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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Georges Nzongola-Ntalaja: History's deadliest king | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/georges_nzongola_ntalaja _history_s_deadliest_king



All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

chief	 <i>adj.</i> most important or primary; (noun) a person who is in charge <i>synonym</i>: essential, primary, leading
	(1) chief accountant, (2) chief events of the year
	Mining is a chief source of income for the country.
twig	 a small, thin, flexible branch or shoot of a tree or shrub; a slender, fragile, or delicate object or individual synonym: branchlet, sprig, osier
	(1) twig branch, (2) twig basket
	The bird perched on a twig and sang a beautiful melody.
commission	 <i>n</i>. a formal instruction, command, or request given to a person or group; an official group of people entrusted by a government or other official body to control or enforce something <i>synonym</i>: task, duty, authority
	(1) commission appointed by the government, (2) the
	commission of murder
	She gets a commission on each contract.
represent	 v. to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute

	 synonym: depict, express, describe (1) represent by a diagram, (2) the characters that represent numbers We elected him to represent us at the international conference.
horrific	<i>adj.</i> causing horror or disgust; gruesome and terrifying <i>synonym</i> : terrifying, alarming, shocking
	(1) horrific experience, (2) horrific condition
	The accident scene was horrific , with bodies and debris scattered everywhere.
regime	 n. the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit synonym: administration, establishment, government
	(1) a puppet regime , (2) exercise regime
	Totalitarian regimes are less likely to innovate because they deprive individuals of economic incentives.
rub	 v. to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure synonym: scrub, massage, stroke
	(1) rub shoulders, (2) rub a glass window
	She rubbed the sore spot on her leg to ease the pain.
separate	v. to force, take, or pull apart; mark as differentsynonym: disunite, isolate, ramify
	(1) separate video into chapter, (2) separate cream from milk
	We need to separate the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.
pile	 <i>n</i>. a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money <i>synonym</i>: accumulation, heap, stack
	(1) a sand pile , (2) the height of a pile

	After the party, they had to clean up piles of dirty dishes.
tribal	 adj. relating to a social group or tribe, especially a preliterate society synonym: indigenous, ethnic, traditional
	(1) tribal culture, (2) tribal community
	The tribal leaders gathered for a summit to discuss important
	issues.
noble	adj. having or showing excellent personal qualities or high moral principles that people admire synonym: dignified, aristocratic, benevolent
	(1) a noble family, (2) noble gas
	He is a noble-minded man
proceed	 v. to move forward or to continue with a process or action; to advance or progress
	synonym: advance, progress, move ahead
	(1) proceed with caution, (2) proceed to the next step
	We can now proceed with the next item on our agenda.
testimony	 n. a formal written or spoken statement that something is true, especially one given in court; something that serves as evidence
	synonym: affirmant, evidence, proof
	(1) testimony before Congress, (2) give his testimonyWitness testimony backed up the defendant's claims.
atrocity	<i>n.</i> brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act <i>synonym</i> : evil, horror, iniquity
	(1) commit atrocity, (2) cold-blooded atrocity
	The atrocity of the war left many children orphaned.
participate	v. to take part in somethingsynonym: take part, partake, enter
	(1) participate fully in conversation, (2) participate in the

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The majority of students actively **participated** in the college's intramural sports program.

scramble	 v. to move or climb quickly and awkwardly, often using your hands to help you synonym: jumble, disarrange
	 (1) scramble my mind, (2) scramble for support Local business owners scrambled to find skilled workers.
colon	 n. the punctuation mark (:) used to introduce a list, summary, explanation, etc., or before reporting what someone has said; a significant part of the large intestine, the final section of the digestive system
	(1) colon examination, (2) the colon at the end of the sentence
	Consumption of vegetables may aid in the prevention of colon cancer.
continent	 n. one of the earth's large landmasses; (adjective) abstaining from your feelings, especially your desire to have sex
	synonym: landmass, (adjective) chaste, (adjective) pure
	(1) the inland of a continent , (2) continent urinary diversion
	Flight across the continent was a daring adventure in its day.
exploit	 v. to make full use of and gain an advantage from resources, opportunities, etc. synonym: use, abuse, control
	 exploit a security hole, (2) exploit a valuable opportunity
	We exploit our mining resources to strengthen our national power.
enrich	 v. to make better or improve in quality by adding something else synonym: enhance, improve, augment
	synonym. ennance, improve, augment

	(1) enrich a gas with a balloon, (2) enrich public services
	Reading not only increases knowledge but also enriches life.
independence	<i>n.</i> freedom from another's or others' control or influence <i>synonym</i> : freedom, liberty, autonomy
	(1) financial independence , (2) independence ceremony
	There is nothing more valuable than independence and freedom.
kingdom	<i>n.</i> the country ruled by a king or queen <i>synonym</i> : empire, realm, land
	(1) establish his kingdom , (2) a subordinate kingdom
	By remaining neutral, this kingdom continued to exist.
acquire	 v. to buy or obtain something such as an asset, object, knowledge, etc., for oneself synonym: attain, earn, catch
	(1) acquire knowledge, (2) acquire a new company
	Children acquire language at a fantastic rate.
slice	 n. a flat, often thin, piece of bread, meat, cheese, etc., that has been cut from a larger piece; a wound made by cutting
	synonym: piece, portion, slit
	(1) a slice of the company's revenue, (2) slice a tomato thin
	The children complained because one slice of cake was
	slightly larger than the other.
magnificent	<i>adj.</i> extremely beautiful and impressive; grand or noble in thought or deed
	synonym: splendid, brilliant, exquisite
	(1) a magnificent plan, (2) a magnificent mountain
	The magnificent scene of the glacier is awe-inspiring.
colonial	 adj. of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony

	<i>synonym</i> : imperial, immigrant, gregarious (1) oppressive colonial rule, (2) colonial style The city has a rich colonial history, with many historic buildings and landmarks.
explorer	 a person who travels to places where no one or few people have been before to find out what is there synonym: adventurer, trailblazer, scout
	 (1) team of explorers, (2) a polar explorer Aboriginal people killed the explorer who entered the sacred land for them.
emphasize	v. to give or show particular importance to something <i>synonym</i> : highlight, accentuate, stress
	(1) emphasize her words, (2) emphasize a direct relationship
	Use italics or capitals to emphasize a word in a piece of writing.
basin	 n. a natural depression or valley that is circular or oval on the surface of the earth, especially one that has water in it; a container with a bowl form that is typically used to hold food or liquids synonym: watershed, bowl
	(1) inland basin, (2) the basin of the Great Salt LakeMany of the lakes and marshes in the basin are mildly salty.
majesty	 n. regal or royal dignity; grandeur or greatness synonym: grandeur, royalty, eminence (1) morning majesty, (2) majesty of nature The king's majesty was apparent in his elegant attire and powerful presence.
contract	 a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law synonym: agreement, deal, arrangement

	(1) employment contract, (2) contract lawThe company signed a contract with the supplier for the delivery of goods.
deceive	 v. to cause someone to believe something that is not true, often by telling a lie or creating a false impression synonym: mislead, dupe, hoodwink
	(1) deceive to lie, (2) deceive skillfully
	The magician's illusions were designed to deceive the
	audience into believing they saw something impossible.
treaty	 <i>n</i>. a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities <i>synonym</i>: agreement, pact, accord
	(1) treaty negotiation, (2) global climate treaty
	The two countries signed a treaty to establish peaceful
	relations.
persuade	 v. to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion
	synonym: convince, influence, sway
	(1) attempt to persuade , (2) persuade enough people
	She tried to persuade her brother to join her on the trip, but he was too busy with work.
grant	v. to agree to give or allow somebodysynonym: allocate, authorize, give
	(1) grant a new license, (2) grant a land
	The chairperson granted him the right to speak.
pledge	<i>v.</i> to make a formal promise to give or do something <i>synonym</i> : promise, assure, guarantee
	(1) pledge my fidelity, (2) pledge military assistance
	At this ceremony, We will pledge allegiance to the country's flag.

territory	 <i>n.</i> an area under the control of a ruler or state <i>synonym</i>: domain, region, realm
	(1) acquire territory, (2) territory in charge
	They incorporated the conquered territory into their nation.
declare	 v. to say, state, or announce something clearly, officially, or publicly
	synonym: announce, state, affirm
	(1) declare independence, (2) declare my love
	Foreign goods from abroad must be declared to customs when entering a country.
colony	 n. a country or an area that is governed by a more powerful country that is often far away synonym: settlement, territory, plantation
	(1) plant a colony , (2) a colony of bacteria
	The colony declared its independence and became a republic.
belong	 v. to be the property of someone or something; to be a member or part of a group; to be in the proper or appropriate place
	synonym: fit, be appropriate, be suitable
	(1) belong to different species, (2) belong to a group
	All the books in this section belong to the library's rare collection and must be handled carefully.
consolidate	v. to make something more vital, more solid, or more certain
	synonym: crystallize, concentrate, cement
	(1) consolidate his debt, (2) consolidate a leadership
	The two universities will consolidate in July next year.
claim	 v. to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true

	synonym: assert, declare, maintain
	(1) claim responsibility, (2) false claim
	He wants to claim ownership of the abandoned property.
unpaid	<i>adj.</i> not yet paid; without payment <i>synonym</i> : overdue, delinquent, outstanding
	(1) unpaid account, (2) unpaid leave
	Some employees claim they were simply unpaid .
labor	 n. productive work, especially physical work done for wages; the people who do manual or physical work in a country or company for wage; (verb) to work hard or to strive and make an effort to reach a goal synonym: toil, moil, donkeywork
	(1) seasonal labor, (2) manual labor
	In several countries, child labor is a serious social problem.
invention	 n. the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing synonym: creation, design, innovation
	(1) the invention of new techniques, (2) common invention
	Necessity is the mother of invention .
develop	 v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
	synonym: evolve, progress, advance
	(1) develop a strategy, (2) develop a skill
	We must develop a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.
pneumatic	<i>adj.</i> relating to or using air or gas under pressure, particularly in machinery or devices; operated by compressed air or gas
	synonym: air-powered, gas-pressure, compressed-air

(1) pneumatic tire, (2) pneumatic cylinder
The mechanic used a pneumatic drill to repair the engine.
 v. to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued; (noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving synonym: exhaust, weary, fatigue
(1) tire my patience, (2) tire pressure
I need to tire out my dog with a long walk so that he will sleep

massive *adj.* enormous amount; very heavy and solid synonym: enormous, giant, immense

layoffs.

through the night.

tire

(1) **massive** amounts, (2) **massive** stars The recent economic downturn has resulted in massive

to catch or take hold of someone or something suddenly seize v. and forcibly; to capture the attention or imagination of something

synonym: grab, grasp, capture

(1) **seize** a person's property, (2) **seize** the day

He has the superpower to **seize** a business opportunity.

adj. suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or opportune convenient for a particular purpose synonym: suitable, timely, practical

(1) opportune occasion, (2) an opportune remark

The phone rang at the most **opportune** time.

a limited amount or share of something assigned or quota n. allocated; a restriction on the number of people or goods that can enter or leave a country *synonym*: allotment, share, portion

(1) an import **quota**, (2) admission **quota**

Each country was given a **quota** for the fish they were allowed to catch.

harvest	 n. yields of plants in a single growing season; the period of the year when gathering occurs on a farm synonym: crop, reaping, yield
	(1) a scanty harvest , (2) reap a harvest
	During harvest, farmers are incredibly busy.
vine	<i>n.</i> a climbing plant that produces grapes; any plant with a growth habit of trailing or climbing stems
	(1) a green vine , (2) vine of ore
	A vine remains productive throughout the year.
drain	<i>v.</i> to empty or dry something by removing the liquid from it <i>synonym</i> : draw off, bleed
	(1) drain water from the swamp, (2) drain excess liquid
	Push the button and let the water drain away.
viol	 <i>n</i>. a stringed instrument, typically with six strings and frets, played with a bow, also called a viola da gamba <i>synonym</i>: viola, viola da gamba, string instrument
	(1) viol instrument, (2) viol music
	The viol player was rehearsing for an upcoming concert.
deprive	v. to take away something from someonesynonym: deny, take away, divest
	(1) deprive others of profit, (2) deprive him of his status
	He was deprived of his freedom when sentenced to life in prison.
rebel	 n. someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it synonym: insurgent, dissenter, mutineer
	(1) rebel uprising, (2) group of rebels
	The rebels fought against the government for their

independence.

refuse	<i>v.</i> to show that one is not willing to do or accept something <i>synonym</i> : turn down, deny, decline
	(1) refuse a request, (2) refuse the company
	My initial reaction was to refuse .
cooperate	 v. to work together with one or more people or organizations to achieve a goal synonym: collaborate, team up, work together
	(1) cooperate with one another, (2) cooperate closely in various ways
	The team had to cooperate to complete the project on time.
destroy	v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
	synonym: demolish, ruin, obliterate
	(1) destroy the ecosystem, (2) destroyed evidence
	The building was destroyed in the fire and had to be rebuilt.
resistance	<i>n.</i> the act of defending oneself from an aggressor or refusing to accept something
	synonym: opposition, antagonism, defiance
	(1) resistance movement, (2) resistance to insulin
	The bill to increase the consumption tax had passed despite much resistance from the public.
unflinching	 adj. not showing fear or hesitation in the face of danger or adversity; steadfast and resolute synonym: resolute, steadfast, unwavering
	(1) unflinching commitment, (2) unflinching gaze
	His unflinching courage in the face of danger was impressive.
torture	<i>n.</i> the act of causing intense pain or suffering to someone to punish them, extract information from them, or for some other reason

synonym: torment, abuse, mistreatment
(1) a torture chamber, (2) an instrument of torture
The use of torture is strictly prohibited under international law.

executionn.the act or process of carrying out a plan, order, or
course of action; the act or process of carrying out the
death penaltysynonym : carrying out, implementation, completion

(1) compulsory **execution**, (2) **execution** by injection The **execution** of the plan was flawless, resulting in a record-breaking profit for the company.

ammunition *n.* supplies, such as bullets or shells, used by armed forces *synonym*: bullets, cartridges, shells

(1) **ammunition** storage, (2) **ammunition** depot The soldiers were equipped with ample **ammunition** for the battle.

bullet	<i>n.</i> a metal projectile that is shot from a gun<i>synonym</i>: projectile, slug, shot
	(1) bullet wound, (2) bullet train
	The stray bullet went through the window and hit the wall.
hunt	 v. to go after and try to catch wild animals to kill them for food, sport, or profit synonym: chase, pursuit, quest
	(1) hunt a job, (2) hunt after knowledge
	Hounds hunt their prey by using their keen scent.
harsh	<i>adj.</i> severe and unkind; extremely tough and unpleasant to inhabit
	synonym: brutal, severe, backbreaking
	(1) harsh climate, (2) use of harsh chemicals
	The prime minister faced harsh criticism.

penalty	<i>n.</i> a punishment for violating a law, rule, or contract <i>synonym</i> : punishment, sentence, fine
	(1) death penalty , (2) corner of the penalty area
	The lawyer was reinstated after paying the penalty .
punishment	 <i>n</i>. a penalty or consequence inflicted for wrongdoing or offense; a means of enforcing discipline or preventing further wrongdoing <i>synonym</i>: penalty, discipline, retribution
	(1) punishment for a crime, (2) humiliating punishment
	The judge gave severe punishment to the criminal who committed the heinous crime.
sever	v. to break or separate something by cutting, especially suddenly and forcibly
	synonym: cut apart, separate, detach
	(1) sever a rope, (2) sever a positive relationship
	He severed a branch from a tree quickly.
commander	 n. a person who holds authority or control over a group or organization, particularly in a military, naval, or aerospace context; an official in charge of a particular aspect of operations, such as a commander of a ship or a commander of the air force synonym: leader, captain, officer
	(1) commander in chief, (2) police commander
	The military commander led their troops into battle with precision and strategic planning.
dramatically	<i>adv.</i> in a very impressive manner <i>synonym</i> : greatly, noticeably, suddenly
	(1) he confessed dramatically , (2) the cabin pressure fell dramatically
	Life expectancy has grown dramatically this century.
upend	v. to turn or flip over; to overthrow or upset the established order

	synonym: overturn, upset, invert
	(1) upend a table, (2) upend a tradition
	The sudden news upended their plans for the weekend.
agriculture	 n. the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
	synonym: farming, husbandry, agribusiness
	(1) organic agriculture, (2) intensive agriculture
	Agriculture is the foundation of our economy.
widespread	<i>adj.</i> existing or happening in various places or among many people
	synonym: across-the-board, overall, general
	(1) widespread use, (2) widespread fear of nuclear war
	In medieval times, death punishment was widespread and
	socially accepted.
starvation	n. a severe lack of food that leads to malnutrition and, ultimately, death
	synonym: hunger, malnutrition, emaciation
	(1) die of starvation, (2) starvation wages
	The drought led to widespread starvation in the region.
disease	 n. a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems synonym: illness, ailment, affliction
	(1) disease prevention, (2) disease control
	The doctor diagnosed him with a rare disease that had no
	known cure.
monument	<i>n.</i> a statue, building, or other structure erected to commemorate a person or event
	synonym: memorial, marker, statue
	(1) humanity's monument , (2) monument honoring
	The stone monument was built to commemorate the war

heroes.

wealth	 <i>n</i>. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns <i>synonym</i>: affluence, assets, fortunate (1) majority of his wealth, (2) material wealth The wealth inequality was unavoidable.
extract	 n. a short passage taken from a book, piece of music, etc.; a substance obtained from something through a specific process; (verb) to obtain from something or to remove something by effort or force synonym: excerpt, quote, distillation
	(1) a brief extract from the book, (2) botanical extractAnesthetize the gum before extracting the teeth.
abuse	<i>n.</i> the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner <i>synonym</i> : misuse, misconduct, vilification
	(1) the problem of drug abuse, (2) victim of sexual abuseOur company has an audit team that monitors directors for abuse of authority.
journalist	 <i>n.</i> a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media <i>synonym</i>: reporter, newsperson, press
	 (1) a China-based journalist, (2) journalist on a magazine Foreign TV crews and journalists can go as they please in various locations during the Olympics.
accuse	 v. to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing synonym: charge, blame, criticize
	(1) accuse his rudeness, (2) accuse each otherThe witness accused the defendant of committing the robbery.

deceit	 n. the act of deceiving or misleading someone, often for personal or selfish gain; a practice or behavior intended to mislead or misrepresent the truth synonym: deception, dishonesty, trickery
	(1) person of deceit , (2) web of deceit
	The politician's deceit was exposed when leaked emails
	revealed he had accepted lobbyists' bribes.
fraud	<i>n.</i> the crime of gaining money or financial benefits by deceiving people; a person who makes deceitful pretenses
	synonym: trickery, deceit, blackmail
	(1) get money by fraud , (2) victim of fraud
	The police arrested them for committing insurance fraud.
robbery	 n. the taking of property or money from a person, business, or institution by force, threat, or intimidation; a crime that involves theft or stealing synonym: theft, larceny, burglary
	(1) armed robbery , (2) petty robbery
	The convenience store was the scene of a robbery last night.
arson	<i>n.</i> the criminal act of deliberately setting fire to property or buildings
	synonym: fire-setting, incendiarism, pyromania
	(1) arson attack, (2) deliberate arson
	The police are investigating the arson that destroyed the abandoned building.
murder	<i>n.</i> the crime of killing somebody intentionally <i>synonym</i> : slaying, killing
	(1) murder in the second degree, (2) attempted murder
	This intriguing murder mystery remains unsolved.
slave	<i>n.</i> a person who is, either legally or illegally, owned by someone; a person entirely dominated by some influence or a person

	synonym: captive, bondservant, hard worker
	(1) a slave of drink, (2) a slave trader
	You should work hard but not be a slave to it.
policy	 n. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective synonym: strategy, plan, guideline
	(1) health policy , (2) foreign policy
	The company's new policy on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.
cruel	 <i>adj.</i> feeling or showing pleasure in causing pain or suffering to others <i>synonym</i>: heartless, sadistic, vicious
	(1) a cruel and unusual punishment, (2) cruel joke
	The dictator was known for his cruel and oppressive regime.
diplomat	 <i>n</i>. a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations
	synonym: envoy, ambassador, representative
	(1) allied diplomat , (2) expel a diplomat
	The senior diplomat worked tirelessly to negotiate a peace treaty between the two countries.
corroborate	 v. to confirm or support something that has already been suggested, particularly by providing evidence or witness testimony
	synonym: confirm, substantiate, authenticate
	(1) corroborate evidence, (2) corroborate story
	The eyewitness testimony corroborated the suspect's alibi.

appoint	 v. to give someone a job or role, especially as a public official or member of an organization; to arrange or decide on a time or a place synonym: designate, assign, name
	(1) appoint members, (2) appoint the day
	The court appointed a guardian for the child.
investigate	 v. to conduct a systematic or formal inquiry to identify and evaluate the facts of a crime, problem, statement, etc. to establish the truth synonym: examine, analyze, look into
	(1) investigate the matter, (2) investigate a data leak
	The committee investigated several apparent inconsistencies.
accusation	 <i>n</i>. a statement or claim alleging that someone has committed a crime, offense, or wrongdoing; a charge or indictment made against someone <i>synonym</i>: charge, indictment, imputation
	(1) criminal accusation, (2) false accusation
	The accusation of theft was unfounded, and the suspect was
	eventually cleared of all charges.
numerous	<i>adj.</i> amounting to a large indefinite number <i>synonym</i> : many, considerable, countless
	(1) numerous countries, (2) as numerous as the sand
	These descriptions are based on a number of numerous assumptions.
witness	 <i>n.</i> a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident <i>synonym</i>: onlooker, attestant, bystander
	(1) witness of the car accident, (2) a material witness
	The manufacturing industry is witnessing fierce competition.
confirm	v. to support or establish the truth or certainty of something previously believed or suspected to be the case

	synonym: affirm, verify, assure
	(1) confirm the diagnosis, (2) confirm a transaction
	Please write to confirm your reservation.
relinquish	<i>v.</i> to give up power, control, or possession <i>synonym</i> : surrender, give up, abandon
	(1) relinquish control, (2) relinquish all hope
	She decided to relinquish her role as the leader of the group.
government	<i>n.</i> the group of people with authority to control a country or state
	synonym: administration, regime, state
	(1) government bureaucracy, (2) government funding
	The federal government is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.
award	n. a prize or other mark of recognition given in honor of an achievement
	synonym: prize, honor, accolade
	(1) award ceremony, (2) participation award
	He won the award for best actor at the film festival.
franc	<i>n.</i> the currency used in some countries, including Switzerland, France, and formerly Belgium
	synonym: currency, money
	(1) franc area, (2) Swiss franc
	During the colonial period, several African nations used the
	franc as their currency due to the influence of France.
sacrifice	 n. the act of killing an animal or person or surrendering a possession as an offering to a deity; (verb) to give up something important or valuable to help another person or get or do something that seems more important synonym: forfeit, immolation, gift
	(1) small sacrifice for a great cause, (2) sacrifice anything

to get ahead

You cannot accomplish great things without a **sacrifice** of your time or money.

a group of people or vehicles moving in an orderly, procession n. ceremonial manner, often for a religious or official purpose synonym: parade, cavalcade, march (1) procession of cars, (2) religious procession The funeral **procession** slowly made its way to the cemetery. to choose someone for a specific position by voting for elect v. them; to decide or choose to do something synonym: select, choose, prefer (1) **elect** the school board, (2) **elect** death Every five years, the provincial governors are **elected**. adj. main or most important; basic prime synonym: excellent, exceptional, premium (1) prime number, (2) deputy prime minister

After a thorough investigation, she has been named as the **prime** suspect.

minister	n.	a person appointed to or a job of a head of a
		government department
	syno	nym: bishop, official, ambassador

(1) Minister for Education, (2) deputy prime ministerThe minister occasionally preaches at this church.

unseatv.to remove or depose from a position of authority or
power; to dislodge or throw from a seat or saddle
synonym: uproot, displace, remove

(1) **unseat** the market leader, (2) **unseat** him from the presidency

The opposition party tries to **unseat** the ruling government in the upcoming elections.

coup	 <i>n</i>. a sudden, violent, and illegal seizure of power from a government; an impressive or successful action or achievement <i>synonym</i>: revolution, overthrow, takeover (1) coup plotters, (2) military coup
	The prime minister was arrested and charged with treason after he was found to be involved in the coup .
assassin	 n. a person who murders a prominent or well-known person for political reasons or in exchange for money synonym: killer, manslayer
	(1) fall victim to an assassin, (2) would-be assassin
	She hired an assassin to kill her opponent.
supervision	 n. the act or process of overseeing or directing the work or performance of others synonym: oversight, management, direction
	(1) under supervision , (2) supervision by the police
	She was put in charge of the project and had full supervision over the team.
launch	 v. to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time synonym: start, initiate, begin
	(1) launch a spaceship into orbit, (2) launch a big attackThe company is set to launch its new product line next
	month.
dictator	 <i>n</i>. a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force <i>synonym</i>: autocrat, tyrant, despot
	(1) military dictator, (2) a dictator with enormous powersA popular uprising led to the overthrow of the dictator.

occupation	<i>n</i> . a person's job or profession; the act of taking possession
	synonym: job, profession, vocation
	(1) occupation disease, (2) occupation of a building
	The police stopped the suspicious person and asked him to
	give his name, address, and occupation.
loot	 v. steal goods from a place or person, typically during a war or riot; (noun) steal goods from a place or person, typically using force, especially in times of war or civil disorder
	synonym: plunder, pillage, rob
	(1) loot the ship, (2) war loot
	The bandits looted the small town, leaving it in ruins.
devastation	<i>n.</i> the act of causing great destruction or damage, often on a large scale
	synonym: destruction, ruin, havoc
	(1) financial devastation , (2) devastation to life
	The economic recession caused devastation in the housing
	market, with many people losing their homes.
reparation	 n. the act of repairing or making amends for damage, harm, or injury caused to someone or something synonym: compensation, restitution, amends
	•
	(1) reparation for damages, (2) war reparations
	The company offered financial reparations to those affected by their faulty product.
unanswered	adj. not responded to or explained
	synonym: ignored, unrequited, undecided
	(1) unanswered love, (2) unanswered e-mail
	Pardon me for leaving some of your questions unanswered .
inconceivable	<i>adj.</i> hard to imagine or believe <i>synonym</i> : unimaginable, impossible, unthinkable
	(1) inconceivable pain, (2) inconceivable ideas
	(1) moducer and pain, (2) moducer and meas

It would be **inconceivable** for him to alter his behavior.

Session 2: Spelling

1.	elt death	v.	to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
2.	but wound	n.	a metal projectile that is shot from a gun
3.	deputy pre minister	adj.	main or most important; basic
4.	war repons	n.	the act of repairing or making amends for damage, harm, or injury caused to someone or something
5.	ht after knowledge	v.	to go after and try to catch wild animals to kill them for food, sport, or profit
6.	petty roy	n.	the taking of property or money from a person, business, or institution by force, threat, or intimidation; a crime that involves theft or stealing
7.	scle for support	v.	to move or climb quickly and awkwardly, often using your hands to help you
8.	use of hah chemicals	adj.	severe and unkind; extremely tough and unpleasant to inhabit
9.	scle my mind	v.	to move or climb quickly and awkwardly, often using your hands to help you
10.	unfng gaze	adj.	not showing fear or hesitation in the face of danger or adversity; steadfast and resolute

ANSWERS: 1. elect, 2. bullet, 3. prime, 4. reparation, 5. hunt, 6. robbery, 7. scramble, 8. harsh, 9. scramble, 10. unflinching

11. intensive agrre	n.	the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
12. a magnt plan	adj.	extremely beautiful and impressive; grand or noble in thought or deed
13. the cabin pressure fell drally	adv	in a very impressive manner
14. prd with caution	v.	to move forward or to continue with a process or action; to advance or progress
15. dee skillfully	v.	to cause someone to believe something that is not true, often by telling a lie or creating a false impression
16. a puppet ree	n.	the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit
17. corte evidence	v.	to confirm or support something that has already been suggested, particularly by providing evidence or witness testimony
18. occon disease	n.	a person's job or profession; the act of taking possession
19. upd a table	ν.	to turn or flip over; to overthrow or upset the established order
20. victim of frd	n.	the crime of gaining money or financial benefits by deceiving people; a person who makes deceitful pretenses
21. chf accountant	adj.	most important or primary; (noun) a person who is in charge
22. relsh all hope	<i>v</i> .	to give up power, control, or possession

ANSWERS: 11. agriculture, 12. magnificent, 13. dramatically, 14. proceed, 15. deceive, 16. regime, 17. corroborate, 18. occupation, 19. upend, 20. fraud, 21. chief, 22. relinquish

23.	give his teny	n.	a formal written or spoken statement that something is true, especially one given in court; something that serves as evidence
24.	a sle of drink	n.	a person who is, either legally or illegally, owned by someone; a person entirely dominated by some influence or a person
25.	a noe family	adj.	having or showing excellent personal qualities or high moral principles that people admire
26.	invte a data leak	v.	to conduct a systematic or formal inquiry to identify and evaluate the facts of a crime, problem, statement, etc. to establish the truth
27.	deliberate arn	n.	the criminal act of deliberately setting fire to property or buildings
28.	deyed evidence	v.	to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
29.	corner of the pey area	n.	a punishment for violating a law, rule, or contract
30.	a cr_l and unusual punishment	adj.	feeling or showing pleasure in causing pain or suffering to others
31.	see the day	v.	to catch or take hold of someone or something suddenly and forcibly; to capture the attention or imagination of something
32.	r_b shoulders	v.	to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure

ANSWERS: 23. testimony, 24. slave, 25. noble, 26. investigate, 27. arson, 28. destroy, 29. penalty, 30. cruel, 31. seize, 32. rub

33. occon of a building	n.	a person's job or profession; the act of taking possession
34. sace anything to get ahead	n.	the act of killing an animal or person or surrendering a possession as an offering to a deity; (verb) to give up something important or valuable to help another person or get or do something that seems more important
35. teny before Congress	n.	a formal written or spoken statement that something is true, especially one given in court; something that serves as evidence
36. mont honoring	n.	a statue, building, or other structure erected to commemorate a person or event
37. health poy	n.	a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
38. vl music	n.	a stringed instrument, typically with six strings and frets, played with a bow, also called a viola da gamba
39. ace his rudeness	v.	to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing
40. acquire tery	n.	an area under the control of a ruler or state
41. ace each other	ν.	to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing

ANSWERS: 33. occupation, 34. sacrifice, 35. testimony, 36. monument, 37. policy, 38. viol, 39. accuse, 40. territory, 41. accuse

42. small sace for a great cause	n.	the act of killing an animal or person or surrendering a possession as an offering to a deity; (verb) to give up something important or valuable to help another person or get or do something that seems more important
43. web of det	n.	the act of deceiving or misleading someone, often for personal or selfish gain; a practice or behavior intended to mislead or misrepresent the truth
44. pnic cylinder	adj.	relating to or using air or gas under pressure, particularly in machinery or devices; operated by compressed air or gas
45. staon wages	n.	a severe lack of food that leads to malnutrition and, ultimately, death
46. lah a big attack	v.	to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time
47. common inon	n.	the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing
48. inland ban	n.	a natural depression or valley that is circular or oval on the surface of the earth, especially one that has water in it; a container with a bowl form that is typically used to hold food or liquids
49. oppressive coal rule	adj.	of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony

ANSWERS: 42. sacrifice, 43. deceit, 44. pneumatic, 45. starvation, 46. launch, 47. invention, 48. basin, 49. colonial

50. a material wis	n.	a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident
51. Mier for Education	n.	a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department
52. armed roy	n.	the taking of property or money from a person, business, or institution by force, threat, or intimidation; a crime that involves theft or stealing
53. a green ve	n.	a climbing plant that produces grapes; any plant with a growth habit of trailing or climbing stems
54. It the ship	ν.	steal goods from a place or person, typically during a war or riot; (noun) steal goods from a place or person, typically using force, especially in times of war or civil disorder
55. an instrument of toe	n.	the act of causing intense pain or suffering to someone to punish them, extract information from them, or for some other reason
56. ple military assistance	V.	to make a formal promise to give or do something
57. a dior with enormous powers	n.	a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force
58. rent by a diagram	V.	to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
59. sete video into chapter	v.	to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different

ANSWERS: 50. witness, 51. minister, 52. robbery, 53. vine, 54. loot, 55. torture, 56. pledge, 57. dictator, 58. represent, 59. separate

60. ext a valuable opportunity	v.	to make full use of and gain an advantage from resources, opportunities, etc.
61. incble pain	adj.	hard to imagine or believe
62. trl culture	adj.	relating to a social group or tribe, especially a preliterate society
63. invte the matter	v.	to conduct a systematic or formal inquiry to identify and evaluate the facts of a crime, problem, statement, etc. to establish the truth
64. attempt to pede	v.	to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion
65. Swiss frc	n.	the currency used in some countries, including Switzerland, France, and formerly Belgium
66. drn excess liquid	v.	to empty or dry something by removing the liquid from it
67. die control	n.	a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
68. coal style	adj.	of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony
69. deputy prime mier	n.	a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department

ANSWERS: 60. exploit, 61. inconceivable, 62. tribal, 63. investigate, 64. persuade, 65. franc, 66. drain, 67. disease, 68. colonial, 69. minister

70. drn water from the swamp	v.	to empty or dry something by removing the liquid from it
71. plant a coy	n.	a country or an area that is governed by a more powerful country that is often far away
72. emze her words	v.	to give or show particular importance to something
73. admission qua	n.	a limited amount or share of something assigned or allocated; a restriction on the number of people or goods that can enter or leave a country
74. chf events of the year	adj.	most important or primary; (noun) a person who is in charge
75. get money by frd	n.	the crime of gaining money or financial benefits by deceiving people; a person who makes deceitful pretenses
76. unaed love	adj.	not responded to or explained
77. pre number	adj.	main or most important; basic
78. false clm	v.	to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
79. try negotiation	n.	a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities
80. rel uprising	n.	someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it

ANSWERS: 70. drain, 71. colony, 72. emphasize, 73. quota, 74. chief, 75. fraud, 76. unanswered, 77. prime, 78. claim, 79. treaty, 80. rebel

81.	supon by the police	n.	the act or process of overseeing or directing the work or performance of others
82.	tg branch	n.	a small, thin, flexible branch or shoot of a tree or shrub; a slender, fragile, or delicate object or individual
83.	govnt funding	n.	the group of people with authority to control a country or state
84.	false accon	n.	a statement or claim alleging that someone has committed a crime, offense, or wrongdoing; a charge or indictment made against someone
85.	dee to lie	v.	to cause someone to believe something that is not true, often by telling a lie or creating a false impression
86.	mur in the second degree	n.	the crime of killing somebody intentionally
87.	establish his kim	n.	the country ruled by a king or queen
88.	noe gas	adj.	having or showing excellent personal qualities or high moral principles that people admire
89.	sete cream from milk	v.	to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
90.	see a person's property	v.	to catch or take hold of someone or something suddenly and forcibly; to capture the attention or imagination of something
91.	humanity's mont	n.	a statue, building, or other structure erected to commemorate a person or event

ANSWERS: 81. supervision, 82. twig, 83. government, 84. accusation, 85. deceive, 86. murder, 87. kingdom, 88. noble, 89. separate, 90. seize, 91. monument

92.	fall victim to an asin	n.	a person who murders a prominent or well-known person for political reasons or in exchange for money
93.	seasonal lar	n.	productive work, especially physical work done for wages; the people who do manual or physical work in a country or company for wage; (verb) to work hard or to strive and make an effort to reach a goal
94.	corte story	v.	to confirm or support something that has already been suggested, particularly by providing evidence or witness testimony
95.	emze a direct relationship	v.	to give or show particular importance to something
96.	cr_ljoke	adj.	feeling or showing pleasure in causing pain or suffering to others
97.	exon by injection	n.	the act or process of carrying out a plan, order, or course of action; the act or process of carrying out the death penalty
98.	joust on a magazine	n.	a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media
99.	financial indnce	n.	freedom from another's or others' control or influence
100	. cote with one another	v.	to work together with one or more people or organizations to achieve a goal

ANSWERS: 92. assassin, 93. labor, 94. corroborate, 95. emphasize, 96. cruel, 97. execution, 98. journalist, 99. independence, 100. cooperate

101. military dior	n.	a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force
102. a sand pe	n.	a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money
103. attempted mur	n.	the crime of killing somebody intentionally
104. morning may	n.	regal or royal dignity; grandeur or greatness
105. arn attack	n.	the criminal act of deliberately setting fire to property or buildings
106. would-be asin	n.	a person who murders a prominent or well-known person for political reasons or in exchange for money
107. unt him from the presidency	v.	to remove or depose from a position of authority or power; to dislodge or throw from a seat or saddle
108. cont urinary diversion	n.	one of the earth's large landmasses; (adjective) abstaining from your feelings, especially your desire to have sex
109. ple my fidelity	ν.	to make a formal promise to give or do something
110. organic agrre	n.	the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
111. death pey	n.	a punishment for violating a law, rule, or contract
112. as nuus as the sand	adj.	amounting to a large indefinite number

ANSWERS: 101. dictator, 102. pile, 103. murder, 104. majesty, 105. arson, 106. assassin, 107. unseat, 108. continent, 109. pledge, 110. agriculture, 111. penalty, 112. numerous

113. mae amounts	adj.	enormous amount; very heavy and solid
114. humiliating punnt	n.	a penalty or consequence inflicted for wrongdoing or offense; a means of enforcing discipline or preventing further wrongdoing
115. hoic condition	adj.	causing horror or disgust; gruesome and terrifying
116. dep a strategy	v.	to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
117. a toe chamber	n.	the act of causing intense pain or suffering to someone to punish them, extract information from them, or for some other reason
118. pnic tire	adj.	relating to or using air or gas under pressure, particularly in machinery or devices; operated by compressed air or gas
119. dep a skill	v.	to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
120. com the diagnosis	v.	to support or establish the truth or certainty of something previously believed or suspected to be the case

ANSWERS: 113. massive, 114. punishment, 115. horrific, 116. develop, 117. torture, 118. pneumatic, 119. develop, 120. confirm

121. prd to the next step	V.	to move forward or to continue with a process or action; to advance or progress
122. unaed e-mail	adj.	not responded to or explained
123. foreign poy	n.	a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
124. parte fully in conversation	<i>v</i> .	to take part in something
125. lah a spaceship into orbit	v.	to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time
126. criminal accon	n.	a statement or claim alleging that someone has committed a crime, offense, or wrongdoing; a charge or indictment made against someone
127. employment coct	n.	a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law
128. parte in the program	v.	to take part in something
129. the inon of new techniques	n.	the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing

ANSWERS: 121. proceed, 122. unanswered, 123. policy, 124. participate, 125. launch, 126. accusation, 127. contract, 128. participate, 129. invention

130. grt a new license	<i>v</i> .	to agree to give or allow somebody
131. ser a rope	v.	to break or separate something by cutting, especially suddenly and forcibly
132. he confessed drally	adv.	in a very impressive manner
133. police coer	n.	a person who holds authority or control over a group or organization, particularly in a military, naval, or aerospace context; an official in charge of a particular aspect of operations, such as a commander of a ship or a commander of the air force
134. a China-based joust	n.	a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media
135. hah climate	adj.	severe and unkind; extremely tough and unpleasant to inhabit
136. conte a leadership	v.	to make something more vital, more solid, or more certain
137. a subordinate kim	n.	the country ruled by a king or queen
138. r_b a glass window	v.	to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure
139. the problem of drug abe	n.	the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
140. awd ceremony	n.	a prize or other mark of recognition given in honor of an achievement
141. und account	adj.	not yet paid; without payment

ANSWERS: 130. grant, 131. sever, 132. dramatically, 133. commander, 134. journalist, 135. harsh, 136. consolidate, 137. kingdom, 138. rub, 139. abuse, 140. award, 141. unpaid

142. incble ideas	adj. ha	rd to imagine or believe
143. te pressure	to soi (nc arc pro	become weary or fatigued, often due physical or mental exertion; to cause meone to feel weary or fatigued; oun) a rubber covering that is placed ound the rim of a wheel, which ovides traction and absorbs shock hile driving
144. dee independence		say, state, or announce something early, officially, or publicly
145. hoic experience		using horror or disgust; gruesome d terrifying
146. elt the school board	po	choose someone for a specific sition by voting for them; to decide or oose to do something
147. an opne remark	sui	itable or happening at a time that is itable or convenient for a particular irpose
148. comon appointed by the government	rec off go	formal instruction, command, or quest given to a person or group; an ficial group of people entrusted by a overnment or other official body to introl or enforce something
149. unt the market leader	au	remove or depose from a position of thority or power; to dislodge or throw om a seat or saddle
150. tery in charge	n. an sta	area under the control of a ruler or ate
151. grt a land	v. to	agree to give or allow somebody

ANSWERS: 142. inconceivable, 143. tire, 144. declare, 145. horrific, 146. elect, 147. opportune, 148. commission, 149. unseat, 150. territory, 151. grant

152. widad fear of nuclear war	adj.	existing or happening in various places or among many people
153. botanical ext	n.	a short passage taken from a book, piece of music, etc.; a substance obtained from something through a specific process; (verb) to obtain from something or to remove something by effort or force
154. ht a job	v.	to go after and try to catch wild animals to kill them for food, sport, or profit
155. coct law	n.	a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law
156. military cp	n.	a sudden, violent, and illegal seizure of power from a government; an impressive or successful action or achievement
157. a scanty hat	n.	yields of plants in a single growing season; the period of the year when gathering occurs on a farm
158. ammon depot	n.	supplies, such as bullets or shells, used by armed forces
159. war It	v.	steal goods from a place or person, typically during a war or riot; (noun) steal goods from a place or person, typically using force, especially in times of war or civil disorder
160. indnce ceremony	n.	freedom from another's or others' control or influence

ANSWERS: 152. widespread, 153. extract, 154. hunt, 155. contract, 156. coup, 157. harvest, 158. ammunition, 159. loot, 160. independence

161. sle a tomato thin	n.	a flat, often thin, piece of bread, meat, cheese, etc., that has been cut from a larger piece; a wound made by cutting
162. majority of his weh	n.	a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
163. widad use	adj.	existing or happening in various places or among many people
164. vl instrument	n.	a stringed instrument, typically with six strings and frets, played with a bow, also called a viola da gamba
165. a coy of bacteria	n.	a country or an area that is governed by a more powerful country that is often far away
166. team of exers	n.	a person who travels to places where no one or few people have been before to find out what is there
167. ace a new company	v.	to buy or obtain something such as an asset, object, knowledge, etc., for oneself
168. religious proon	n.	a group of people or vehicles moving in an orderly, ceremonial manner, often for a religious or official purpose
169. ser a positive relationship	<i>v</i> .	to break or separate something by cutting, especially suddenly and forcibly
170. conte his debt	v.	to make something more vital, more solid, or more certain
171. the height of a pe	n.	a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money

ANSWERS: 161. slice, 162. wealth, 163. widespread, 164. viol, 165. colony, 166. explorer, 167. acquire, 168. procession, 169. sever, 170. consolidate, 171. pile

172. compulsory exon	n.	the act or process of carrying out a plan, order, or course of action; the act or process of carrying out the death penalty
173. cold-blooded atty	n.	brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act
174. enh a gas with a balloon	v.	to make better or improve in quality by adding something else
175. resce to insulin	n.	the act of defending oneself from an aggressor or refusing to accept something
176. proon of cars	n.	a group of people or vehicles moving in an orderly, ceremonial manner, often for a religious or official purpose
177. victim of sexual abe	n.	the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
178. under supon	n.	the act or process of overseeing or directing the work or performance of others
179. punnt for a crime	n.	a penalty or consequence inflicted for wrongdoing or offense; a means of enforcing discipline or preventing further wrongdoing
180. manual lar	n.	productive work, especially physical work done for wages; the people who do manual or physical work in a country or company for wage; (verb) to work hard or to strive and make an effort to reach a goal

ANSWERS: 172. execution, 173. atrocity, 174. enrich, 175. resistance, 176. procession, 177. abuse, 178. supervision, 179. punishment, 180. labor

181. commit atty	n.	brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act
182. cote closely in various ways	v.	to work together with one or more people or organizations to achieve a goal
183. wis of the car accident	n.	a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident
184. dee others of profit	ν.	to take away something from someone
185. financial devon	n.	the act of causing great destruction or damage, often on a large scale
186. devon to life	n.	the act of causing great destruction or damage, often on a large scale
187. an import qua	n.	a limited amount or share of something assigned or allocated; a restriction on the number of people or goods that can enter or leave a country
188. com a transaction	v.	to support or establish the truth or certainty of something previously believed or suspected to be the case
189. nuus countries	adj.	amounting to a large indefinite number
190. beg to a group	v.	to be the property of someone or something; to be a member or part of a group; to be in the proper or appropriate place
191. global climate try	n.	a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities
192. participation awd	n.	a prize or other mark of recognition given in honor of an achievement

ANSWERS: 181. atrocity, 182. cooperate, 183. witness, 184. deprive, 185. devastation, 186. devastation, 187. quota, 188. confirm, 189. numerous, 190. belong, 191. treaty, 192. award

193. die of staon	n. a severe lack of food that leads to malnutrition and, ultimately, death
194. govnt bureaucracy	<i>n.</i> the group of people with authority to control a country or state
195. trl community	<i>adj.</i> relating to a social group or tribe, especially a preliterate society
196. clm responsibility	 v. to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
197. upd a tradition	 v. to turn or flip over; to overthrow or up the established order
198. ree a request	 v. to show that one is not willing to do o accept something
199. mae stars	adj. enormous amount; very heavy and se
200. a sle of the company's revenue	 <i>n</i>. a flat, often thin, piece of bread, mean cheese, etc., that has been cut from a larger piece; a wound made by cutting
201. beg to different species	 v. to be the property of someone or something; to be a member or part of group; to be in the proper or appropri place
202. reap a hat	 n. yields of plants in a single growing season; the period of the year when gathering occurs on a farm
203. the comon of murder	 n. a formal instruction, command, or request given to a person or group; a official group of people entrusted by a government or other official body to control or enforce something

ANSWERS: 193. starvation, 194. government, 195. tribal, 196. claim, 197. upend, 198. refuse, 199. massive, 200. slice, 201. belong, 202. harvest, 203. commission

204. the con at the end of the sentence	n.	the punctuation mark (:) used to introduce a list, summary, explanation, etc., or before reporting what someone has said; a significant part of the large intestine, the final section of the digestive system
205. ree the company	V.	to show that one is not willing to do or accept something
206. dey the ecosystem	v.	to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
207. dee my love	ν.	to say, state, or announce something clearly, officially, or publicly
208. resce movement	n.	the act of defending oneself from an aggressor or refusing to accept something
209. a magnt mountain	adj.	extremely beautiful and impressive; grand or noble in thought or deed
210. the ban of the Great Salt Lake	n.	a natural depression or valley that is circular or oval on the surface of the earth, especially one that has water in it; a container with a bowl form that is typically used to hold food or liquids
211. apt the day	v.	to give someone a job or role, especially as a public official or member of an organization; to arrange or decide on a time or a place
212. expel a diat	n.	a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations

ANSWERS: 204. colon, 205. refuse, 206. destroy, 207. declare, 208. resistance, 209. magnificent, 210. basin, 211. appoint, 212. diplomat

213. unfng commitment	adj.	not showing fear or hesitation in the face of danger or adversity; steadfast and resolute
214. apt members	v.	to give someone a job or role, especially as a public official or member of an organization; to arrange or decide on a time or a place
215. a brief ext from the book	n.	a short passage taken from a book, piece of music, etc.; a substance obtained from something through a specific process; (verb) to obtain from something or to remove something by effort or force
216. repon for damages	n.	the act of repairing or making amends for damage, harm, or injury caused to someone or something
217. the inland of a cont	n.	one of the earth's large landmasses; (adjective) abstaining from your feelings, especially your desire to have sex
218. ve of ore	n.	a climbing plant that produces grapes; any plant with a growth habit of trailing or climbing stems
219. und leave	adj.	not yet paid; without payment
220. but train	n.	a metal projectile that is shot from a gun
221. group of rels	n.	someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it
222. exercise ree	n.	the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit

ANSWERS: 213. unflinching, 214. appoint, 215. extract, 216. reparation, 217. continent, 218. vine, 219. unpaid, 220. bullet, 221. rebel, 222. regime

223. te my patience	v.	to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued; (noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving
224. person of det	n.	the act of deceiving or misleading someone, often for personal or selfish gain; a practice or behavior intended to mislead or misrepresent the truth
225. may of nature	n.	regal or royal dignity; grandeur or greatness
226. relsh control	ν.	to give up power, control, or possession
227. ext a security hole	ν.	to make full use of and gain an advantage from resources, opportunities, etc.
228. allied diat	n.	a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations
229. tg basket	n.	a small, thin, flexible branch or shoot of a tree or shrub; a slender, fragile, or delicate object or individual
230. ace knowledge	v.	to buy or obtain something such as an asset, object, knowledge, etc., for oneself
231. ammon storage	n.	supplies, such as bullets or shells, used by armed forces

ANSWERS: 223. tire, 224. deceit, 225. majesty, 226. relinquish, 227. exploit, 228. diplomat, 229. twig, 230. acquire, 231. ammunition

232. material weh	n.	a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
233. frc area	n.	the currency used in some countries, including Switzerland, France, and formerly Belgium
234. pede enough people	v.	to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion
235. the characters that rent numbers	v.	to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
236. enh public services	v.	to make better or improve in quality by adding something else
237. coer in chief	n.	a person who holds authority or control over a group or organization, particularly in a military, naval, or aerospace context; an official in charge of a particular aspect of operations, such as a commander of a ship or a commander of the air force
238. a sle trader	n.	a person who is, either legally or illegally, owned by someone; a person entirely dominated by some influence or a person
239. cp plotters	n.	a sudden, violent, and illegal seizure of power from a government; an impressive or successful action or achievement

ANSWERS: 232. wealth, 233. franc, 234. persuade, 235. represent, 236. enrich, 237. commander, 238. slave, 239. coup

240. con examination	n.	the punctuation mark (:) used to introduce a list, summary, explanation, etc., or before reporting what someone has said; a significant part of the large intestine, the final section of the digestive system
241. die prevention	n.	a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
242. opne occasion	adj.	suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose
243. dee him of his status	v.	to take away something from someone
244. a polar exer	n.	a person who travels to places where no one or few people have been before to find out what is there

ANSWERS: 240. colon, 241. disease, 242. opportune, 243. deprive, 244. explorer

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. A popular uprising led to the overthrow of the _____.
- *n.* a political leader who has complete power over a country, especially one who has obtained control by force
- 2. After a thorough investigation, she has been named as the _____ suspect. *adj.* main or most important; basic
- 3. The manufacturing industry is ______ fierce competition.
- *n.* a person who sees something happen, especially a crime or an accident
- 4. Mining is a _____ source of income for the country.

adj. most important or primary; (noun) a person who is in charge

- 5. The _____ occasionally preaches at this church.
- *n.* a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department
- 6. The dictator was known for his _____ and oppressive regime.
- *adj.* feeling or showing pleasure in causing pain or suffering to others
- 7. The military ______ led their troops into battle with precision and strategic planning.
- *n.* a person who holds authority or control over a group or organization, particularly in a military, naval, or aerospace context; an official in charge of a particular aspect of operations, such as a commander of a ship or a commander of the air force
- 8. The children complained because one _____ of cake was slightly larger than the other.
- *n.* a flat, often thin, piece of bread, meat, cheese, etc., that has been cut from a larger piece; a wound made by cutting

ANSWERS: 1. dictator, 2. prime, 3. witnessing, 4. chief, 5. minister, 6. cruel, 7. commander, 8. slice

- 9. The _____ leaders gathered for a summit to discuss important issues.
- *adj.* relating to a social group or tribe, especially a preliterate society
- 10. You should work hard but not be a _____ to it.
- *n*. a person who is, either legally or illegally, owned by someone; a person entirely dominated by some influence or a person
- 11. The politician's _____ was exposed when leaked emails revealed he had accepted lobbyists' bribes.
- *n.* the act of deceiving or misleading someone, often for personal or selfish gain; a practice or behavior intended to mislead or misrepresent the truth
- 12. The bill to increase the consumption tax had passed despite much ______ from the public.
- *n.* the act of defending oneself from an aggressor or refusing to accept something
- 13. The king's ______ was apparent in his elegant attire and powerful presence.
- *n.* regal or royal dignity; grandeur or greatness
- 14. By remaining neutral, this _____ continued to exist.
- *n.* the country ruled by a king or queen
- 15. After the party, they had to clean up _____ of dirty dishes.
- *n.* a collection of objects positioned one on top of another; a large sum of something, such as money
- 16. These descriptions are based on a number of ______ assumptions. *adj.* amounting to a large indefinite number
- ANSWERS: 9. tribal, 10. slave, 11. deceit, 12. resistance, 13. majesty, 14. kingdom, 15. piles, 16. numerous

- 17. Many of the lakes and marshes in the _____ are mildly salty.
- *n.* a natural depression or valley that is circular or oval on the surface of the earth, especially one that has water in it; a container with a bowl form that is typically used to hold food or liquids
- 18. You cannot accomplish great things without a _____ of your time or money.
- *n*. the act of killing an animal or person or surrendering a possession as an offering to a deity; (verb) to give up something important or valuable to help another person or get or do something that seems more important
- 19. The chairperson _____ him the right to speak.
- v. to agree to give or allow somebody
- 20. He won the _____ for best actor at the film festival.
- *n.* a prize or other mark of recognition given in honor of an achievement
- 21. The two countries signed a _____ to establish peaceful relations.
- *n.* a formal agreement or pact between two or more countries or other international entities
- 22. Hounds _____ their prey by using their keen scent.
- *v.* to go after and try to catch wild animals to kill them for food, sport, or profit
- 23. The majority of students actively ______ in the college's intramural sports program.
 - *v.* to take part in something
- 24. At this ceremony, We will _____ allegiance to the country's flag.
- *v.* to make a formal promise to give or do something

ANSWERS: 17. basin, 18. sacrifice, 19. granted, 20. award, 21. treaty, 22. hunt, 23. participated, 24. pledge

- 25. She tried to ______ her brother to join her on the trip, but he was too busy with work.
 - *v.* to convince or induce someone to do something by presenting a reason or argument; to sway or influence someone's decision or opinion
- 26. The company's new _____ on remote work has made it a more inclusive workplace.
- *n*. a set of rules, guidelines, principles, or procedures that govern decision-making or action, often used in the context of business or government; a course of action or plan of action adopted or followed by an organization or individual to achieve a goal or objective
- 27. The police arrested them for committing insurance _____.
- *n.* the crime of gaining money or financial benefits by deceiving people; a person who makes deceitful pretenses
- 28. The company offered financial ______ to those affected by their faulty product.
- *n.* the act of repairing or making amends for damage, harm, or injury caused to someone or something
- 29. The court ______ a guardian for the child.
- *v.* to give someone a job or role, especially as a public official or member of an organization; to arrange or decide on a time or a place
- 30. This intriguing _____ mystery remains unsolved.
- *n.* the crime of killing somebody intentionally
- 31. The _____ player was rehearsing for an upcoming concert.
- *n*. a stringed instrument, typically with six strings and frets, played with a bow, also called a viola da gamba

ANSWERS: 25. persuade, 26. policy, 27. fraud, 28. reparations, 29. appointed, 30. murder, 31. viol

- 32. Our company has an audit team that monitors directors for _____ of authority.
- *n.* the use of something in an incorrect or harmful manner
- 33. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.
- *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
- 34. During the colonial period, several African nations used the _____ as their currency due to the influence of France.
- *n.* the currency used in some countries, including Switzerland, France, and formerly Belgium
- 35. They incorporated the conquered ______ into their nation.
 - *n.* an area under the control of a ruler or state
- 36. The funeral _______ slowly made its way to the cemetery.
- *n.* a group of people or vehicles moving in an orderly, ceremonial manner, often for a religious or official purpose
- 37. We need to ______ the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.
- *v.* to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
- 38. Reading not only increases knowledge but also ______ life.
- v. to make better or improve in quality by adding something else
- 39. The two universities will ______ in July next year.
- v. to make something more vital, more solid, or more certain

ANSWERS: 32. abuse, 33. wealth, 34. franc, 35. territory, 36. procession, 37. separate, 38. enriches, 39. consolidate

- 40. In medieval times, death punishment was _____ and socially accepted.
- adj. existing or happening in various places or among many people
- 41. Push the button and let the water _____ away.
- *v.* to empty or dry something by removing the liquid from it
- 42. The ______ of the war left many children orphaned.
- *n.* brutal act; an extremely wicked or cruel act
- 43. The sudden news ______ their plans for the weekend.
- *v.* to turn or flip over; to overthrow or upset the established order
- 44. The bandits ______ the small town, leaving it in ruins.
 - steal goods from a place or person, typically during a war or riot; (noun) steal goods from a place or person, typically using force, especially in times of war or civil disorder
- 45. Local business owners ______ to find skilled workers.
- v. to move or climb quickly and awkwardly, often using your hands to help you
- 46. He has the superpower to _____ a business opportunity.
- *v.* to catch or take hold of someone or something suddenly and forcibly; to capture the attention or imagination of something
- 47. The prime minister faced _____ criticism.
- *adj.* severe and unkind; extremely tough and unpleasant to inhabit
- 48. _____ is the foundation of our economy.
- *n.* the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock

ANSWERS: 40. widespread, 41. drain, 42. atrocity, 43. upended, 44. looted, 45. scrambled, 46. seize, 47. harsh, 48. Agriculture

- 49. The stray _____ went through the window and hit the wall.
- *n.* a metal projectile that is shot from a gun
- 50. Consumption of vegetables may aid in the prevention of _____ cancer.
- *n.* the punctuation mark (:) used to introduce a list, summary, explanation, etc., or before reporting what someone has said; a significant part of the large intestine, the final section of the digestive system
- 51. The doctor diagnosed him with a rare _____ that had no known cure.
 - *n.* a disorder or illness that affects the body or mind, often characterized by specific symptoms or abnormal functioning of organs or systems
- 52. Children _____ language at a fantastic rate.
 - v. to buy or obtain something such as an asset, object, knowledge, etc., for oneself
- 53. She was put in charge of the project and had full ______ over the team.
- *n.* the act or process of overseeing or directing the work or performance of others
- 54. Flight across the _____ was a daring adventure in its day.
- *n.* one of the earth's large landmasses; (adjective) abstaining from your feelings, especially your desire to have sex
- 55. She hired an _____ to kill her opponent.
- *n.* a person who murders a prominent or well-known person for political reasons or in exchange for money
- 56. The ______ fought against the government for their independence.
- *n.* someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it

ANSWERS: 49. bullet, 50. colon, 51. disease, 52. acquire, 53. supervision, 54. continent, 55. assassin, 56. rebels

- 57. The drought led to widespread ______ in the region.
- *n.* a severe lack of food that leads to malnutrition and, ultimately, death
- 58. We elected him to ______ us at the international conference.
- *v*. to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
- 59. Use italics or capitals to ______ a word in a piece of writing.
- *v.* to give or show particular importance to something
- 60. The ______ of the plan was flawless, resulting in a record-breaking profit for the company.
 - *n.* the act or process of carrying out a plan, order, or course of action; the act or process of carrying out the death penalty
- 61. The senior ______ worked tirelessly to negotiate a peace treaty between the two countries.
 - *n.* a person appointed by a government to conduct diplomacy (= the management of relationships between countries) with one or more other countries or international organizations
- 62. I need to _____ out my dog with a long walk so that he will sleep through the night.
 - v. to become weary or fatigued, often due to physical or mental exertion; to cause someone to feel weary or fatigued; (noun) a rubber covering that is placed around the rim of a wheel, which provides traction and absorbs shock while driving
- 63. Each country was given a _____ for the fish they were allowed to catch.
- *n*. a limited amount or share of something assigned or allocated; a restriction on the number of people or goods that can enter or leave a country

ANSWERS: 57. starvation, 58. represent, 59. emphasize, 60. execution, 61. diplomat, 62. tire, 63. quota

- 64. He wants to _____ ownership of the abandoned property.
 - v. to assert that something is true; to demand or request something as one's own; to lay legal or moral right to something; (noun) a demand or assertion of a right or something that one believes to be true
- 65. The _____ declared its independence and became a republic.
- *n.* a country or an area that is governed by a more powerful country that is often far away
- 66. The soldiers were equipped with ample ______ for the battle.
- *n.* supplies, such as bullets or shells, used by armed forces
- 67. My initial reaction was to _____.
 - v. to show that one is not willing to do or accept something
- 68. The bird perched on a _____ and sang a beautiful melody.
- *n.* a small, thin, flexible branch or shoot of a tree or shrub; a slender, fragile, or delicate object or individual
- 69. Anesthetize the gum before ______ the teeth.
 - *n.* a short passage taken from a book, piece of music, etc.; a substance obtained from something through a specific process; (verb) to obtain from something or to remove something by effort or force
- 70. She gets a _____ on each contract.
- *n.* a formal instruction, command, or request given to a person or group; an official group of people entrusted by a government or other official body to control or enforce something
- 71. A _____ remains productive throughout the year.
- *n*. a climbing plant that produces grapes; any plant with a growth habit of trailing or climbing stems

ANSWERS: 64. claim, 65. colony, 66. ammunition, 67. refuse, 68. twig, 69. extracting, 70. commission, 71. vine

- 72. The federal ______ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.
 - *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
- 73. The convenience store was the scene of a _____ last night.
- *n.* the taking of property or money from a person, business, or institution by force, threat, or intimidation; a crime that involves theft or stealing
- 74. Foreign TV crews and _____ can go as they please in various locations during the Olympics.
- *n.* a person who collects and writes news stories or articles for newspapers, magazines, radio, television, or other online media
- 75. He is a _____ man
- *adj.* having or showing excellent personal qualities or high moral principles that people admire
- 76. He was ______ of his freedom when sentenced to life in prison.
- v. to take away something from someone
- 77. In several countries, child _____ is a serious social problem.
- *n*. productive work, especially physical work done for wages; the people who do manual or physical work in a country or company for wage; (verb) to work hard or to strive and make an effort to reach a goal
- 78. She ______ the sore spot on her leg to ease the pain.
- v. to move one's hand or an object over the surface of something with pressure
- 79. The phone rang at the most ______ time.
- *adj.* suitable or happening at a time that is suitable or convenient for a particular purpose

ANSWERS: 72. government, 73. robbery, 74. journalists, 75. noble-minded, 76. deprived, 77. labor, 78. rubbed, 79. opportune

- 80. The committee ______ several apparent inconsistencies.
 - v. to conduct a systematic or formal inquiry to identify and evaluate the facts of a crime, problem, statement, etc. to establish the truth
- 81. Please write to _____ your reservation.
- *v.* to support or establish the truth or certainty of something previously believed or suspected to be the case
- 82. The police are investigating the _____ that destroyed the abandoned building.
 - *n.* the criminal act of deliberately setting fire to property or buildings
- 83. The company signed a ______ with the supplier for the delivery of goods.
- *n*. a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law
- 84. The eyewitness testimony ______ the suspect's alibi.
- *v.* to confirm or support something that has already been suggested, particularly by providing evidence or witness testimony
- 85. The team had to ______ to complete the project on time.
- *v.* to work together with one or more people or organizations to achieve a goal
- 86. The recent economic downturn has resulted in _____ layoffs.
- adj. enormous amount; very heavy and solid
- 87. We can now ______ with the next item on our agenda.
- *v.* to move forward or to continue with a process or action; to advance or progress
- 88. The witness ______ the defendant of committing the robbery.
 - v. to charge or criticize someone with a crime or wrongdoing

ANSWERS: 80. investigated, 81. confirm, 82. arson, 83. contract, 84. corroborated, 85. cooperate, 86. massive, 87. proceed, 88. accused

- 89. Witness ______ backed up the defendant's claims.
- *n.* a formal written or spoken statement that something is true, especially one given in court; something that serves as evidence
- 90. The ______ of theft was unfounded, and the suspect was eventually cleared of all charges.
- *n.* a statement or claim alleging that someone has committed a crime, offense, or wrongdoing; a charge or indictment made against someone
- 91. The opposition party tries to _____ the ruling government in the upcoming elections.
 - *v.* to remove or depose from a position of authority or power; to dislodge or throw from a seat or saddle

92. Every five years, the provincial governors are _____.

- *v.* to choose someone for a specific position by voting for them; to decide or choose to do something
- 93. Necessity is the mother of _____.
- *n.* the creation of a new device or process resulting from study and experimentation; the act of inventing
- 94. The mechanic used a ______ drill to repair the engine.
 - *adj.* relating to or using air or gas under pressure, particularly in machinery or devices; operated by compressed air or gas
- 95. Some employees claim they were simply _____.
- adj. not yet paid; without payment
- 96. The company is set to _____ its new product line next month.
 - v. to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time

ANSWERS: 89. testimony, 90. accusation, 91. unseat, 92. elected, 93. invention, 94. pneumatic, 95. unpaid, 96. launch

- 97. We must ______ a new system to streamline our workflow and increase efficiency.
 - v. to grow or expand; to improve or refine through a process of progress and refinement, often to achieve greater sophistication or complexity; to elaborate or add detail to something that is in the process of being created
- 98. Totalitarian ______ are less likely to innovate because they deprive individuals of economic incentives.
- *n.* the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit
- 99. His ______ courage in the face of danger was impressive.
 - *adj.* not showing fear or hesitation in the face of danger or adversity; steadfast and resolute
- 100. The economic recession caused ______ in the housing market, with many people losing their homes.
- *n.* the act of causing great destruction or damage, often on a large scale
- 101. The magician's illusions were designed to ______ the audience into believing they saw something impossible.
 - *v.* to cause someone to believe something that is not true, often by telling a lie or creating a false impression
- 102. The prime minister was arrested and charged with treason after he was found to be involved in the _____.
- *n.* a sudden, violent, and illegal seizure of power from a government; an impressive or successful action or achievement
- 103. Life expectancy has grown ______ this century.
- *adv.* in a very impressive manner

ANSWERS: 97. develop, 98. regimes, 99. unflinching, 100. devastation, 101. deceive, 102. coup, 103. dramatically

104. Pardon me for leaving some of your questions _____.

- *adj.* not responded to or explained
- 105. During ______ farmers are incredibly busy.
- *n.* yields of plants in a single growing season; the period of the year when gathering occurs on a farm
- 106. He ______ a branch from a tree quickly.
- *v.* to break or separate something by cutting, especially suddenly and forcibly
- 107. The building was ______ in the fire and had to be rebuilt.
- v. to ruin or damage severely or completely; to eradicate or eliminate completely
- 108. She decided to ______ her role as the leader of the group.
- v. to give up power, control, or possession
- 109. Aboriginal people killed the _____ who entered the sacred land for them.
- *n*. a person who travels to places where no one or few people have been before to find out what is there
- 110. Foreign goods from abroad must be ______ to customs when entering a country.
 - *v.* to say, state, or announce something clearly, officially, or publicly
- 111. All the books in this section ______ to the library's rare collection and must be handled carefully.
- v. to be the property of someone or something; to be a member or part of a group; to be in the proper or appropriate place

ANSWERS: 104. unanswered, 105. harvest, 106. severed, 107. destroyed, 108. relinquish, 109. explorer, 110. declared, 111. belong

- 112. The use of ______ is strictly prohibited under international law.
- *n.* the act of causing intense pain or suffering to someone to punish them, extract information from them, or for some other reason
- 113. The judge gave severe ______ to the criminal who committed the heinous crime.
- *n.* a penalty or consequence inflicted for wrongdoing or offense; a means of enforcing discipline or preventing further wrongdoing
- 114. The city has a rich ______ history, with many historic buildings and landmarks.
- *adj.* of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony
- 115. There is nothing more valuable than _____ and freedom.
- *n.* freedom from another's or others' control or influence
- 116. The lawyer was reinstated after paying the _____.
- *n.* a punishment for violating a law, rule, or contract
- 117. It would be ______ for him to alter his behavior.
- adj. hard to imagine or believe
- 118. The police stopped the suspicious person and asked him to give his name, address, and _____.
- *n.* a person's job or profession; the act of taking possession
- 119. We ______ our mining resources to strengthen our national power.
- *v.* to make full use of and gain an advantage from resources, opportunities, etc.

ANSWERS: 112. torture, 113. punishment, 114. colonial, 115. independence, 116. penalty, 117. inconceivable, 118. occupation, 119. exploit

- 120. The accident scene was ______ with bodies and debris scattered everywhere.
 - adj. causing horror or disgust; gruesome and terrifying
- 121. The stone ______ was built to commemorate the war heroes.
- *n.* a statue, building, or other structure erected to commemorate a person or event
- 122. The ______ scene of the glacier is awe-inspiring.
- adj. extremely beautiful and impressive; grand or noble in thought or deed

ANSWERS: 120. horrific, 121. monument, 122. magnificent