, snow, sleet, or hail; an unexpected acceleration or hastening
23. na_____ly arising *adv.* as might be expected; by natural manners
24. el_____te sexual barriers *v.* to remove or get rid of someone or something
25. su_____ze the soil *v.* to treat or combine with sulfur, often used in the production of various chemicals or metallurgy
26. dis_____te video content *v.* to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
27. di___e money equally *v.* to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups
28. marginal ut_____y *n.* the state or quality of being useful or convenient; the service, such as electric power or water or transportation, provided by a public
29. work pe___t *v.* to allow for something to happen or be done; (noun) the act of giving a formal, usually written, authorization
30. co_____us among scientists *n.* general agreement or accord in the judgment or opinion reached by a group as a whole
31. in_____ct with one another *v.* to communicate or react with somebody
32. com_____on of foods on a caloric basis *n.* the consideration or examination of the similarities between two or more people or things

ANSWERS: 22. precipitation, 23. naturally, 24. eliminate, 25. sulfurize, 26. distribute, 27. divide, 28. utility, 29. permit, 30. consensus, 31. interact, 32. comparison

33. su___r mine *n.* (also sulphur) a chemical element with the symbol S and atomic number 16, found in many minerals and sulfur compounds, often used in the production of fertilizers, rubber, paper, and other industrial applications
34. good source of essential amino a__ds *n.* sour; water-soluble chemicals with a sour flavor; any of a variety of generally liquid compounds capable of reacting with and occasionally dissolving other materials
35. burning of fo___l fuels *n.* any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock
36. smokeless f__l *n.* a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
37. path of des_____on *n.* the act of causing so much damage to something
38. an a__d reaction *n.* sour; water-soluble chemicals with a sour flavor; any of a variety of generally liquid compounds capable of reacting with and occasionally dissolving other materials
39. ad_____e the technology *v.* to go or move forward; to develop in a positive way
40. the evidence of the pr_____ce *n.* the fact or state that someone or something exists, occurs, or is present
41. chaotic env_____nt *n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live

ANSWERS: 33. sulfur, 34. acid, 35. fossil, 36. fuel, 37. destruction, 38. acid, 39. advance, 40. presence, 41. environment

42. variety of ma___e life *adj.* relating to the sea and the creatures and plants that live there
43. environmental det_____nt *n.* a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result
44. a ch_____al compound *adj.* relating to or connected with chemistry;
45. ca___n emission *n.* a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals
46. tr___y negotiation *n.* a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities
47. d_m collapsing *n.* a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy
48. an international co_____ss *n.* a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade unions, political parties, or other groups
49. b__k data transfer *n.* the quantity or size of something that is very large; the main part of something
50. er_____on alert level *n.* an instance of a sudden and violent release of lava, gas, or ash from a volcano; a sudden outburst or explosion of something
51. tackle the problem ur_____ly *adv.* in a way that requires immediate action or attention, especially before anything else, because of being very important

ANSWERS: 42. marine, 43. determinant, 44. chemical, 45. carbon, 46. treaty, 47. dam, 48. congress, 49. bulk, 50. eruption, 51. urgently

52. a bullet left un___d *adj.* not being used, or never having been used
53. st___le against discrimination *v.* to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction
54. a hotel lo___y *n.* a large area inside the entrance of a public building where people can meet and wait; a group of people who try to persuade a politician, the government, or an official group to influence legislation
55. exp_____tal data *adj.* relating to or based on new ideas, forms, methods, etc. that have not been tried before, usually to find out what effect they have
56. sc__b off graffiti *v.* to clean something thoroughly, typically with a brush and soap or detergent
57. residual qu____ty *n.* the amount or number of something; magnitude
58. half qu____ty *n.* the amount or number of something; magnitude
59. dispel do__ts *n.* a feeling of being uncertain about something, especially about how good or accurate it is
60. in st___t secrecy *adj.* strongly limiting someone's freedom; allowing no deviation from a standard, rule, belief, etc.
61. by_____ct of technology *n.* a secondary or incidental product produced in the manufacture or synthesis of something else

ANSWERS: 52. unused, 53. struggle, 54. lobby, 55. experimental, 56. scrub, 57. quantity, 58. quantity, 59. doubt, 60. strict, 61. byproduct

62. industrial se___r *n.* a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
63. ob_____le avoidance *n.* a thing that blocks one's way or prevents or hinders progress
64. de_____yed evidence *v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
65. ac_____y the ocean *v.* to make something acidic or to become more acidic; to add acid to a substance to make it more acidic
66. software li_____e *n.* an official permission or authorization to do, use, or own something; a legal document that grants the holder the right to perform certain activities, such as driving a car, practicing a profession, or using a particular product or service
67. a dense f_g *n.* a thick cloud consisting of tiny water droplets or ice crystals suspended in the air at or near the Earth's surface; a weather condition in which visibility is reduced because of a cloud of water
68. pH value of seven *n.* a measure of the acidity or alkalinity of a substance, on a scale of 0 to 14, with seven being neutral, lower values indicating greater acidity, and higher values indicating greater alkalinity
69. de__y a flight three hours *v.* to cause something to happen at a later time than originally intended or expected

ANSWERS: 62. sector, 63. obstacle, 64. destroy, 65. acidify, 66. license, 67. fog, 68. ph, 69. delay

70. increase sl____ly *adv.* in a small degree or extent; a little
71. th____en national security *v.* to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone
72. cor____on assets *n.* a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit
73. de____y the ecosystem *v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
74. co____ed of the idea *adj.* completely certain about something; having a strong belief or conviction in a particular religion
75. d_m-building program *n.* a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy
76. p__e pink *adj.* having skin that is very light colored; lacking in vitality or interest or effectiveness
77. parched s__l *n.* the top layer of Earth in which plants grow
78. ur____ly required *adv.* in a way that requires immediate action or attention, especially before anything else, because of being very important
79. environmental th____t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

ANSWERS: 70. slightly, 71. threaten, 72. corporation, 73. destroy, 74. convinced, 75. dam, 76. pale, 77. soil, 78. urgently, 79. threat

80. co____e steel drums *v.* to destroy or eat away slowly by chemical action; to gradually wear away, weaken, or disintegrate over time
81. a det_____nt of crop yields *n.* a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result
82. st___e a blow *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
83. severe cr___c *n.* someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.
84. ef_____nt operation *adj.* performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials
85. re_____te our conduct *v.* to control something, especially by means of rules or laws
86. an endless st___m of cars *n.* a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc.
87. private se___r *n.* a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity
88. economic th___t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

ANSWERS: 80. corrode, 81. determinant, 82. strike, 83. critic, 84. efficient, 85. regulate, 86. stream, 87. sector, 88. threat

89. ma_____e obligation *n.* an official or authoritative instruction or command; a commission or authority to carry out a particular task
90. the con_____ce of an argument *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
91. ci_____te an agenda before the meeting *v.* to move continuously or freely around a place or closed system
92. energy-ef_____nt appliances *adj.* performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials
93. cultural n__m *n.* something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard
94. high levels of air po_____on *n.* the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change
95. foreign po___y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
96. do on a con_____nt basis *adj.* always behaving or happening in the same way, or having the same thoughts, standards, etc.
97. ni_____en absorption *n.* a chemical element with the symbol N and atomic number 7, which is a highly reactive element that forms part of many compounds, including amino acids and proteins

ANSWERS: 89. mandate, 90. consequence, 91. circulate, 92. efficient, 93. norm, 94. pollution, 95. policy, 96. consistent, 97. nitrogen

98. par_____te pollution *adj.* consisting of small particles, especially those that are suspended in a fluid or air
99. ar_____al lifestyle *adj.* relating to or living in trees; characterized by the presence of trees
100. co_____ed criminal *adj.* completely certain about something; having a strong belief or conviction in a particular religion
101. heavy ra_____ll *n.* the amount of rain that falls in a specific location at a particular moment
102. carbon dioxide in the atm_____re *n.* the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work
103. effects of vo_____ic eruptions *adj.* relating to or produced by or consisting of volcano
104. marine ec_____em *n.* all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment
105. a pol_____an in the ruling party *n.* a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
106. dis_____te wealth evenly *v.* to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something
107. hydrogen re_____ry *n.* a facility that is used to process, purify, and refine raw materials such as oil or metal into a more useful or valuable form

ANSWERS: 98. particulate, 99. arboreal, 100. convinced, 101. rainfall, 102. atmosphere, 103. volcanic, 104. ecosystem, 105. politician, 106. distribute, 107. refinery

108. an un___d place *adj.* not being used, or never having been used
109. an Imperial ma____e *n.* an official or authoritative instruction or command; a commission or authority to carry out a particular task
110. st___e up a conversation *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
111. streaks of li_____ng *n.* a flash, or several flashes, of light that accompanies an electric discharge in the atmosphere, or something resembling such a flash
112. li_____ng air strike *n.* a flash, or several flashes, of light that accompanies an electric discharge in the atmosphere, or something resembling such a flash
113. his majestic pr____ce *n.* the fact or state that someone or something exists, occurs, or is present
114. a public cor_____on *n.* a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit
115. cyclonic des_____on *n.* the act of causing so much damage to something
116. ad__t a bill *v.* to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own
117. heavy ni_____en *n.* a chemical element with the symbol N and atomic number 7, which is a highly reactive element that forms part of many compounds, including amino acids and proteins

ANSWERS: 108. unused, 109. mandate, 110. strike, 111. lightning, 112. lightning, 113. presence, 114. corporation, 115. destruction, 116. adopt, 117. nitrogen

118. he confessed dra_____lly *adv.* in a very impressive manner
119. a public co_____us *n.* general agreement or accord in the judgment or opinion reached by a group as a whole
120. po_____e the thread *v.* to make an area or substance, such as land, air, water, etc., dirty or harmful to living things by adding waste matter or harmful chemicals
121. co_____e an essay *v.* to write music, poetry, or formal writing; to constitute or make up a whole, or a specified part of it
122. st_____le to get the job *v.* to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction
123. s____ls retentive of moisture *n.* the top layer of Earth in which plants grow
124. ad_____on of vectors *n.* the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers
125. high r__k *n.* a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
126. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
127. a corrupt pol_____an *n.* a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.

ANSWERS: 118. dramatically, 119. consensus, 120. pollute, 121. compose, 122. struggle, 123. soil, 124. addition, 125. rank, 126. statistics, 127. politician

128. r__k amateur *n.* a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
129. toxic ch_____als *adj.* relating to or connected with chemistry;
130. the st_____re of a machine *n.* the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
131. ad__t a child *v.* to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own
132. chemical ad_____on *n.* the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers
133. toxic by_____cts *n.* a secondary or incidental product produced in the manufacture or synthesis of something else
134. e__t air pollution *v.* to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.
135. env_____nt affairs *n.* the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
136. ci_____te a rumor *v.* to move continuously or freely around a place or closed system
137. in_____t desires *v.* to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
138. el_____te contestants *v.* to remove or get rid of someone or something

ANSWERS: 128. rank, 129. chemical, 130. structure, 131. adopt, 132. addition, 133. byproduct, 134. emit, 135. environment, 136. circulate, 137. inhibit, 138. eliminate

139. c__t a ballot v. to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assing or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process
140. a fo___l leaf n. any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock
141. exp_____tal design adj. relating to or based on new ideas, forms, methods, etc. that have not been tried before, usually to find out what effect they have
142. ease of com_____on n. the consideration or examination of the similarities between two or more people or things
143. e__t a gamma ray v. to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.
144. c__p herbicide n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
145. p__p blood throughout the body v. to cause water, air, gas, etc. to move from one place to another by using mechanical equipment; to get or supply something such as money, information, etc. in significant quantities
146. th_____en a healthy relationship v. to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone
147. silver ox__e n. a chemical compound that contains at least one oxygen atom and one other element
148. the fle_____ty of the body n. the quality of changing or being changed easily according to new conditions or situations

ANSWERS: 139. cast, 140. fossil, 141. experimental, 142. comparison, 143. emit, 144. crop, 145. pump, 146. threaten, 147. oxide, 148. flexibility

149. par_____te size *adj.* consisting of small particles, especially those that are suspended in a fluid or air
150. mo__t a counterattack *v.* to increase, go up, or advance gradually or continuously; to prepare and supply with the necessary equipment for execution or performance; to ride on something or someone
151. pe___t application *v.* to allow for something to happen or be done; (noun) the act of giving a formal, usually written, authorization
152. ec_____y of scale *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
153. es_____al amino acid *adj.* indispensable; fundamental
154. in_____t tumor growth *v.* to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
155. smo_____ck emissions *n.* a vertical pipe or chimney, usually of brick or metal, through which smoke or exhaust gases from a fire or engine are discharged into the air
156. ca___n dioxide *n.* a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals

ANSWERS: 149. particulate, 150. mount, 151. permit, 152. economy, 153. essential, 154. inhibit, 155. smokestack, 156. carbon

157. cel_____ed artist *adj.* renowned for possessing admirable attributes
158. aquatic co_____nd *n.* an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements
159. a craft un__n *n.* a group of employees who have banded together to advocate for their rights and better their working conditions; the act or the state of joining together or being joined together
160. la_____y mitigate the issue *adv.* virtually entirely; to a large degree
161. the mean annual ra_____ll *n.* the amount of rain that falls in a specific location at a particular moment
162. ro_____y speaking *adv.* approximately but not precisely; with a violent manner
163. music of the br__k *n.* a small stream
164. co_____e pipes *v.* to destroy or eat away slowly by chemical action; to gradually wear away, weaken, or disintegrate over time
165. di___e the cake into two pieces *v.* to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups
166. bank and credit un__ns *n.* a group of employees who have banded together to advocate for their rights and better their working conditions; the act or the state of joining together or being joined together
167. ec_____y class *n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel

ANSWERS: 157. celebrated, 158. compound, 159. union, 160. largely, 161. rainfall, 162. roughly, 163. brook, 164. corrode, 165. divide, 166. union, 167. economy

168. re____ve factors *adj.* considered and evaluated through comparison with something else
169. the ac____y of the wine *n.* the level of acid content in a substance or environment; the quality of being sour or tart; sharpness or harshness in taste or manner
170. rei____ce capital punishment *v.* to bring back something that has been previously abolished or discontinued
171. construction of new c__l plants *n.* a combustible black or brownish-black sedimentary rock that is found below the ground and burnt to produce heat
172. sh____ng revelation *adj.* extremely or surprisingly bad, or causing a strong emotional response such as surprise or disgust
173. ac____c solution *adj.* having a pH lower than 7; having characteristics of an acid, such as tasting sour or corroding metal
174. the em____on of light *n.* the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.
175. an ob____le to progress *n.* a thing that blocks one's way or prevents or hinders progress
176. c__t a charming eye *v.* to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assign or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process
177. biomass f__l *n.* a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
178. mental fle____ty *n.* the quality of changing or being changed easily according to new conditions or situations

ANSWERS: 168. relative, 169. acidity, 170. reintroduce, 171. coal, 172. shocking, 173. acidic, 174. emission, 175. obstacle, 176. cast, 177. fuel, 178. flexibility

179. increase in vo____ic activity *adj.* relating to or produced by or consisting of volcano
180. ad____e a cooperative relationship *v.* to go or move forward; to develop in a positive way
181. c__p field *n.* a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
182. cel_____ed paper *adj.* renowned for possessing admirable attributes
183. environmental po_____on *n.* the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change
184. vi_____y over terrorism *n.* success in a game, competition, election, or battle, or the knowledge that you have won
185. unintended con_____ces *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
186. ar_____al habitat *adj.* relating to or living in trees; characterized by the presence of trees
187. de__y the new project *v.* to cause something to happen at a later time than originally intended or expected
188. p__p a secret out of success *v.* to cause water, air, gas, etc. to move from one place to another by using mechanical equipment; to get or supply something such as money, information, etc. in significant quantities
189. torrential do_____ur *n.* a heavy rain that often starts suddenly

ANSWERS: 179. volcanic, 180. advance, 181. crop, 182. celebrated, 183. pollution, 184. victory, 185. consequence, 186. arboreal, 187. delay, 188. pump, 189. downpour

190. emotional er_____on *n.* an instance of a sudden and violent release of lava, gas, or ash from a volcano; a sudden outburst or explosion of something
191. su___r dioxide *n.* (also sulphur) a chemical element with the symbol S and atomic number 16, found in many minerals and sulfur compounds, often used in the production of fertilizers, rubber, paper, and other industrial applications
192. change the ec_____em *n.* all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment
193. r___y on convenience stores *v.* to require a specific thing or the assistance and support of someone or something to continue, run properly, or succeed.
194. health po___y *n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
195. industrial smo_____ck *n.* a vertical pipe or chimney, usually of brick or metal, through which smoke or exhaust gases from a fire or engine are discharged into the air
196. global em_____ons of greenhouse gases *n.* the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.

ANSWERS: 190. eruption, 191. sulfur, 192. ecosystem, 193. rely, 194. policy, 195. smokestack, 196. emission

197. do____ur of criticism *n.* a heavy rain that often starts suddenly
198. ac___c taste *adj.* having a pH lower than 7; having characteristics of an acid, such as tasting sour or corroding metal
199. re____r approval ratings *v.* to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength
200. the st___m of time *n.* a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc.
201. a convivial atm_____re *n.* the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work
202. the great di_____ry of the century *n.* the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known
203. ro____y explain my idea *adv.* approximately but not precisely; with a violent manner
204. a p__e complexion *adj.* having skin that is very light colored; lacking in vitality or interest or effectiveness
205. ac____y soil *v.* to make something acidic or to become more acidic; to add acid to a substance to make it more acidic
206. re____r a loss *v.* to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength
207. art cr___c *n.* someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.

ANSWERS: 197. downpour, 198. acidic, 199. recover, 200. stream, 201. atmosphere, 202. discovery, 203. roughly, 204. pale, 205. acidify, 206. recover, 207. critic

208. ut____y costs *n.* the state or quality of being useful or convenient; the service, such as electric power or water or transportation, provided by a public
209. br__k trout *n.* a small stream
210. st____t compliance regime *adj.* strongly limiting someone's freedom; allowing no deviation from a standard, rule, belief, etc.
211. high ac____y level *n.* the level of acid content in a substance or environment; the quality of being sour or tart; sharpness or harshness in taste or manner
212. su_____ze the metal *v.* to treat or combine with sulfur, often used in the production of various chemicals or metallurgy
213. na_____ly regenerated forest *adv.* as might be expected; by natural manners
214. global climate tr____y *n.* a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities
215. im____e harsher sanctions *v.* to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received
216. st_____re and function of the brain *n.* the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
217. nice fe____w *adj.* someone who has the same job or interests as you, or is in the same class, profession, or situation as you

ANSWERS: 208. utility, 209. brook, 210. strict, 211. acidity, 212. sulfurize, 213. naturally, 214. treaty, 215. impose, 216. structure, 217. fellow

218. gov_____nt funding *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
219. the annual pre_____ion *n.* moisture that condenses from the atmosphere and falls to the earth in the form of rain, snow, sleet, or hail; an unexpected acceleration or hastening
220. junior fe___w *adj.* someone who has the same job or interests as you, or is in the same class, profession, or situation as you
221. po_____e the air *v.* to make an area or substance, such as land, air, water, etc., dirty or harmful to living things by adding waste matter or harmful chemicals
222. a remote re_____ve *adj.* considered and evaluated through comparison with something else
223. re_____te blood sugar levels *v.* to control something, especially by means of rules or laws
224. rei_____ce species *v.* to bring back something that has been previously abolished or discontinued
225. co_____e my thoughts *v.* to write music, poetry, or formal writing; to constitute or make up a whole, or a specified part of it
226. d__y the allegations *v.* to state that one refuses to admit the existence or truth of something
227. no do__t about the news *n.* a feeling of being uncertain about something, especially about how good or accurate it is
228. vi_____y in the law court *n.* success in a game, competition, election, or battle, or the knowledge that you have won

ANSWERS: 218. government, 219. precipitation, 220. fellow, 221. pollute, 222. relative, 223. regulate, 224. reintroduce, 225. compose, 226. deny, 227. doubt, 228. victory

229. re____ry operations *n.* a facility that is used to process, purify, and refine raw materials such as oil or metal into a more useful or valuable form
230. lo__y for legislation *n.* a large area inside the entrance of a public building where people can meet and wait; a group of people who try to persuade a politician, the government, or an official group to influence legislation
231. res_____le action *adj.* answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management
232. sta_____cs for cancer *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
233. res_____le for a customer service *adj.* answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management
234. r__y entirely on him *v.* to require a specific thing or the assistance and support of someone or something to continue, run properly, or succeed.
235. adamantly d__y killing *v.* to state that one refuses to admit the existence or truth of something
236. ma___e insurance *adj.* relating to the sea and the creatures and plants that live there
237. the cabin pressure fell dra_____lly *adv.* in a very impressive manner
238. front f_g lights *n.* a thick cloud consisting of tiny water droplets or ice crystals suspended in the air at or near the Earth's surface; a weather condition in which visibility is reduced because of a cloud of water

ANSWERS: 229. refinery, 230. lobby, 231. responsible, 232. statistics, 233. responsible, 234. rely, 235. deny, 236. marine, 237. dramatically, 238. fog

ANSWERS:

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The ____ cleared away, and the star-filled sky appeared.
n. a thick cloud consisting of tiny water droplets or ice crystals suspended in the air at or near the Earth's surface; a weather condition in which visibility is reduced because of a cloud of water

2. He should _____ more with his colleagues.
v. to communicate or react with somebody

3. We dealt with those problems with speed and _____.
n. the quality of changing or being changed easily according to new conditions or situations

4. The systems we have developed has accepted as industry _____.
n. something that is regarded as usual, typical, or standard

5. Her research team made an important _____.
n. the act or process of finding information, a place, or an object, or learning about something that was previously not known

6. The soil's _____ was too high for the plants to grow correctly.
n. the level of acid content in a substance or environment; the quality of being sour or tart; sharpness or harshness in taste or manner

7. The extinction of several subspecies has been linked to climate change and habitat _____.
n. the act of causing so much damage to something

ANSWERS: 1. fog, 2. interact, 3. flexibility, 4. norms, 5. discovery, 6. acidity, 7. destruction

8. I received a parcel of great _____.
n. the quantity or size of something that is very large; the main part of something
9. He was _____ gifted.
adv. as might be expected; by natural manners
10. I love to _____ around the city and discover new neighborhoods.
v. to move about or travel aimlessly or without a fixed destination; to wander
11. I need to send this email _____.
adv. in a way that requires immediate action or attention, especially before anything else, because of being very important
12. These economic activities had disastrous environmental _____.
n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
13. Agricultural runoff can _____ nearby water sources and harm aquatic life.
v. to make something acidic or to become more acidic; to add acid to a substance to make it more acidic
14. Human conservation efforts often fail unexpectedly because they disturb the balance of the _____.
n. all the plants and living creatures in an area and the way they affect each other and the environment
15. The fan _____ the air in the room quickly.
v. to move continuously or freely around a place or closed system
16. Trial and error is an _____ part of education.
adj. indispensable; fundamental

ANSWERS: 8. bulk, 9. naturally, 10. roam, 11. urgently, 12. consequences, 13. acidify, 14. ecosystem, 15. circulates, 16. essential

17. Common salt is a sodium and chlorine _____.

- n.* an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements

18. He moved his body _____ to the left.

- adv.* in a small degree or extent; a little

19. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

- n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

20. The company's new _____ on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.

- n.* a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective

21. We are optimistic about our final _____.

- n.* success in a game, competition, election, or battle, or the knowledge that you have won

22. The concentrated _____ was so heavy that it was difficult to see more than a few feet in front of you.

- n.* a heavy rain that often starts suddenly

23. The building was _____ in the fire and had to be rebuilt.

- v.* to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely

ANSWERS: 17. compound, 18. slightly, 19. statistics, 20. policy, 21. victory, 22. downpour, 23. destroyed

24. He was promoted to the _____ of captain in the military.
n. a position in a hierarchy of status or authority; (verb) to take or have a position relative to others
25. The _____ is endangering the local plants and animals.
n. the introduction of harmful substances or waste into the natural environment that causes adverse change
26. The _____ of the device was immediately apparent to all who saw it.
n. the state or quality of being useful or convenient; the service, such as electric power or water or transportation, provided by a public
27. He could not _____ against temptation.
v. to make a great effort to do something when it is difficult, or there are a lot of problems; to use force or violence to break away from restraint or constriction
28. Every human is responsible for taking care of the Earth's _____.
n. the natural world such as air, water, and land in which humans, animals, and plants live
29. The news of the accident was _____ and left many in shock.
adj. extremely or surprisingly bad, or causing a strong emotional response such as surprise or disgust
30. The teacher will not _____ any students to leave the classroom early.
v. to allow for something to happen or be done; (noun) the act of giving a formal, usually written, authorization
31. The public is _____ that the prime minister has committed fraud.
adj. completely certain about something; having a strong belief or conviction in a particular religion

ANSWERS: 24. rank, 25. pollution, 26. utility, 27. struggle, 28. environment, 29. shocking, 30. permit, 31. convinced

32. Can you _____ 123321 by eleven?

v. to separate or cause to separate into parts or groups

33. The technology _____ is constantly evolving and innovating.

n. a distinct part or division of something often used to refer to a segment of an economy or industry; an area or field of work or activity

34. The spaceship began to burn up as it approached the Earth's _____.

n. the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work

35. The volcanic _____ caused widespread destruction and left the area covered in ash.

n. an instance of a sudden and violent release of lava, gas, or ash from a volcano; a sudden outburst or explosion of something

36. It was the _____ of a dinosaur tooth.

n. any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock

37. We can _____ this possibility from those consumptions.

v. to remove or get rid of someone or something

38. _____ moisture is another significant component controlling soil respiration.

n. the top layer of Earth in which plants grow

39. We must manage to _____ our expenditure.

v. to control something, especially by means of rules or laws

ANSWERS: 32. divide, 33. sector, 34. atmosphere, 35. eruption, 36. fossil, 37. eliminate, 38. Soil, 39. regulate

40. The structure is _____ of three main components.
- v.* to write music, poetry, or formal writing; to constitute or make up a whole, or a specified part of it
41. Too _____ a regulation for the private sector will stifle innovation.
- adj.* strongly limiting someone's freedom; allowing no deviation from a standard, rule, belief, etc.
42. In southward, the average annual water _____ increases.
- n.* the amount or number of something; magnitude
43. They _____ pictures on the paper in preparation for the birthday card.
- v.* to increase, go up, or advance gradually or continuously; to prepare and supply with the necessary equipment for execution or performance; to ride on something or someone
44. Excessive parental interference may _____ children's eagerness to learn.
- v.* to prevent something, such as an action, process, etc., from happening or make it less likely to happen than normal
45. There are five distinct _____ at five unique wavelengths.
- n.* the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.
46. The two countries signed a _____ to establish peaceful relations.
- n.* a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities
47. The oil _____ was shut down due to safety concerns after a major accident.
- n.* a facility that is used to process, purify, and refine raw materials such as oil or metal into a more useful or valuable form

ANSWERS: 40. composed, 41. strict, 42. quantity, 43. mounted, 44. inhibit, 45. emissions, 46. treaty, 47. refinery

48. Smoke from forest fires is causing an increase in _____ matter in the air.
adj. consisting of small particles, especially those that are suspended in a fluid or air
49. Jet _____ are the common name for air currents that form high in the atmosphere.
n. a small, narrow river; a continuous flow of something, such as liquid, gas, people, vehicles, etc.
50. We combust _____ and other fossil fuels to generate electricity.
n. a combustible black or brownish-black sedimentary rock that is found below the ground and burnt to produce heat
51. The path to a solid online _____ necessitates a high technical ability.
n. the fact or state that someone or something exists, occurs, or is present
52. Four companies were amalgamated into a single _____.
n. a large company or group of companies that are controlled together by law as a single unit
53. Sow early for an early _____.
n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
54. _____ is the start, not the end, of intelligence.
n. a feeling of being uncertain about something, especially about how good or accurate it is
55. Most countries prohibit sexual activity between certain close _____.
adj. considered and evaluated through comparison with something else

ANSWERS: 48. particulate, 49. streams, 50. coal, 51. presence, 52. corporation, 53. crop, 54. Doubt, 55. relatives

56. The _____ emissions from the nearby factory caused the rotten egg smell.
n. (also sulphur) a chemical element with the symbol S and atomic number 16, found in many minerals and sulfur compounds, often used in the production of fertilizers, rubber, paper, and other industrial applications
57. The _____ given to the new government is to improve the economy.
n. an official or authoritative instruction or command; a commission or authority to carry out a particular task
58. Various artificially induced causes are _____ our ecosystem.
v. to utter intentions of injury or punishment against someone
59. The saltwater can _____ metal over time if not properly maintained.
v. to destroy or eat away slowly by chemical action; to gradually wear away, weaken, or disintegrate over time
60. He is the kind of _____ who only works for his success.
adj. someone who has the same job or interests as you, or is in the same class, profession, or situation as you
61. Scientific knowledge will _____ significantly with the power of AI.
v. to go or move forward; to develop in a positive way
62. Five miles is _____ similar to eight kilometers.
adv. approximately but not precisely; with a violent manner
63. The _____ of the energy production process is a large amount of carbon dioxide emissions.
n. a secondary or incidental product produced in the manufacture or synthesis of something else

ANSWERS: 56. sulfur, 57. mandate, 58. threatening, 59. corrode, 60. fellow, 61. advance, 62. roughly, 63. byproduct

64. In _____ private corporations provide healthcare services.
- n.* the act or process of adding something to something else; the process of adding numbers
65. _____ gas is used to inflate car tires because it does not react with rubber.
- n.* a chemical element with the symbol N and atomic number 7, which is a highly reactive element that forms part of many compounds, including amino acids and proteins
66. The national assembly has _____ the budget.
- v.* to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own
67. Babies heavily _____ on others for food.
- v.* to require a specific thing or the assistance and support of someone or something to continue, run properly, or succeed.
68. The two parties have reached a _____.
- n.* general agreement or accord in the judgment or opinion reached by a group as a whole
69. Seals and whales are _____ animals beloved by the people.
- adj.* relating to the sea and the creatures and plants that live there
70. The spider monkey is an _____ primate found in Central and South America.
- adj.* relating to or living in trees; characterized by the presence of trees
71. Before driving, ensure you have a valid driver's _____.
- n.* an official permission or authorization to do, use, or own something; a legal document that grants the holder the right to perform certain activities, such as driving a car, practicing a profession, or using a particular product or service

ANSWERS: 64. addition, 65. Nitrogen, 66. adopted, 67. rely, 68. consensus, 69. marine, 70. arboreal, 71. license

72. The trade _____ remained adamant about its demands.
- n.* a group of employees who have banded together to advocate for their rights and better their working conditions; the act or the state of joining together or being joined together
73. I've included the two designs for a _____.
- n.* the consideration or examination of the similarities between two or more people or things
74. The _____ of the country is struggling due to the recent political instability.
- n.* the system by which a country or region produces manages, and distributes goods and services, including the money and finances involved in these activities; (of an airline) the lowest-priced, most basic option for seating in commercial travel
75. A _____ babbled through the woods.
- n.* a small stream
76. The blood's red coloring comes from iron _____.
- n.* a chemical compound that contains at least one oxygen atom and one other element
77. Three _____ tenors performed during the president's inauguration.
- adj.* renowned for possessing admirable attributes
78. We _____ the payment because of an incorrect invoice.
- v.* to cause something to happen at a later time than originally intended or expected
79. Trees absorb _____ dioxide and give off oxygen.
- n.* a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals

ANSWERS: 72. union, 73. comparison, 74. economy, 75. brook, 76. oxide, 77. celebrated, 78. delayed, 79. carbon

80. The soil in this region is too _____ for most crops to grow well.

adj. having a pH lower than 7; having characteristics of an acid, such as tasting sour or corroding metal

81. This study indicates _____ activity affects global warming.

adj. relating to or produced by or consisting of volcano

82. Advocates for legal reform hear less harsh words from their _____.

n. someone who expresses opinions about the quality of books, music, etc.

83. The new washing machine is much more _____ than the old one.

adj. performing at the highest level of productivity with the least wasted effort or resources; capable of achieving maximum output with minimum wasted effort, time, or materials

84. _____ must consider this proposal in an unusual situation.

n. a formal meeting of the representatives of different countries, constituent states, organizations, trade unions, political parties, or other groups

85. He was alert and could not _____ any critical information out of him.

v. to cause water, air, gas, etc. to move from one place to another by using mechanical equipment; to get or supply something such as money, information, etc. in significant quantities

86. He is still _____ stealing the money from the cash register.

v. to state that one refuses to admit the existence or truth of something

87. One _____ of success is having a positive attitude and a strong work ethic.

n. a factor, circumstance, or condition that contributes to the shaping, influencing, or determining of a particular outcome or result

ANSWERS: 80. acidic, 81. volcanic, 82. critics, 83. efficient, 84. Congress, 85. pump, 86. denying, 87. determinant

88. She turned _____ when she heard the news.

adj. having skin that is very light colored; lacking in vitality or interest or effectiveness

89. That _____ group actively advocated environmental protection to the government.

n. a large area inside the entrance of a public building where people can meet and wait; a group of people who try to persuade a politician, the government, or an official group to influence legislation

90. The _____ forecast for the weekend is for heavy rain.

n. moisture that condenses from the atmosphere and falls to the earth in the form of rain, snow, sleet, or hail; an unexpected acceleration or hastening

91. The _____ course was challenging but fun.

n. a thing that blocks one's way or prevents or hinders progress

92. This accident _____ a dark shadow over their lives.

v. to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assign or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process

93. The federal _____ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

94. His estate was _____ to his sons.

v. to give something to a large number of individuals, or to spread or furnish something

95. The _____ scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector

n. a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy

ANSWERS: 88. pale, 89. lobby, 90. precipitation, 91. obstacle, 92. cast, 93. government, 94. distributed, 95. fuel

96. The ___ level of this soil is too acidic for these types of plants.

n. a measure of the acidity or alkalinity of a substance, on a scale of 0 to 14, with seven being neutral, lower values indicating greater acidity, and higher values indicating greater alkalinity

97. Life expectancy has grown _____ this century.

adv. in a very impressive manner

98. You are not _____ in your behavior.

adj. always behaving or happening in the same way, or having the same thoughts, standards, etc.

99. She's a _____ pet owner who ensures her dog gets enough exercise and a healthy diet.

adj. answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management

100. The problem with achievement tests is the narrowness they _____ on students.

v. to officially force a new law, tax, duty, etc. to be obeyed or received

101. The product is still in the _____ stage.

adj. relating to or based on new ideas, forms, methods, etc. that have not been tried before, usually to find out what effect they have

102. During the unloading, the container box _____ a clicking sound.

v. to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.

103. We _____ to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

ANSWERS: 96. pH, 97. dramatically, 98. consistent, 99. responsible, 100. impose, 101. experimental, 102. emits, 103. strike

104. These plants thrive in hot climates with abundant _____.
- n.* the amount of rain that falls in a specific location at a particular moment
105. The old entrance area is now _____.
- adj.* not being used, or never having been used
106. Nevada is _____ a desert state.
- adv.* virtually entirely; to a large degree
107. The break in the ____ threatened the valley.
- n.* a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy
108. The _____ on top of the factory released thick clouds of pollution into the air.
- n.* a vertical pipe or chimney, usually of brick or metal, through which smoke or exhaust gases from a fire or engine are discharged into the air
109. The _____ of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.
- n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
110. The government is planning to _____ wolves to the national park to restore the balance of the ecosystem.
- v.* to bring back something that has been previously abolished or discontinued
111. The human eye is _____ in recognizing objects.
- n.* a flash, or several flashes, of light that accompanies an electric discharge in the atmosphere, or something resembling such a flash

ANSWERS: 104. rainfall, 105. unused, 106. largely, 107. dam, 108. smokestack, 109. threat, 110. reintroduce, 111. lightning-fast

112. During pregnancy, the stomach generates less _____ than usual.
n. sour; water-soluble chemicals with a sour flavor; any of a variety of generally liquid compounds capable of reacting with and occasionally dissolving other materials
113. The organizational _____ of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.
n. the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
114. The _____ lost his position in the end due to the scandal.
n. a person who is a member of a government or law-making organization, especially as an elected member of parliament, etc.
115. The firm has grown into a large _____ manufacturing.
adj. relating to or connected with chemistry;
116. She is still _____ from a shot to her shoulder.
v. to return to a former condition, health, mind, or strength
117. We should do our best not to _____ the environment.
v. to make an area or substance, such as land, air, water, etc., dirty or harmful to living things by adding waste matter or harmful chemicals
118. The manufacturer _____ the rubber to improve its elasticity and durability.
v. to treat or combine with sulfur, often used in the production of various chemicals or metallurgy
119. She decided to _____ the kitchen floor to remove all the dirt and grime.
v. to clean something thoroughly, typically with a brush and soap or detergent

ANSWERS: 112. acid, 113. structure, 114. politician, 115. chemical, 116. recovering, 117. pollute, 118. sulfurizes, 119. scrub

ANSWERS: