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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Steven Johnson: How humanity doubled life expectancy in a century | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/steven_johnson_how_humankind_doubled_life_expectancy_in_a_century

All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

classic

adj. judged or deserving to be regarded as one of the best or most important of its kind over a period of time; of a well-known type

synonym: definitive, traditional, typical

(1) a **classic** experiment, (2) Chinese **classic** literature
He displayed the **classic** symptoms of depression.

experiment

n. the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge

synonym: experimentation, investigation

(1) **experiment** design, (2) series of **experiments**
His **experiments** showed highly positive results.

brain

n. the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling

synonym: intellect, mind, encephalon

(1) basic **brain** function, (2) permanent **brain** damage
X-rays revealed a small tumor in his **brain**.

cycle

n. an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle

synonym: revolution, rotation, bike

(1) the **cycle** of the seasons, (2) go to the workplace by

cycle

The food chain causes a material **cycle**.

banner

n. a long strip of cloth or paper bearing a symbol, logo, slogan, or another message, especially carried in a demonstration or procession or hung in a public place; a form of the online advertisement appearing on a web page

synonym: flag, pennant, advertisement

(1) the star-spangled **banner**, (2) **banner** advertising

They unfurled the **banners** in preparation for the ceremony.

headline

n. a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page

synonym: title, caption

(1) **headline** article, (2) banner **headline**

The engagement of the two golf players became **headline** news.

defeat

v. to win against somebody in a fight, war, or attempt

synonym: conquer, beat, overpower

(1) **defeat** a global power, (2) **defeat** body odor

Despite his best efforts, he was unable to **defeat** the enemy.

argue

v. to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others

synonym: debate, dispute, quarrel

(1) **argue** a case, (2) **argue** passionately

The couple began to **argue** over which restaurant to go to for dinner.

progression

n. the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward

synonym: advancement, development, evolution

(1) **progression** of civilization, (2) **progression** of disease

The company has made great strides in its **progression**

toward sustainability.

geography

n. a field of science devoted to the study of the lands, features, inhabitants, and phenomena of the Earth

synonym: landscape, terrain, topography

(1) **geography** class, (2) economic **geography**

She did well on her **geography** exam.

courtesy

n. polite behavior or remark that shows respect for other people

synonym: civility, politeness, respect

(1) **courtesy** call, (2) fail to show **courtesy**

Different cultures have different ways of expressing **courtesy**.

planet

n. any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star

synonym: earth, world, globe

(1) **planet** like the Earth, (2) save the **planet**

Mercury is the closest **planet** to the sun.

fast-forward

v. to advance or move forward in time or progress, particularly in a rapid or accelerated manner; to increase the playback speed of a recording

synonym: advance, hasten, speed up

(1) **fast-forward** 10 seconds, (2) **fast-forward** to the good part

I like to **fast-forward** through commercials when watching TV shows.

extraordinary

adj. exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual

synonym: exceptional, noteworthy, astonishing

(1) **extraordinary** ability, (2) **extraordinary** weather

He narrated the **extraordinary** story of his adventure.

achievement

n. a thing that someone has accomplished, primarily through their effort and ability

synonym: accomplishment, attainment, triumph

(1) student **achievement**, (2) a remarkable **achievement**

This **achievement** has never been formally accepted.

statistics

n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data

(1) **statistics** for cancer, (2) official **statistics**

The **statistics** demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.

illusion

n. a false idea or belief, especially about somebody or about a situation

synonym: delusion, fallacy, magic trick

(1) optical **illusion**, (2) the **illusion** of being in the forest

He could no longer tell the difference between **illusion** and reality.

infant

n. a baby or very young child

synonym: baby, newborn, tot

(1) **infant** daughter, (2) **infant** food

Mozart was an **infant** prodigy.

mortality

n. the quality or state of being subject to death

synonym: fatality

(1) **mortality** due to cancer, (2) lower infant **mortality**

This disease has a high **mortality**.

dramatically

adv. in a very impressive manner

synonym: greatly, noticeably, suddenly

(1) he confessed **dramatically**, (2) the cabin pressure fell **dramatically**

Life expectancy has grown **dramatically** this century.

intense

adj. (especially of a feeling) very strong; extremely sharp or severe

synonym: extreme, fierce, harsh

(1) **intense** heat, (2) develop **intense** itching

That statement by the prime minister drew **intense** international criticism.

infographic

n. a visual representation of information or data often used to present complicated or complex concepts in a simple and understandable way

(1) **infographic** design, (2) **infographic** presentation

The company shared an impressive **infographic** about its annual profits.

statistician

n. a person who studies or is an expert in statistics

synonym: actuary

(1) professional **statisticians**, (2) environmental **statistician**

The firm employs several **statisticians** to develop a recommendation engine.

attempt

n. an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult

synonym: endeavor, effort, try

(1) the **attempt** to rescue the hostages, (2) a reckless **attempt**

The third **attempt** was far more successful.

incredibly

adv. in a way that is very difficult to believe; exceedingly or extremely

synonym: enormously, exceptionally, extraordinarily

(1) **incredibly** cheerful character, (2) get **incredibly** insecure

Several cities are experiencing **incredibly** high unemployment rates.

heroic

adj. courageous and daring; having or displaying qualities appropriate for legendary figures that is courage and daring

synonym : brave, courageous, daring

(1) a **heroic** poem, (2) **heroic** explorers

The **heroic** actions of individuals are now easily spread worldwide by SNS.

chart

n. a visual display of information such as a diagram, lists of figures, etc.; a map designed to assist navigation by air or sea

synonym : diagram, graph, map

(1) a weather **chart**, (2) a statistical **chart**

This pie **chart** represents our market share.

excel

v. to be extremely good at or proficient in doing something

synonym : outdo, shine, surpass

(1) **excel** in description, (2) **excel** at communication

The company **excels** in customer service.

broad

adj. very wide; general

synonym : wide, expansive, comprehensive

(1) attract **broad** attention, (2) a **broad** mind

He accumulated wealth across a **broad** spectrum of assets.

rev

n. a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute

synonym : revolution, RPM, speed

(1) low- **rev** engine, (2) **rev** up the crowd

He stepped on the gas pedal, and the engine released a loud **rev**.

tragic

adj. causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate

synonym : calamitous, disastrous, catastrophic

(1) **tragic** love stories, (2) **tragic** death

The **tragic** events of the war left many families torn apart.

alarming

adj. causing concern or apprehension; causing a feeling of danger, harm, or emergency; unsettling or disturbing

synonym: forbidding, concerning, disturbing

(1) **alarming** news, (2) **alarming** statistics

The sudden rise in crime rates in our neighborhood is quite **alarming**.

optimism

n. a feeling or the belief that good things will happen, or the quality of being full of hope and emphasizing the positive aspects of a situation

synonym: positiveness, sanguinity, bullishness

(1) sense of **optimism**, (2) political **optimism**

There is considerable **optimism** that the economy will recover soon.

fundamental

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

synonym: basic, essential, entire

(1) **fundamental** education, (2) **fundamental** rights

Human behavior has **fundamental** characteristics.

complicated

adj. involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze

synonym: complex, convoluted, intricate

(1) a **complicated** process, (2) become increasingly **complicated**

He did **complicated** pen-and-ink drawings in just a few days.

generation

n. all the people born and living at about the same time, regarded collectively; the production of heat or electricity

synonym: cohort, age group, era

(1) **generation** gap, (2) the **generation** of electricity

The younger **generation** has different values and beliefs than the older one.

stack

n. a pile of something arranged or laid one on top of another; a large tall chimney through which combustion gases and smoke can be evacuated

synonym : accumulation, heap, pile

(1) high **stack**, (2) a large **stack** of paper

The earthquake caused a **stack** of lumber to crumble noisily.

climate

n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

synonym : atmosphere, weather, environment

(1) a cold **climate**, (2) effects of **climate** change

Climate and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

underlying

adj. significant as a cause or basis of something but not immediately apparent or stated clearly

synonym : fundamental, latent, basic

(1) an **underlying** motive, (2) an **underlying** cause of an accident

The **underlying** principle of every business was identical.

trend

n. a general direction in which something is changing or developing

synonym : direction, movement, tendency

(1) an international **trend**, (2) the **trend** away from television

The oil price continued their downward **trend**.

magnitude

n. the extent, level, importance, or amount of something

synonym : size, extent, level

(1) a star of the first **magnitude**, (2) the **magnitude** of the disaster

The **magnitude** of the earthquake was measured at 7.8 on the Richter scale.

crisis

n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

synonym: concern, problem, emergency

(1) financial **crisis**, (2) **crisis** management

The Chinese word for **crisis** comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

emit

v. to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.

synonym: give off, radiate, expel

(1) **emit** a gamma ray, (2) **emit** air pollution

During the unloading, the container box **emits** a clicking sound.

carbon

n. a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals

(1) **carbon** dioxide, (2) **carbon** emission

Trees absorb **carbon** dioxide and give off oxygen.

atmosphere

n. the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work

synonym: air, ambiance, circumstances

(1) carbon dioxide in the **atmosphere**, (2) a convivial **atmosphere**

The spaceship began to burn up as it approached the Earth's **atmosphere**.

weird

adj. extraordinary, unexpected, or difficult to explain

synonym: bizarre, creepy, peculiar

(1) a **weird** dress, (2) the state of being **weird**

My computer has been acting **weird** recently.

unintended

adj. not planned or meant

synonym: accidental, unconsenting, involuntary

(1) **unintended** bias, (2) **unintended** misunderstanding

Excessive human interference in the global environment may bring **unintended** consequences.

consequence

n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual

synonym : result, impact, outcome

(1) unintended **consequences**, (2) the **consequence** of an argument

These economic activities had disastrous environmental **consequences**.

industrialize

v. to organize the production of something into an industry

synonym : motorize

(1) **industrialize** service, (2) **industrialized** textile production

The nations of South East Asia will quickly **industrialize** and catch up with the West.

longevity

n. the property of being long-lived; significant duration of service

synonym : seniority, endurance

(1) **longevity** crisis, (2) **longevity** genes

He is proud of the **longevity** of the business.

blessing

n. a gift or favor from a higher power or force; an act or expression of approval, encouragement, or gratitude; something that brings happiness or good fortune

synonym : favor, benediction, boon

(1) count your **blessings**, (2) bestowed **blessings**

Receiving support from his friends was a great **blessing** in his time of need.

obsess

v. to fill the mind of someone continually so that one can't think of anything else

synonym : torment, beset, engross

(1) **obsess** over her weight, (2) he is **obsessed** with the fear

He's utterly **obsessed** with his promotion.

investigation

n. the act or process of thoroughly examining a crime, problem, statement, etc., to uncover the truth

synonym: examination, analysis, inspection

(1) a preliminary **investigation**, (2) the scope of an **investigation**

We have never before conducted a legitimate **investigation**.

prime

adj. main or most important; basic

synonym: excellent, exceptional, premium

(1) **prime** number, (2) deputy **prime** minister

After a thorough investigation, she has been named as the **prime** suspect.

mover

n. a person or company that specializes in moving goods or possessions from one location to another; a professional moving service or an individual who performs this task for friends, family members, or customers

synonym: removalist, proposer

(1) market **mover**, (2) the **movers** and shakers

The professional **mover** helped us pack and transport our furniture and belongings to our new home.

rooftop

n. the upper surface or cover of a building's roof, often used for recreational or other purposes

synonym: roof, terrace, deck

(1) **rooftop** live, (2) **rooftop** deck

They held the dinner party on the **rooftop** terrace, enjoying the beautiful view of the city.

vaccine

n. a substance that is put into the body and protects them from disease by causing them to produce antibodies (= proteins that attack harmful bacteria, viruses, etc.)

synonym: vaccinum

(1) development of **vaccines**, (2) an oral **vaccine**

The mRNA **vaccine** was approved in less than a year because it did not contain the fragments of the target virus.

invention

n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing

synonym : creation, design, innovation

(1) the **invention** of new techniques, (2) common **invention**

Necessity is the mother of **invention**.

appreciate

v. to value and acknowledge the worth of someone or something; to be grateful for something or someone

synonym : acknowledge, admire, enjoy

(1) **appreciate** her feedback, (2) **appreciate** the value

We would **appreciate** an early reply.

smallpox

n. a highly contagious viral disease characterized by fever, weakness, spots on the skin, and often death

synonym : variola

(1) **smallpox** epidemic, (2) **smallpox** vaccine

An outbreak of **smallpox** occurred in the 1920s.

polio

n. an acute infectious disease caused by a virus that attacks nerve cells in the spinal cord and brain, leading to paralysis, muscle weakness, and potentially lifelong disability

synonym : poliomyelitis, infantile paralysis

(1) **polio** epidemic, (2) **polio** eradication

The **polio** vaccine development is regarded as one of the greatest medical achievements of the 20th century.

influenza

n. (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics

synonym : grippe, flu

(1) an epidemic outbreak of **influenza**, (2) **influenza B** strain

The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of **influenza**.

measles

n. a highly infectious viral disease that causes fever, red spots on the skin, and other flu-like symptoms, typically affects children

synonym : rash, red measles, rubella

(1) **measles** outbreak, (2) **measles** vaccine

The school sent a notice of a **measles** case in one of the classrooms.

coronavirus

n. a large family of viruses that can cause illness in humans and animals, which name comes from the crown-like spikes on the surface of the virus, which can be seen under a microscope, and COVID-19 is caused by a specific type of coronavirus known as SARS-CoV-2

synonym : covid

(1) **coronavirus** antibody test kit, (2) **coronavirus** bankruptcy

Considering the situation of **coronavirus**, organized stopped this year's beer festival.

celebrated

adj. renowned for possessing admirable attributes

synonym : acclaimed, notable, prominent

(1) **celebrated** artist, (2) **celebrated** paper

Three **celebrated** tenors performed during the president's inauguration.

eradicate

v. to get rid of or destroy something completely, especially something bad

synonym : destroy, eliminate, exterminate

(1) **eradicate** the deficit, (2) **eradicate** racial discrimination

We are trying to **eradicate** this disease from the world.

celebrate

v. to acknowledge a memorable or good day or event with a social gathering or enjoyable activity

synonym : praise, glorify, honor

(1) **celebrate** his election, (2) **celebrate** Christmas

He **celebrated** the 10th anniversary of his tenure.

hesitancy

n. the state of being hesitant or unsure; a delay or reluctance to act or make a decision

synonym : reluctance, indecision, doubt

(1) have no **hesitancy** in making requests, (2) social

hesitancy

Her **hesitancy** to speak up in meetings hindered her career advancement.

exclusive

adj. not divided or shared with others

synonym : sole, deluxe, limited

(1) **exclusive** authority, (2) **exclusive** clubs

The condo offers **exclusive** access to the beach.

march

v. to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps

synonym : parade

(1) **march** against the war, (2) **march** east

The troops **marched** shoulder-to-shoulder.

tangible

adj. real and concrete; able to be perceived, especially able to be touched; (of business assets) having physical substance and intrinsic monetary value

synonym : palpable, real, actual

(1) **tangible** assets, (2) produce **tangible** results

A problem that has been pointed out for years finally becomes **tangible**.

antibiotic

n. a substance or drug that kills or slows down the growth of bacteria

synonym : antimicrobial, chemotherapeutic, germicide

(1) **antibiotic** resistance, (2) **antibiotic** allergy

He has been prescribed an **antibiotic** to treat his infection.

X-ray

n. a type of electromagnetic radiation that has a wavelength shorter than visible light allowing hidden objects such as bones and organs inside the body to be photographed

synonym : roentgenogram, photon radiography

(1) **X-ray** scan, (2) an **X-ray** of arteries

The doctor ordered an **X-ray** to see if there was any damage to the bones.

conquer

v. to bring under control by force or authority

synonym: defeat, overpower, subdue

(1) **conquer** fatal disease, (2) **conquer** the world

You must **conquer** your anxiety about driving.

terrifying

adj. very frightening or intimidating

synonym: frightening, intimidating, alarming

(1) **terrifying** experience, (2) **terrifying** events

Large earthquakes often generate **terrifying** tsunamis.

threat

n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation

synonym: menace, danger, hazard

(1) economic **threat**, (2) environmental **threat**

The **threat** of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.

emblem

n. a design or symbol that represents a quality or idea

synonym: symbol, sign, badge

(1) a national **emblem**, (2) family **emblem**

The eagle is an **emblem** of strength and courage.

vitality

n. the state of being strong and active; energy

synonym: energy, life, vigor

(1) **vitality** of youth, (2) the **vitality** of the company

The new gym membership has improved his **vitality** and overall health.

mechanical

adj. operated by a machine, relating to or concerned with machinery or tools

synonym:

machinelike, automated, automatic

(1) a **mechanical** style of writing, (2) the influence of **mechanical** action

A **mechanical** engineer is still in demand in many companies.

refrigeration

n. the process of cooling or freezing something, especially food, to preserve it

synonym: cooling, freezing, preservation

(1) **refrigeration** car, (2) **refrigeration** technology

The supermarket had a large **refrigeration** section with all kinds of fresh produce.

spoilage

n. the act or process of spoiling or causing something to spoil, particularly food or perishable items; the extent of damage or decay caused by spoilage

synonym: decay, deterioration, waste

(1) bacterial **spoilage**, (2) food **spoilage**

The warm weather caused **spoilage** of the dairy products left outside.

tuberculosis

n. an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs

(1) died of **tuberculosis**, (2) a medicine for **tuberculosis**

Tuberculosis used to be considered a fatal disease.

urban

adj. relating to or located in a town or city

synonym: metropolitan, civic

(1) **urban** planning, (2) **urban** property owners

Only a small number of **urban** utilities offer sanitation services.

cattle

n. cows, bulls, and buffalos that are raised for their milk or meat as farm animals

synonym: cows, herd, oxen

(1) **cattle** barn, (2) **cattle** hide

The **cattle** are on the grassland and grazing.

sloppy

adj. characterized by a lack of order or neatness; careless, disorganized, or careless in appearance or performance

synonym: messy, untidy, disheveled

(1) **sloppy** writing, (2) **sloppy** appearance

She looked **sloppy** in her wrinkled shirt and mismatched socks.

whiskey

n. a type of distilled alcoholic beverage made from fermented grains, typically barley, corn, rye, or wheat, aged in barrels and often consumed straight or with mixers

synonym: bourbon, scotch, rye

(1) bootleg **whiskey**, (2) **whiskey** barrel

I enjoy a glass of **whiskey** on the rocks after a long day.

distill

v. to purify or refine; to extract the essential elements

synonym: extract, condense, purify

(1) **distill** a liquid, (2) **distill** information

She decided to **distill** her thoughts into a more manageable list.

brilliant

adj. extremely clever, skilled, or impressive

synonym: luminous, intelligent, clever

(1) **brilliant** idea, (2) **brilliant** performance

The more **brilliant** you are, the more people around you look at you with envy and jealousy.

tint

n. a shade or small amount of a color

synonym: hue, stain, pigment

(1) rosy **tint** lip, (2) **tint** color

This flower has milky white petals with a pink **tint** on its edges.

swill

v. to drink or consume something greedily or excessively; to dispose of liquid waste or refuse by flushing it away or feeding it to animals

synonym : gulp, chug, guzzle

(1) **swill** beer, (2) **swill** the deck

You should not **swill** your drink like an animal.

contaminate

v. to make something impure, unclean, or poisonous by contact or mixture

synonym : defile, pollute, adulterate

(1) **contaminate** with a disease, (2) **contaminate** his ego

We strive not to **contaminate** the environment when demolishing petroleum plants.

chemistry

n. the branch of the natural sciences dealing with the composition of substances and their properties and reactions

(1) professor of **chemistry**, (2) the **chemistry** of soil

He is familiar with **chemistry** and biology.

carton

n. a lightbox or container made of cardboard, typically used for packaging or storing items

synonym : box, package, container

(1) **carton** box, (2) empty **carton**

I need a **carton** of milk from the grocery store.

grocery

n. a shop that sells food and other household items

synonym : foodstuff, market

(1) the **grocery** business, (2) run a **grocery**

I will go to the **grocery** store to buy food for dinner.

technique

n. a particular way or art of doing something that needs skill

synonym : approach, procedure, strategy

(1) a **technique** in martial arts, (2) the **technique** applied to construction

Jockey's superior **technique** brought him victory.

sterilize

v. to make something free of all forms of life, especially bacteria or viruses, by using heat, chemicals, or radiation

synonym: disinfect, sanitize, cleanse

(1) **sterilize** chemically, (2) **sterilize** surfaces

The nurse **sterilized** the instruments before the surgery to prevent any infections.

persuade

v. to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion

synonym: convince, influence, sway

(1) attempt to **persuade**, (2) **persuade** enough people

She tried to **persuade** her brother to join her on the trip, but he was too busy with work.

convince

v. to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true

synonym: persuade, win over, convert

(1) **convince** her to go with us, (2) **convince** an opponent

I am considering what I should do to **convince** him.

dairy

n. a room, building, or establishment where milk and milk products are produced and processed; milk and milk products, such as butter and cheese

synonym: creamery, farm

(1) low-fat **dairy**, (2) imported **dairy** product

The **dairy** industry is a significant contributor to the economy.

industrious

adj. hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort

synonym: diligent, hardworking, assiduous

(1) **industrious** worker, (2) **industrious** student

He was known to be very **industrious** and would often work late into the night.

cast

v. to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assign or choose someone such as an actor or

representative, especially by selection process

synonym: throw, project, select

(1) **cast** a ballot, (2) **cast** a charming eye

This accident **cast** a dark shadow over their lives.

muckrake

v. to expose or uncover corrupt or immoral practices or behavior, particularly in politics or business

synonym: investigate, probe, scrutinize

(1) **muckrake** the human rights violations, (2) **muckrake** the truth

The journalist decided to **muckrake** and uncover the corruption in the government.

journalist

n. a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media

synonym: reporter, newsperson, press

(1) a China-based **journalist**, (2) **journalist** on a magazine
Foreign TV crews and **journalists** can go as they please in various locations during the Olympics.

crusade

n. a series of wars fought by Christians in the middle ages to recover the holy land from the Muslims; a series of actions advancing a principle or tending toward a particular end

synonym: holy war, religious war, expedition

(1) a **crusade** against smoking, (2) environmental **crusade**
During the **Crusade** period, many European Christians went on a pilgrimage to the Holy Land.

lawmaker

n. a politician or legislator who is responsible for making and changing laws

synonym: lawgiver, legislator, solon

(1) female **lawmaker**, (2) incumbent **lawmaker**

This company has increased political contributions to federal **lawmakers**.

subculture

n. a distinct social group or community within a larger society that shares a set of practices, beliefs, or values that are different from those of the dominant culture

synonym : underground culture, alternative culture

(1) **subculture** movement, (2) **subculture** fashion

The punk **subculture** emerged in the 1970s as a response to mainstream society and its values.

unlikely

adj. not probable or likely to happen

synonym : doubtful, questionable, far-fetched

(1) **unlikely** event, (2) it is **unlikely** that he would win the game

The passage of the bill is **unlikely**.

depart

v. to go away or leave, especially to start a journey

synonym : go away, leave, vacate

(1) arrive and **depart** on time, (2) **depart** from the faith

We **departed** before the temperature fell below zero.

magnate

n. a wealthy, influential, or powerful person, particularly in business or industry

synonym : tycoon, mogul, baron

(1) media **magnate**, (2) business **magnate**

The billionaire **magnate** donated millions to charity last year.

depot

n. a place or a building where goods, materials, or equipment are stored, manufactured, or distributed; a transportation hub where buses or trains start or end their journeys

synonym : warehouse, storage, station

(1) weapon **depot**, (2) food **depot**

The train **depot** was a hub for commuters and travelers.

resident

n. a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place

synonym : dweller, inhabitant, inhabitant

(1) a **resident** of the city, (2) **resident** tax

Visa renewal for **resident** foreigners in this country is once every five years.

develop

v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

synonym: evolve, progress, advance

(1) **develop** a strategy, (2) **develop** a skill

We must **develop** a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.

context

n. the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning

synonym: background, setting, environment

(1) historical **context**, (2) legal **context**

It's important to understand the **context** of a situation before making a decision.

disrupt

v. to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance

synonym: interrupt, disturb, break into

(1) **disrupt** a well-ordered condition, (2) **disrupt** sleep

I'm so sorry to **disrupt** you when you're pretty busy.

innovation

n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation

synonym: invention, initiation, creation

(1) **innovation** leader, (2) cutting-edge **innovation**

The vegetarian burger was an **innovation** that quickly spread to the United Kingdom.

bureaucracy

n. a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by

elected representatives

synonym : administration, government, system

(1) government **bureaucracy**, (2) arbitrary **bureaucracy**

The bumbling **bureaucracy** made it difficult to get the permits we needed.

institute

n. an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something

synonym : academy, university, college

(1) **institute** a lawsuit, (2) research **institutes**

This region has many **institutes** offering higher education.

contradictory

adj. containing or consisting of conflicting or incompatible elements

synonym : conflicting, opposing, inconsistent

(1) apparently **contradictory**, (2) **contradictory** evidence

His statements were **contradictory**, leaving the audience confused.

flip

v. to turn over into a different position quickly; to throw or toss with a light motion

synonym : throw, jump

(1) **flip** over the pork chop, (2) **flip** a coin

He **flipped** when he heard that he had been accepted into the university.

pharmaceutical

adj. relating to the production and selling of the medical drugs

synonym : drug, medication, prescription

(1) major **pharmaceutical** companies, (2) commercial **pharmaceutical** products

She gave money to help set up a **pharmaceutical** laboratory.

catalog

n. a complete list of items, often including technical details and prices

synonym: directory, list, register

(1) a classified **catalog**, (2) **catalog** card

She used the online **catalog** to find the perfect pair of earrings for her sister's birthday.

laundry

n. the act of washing clothes and linens; a room or area where clothes are washed and ironed

synonym: wash, clothes, linen

(1) send out the **laundry**, (2) **laundry** room

I need to do the **laundry** before I run out of clean clothes.

poison

n. a substance that can cause illness, injury, or death when ingested, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin; something harmful, malicious, or toxic; the act of damaging or ruining a relationship; (verb) to introduce a substance into something or someone harmful and potentially deadly

synonym: toxin, venom, pollutant

(1) **poison** ivy, (2) **poison** bilateral relations

The plant's leaves contain a deadly **poison** that can cause hallucinations and seizures.

arsenic

n. a poisonous chemical element that occurs naturally in some rocks and minerals and is sometimes used in pesticides and wood preservatives

synonym: poison, toxin

(1) **arsenic** poisoning, (2) **arsenic** contamination

Exposure to **arsenic** in drinking water can cause serious health problems.

mercury

n. a heavy, silvery-white metal that is liquid at room temperature and is used in thermometers, electrical equipment, and other devices; (Mercury) the smallest planet and the nearest to the sun

synonym: quicksilver, hydrargyrum, Hg

(1) **mercury** poisoning, (2) **Mercury** Plan

The **mercury** in the thermometer had risen to the boiling point.

belladonna

n. a poisonous plant with shiny black berries and deadly nightshade used historically for medicinal and cosmetic purposes but now mostly avoided due to its toxicity

synonym: deadly nightshade, dwale, devil's cherry

(1) **belladonna** toxicity, (2) **belladonna** plant

The use of **belladonna** in herbal remedies is controversial due to its potentially dangerous effects.

mention

v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly

synonym: reference, allude, cite

(1) **mention** name, (2) **mention** in a report

I **mentioned** to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.

heroin

n. a highly addictive and illegal drug derived from morphine, typically administered by injection and often associated with serious health problems, including overdose and addiction

synonym: dope, smack, narcotics

(1) smoking **heroin**, (2) **heroin** overdose

The withdrawal symptoms from **heroin** can be intense and painful.

cocaine

n. a highly addictive stimulant drug that is derived from the leaves of the coca plant, often used recreationally for its euphoric effects but also used in medicine as a local anesthetic and vasoconstrictor

synonym: narcotic, coke, snow

(1) powder **cocaine**, (2) **cocaine** overdose

The drug dealer was arrested for possession of **cocaine**.

medical

adj. relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine

synonym : health, disease, treatment

(1) a **medical** opinion, (2) temporary **medical** treatment

The **medical** team worked quickly to save the patient's life.

historic

adj. famous or significant in history, or potentially so

synonym : memorable, momentous, historical

(1) **historic** accomplishment, (2) achieve the **historic** feat

The Chinese people have accomplished several **historic** feats.

negative

adj. having the quality of something bad or harmful;
expressing refusal

synonym : minus, adverse, pessimistic

(1) have a **negative** effect, (2) a **negative** number

The movie has received almost universally **negative** criticism.

start-up

n. a newly established company or business

(1) **start-up** business, (2) early-stage **start-up**

Our company's services are targeted at **start-up** executives.

cough

v. to expel air from the lungs suddenly and noisily, often as a reaction to irritation, illness, or some other physical condition; (noun) a sudden, forceful expulsion of air from the lungs, often accompanied by a distinctive sound

synonym : hack, clear throat, wheeze

(1) **cough** several times, (2) persistent **cough**

I can't stop **coughing** and think I might have caught a cold.

syrup

n. a sweet, thick liquid made by dissolving sugar in water, often flavored with fruit, spices, or other ingredients

synonym : nectar, sap, honey

(1) maple **syrup**, (2) **syrup** bottle

She mixed the **syrup** with water to make a sweet drink.

strep

n. (informal shorthand for "streptococcus") a type of bacteria that can cause a range of infections, including

strep throat and scarlet fever

synonym : streptococci, streptococcus, streptococcal infection

(1) **strep** skin infection, (2) **strep** bacteria

The doctor diagnosed the patient with **strep** throat and prescribed antibiotics.

sulfa

n. an antibiotic drug that is derived from sulfanilamide (= a synthetic compound with antimicrobial properties, historically used as an antibacterial drug) and is used to treat infections, particularly bacterial infections

synonym : antibiotic

(1) **sulfa-based** antibiotics, (2) **sulfa** allergy

My doctor prescribed me a **sulfa** medication for my urinary tract infection.

forerunner

n. a person or thing that comes before another and serves as a sign or indication of what is to come; a predecessor or early stage of something

synonym : predecessor, antecedent, precursor

(1) **forerunner** of technology, (2) **forerunner** in the field

The steam engine was a **forerunner** to modern locomotives.

bulky

adj. taking up much space or being difficult to move because of its size or weight; large and unwieldy

synonym : large, cumbersome, unwieldy

(1) **bulky** material, (2) **bulky** packaging

The **bulky** furniture made it difficult to move around the small room.

swallow

v. to make food, drink, pills, etc., pass down your throat into your stomach; (noun) small long-winged songbird noted for swift, graceful flight and the regularity of its migrations

synonym : consume, gulp, inhale

(1) **swallow** a handful of pills, (2) a **swallow** tail

I **swallowed** my anger and kept quiet.

dissolve

v. to be or cause to be absorbed by a liquid to form a part of the solution; to close down or dismiss

synonym: disband, disappear, liquefy

(1) **dissolve** the sugar, (2) officially **dissolved** the marriage

The political party **dissolved** after much internal fighting.

ethylene

n. a hydrocarbon that has the formula C₂H₄ that is present in coal, crude oil, and natural gas

(1) **ethylene** compound, (2) produce **ethylene** gas

The metabolism of **ethylene** oxide in our bodies is not entirely known.

glycol

n. a type of organic compound containing two hydroxyls (-OH) groups, often used as a coolant or antifreeze in vehicles, airplanes, and industrial processes

synonym: ethanediol, dihydric alcohol

(1) **glycol** solution, (2) **glycol-based** coolant

Ethylene **glycol** is commonly used as a coolant in automobile engines because of its ability to lower the freezing point of water.

raspberry

n. a sweet and tart edible fruit that grows on bushes, usually with a soft red or black color and a rough texture on the outside

synonym: blackberry, bramble, dewberry

(1) **raspberry** flavor, (2) **raspberry** tea

The **raspberry** cheesecake at that restaurant is out of this world.

flavoring

n. a substance or combination of substances used to add taste or aroma to food or drink; a controlled substance used to mask the taste or odor of another substance

synonym: spice, seasoning, essence

(1) beverage **flavoring**, (2) natural **flavoring**

The recipe calls for adding a dash of vanilla **flavoring** to the batter.

palatable

adj. having a pleasant or acceptable taste; pleasing or agreeable to the mind or senses; easily tolerated or accepted

synonym : delicious, tasty, flavorful

(1) **palatable** food, (2) **palatable** solution

I'm usually a picky eater, but the seafood at this restaurant was surprisingly **palatable**.

toxic

adj. of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous

synonym : poisonous, harmful, contaminated

(1) **toxic** molecule, (2) exposure to **toxic** chemicals

This chemical compound is a thousand-fold more **toxic**.

antifreeze

n. a substance that is added to the radiator of a vehicle or cooling system to lower the freezing point of the liquid and prevent it from freezing in cold weather

synonym : coolant, freeze inhibitor, winterizer

(1) **antifreeze** solution, (2) **antifreeze** effect

Remember to add **antifreeze** to your car's engine during the winter months.

immediately

adv. now or without delay

synonym : directly, instantly, promptly

(1) **immediately** recall a product, (2) write him an answer **immediately**

A suspension order from the court is effective **immediately**.

concoction

n. the mixture, often a complicated one; a preparation made by combining various ingredients

synonym : mixture, brew, composition

(1) **concoction** recipe, (2) coffee-milk **concoction**

The **concoction** of herbs and spices gave the soup a unique flavor.

crazy

adj. stupid or not sensible; very angry

synonym : insane, absurd, bizarre

(1) **crazy** about cars and racing, (2) a **crazy** scheme
The rain and thunder are **crazy** today.

medicinal

adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
synonym: curative, therapeutic, healing

(1) **medicinal** chemistry, (2) traditional **medicinal**
The **medicinal** properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.

regulation

n. an official rule made and maintained by a government or some other authority; the act of controlling or directing something according to a rule
synonym: constraint, restriction, rule

(1) a company **regulation**, (2) **regulation** by the government
The **regulation** approved by Congress was perfunctorily implemented.

ingredient

n. one of the things used to make something, especially one of the foods used to make a particular dish
synonym: element, component

(1) secret **ingredients**, (2) compound the **ingredients**
Greed is the primary **ingredient** in the making of criminals.

label

n. a small piece of paper, fabric, or other material attached to an object and giving information about it; (verb) to assign to a category
synonym: tag, mark, identifier

(1) a mailing **label**, (2) **label** a bag with my name
The **label** on the food package lists the ingredients and nutritional information.

tragedy

n. an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character
synonym: disaster, adversity, calamity

(1) a **tragedy** during work, (2) the aftermath of this **tragedy**
Macbeth is a famous **tragedy** by Shakespeare.

mandate

n. an official or authoritative instruction or command; a commission or authority to carry out a particular task

synonym: command, instruction, authority

(1) **mandate** obligation, (2) an Imperial **mandate**

The **mandate** given to the new government is to improve the economy.

consume

v. to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount

synonym: absorb, ingest, use up

(1) **consume** a large of alcohol, (2) **consume** electricity

A smaller car will **consume** less fuel.

obvious

adj. easy to see, discover or understand

synonym: apparent, conspicuous, evident

(1) **obvious** reasons, (2) his conclusion was **obvious**

There are **obvious** differences between the two wine-producing regions.

miracle

n. an act or occurrence that is not explicable by natural or scientific laws and is therefore believed to be caused by God

synonym: wonder, marvel, phenomenon

(1) **miracle** person, (2) economic **miracle**

The doctors said that her recovery was a **miracle**.

phase

n. any stage in a series of events, change, or development

synonym: degree, stage, step

(1) enter on the last **phase**, (2) two- **phase** structure

The era of the industrial revolution was a crucial **phase** of history.

random

adj. made, done, or happening without method, conscious decision, or any regular pattern

synonym : incidental, arbitrary, unanticipated

(1) a **random** choice, (2) bombs fell at **random**

To find drunk drivers, police conduct **random** tests.

regulatory

adj. having the power to control or restrict something such as business or industry according to rules or principles

synonym : regulative, managerial

(1) **regulatory** cells, (2) compliance with **regulatory** requirements

In the past, Japanese banks were protected by **regulatory** control.

separate

v. to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different

synonym : disunite, isolate, ramify

(1) **separate** video into chapter, (2) **separate** cream from milk

We need to **separate** the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.

fake

adj. not genuine; fraudulent or counterfeit

synonym : affected, bogus, counterfeit

(1) **fake** police officer, (2) spread of **fake** news

The prime minister was not well prepared for the debate and **faked** it

institutional

adj. of, in, or relating to a large important organization, such as a university or bank; organized as or forming part of the standard systems, practices, etc.

synonym : corporate, governmental

(1) **institutional** bank, (2) address **institutional** constraints

We have to discuss the **institutional** reforms of our country.

increasingly

adv. more and more

synonym : more and more, progressively

(1) **increasingly** become common, (2) face **increasingly** complicated challenges

Our company found it **increasingly** difficult to keep up with the competition.

lab *n.* a workplace for the conduct of scientific research; a laboratory

synonym: workshop, laboratory, research chamber

(1) **lab** instrument, (2) medical **lab**

The Prime Minister will pay a courtesy visit to the Nobel laureate's **lab**.

tackle *v.* to try to deal with a complex problem or situation

synonym: deal with, dive into, work on

(1) **tackle** the issue, (2) help **tackle** climate change

The government is determined to **tackle** sharp inflation.

boundary *n.* a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places

synonym: border, frontier, limitation

(1) geographical **boundary**, (2) the **boundary** between reality and fantasy

He wandered the **boundary** between life and death by gunfire.

indefinitely *adv.* without any fixed or definite limit; for an unknown or unspecified period of time

synonym: endlessly, permanently, perpetually

(1) postpone a meeting **indefinitely**, (2) **indefinitely** suspended

The construction project has been delayed **indefinitely** due to the pandemic.

initially *adv.* at the beginning; at first

synonym: originally, primarily, firstly

(1) **initially** anticipated, (2) diagnosed **initially** as a tumor

This train departed later than **initially** scheduled.

inequality

n. the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others;
(mathematics) relation between two values when they are different

synonym: imbalance, prejudice, unfairness

(1) **inequality** in salary, (2) algebraic **inequality**

There are several causes of economic **inequality** within societies.

afford

v. to have enough money or time to be able to buy or do something

(1) **afford** to buy a new car, (2) **afford** a high travel cost

He cannot **afford** a holiday.

treatment

n. the way in which someone deals with or behaves towards someone or something; medical care provided to a patient for an injury or illness.

synonym: remedy, antidote, medicine

(1) first-aid **treatment**, (2) **treatment** by diet

The primary purpose of the **treatment** is pain relief.

origin

n. the first existence or beginning of something

synonym: root, source, ancestor

(1) **origin** of information, (2) racial **origin**

There are various hypotheses concerning the **origin** of life.

greatly

adv. to an extraordinary extent or degree; very much

synonym: enormously, broadly, grandly

(1) **greatly** affect the situation, (2) **greatly** support that player

They **greatly** admired our actions.

exacerbate

v. to make a situation, problem, or feeling worse

synonym: worsen, aggravate, escalate

(1) **exacerbate** the situation, (2) **exacerbate** symptoms

The heat wave **exacerbated** the drought conditions.

definition

n. a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol

synonym: description, connotation, meaning

(1) a precise **definition**, (2) the **definition** of a word

Parallel lines are, by **definition**, lines on the same plane that never cross.

arc

n. the shape of a portion of a circle or other curved line

synonym: turn, bow, angle

(1) the **arc** current, (2) an **arc** of a circumference

A ball flew in a big **arc**.

mess

n. a state of confusion, dirtiness, or untidiness; (verb) to fail to do something or to make something dirty or untidy

synonym: disarray, confusion, predicament

(1) have a whole **mess**, (2) get into a **mess**

He made a frightful **mess** in his room.

immortality

n. the state or quality of being able to live or last forever

synonym: endless life, timelessness, agelessness

(1) the **immortality** of the soul, (2) achieve **immortality**

Many people believe in the concept of **immortality** and an afterlife.

ordinary

adj. not different, exceptional, or unexpected in any way, especially in quality, ability, size, or degree

synonym: mundane, prosaic, average

(1) an **ordinary** school, (2) **ordinary** annual revenue

The **ordinary** session of the Diet opened.

decision-maker

n. a person who makes important decisions, especially at a high level in an organization

(1) policy **decision-maker**, (2) act as a **decision-maker**

A wealth of information does not always have a positive

impact on **decision-makers**.

wrestling

n. a sport in which two contestants grapple and try to throw each other to the ground

synonym: grappling, fighting, brawling

(1) **wrestling** match, (2) arm **wrestling**

He had always been interested in sumo **wrestling** and decided to try it.

immense

adj. extremely large or great

synonym: enormous, giant, huge

(1) **immense** amount, (2) **immense** pressure

He left his wife an **immense** fortune.

oversight

n. the act of supervising or watching over something; a mistake caused by not paying enough attention to something

synonym: supervision, monitoring, failure

(1) environmental **oversight**, (2) **oversight** committee

Due to careless **oversight**, the product was not inspected before it was shipped to the customers.

decision

n. the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options

synonym: choice, determination, judgment

(1) **decision** authority, (2) a selfish **decision**

She was struggling to make a **decision** between two job offers.

overreach

v. to reach too far or beyond one's limits; to fail by aiming too high or trying too hard

synonym: exceed, surpass, outdo

(1) **overreach** a goal, (2) **overreach** in her attempt

The company's ambition to **overreach** and expand too quickly led to its downfall.

sensitive

adj. able to notice slight changes, signals, or influences; able to feel or perceive other's feelings; susceptible to the things people say or do

synonym : exposed, susceptible, keen

(1) **sensitive** documents, (2) baby with **sensitive** skin

The teacher is very **sensitive** to children's feelings.

genuine

adj. real and exactly; not pretended; sincerely felt or expressed

synonym : actual, honest, unpretending

(1) a **genuine** article, (2) show **genuine** regret

Is this painting **genuine** or forged?

possibility

n. a chance that something may happen or be true

synonym : chance, prospect, likelihood

(1) **possibility** for growth, (2) **possibility** of a major earthquake

The **possibility** of getting the disease will drastically increase.

extend

v. to broaden in scope, range, or area

synonym : prolong, lengthen, advance

(1) **extend** the warranty, (2) **extend** a line

Her visit will **extend** from Monday to Friday.

gap

n. a conspicuous disparity or difference separates something such as a figure, people, their opinions, situation, etc.

synonym : opening, lacuna, spread

(1) the **gap** between ideal and reality, (2) distance **gap**

Many people are working together to close the gender **gap**.

outcome

n. the result or effect of an action, event, etc.

synonym : result, consequence, effect

(1) improved student **outcomes**, (2) a desirable **outcome**

They awaited news of the **outcome** of the election.

largely

adv. virtually entirely; to a large degree

synonym : mainly, chiefly, broadly

(1) **largely** accepted, (2) **largely** mitigate the issue
Nevada is **largely** a desert state.

span

n. the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers

synonym : interval, period, length

(1) the **span** of a bird's wings, (2) the average life **span**
He slightly modified the **span** of training because it was just before a match.

lifespan

n. the length of time for which a person, animal lives, or thing exists

synonym : duration, lifetime, continuance

(1) **lifespan** extension, (2) **lifespan** retrieval curve
Generally speaking, men have a shorter **lifespan** than women.

dispose

v. to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away

synonym : get rid of, arrange, set

(1) **dispose** battleships for a battle, (2) **dispose** of a used product
Generally speaking, the child is innately **disposed** to learn a language.

revolution

n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;

synonym : coup, innovation, rebellion

(1) beginning of the industrial **revolution**, (2) a political **revolution**

The **revolution** by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| 1. bombs fell at ra___m | <i>adj.</i> made, done, or happening without method, conscious decision, or any regular pattern |
| 2. pr__e number | <i>adj.</i> main or most important; basic |
| 3. a national em___m | <i>n.</i> a design or symbol that represents a quality or idea |
| 4. su__a allergy | <i>n.</i> an antibiotic drug that is derived from sulfanilamide (= a synthetic compound with antimicrobial properties, historically used as an antibacterial drug) and is used to treat infections, particularly bacterial infections |
| 5. im_____e amount | <i>adj.</i> extremely large or great |
| 6. financial cr___s | <i>n.</i> a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken |
| 7. sta_____cs for cancer | <i>n.</i> the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data |
| 8. sl___y writing | <i>adj.</i> characterized by a lack of order or neatness; careless, disorganized, or careless in appearance or performance |
| 9. la_____y room | <i>n.</i> the act of washing clothes and linens; a room or area where clothes are washed and ironed |

ANSWERS: 1. random, 2. prime, 3. emblem, 4. sulfa, 5. immense, 6. crisis, 7. statistics, 8. sloppy, 9. laundry

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 10. diagnosed in_____ly as a tumor | <i>adv.</i> at the beginning; at first |
| 11. rosy t__t lip | <i>n.</i> a shade or small amount of a color |
| 12. sm_____ox epidemic | <i>n.</i> a highly contagious viral disease characterized by fever, weakness, spots on the skin, and often death |
| 13. st_____up business | <i>n.</i> a newly established company or business |
| 14. a selfish de_____on | <i>n.</i> the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options |
| 15. im_____e pressure | <i>adj.</i> extremely large or great |
| 16. ref_____ion car | <i>n.</i> the process of cooling or freezing something, especially food, to preserve it |
| 17. in_____e heat | <i>adj.</i> (especially of a feeling) very strong; extremely sharp or severe |
| 18. the tr__d away from television | <i>n.</i> a general direction in which something is changing or developing |
| 19. a cold cl_____e | <i>n.</i> the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period |
| 20. optical il_____on | <i>n.</i> a false idea or belief, especially about somebody or about a situation |
| 21. media ma_____e | <i>n.</i> a wealthy, influential, or powerful person, particularly in business or industry |
| 22. incumbent la_____er | <i>n.</i> a politician or legislator who is responsible for making and changing laws |

ANSWERS: 10. initially, 11. tint, 12. smallpox, 13. start-up, 14. decision, 15. immense, 16. refrigeration, 17. intense, 18. trend, 19. climate, 20. illusion, 21. magnate, 22. lawmaker

23. in_____te a lawsuit *n.* an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something
24. st__p skin infection *n.* (informal shorthand for "streptococcus") a type of bacteria that can cause a range of infections, including strep throat and scarlet fever
25. he_____ne article *n.* a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page
26. ca_____n box *n.* a lightbox or container made of cardboard, typically used for packaging or storing items
27. di_____e battleships for a battle *v.* to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away
28. a reckless at_____t *n.* an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult
29. fas_____ard 10 seconds *v.* to advance or move forward in time or progress, particularly in a rapid or accelerated manner; to increase the playback speed of a recording
30. arm wr_____ng *n.* a sport in which two contestants grapple and try to throw each other to the ground
31. po_____n ivy *n.* a substance that can cause illness, injury, or death when ingested, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin; something harmful, malicious, or toxic; the act of damaging or ruining a relationship; (verb) to introduce a substance into something or someone harmful and potentially deadly

ANSWERS: 23. institute, 24. strep, 25. headline, 26. carton, 27. dispose, 28. attempt,

29. fast-forward, 30. wrestling, 31. poison

32. mu____ke the human rights violations *v.* to expose or uncover corrupt or immoral practices or behavior, particularly in politics or business
33. se____te cream from milk *v.* to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
34. wh____y barrel *n.* a type of distilled alcoholic beverage made from fermented grains, typically barley, corn, rye, or wheat, aged in barrels and often consumed straight or with mixers
35. st____ze chemically *v.* to make something free of all forms of life, especially bacteria or viruses, by using heat, chemicals, or radiation
36. achieve imm____ty *n.* the state or quality of being able to live or last forever
37. ex____d the warranty *v.* to broaden in scope, range, or area
38. bel____na toxicity *n.* a poisonous plant with shiny black berries and deadly nightshade used historically for medicinal and cosmetic purposes but now mostly avoided due to its toxicity
39. su__a-based antibiotics *n.* an antibiotic drug that is derived from sulfanilamide (= a synthetic compound with antimicrobial properties, historically used as an antibacterial drug) and is used to treat infections, particularly bacterial infections
40. ca____n emission *n.* a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals

ANSWERS: 32. muckrake, 33. separate, 34. whiskey, 35. sterilize, 36. immortality, 37. extend, 38. belladonna, 39. sulfa, 40. carbon

41. official sta_____cs *n.* the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
42. food de__t *n.* a place or a building where goods, materials, or equipment are stored, manufactured, or distributed; a transportation hub where buses or trains start or end their journeys
43. go to the workplace by cy__e *n.* an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle
44. he is ob___sed with the fear *v.* to fill the mind of someone continually so that one can't think of anything else
45. sl___y appearance *adj.* characterized by a lack of order or neatness; careless, disorganized, or careless in appearance or performance
46. ca___e barn *n.* cows, bulls, and buffalos that are raised for their milk or meat as farm animals
47. the con_____ce of an argument *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
48. inn_____on leader *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation
49. ov_____ch in her attempt *v.* to reach too far or beyond one's limits; to fail by aiming too high or trying too hard
50. de___t a global power *v.* to win against somebody in a fight, war, or attempt

ANSWERS: 41. statistics, 42. depot, 43. cycle, 44. obsess, 45. sloppy, 46. cattle, 47. consequence, 48. innovation, 49. overreach, 50. defeat

51. permanent br__n damage *n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
52. legal co____t *n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
53. business ma____e *n.* a wealthy, influential, or powerful person, particularly in business or industry
54. run a gr____y *n.* a shop that sells food and other household items
55. development of va____es *n.* a substance that is put into the body and protects them from disease by causing them to produce antibodies (= proteins that attack harmful bacteria, viruses, etc.)
56. gr____y affect the situation *adv.* to an extraordinary extent or degree; very much
57. la____y mitigate the issue *adv.* virtually entirely; to a large degree
58. se____te video into chapter *v.* to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
59. have a ne____ve effect *adj.* having the quality of something bad or harmful; expressing refusal
60. an und____ng cause of an accident *adj.* significant as a cause or basis of something but not immediately apparent or stated clearly
61. government bur____cy *n.* a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives

ANSWERS: 51. brain, 52. context, 53. magnate, 54. grocery, 55. vaccine, 56. greatly, 57. largely, 58. separate, 59. negative, 60. underlying, 61. bureaucracy

62. f__p over the pork chop
v. to turn over into a different position quickly; to throw or toss with a light motion
63. a cr__y scheme
adj. stupid or not sensible; very angry
64. X-__y scan
n. a type of electromagnetic radiation that has a wavelength shorter than visible light allowing hidden objects such as bones and organs inside the body to be photographed
65. Me____y Plan
n. a heavy, silvery-white metal that is liquid at room temperature and is used in thermometers, electrical equipment, and other devices; (Mercury) the smallest planet and the nearest to the sun
66. his conclusion was ob____s
adj. easy to see, discover or understand
67. send out the la____y
n. the act of washing clothes and linens; a room or area where clothes are washed and ironed
68. compliance with reg____ry requirements
adj. having the power to control or restrict something such as business or industry according to rules or principles
69. inf____ic design
n. a visual representation of information or data often used to present complicated or complex concepts in a simple and understandable way
70. early-stage st____up
n. a newly established company or business
71. ex____ve authority
adj. not divided or shared with others

ANSWERS: 62. flip, 63. crazy, 64. X-ray, 65. mercury, 66. obvious, 67. laundry, 68. regulatory, 69. infographic, 70. start-up, 71. exclusive

72. ind_____ized textile production *v.* to organize the production of something into an industry
73. ca___n dioxide *n.* a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals
74. inc_____gly become common *adv.* more and more
75. postpone a meeting ind_____ely *adv.* without any fixed or definite limit; for an unknown or unspecified period of time
76. bootleg wh_____y *n.* a type of distilled alcoholic beverage made from fermented grains, typically barley, corn, rye, or wheat, aged in barrels and often consumed straight or with mixers
77. baby with se_____ve skin *adj.* able to notice slight changes, signals, or influences; able to feel or perceive other's feelings; susceptible to the things people say or do
78. effects of cl_____e change *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
79. ext_____ary weather *adj.* exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual
80. pl___t like the Earth *n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
81. ind_____us student *adj.* hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
82. deputy pr___e minister *adj.* main or most important; basic

ANSWERS: 72. industrialize, 73. carbon, 74. increasingly, 75. indefinitely, 76. whiskey, 77. sensitive, 78. climate, 79. extraordinary, 80. planet, 81. industrious, 82. prime

83. l_b instrument *n.* a workplace for the conduct of scientific research; a laboratory
84. di_____l information *v.* to purify or refine; to extract the essential elements
85. get inc_____ly insecure *adv.* in a way that is very difficult to believe; exceedingly or extremely
86. a mec_____al style of writing *adj.* operated by a machine, relating to or concerned with machinery or tools
87. ce_____te his election *v.* to acknowledge a memorable or good day or event with a social gathering or enjoyable activity
88. sense of op_____sm *n.* a feeling or the belief that good things will happen, or the quality of being full of hope and emphasizing the positive aspects of a situation
89. con_____on recipe *n.* the mixture, often a complicated one; a preparation made by combining various ingredients
90. environmental th____t *n.* a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
91. ex_____ve clubs *adj.* not divided or shared with others
92. attract br__d attention *adj.* very wide; general
93. arrive and de____t on time *v.* to go away or leave, especially to start a journey

ANSWERS: 83. lab, 84. distill, 85. incredibly, 86. mechanical, 87. celebrate, 88. optimism, 89. concoction, 90. threat, 91. exclusive, 92. broad, 93. depart

94. the te_____ue applied to construction
n. a particular way or art of doing something that needs skill
95. a political rev_____on
n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
96. a precise def_____on
n. a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol
97. the il_____on of being in the forest
n. a false idea or belief, especially about somebody or about a situation
98. ob_____s reasons
adj. easy to see, discover or understand
99. a sw_____w tail
v. to make food, drink, pills, etc., pass down your throat into your stomach;
(noun) small long-winged songbird noted for swift, graceful flight and the regularity of its migrations
100. show ge_____e regret
adj. real and exactly; not pretended; sincerely felt or expressed
101. traditional me_____al
adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
102. fas_____ard to the good part
v. to advance or move forward in time or progress, particularly in a rapid or accelerated manner; to increase the playback speed of a recording
103. professor of ch_____ry
n. the branch of the natural sciences dealing with the composition of substances and their properties and reactions
104. cor_____us bankruptcy
n. a large family of viruses that can cause illness in humans and animals, which name comes from the crown-like spikes on the surface of the virus, which can be seen under a microscope, and COVID-19 is caused by a specific type of coronavirus known as SARS-CoV-2

ANSWERS: 94. technique, 95. revolution, 96. definition, 97. illusion, 98. obvious, 99. swallow, 100. genuine, 101. medicinal, 102. fast-forward, 103. chemistry, 104.

coronavirus

105. geographical bo____ry *n.* a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places
106. de____p a skill *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
107. series of exp_____nts *n.* the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge
108. a large st__k of paper *n.* a pile of something arranged or laid one on top of another; a large tall chimney through which combustion gases and smoke can be evacuated
109. co____r the world *v.* to bring under control by force or authority
110. medical l_b *n.* a workplace for the conduct of scientific research; a laboratory
111. gl___l-based coolant *n.* a type of organic compound containing two hydroxyls (-OH) groups, often used as a coolant or antifreeze in vehicles, airplanes, and industrial processes
112. cor_____us antibody test kit *n.* a large family of viruses that can cause illness in humans and animals, which name comes from the crown-like spikes on the surface of the virus, which can be seen under a microscope, and COVID-19 is caused by a specific type of coronavirus known as SARS-CoV-2

ANSWERS: 105. boundary, 106. develop, 107. experiment, 108. stack, 109. conquer, 110. lab, 111. glycol, 112. coronavirus

113. a star of the first ma_____de *n.* the extent, level, importance, or amount of something
114. co_____e a large of alcohol *v.* to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount
115. the state of being we__d *adj.* extraordinary, unexpected, or difficult to explain
116. ur__n planning *adj.* relating to or located in a town or city
117. me_____y poisoning *n.* a heavy, silvery-white metal that is liquid at room temperature and is used in thermometers, electrical equipment, and other devices; (Mercury) the smallest planet and the nearest to the sun
118. an Imperial ma_____e *n.* an official or authoritative instruction or command; a commission or authority to carry out a particular task
119. low-r_v engine *n.* a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute
120. he___n overdose *n.* a highly addictive and illegal drug derived from morphine, typically administered by injection and often associated with serious health problems, including overdose and addiction
121. di_____l a liquid *v.* to purify or refine; to extract the essential elements

ANSWERS: 113. magnitude, 114. consume, 115. weird, 116. urban, 117. mercury, 118. mandate, 119. rev, 120. heroin, 121. distill

122. mo_____ty due to cancer *n.* the quality or state of being subject to death
123. a com_____ed process *adj.* involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
124. a preliminary inv_____ion *n.* the act or process of thoroughly examining a crime, problem, statement, etc., to uncover the truth
125. cel_____ed paper *adj.* renowned for possessing admirable attributes
126. gen_____on gap *n.* all the people born and living at about the same time, regarded collectively; the production of heat or electricity
127. the influence of mec_____al action *adj.* operated by a machine, relating to or concerned with machinery or tools
128. pe_____de enough people *v.* to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion
129. co__h several times *v.* to expel air from the lungs suddenly and noisily, often as a reaction to irritation, illness, or some other physical condition; (noun) a sudden, forceful expulsion of air from the lungs, often accompanied by a distinctive sound
130. gl___l solution *n.* a type of organic compound containing two hydroxyls (-OH) groups, often used as a coolant or antifreeze in vehicles, airplanes, and industrial processes

ANSWERS: 122. mortality, 123. complicated, 124. investigation, 125. celebrated, 126. generation, 127. mechanical, 128. persuade, 129. cough, 130. glycol

131. distance g_p *n.* a conspicuous disparity or difference separates something such as a figure, people, their opinions, situation, etc.
132. persistent co__h *v.* to expel air from the lungs suddenly and noisily, often as a reaction to irritation, illness, or some other physical condition; (noun) a sudden, forceful expulsion of air from the lungs, often accompanied by a distinctive sound
133. get into a m__s *n.* a state of confusion, dirtiness, or untidiness; (verb) to fail to do something or to make something dirty or untidy
134. a classified ca____g *n.* a complete list of items, often including technical details and prices
135. the mo__rs and shakers *n.* a person or company that specializes in moving goods or possessions from one location to another; a professional moving service or an individual who performs this task for friends, family members, or customers
136. historical co____t *n.* the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
137. the average life s__n *n.* the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers
138. racial or___n *n.* the first existence or beginning of something

ANSWERS: 131. gap, 132. cough, 133. mess, 134. catalog, 135. mover, 136. context, 137. span, 138. origin

139. bu__y material *adj.* taking up much space or being difficult to move because of its size or weight; large and unwieldy
140. become increasingly com_____ed *adj.* involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
141. uni_____ed misunderstanding *adj.* not planned or meant
142. a medicine for tub_____sis *n.* an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs
143. a desirable ou_____e *n.* the result or effect of an action, event, etc.
144. me_____n in a report *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly
145. major pha_____cal companies *adj.* relating to the production and selling of the medical drugs
146. ma__h against the war *v.* to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps
147. a cr_____e against smoking *n.* a series of wars fought by Christians in the middle ages to recover the holy land from the Muslims; a series of actions advancing a principle or tending toward a particular end
148. address ins_____nal constraints *adj.* of, in, or relating to a large important organization, such as a university or bank; organized as or forming part of the standard systems, practices, etc.
149. the cabin pressure fell dra_____lly *adv.* in a very impressive manner

ANSWERS: 139. bulky, 140. complicated, 141. unintended, 142. tuberculosis, 143. outcome, 144. mention, 145. pharmaceutical, 146. march, 147. crusade, 148. institutional, 149. dramatically

150. commercial pha_____cal products
adj. relating to the production and selling of the medical drugs
151. powder co_____e
n. a highly addictive stimulant drug that is derived from the leaves of the coca plant, often used recreationally for its euphoric effects but also used in medicine as a local anesthetic and vasoconstrictor
152. ra_____ry flavor
n. a sweet and tart edible fruit that grows on bushes, usually with a soft red or black color and a rough texture on the outside
153. di_____ve the sugar
v. to be or cause to be absorbed by a liquid to form a part of the solution; to close down or dismiss
154. the vi_____ty of the company
n. the state of being strong and active; energy
155. me_____s vaccine
n. a highly infectious viral disease that causes fever, red spots on the skin, and other flu-like symptoms, typically affects children
156. ce_____te Christmas
v. to acknowledge a memorable or good day or event with a social gathering or enjoyable activity
157. c__t a charming eye
v. to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assign or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process
158. pos_____ty for growth
n. a chance that something may happen or be true

ANSWERS: 150. pharmaceutical, 151. cocaine, 152. raspberry, 153. dissolve, 154. vitality, 155. measles, 156. celebrate, 157. cast, 158. possibility

159. di____t sleep *v.* to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
160. write him an answer imm_____ly *adv.* now or without delay
161. di____t a well-ordered condition *v.* to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
162. pro_____on of disease *n.* the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
163. exp_____nt design *n.* the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge
164. al____ng statistics *adj.* causing concern or apprehension; causing a feeling of danger, harm, or emergency; unsettling or disturbing
165. inf_____ic presentation *n.* a visual representation of information or data often used to present complicated or complex concepts in a simple and understandable way
166. sw__l the deck *v.* to drink or consume something greedily or excessively; to dispose of liquid waste or refuse by flushing it away or feeding it to animals
167. smoking he____n *n.* a highly addictive and illegal drug derived from morphine, typically administered by injection and often associated with serious health problems, including overdose and addiction

ANSWERS: 159. disrupt, 160. immediately, 161. disrupt, 162. progression, 163. experiment, 164. alarming, 165. infographic, 166. swill, 167. heroin

168. a we__d dress *adj.* extraordinary, unexpected, or difficult to explain
169. empty ca___n *n.* a lightbox or container made of cardboard, typically used for packaging or storing items
170. tr_____nt by diet *n.* the way in which someone deals with or behaves towards someone or something; medical care provided to a patient for an injury or illness.
171. the g_p between ideal and reality *n.* a conspicuous disparity or difference separates something such as a figure, people, their opinions, situation, etc.
172. the gen_____on of electricity *n.* all the people born and living at about the same time, regarded collectively; the production of heat or electricity
173. ar_____c poisoning *n.* a poisonous chemical element that occurs naturally in some rocks and minerals and is sometimes used in pesticides and wood preservatives
174. cutting-edge inn_____on *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation
175. cr___s management *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
176. a tr_____y during work *n.* an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character

ANSWERS: 168. weird, 169. carton, 170. treatment, 171. gap, 172. generation, 173. arsenic, 174. innovation, 175. crisis, 176. tragedy

177. the s__n of a bird's wings *n.* the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers
178. a remarkable ach____nt *n.* a thing that someone has accomplished, primarily through their effort and ability
179. or____ry annual revenue *adj.* not different, exceptional, or unexpected in any way, especially in quality, ability, size, or degree
180. ex____d a line *v.* to broaden in scope, range, or area
181. a China-based jou____st *n.* a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media
182. con____te his ego *v.* to make something impure, unclean, or poisonous by contact or mixture
183. or____n of information *n.* the first existence or beginning of something
184. c__t a ballot *v.* to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assign or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process
185. Chinese cl____c literature *adj.* judged or deserving to be regarded as one of the best or most important of its kind over a period of time; of a well-known type
186. ta____e the issue *v.* to try to deal with a complex problem or situation

ANSWERS: 177. span, 178. achievement, 179. ordinary, 180. extend, 181. journalist, 182. contaminate, 183. origin, 184. cast, 185. classic, 186. tackle

187. ov_____ht committee *n.* the act of supervising or watching over something; a mistake caused by not paying enough attention to something
188. natural fl_____ng *n.* a substance or combination of substances used to add taste or aroma to food or drink; a controlled substance used to mask the taste or odor of another substance
189. reg_____ry cells *adj.* having the power to control or restrict something such as business or industry according to rules or principles
190. con_____te with a disease *v.* to make something impure, unclean, or poisonous by contact or mixture
191. environmental ov_____ht *n.* the act of supervising or watching over something; a mistake caused by not paying enough attention to something
192. pro_____on of civilization *n.* the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
193. re_____nt tax *n.* a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
194. ma_____e obligation *n.* an official or authoritative instruction or command; a commission or authority to carry out a particular task
195. a statistical ch__t *n.* a visual display of information such as a diagram, lists of figures, etc.; a map designed to assist navigation by air or sea
196. me_____n name *v.* to speak or write about something or someone briefly

ANSWERS: 187. oversight, 188. flavoring, 189. regulatory, 190. contaminate, 191. oversight, 192. progression, 193. resident, 194. mandate, 195. chart, 196. mention

197. economic ge_____hy
n. a field of science devoted to the study of the lands, features, inhabitants, and phenomena of the Earth
198. act as a dec_____ker
n. a person who makes important decisions, especially at a high level in an organization
199. tr___c death
adj. causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate
200. policy dec_____ker
n. a person who makes important decisions, especially at a high level in an organization
201. ref_____ion technology
n. the process of cooling or freezing something, especially food, to preserve it
202. have a whole m___s
n. a state of confusion, dirtiness, or untidiness; (verb) to fail to do something or to make something dirty or untidy
203. a ra___m choice
adj. made, done, or happening without method, conscious decision, or any regular pattern
204. imm_____ly recall a product
adv. now or without delay
205. a ne_____ve number
adj. having the quality of something bad or harmful; expressing refusal
206. ant_____ze effect
n. a substance that is added to the radiator of a vehicle or cooling system to lower the freezing point of the liquid and prevent it from freezing in cold weather
207. the cy___e of the seasons
n. an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle

ANSWERS: 197. geography, 198. decision-maker, 199. tragic, 200. decision-maker, 201. refrigeration, 202. mess, 203. random, 204. immediately, 205. negative, 206. antifreeze, 207. cycle

208. beginning of the industrial
rev_____on
209. ind_____ely suspended
210. ro_____p deck
211. common in_____on
212. br_____nt idea
213. the a_c current
214. he___c explorers
215. market mo__r
216. the gr_____y business
217. ind_____us worker
218. help ta___e climate change
- n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
- adv.* without any fixed or definite limit; for an unknown or unspecified period of time
- n.* the upper surface or cover of a building's roof, often used for recreational or other purposes
- n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing
- adj.* extremely clever, skilled, or impressive
- n.* the shape of a portion of a circle or other curved line
- adj.* courageous and daring; having or displaying qualities appropriate for legendary figures that is courage and daring
- n.* a person or company that specializes in moving goods or possessions from one location to another; a professional moving service or an individual who performs this task for friends, family members, or customers
- n.* a shop that sells food and other household items
- adj.* hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort
- v.* to try to deal with a complex problem or situation

ANSWERS: 208. revolution, 209. indefinitely, 210. rooftop, 211. invention, 212. brilliant, 213. arc, 214. heroic, 215. mover, 216. grocery, 217. industrious, 218. tackle

219. af___d a high travel cost *v.* to have enough money or time to be able to buy or do something
220. jou_____st on a magazine *n.* a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media
221. ar__e a case *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
222. the in_____on of new techniques *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing
223. bel_____na plant *n.* a poisonous plant with shiny black berries and deadly nightshade used historically for medicinal and cosmetic purposes but now mostly avoided due to its toxicity
224. the at_____t to rescue the hostages *n.* an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult
225. high st__k *n.* a pile of something arranged or laid one on top of another; a large tall chimney through which combustion gases and smoke can be evacuated
226. po__o epidemic *n.* an acute infectious disease caused by a virus that attacks nerve cells in the spinal cord and brain, leading to paralysis, muscle weakness, and potentially lifelong disability

ANSWERS: 219. afford, 220. journalist, 221. argue, 222. invention, 223. belladonna, 224. attempt, 225. stack, 226. polio

227. de___t body odor *v.* to win against somebody in a fight, war, or attempt
228. tr___c love stories *adj.* causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate
229. a cl____c experiment *adj.* judged or deserving to be regarded as one of the best or most important of its kind over a period of time; of a well-known type
230. a company reg_____on *n.* an official rule made and maintained by a government or some other authority; the act of controlling or directing something according to a rule
231. officially di_____ved the marriage *v.* to be or cause to be absorbed by a liquid to form a part of the solution; to close down or dismiss
232. for_____er in the field *n.* a person or thing that comes before another and serves as a sign or indication of what is to come; a predecessor or early stage of something
233. ter_____ng experience *adj.* very frightening or intimidating
234. ine_____ty in salary *n.* the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different
235. political op_____sm *n.* a feeling or the belief that good things will happen, or the quality of being full of hope and emphasizing the positive aspects of a situation

ANSWERS: 227. defeat, 228. tragic, 229. classic, 230. regulation, 231. dissolve, 232. forerunner, 233. terrifying, 234. inequality, 235. optimism

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|----------------------------|--|
| 236. low-fat da__y | n. a room, building, or establishment where milk and milk products are produced and processed; milk and milk products, such as butter and cheese |
| 237. co____r fatal disease | v. to bring under control by force or authority |
| 238. sub____re movement | n. a distinct social group or community within a larger society that shares a set of practices, beliefs, or values that are different from those of the dominant culture |
| 239. banner he____ne | n. a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page |
| 240. t__t color | n. a shade or small amount of a color |
| 241. ur__n property owners | adj. relating to or located in a town or city |
| 242. bestowed bl____ngs | n. a gift or favor from a higher power or force; an act or expression of approval, encouragement, or gratitude; something that brings happiness or good fortune |
| 243. family em____m | n. a design or symbol that represents a quality or idea |
| 244. in____za B strain | n. (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics |
| 245. a weather ch__t | n. a visual display of information such as a diagram, lists of figures, etc.; a map designed to assist navigation by air or sea |

ANSWERS: 236. dairy, 237. conquer, 238. subculture, 239. headline, 240. tint, 241. urban, 242. blessing, 243. emblem, 244. influenza, 245. chart

246. died of tub_____sis *n.* an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs
247. student ach_____nt *n.* a thing that someone has accomplished, primarily through their effort and ability
248. mi_____e person *n.* an act or occurrence that is not explicable by natural or scientific laws and is therefore believed to be caused by God
249. de_____on authority *n.* the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options
250. food sp_____ge *n.* the act or process of spoiling or causing something to spoil, particularly food or perishable items; the extent of damage or decay caused by spoilage
251. ex__l at communication *v.* to be extremely good at or proficient in doing something
252. lower infant mo_____ty *n.* the quality or state of being subject to death
253. bu__y packaging *adj.* taking up much space or being difficult to move because of its size or weight; large and unwieldy
254. la__l a bag with my name *n.* a small piece of paper, fabric, or other material attached to an object and giving information about it; (verb) to assign to a category

ANSWERS: 246. tuberculosis, 247. achievement, 248. miracle, 249. decision, 250. spoilage, 251. excel, 252. mortality, 253. bulky, 254. label

255. de___t from the faith *v.* to go away or leave, especially to start a journey
256. et____ne compound *n.* a hydrocarbon that has the formula C₂H₄ that is present in coal, crude oil, and natural gas
257. achieve the hi____ic feat *adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
258. app_____te her feedback *v.* to value and acknowledge the worth of someone or something; to be grateful for something or someone
259. fun_____al education *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected
260. li_____an retrieval curve *n.* the length of time for which a person, animal lives, or thing exists
261. ar_____c contamination *n.* a poisonous chemical element that occurs naturally in some rocks and minerals and is sometimes used in pesticides and wood preservatives
262. a re_____nt of the city *n.* a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
263. ant_____ic allergy *n.* a substance or drug that kills or slows down the growth of bacteria
264. in_____ly anticipated *adv.* at the beginning; at first
265. the scope of an inv_____ion *n.* the act or process of thoroughly examining a crime, problem, statement, etc., to uncover the truth
266. an X-__y of arteries *n.* a type of electromagnetic radiation that has a wavelength shorter than visible light allowing hidden objects such as bones and organs inside the body to be photographed

ANSWERS: 255. depart, 256. ethylene, 257. historic, 258. appreciate, 259. fundamental, 260. lifespan, 261. arsenic, 262. resident, 263. antibiotic, 264. initially, 265. investigation, 266. X-ray

267. save the pl___t *n.* any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star
268. ex__l in description *v.* to be extremely good at or proficient in doing something
269. er_____te the deficit *v.* to get rid of or destroy something completely, especially something bad
270. ta_____le assets *adj.* real and concrete; able to be perceived, especially able to be touched; (of business assets) having physical substance and intrinsic monetary value
271. arbitrary bur_____cy *n.* a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives
272. count your bl_____ngs *n.* a gift or favor from a higher power or force; an act or expression of approval, encouragement, or gratitude; something that brings happiness or good fortune
273. sub_____re fashion *n.* a distinct social group or community within a larger society that shares a set of practices, beliefs, or values that are different from those of the dominant culture
274. co_____ce her to go with us *v.* to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true
275. temporary me_____l treatment *adj.* relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine

ANSWERS: 267. planet, 268. excel, 269. eradicate, 270. tangible, 271. bureaucracy, 272. blessing, 273. subculture, 274. convince, 275. medical

276. female la____er
n. a politician or legislator who is responsible for making and changing laws
277. economic th____t
n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
278. develop in____e itching
adj. (especially of a feeling) very strong; extremely sharp or severe
279. se____ve documents
adj. able to notice slight changes, signals, or influences; able to feel or perceive other's feelings; susceptible to the things people say or do
280. ind____ize service
v. to organize the production of something into an industry
281. improved student ou____es
n. the result or effect of an action, event, etc.
282. an international tr__d
n. a general direction in which something is changing or developing
283. ra____ry tea
n. a sweet and tart edible fruit that grows on bushes, usually with a soft red or black color and a rough texture on the outside
284. pa____le solution
adj. having a pleasant or acceptable taste; pleasing or agreeable to the mind or senses; easily tolerated or accepted
285. two-ph__e structure
n. any stage in a series of events, change, or development

ANSWERS: 276. lawmaker, 277. threat, 278. intense, 279. sensitive, 280. industrialize, 281. outcome, 282. trend, 283. raspberry, 284. palatable, 285. phase

286. a ge_____e article *adj.* real and exactly; not pretended; sincerely felt or expressed
287. un_____ly event *adj.* not probable or likely to happen
288. the ma_____de of the disaster *n.* the extent, level, importance, or amount of something
289. the aftermath of this tr_____y *n.* an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character
290. mu_____ke the truth *v.* to expose or uncover corrupt or immoral practices or behavior, particularly in politics or business
291. con_____ory evidence *adj.* containing or consisting of conflicting or incompatible elements
292. reg_____on by the government *n.* an official rule made and maintained by a government or some other authority; the act of controlling or directing something according to a rule
293. e__t a gamma ray *v.* to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.
294. br_____nt performance *adj.* extremely clever, skilled, or impressive
295. a mailing la__l *n.* a small piece of paper, fabric, or other material attached to an object and giving information about it; (verb) to assign to a category
296. exa_____te symptoms *v.* to make a situation, problem, or feeling worse

ANSWERS: 286. genuine, 287. unlikely, 288. magnitude, 289. tragedy, 290. muckrake, 291. contradictory, 292. regulation, 293. emit, 294. brilliant, 295. label, 296. exacerbate

297. carbon dioxide in the atm_____re *n.* the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work
298. ma__h east *v.* to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps
299. attempt to pe_____de *v.* to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion
300. unintended con_____ces *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
301. in____t daughter *n.* a baby or very young child
302. f__e police officer *adj.* not genuine; fraudulent or counterfeit
303. ba____r advertising *n.* a long strip of cloth or paper bearing a symbol, logo, slogan, or another message, especially carried in a demonstration or procession or hung in a public place; a form of the online advertisement appearing on a web page
304. ext_____ary ability *adj.* exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual
305. co_____e overdose *n.* a highly addictive stimulant drug that is derived from the leaves of the coca plant, often used recreationally for its euphoric effects but also used in medicine as a local anesthetic and vasoconstrictor

ANSWERS: 297. atmosphere, 298. march, 299. persuade, 300. consequence, 301. infant, 302. fake, 303. banner, 304. extraordinary, 305. cocaine

306. lo_____ty genes *n.* the property of being long-lived; significant duration of service
307. compound the ing_____nts *n.* one of the things used to make something, especially one of the foods used to make a particular dish
308. di_____e of a used product *v.* to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away
309. co_____sy call *n.* polite behavior or remark that shows respect for other people
310. he confessed dra_____lly *adv.* in a very impressive manner
311. er_____te racial discrimination *v.* to get rid of or destroy something completely, especially something bad
312. uni_____ed bias *adj.* not planned or meant
313. face inc_____gly complicated challenges *adv.* more and more
314. an oral va_____e *n.* a substance that is put into the body and protects them from disease by causing them to produce antibodies (= proteins that attack harmful bacteria, viruses, etc.)
315. apparently con_____ory *adj.* containing or consisting of conflicting or incompatible elements
316. algebraic ine_____ty *n.* the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different

ANSWERS: 306. longevity, 307. ingredient, 308. dispose, 309. courtesy, 310. dramatically, 311. eradicate, 312. unintended, 313. increasingly, 314. vaccine, 315. contradictory, 316. inequality

317. for_____er of technology *n.* a person or thing that comes before another and serves as a sign or indication of what is to come; a predecessor or early stage of something
318. inc_____ly cheerful character *adv.* in a way that is very difficult to believe; exceedingly or extremely
319. economic mi_____e *n.* an act or occurrence that is not explicable by natural or scientific laws and is therefore believed to be caused by God
320. the bo_____ry between reality and fantasy *n.* a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places
321. ter_____ng events *adj.* very frightening or intimidating
322. professional sta_____ians *n.* a person who studies or is an expert in statistics
323. enter on the last ph___e *n.* any stage in a series of events, change, or development
324. beverage fl_____ng *n.* a substance or combination of substances used to add taste or aroma to food or drink; a controlled substance used to mask the taste or odor of another substance
325. in___t food *n.* a baby or very young child
326. fun_____al rights *adj.* forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

ANSWERS: 317. forerunner, 318. incredibly, 319. miracle, 320. boundary, 321. terrifying, 322. statistician, 323. phase, 324. flavoring, 325. infant, 326. fundamental

327. a me_____l opinion *adj.* relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine
328. pos_____ty of a major earthquake *n.* a chance that something may happen or be true
329. ant_____ze solution *n.* a substance that is added to the radiator of a vehicle or cooling system to lower the freezing point of the liquid and prevent it from freezing in cold weather
330. gr_____y support that player *adv.* to an extraordinary extent or degree; very much
331. produce ta_____le results *adj.* real and concrete; able to be perceived, especially able to be touched; (of business assets) having physical substance and intrinsic monetary value
332. al_____ng news *adj.* causing concern or apprehension; causing a feeling of danger, harm, or emergency; unsettling or disturbing
333. the def_____on of a word *n.* a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol
334. ge_____hy class *n.* a field of science devoted to the study of the lands, features, inhabitants, and phenomena of the Earth
335. ca_____g card *n.* a complete list of items, often including technical details and prices
336. to__c molecule *adj.* of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous
337. coffee-milk con_____on *n.* the mixture, often a complicated one; a preparation made by combining various ingredients

ANSWERS: 327. medical, 328. possibility, 329. antifreeze, 330. greatly, 331. tangible, 332. alarming, 333. definition, 334. geography, 335. catalog, 336. toxic, 337. concoction

338. weapon de__t *n.* a place or a building where goods, materials, or equipment are stored, manufactured, or distributed; a transportation hub where buses or trains start or end their journeys
339. a he___c poem *adj.* courageous and daring; having or displaying qualities appropriate for legendary figures that is courage and daring
340. de____p a strategy *v.* to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
341. sm____ox vaccine *n.* a highly contagious viral disease characterized by fever, weakness, spots on the skin, and often death
342. an or____ry school *adj.* not different, exceptional, or unexpected in any way, especially in quality, ability, size, or degree
343. social he____cy *n.* the state of being hesitant or unsure; a delay or reluctance to act or make a decision
344. ca___e hide *n.* cows, bulls, and buffalos that are raised for their milk or meat as farm animals
345. f__p a coin *v.* to turn over into a different position quickly; to throw or toss with a light motion
346. the ch____ry of soil *n.* the branch of the natural sciences dealing with the composition of substances and their properties and reactions

ANSWERS: 338. depot, 339. heroic, 340. develop, 341. smallpox, 342. ordinary, 343. hesitancy, 344. cattle, 345. flip, 346. chemistry

347. me_____s outbreak *n.* a highly infectious viral disease that causes fever, red spots on the skin, and other flu-like symptoms, typically affects children
348. hi_____ic accomplishment *adj.* famous or significant in history, or potentially so
349. an epidemic outbreak of in_____za *n.* (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
350. po____n bilateral relations *n.* a substance that can cause illness, injury, or death when ingested, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin; something harmful, malicious, or toxic; the act of damaging or ruining a relationship; (verb) to introduce a substance into something or someone harmful and potentially deadly
351. environmental sta_____ian *n.* a person who studies or is an expert in statistics
352. me_____al chemistry *adj.* of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
353. ov_____ch a goal *v.* to reach too far or beyond one's limits; to fail by aiming too high or trying too hard
354. produce et_____ne gas *n.* a hydrocarbon that has the formula C₂H₄ that is present in coal, crude oil, and natural gas
355. first-aid tr_____nt *n.* the way in which someone deals with or behaves towards someone or something; medical care provided to a patient for an injury or illness.

ANSWERS: 347. measles, 348. historic, 349. influenza, 350. poison, 351. statistician, 352. medicinal, 353. overreach, 354. ethylene, 355. treatment

356. a convivial atm_____re *n.* the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work
357. the star-spangled ba____r *n.* a long strip of cloth or paper bearing a symbol, logo, slogan, or another message, especially carried in a demonstration or procession or hung in a public place; a form of the online advertisement appearing on a web page
358. r_v up the crowd *n.* a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute
359. secret ing_____nts *n.* one of the things used to make something, especially one of the foods used to make a particular dish
360. sw_____w a handful of pills *v.* to make food, drink, pills, etc., pass down your throat into your stomach; (noun) small long-winged songbird noted for swift, graceful flight and the regularity of its migrations
361. ant_____ic resistance *n.* a substance or drug that kills or slows down the growth of bacteria
362. environmental cr_____e *n.* a series of wars fought by Christians in the middle ages to recover the holy land from the Muslims; a series of actions advancing a principle or tending toward a particular end

ANSWERS: 356. atmosphere, 357. banner, 358. rev, 359. ingredient, 360. swallow, 361. antibiotic, 362. crusade

363. vi____ty of youth *n.* the state of being strong and active; energy
364. it is un____ly that he would win the game *adj.* not probable or likely to happen
365. co_____e electricity *v.* to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount
366. maple sy__p *n.* a sweet, thick liquid made by dissolving sugar in water, often flavored with fruit, spices, or other ingredients
367. po__o eradication *n.* an acute infectious disease caused by a virus that attacks nerve cells in the spinal cord and brain, leading to paralysis, muscle weakness, and potentially lifelong disability
368. af____d to buy a new car *v.* to have enough money or time to be able to buy or do something
369. research in_____tes *n.* an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something
370. st__p bacteria *n.* (informal shorthand for "streptococcus") a type of bacteria that can cause a range of infections, including strep throat and scarlet fever
371. imported da__y product *n.* a room, building, or establishment where milk and milk products are produced and processed; milk and milk products, such as butter and cheese

ANSWERS: 363. vitality, 364. unlikely, 365. consume, 366. syrup, 367. polio, 368. afford, 369. institute, 370. strep, 371. dairy

372. spread of f__e news *adj.* not genuine; fraudulent or counterfeit
373. have no he_____cy in making requests *n.* the state of being hesitant or unsure; a delay or reluctance to act or make a decision
374. e__t air pollution *v.* to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.
375. fail to show co_____sy *n.* polite behavior or remark that shows respect for other people
376. li_____an extension *n.* the length of time for which a person, animal lives, or thing exists
377. basic br__n function *n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
378. exa_____te the situation *v.* to make a situation, problem, or feeling worse
379. ro_____p live *n.* the upper surface or cover of a building's roof, often used for recreational or other purposes
380. an und_____ng motive *adj.* significant as a cause or basis of something but not immediately apparent or stated clearly
381. the imm_____ty of the soul *n.* the state or quality of being able to live or last forever
382. sw__l beer *v.* to drink or consume something greedily or excessively; to dispose of liquid waste or refuse by flushing it away or feeding it to animals
383. co_____ce an opponent *v.* to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true

ANSWERS: 372. fake, 373. hesitancy, 374. emit, 375. courtesy, 376. lifespan, 377. brain, 378. exacerbate, 379. rooftop, 380. underlying, 381. immortality, 382. swill, 383. convince

384. a te_____ue in martial arts *n.* a particular way or art of doing something that needs skill
385. a br__d mind *adj.* very wide; general
386. cel_____ed artist *adj.* renowned for possessing admirable attributes
387. bacterial sp_____ge *n.* the act or process of spoiling or causing something to spoil, particularly food or perishable items; the extent of damage or decay caused by spoilage
388. st_____ze surfaces *v.* to make something free of all forms of life, especially bacteria or viruses, by using heat, chemicals, or radiation
389. ob___s over her weight *v.* to fill the mind of someone continually so that one can't think of anything else
390. sy__p bottle *n.* a sweet, thick liquid made by dissolving sugar in water, often flavored with fruit, spices, or other ingredients
391. app_____te the value *v.* to value and acknowledge the worth of someone or something; to be grateful for something or someone
392. ar__e passionately *v.* to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
393. an a_c of a circumference *n.* the shape of a portion of a circle or other curved line
394. cr__y about cars and racing *adj.* stupid or not sensible; very angry
395. ins_____nal bank *adj.* of, in, or relating to a large important organization, such as a university or bank; organized as or forming part of the standard systems, practices, etc.

ANSWERS: 384. technique, 385. broad, 386. celebrated, 387. spoilage, 388. sterilize, 389. obsess, 390. syrup, 391. appreciate, 392. argue, 393. arc, 394. crazy, 395. institutional

396. wr_____ng match *n.* a sport in which two contestants grapple and try to throw each other to the ground
397. pa_____le food *adj.* having a pleasant or acceptable taste; pleasing or agreeable to the mind or senses; easily tolerated or accepted
398. lo_____ty crisis *n.* the property of being long-lived; significant duration of service
399. exposure to to__c chemicals *adj.* of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous
400. la_____y accepted *adv.* virtually entirely; to a large degree

ANSWERS: 396. wrestling, 397. palatable, 398. longevity, 399. toxic, 400. largely

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. Many people believe in the concept of _____ and an afterlife.
n. the state or quality of being able to live or last forever

2. The food chain causes a material _____.
n. an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle

3. This flower has milky white petals with a pink _____ on its edges.
n. a shade or small amount of a color

4. The mRNA _____ was approved in less than a year because it did not contain the fragments of the target virus.
n. a substance that is put into the body and protects them from disease by causing them to produce antibodies (= proteins that attack harmful bacteria, viruses, etc.)

5. Many people are working together to close the gender _____.
n. a conspicuous disparity or difference separates something such as a figure, people, their opinions, situation, etc.

6. The Chinese word for _____ comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.
n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

7. The billionaire _____ donated millions to charity last year.
n. a wealthy, influential, or powerful person, particularly in business or industry

ANSWERS: 1. immortality, 2. cycle, 3. tint, 4. vaccine, 5. gap, 6. crisis, 7. magnate

8. He's utterly _____ with his promotion.
v. to fill the mind of someone continually so that one can't think of anything else
9. We have to discuss the _____ reforms of our country.
adj. of, in, or relating to a large important organization, such as a university or bank; organized as or forming part of the standard systems, practices, etc.
10. The professional _____ helped us pack and transport our furniture and belongings to our new home.
n. a person or company that specializes in moving goods or possessions from one location to another; a professional moving service or an individual who performs this task for friends, family members, or customers
11. The _____ on the food package lists the ingredients and nutritional information.
n. a small piece of paper, fabric, or other material attached to an object and giving information about it; (verb) to assign to a category
12. The _____ team worked quickly to save the patient's life.
adj. relating to the treatment of illness or injuries; relating to the practice of medicine
13. The supermarket had a large _____ section with all kinds of fresh produce.
n. the process of cooling or freezing something, especially food, to preserve it
14. He displayed the _____ symptoms of depression.
adj. judged or deserving to be regarded as one of the best or most important of its kind over a period of time; of a well-known type
15. He is proud of the _____ of the business.
n. the property of being long-lived; significant duration of service

ANSWERS: 8. obsessed, 9. institutional, 10. mover, 11. label, 12. medical, 13. refrigeration, 14. classic, 15. longevity

16. The _____ cheesecake at that restaurant is out of this world.
- n.* a sweet and tart edible fruit that grows on bushes, usually with a soft red or black color and a rough texture on the outside
17. The primary purpose of the _____ is pain relief.
- n.* the way in which someone deals with or behaves towards someone or something; medical care provided to a patient for an injury or illness.
18. _____ used to be considered a fatal disease.
- n.* an infectious disease usually caused by tubercle bacteria that can attack many parts of a person's body, especially their lungs
19. The era of the industrial revolution was a crucial _____ of history.
- n.* any stage in a series of events, change, or development
20. You must _____ your anxiety about driving.
- v.* to bring under control by force or authority
21. The doctors said that her recovery was a _____.
- n.* an act or occurrence that is not explicable by natural or scientific laws and is therefore believed to be caused by God
22. The doctor diagnosed the patient with _____ throat and prescribed antibiotics.
- n.* (informal shorthand for "streptococcus") a type of bacteria that can cause a range of infections, including strep throat and scarlet fever
23. Different cultures have different ways of expressing _____.
- n.* polite behavior or remark that shows respect for other people

ANSWERS: 16. raspberry, 17. treatment, 18. Tuberculosis, 19. phase, 20. conquer, 21. miracle, 22. strep, 23. courtesy

24. He _____ the 10th anniversary of his tenure.
- v. to acknowledge a memorable or good day or event with a social gathering or enjoyable activity
25. The couple began to _____ over which restaurant to go to for dinner.
- v. to express differing opinions or points of view, often in a heated or contentious manner; to present a case or reasoning to persuade or convince others
26. They awaited news of the _____ of the election.
- n. the result or effect of an action, event, etc.
27. The journalist decided to _____ and uncover the corruption in the government.
- v. to expose or uncover corrupt or immoral practices or behavior, particularly in politics or business
28. Parallel lines are, by _____ lines on the same plane that never cross.
- n. a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol
29. The _____ given to the new government is to improve the economy.
- n. an official or authoritative instruction or command; a commission or authority to carry out a particular task
30. The doctor ordered an _____ to see if there was any damage to the bones.
- n. a type of electromagnetic radiation that has a wavelength shorter than visible light allowing hidden objects such as bones and organs inside the body to be photographed
31. We must _____ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.
- v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created

ANSWERS: 24. celebrated, 25. argue, 26. outcome, 27. muckrake, 28. definition, 29. mandate, 30. X-ray, 31. develop

32. This pie _____ represents our market share.

- n.* a visual display of information such as a diagram, lists of figures, etc.; a map designed to assist navigation by air or sea

33. I can't stop _____ and think I might have caught a cold.

- v.* to expel air from the lungs suddenly and noisily, often as a reaction to irritation, illness, or some other physical condition; (noun) a sudden, forceful expulsion of air from the lungs, often accompanied by a distinctive sound

34. The heat wave _____ the drought conditions.

- v.* to make a situation, problem, or feeling worse

35. He cannot _____ a holiday.

- v.* to have enough money or time to be able to buy or do something

36. The more _____ you are, the more people around you look at you with envy and jealousy.

- adj.* extremely clever, skilled, or impressive

37. Her visit will _____ from Monday to Friday.

- v.* to broaden in scope, range, or area

38. She used the online _____ to find the perfect pair of earrings for her sister's birthday.

- n.* a complete list of items, often including technical details and prices

39. The government is determined to _____ sharp inflation.

- v.* to try to deal with a complex problem or situation

ANSWERS: 32. chart, 33. coughing, 34. exacerbated, 35. afford, 36. brilliant, 37. extend, 38. catalog, 39. tackle

40. A _____ engineer is still in demand in many companies.
adj. operated by a machine, relating to or concerned with machinery or tools
41. The _____ of herbs and spices gave the soup a unique flavor.
n. the mixture, often a complicated one; a preparation made by combining various ingredients
42. The _____ demonstrate that poverty and unemployment are genuine problems.
n. the discipline that concerns the collection, organization, analysis, interpretation, and presentation of data
43. The new gym membership has improved his _____ and overall health.
n. the state of being strong and active; energy
44. We would _____ an early reply.
v. to value and acknowledge the worth of someone or something; to be grateful for something or someone
45. The nations of South East Asia will quickly _____ and catch up with the West.
v. to organize the production of something into an industry
46. They unfurled the _____ in preparation for the ceremony.
n. a long strip of cloth or paper bearing a symbol, logo, slogan, or another message, especially carried in a demonstration or procession or hung in a public place; a form of the online advertisement appearing on a web page
47. The oil price continued their downward _____.
n. a general direction in which something is changing or developing

ANSWERS: 40. mechanical, 41. concoction, 42. statistics, 43. vitality, 44. appreciate, 45. industrialize, 46. banners, 47. trend

48. _____ and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.
n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
49. The _____ principle of every business was identical.
adj. significant as a cause or basis of something but not immediately apparent or stated clearly
50. The recipe calls for adding a dash of vanilla _____ to the batter.
n. a substance or combination of substances used to add taste or aroma to food or drink; a controlled substance used to mask the taste or odor of another substance
51. The earthquake caused a _____ of lumber to crumble noisily.
n. a pile of something arranged or laid one on top of another; a large tall chimney through which combustion gases and smoke can be evacuated
52. I need a _____ of milk from the grocery store.
n. a lightbox or container made of cardboard, typically used for packaging or storing items
53. Despite his best efforts, he was unable to _____ the enemy.
v. to win against somebody in a fight, war, or attempt
54. I'm so sorry to _____ you when you're pretty busy.
v. to prevent or stop something, especially an event, activity, or process, from continuing in the usual way by causing a problem or disturbance
55. Nevada is _____ a desert state.
adv. virtually entirely; to a large degree

ANSWERS: 48. Climate, 49. underlying, 50. flavoring, 51. stack, 52. carton, 53. defeat, 54. disrupt, 55. largely

56. Visa renewal for _____ foreigners in this country is once every five years.
n. a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
57. The company _____ in customer service.
v. to be extremely good at or proficient in doing something
58. Receiving support from his friends was a great _____ in his time of need.
n. a gift or favor from a higher power or force; an act or expression of approval, encouragement, or gratitude; something that brings happiness or good fortune
59. Ethylene _____ is commonly used as a coolant in automobile engines because of its ability to lower the freezing point of water.
n. a type of organic compound containing two hydroxyls (-OH) groups, often used as a coolant or antifreeze in vehicles, airplanes, and industrial processes
60. The _____ of severe weather prompted the city to issue an evacuation warning.
n. a strong indication or likelihood of harm, danger, or adverse consequences; an expression of intent to inflict harm or injury on someone or something, often made as a means of coercion or intimidation
61. I enjoy a glass of _____ on the rocks after a long day.
n. a type of distilled alcoholic beverage made from fermented grains, typically barley, corn, rye, or wheat, aged in barrels and often consumed straight or with mixers
62. In the past, Japanese banks were protected by _____ control.
adj. having the power to control or restrict something such as business or industry according to rules or principles
63. They held the dinner party on the _____ terrace, enjoying the beautiful view of the city.
n. the upper surface or cover of a building's roof, often used for recreational or other purposes

ANSWERS: 56. resident, 57. excels, 58. blessing, 59. glycol, 60. threat, 61. whiskey, 62. regulatory, 63. rooftop

64. The Chinese people have accomplished several _____ feats.
adj. famous or significant in history, or potentially so
65. That statement by the prime minister drew _____ international criticism.
adj. (especially of a feeling) very strong; extremely sharp or severe
66. The eagle is an _____ of strength and courage.
n. a design or symbol that represents a quality or idea
67. Generally speaking, men have a shorter _____ than women.
n. the length of time for which a person, animal lives, or thing exists
68. He _____ when he heard that he had been accepted into the university.
v. to turn over into a different position quickly; to throw or toss with a light motion
69. The _____ approved by Congress was perfunctorily implemented.
n. an official rule made and maintained by a government or some other authority; the act of controlling or directing something according to a rule
70. He left his wife an _____ fortune.
adj. extremely large or great
71. She looked _____ in her wrinkled shirt and mismatched socks.
adj. characterized by a lack of order or neatness; careless, disorganized, or careless in appearance or performance
72. The movie has received almost universally _____ criticism.
adj. having the quality of something bad or harmful; expressing refusal

ANSWERS: 64. historic, 65. intense, 66. emblem, 67. lifespan, 68. flipped, 69. regulation, 70. immense, 71. sloppy, 72. negative

73. The prime minister was not well prepared for the debate and _____ it
adj. not genuine; fraudulent or counterfeit
74. He did _____ pen-and-ink drawings in just a few days.
adj. involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
75. This disease has a high _____.
n. the quality or state of being subject to death
76. It's important to understand the _____ of a situation before making a decision.
n. the circumstances, facts, or conditions that surround a particular event, situation, or statement and that give it meaning
77. I _____ my anger and kept quiet.
v. to make food, drink, pills, etc., pass down your throat into your stomach; (noun) small long-winged songbird noted for swift, graceful flight and the regularity of its migrations
78. The research institute allocated a lot of money to study the cause and prevention of _____.
n. (formal for flu) a highly contagious viral disease that causes fever, severe aching, and catarrh and often occurs in epidemics
79. The sudden rise in crime rates in our neighborhood is quite _____.
adj. causing concern or apprehension; causing a feeling of danger, harm, or emergency; unsettling or disturbing
80. You should not _____ your drink like an animal.
v. to drink or consume something greedily or excessively; to dispose of liquid waste or refuse by flushing it away or feeding it to animals

ANSWERS: 73. faked, 74. complicated, 75. mortality, 76. context, 77. swallowed, 78. influenza, 79. alarming, 80. swill

81. He accumulated wealth across a _____ spectrum of assets.

adj. very wide; general

82. The school sent a notice of a _____ case in one of the classrooms.

n. a highly infectious viral disease that causes fever, red spots on the skin, and other flu-like symptoms, typically affects children

83. Her _____ to speak up in meetings hindered her career advancement.

n. the state of being hesitant or unsure; a delay or reluctance to act or make a decision

84. He could no longer tell the difference between _____ and reality.

n. a false idea or belief, especially about somebody or about a situation

85. The political party _____ after much internal fighting.

v. to be or cause to be absorbed by a liquid to form a part of the solution; to close down or dismiss

86. Jockey's superior _____ brought him victory.

n. a particular way or art of doing something that needs skill

87. This chemical compound is a thousand-fold more _____.

adj. of or relating to or caused by a poison; poisonous

88. The _____ of the earthquake was measured at 7.8 on the Richter scale.

n. the extent, level, importance, or amount of something

89. Remember to add _____ to your car's engine during the winter months.

n. a substance that is added to the radiator of a vehicle or cooling system to lower the freezing point of the liquid and prevent it from freezing in cold weather

ANSWERS: 81. broad, 82. measles, 83. hesitancy, 84. illusion, 85. dissolved, 86. technique, 87. toxic, 88. magnitude, 89. antifreeze

90. I _____ to him that I had seen his sister at the grocery store earlier that day.
v. to speak or write about something or someone briefly
91. The metabolism of _____ oxide in our bodies is not entirely known.
n. a hydrocarbon that has the formula C₂H₄ that is present in coal, crude oil, and natural gas
92. Foreign TV crews and _____ can go as they please in various locations during the Olympics.
n. a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media
93. The drug dealer was arrested for possession of _____.
n. a highly addictive stimulant drug that is derived from the leaves of the coca plant, often used recreationally for its euphoric effects but also used in medicine as a local anesthetic and vasoconstrictor
94. There are various hypotheses concerning the _____ of life.
n. the first existence or beginning of something
95. They _____ admired our actions.
adv. to an extraordinary extent or degree; very much
96. The train _____ was a hub for commuters and travelers.
n. a place or a building where goods, materials, or equipment are stored, manufactured, or distributed; a transportation hub where buses or trains start or end their journeys
97. I need to do the _____ before I run out of clean clothes.
n. the act of washing clothes and linens; a room or area where clothes are washed and ironed

ANSWERS: 90. mentioned, 91. ethylene, 92. journalists, 93. cocaine, 94. origin, 95. greatly, 96. depot, 97. laundry

98. I'm usually a picky eater, but the seafood at this restaurant was surprisingly _____.

adj. having a pleasant or acceptable taste; pleasing or agreeable to the mind or senses; easily tolerated or accepted

99. To find drunk drivers, police conduct _____ tests.

adj. made, done, or happening without method, conscious decision, or any regular pattern

100. This accident _____ a dark shadow over their lives.

v. to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assign or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process

101. He wandered the _____ between life and death by gunfire.

n. a real or imaginary line that marks the limit or extent of something and separates it from other things or places

102. He slightly modified the _____ of training because it was just before a match.

n. the entire length of something, such as time or space from beginning to end; the amount of space that something covers

103. Exposure to _____ in drinking water can cause serious health problems.

n. a poisonous chemical element that occurs naturally in some rocks and minerals and is sometimes used in pesticides and wood preservatives

104. The nurse _____ the instruments before the surgery to prevent any infections.

v. to make something free of all forms of life, especially bacteria or viruses, by using heat, chemicals, or radiation

ANSWERS: 98. palatable, 99. random, 100. cast, 101. boundary, 102. span, 103. arsenic, 104. sterilized

105. Necessity is the mother of _____.

n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing

106. Excessive human interference in the global environment may bring _____ consequences.

adj. not planned or meant

107. The withdrawal symptoms from _____ can be intense and painful.

n. a highly addictive and illegal drug derived from morphine, typically administered by injection and often associated with serious health problems, including overdose and addiction

108. Macbeth is a famous _____ by Shakespeare.

n. an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character

109. The third _____ was far more successful.

n. an act or effort of trying to do something, especially something difficult

110. This train departed later than _____ scheduled.

adv. at the beginning; at first

111. The troops _____ shoulder-to-shoulder.

v. to walk militarily with stiff, regular steps

112. Large earthquakes often generate _____ tsunamis.

adj. very frightening or intimidating

ANSWERS: 105. invention, 106. unintended, 107. heroin, 108. tragedy, 109. attempt, 110. initially, 111. marched, 112. terrifying

113. The firm employs several _____ to develop a recommendation engine.

n. a person who studies or is an expert in statistics

114. She tried to _____ her brother to join her on the trip, but he was too busy with work.

v. to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion

115. We have never before conducted a legitimate _____.

n. the act or process of thoroughly examining a crime, problem, statement, etc., to uncover the truth

116. The rain and thunder are _____ today.

adj. stupid or not sensible; very angry

117. The passage of the bill is _____.

adj. not probable or likely to happen

118. She gave money to help set up a _____ laboratory.

adj. relating to the production and selling of the medical drugs

119. We _____ before the temperature fell below zero.

v. to go away or leave, especially to start a journey

120. He made a frightful _____ in his room.

n. a state of confusion, dirtiness, or untidiness; (verb) to fail to do something or to make something dirty or untidy

121. A ball flew in a big _____.

n. the shape of a portion of a circle or other curved line

ANSWERS: 113. statisticians, 114. persuade, 115. investigation, 116. crazy, 117. unlikely, 118. pharmaceutical, 119. departed, 120. mess, 121. arc

122. He was known to be very _____ and would often work late into the night.

adj. hardworking, diligent, and persistent in effort

123. I am considering what I should do to _____ him.

v. to persuade someone or make someone believe that something is true

124. Trees absorb _____ dioxide and give off oxygen.

n. a chemical element that can be found in pure form as diamond or graphite, and it is also an essential part of coal and oil and is found in all plants and animals

125. Considering the situation of _____ organized stopped this year's beer festival.

n. a large family of viruses that can cause illness in humans and animals, which name comes from the crown-like spikes on the surface of the virus, which can be seen under a microscope, and COVID-19 is caused by a specific type of coronavirus known as SARS-CoV-2

126. His statements were _____ leaving the audience confused.

adj. containing or consisting of conflicting or incompatible elements

127. I will go to the _____ store to buy food for dinner.

n. a shop that sells food and other household items

128. A smaller car will _____ less fuel.

v. to spend something, especially fuel, energy, or time, in a large amount

129. The punk _____ emerged in the 1970s as a response to mainstream society and its values.

n. a distinct social group or community within a larger society that shares a set of practices, beliefs, or values that are different from those of the dominant culture

ANSWERS: 122. industrious, 123. convince, 124. carbon, 125. coronavirus, 126. contradictory, 127. grocery, 128. consume, 129. subculture

130. The _____ properties of this herb have been known to help with various ailments.
adj. of or relating to the treatment or cure of disease
131. A wealth of information does not always have a positive impact on _____.
n. a person who makes important decisions, especially at a high level in an organization
132. The _____ in the thermometer had risen to the boiling point.
n. a heavy, silvery-white metal that is liquid at room temperature and is used in thermometers, electrical equipment, and other devices; (Mercury) the smallest planet and the nearest to the sun
133. These economic activities had disastrous environmental _____.
n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
134. There is considerable _____ that the economy will recover soon.
n. a feeling or the belief that good things will happen, or the quality of being full of hope and emphasizing the positive aspects of a situation
135. His _____ showed highly positive results.
n. the scientific test conducted to observe what happens and gain new knowledge
136. He has been prescribed an _____ to treat his infection.
n. a substance or drug that kills or slows down the growth of bacteria
137. The use of _____ in herbal remedies is controversial due to its potentially dangerous effects.
n. a poisonous plant with shiny black berries and deadly nightshade used historically for medicinal and cosmetic purposes but now mostly avoided due to its toxicity

ANSWERS: 130. medicinal, 131. decision-makers, 132. mercury, 133. consequences, 134. optimism, 135. experiments, 136. antibiotic, 137. belladonna

138. The plant's leaves contain a deadly _____ that can cause hallucinations and seizures.

- n.* a substance that can cause illness, injury, or death when ingested, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin; something harmful, malicious, or toxic; the act of damaging or ruining a relationship; (verb) to introduce a substance into something or someone harmful and potentially deadly

139. He had always been interested in sumo _____ and decided to try it.

- n.* a sport in which two contestants grapple and try to throw each other to the ground

140. After a thorough investigation, she has been named as the _____ suspect.

- adj.* main or most important; basic

141. Only a small number of _____ utilities offer sanitation services.

- adj.* relating to or located in a town or city

142. The _____ industry is a significant contributor to the economy.

- n.* a room, building, or establishment where milk and milk products are produced and processed; milk and milk products, such as butter and cheese

143. She did well on her _____ exam.

- n.* a field of science devoted to the study of the lands, features, inhabitants, and phenomena of the Earth

144. The _____ furniture made it difficult to move around the small room.

- adj.* taking up much space or being difficult to move because of its size or weight; large and unwieldy

145. The warm weather caused _____ of the dairy products left outside.

- n.* the act or process of spoiling or causing something to spoil, particularly food or perishable items; the extent of damage or decay caused by spoilage

ANSWERS: 138. poison, 139. wrestling, 140. prime, 141. urban, 142. dairy, 143. geography, 144. bulky, 145. spoilage

146. The _____ are on the grassland and grazing.

n. cows, bulls, and buffalos that are raised for their milk or meat as farm animals

147. My doctor prescribed me a _____ medication for my urinary tract infection.

n. an antibiotic drug that is derived from sulfanilamide (= a synthetic compound with antimicrobial properties, historically used as an antibacterial drug) and is used to treat infections, particularly bacterial infections

148. Human behavior has _____ characteristics.

adj. forming an essential base or core from which everything else develops or is affected

149. The _____ by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;

150. Mercury is the closest _____ to the sun.

n. any of the nine large celestial bodies that circle in the solar system; any celestial body that revolves around a star

151. The _____ session of the Diet opened.

adj. not different, exceptional, or unexpected in any way, especially in quality, ability, size, or degree

152. The _____ vaccine development is regarded as one of the greatest medical achievements of the 20th century.

n. an acute infectious disease caused by a virus that attacks nerve cells in the spinal cord and brain, leading to paralysis, muscle weakness, and potentially lifelong disability

ANSWERS: 146. cattle, 147. sulfa, 148. fundamental, 149. revolution, 150. planet, 151. ordinary, 152. polio

153. The Prime Minister will pay a courtesy visit to the Nobel laureate's ____.
- n.* a workplace for the conduct of scientific research; a laboratory
154. There are _____ differences between the two wine-producing regions.
- adj.* easy to see, discover or understand
155. The younger _____ has different values and beliefs than the older one.
- n.* all the people born and living at about the same time, regarded collectively; the production of heat or electricity
156. Life expectancy has grown _____ this century.
- adv.* in a very impressive manner
157. A problem that has been pointed out for years finally becomes _____.
- adj.* real and concrete; able to be perceived, especially able to be touched; (of business assets) having physical substance and intrinsic monetary value
158. He is familiar with _____ and biology.
- n.* the branch of the natural sciences dealing with the composition of substances and their properties and reactions
159. X-rays revealed a small tumor in his _____.
- n.* the organ inside the head that is responsible for one's movement, thought, memory, and feeling
160. The spaceship began to burn up as it approached the Earth's _____.
- n.* the mass of air that surrounds the Earth; the pervading tone or mood of a place, situation, or creative work

ANSWERS: 153. lab, 154. obvious, 155. generation, 156. dramatically, 157. tangible, 158. chemistry, 159. brain, 160. atmosphere

161. I like to _____ through commercials when watching TV shows.

v. to advance or move forward in time or progress, particularly in a rapid or accelerated manner; to increase the playback speed of a recording

162. The _____ actions of individuals are now easily spread worldwide by SNS.

adj. courageous and daring; having or displaying qualities appropriate for legendary figures that is courage and daring

163. The teacher is very _____ to children's feelings.

adj. able to notice slight changes, signals, or influences; able to feel or perceive other's feelings; susceptible to the things people say or do

164. The bumbling _____ made it difficult to get the permits we needed.

n. a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives

165. The company shared an impressive _____ about its annual profits.

n. a visual representation of information or data often used to present complicated or complex concepts in a simple and understandable way

166. During the unloading, the container box _____ a clicking sound.

v. to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.

167. Mozart was an _____ prodigy.

n. a baby or very young child

168. The condo offers _____ access to the beach.

adj. not divided or shared with others

ANSWERS: 161. fast-forward, 162. heroic, 163. sensitive, 164. bureaucracy, 165. infographic, 166. emits, 167. infant, 168. exclusive

169. She decided to _____ her thoughts into a more manageable list.
v. to purify or refine; to extract the essential elements
170. Our company found it _____ difficult to keep up with the competition.
adv. more and more
171. She mixed the _____ with water to make a sweet drink.
n. a sweet, thick liquid made by dissolving sugar in water, often flavored with fruit, spices, or other ingredients
172. He narrated the _____ story of his adventure.
adj. exceptional, unexpected, very unusual; surpassing the ordinary or usual
173. My computer has been acting _____ recently.
adj. extraordinary, unexpected, or difficult to explain
174. Three _____ tenors performed during the president's inauguration.
adj. renowned for possessing admirable attributes
175. The _____ events of the war left many families torn apart.
adj. causing great sadness or suffering; very unfortunate
176. We are trying to _____ this disease from the world.
v. to get rid of or destroy something completely, especially something bad
177. Is this painting _____ or forged?
adj. real and exactly; not pretended; sincerely felt or expressed
178. We need to _____ the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.
v. to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different

ANSWERS: 169. distill, 170. increasingly, 171. syrup, 172. extraordinary, 173. weird, 174. celebrated, 175. tragic, 176. eradicate, 177. genuine, 178. separate

179. A suspension order from the court is effective _____.

adv. now or without delay

180. We strive not to _____ the environment when demolishing petroleum plants.

v. to make something impure, unclean, or poisonous by contact or mixture

181. The steam engine was a _____ to modern locomotives.

n. a person or thing that comes before another and serves as a sign or indication of what is to come; a predecessor or early stage of something

182. Due to careless _____ the product was not inspected before it was shipped to the customers.

n. the act of supervising or watching over something; a mistake caused by not paying enough attention to something

183. The construction project has been delayed _____ due to the pandemic.

adv. without any fixed or definite limit; for an unknown or unspecified period of time

184. The engagement of the two golf players became _____ news.

n. a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page

185. Our company's services are targeted at _____ executives.

n. a newly established company or business

186. The _____ of getting the disease will drastically increase.

n. a chance that something may happen or be true

187. An outbreak of _____ occurred in the 1920s.

n. a highly contagious viral disease characterized by fever, weakness, spots on the skin, and often death

ANSWERS: 179. immediately, 180. contaminate, 181. forerunner, 182. oversight, 183. indefinitely, 184. headline, 185. start-up, 186. possibility, 187. smallpox

188. Greed is the primary _____ in the making of criminals.

- n.* one of the things used to make something, especially one of the foods used to make a particular dish

189. This _____ has never been formally accepted.

- n.* a thing that someone has accomplished, primarily through their effort and ability

190. There are several causes of economic _____ within societies.

- n.* the unfairness of a society in which some people have more opportunity, money, etc. than others; (mathematics) relation between two values when they are different

191. The vegetarian burger was an _____ that quickly spread to the United Kingdom.

- n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation

192. The company's ambition to _____ and expand too quickly led to its downfall.

- v.* to reach too far or beyond one's limits; to fail by aiming too high or trying too hard

193. This region has many _____ offering higher education.

- n.* an organization that has a specific purpose, particularly one dealing with science, education, or a particular profession; (verb) to initiate, introduce, or establish something

194. He stepped on the gas pedal, and the engine released a loud _____.

- n.* a measure of the rate at which an engine or motor rotates, often expressed in revolutions per minute (RPM); (verb) to increase the number of rotations per minute

ANSWERS: 188. ingredient, 189. achievement, 190. inequality, 191. innovation, 192. overreach, 193. institutes, 194. rev

195. Generally speaking, the child is innately _____ to learn a language.
v. to put things or people in a particular manner or position; to incline someone towards a specific activity or mood; throw or cast away
196. This company has increased political contributions to federal _____.
n. a politician or legislator who is responsible for making and changing laws
197. During the _____ period, many European Christians went on a pilgrimage to the Holy Land.
n. a series of wars fought by Christians in the middle ages to recover the holy land from the Muslims; a series of actions advancing a principle or tending toward a particular end
198. Several cities are experiencing _____ high unemployment rates.
adv. in a way that is very difficult to believe; exceedingly or extremely
199. The company has made great strides in its _____ toward sustainability.
n. the act or process of changing to the next stage or phase or moving forward
200. She was struggling to make a _____ between two job offers.
n. the act or process of making up someone's mind about something; a choice or judgment reached after considering options

ANSWERS: 195. disposed, 196. lawmakers, 197. Crusade, 198. incredibly, 199. progression, 200. decision