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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Timothy Williams: Ugly History: Cambodian Genocide | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/timothy_williams_ugly_hist ory_cambodian_genocide



All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

communist	 adj. relating to or supporting the political ideology of communism (= a form of socialism that abolishes private ownership) synonym: socialist, marxist, leninist
	 (1) communist party, (2) communist activist During the Cold War, many countries feared the spread of communist ideology.
fist	 n. a hand with the fingers clenched tightly into the palm to form a hard rounded shape; an act of striking someone or something with the fist synonym: clenched hand, knuckles, mitt
	(1) tight fist , (2) raise a fist
	The boxer clenched his fist before throwing a punch.
perpetrate	 v. to commit or carry out a harmful or illegal act, particularly one that involves violence or deception; to be responsible for the creation or continuation of a negative situation synonym: commit, perform, execute
	(1) perpetrate harassment, (2) perpetrate a fraud
	The criminal decided to perpetrate another robbery despite his previous arrest.

genocide	 n. the intentional killing of a large group of people, especially those of a particular ethnic group or nation synonym: mass murder, extermination, annihilation
	(1) genocide victims, (2) genocide resolution
	The international community condemned the genocide in the country.
roughly	<i>adv.</i> approximately but not precisely; with a violent manner <i>synonym</i> : approximately, more or less, around
	(1) roughly explain my idea, (2) roughly speaking
	Five miles is roughly similar to eight kilometers.
execute	 v. to kill someone, especially as a legal punishment; to carry out or perform an action, duty, etc. synonym: direct, conduct, enforce
	(1) execute a bold strategy, (2) execute a double play
	The mafioso who collaborated with the police was executed .
suspect	<i>v.</i> to consider anything to be actual or probable <i>synonym</i> : assume, distrust, surmise
	(1) suspect a plot, (2) suspect that he is sick
	The cops suspected him of being the killer.
ethnicity	 n. the cultural characteristics of a particular group, such as language, religion, and traditions, that distinguish them from other groups synonym: race, culture, heritage
	(1) with respect to ethnicity , (2) based on their ethnicity
	The company has a diverse workforce representing different
	ethnicity and backgrounds.
regime	<i>n.</i> the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit
	synonym: administration, establishment, government
	(1) a puppet regime , (2) exercise regime
	Totalitarian regimes are less likely to innovate because they

deprive individuals of economic incentives.

individual	 <i>n.</i> a single person or thing, as distinct from a group <i>synonym</i>: person, being, self
	(1) a private individual, (2) individual freedom
	As an individual , he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.
execution	 n. the act or process of carrying out a plan, order, or course of action; the act or process of carrying out the death penalty synonym: carrying out, implementation, completion
	(1) compulsory execution , (2) execution by injection
	The execution of the plan was flawless, resulting in a record-breaking profit for the company.
starvation	<i>n.</i> a severe lack of food that leads to malnutrition and, ultimately, death
	synonym: hunger, malnutrition, emaciation
	(1) die of starvation , (2) starvation wages
	The drought led to widespread starvation in the region.
exhaustion	<i>n.</i> the state of being extremely tired and lacking energy or strength
	synonym: fatigue, weariness, tiredness
	(1) exhaustion of energy, (2) emotional exhaustion
	The long work hours were taking a toll on her mental
	exhaustion.
overwork	 v. to work excessively hard or too much; the condition of working excessively or beyond one's capacity, leading to fatigue, stress, and illness synonym: overdo, overtax, exhaust
	(1) die from overwork , (2) overwork to compensate
	He overworked himself and ended up getting sick.

turmoil	 n. a state of great disturbance, confusion, or uncertainty, often marked by intense activity or strong emotions synonym: chaos, confusion, disorder
	(1) political turmoil , (2) the turmoil of the war
	The company experienced financial turmoil after the CEO was arrested.
monarch	<i>n.</i> a person who rules a country, such as a king or queen <i>synonym</i> : ruler, sovereign, majesty
	(1) an absolute monarch , (2) monarch butterflies
	She came from a commoner background but eventually became the monarch of that country.
negotiate	 v. to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement
	synonym: discuss, mediate, bargain
	 (1) negotiate a settlement, (2) negotiate the price of the house
	We are always happy to negotiate a discount.
independence	<i>n.</i> freedom from another's or others' control or influence <i>synonym</i> : freedom, liberty, autonomy
	(1) financial independence , (2) independence ceremony There is nothing more valuable than independence and freedom.
colonial	 adj. of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony synonym: imperial, immigrant, gregarious
	(1) oppressive colonial rule, (2) colonial style
	The city has a rich colonial history, with many historic
	buildings and landmarks.
strict	 adj. strongly limiting someone's freedom; allowing no deviation from a standard, rule, belief, etc. synonym: rigorous, inflexible, relentless

	 (1) strict compliance regime, (2) in strict secrecy Too strict a regulation for the private sector will stifle innovation.
provoke	 v. to stimulate or give rise to a particular reaction or have a particular effect synonym: stimulate, incite, encourage
	(1) provoke a disease, (2) provoke a reaction
	Her behavior provoked a quarrel between the couple.
friction	 n. the force that opposes motion between two objects in contact, especially by producing heat and wear, and is proportional to the normal force between the objects synonym: rub, scrape, resistance
	(1) friction force, (2) surface friction
	The friction between the two countries was causing tension.
militant	<i>n.</i> willing to use force or violence to achieve a political or social goal
	synonym: combative, aggressive, bellicose
	(1) militant nations, (2) a militant reformer
	The militant group launched a series of attacks on
	government buildings.
rebel	 n. someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it
	synonym: insurgent, dissenter, mutineer
	(1) rebel uprising, (2) group of rebels
	The rebels fought against the government for their independence.
opposed	 adj. being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something synonym: anti, averse, hostile
	(1) two opposed characters, (2) absolutely opposed to abortion

I'm strongly **opposed** to that plan.

overthrow	 v. to defeat or remove a leader or a government from a position of power by force synonym: defeat, destroy, conquer (1) overthrow the government, (2) overthrow the theory The group aims to overthrow the military regime.
unstable	<i>adj.</i> lacking solidity, persistence, or firmness and therefore not strong, safe, or likely to continue; lacking control of one's emotions
	synonym: shaky, unbalanced, inconsistent
	(1) mentally unstable , (2) unstable weather
	The tower proved to be unstable in the high wind.
complicated	 adj. involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze synonym: complex, convoluted, intricate
	(1) a complicated process, (2) become increasingly complicated
	He did complicated pen-and-ink drawings in just a few days.
rage	<i>n.</i> a strong feeling of anger or violence <i>synonym</i> : fury, anger, outrage
	(1) uncontrollable rage , (2) fall into a rage
	She was filled with a burning rage at the injustice she had witnessed.
troop	 <i>n</i>. a group of soldiers, especially a large one; a group of people, animals, or things considered as a unit. <i>synonym</i>: group, unit, band
	(1) the members of a military troop , (2) a troop of deer
	The troop of soldiers marched through the city in a parade.
neutral	adj. not helping or assisting either side in a conflict, argument, etc.
	synonym: impartial, uninvolved, halfhearted

	(1) permanently neutral country, (2) neutral colorsA legislative speaker should always be neutral.
prime	<i>adj.</i> main or most important; basic <i>synonym</i> : excellent, exceptional, premium
	(1) prime number, (2) deputy prime minister
	After a thorough investigation, she has been named as the prime suspect.
minister	 <i>n</i>. a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department <i>synonym</i>: bishop, official, ambassador
	• •
	(1) Minister for Education, (2) deputy prime ministerThe minister occasionally preaches at this church.
bomb	 a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something synonym: missile, explosive, ammunition
	(1) atomic bombs , (2) disarm the bomb
	The use of cluster bombs is strictly prohibited by international law.
regain	v. to get something back or recover something after it has been lost or taken away
	synonym: recover, reclaim, retrieve
	(1) regain our reputation, (2) regain my health
	After years of hard work, he finally regained his financial stability.
nation	<i>n.</i> a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
	synonym: country, state, sovereign entity
	(1) nation-state, (2) a seafaring nation
	The nation of Japan is known for its unique culture and
	advanced technology.

classless	 adj. lacking in social or economic classes; not differentiated by social status, rank, or privilege synonym: egalitarian, unstructured, equal
	(1) classless culture, (2) classless education
	In a truly classless society, everyone would have equal
	opportunities and resources.
capitalism	 an economic system based on the private ownership of the means of production and their operation for profit synonym: commercialism
	(1) advance capitalism , (2) under the umbrella of capitalism
	Capitalism also guarantees intellectual property rights and thus promotes innovation.
imp	 n. a mischievous or misbehaving child; a small and mischievous demon or sprite in folklore synonym: demon, sprite, mischievous child
	(1) a little imp , (2) behave like an imp
	The mischievous imp caused trouble wherever it went.
self-sufficient	adj. able to provide for one's own needs without assistance from others
	synonym: independent, self-reliant, self-sustaining
	 self-sufficient economy, (2) self-sufficient renewable energy
	He was determined to become self-sufficient and not rely on
	anyone else.
represent	 v. to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute synonym: depict, express, describe
	 (1) represent by a diagram, (2) the characters that represent numbers
	We elected him to represent us at the international conference.

government	<i>n.</i> the group of people with authority to control a country or state
	synonym: administration, regime, state
	(1) government bureaucracy, (2) government funding
	The federal government is planning to increase taxes for the
	next fiscal year.
destructive	<i>adj.</i> causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
	synonym: destroying, harmful, disastrous
	 lead to destructive behavior, (2) a habit destructive to health
	It was the most destructive storm in decades.
encourage	 v. to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do
	synonym: facilitate, persuade, stimulate
	(1) encourage a sense of affinity, (2) encourage antisocial behavior
	They encouraged customers with a premium for loyal patronage.
eventually	 adv. finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on synonym: finally, someday, ultimately
	(1) eventually become obsolete, (2) eventually succeed
	The corporation eventually dominated the entire tobacco
	business.
erupt	 v. (of a volcano) to become active and eject rocks, smoke, etc.; to start abruptly and violently synonym: eject, emit, burst
	(1) erupt in anger, (2) erupt into tears
	Battles between whites and blacks erupted immediately.
	Datios between whites and blacks crupted infinediately.

synonym: harsh, cruel, barbarous
(1) brutal bully, (2) brutal honesty
The brutal attack left the victim with serious injuries.
 <i>n</i>. a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals <i>synonym</i>: clash, discord, competition
(1) the conflict between good and evil, (2) the longstanding conflict
He and I often had conflicts, not only in personality but also in ideology.
 adj. involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something synonym: aggressive, intense, turbulent
(1) victim of a violent crime, (2) violent incident
The protesters became violent when the police tried to disperse them.
<i>v.</i> to bring under control by force or authority <i>synonym</i> : defeat, overpower, subdue
(1) conquer fatal disease, (2) conquer the world
You must conquer your anxiety about driving.
 v. to mentally connect someone or something with someone or something else synonym: tie in, link, consociate
(1) associate alcohol with gambling, (2) associate with people widely
The majority of consumers associate this brand with quality.
 v. to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc. synonym: deprive, undress, (noun) ribbon

	 (1) strip a tire off, (2) coast strip The doctor advised him to strip down for a check.
arrest	 v. to take into custody synonym: capture, detain, imprison (1) arrest the thief, (2) arrest the progress A police officer has the authority to arrest a criminal.
evacuate	 v. to remove people or things from a place of danger or threat; to leave or abandon a place or situation, often due to fear or risk synonym: empty, clear out, vacate
	(1) evacuate the building, (2) evacuate civilians The town was forced to evacuate due to the hurricane approaching.
resident	 <i>n</i>. a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place <i>synonym</i>: dweller, inhabitant, inhabitant (1) a resident of the city, (2) resident tax Visa renewal for resident foreigners in this country is once every five years.
abandon	 v. to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity <i>synonym</i>: relinquish, leave behind, disregard (1) abandon a friend, (2) abandon the practice
	The castle was abandoned several years later.
separate	 v. to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different synonym: disunite, isolate, ramify (1) separate video into chapter, (2) separate cream from milk
	We need to separate the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.

countless	<i>adj.</i> too numerous to be counted or very many <i>synonym</i> : innumerable, myriad, numerous
	(1) countless hours, (2) answer countless questions
	There are countless methods for dealing with stress.
property	<i>n.</i> a thing or things that belong to someone <i>synonym</i> : belongings, possessions, equity
	(1) a man of property , (2) chemical property
	He stood to inherit a million-dollar property .
religion	 n. a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny synonym: faith, creed, belief
	(1) religion sociology, (2) freedom of religion
	Their religion strictly prohibits them from drinking or
	gambling.
outlaw	 v. to make something illegal; (noun) a person who has committed a crime or has been legally convicted of a crime
	synonym: ban, prohibit, (noun) bandit
	(1) outlaw racial discrimination, (2) outlaw cloning of human cells
	Some communities began to outlaw alcohol consumption.
agriculture	<i>n.</i> the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
	synonym: farming, husbandry, agribusiness
	(1) organic agriculture , (2) intensive agriculture
	Agriculture is the foundation of our economy.
workforce	<i>n.</i> all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.
	synonym: labor pool, manpower
	(1) skilled workforce , (2) the workforce is on strike
	Many companies outsource and hire consultants to keep their

workforce flexible.

fulfill	v. to meet the requirements or expectations; to achieve or realize
	synonym: satisfy, complete, accomplish
	(1) fulfill a contract, (2) fulfill a lifetime dream
	It was the first time for her, but she fulfilled the role of Priest.
quota	 a limited amount or share of something assigned or allocated; a restriction on the number of people or goods that can enter or leave a country
	synonym: allotment, share, portion
	(1) an import quota , (2) admission quota
	Each country was given a quota for the fish they were allowed to catch.
prioritize	 v. to assign a higher level of importance to something compared to other things synonym: rank, order, arrange
	(1) prioritize tasks, (2) prioritize people over cars
	The organization prioritized the needs of the community in
	its decision-making.
malaria	<i>n.</i> a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
	(1) malaria mosquitoes, (2) malaria-endemic area
	Many people in tropical countries die from malaria every
	year.
malnutrition	 n. the condition of having an improper or inadequate diet, typically resulting in weakness, illness, and developmental problems; the state of being undernourished or lacking essential nutrients synonym: undernourishment, starvation, hunger
	(1) severe malnutrition, (2) childhood malnutrition
	The doctor advised the patient to eat a balanced diet to avoid malnutrition.

enforce	 v. to make sure that people obey a particular law, rule, or situation 			
	synonym: execute, implement, administer			
) enforce the law, (2) enforce a contract			
	Governments make rules, and police enforce them.			
paranoid	<i>adj.</i> unreasonably or obsessively believing that other people do not like you or want to harm you			
	(1) paranoid about issues, (2) paranoid disorder			
	A paranoid person may have delusions that people want to harm.			
internal	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to the inside of something <i>synonym</i> : interior, inner, domestic			
	(1) internal organs, (2) the internal economy			
	The prime minister canceled visits to other countries to			
	resolve internal disputes.			
sabotage	 n. the deliberate and malicious damage, destruction, or disruption of equipment, machinery, or other property, often by someone with a particular agenda or motive; the subversion of an organization or institution by secret agents or spies synonym: sabotage, subversion, destruction 			
	(1) act of sabotage , (2) sabotage mission			
	The sabotage of the factory's equipment caused significant			
	damage.			
revolution	 <i>n</i>. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war; <i>synonym</i>: coup, innovation, rebellion 			
	(1) beginning of the industrial revolution, (2) a political revolution			
	The revolution by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.			

arresting	 adj. attracting attention or interest; striking or impressive in appearance or effect; halting or stopping the movement or progress of something synonym: striking, impressive, captivating
	(1) an arresting image, (2) an arresting sight
	The painting's arresting beauty made it difficult to look away.
perceive	<i>v</i> . to become aware or conscious of something through the senses
	synonym: sense, discern, feel
	(1) perceive a threat, (2) perceive light
	Australia is widely perceived as having low levels of corruption.
brutality	 n. the quality or state of being cruel or savage synonym: cruelty, ferocity, savagery
	(1) military brutality , (2) brutality against civilians
	The protesters were outraged by the police brutality they
	witnessed at the demonstration.
fin	 <i>n</i>. a thin flat part on the body of a fish or other aquatic animal used for propulsion or balance <i>synonym</i>: flipper, appendage, stabilizer
	(1) back fin, (2) a fin of a plane
	The shark's powerful fins allowed it to swim at high speeds.
defect	<i>n.</i> an imperfection, shortcoming, or lack of something or someone
	synonym: fault, blemish, flaw
	(1) visual defects, (2) defects of character
	Defects in the design could cause much worse issues.
upheaval	 n. great change, disruption, or disturbance; (geology) a rise of land to a higher elevation synonym: disturbance, turmoil, upheaval
	(1) upheaval of society, (2) the big upheaval of my life

The recent political **upheaval** has left the country in a state of chaos.

trigger	 v. to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function synonym: activate, spark, drive 				
	(1) trigger a biochemical response, (2) trigger inflation				
	The incident triggered a political controversy.				
hybrid	<i>adj.</i> composed of different elements or mixed characters <i>synonym</i> : blended, mixed, combined				
	(1) new hybrid system, (2) an interspecific hybrid				
	The mule is a hybrid between a male donkey and a female				
	horse.				
tribunal	 n. a court or other official body that is empowered to judge or adjudicate disputes or matters of law; a place where such court sessions are held synonym: court, panel, council 				
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	 (1) international tribunal, (2) tribunal hearing The war crimes tribunal was established to prosecute 				
	individuals responsible for atrocities committed during the conflict.				
topmost	 adj. situated at or forming the highest or uppermost point; highest or most prominent on a list or ranking synonym: highest, uppermost, peak 				
	(1) topmost peak, (2) topmost priority				
	The topmost floor of the skyscraper offered a breathtaking				
	view of the city skyline.				
testimony	 <i>n.</i> a formal written or spoken statement that something is true, especially one given in court; something that serves as evidence <i>synonym</i>: affirmant, evidence, proof 				
	(1) testimony before Congress, (2) give his testimony				

Witness **testimony** backed up the defendant's claims. the ability to gain an accurate and deep understanding insight n. of people or situations; an accurate and deep understanding of what something is like synonym: wisdom, discernment, understanding (1) a profound insight, (2) share my insights We gained various **insights** by analyzing the vast amount of data owned by the company. cruel *adj.* feeling or showing pleasure in causing pain or suffering to others synonym: heartless, sadistic, vicious (1) a **cruel** and unusual punishment, (2) **cruel** joke The dictator was known for his **cruel** and oppressive regime. *adj.* better, higher in quality, or more advanced than others superior synonym: better, greater, exceptional (1) **superior** performance, (2) provide **superior** customer service The new smartphone model is **superior** to the previous version in terms of speed and features. a person who carries out a harmful or illegal act, perpetrator n. particularly one that involves violence or deception synonym: culprit, wrongdoer, offender (1) perpetrator identity, (2) culprit perpetrator The police have not yet caught the **perpetrator** of the crime. *adj.* recognized or admitted as being true or valid acknowledged synonym: recognized, accepted, admitted (1) acknowledged beauty, (2) publicly acknowledged truth His acknowledged expertise in the field earned him the respect of his peers.

constantly	adv. all the time
	synonym: continuously, always, frequently
	(1) a constantly innovative enterprise, (2) a constantly
	varying mind
	The mobile application industry is constantly changing.
committed	 adj. willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something synonym: devoted, faithful, attached
	(1) in a committed relationship, (2) strong and committed sales staff
	Our company is strongly committed to meeting customers' needs.
preservation	 n. the act of keeping something in its original state or of preventing it from being damaged synonym: conserving, protection, conservancy
	(1) wildlife preservation , (2) the preservation of food
	The museum had kept the paintings in remarkable
	preservation.
perception	 n. a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses synonym: understanding, idea, awareness
	(1) keen perception , (2) perception of a stimulus
	He is a man admired for the depth of his perception .
extended	adj. longer than usual or anticipated synonym: extensive, prolonged, elongated
	(1) extended vacation, (2) extended payment
	The extended airport runways may accommodate larger jets.
courtroom	<i>n.</i> a room in which a court of law is held <i>synonym</i> : law court, tribunal
	(1) courtroom drama, (2) courtroom trial

The eyewitness took the stand in the **courtroom** and gave testimony crucial to the case.

paranoia	a mental condition characterized by delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy, or exaggerated self-importance, typically compounded by feelings of anxiety or irritability aym: suspicion, mistrust, delusions		
	(1) encourage paranoia , (2) suffering from paranoia		
	His paranoia about being followed made him constantly look over his shoulder.		
ethnic	<i>adj.</i> relating or belonging to a group of people who share a cultural tradition<i>synonym</i>: racial, ethnical, tribal		
	(1) ethnic minority, (2) single ethnic group		
	Each ethnic group has its unique rituals.		
broad	<i>adj.</i> very wide; general <i>synonym</i> : wide, expansive, comprehensive		
	(1) attract broad attention, (2) a broad mind		
	He accumulated wealth across a broad spectrum of assets.		
pursue	 v. to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them synonym: seek, hunt, chase 		
	(1) pursue a goal, (2) pursue freedoms		
	She intends to pursue a political career.		
survey	 <i>n</i>. an investigation of the opinions, behavior, etc. of a particular group of people, made by asking people questions <i>synonym</i>: study, examination, poll 		
	(1) a comprehensive survey , (2) recent survey		
	That survey shows that people are accepting the tax increase to some extent.		

contribute	<i>v.</i> to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people					
	synonym: donate, devote, commit					
	(1) contribute a large sum of money to the fund,					
	(2) contribute to society					
	Government workers cannot contribute to political					
	campaigns.					
tragedy	<i>n</i> . an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character					
	synonym: disaster, adversity, calamity					
	(1) a tragedy during work, (2) the aftermath of this tragedy					
	Macbeth is a famous tragedy by Shakespeare.					
tempting	 adj. likely to attract or persuade someone to do something, especially something that may not be wise or safe synonym: alluring, attractive, inviting 					
	(1) tempting offer, (2) sound very tempting					
	The chocolate cake was too tempting for me to resist.					
simplistic	<i>adj.</i> oversimplified or lacking in complexity or depth; characterized by an attempt to explain something complex or multifaceted with overly vague or simple terms					
	synonym: basic, uncomplicated, elementary					
	(1) simplistic approach, (2) simplistic design					
	The politician's solution to the problem was too simplistic to					
	solve the underlying issue.					
cast	 v. to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assing or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process synonym: throw, project, select 					
	(1) cast a ballot, (2) cast a charming eye					
	This accident cast a dark shadow over their lives.					

oppress	 v. to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people synonym: antagonize, distress, burden 				
	(1) oppress the minority, (2) oppress the people with force Historically, many countries have often oppressed certain religions to gain the support of the majority of the population.				
complexity	 n. the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand synonym: intricacy, sophistication, elaboration 				
	(1) cognitive complexity , (2) complexity theory				
	The project's complexity made it difficult for the team to complete it on time.				
excuse	 <i>n</i>. a reason or explanation, either true or invented, given to justify a fault or defend your behavior; (verb) to make someone free from blame or clear from guilt <i>synonym</i>: apology, justification, reason 				
	(1) excuse for inaction, (2) perfect excuse				
	He quickly fabricated an excuse for not attending the meeting.				
traumatic	 adj. relating to or caused by injury, especially emotional injury synonym: distressing 				
	(1) traumatic event, (2) traumatic brain injury				
	The experience was so traumatic that it left a lasting impact on the survivor's mental health.				
shatter	v. to break suddenly into many piecessynonym: break, crash, destroy				
	(1) shatter the plate, (2) shatter a world record				
	Her husband's death shattered her life entirely.				

Session 2: Spelling

1.	exed payment	adj.	longer than usual or anticipated
2.	ouw racial discrimination	v.	to make something illegal; (noun) a person who has committed a crime or has been legally convicted of a crime
3.	selent economy	adj.	able to provide for one's own needs without assistance from others
4.	an import qua	n.	a limited amount or share of something assigned or allocated; a restriction on the number of people or goods that can enter or leave a country
5.	ackged beauty	adj.	recognized or admitted as being true or valid
6.	cognitive comty	n.	the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
7.	ops the minority	v.	to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people
8.	evely become obsolete	adv.	finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on
9.	cor the world	V.	to bring under control by force or authority
10.	ouw cloning of human cells	v.	to make something illegal; (noun) a person who has committed a crime or has been legally convicted of a crime
11.	shr the plate	<i>v</i> .	to break suddenly into many pieces

ANSWERS: 1. extended, 2. outlaw, 3. self-sufficient, 4. quota, 5. acknowledged, 6. complexity, 7. oppress, 8. eventually, 9. conquer, 10. outlaw, 11. shatter

12.	cost activist	adj.	relating to or supporting the political ideology of communism (= a form of socialism that abolishes private ownership)
13.	enge a sense of affinity	v.	to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do
14.	prize tasks	v.	to assign a higher level of importance to something compared to other things
15.	uncontrollable re	n.	a strong feeling of anger or violence
16.	abn a friend	v.	to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity
17.	keen peron	n.	a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
18.	indnce ceremony	n.	freedom from another's or others' control or influence
19.	the preion of food	n.	the act of keeping something in its original state or of preventing it from being damaged
20.	give his teny	n.	a formal written or spoken statement that something is true, especially one given in court; something that serves as evidence

ANSWERS: 12. communist, 13. encourage, 14. prioritize, 15. rage, 16. abandon, 17. perception, 18. independence, 19. preservation, 20. testimony

21. exhon of energy	n.	the state of being extremely tired and lacking energy or strength
22. nete the price of the house	ν.	to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement
23. evte civilians	v.	to remove people or things from a place of danger or threat; to leave or abandon a place or situation, often due to fear or risk
24. maa-endemic area	n.	a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
25. pre number	adj.	main or most important; basic
26. ovrk to compensate	v.	to work excessively hard or too much; the condition of working excessively or beyond one's capacity, leading to fatigue, stress, and illness
27. Mier for Education	n.	a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department
28. compulsory exon	n.	the act or process of carrying out a plan, order, or course of action; the act or process of carrying out the death penalty
29. an arng sight	adj.	attracting attention or interest; striking or impressive in appearance or effect; halting or stopping the movement or progress of something
30. tot priority	adj.	situated at or forming the highest or uppermost point; highest or most prominent on a list or ranking

ANSWERS: 21. exhaustion, 22. negotiate, 23. evacuate, 24. malaria, 25. prime, 26. overwork, 27. minister, 28. execution, 29. arresting, 30. topmost

31. rent tax	n.	a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
32. teny before Congress	n.	a formal written or spoken statement that something is true, especially one given in court; something that serves as evidence
33. answer coss questions	adj.	too numerous to be counted or very many
34. ert into tears	v.	(of a volcano) to become active and eject rocks, smoke, etc.; to start abruptly and violently
35. culprit peror	n.	a person who carries out a harmful or illegal act, particularly one that involves violence or deception
36. coal style	adj.	of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony
37. art the progress	v.	to take into custody
38. perfect exe	n.	a reason or explanation, either true or invented, given to justify a fault or defend your behavior; (verb) to make someone free from blame or clear from guilt
39. childhood malion	n.	the condition of having an improper or inadequate diet, typically resulting in weakness, illness, and developmental problems; the state of being undernourished or lacking essential nutrients

ANSWERS: 31. resident, 32. testimony, 33. countless, 34. erupt, 35. perpetrator, 36. colonial, 37. arrest, 38. excuse, 39. malnutrition

40. wildlife preion	n.	the act of keeping something in its original state or of preventing it from being damaged
41. strong and coed sales staff	adj.	willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something
42. pue a goal	v.	to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them
43. an absolute moh	n.	a person who rules a country, such as a king or queen
44. under the umbrella of capsm	n.	an economic system based on the private ownership of the means of production and their operation for profit
45. govnt funding	n.	the group of people with authority to control a country or state
46. the woce is on strike	n.	all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.
47. severe malion	n.	the condition of having an improper or inadequate diet, typically resulting in weakness, illness, and developmental problems; the state of being undernourished or lacking essential nutrients
48. exe a bold strategy	v.	to kill someone, especially as a legal punishment; to carry out or perform an action, duty, etc.
49. tric event	adj.	relating to or caused by injury, especially emotional injury

ANSWERS: 40. preservation, 41. committed, 42. pursue, 43. monarch, 44. capitalism, 45. government, 46. workforce, 47. malnutrition, 48. execute, 49. traumatic

50. single etc group	adj.	relating or belonging to a group of people who share a cultural tradition
51. clss culture	adj.	lacking in social or economic classes; not differentiated by social status, rank, or privilege
52. roy speaking	adv.	approximately but not precisely; with a violent manner
53. publicly ackged truth	adj.	recognized or admitted as being true or valid
54. suor performance	adj.	better, higher in quality, or more advanced than others
55. fron force	n.	the force that opposes motion between two objects in contact, especially by producing heat and wear, and is proportional to the normal force between the objects
56. pre a reaction	<i>v</i> .	to stimulate or give rise to a particular reaction or have a particular effect
57. stt compliance regime	adj.	strongly limiting someone's freedom; allowing no deviation from a standard, rule, belief, etc.
58. rel uprising	n.	someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it
59. moh butterflies	n.	a person who rules a country, such as a king or queen
60. in stt secrecy	adj.	strongly limiting someone's freedom; allowing no deviation from a standard, rule, belief, etc.

ANSWERS: 50. ethnic, 51. classless, 52. roughly, 53. acknowledged, 54. superior, 55. friction, 56. provoke, 57. strict, 58. rebel, 59. monarch, 60. strict

61.	ert in anger	v.	(of a volcano) to become active and eject rocks, smoke, etc.; to start abruptly and violently
62.	a puppet ree	n.	the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit
63.	coom drama	n.	a room in which a court of law is held
64.	group of rels	n.	someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it
65.	a conly innovative enterprise	adv.	all the time
66.	a mint reformer	n.	willing to use force or violence to achieve a political or social goal
67.	comty theory	n.	the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
68.	a f_n of a plane	n.	a thin flat part on the body of a fish or other aquatic animal used for propulsion or balance
69.	raise a ft	n.	a hand with the fingers clenched tightly into the palm to form a hard rounded shape; an act of striking someone or something with the fist
70.	tric brain injury	adj.	relating to or caused by injury, especially emotional injury
71.	pre a disease	v.	to stimulate or give rise to a particular reaction or have a particular effect
72.	upal of society	n.	great change, disruption, or disturbance; (geology) a rise of land to a higher elevation

ANSWERS: 61. erupt, 62. regime, 63. courtroom, 64. rebel, 65. constantly, 66. militant, 67. complexity, 68. fin, 69. fist, 70. traumatic, 71. provoke, 72. upheaval

73.	two opd characters	adj.	being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something
74.	atomic bbs	n.	a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something
75.	share my ints	n.	the ability to gain an accurate and deep understanding of people or situations; an accurate and deep understanding of what something is like
76.	fall into a re	n.	a strong feeling of anger or violence
77.	pue freedoms	v.	to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them
78.	fuI a lifetime dream	v.	to meet the requirements or expectations; to achieve or realize
79.	a seafaring nan	n.	a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
80.	unle weather	adj.	lacking solidity, persistence, or firmness and therefore not strong, safe, or likely to continue; lacking control of one's emotions
81.	a try during work	n.	an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character

ANSWERS: 73. opposed, 74. bomb, 75. insight, 76. rage, 77. pursue, 78. fulfill, 79. nation, 80. unstable, 81. tragedy

82. permanently nel country	adj.	not helping or assisting either side in a conflict, argument, etc.
83. evely succeed	adv.	finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on
84. intensive agrre	n.	the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
85. chemical prty	n.	a thing or things that belong to someone
86. a habit desve to health	adj.	causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
87. rent by a diagram	v.	to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
88. nel colors	adj.	not helping or assisting either side in a conflict, argument, etc.
89. paid disorder	adj.	unreasonably or obsessively believing that other people do not like you or want to harm you
90. ovow the government	v.	to defeat or remove a leader or a government from a position of power by force
91. brl bully	adj.	harsh or cruel
92. sage mission	n.	the deliberate and malicious damage, destruction, or disruption of equipment, machinery, or other property, often by someone with a particular agenda or motive; the subversion of an organization or institution by secret agents or spies

ANSWERS: 82. neutral, 83. eventually, 84. agriculture, 85. property, 86. destructive, 87. represent, 88. neutral, 89. paranoid, 90. overthrow, 91. brutal, 92. sabotage

93. exon by injection	n.	the act or process of carrying out a plan, order, or course of action; the act or process of carrying out the death penalty
94. tot peak	adj.	situated at or forming the highest or uppermost point; highest or most prominent on a list or ranking
95. advance capsm	n.	an economic system based on the private ownership of the means of production and their operation for profit
96. ct a ballot	v.	to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assing or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process
97. a little i_p	n.	a mischievous or misbehaving child; a small and mischievous demon or sprite in folklore
98. oppressive coal rule	adj.	of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony
99. etc minority	adj.	relating or belonging to a group of people who share a cultural tradition
100. roy explain my idea	adv.	approximately but not precisely; with a violent manner
101. a conly varying mind	adv.	all the time
102. evte the building	v.	to remove people or things from a place of danger or threat; to leave or abandon a place or situation, often due to fear or risk

ANSWERS: 93. execution, 94. topmost, 95. capitalism, 96. cast, 97. imp, 98. colonial, 99. ethnic, 100. roughly, 101. constantly, 102. evacuate

103. staon wages	n.	a severe lack of food that leads to malnutrition and, ultimately, death
104. a profound int	n.	the ability to gain an accurate and deep understanding of people or situations; an accurate and deep understanding of what something is like
105. the coct between good and evil	n.	a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
106. sete cream from milk	v.	to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
107. a trp of deer	n.	a group of soldiers, especially a large one; a group of people, animals, or things considered as a unit.
108. military brty	n.	the quality or state of being cruel or savage
109. prize people over cars	v.	to assign a higher level of importance to something compared to other things
110. emotional exhon	n.	the state of being extremely tired and lacking energy or strength
111. mint nations	n.	willing to use force or violence to achieve a political or social goal
112. suffering from paia	n.	a mental condition characterized by delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy, or exaggerated self-importance, typically compounded by feelings of anxiety or irritability
113. inal organs	adj.	of or relating to the inside of something

ANSWERS: 103. starvation, 104. insight, 105. conflict, 106. separate, 107. troop, 108. brutality, 109. prioritize, 110. exhaustion, 111. militant, 112. paranoia, 113. internal

114. gede resolution	n.	the intentional killing of a large group of people, especially those of a particular ethnic group or nation
115. with respect to etty	n.	the cultural characteristics of a particular group, such as language, religion, and traditions, that distinguish them from other groups
116. trr inflation	v.	to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function
117. exercise ree	n.	the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit
118. selent renewable energy	adj.	able to provide for one's own needs without assistance from others
119. become increasingly comed	adj.	involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
120. based on their etty	n.	the cultural characteristics of a particular group, such as language, religion, and traditions, that distinguish them from other groups
121. ovow the theory	v.	to defeat or remove a leader or a government from a position of power by force
122. peve a threat	v.	to become aware or conscious of something through the senses
123. financial indnce	n.	freedom from another's or others' control or influence

ANSWERS: 114. genocide, 115. ethnicity, 116. trigger, 117. regime, 118. self-sufficient, 119. complicated, 120. ethnicity, 121. overthrow, 122. perceive, 123. independence

124. clss education	adj.	lacking in social or economic classes; not differentiated by social status, rank, or privilege
125. teng offer	adj.	likely to attract or persuade someone to do something, especially something that may not be wise or safe
126. gede victims	n.	the intentional killing of a large group of people, especially those of a particular ethnic group or nation
127. die from ovrk	v.	to work excessively hard or too much; the condition of working excessively or beyond one's capacity, leading to fatigue, stress, and illness
128. enge antisocial behavior	v.	to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do
129. the longstanding coct	n.	a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
130. stp a tire off	v.	to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc.
131. freedom of reon	n.	a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny
132. die of staon	n.	a severe lack of food that leads to malnutrition and, ultimately, death

ANSWERS: 124. classless, 125. tempting, 126. genocide, 127. overwork, 128. encourage, 129. conflict, 130. strip, 131. religion, 132. starvation

133. political tul	n.	a state of great disturbance, confusion, or uncertainty, often marked by intense activity or strong emotions
134. admission qua	n.	a limited amount or share of something assigned or allocated; a restriction on the number of people or goods that can enter or leave a country
135. aste with people widely	v.	to mentally connect someone or something with someone or something else
136. the aftermath of this try	n.	an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character
137. a man of prty	n.	a thing or things that belong to someone
138. ops the people with force	v.	to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people
139. perte harassment	v.	to commit or carry out a harmful or illegal act, particularly one that involves violence or deception; to be responsible for the creation or continuation of a negative situation
140. skilled woce	n.	all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.
141. a brd mind	adj.	very wide; general

ANSWERS: 133. turmoil, 134. quota, 135. associate, 136. tragedy, 137. property, 138. oppress, 139. perpetrate, 140. workforce, 141. broad

142. an arng image	adj.	attracting attention or interest; striking or impressive in appearance or effect; halting or stopping the movement or progress of something
143. mentally unle	adj.	lacking solidity, persistence, or firmness and therefore not strong, safe, or likely to continue; lacking control of one's emotions
144. paid about issues	adj.	unreasonably or obsessively believing that other people do not like you or want to harm you
145. a comed process	adj.	involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
146. perte a fraud	v.	to commit or carry out a harmful or illegal act, particularly one that involves violence or deception; to be responsible for the creation or continuation of a negative situation
147. vit incident	adj.	involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
148. sut that he is sick	v.	to consider anything to be actual or probable
149. sound very teng	adj.	likely to attract or persuade someone to do something, especially something that may not be wise or safe
150. shr a world record	ν.	to break suddenly into many pieces
151. the characters that rent numbers	ν.	to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute

ANSWERS: 142. arresting, 143. unstable, 144. paranoid, 145. complicated, 146. perpetrate, 147. violent, 148. suspect, 149. tempting, 150. shatter, 151. represent

152. sut a plot	v.	to consider anything to be actual or probable
153. maa mosquitoes	n.	a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
154. ren our reputation	v.	to get something back or recover something after it has been lost or taken away
155. crl joke	adj.	feeling or showing pleasure in causing pain or suffering to others
156. indal freedom	n.	a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
157. ene a contract	ν.	to make sure that people obey a particular law, rule, or situation
158. exe for inaction	n.	a reason or explanation, either true or invented, given to justify a fault or defend your behavior; (verb) to make someone free from blame or clear from guilt
159. ct a charming eye	v.	to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assing or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process
160. peve light	ν.	to become aware or conscious of something through the senses
161. encourage paia	n.	a mental condition characterized by delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy, or exaggerated self-importance, typically compounded by feelings of anxiety or irritability

ANSWERS: 152. suspect, 153. malaria, 154. regain, 155. cruel, 156. individual, 157. enforce, 158. excuse, 159. cast, 160. perceive, 161. paranoia

162. peron of a stimulus	n.	a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
163. back f_n	n.	a thin flat part on the body of a fish or other aquatic animal used for propulsion or balance
164. new hyd system	adj.	composed of different elements or mixed characters
165. a private indal	n.	a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
166. exed vacation	adj.	longer than usual or anticipated
167. a rent of the city	n.	a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
168. sete video into chapter	v.	to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different
169. art the thief	<i>v</i> .	to take into custody
170. in a coed relationship	adj.	willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something
171. simic approach	adj.	oversimplified or lacking in complexity or depth; characterized by an attempt to explain something complex or multifaceted with overly vague or simple terms
172. an interspecific hyd	adj.	composed of different elements or mixed characters

ANSWERS: 162. perception, 163. fin, 164. hybrid, 165. individual, 166. extended, 167. resident, 168. separate, 169. arrest, 170. committed, 171. simplistic, 172. hybrid

173. conte to society	<i>v</i> .	to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
174. coss hours	adj.	too numerous to be counted or very many
175. a cr_l and unusual punishment	adj.	feeling or showing pleasure in causing pain or suffering to others
176. aste alcohol with gambling	v.	to mentally connect someone or something with someone or something else
177. beginning of the industrial revon	n.	a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
178. exe a double play	v.	to kill someone, especially as a legal punishment; to carry out or perform an action, duty, etc.
179. ful a contract	v.	to meet the requirements or expectations; to achieve or realize
180. recent suy	n.	an investigation of the opinions, behavior, etc. of a particular group of people, made by asking people questions
181. act of sage	n.	the deliberate and malicious damage, destruction, or disruption of equipment, machinery, or other property, often by someone with a particular agenda or motive; the subversion of an organization or institution by secret agents or spies

ANSWERS: 173. contribute, 174. countless, 175. cruel, 176. associate, 177. revolution, 178. execute, 179. fulfill, 180. survey, 181. sabotage

182.	tight ft	n.	a hand with the fingers clenched tightly into the palm to form a hard rounded shape; an act of striking someone or something with the fist
183.	victim of a vit crime	adj.	involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
184.	deputy pre minister	adj.	main or most important; basic
185.	behave like an i_p	n.	a mischievous or misbehaving child; a small and mischievous demon or sprite in folklore
186.	the tuI of the war	n.	a state of great disturbance, confusion, or uncertainty, often marked by intense activity or strong emotions
187.	tral hearing	n.	a court or other official body that is empowered to judge or adjudicate disputes or matters of law; a place where such court sessions are held
188.	govnt bureaucracy	n.	the group of people with authority to control a country or state
189.	disarm the bb	n.	a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something
190.	ene the law	v.	to make sure that people obey a particular law, rule, or situation
191.	visual dets	n.	an imperfection, shortcoming, or lack of something or someone
192.	trr a biochemical response	v.	to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function

ANSWERS: 182. fist, 183. violent, 184. prime, 185. imp, 186. turmoil, 187. tribunal, 188. government, 189. bomb, 190. enforce, 191. defect, 192. trigger

193. the members of a military trp	n.	a group of soldiers, especially a large one; a group of people, animals, or things considered as a unit.
194. brl honesty	adj.	harsh or cruel
195. surface fron	n.	the force that opposes motion between two objects in contact, especially by producing heat and wear, and is proportional to the normal force between the objects
196. simic design	adj.	oversimplified or lacking in complexity or depth; characterized by an attempt to explain something complex or multifaceted with overly vague or simple terms
197. a comprehensive suy	n.	an investigation of the opinions, behavior, etc. of a particular group of people, made by asking people questions
198. organic agrre	n.	the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
199. brty against civilians	n.	the quality or state of being cruel or savage
200. ren my health	v.	to get something back or recover something after it has been lost or taken away
201. nan-state	n.	a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
202. the big upal of my life	n.	great change, disruption, or disturbance; (geology) a rise of land to a higher elevation

ANSWERS: 193. troop, 194. brutal, 195. friction, 196. simplistic, 197. survey, 198. agriculture, 199. brutality, 200. regain, 201. nation, 202. upheaval

203. international tral	n.	a court or other official body that is empowered to judge or adjudicate disputes or matters of law; a place where such court sessions are held
204. cor fatal disease	v.	to bring under control by force or authority
205. attract brd attention	adj.	very wide; general
206. deputy prime mier	n.	a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department
207. abn the practice	v.	to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity
208. provide suor customer service	adj.	better, higher in quality, or more advanced than others
209. peror identity	n.	a person who carries out a harmful or illegal act, particularly one that involves violence or deception
210. a political revon	n.	a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
211. cost party	adj.	relating to or supporting the political ideology of communism (= a form of socialism that abolishes private ownership)
212. the inal economy	adj.	of or relating to the inside of something
213. conte a large sum of money to the fund	v.	to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people

ANSWERS: 203. tribunal, 204. conquer, 205. broad, 206. minister, 207. abandon, 208. superior, 209. perpetrator, 210. revolution, 211. communist, 212. internal, 213. contribute

214. coast stp	v.	to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc.
215. absolutely opd to abortion	adj.	being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something
216. coom trial	n.	a room in which a court of law is held
217. lead to desve behavior	adj.	causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
218. nete a settlement	v.	to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement
219. reon sociology	n.	a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny
220. dets of character	n.	an imperfection, shortcoming, or lack of something or someone

ANSWERS: 214. strip, 215. opposed, 216. courtroom, 217. destructive, 218. negotiate, 219. religion, 220. defect

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. His ______ about being followed made him constantly look over his shoulder.
- *n*. a mental condition characterized by delusions of persecution, unwarranted jealousy, or exaggerated self-importance, typically compounded by feelings of anxiety or irritability
- 2. The city has a rich ______ history, with many historic buildings and landmarks.
- *adj.* of or relating to a colony (= a territory that is controlled by a more powerful country); to the period of time during which a country or region was a colony
- 3. He ______ himself and ended up getting sick.
- *v.* to work excessively hard or too much; the condition of working excessively or beyond one's capacity, leading to fatigue, stress, and illness
- 4. The chocolate cake was too _____ for me to resist.
- *adj.* likely to attract or persuade someone to do something, especially something that may not be wise or safe
- 5. A police officer has the authority to _____ a criminal.
- *v*. to take into custody
- 6. His ______ expertise in the field earned him the respect of his peers.
- *adj.* recognized or admitted as being true or valid
- 7. Macbeth is a famous _____ by Shakespeare.
- *n.* an event or situation causing great loss, misfortune, or destruction; a play or literature that deals with a severe and sad event and often ends with the death of the main character

ANSWERS: 1. paranoia, 2. colonial, 3. overworked, 4. tempting, 5. arrest, 6. acknowledged, 7. tragedy

- 8. The ______ by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.
- *n*. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
- 9. Her husband's death _____ her life entirely.
- v. to break suddenly into many pieces
- 10. She came from a commoner background but eventually became the ______ of that country.
- *n.* a person who rules a country, such as a king or queen
- 11. He stood to inherit a million-dollar _____.
- *n.* a thing or things that belong to someone
- 12. He did ______ pen-and-ink drawings in just a few days.
- *adj.* involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
- 13. Some communities began to _____ alcohol consumption.
- v. to make something illegal; (noun) a person who has committed a crime or has been legally convicted of a crime
- 14. Each ______ group has its unique rituals.
- adj. relating or belonging to a group of people who share a cultural tradition
- 15. The experience was so ______ that it left a lasting impact on the survivor's mental health.
- adj. relating to or caused by injury, especially emotional injury

ANSWERS: 8. revolution, 9. shattered, 10. monarch, 11. property, 12. complicated, 13. outlaw, 14. ethnic, 15. traumatic

- 16. Our company is strongly ______ to meeting customers' needs.
- *adj.* willing to put in a lot of effort, time, and energy into something; firmly believing in something
- 17. This accident _____ a dark shadow over their lives.
- *v.* to cause light or shadow to appear on a surface; to assing or choose someone such as an actor or representative, especially by selection process
- 18. Historically, many countries have often _____ certain religions to gain the support of the majority of the population.
- v. to treat people in a cruel and authoritarian way, especially by denying them the same freedoms, rights, etc. as other people
- 19. He was determined to become ______ and not rely on anyone else.
- *adj.* able to provide for one's own needs without assistance from others
- 20. The ______ group launched a series of attacks on government buildings.
- *n.* willing to use force or violence to achieve a political or social goal
- 21. The _____ attack left the victim with serious injuries.
- adj. harsh or cruel
- 22. There is nothing more valuable than _____ and freedom.
 - *n.* freedom from another's or others' control or influence
- 23. The use of cluster _____ is strictly prohibited by international law.
- *n.* a weapon that explodes and is used to kill or injure people or to cause damage to something

ANSWERS: 16. committed, 17. cast, 18. oppressed, 19. self-sufficient, 20. militant, 21. brutal, 22. independence, 23. bombs

- 24. The castle was ______ several years later.
- v. to leave a place, thing, or person with no intention of returning; (noun) a feeling of extreme emotional intensity
- 25. The dictator was known for his _____ and oppressive regime.
- *adj.* feeling or showing pleasure in causing pain or suffering to others
- 26. The group aims to ______ the military regime.
 - v. to defeat or remove a leader or a government from a position of power by force
- 27. The cops ______ him of being the killer.
- *v.* to consider anything to be actual or probable
- 28. The shark's powerful _____ allowed it to swim at high speeds.
- *n.* a thin flat part on the body of a fish or other aquatic animal used for propulsion or balance
- 29. After years of hard work, he finally _____ his financial stability.
- v. to get something back or recover something after it has been lost or taken away
- 30. The boxer clenched his _____ before throwing a punch.
- *n*. a hand with the fingers clenched tightly into the palm to form a hard rounded shape; an act of striking someone or something with the fist
- 31. The protesters were outraged by the police ______ they witnessed at the demonstration.
- *n.* the quality or state of being cruel or savage

ANSWERS: 24. abandoned, 25. cruel, 26. overthrow, 27. suspected, 28. fins, 29. regained, 30. fist, 31. brutality

- 32. The federal ______ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.
- *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
- 33. We elected him to ______ us at the international conference.
- v. to speak, act, or be present on behalf of another person or group; to form or constitute
- 34. The mafioso who collaborated with the police was _____.
- v. to kill someone, especially as a legal punishment; to carry out or perform an action, duty, etc.
- 35. Their ______ strictly prohibits them from drinking or gambling.
- *n.* a deep conviction in a supernatural power that controls human destiny
- 36. They ______ customers with a premium for loyal patronage.
 - v. to give someone support, confidence, or hope; to persuade someone to do or continue to do something by making it easier for them and making them believe it is a good thing to do
- 37. The doctor advised him to _____ down for a check.
- v. to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc.
- 38. The international community condemned the _____ in the country.
- *n.* the intentional killing of a large group of people, especially those of a particular ethnic group or nation
- 39. He accumulated wealth across a _____ spectrum of assets.
- adj. very wide; general

ANSWERS: 32. government, 33. represent, 34. executed, 35. religion, 36. encouraged, 37. strip, 38. genocide, 39. broad

- 40. The museum had kept the paintings in remarkable ______.
- *n.* the act of keeping something in its original state or of preventing it from being damaged
- 41. _____ in the design could cause much worse issues.
- *n.* an imperfection, shortcoming, or lack of something or someone
- 42. The ______ between the two countries was causing tension.
- *n.* the force that opposes motion between two objects in contact, especially by producing heat and wear, and is proportional to the normal force between the objects
- 43. The project's ______ made it difficult for the team to complete it on time.
- *n.* the state or quality of being complicated or intricate and difficult to understand
- 44. In a truly ______ society, everyone would have equal opportunities and resources.
- *adj.* lacking in social or economic classes; not differentiated by social status, rank, or privilege
- 45. The ______ airport runways may accommodate larger jets.
- adj. longer than usual or anticipated
- 46. The company experienced financial ______ after the CEO was arrested.
- *n.* a state of great disturbance, confusion, or uncertainty, often marked by intense activity or strong emotions
- 47. We gained various ______ by analyzing the vast amount of data owned by the company.
 - *n.* the ability to gain an accurate and deep understanding of people or situations; an accurate and deep understanding of what something is like

ANSWERS: 40. preservation, 41. Defects, 42. friction, 43. complexity, 44. classless, 45. extended, 46. turmoil, 47. insights

- 48. Five miles is ______ similar to eight kilometers.
- *adv.* approximately but not precisely; with a violent manner
- 49. The _____ of soldiers marched through the city in a parade.
- *n.* a group of soldiers, especially a large one; a group of people, animals, or things considered as a unit.
- 50. ______ also guarantees intellectual property rights and thus promotes innovation.
 - *n.* an economic system based on the private ownership of the means of production and their operation for profit
- 51. Too ______ a regulation for the private sector will stifle innovation.
- *adj.* strongly limiting someone's freedom; allowing no deviation from a standard, rule, belief, etc.
- 52. The recent political _____ has left the country in a state of chaos.
- *n.* great change, disruption, or disturbance; (geology) a rise of land to a higher elevation
- 53. You must _____ your anxiety about driving.
- v. to bring under control by force or authority
- 54. The ______ of the factory's equipment caused significant damage.
 - *n*. the deliberate and malicious damage, destruction, or disruption of equipment, machinery, or other property, often by someone with a particular agenda or motive; the subversion of an organization or institution by secret agents or spies
- 55. Totalitarian ______ are less likely to innovate because they deprive individuals of economic incentives.
- *n.* the organization, a system, or method that is the governing authority of a political unit

ANSWERS: 48. roughly, 49. troop, 50. Capitalism, 51. strict, 52. upheaval, 53. conquer, 54. sabotage, 55. regimes

- 56. The ______ occasionally preaches at this church.
- *n.* a person appointed to or a job of a head of a government department
- 57. The painting's ______ beauty made it difficult to look away.
- *adj.* attracting attention or interest; striking or impressive in appearance or effect; halting or stopping the movement or progress of something
- 58. The long work hours were taking a toll on her mental ______.
- *n.* the state of being extremely tired and lacking energy or strength
- 59. I'm strongly _____ to that plan.
 - *adj.* being completely different from something or disagreeing strongly with something
- 60. Government workers cannot ______ to political campaigns.
 - *v.* to give something, especially money or goods, to provide or achieve something together with other people
- 61. The ______ floor of the skyscraper offered a breathtaking view of the city skyline.
 - *adj.* situated at or forming the highest or uppermost point; highest or most prominent on a list or ranking
- 62. A legislative speaker should always be _____.
- *adj.* not helping or assisting either side in a conflict, argument, etc.
- 63. The drought led to widespread ______ in the region.
- *n.* a severe lack of food that leads to malnutrition and, ultimately, death

ANSWERS: 56. minister, 57. arresting, 58. exhaustion, 59. opposed, 60. contribute, 61. topmost, 62. neutral, 63. starvation

- 64. Her behavior _____ a quarrel between the couple.
- *v.* to stimulate or give rise to a particular reaction or have a particular effect
- 65. Governments make rules, and police ______ them.
- *v*. to make sure that people obey a particular law, rule, or situation
- 66. The prime minister canceled visits to other countries to resolve ______ disputes.
- *adj.* of or relating to the inside of something
- 67. Many companies outsource and hire consultants to keep their ______ flexible.
 - *n.* all the people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.
- 68. She was filled with a burning _____ at the injustice she had witnessed.
- *n.* a strong feeling of anger or violence
- 69. It was the most ______ storm in decades.
- *adj.* causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
- 70. Australia is widely ______ as having low levels of corruption.
- *v.* to become aware or conscious of something through the senses
- 71. Many people in tropical countries die from _____ every year.
- *n*. a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
- 72. It was the first time for her, but she _____ the role of Priest.
- v. to meet the requirements or expectations; to achieve or realize

ANSWERS: 64. provoked, 65. enforce, 66. internal, 67. workforce, 68. rage, 69. destructive, 70. perceived, 71. malaria, 72. fulfilled

- 73. The ______ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.
- *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
- 74. The criminal decided to ______ another robbery despite his previous arrest.
- *v*. to commit or carry out a harmful or illegal act, particularly one that involves violence or deception; to be responsible for the creation or continuation of a negative situation
- 75. Visa renewal for ______ foreigners in this country is once every five years.
- *n.* a person who lives in a particular place or has their home in a place
- 76. The tower proved to be _____ in the high wind.
- *adj.* lacking solidity, persistence, or firmness and therefore not strong, safe, or likely to continue; lacking control of one's emotions
- 77. ______ is the foundation of our economy.
- *n.* the practice or science of cultivating the land or raising stock
- 78. The company has a diverse workforce representing different _____ and backgrounds.
- *n.* the cultural characteristics of a particular group, such as language, religion, and traditions, that distinguish them from other groups
- 79. After a thorough investigation, she has been named as the _____ suspect.
- adj. main or most important; basic
- 80. The corporation ______ dominated the entire tobacco business.
- *adv.* finally, particularly after a long time or a lot of struggle, complications, and so on

ANSWERS: 73. nation, 74. perpetrate, 75. resident, 76. unstable, 77. Agriculture, 78. ethnicity, 79. prime, 80. eventually

- 81. The politician's solution to the problem was too ______ to solve the underlying issue.
- *adj.* oversimplified or lacking in complexity or depth; characterized by an attempt to explain something complex or multifaceted with overly vague or simple terms
- 82. The mischievous ____ caused trouble wherever it went.
- *n.* a mischievous or misbehaving child; a small and mischievous demon or sprite in folklore
- 83. As an ______ he had the right to make his own decisions and live his life as he saw fit.
- *n.* a single person or thing, as distinct from a group
- 84. The mobile application industry is _____ changing.

adv. all the time

- 85. There are _____ methods for dealing with stress.
 - adj. too numerous to be counted or very many
- 86. The town was forced to ______ due to the hurricane approaching.
 - v. to remove people or things from a place of danger or threat; to leave or abandon a place or situation, often due to fear or risk
- 87. He quickly fabricated an _____ for not attending the meeting.
- *n.* a reason or explanation, either true or invented, given to justify a fault or defend your behavior; (verb) to make someone free from blame or clear from guilt
- 88. We need to ______ the aspect of his personality from the part of his competence when making an investment decision.
- *v*. to force, take, or pull apart; mark as different

ANSWERS: 81. simplistic, 82. imp, 83. individual, 84. constantly, 85. countless, 86. evacuate, 87. excuse, 88. separate

- 89. The war crimes ______ was established to prosecute individuals responsible for atrocities committed during the conflict.
- *n.* a court or other official body that is empowered to judge or adjudicate disputes or matters of law; a place where such court sessions are held
- 90. A ______ person may have delusions that people want to harm.
- *adj.* unreasonably or obsessively believing that other people do not like you or want to harm you
- 91. The doctor advised the patient to eat a balanced diet to avoid _____
- *n.* the condition of having an improper or inadequate diet, typically resulting in weakness, illness, and developmental problems; the state of being undernourished or lacking essential nutrients
- 92. Battles between whites and blacks _____ immediately.
- *v*. (of a volcano) to become active and eject rocks, smoke, etc.; to start abruptly and violently
- 93. He and I often had ______ not only in personality but also in ideology.
- *n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
- 94. The ______ of the plan was flawless, resulting in a record-breaking profit for the company.
- *n.* the act or process of carrying out a plan, order, or course of action; the act or process of carrying out the death penalty
- 95. That ______ shows that people are accepting the tax increase to some extent.
- *n*. an investigation of the opinions, behavior, etc. of a particular group of people, made by asking people questions

ANSWERS: 89. tribunal, 90. paranoid, 91. malnutrition, 92. erupted, 93. conflicts, 94. execution, 95. survey

- 96. During the Cold War, many countries feared the spread of ______ ideology.
 - *adj.* relating to or supporting the political ideology of communism (= a form of socialism that abolishes private ownership)
- 97. The protesters became ______ when the police tried to disperse them.
- *adj.* involving or caused by physical force or aggression against someone or something
- 98. He is a man admired for the depth of his _____.
- *n.* a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
- 99. The mule is a _____ between a male donkey and a female horse.
- adj. composed of different elements or mixed characters
- 100. The police have not yet caught the _____ of the crime.
- *n.* a person who carries out a harmful or illegal act, particularly one that involves violence or deception
- 101. We are always happy to ______ a discount.
- *v*. to have formal discussions with someone to reach an agreement
- 102. Each country was given a _____ for the fish they were allowed to catch.
- *n*. a limited amount or share of something assigned or allocated; a restriction on the number of people or goods that can enter or leave a country
- 103. The incident ______ a political controversy.
- *v.* to make something happen suddenly; to cause something such as a device, machine, etc. to function

ANSWERS: 96. communist, 97. violent, 98. perception, 99. hybrid, 100. perpetrator, 101. negotiate, 102. quota, 103. triggered

- 104. The new smartphone model is ______ to the previous version in terms of speed and features.
- *adj.* better, higher in quality, or more advanced than others
- 105. The majority of consumers ______ this brand with quality.
- v. to mentally connect someone or something with someone or something else
- 106. Witness ______ backed up the defendant's claims.
- *n.* a formal written or spoken statement that something is true, especially one given in court; something that serves as evidence
- 107. The organization ______ the needs of the community in its decision-making.
- *v.* to assign a higher level of importance to something compared to other things
- 108. She intends to _____ a political career.
- *v.* to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them
- 109. The ______ fought against the government for their independence.
- *n.* someone who resists or opposes authority or control, especially by fighting against it
- 110. The eyewitness took the stand in the _____ and gave testimony crucial to the case.
- *n*. a room in which a court of law is held

ANSWERS: 104. superior, 105. associate, 106. testimony, 107. prioritized, 108. pursue, 109. rebels, 110. courtroom