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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Rod Phillips: A brief history of alcohol | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/rod_phillips_a_brief_history_of_alcohol

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

chimpanzee

n. a small, very intelligent ape found in west and central Africa with black or brown fur

synonym : ape, chimp, pan troglodytes

(1) **chimpanzee** behavior, (2) **chimpanzee** society

Many zoos have **chimpanzee** exhibits, allowing visitors to observe these intelligent primates up close.

stumble

v. to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily

synonym : bumble, struggle, misstep

(1) **stumble** financially, (2) **stumble** through life

She **stumbled** over the tree root.

windfall

n. an unexpected benefit or advantage, especially a large profit or gain

synonym : bonus, unexpected gain

(1) **windfall** profit, (2) reap a **windfall**

Winning the lottery was an unexpected **windfall** for him.

ripe

adj. (of fruit or crops) fully developed and ready to be eaten or harvested

synonym : mature, ready, developed

(1) a **ripe** old age, (2) **ripe** tomato

The fruit was **ripe** and ready to eat.

plum

n. a small, sweet fruit with juicy flesh and a hard stone in the middle; a desirable or highly valued object, person, or position

(1) **plum** pudding, (2) **plum** harvest

The farmer proudly displayed his basket of freshly picked **plums** at the market.

split

v. to divide, or to make something divide into two or more parts, especially along a particular line

synonym: break, divide, break apart

(1) **split** a bill, (2) **split** a reward equally

Companies often **split** their shares to lower the stock price and encourage investors to buy.

intoxicate

v. (of alcohol or a drug) to make someone lose control of their faculties or behavior

synonym: befuddle, daze, fascinate

(1) be **intoxicated** with success, (2) **intoxicate** the person
For him, a glass of wine was an amount of alcohol sufficient to **intoxicate**.

odor

n. a distinctive or unpleasant smell; a scent or aroma that can be sensed through the sense of smell

synonym: smell, aroma, fragrance

(1) **odor** control, (2) pleasant **odor**

The **odor** from the trash can was unbearable, so I had to take it out.

gorge

n. a deep narrow valley between hills or mountains, usually with steep sides and a river running through it

synonym: canyon, gully, ravine

(1) cast the **gorge**, (2) the **gorges** of the Yangtse River

We must pass through the narrow **gorge** with a stream running through it.

unwitting

adj. without purpose or intent

synonym: unknowledgeable, inadvertent, unintended

(1) **unwitting** victims, (2) an **unwitting** mistake
His rudeness was **unwitting**, not intentional.

ape

n. a large animal with long arms, no tail, and usually a lot of body hair, including gorillas, chimpanzees, orangutans, and gibbons

synonym: monkey, primate, simian

(1) jungle **ape**, (2) play the **ape**

The scientist studied the behavior of **apes** in the wild.

process

n. a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products

synonym: procedure, method, system

(1) **process** improvement, (2) decision-making **process**

The **process** for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.

eventually

adv. finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on

synonym: finally, someday, ultimately

(1) **eventually** become obsolete, (2) **eventually** succeed

The corporation **eventually** dominated the entire tobacco business.

harness

v. to control and exploit the power of something, especially natural resources that produce energy; (noun) a set of narrow pieces of leather and metal that are used to control or hold in place a person, animal, or object

synonym: rein in, control, (noun) belt

(1) **harness** a horse to a carriage, (2) put a **harness** on my pet

People have been exploring ways to **harness** natural forces and resources since ancient times.

alcohol

n. a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.

synonym : booze, liquor, ethanol

(1) stop drinking **alcohol**, (2) diluted **alcohol**

There is a clear association between **alcohol** consumption and cognitive decline.

attract

v. to draw or entice someone or something towards them through the qualities they have, especially positive ones

synonym : lure, entice, draw in

(1) **attract** attention, (2) **attract** customers

The government is eager to **attract** international investment.

microscopic

adj. tiny; exceedingly precise and detail-oriented; of or used in microscopy

synonym : infinitesimal, tiny, atomic

(1) **microscopic** inquiry, (2) **microscopic** analysis

Inspectors noticed **microscopic** cracks in the submarine's hull.

yeast

n. a type of fungus that is used in making alcoholic drinks such as beer and wine or to make bread rise

synonym : leaven, fungus

(1) **yeast** cell, (2) **yeast-leavened** bread

They carefully nurture a **yeast** fungus used to produce sake.

compound

n. an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements

synonym : combination, mixture, blend

(1) aquatic **compound**, (2) harmful **compound**

Common salt is a sodium and chlorine **compound**.

ethanol

n. a colorless, flammable alcohol that is produced by the fermentation of sugars and is commonly used as a fuel, solvent, and in the manufacture of alcoholic beverages

synonym : alcohol, ethyl alcohol, grain alcohol

(1) **ethanol** plant, (2) **ethanol** production

The production of **ethanol** can have environmental benefits if produced from renewable sources.

beverage

n. a drink of any type

synonym: drink, libation, liquid

(1) food and **beverage**, (2) alcoholic **beverages**

Bring a snack or **beverage** to satisfy your appetite.

fermentation

n. the chemical breakdown of a substance by bacteria, yeasts, or other microorganisms, typically involving effervescence and the giving off of the heat

synonym: brewing, culturing, pickling

(1) oxidative **fermentation**, (2) **fermentation** tank

The process of **fermentation** is used to make beer, wine, and many other products.

ferment

v. to experience a chemical change or action that results in the production of alcohol or effervescence of gases;
(noun) a state of agitated activity or change, especially in the context of social or political movements

synonym: ripen, simmer, (noun) agitation

(1) **ferment** sugar into ethanol, (2) political **ferment**

The dough was left to **ferment** overnight to give the bread its distinctive flavor.

residue

n. a substance that remains after a process or reaction; a remnant of something that once existed

synonym: remnants, leftover, debris

(1) **residue** after evaporation, (2) chemical **residue**

There was a **residue** of soap in the bottle that wouldn't come out.

clay

n. a natural, earthy material that is made up of very small particles of minerals and can be molded when wet and then fired to produce ceramics

synonym: ceramics, pottery, dirt

(1) **clay** animation, (2) soft **clay** ground

The sculptor carefully molded the **clay** into the desired shape.

rev *n.* a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute

synonym: revolution, RPM, speed

(1) low- **rev** engine, (2) **rev** up the crowd

He stepped on the gas pedal, and the engine released a loud **rev**.

millet *n.* a tiny seed of any of several annual cereal types of grass used as food, mainly to manufacture flour and to feed birds and animals

(1) increasing **millet** harvests, (2) cooking **millet**

The primary crop harvested during autumn is **millet**.

ancient *adj.* relating to the long ago, particularly the historical period preceding the fall of the Western Roman Empire; very old

synonym: archaic, age-old, obsolete

(1) pre-Christian **ancient**, (2) **ancient** stories

They have been living near water since **ancient** times.

cereal *n.* a type of grain used for food, such as wheat, oats, or corn that is typically ground into flour, cooked into porridge, or used to make breakfast cereals

synonym: grain, oatmeal, breakfast food

(1) **cereal** grain, (2) cold **cereal**

I always start my morning with a bowl of **cereal**.

grain *n.* wheat or any other small hard seeds used as a food; a relatively small granular particle of a substance

synonym: seed, piece, cereal

(1) a **grain** of sand, (2) flour made from **grain**

Ordinary air purifiers cannot adequately remove pollen **grains**.

climate

n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

synonym: atmosphere, weather, environment

(1) a cold **climate**, (2) effects of **climate** change

Climate and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

contrast

v. to put in opposition to show or emphasize differences

synonym: differ, vary, counterpoint

(1) **contrast** with a decade ago, (2) **contrast** two things

It's intriguing to compare and **contrast** the two authors.

crop

n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food

synonym: output, produce, product

(1) **crop** field, (2) **crop** herbicide

Sow early for an early **crop**.

hallucinogen

n. a substance that produces hallucinations (i.e., perceptions of things that are not present or real), such as LSD, psilocybin, or mescaline

synonym: psychedelic drug, mind-bender

(1) **hallucinogen** effects, (2) take a **hallucinogen**

Psilocybin is a type of **hallucinogen** found in some mushrooms.

herb

n. a small plant with aromatic or flavorful leaves used for seasoning or medicinal purposes

synonym: plant, weed, shrub

(1) **herb** garden, (2) **herb** spices

Rosemary is a fragrant **herb** commonly used in cooking.

cactus

n. a plant that typically grows in dry regions and has spiny leaves, stems, and often vibrant flowers

synonym : desert plant, succulent, thornbush

(1) small **cactus**, (2) potted **cactus**

The hiker got pricked by a **cactus** needle while walking.

sap

v. to gradually weaken or drain strength, energy, or resources; to undermine or impair someone's confidence or morale

synonym : weaken, exhaust, drain

(1) **sap** flow, (2) **sap** strength

The disease has **sapped** all his energy, and he can barely get out of bed.

palm

n. the inner surface of the hand from the wrist to the base of the fingers; any plant of the family Palmae having an unbranched trunk crowned by large pinnate or palmate leaves

synonym : hand, fist

(1) the **palm** side of the forearm, (2) coconut **palm** trees

This high-performance camera is compact enough to fit in the **palm** of your hand.

sake

n. purpose; reason for wanting something done

synonym : purpose, reason, interest

(1) for your own **sake**, (2) for the **sake** of argument

He got a new job for the **sake** of his family.

globe

n. the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness

synonym : Earth, world, sphere

(1) terrestrial **globe**, (2) around the **globe**

His final goal is to sail around the **globe**.

consumption

n. the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials

synonym : usage, uptake, utilization

(1) average fuel **consumption**, (2) the **consumption** of food

In our country, water **consumption** usually decreases during the winter.

latch

n. a device for holding a door or gate closed, typically a sliding bar or bolt

synonym : lock, catch, bolt

(1) set the **latch**, (2) **latch** mechanism

The **latch** on the gate was broken, so the cows got loose.

perceive

v. to become aware or conscious of something through the senses

synonym : sense, discern, feel

(1) **perceive** a threat, (2) **perceive** light

Australia is widely **perceived** as having low levels of corruption.

physician

n. a medical doctor who practices medicine

synonym : doctor, practitioner, medic

(1) the advice of the **physician**, (2) consult with a **physician**

She visited the local **physician** to seek treatment for her persistent headache.

poet

n. a person who writes poetry

synonym : versifier, rhymer, writer

(1) a court **poet**, (2) a **poet** of sorts

She is a talented **poet** who has been recognized for her work.

creative

adj. relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something

synonym : imaginative, innovative, inventive

(1) **creative** writing, (2) barren of **creative** spirit

All the supervisor has to do is assign tasks that make his subordinates more **creative**.

abuse

n. the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
synonym : misuse, misconduct, vilification

(1) the problem of drug **abuse**, (2) victim of sexual **abuse**

Our company has an audit team that monitors directors for **abuse** of authority.

philosophy

n. the study of general and fundamental questions, such as those about existence, reason, knowledge, values, mind
synonym : doctrine, attitude, creed

(1) **philosophy** of education, (2) western **philosophy**

Ethics is a branch of **philosophy**.

promote

v. to encourage or persuade people to like, buy, use, do, or support something; to raise someone to a higher position or rank

synonym : boost, raise, advertise

(1) **promote** a better relationship, (2) **promote** bad behavior

The government should do more to **promote** sustainable agribusiness.

temperance

n. moderation or restraint, especially in the consumption of alcohol; the movement in the United States and other countries advocating for reduced or eliminated alcohol consumption and temperate behavior

synonym : abstinence, sobriety, teetotalism

(1) **temperance** society, (2) **temperance** pledge

The **temperance** movement was a push to ban alcohol consumption in the United States in the early 1900s.

Jewish

adj. of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism

synonym : Judaic

(1) **Jewish** history, (2) **Jewish** culture

My friend is a **Jewish** woman who celebrates Hanukkah every year.

Christ

n. the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity

synonym : Savior, Jesus Christ, Jesus

(1) teaching of **Christ**, (2) before **Christ**

Christmas is the day to celebrate the birth of Christ.

integrate

v. to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups

synonym : mix, merge, combine

(1) **integrate** into the existing system, (2) **integrate** both businesses

He found that it is difficult to **integrate** socially.

ritual

n. any customary observance or practice; any prescribed procedure for conducting religious ceremonies

synonym : tradition, ceremony, routine

(1) a **ritual** dance, (2) morning **ritual**

The woman of the house does the holy **ritual** of lighting two candles.

excessive

adj. greater than what seems necessary, normal, or desirable

synonym : unreasonable, exorbitant, inflated

(1) an **excessive** force, (2) take **excessive** care

It would be best if you did not demand such an **excessive** charge.

intoxication

n. the condition of being affected by alcohol or drugs in a way that impairs mental or physical abilities

synonym : drunkenness, inebriation, insobriety

(1) acetone **intoxication**, (2) sign of **intoxication**

He was arrested for driving under the **intoxication** of alcohol.

sin

n. the offense against a religious or moral law or against God

synonym : misdeed, guilt, wrong

(1) forgive a **sin**, (2) **sin** of omission

Some overzealous environmentalists claim celebrities are committing carbon dioxide **sins**.

pray

v. to make a request or petition to a higher power, especially in the form of a respectful or humble request

synonym : implore, supplicate, entreat

(1) **pray** devoutly, (2) **pray** for rain

She closed her eyes and **prayed** for strength to overcome difficult times.

gradual

adj. happening slowly over a long period of time or distance; not steep or abrupt

synonym : incremental, gradational, piecemeal

(1) a **gradual** process, (2) a **gradual** change

The country experienced a **gradual** increase in population.

solid

adj. hard or firm; characterized by good substantial quality

synonym : stable, reliable, hard

(1) **solid** ally, (2) **solid** employment measures

The **solid-state** of water is called ice.

ban

v. to officially or legally forbid or refuse to allow something

synonym : forbid, prohibit, restrict

(1) **ban** gender-related job discrimination, (2) **ban** any type of cloning

We should **ban** mildly violent video games from a child's development perspective.

relative

adj. considered and evaluated through comparison with something else

synonym : comparative, proximate, congeneric

(1) a remote **relative**, (2) **relative** factors

Most countries prohibit sexual activity between certain close **relatives**.

by-product

n. a secondary product produced during the manufacturing or processing of another product, often not the intended product but still useful or valuable in some way

synonym : derivative, spin-off, secondary product

(1) **by-product** of manufacturing, (2) meat **by-products**

The soy sauce was a **by-product** of the fermentation process in making miso paste.

toxic

adj. of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous

synonym : poisonous, harmful, contaminated

(1) **toxic** molecule, (2) exposure to **toxic** chemicals

This chemical compound is a thousand-fold more **toxic**.

invention

n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing

synonym : creation, design, innovation

(1) the **invention** of new techniques, (2) common **invention**

Necessity is the mother of **invention**.

distillation

n. the process of purifying or separating components from a liquid mixture by heating and cooling, typically by using a distillation apparatus; the concentration or essence of something

synonym : distilling, extracting, purification

(1) steam **distillation**, (2) alcohol **distillation**

The process of **distillation** is used to purify water and other substances.

Arabic

n. the Semitic language of the Arab people, widely spoken throughout the Middle East and North Africa; of or relating to Arab peoples, culture, or language

(1) **Arabic** cuisine, (2) **Arabic** language

I'm studying **Arabic** calligraphy as part of my art class.

liquid

n. a substance, such as water or oil that flows freely and is neither a solid nor a gas

synonym : fluid

(1) colorless **liquid**, (2) hazardous **liquid**
The sponge takes up the **liquid** well.

vaporize

v. to convert a substance into vapor or gas, often by heating or applying intense pressure; to disappear or become dispersed as if by evaporating; to destroy or eliminate completely

synonym: evaporate, disappear, vanish

(1) **vaporize** nicotine, (2) **vaporize** into thin air
The heat caused the water to **vaporize** into steam.

temperature

n. the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
synonym: climate, warmth, degree

(1) extreme **temperatures**, (2) the atmospheric **temperature**
Cities around the world set records for highest **temperatures** this summer.

vapor

n. a mass of tiny liquid drops in the air
synonym: condensation, dew, fog

(1) alcohol **vapor**, (2) water **vapor** in the atmosphere
Clouds form when water **vapor** rises to the upper atmosphere.

capture

v. to catch a person or an animal and confine them in an area which they cannot escape

synonym: catch, arrest, imprison

(1) **capture** a glimpse, (2) **capture** customers' hearts
I was able to **capture** the moment on film.

concentration

n. the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.

synonym: attention, engagement, assiduity

(1) **concentration** of armaments, (2) his research area of **concentration**
This exam requires excellent **concentration** to pass.

spirit

n. the part of a person which is the seat of their mind, feelings, and character rather than their physical body; the general atmosphere of a place or situation and the effect that it has on people

synonym : soul, attitude, enthusiasm

(1) **spirit** and the letter of the law, (2) an indomitable **spirit**

Despite their tragic loss, the family is showing great **spirit**.

medicinal

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease

synonym : curative, therapeutic, healing

(1) **medicinal** chemistry, (2) traditional **medicinal**

The **medicinal** properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

commodity

n. a product or a raw material that can be traded, bought, or sold

synonym : merchandise, goods, entity

(1) **commodity** tax, (2) international **commodity**

The government announced a policy to control the rise in **commodity** prices.

spoil

v. to ruin the taste, appearance, or quality of something; to become or cause something to become rotten or bad

synonym : rot, decay, deteriorate

(1) **spoil** a person's sport, (2) **spoil** the surprise

If you leave the milk out of the refrigerator for too long, it will **spoil**.

rum

n. a distilled alcoholic beverage made from sugarcane or molasses, often aged and typically with a sweet, rich, or spicy flavor

synonym : liquor, spirits, alcohol

(1) **rum** cocktail, (2) spiced **rum**

The **rum** in the pina colada gave the drink its signature kick.

harvest

n. yields of plants in a single growing season; the period of the year when gathering occurs on a farm

synonym : crop, reaping, yield

(1) a scanty **harvest**, (2) reap a **harvest**

During **harvest**, farmers are incredibly busy.

colony

n. a country or an area that is governed by a more powerful country that is often far away

synonym : settlement, territory, plantation

(1) plant a **colony**, (2) a **colony** of bacteria

The **colony** declared its independence and became a republic.

staple

adj. essential, crucial, or regularly used

synonym : essential, fundamental, pivotal

(1) **staple** commodities, (2) **staple** crop

Rice and beans are a **staple** food in many cultures.

brandy

n. an alcoholic beverage made by distilling wine and aging it in oak barrels; typically has a higher alcohol content and a stronger flavor than wine

synonym : cognac, armagnac, eau-de-vie

(1) **brandy** distillery, (2) **brandy** cocktail

I love the taste of **brandy**, especially on a cold winter night.

enslave

v. to make someone a slave; to deprive someone of their freedom of choice or action

synonym : coerce, deprive, imprison

(1) **enslave** poor peasants, (2) **enslave** indigenous people

Her beauty **enslaved** me completely.

rub

v. to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure

synonym : scrub, massage, stroke

(1) **rub** shoulders, (2) **rub** a glass window

She **rubbed** the sore spot on her leg to ease the pain.

exploration

n. the activity of searching and finding out about something through a place

synonym : inquiry, quest, investigation

(1) future of space **exploration**, (2) an Arctic **exploration**
He called for a careful **exploration** of the consequences.

crucial

adj. extremely vital or necessary

synonym : essential, pivotal, vital

(1) **crucial** information, (2) a **crucial** issue for women
The revitalization of technology companies is **crucial** to the country's growth.

distance

n. the amount of space between two points, measured in units such as miles, meters, or kilometers; the extent, scope, or range between two things, such as distance or emotional distance

synonym : space, gap, span

(1) driving **distance**, (2) social **distance**

The marathon runner covered a long **distance** in a short amount of time.

crew

n. a group of people who work together, especially on a ship or airplane

synonym : team, group, squad

(1) the film **crew**, (2) the **crew** of a fishing boat

The ship's **crew** worked hard to repair the damaged sails before the next storm hit.

bucket

n. an open container with a handle made of metal or plastic, often used for carrying liquids

synonym : pail, tub, can

(1) **bucket** list, (2) **bucket** of golf balls

She filled a **bucket** with water and carried it back to the house.

barrel

n. a large round container made of wood, metal, or plastic, with flat ends and, usually, curved sides; one of several units of volume

synonym : cask, firkin, drum

(1) a **barrel** of beer, (2) \$30 a **barrel**

One rotten apple spoils the whole **barrel**.

preservative

adj. used to preserve or protect something, especially food or other perishable items, from decay or spoilage; tending to prevent or delay change or deterioration

synonym: conservative, preservatory, saving

(1) **preservative-free**, (2) natural **preservative**

The **preservative** chemicals in packaged foods have been a cause of concern for many health experts.

microbe

n. a tiny living thing that can only be seen with a microscope and that may cause disease

synonym: germ, microorganism, bacterium

(1) pathogenic **microbe**, (2) **microbes** sterilizer

Microbes thrive on the surface of the human skin.

buzz

v. to make a continuous, low humming sound such as the one bee makes; an exciting and active atmosphere

synonym: hum, murmur, whisper

(1) the **buzz** of a cicada, (2) **buzz** marketing

I heard the **buzz** of conversation from the next room.

fuel

n. a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy

synonym: energy, power, gas

(1) biomass **fuel**, (2) smokeless **fuel**

The **fuel** scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector

consequence

n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual

synonym: result, impact, outcome

(1) unintended **consequences**, (2) the **consequence** of an argument

These economic activities had disastrous environmental

consequences.

complicated

adj. involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze

synonym: complex, convoluted, intricate

(1) a **complicated** process, (2) become increasingly

complicated

He did **complicated** pen-and-ink drawings in just a few days.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. international co_____ty | <i>n.</i> a product or a raw material that can be traded, bought, or sold |
| 2. b_n gender-related job discrimination | <i>v.</i> to officially or legally forbid or refuse to allow something |
| 3. an un_____ng mistake | <i>adj.</i> without purpose or intent |
| 4. sp__l the surprise | <i>v.</i> to ruin the taste, appearance, or quality of something; to become or cause something to become rotten or bad |
| 5. o__r control | <i>n.</i> a distinctive or unpleasant smell; a scent or aroma that can be sensed through the sense of smell |
| 6. the advice of the ph_____an | <i>n.</i> a medical doctor who practices medicine |
| 7. phi_____hy of education | <i>n.</i> the study of general and fundamental questions, such as those about existence, reason, knowledge, values, mind |
| 8. decision-making pr_____s | <i>n.</i> a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products |
| 9. r_b shoulders | <i>v.</i> to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure |

ANSWERS: 1. commodity, 2. ban, 3. unwitting, 4. spoil, 5. odor, 6. physician, 7. philosophy, 8. process, 9. rub

10. spiced r_m *n.* a distilled alcoholic beverage made from sugarcane or molasses, often aged and typically with a sweet, rich, or spicy flavor
11. natural pre_____ive *adj.* used to preserve or protect something, especially food or other perishable items, from decay or spoilage; tending to prevent or delay change or deterioration
12. diluted al_____l *n.* a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
13. stop drinking al_____l *n.* a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
14. mic_____ic inquiry *adj.* tiny; exceedingly precise and detail-oriented; of or used in microscopy
15. play the a_e *n.* a large animal with long arms, no tail, and usually a lot of body hair, including gorillas, chimpanzees, orangutans, and gibbons
16. reap a ha_____t *n.* yields of plants in a single growing season; the period of the year when gathering occurs on a farm
17. extreme tem_____res *n.* the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
18. int_____te the person *v.* (of alcohol or a drug) to make someone lose control of their faculties or behavior
19. forgive a s_n *n.* the offense against a religious or moral law or against God

ANSWERS: 10. rum, 11. preservative, 12. alcohol, 13. alcohol, 14. microscopic, 15. ape, 16. harvest, 17. temperature, 18. intoxicate, 19. sin

20. reap a wi____ll *n.* an unexpected benefit or advantage, especially a large profit or gain
21. Ar____c cuisine *n.* the Semitic language of the Arab people, widely spoken throughout the Middle East and North Africa; of or relating to Arab peoples, culture, or language
22. p__y for rain *v.* to make a request or petition to a higher power, especially in the form of a respectful or humble request
23. mic____ic analysis *adj.* tiny; exceedingly precise and detail-oriented; of or used in microscopy
24. a r__e old age *adj.* (of fruit or crops) fully developed and ready to be eaten or harvested
25. the c__w of a fishing boat *n.* a group of people who work together, especially on a ship or airplane
26. s_n of omission *n.* the offense against a religious or moral law or against God
27. steam dis____ion *n.* the process of purifying or separating components from a liquid mixture by heating and cooling, typically by using a distillation apparatus; the concentration or essence of something
28. in____te both businesses *v.* to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups
29. ye__t cell *n.* a type of fungus that is used in making alcoholic drinks such as beer and wine or to make bread rise

ANSWERS: 20. windfall, 21. Arabic, 22. pray, 23. microscopic, 24. ripe, 25. crew, 26. sin, 27. distillation, 28. integrate, 29. yeast

30. chemical re_____e *n.* a substance that remains after a process or reaction; a remnant of something that once existed
31. en_____e poor peasants *v.* to make someone a slave; to deprive someone of their freedom of choice or action
32. western phi_____hy *n.* the study of general and fundamental questions, such as those about existence, reason, knowledge, values, mind
33. r_b a glass window *v.* to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure
34. potted ca____s *n.* a plant that typically grows in dry regions and has spiny leaves, stems, and often vibrant flowers
35. wi_____ll profit *n.* an unexpected benefit or advantage, especially a large profit or gain
36. r_v up the crowd *n.* a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute
37. a gr_____l process *adj.* happening slowly over a long period of time or distance; not steep or abrupt
38. c__y animation *n.* a natural, earthy material that is made up of very small particles of minerals and can be molded when wet and then fired to produce ceramics
39. jungle a_e *n.* a large animal with long arms, no tail, and usually a lot of body hair, including gorillas, chimpanzees, orangutans, and gibbons

ANSWERS: 30. residue, 31. enslave, 32. philosophy, 33. rub, 34. cactus, 35. windfall, 36. rev, 37. gradual, 38. clay, 39. ape

40. a remote re_____ve *adj.* considered and evaluated through comparison with something else
41. h__b garden *n.* a small plant with aromatic or flavorful leaves used for seasoning or medicinal purposes
42. Je___h history *adj.* of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism
43. traditional me_____al *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
44. average fuel con_____on *n.* the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
45. sign of int_____ion *n.* the condition of being affected by alcohol or drugs in a way that impairs mental or physical abilities
46. in_____te into the existing system *v.* to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups
47. pleasant o__r *n.* a distinctive or unpleasant smell; a scent or aroma that can be sensed through the sense of smell
48. increasing mi___t harvests *n.* a tiny seed of any of several annual cereal types of grass used as food, mainly to manufacture flour and to feed birds and animals
49. a ri___l dance *n.* any customary observance or practice; any prescribed procedure for conducting religious ceremonies

ANSWERS: 40. relative, 41. herb, 42. Jewish, 43. medicinal, 44. consumption, 45. intoxication, 46. integrate, 47. odor, 48. millet, 49. ritual

50. et____l production *n.* a colorless, flammable alcohol that is produced by the fermentation of sugars and is commonly used as a fuel, solvent, and in the manufacture of alcoholic beverages
51. va____ze nicotine *v.* to convert a substance into vapor or gas, often by heating or applying intense pressure; to disappear or become dispersed as if by evaporating; to destroy or eliminate completely
52. tem_____ce pledge *n.* moderation or restraint, especially in the consumption of alcohol; the movement in the United States and other countries advocating for reduced or eliminated alcohol consumption and temperate behavior
53. pe____ve light *v.* to become aware or conscious of something through the senses
54. co_____ty tax *n.* a product or a raw material that can be traded, bought, or sold
55. meat by-_____cts *n.* a secondary product produced during the manufacturing or processing of another product, often not the intended product but still useful or valuable in some way
56. b__z marketing *v.* to make a continuous, low humming sound such as the one bee makes; an exciting and active atmosphere
57. co____st with a decade ago *v.* to put in opposition to show or emphasize differences

ANSWERS: 50. ethanol, 51. vaporize, 52. temperance, 53. perceive, 54. commodity, 55. by-product, 56. buzz, 57. contrast

58. ce___l grain *n.* a type of grain used for food, such as wheat, oats, or corn that is typically ground into flour, cooked into porridge, or used to make breakfast cereals
59. food and be____ge *n.* a drink of any type
60. eve_____ly become obsolete *adv.* finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on
61. Je___h culture *adj.* of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism
62. biomass f___l *n.* a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
63. b_n any type of cloning *v.* to officially or legally forbid or refuse to allow something
64. by-_____ct of manufacturing *n.* a secondary product produced during the manufacturing or processing of another product, often not the intended product but still useful or valuable in some way
65. r___e tomato *adj.* (of fruit or crops) fully developed and ready to be eaten or harvested
66. pr_____s improvement *n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
67. political fe_____t *v.* to experience a chemical change or action that results in the production of alcohol or effervescence of gases; (noun) a state of agitated activity or change, especially in the context of social or political movements

ANSWERS: 58. cereal, 59. beverage, 60. eventually, 61. Jewish, 62. fuel, 63. ban, 64. by-product, 65. ripe, 66. process, 67. ferment

68. fer_____ion tank *n.* the chemical breakdown of a substance by bacteria, yeasts, or other microorganisms, typically involving effervescence and the giving off of the heat
69. bu___t list *n.* an open container with a handle made of metal or plastic, often used for carrying liquids
70. teaching of Ch___t *n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
71. at_____t attention *v.* to draw or entice someone or something towards them through the qualities they have, especially positive ones
72. victim of sexual ab___e *n.* the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
73. around the gl___e *n.* the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness
74. a cr_____l issue for women *adj.* extremely vital or necessary
75. barren of cr_____ve spirit *adj.* relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
76. an indomitable sp___t *n.* the part of a person which is the seat of their mind, feelings, and character rather than their physical body; the general atmosphere of a place or situation and the effect that it has on people

ANSWERS: 68. fermentation, 69. bucket, 70. Christ, 71. attract, 72. abuse, 73. globe, 74. crucial, 75. creative, 76. spirit

77. re____ve factors *adj.* considered and evaluated through comparison with something else
78. cr____ve writing *adj.* relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
79. social di____ce *n.* the amount of space between two points, measured in units such as miles, meters, or kilometers; the extent, scope, or range between two things, such as distance or emotional distance
80. ha____s a horse to a carriage *v.* to control and exploit the power of something, especially natural resources that produce energy; (noun) a set of narrow pieces of leather and metal that are used to control or hold in place a person, animal, or object
81. flour made from gr__n *n.* wheat or any other small hard seeds used as a food; a relatively small granular particle of a substance
82. cr____l information *adj.* extremely vital or necessary
83. the p__m side of the forearm *n.* the inner surface of the hand from the wrist to the base of the fingers; any plant of the family Palmae having an unbranched trunk crowned by large pinnate or palmate leaves
84. r_m cocktail *n.* a distilled alcoholic beverage made from sugarcane or molasses, often aged and typically with a sweet, rich, or spicy flavor

ANSWERS: 77. relative, 78. creative, 79. distance, 80. harness, 81. grain, 82. crucial, 83. palm, 84. rum

85. ca____e a glimpse *v.* to catch a person or an animal and confine them in an area which they cannot escape
86. set the la__h *n.* a device for holding a door or gate closed, typically a sliding bar or bolt
87. cold ce____l *n.* a type of grain used for food, such as wheat, oats, or corn that is typically ground into flour, cooked into porridge, or used to make breakfast cereals
88. a ba____l of beer *n.* a large round container made of wood, metal, or plastic, with flat ends and, usually, curved sides; one of several units of volume
89. the go__es of the Yangtse River *n.* a deep narrow valley between hills or mountains, usually with steep sides and a river running through it
90. to__c molecule *adj.* of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous
91. harmful co____nd *n.* an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements
92. unintended con_____ces *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
93. effects of cl____e change *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
94. sp__t a bill *v.* to divide, or to make something divide into two or more parts, especially along a particular line

ANSWERS: 85. capture, 86. latch, 87. cereal, 88. barrel, 89. gorge, 90. toxic, 91. compound, 92. consequence, 93. climate, 94. split

95. the film c__w *n.* a group of people who work together, especially on a ship or airplane
96. pathogenic mi____e *n.* a tiny living thing that can only be seen with a microscope and that may cause disease
97. cast the go__e *n.* a deep narrow valley between hills or mountains, usually with steep sides and a river running through it
98. chi____ee behavior *n.* a small, very intelligent ape found in west and central Africa with black or brown fur
99. oxidative fer____ion *n.* the chemical breakdown of a substance by bacteria, yeasts, or other microorganisms, typically involving effervescence and the giving off of the heat
100. st____e through life *v.* to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
101. Ar___c language *n.* the Semitic language of the Arab people, widely spoken throughout the Middle East and North Africa; of or relating to Arab peoples, culture, or language
102. sp__l a person's sport *v.* to ruin the taste, appearance, or quality of something; to become or cause something to become rotten or bad
103. s_p strength *v.* to gradually weaken or drain strength, energy, or resources; to undermine or impair someone's confidence or morale

ANSWERS: 95. crew, 96. microbe, 97. gorge, 98. chimpanzee, 99. fermentation, 100. stumble, 101. Arabic, 102. spoil, 103. sap

104. sp__t a reward equally *v.* to divide, or to make something divide into two or more parts, especially along a particular line
105. morning ri___l *n.* any customary observance or practice; any prescribed procedure for conducting religious ceremonies
106. the con_____ce of an argument *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
107. colorless li___d *n.* a substance, such as water or oil that flows freely and is neither a solid nor a gas
108. a court p__t *n.* a person who writes poetry
109. an ex_____ve force *adj.* greater than what seems necessary, normal, or desirable
110. mi_____es sterilizer *n.* a tiny living thing that can only be seen with a microscope and that may cause disease
111. alcohol dis_____ion *n.* the process of purifying or separating components from a liquid mixture by heating and cooling, typically by using a distillation apparatus; the concentration or essence of something
112. bu___t of golf balls *n.* an open container with a handle made of metal or plastic, often used for carrying liquids
113. be int_____ted with success *v.* (of alcohol or a drug) to make someone lose control of their faculties or behavior
114. pe_____ve a threat *v.* to become aware or conscious of something through the senses

ANSWERS: 104. split, 105. ritual, 106. consequence, 107. liquid, 108. poet, 109. excessive, 110. microbe, 111. distillation, 112. bucket, 113. intoxicate, 114. perceive

115. so__d employment measures *adj.* hard or firm; characterized by good substantial quality
116. br___y cocktail *n.* an alcoholic beverage made by distilling wine and aging it in oak barrels; typically has a higher alcohol content and a stronger flavor than wine
117. before Ch___t *n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
118. the in_____on of new techniques *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing
119. the atmospheric tem_____re *n.* the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
120. take a hal_____gen *n.* a substance that produces hallucinations (i.e., perceptions of things that are not present or real), such as LSD, psilocybin, or mescaline
121. p__m pudding *n.* a small, sweet fruit with juicy flesh and a hard stone in the middle; a desirable or highly valued object, person, or position
122. ca_____e customers' hearts *v.* to catch a person or an animal and confine them in an area which they cannot escape
123. va_____ze into thin air *v.* to convert a substance into vapor or gas, often by heating or applying intense pressure; to disappear or become dispersed as if by evaporating; to destroy or eliminate completely

ANSWERS: 115. solid, 116. brandy, 117. Christ, 118. invention, 119. temperature, 120. hallucinogen, 121. plum, 122. capture, 123. vaporize

124. a com_____ed process *adj.* involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
125. the con_____on of food *n.* the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
126. pre-Christian an_____t *adj.* relating to the long ago, particularly the historical period preceding the fall of the Western Roman Empire; very old
127. a scanty ha_____t *n.* yields of plants in a single growing season; the period of the year when gathering occurs on a farm
128. sp____t and the letter of the law *n.* the part of a person which is the seat of their mind, feelings, and character rather than their physical body; the general atmosphere of a place or situation and the effect that it has on people
129. hazardous li____d *n.* a substance, such as water or oil that flows freely and is neither a solid nor a gas
130. alcohol va____r *n.* a mass of tiny liquid drops in the air
131. future of space exp_____on *n.* the activity of searching and finding out about something through a place
132. br____y distillery *n.* an alcoholic beverage made by distilling wine and aging it in oak barrels; typically has a higher alcohol content and a stronger flavor than wine
133. an_____t stories *adj.* relating to the long ago, particularly the historical period preceding the fall of the Western Roman Empire; very old

ANSWERS: 124. complicated, 125. consumption, 126. ancient, 127. harvest, 128. spirit, 129. liquid, 130. vapor, 131. exploration, 132. brandy, 133. ancient

134. en____e indigenous people *v.* to make someone a slave; to deprive someone of their freedom of choice or action
135. aquatic co____nd *n.* an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements
136. st____e commodities *adj.* essential, crucial, or regularly used
137. tem____ce society *n.* moderation or restraint, especially in the consumption of alcohol; the movement in the United States and other countries advocating for reduced or eliminated alcohol consumption and temperate behavior
138. la__h mechanism *n.* a device for holding a door or gate closed, typically a sliding bar or bolt
139. un____ng victims *adj.* without purpose or intent
140. pr____e bad behavior *v.* to encourage or persuade people to like, buy, use, do, or support something; to raise someone to a higher position or rank
141. st____e crop *adj.* essential, crucial, or regularly used
142. at____t customers *v.* to draw or entice someone or something towards them through the qualities they have, especially positive ones
143. h__b spices *n.* a small plant with aromatic or flavorful leaves used for seasoning or medicinal purposes

ANSWERS: 134. enslave, 135. compound, 136. staple, 137. temperance, 138. latch, 139. unwitting, 140. promote, 141. staple, 142. attract, 143. herb

144. acetone int_____ion *n.* the condition of being affected by alcohol or drugs in a way that impairs mental or physical abilities
145. the b__z of a cicada *v.* to make a continuous, low humming sound such as the one a bee makes; an exciting and active atmosphere
146. c__p herbicide *n.* a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
147. et_____l plant *n.* a colorless, flammable alcohol that is produced by the fermentation of sugars and is commonly used as a fuel, solvent, and in the manufacture of alcoholic beverages
148. small ca___s *n.* a plant that typically grows in dry regions and has spiny leaves, stems, and often vibrant flowers
149. con_____ion of armaments *n.* the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.
150. ye__t-leavened bread *n.* a type of fungus that is used in making alcoholic drinks such as beer and wine or to make bread rise
151. a p__t of sorts *n.* a person who writes poetry
152. co_____st two things *v.* to put in opposition to show or emphasize differences
153. me_____al chemistry *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
154. chi_____ee society *n.* a small, very intelligent ape found in west and central Africa with black or brown fur

ANSWERS: 144. intoxication, 145. buzz, 146. crop, 147. ethanol, 148. cactus, 149. concentration, 150. yeast, 151. poet, 152. contrast, 153. medicinal, 154. chimpanzee

155. his research area of
con_____ion
156. alcoholic be_____ges
157. a co____y of bacteria
158. pr_____e a better relationship
159. a gr_____l change
160. take ex_____ve care
161. \$30 a ba____l
162. p__y devoutly
163. a gr__n of sand
164. a cold cl_____e
165. cooking mi____t
- n.* the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.
- n.* a drink of any type
- n.* a country or an area that is governed by a more powerful country that is often far away
- v.* to encourage or persuade people to like, buy, use, do, or support something; to raise someone to a higher position or rank
- adj.* happening slowly over a long period of time or distance; not steep or abrupt
- adj.* greater than what seems necessary, normal, or desirable
- n.* a large round container made of wood, metal, or plastic, with flat ends and, usually, curved sides; one of several units of volume
- v.* to make a request or petition to a higher power, especially in the form of a respectful or humble request
- n.* wheat or any other small hard seeds used as a food; a relatively small granular particle of a substance
- n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
- n.* a tiny seed of any of several annual cereal types of grass used as food, mainly to manufacture flour and to feed birds and animals

ANSWERS: 155. concentration, 156. beverage, 157. colony, 158. promote, 159. gradual, 160. excessive, 161. barrel, 162. pray, 163. grain, 164. climate, 165. millet

166. s_p flow *v.* to gradually weaken or drain strength, energy, or resources; to undermine or impair someone's confidence or morale
167. smokeless f__l *n.* a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
168. fe_____t sugar into ethanol *v.* to experience a chemical change or action that results in the production of alcohol or effervescence of gases; (noun) a state of agitated activity or change, especially in the context of social or political movements
169. plant a co____y *n.* a country or an area that is governed by a more powerful country that is often far away
170. an Arctic exp_____on *n.* the activity of searching and finding out about something through a place
171. terrestrial gl__e *n.* the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness
172. p__m harvest *n.* a small, sweet fruit with juicy flesh and a hard stone in the middle; a desirable or highly valued object, person, or position
173. soft c__y ground *n.* a natural, earthy material that is made up of very small particles of minerals and can be molded when wet and then fired to produce ceramics
174. common in_____on *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing
175. for your own s__e *n.* purpose; reason for wanting something done

ANSWERS: 166. sap, 167. fuel, 168. ferment, 169. colony, 170. exploration, 171. globe, 172. plum, 173. clay, 174. invention, 175. sake

176. consult with a ph_____an *n.* a medical doctor who practices medicine
177. for the s__e of argument *n.* purpose; reason for wanting something done
178. put a ha_____s on my pet *v.* to control and exploit the power of something, especially natural resources that produce energy; (noun) a set of narrow pieces of leather and metal that are used to control or hold in place a person, animal, or object
179. pre_____ive-free *adj.* used to preserve or protect something, especially food or other perishable items, from decay or spoilage; tending to prevent or delay change or deterioration
180. low-r_v engine *n.* a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute
181. become increasingly com_____ed *adj.* involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
182. hal_____gen effects *n.* a substance that produces hallucinations (i.e., perceptions of things that are not present or real), such as LSD, psilocybin, or mescaline
183. coconut p__m trees *n.* the inner surface of the hand from the wrist to the base of the fingers; any plant of the family Palmae having an unbranched trunk crowned by large pinnate or palmate leaves

ANSWERS: 176. physician, 177. sake, 178. harness, 179. preservative, 180. rev, 181. complicated, 182. hallucinogen, 183. palm

184. driving di____ce *n.* the amount of space between two points, measured in units such as miles, meters, or kilometers; the extent, scope, or range between two things, such as distance or emotional distance
185. exposure to to__c chemicals *adj.* of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous
186. water va__r in the atmosphere *n.* a mass of tiny liquid drops in the air
187. st____e financially *v.* to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
188. so__d ally *adj.* hard or firm; characterized by good substantial quality
189. eve_____ly succeed *adv.* finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on
190. re____e after evaporation *n.* a substance that remains after a process or reaction; a remnant of something that once existed
191. the problem of drug ab__e *n.* the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
192. c__p field *n.* a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food

ANSWERS: 184. distance, 185. toxic, 186. vapor, 187. stumble, 188. solid, 189. eventually, 190. residue, 191. abuse, 192. crop

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. Ethics is a branch of _____.
n. the study of general and fundamental questions, such as those about existence, reason, knowledge, values, mind
2. Sow early for an early _____.
n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
3. The _____ on the gate was broken, so the cows got loose.
n. a device for holding a door or gate closed, typically a sliding bar or bolt
4. The sponge takes up the _____ well.
n. a substance, such as water or oil that flows freely and is neither a solid nor a gas
5. The government is eager to _____ international investment.
v. to draw or entice someone or something towards them through the qualities they have, especially positive ones
6. The government should do more to _____ sustainable agribusiness.
v. to encourage or persuade people to like, buy, use, do, or support something; to raise someone to a higher position or rank
7. Rice and beans are a _____ food in many cultures.
adj. essential, crucial, or regularly used
8. The heat caused the water to _____ into steam.
v. to convert a substance into vapor or gas, often by heating or applying intense pressure; to disappear or become dispersed as if by evaporating; to destroy or eliminate completely

ANSWERS: 1. philosophy, 2. crop, 3. latch, 4. liquid, 5. attract, 6. promote, 7. staple, 8. vaporize

9. She closed her eyes and _____ for strength to overcome difficult times.
- v.* to make a request or petition to a higher power, especially in the form of a respectful or humble request
10. During _____ farmers are incredibly busy.
- n.* yields of plants in a single growing season; the period of the year when gathering occurs on a farm
11. Psilocybin is a type of _____ found in some mushrooms.
- n.* a substance that produces hallucinations (i.e., perceptions of things that are not present or real), such as LSD, psilocybin, or mescaline
12. The production of _____ can have environmental benefits if produced from renewable sources.
- n.* a colorless, flammable alcohol that is produced by the fermentation of sugars and is commonly used as a fuel, solvent, and in the manufacture of alcoholic beverages
13. The country experienced a _____ increase in population.
- adj.* happening slowly over a long period of time or distance; not steep or abrupt
14. He got a new job for the _____ of his family.
- n.* purpose; reason for wanting something done
15. People have been exploring ways to _____ natural forces and resources since ancient times.
- v.* to control and exploit the power of something, especially natural resources that produce energy; (noun) a set of narrow pieces of leather and metal that are used to control or hold in place a person, animal, or object

ANSWERS: 9. prayed, 10. harvest, 11. hallucinogen, 12. ethanol, 13. gradual, 14. sake, 15. harness

16. I love the taste of _____ especially on a cold winter night.
- n.* an alcoholic beverage made by distilling wine and aging it in oak barrels; typically has a higher alcohol content and a stronger flavor than wine
17. Despite their tragic loss, the family is showing great _____.
- n.* the part of a person which is the seat of their mind, feelings, and character rather than their physical body; the general atmosphere of a place or situation and the effect that it has on people
18. Clouds form when water _____ rises to the upper atmosphere.
- n.* a mass of tiny liquid drops in the air
19. Bring a snack or _____ to satisfy your appetite.
- n.* a drink of any type
20. The _____ scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector
- n.* a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
21. The process of _____ is used to purify water and other substances.
- n.* the process of purifying or separating components from a liquid mixture by heating and cooling, typically by using a distillation apparatus; the concentration or essence of something
22. The _____ for applying for a visa can be lengthy and complicated.
- n.* a series of actions or operations performed to achieve a particular outcome or goal; a systematic procedure or approach used to accomplish a specific task or objective; a method of treating milk to make it suitable for consumption or use in other dairy products
23. They carefully nurture a _____ fungus used to produce sake.
- n.* a type of fungus that is used in making alcoholic drinks such as beer and wine or to make bread rise

ANSWERS: 16. brandy, 17. spirit, 18. vapor, 19. beverage, 20. fuel, 21. distillation, 22. process, 23. yeast

24. He found that it is difficult to _____ socially.
- v.* to combine one thing with another so that they form a whole or work together; to accept equal participation for members of all races and ethnic groups
25. Winning the lottery was an unexpected _____ for him.
- n.* an unexpected benefit or advantage, especially a large profit or gain
26. _____ thrive on the surface of the human skin.
- n.* a tiny living thing that can only be seen with a microscope and that may cause disease
27. Necessity is the mother of _____.
- n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing
28. She filled a _____ with water and carried it back to the house.
- n.* an open container with a handle made of metal or plastic, often used for carrying liquids
29. The scientist studied the behavior of _____ in the wild.
- n.* a large animal with long arms, no tail, and usually a lot of body hair, including gorillas, chimpanzees, orangutans, and gibbons
30. It would be best if you did not demand such an _____ charge.
- adj.* greater than what seems necessary, normal, or desirable
31. His rudeness was _____ not intentional.
- adj.* without purpose or intent

ANSWERS: 24. integrate, 25. windfall, 26. Microbes, 27. invention, 28. bucket, 29. apes, 30. excessive, 31. unwitting,

32. Her beauty _____ me completely.

- v.* to make someone a slave; to deprive someone of their freedom of choice or action

33. _____ and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

- n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

34. She visited the local _____ to seek treatment for her persistent headache.

- n.* a medical doctor who practices medicine

35. Many zoos have _____ exhibits, allowing visitors to observe these intelligent primates up close.

- n.* a small, very intelligent ape found in west and central Africa with black or brown fur

36. It's intriguing to compare and _____ the two authors.

- v.* to put in opposition to show or emphasize differences

37. My friend is a _____ woman who celebrates Hanukkah every year.

- adj.* of or relating to people whose traditional religion is Judaism

38. This exam requires excellent _____ to pass.

- n.* the ability to focus all your time and energy on one thing without thinking about anything else.

39. She _____ over the tree root.

- v.* to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily

40. The _____ from the trash can was unbearable, so I had to take it out.

- n.* a distinctive or unpleasant smell; a scent or aroma that can be sensed through the sense of smell

ANSWERS: 32. enslaved, 33. Climate, 34. physician, 35. chimpanzee, 36. contrast, 37. Jewish, 38. concentration, 39. stumbled, 40. odor

41. I heard the _____ of conversation from the next room.

- v.* to make a continuous, low humming sound such as the one bee makes; an exciting and active atmosphere

42. He stepped on the gas pedal, and the engine released a loud _____.

- n.* a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute

43. The _____ of water is called ice.

- adj.* hard or firm; characterized by good substantial quality

44. Some overzealous environmentalists claim celebrities are committing carbon dioxide _____.

- n.* the offense against a religious or moral law or against God

45. The disease has _____ all his energy, and he can barely get out of bed.

- v.* to gradually weaken or drain strength, energy, or resources; to undermine or impair someone's confidence or morale

46. I always start my morning with a bowl of _____.

- n.* a type of grain used for food, such as wheat, oats, or corn that is typically ground into flour, cooked into porridge, or used to make breakfast cereals

47. If you leave the milk out of the refrigerator for too long, it will _____.

- v.* to ruin the taste, appearance, or quality of something; to become or cause something to become rotten or bad

48. The woman of the house does the holy _____ of lighting two candles.

- n.* any customary observance or practice; any prescribed procedure for conducting religious ceremonies

ANSWERS: 41. buzz, 42. rev, 43. solid-state, 44. sins, 45. sapped, 46. cereal, 47. spoil, 48. ritual

49. The _____ chemicals in packaged foods have been a cause of concern for many health experts.
- adj.* used to preserve or protect something, especially food or other perishable items, from decay or spoilage; tending to prevent or delay change or deterioration
50. His final goal is to sail around the _____.
- n.* the earth or world, mainly used to emphasize its vastness
51. Rosemary is a fragrant _____ commonly used in cooking.
- n.* a small plant with aromatic or flavorful leaves used for seasoning or medicinal purposes
52. Companies often _____ their shares to lower the stock price and encourage investors to buy.
- v.* to divide, or to make something divide into two or more parts, especially along a particular line
53. He did _____ pen-and-ink drawings in just a few days.
- adj.* involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
54. Common salt is a sodium and chlorine _____.
- n.* an item composed of two or more distinct elements combined; a chemical formed by the combination of two or more elements
55. This high-performance camera is compact enough to fit in the _____ of your hand.
- n.* the inner surface of the hand from the wrist to the base of the fingers; any plant of the family Palmae having an unbranched trunk crowned by large pinnate or palmate leaves

ANSWERS: 49. preservative, 50. globe, 51. herb, 52. split, 53. complicated, 54. compound, 55. palm

56. Most countries prohibit sexual activity between certain close _____.
adj. considered and evaluated through comparison with something else
57. The ship's _____ worked hard to repair the damaged sails before the next storm hit.
n. a group of people who work together, especially on a ship or airplane
58. There is a clear association between _____ consumption and cognitive decline.
n. a clear liquid that can make people drunk and is used in medicines, cleaning products, etc.
59. The dough was left to _____ overnight to give the bread its distinctive flavor.
v. to experience a chemical change or action that results in the production of alcohol or effervescence of gases; (noun) a state of agitated activity or change, especially in the context of social or political movements
60. Australia is widely _____ as having low levels of corruption.
v. to become aware or conscious of something through the senses
61. The process of _____ is used to make beer, wine, and many other products.
n. the chemical breakdown of a substance by bacteria, yeasts, or other microorganisms, typically involving effervescence and the giving off of the heat
62. The primary crop harvested during autumn is _____.
n. a tiny seed of any of several annual cereal types of grass used as food, mainly to manufacture flour and to feed birds and animals
63. The government announced a policy to control the rise in _____ prices.
n. a product or a raw material that can be traded, bought, or sold

ANSWERS: 56. relatives, 57. crew, 58. alcohol, 59. ferment, 60. perceived, 61. fermentation, 62. millet, 63. commodity

64. The _____ movement was a push to ban alcohol consumption in the United States in the early 1900s.
- n.* moderation or restraint, especially in the consumption of alcohol; the movement in the United States and other countries advocating for reduced or eliminated alcohol consumption and temperate behavior
65. I'm studying _____ calligraphy as part of my art class.
- n.* the Semitic language of the Arab people, widely spoken throughout the Middle East and North Africa; of or relating to Arab peoples, culture, or language
66. She is a talented _____ who has been recognized for her work.
- n.* a person who writes poetry
67. The corporation _____ dominated the entire tobacco business.
- adv.* finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on
68. We should _____ mildly violent video games from a child's development perspective.
- v.* to officially or legally forbid or refuse to allow something
69. The hiker got pricked by a _____ needle while walking.
- n.* a plant that typically grows in dry regions and has spiny leaves, stems, and often vibrant flowers
70. In our country, water _____ usually decreases during the winter.
- n.* the amount used or eaten; the act of using up a resource such as energy, food, or materials
71. I was able to _____ the moment on film.
- v.* to catch a person or an animal and confine them in an area which they cannot escape

ANSWERS: 64. temperance, 65. Arabic, 66. poet, 67. eventually, 68. ban, 69. cactus, 70. consumption, 71. capture

72. Cities around the world set records for highest _____ this summer.
n. the degree of hotness or coldness of a thing or place
73. The ____ in the pina colada gave the drink its signature kick.
n. a distilled alcoholic beverage made from sugarcane or molasses, often aged and typically with a sweet, rich, or spicy flavor
74. Our company has an audit team that monitors directors for _____ of authority.
n. the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
75. The soy sauce was a _____ of the fermentation process in making miso paste.
n. a secondary product produced during the manufacturing or processing of another product, often not the intended product but still useful or valuable in some way
76. The _____ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.
adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
77. He called for a careful _____ of the consequences.
n. the activity of searching and finding out about something through a place
78. The _____ declared its independence and became a republic.
n. a country or an area that is governed by a more powerful country that is often far away
79. The revitalization of technology companies is _____ to the country's growth.
adj. extremely vital or necessary

ANSWERS: 72. temperatures, 73. rum, 74. abuse, 75. by-product, 76. medicinal, 77. exploration, 78. colony, 79. crucial

80. We must pass through the narrow _____ with a stream running through it.
n. a deep narrow valley between hills or mountains, usually with steep sides and a river running through it
81. These economic activities had disastrous environmental _____.
n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
82. All the supervisor has to do is assign tasks that make his subordinates more _____.
adj. relating to or involving the use of skill and original and unusual ideas to create something
83. _____ is the day to celebrate the birth of Christ.
n. the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
84. Inspectors noticed _____ cracks in the submarine's hull.
adj. tiny; exceedingly precise and detail-oriented; of or used in microscopy
85. He was arrested for driving under the _____ of alcohol.
n. the condition of being affected by alcohol or drugs in a way that impairs mental or physical abilities
86. One rotten apple spoils the whole _____.
n. a large round container made of wood, metal, or plastic, with flat ends and, usually, curved sides; one of several units of volume
87. She _____ the sore spot on her leg to ease the pain.
v. to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure

ANSWERS: 80. gorge, 81. consequences, 82. creative, 83. Christmas, 84. microscopic, 85. intoxication, 86. barrel, 87. rubbed

88. Ordinary air purifiers cannot adequately remove pollen _____.
- n.* wheat or any other small hard seeds used as a food; a relatively small granular particle of a substance
89. They have been living near water since _____ times.
- adj.* relating to the long ago, particularly the historical period preceding the fall of the Western Roman Empire; very old
90. For him, a glass of wine was an amount of alcohol sufficient to _____.
- v.* (of alcohol or a drug) to make someone lose control of their faculties or behavior
91. There was a _____ of soap in the bottle that wouldn't come out.
- n.* a substance that remains after a process or reaction; a remnant of something that once existed
92. The marathon runner covered a long _____ in a short amount of time.
- n.* the amount of space between two points, measured in units such as miles, meters, or kilometers; the extent, scope, or range between two things, such as distance or emotional distance
93. The sculptor carefully molded the _____ into the desired shape.
- n.* a natural, earthy material that is made up of very small particles of minerals and can be molded when wet and then fired to produce ceramics
94. The farmer proudly displayed his basket of freshly picked _____ at the market.
- n.* a small, sweet fruit with juicy flesh and a hard stone in the middle; a desirable or highly valued object, person, or position
95. The fruit was _____ and ready to eat.
- adj.* (of fruit or crops) fully developed and ready to be eaten or harvested

ANSWERS: 88. grains, 89. ancient, 90. intoxicate, 91. residue, 92. distance, 93. clay, 94. plums, 95. ripe

96. This chemical compound is a thousand-fold more _____.

adj. of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous

ANSWERS: 96. toxic