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Huma Yusuf: A new social contract for global climate justice | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/huma_yusuf_a_new_social_contract_for_global_climate_justice

All Words

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Session 1: Word List

monsoon

n. a seasonal wind system that brings heavy rainfall to a region, typically occurring in tropical areas

synonym : rainy season, deluge, downpour

(1) **monsoon** season, (2) **monsoon** current

The **monsoon** rains often bring relief to areas suffering from drought.

flash

n. a sudden intense burst of radiant energy; a momentary brightness

synonym : sparkle, gleam, glimmer

(1) a **flash** of lightning, (2) brilliant **flash**

These heavy rains caused **flash** floods on several islands.

flood

n. a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount

synonym : deluge, downpour, overflow

(1) **flood** advisory, (2) a **flood** of questions

These heavy rains caused flash **floods** on several islands.

accelerate

v. to make something faster or earlier; to cause to develop or progress more quickly

synonym : speed up, quicken, rev

(1) **accelerate** a chemical reaction, (2) **accelerate** the car

The government tried to **accelerate** the commercialization of this development.

melt

v. to turn from something solid into something soft or liquid as a result of heating

synonym : disintegrate, soften, disappear

(1) **melt** the ice, (2) **melt** down gold

Her resistance **melted** under his persuasion.

glacier

n. a slowly moving mass of ice formed from snow on mountains or near the North Pole or the South Pole

synonym : iceberg, ice floe

(1) **glacier** retreat, (2) **glaciers** move tardily

The **glaciers** of the ice age have shaped Fjord.

devastating

adj. causing a great deal of destruction or damage

synonym : destructive, annihilative, disastrous

(1) have **devastating** effects, (2) treat this **devastating** disease

This typhoon was the most **devastating** in years.

destructive

adj. causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage

synonym : destroying, harmful, disastrous

(1) lead to **destructive** behavior, (2) a habit **destructive** to health

It was the most **destructive** storm in decades.

all-consuming

adj. taking up all of a person's attention, energy, or resources; having a powerful or overwhelming impact or influence

synonym : engrossing, immersive

(1) **all-consuming** flame, (2) **all-consuming** passion

His **all-consuming** love for her made him forget about everything else in his life.

adjective

n. a word that describes a noun or pronoun

synonym: modifier, accessory, attribute

(1) **adjective** clause, (2) an attributive **adjective**

The **adjective** "red" describes the color of the apple.

frequent

adj. happening constantly

synonym: periodic, recurring, routine

(1) **frequent** absence, (2) **frequent** use

His heartaches are less **frequent** now.

bible

n. the sacred writings of the Christian religions, consisting of the Old and New Testaments; a book regarded as authoritative in its field

synonym: authoritative book, holy book, doctrine

(1) a passage from the **Bible**, (2) believe **Bible** prophecy

Students have loved this textbook for many years as a biology **bible**.

underwater

adv. below or under the surface of the water

synonym: submerged, undersea, submarine

(1) hold my breath **underwater**, (2) seals sleep **underwater**

He is good at swimming **underwater**.

strip

v. to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc.

synonym: deprive, undress, (noun) ribbon

(1) **strip** a tire off, (2) coast **strip**

The doctor advised him to **strip** down for a check.

livelihood

n. a means of earning money people need to pay for food, a place to live, clothing, etc.

synonym: occupation, living, income

(1) a means of **livelihood**, (2) **livelihood** assistance

I could no longer earn my own **livelihood**.

survive

v. to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period
synonym : endure, persist, stay

(1) **survive** a blizzard, (2) **survive** a plane crash

These birds can only **survive** in temperate climates.

malaria

n. a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito

(1) **malaria** mosquitoes, (2) **malaria-endemic** area

Many people in tropical countries die from **malaria** every year.

dengue

n. a viral disease transmitted by mosquitoes, characterized by fever, severe joint and muscle pain, and a rash

synonym : breakbone fever, infectious tropical disease

(1) **dengue** mosquito, (2) **dengue** outbreak

Many people in this region have contracted **dengue** fever from mosquito bites.

diarrhea

n. a common digestive disorder with the frequent passage of loose, watery stools that can be caused by various factors such as infections, food poisoning, and certain medications

synonym : looseness, gastroenteritis, dysentery

(1) **diarrhea-related** dehydration, (2) **diarrhea** with abdominal pain

I had a terrible case of **diarrhea** and couldn't stop going to the bathroom.

crop

n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food

synonym : output, produce, product

(1) **crop** field, (2) **crop** herbicide

Sow early for an early **crop**.

waterlog

v. to saturate with water or become saturated with water; to cause something to be waterlogged or submerged in water

synonym : flood, soak, drench

(1) **waterlog** a field, (2) **waterlog** the roof

The heavy rainwater was enough to **waterlog** the basement of the house.

imperil

v. to put something or someone in danger or at risk; to threaten the safety or well-being of something or someone

synonym : endanger, jeopardize, threaten

(1) **imperil** wildlife, (2) **imperil** national security

Ongoing pollution and deforestation **imperil** the survival of many species.

wheat

n. a cereal plant that is the most important kind grown in temperate countries, the grain of which is ground to make flour for bread, pasta, pastry, etc

synonym : grain, cereal

(1) harvesting **wheat**, (2) **wheat** crop

The farmer grew **wheat** on his land.

shock

n. a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant

synonym : amazement, surprise, stunner

(1) death from **shock**, (2) **shock-resistant**

He got an electric **shock** at work.

insecure

adj. not firm or firmly fixed; likely to fail or give way, or not assured of safety

synonym : uncertain, unsure, unconfident

(1) an **insecure** future, (2) **insecure** attachment

Children in an unstructured environment often feel **insecure**.

famine

n. a severe shortage of food, often caused by drought, war, or economic reasons

synonym : hunger, starvation, drought

(1) **famine** relief, (2) coal **famine**

The severe **famine** caused by the drought has left many people without food.

climate

n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

synonym: atmosphere, weather, environment

(1) a cold **climate**, (2) effects of **climate** change

Climate and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

migration

n. the movement of animals to a new location, frequently as the seasons change

synonym: exodus

(1) the **migration** of birds, (2) overseas **migration**

There was a **migration** of impoverished farmers into the towns.

conflict

n. a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals

synonym: clash, discord, competition

(1) the **conflict** between good and evil, (2) the longstanding **conflict**

He and I often had **conflicts**, not only in personality but also in ideology.

emergency

n. a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action

synonym: crisis, trouble, difficulty

(1) **emergency** action, (2) acute **emergency**

The president declared a state of **emergency**.

relief

n. a feeling of happiness and relaxation that comes when something burdensome is removed or reduced

synonym: remedy, consolation, alleviation

(1) tax **relief**, (2) sigh of **relief**

He devoted his life to establishing a humanitarian **relief** fund.

crisis

n. a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken

synonym : concern, problem, emergency

(1) financial **crisis**, (2) **crisis** management

The Chinese word for **crisis** comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.

devastation

n. the act of causing great destruction or damage, often on a large scale

synonym : destruction, ruin, havoc

(1) financial **devastation**, (2) **devastation** to life

The economic recession caused **devastation** in the housing market, with many people losing their homes.

apparent

adj. able to see or understand easily or clearly

synonym : obvious, clear, conspicuous

(1) heir **apparent**, (2) **apparent** contradiction

This star is **apparent** to the naked eye.

injustice

n. a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society

synonym : unfairness, bias, discrimination

(1) gross **injustice**, (2) **injustice** system

The **injustice** of the court's decision angered many people and led to protests.

mount

v. to increase, go up, or advance gradually or continuously; to prepare and supply with the necessary equipment for execution or performance; to ride on something or someone

synonym : climb, increase, get on

(1) **mount** a hill, (2) **mount** a counterattack

They **mounted** pictures on the paper in preparation for the birthday card.

emit

v. to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.

synonym : give off, radiate, expel

(1) **emit** a gamma ray, (2) **emit** air pollution

During the unloading, the container box **emits** a clicking sound.

greenhouse

n. a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in

synonym : conservatory

(1) exotic plants in a **greenhouse**, (2) emissions of **greenhouse** gases

The **greenhouse** effect is a phenomenon that happens naturally.

consistent

adj. always behaving or happening in the same way, or having the same thoughts, standards, etc.

synonym : coherent, constant, compatible

(1) do on a **consistent** basis, (2) get **consistent** results

You are not **consistent** in your behavior.

vulnerable

adj. capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally

synonym : susceptible, exposed, weak

(1) a **vulnerable** bridge, (2) **vulnerable** parts of the body
Infants and pregnant women are particularly **vulnerable**.

disaster

n. an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life

synonym : catastrophe, calamity, tragedy

(1) global **disaster**, (2) **disaster** recovery

The **disaster** response team worked around the clock to aid those affected by the earthquake.

horrify

v. to shock or disgust greatly

synonym : shock, dismay, terrify

(1) **horrify** audience, (2) **horrify** victims

The series of terrorist attacks **horrify** the entire nation.

compensate

v. to make up for a loss, injury, or inconvenience by giving something of value

synonym : reimburse, pay, recompense

(1) **compensate** a loss, (2) **compensate** for a car accident

The company offered to **compensate** the employees for the overtime they worked.

catastrophic

adj. extremely harmful; causing physical or financial destruction

synonym : fatal, disastrous, destructive

(1) victim of **catastrophic** injuries, (2) **catastrophic** climate change

The extinction rate of aquatic animals was **catastrophic**.

industrial

adj. of or relating to or resulting from industry

synonym : manufacturing, mechanical

(1) beginning of the **industrial** revolution, (2) **industrial** alcohol

Industrial design has become more focused on human nature aspect than ever before.

revolution

n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;

synonym : coup, innovation, rebellion

(1) beginning of the industrial **revolution**, (2) a political **revolution**

The **revolution** by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

wealth

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

synonym : affluence, assets, fortunate

(1) majority of his **wealth**, (2) material **wealth**

The **wealth** inequality was unavoidable.

nation

n. a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture

synonym : country, state, sovereign entity

(1) **nation-state**, (2) a seafaring **nation**

The **nation** of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.

economical

adj. providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary

synonym : frugal, thrifty, parsimonious

(1) **economical** use of her time, (2) an **economical** meal

It is more **economical** to wash your plastic bottle and reuse it.

responsible

adj. answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management

synonym : accountable, answerable, liable

(1) **responsible** action, (2) **responsible** for a customer service

She's a **responsible** pet owner who ensures her dog gets enough exercise and a healthy diet.

emission

n. the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.

synonym : emanation, radiation, discharge

(1) global **emissions** of greenhouse gases, (2) the **emission** of light

There are five distinct **emissions** at five unique wavelengths.

logic

n. a way of thinking or reasoning conducted or evaluated by strict validity principles; the study of correct reasoning or good arguments

synonym : reasoning, reason, ratiocination

(1) an indisputable **logic**, (2) a demonstration in **logic**

There's no **logic** in his description.

industrialize

v. to organize the production of something into an industry
synonym : motorize

(1) **industrialize** service, (2) **industrialized** textile production

The nations of South East Asia will quickly **industrialize** and catch up with the West.

profit

n. money that is earned in business or by selling things after deducting the costs involved

synonym : earnings, gain, proceeds

(1) gross **profit**, (2) make a **profit**

This business yields little **profit**.

fossil

n. any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock

synonym : relic, remnant, antediluvian

(1) burning of **fossil** fuels, (2) a **fossil** leaf

It was the **fossil** of a dinosaur tooth.

fuel

n. a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy

synonym : energy, power, gas

(1) biomass **fuel**, (2) smokeless **fuel**

The **fuel** scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector

strike

v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon

synonym : hit, impact, influence

(1) **strike** up a conversation, (2) **strike** a blow

We **strike** to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.

controversial

adj. causing a lot of hot public discussion and dispute

synonym : contentious, disputed, questionable

(1) **controversial** book, (2) **controversial** policy
The issue of the death penalty is highly **controversial**.

mobilize

v. to make something ready for action or use; to organize people or resources for a particular purpose

synonym : activate, rally, marshal

(1) **mobilize** cooperation, (2) **mobilize** a stiff joint

The military **mobilized** troops to the border.

finance

n. the management of money, credit, banking, and investments, especially by a government or commercial organization; the branch of economics that studies the management of money and other assets

synonym : banking, investment, fund

(1) **finance** act, (2) manage my **finances**

Our company decided to hire an advisor who specializes in **finance**.

emerging

adj. starting to exist, mature, or become well-known

synonym : arising, occurring, state-of-the-art

(1) **emerging** country, (2) **emerging** technologies

Emerging technologies have dramatically improved productivity in various industries.

reparation

n. the act of repairing or making amends for damage, harm, or injury caused to someone or something

synonym : compensation, restitution, amends

(1) **reparation** for damages, (2) war **reparations**

The company offered financial **reparations** to those affected by their faulty product.

charity

n. an organization that helps people in need, especially by providing food, shelter, or money; a kindly and sympathetic attitude toward people

synonym : philanthropy, benevolence, generosity

(1) **charity** work, (2) ask **charity**

She volunteers at a local **charity** every weekend to help those in need.

polluted

adj. contaminated with harmful or poisonous substances

synonym : contaminated, poisoned, unclean

(1) **polluted** air, (2) cadmium- **polluted** area

The river was **polluted** with chemicals, causing harm to the wildlife.

marginal

adj. of, relating to, or situated at the edge or outer limit; of secondary or minor importance; barely satisfactory or effective

synonym : fringy, peripheral, borderline

(1) **marginal** note, (2) **marginal** cost

The company's profits have only been **marginal** this year, but they're hoping for a better year.

creditor

n. a person, company, etc. to whom a debtor owes money

(1) the **creditor's** claims, (2) bankrupt **creditor**

I asked the lawyer to initiate **creditor** negotiations for voluntary liquidation.

complicated

adj. involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze

synonym : complex, convoluted, intricate

(1) a **complicated** process, (2) become increasingly **complicated**

He did **complicated** pen-and-ink drawings in just a few days.

dam

n. a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy

synonym : barricade, barrier, embankment

(1) **dam-building** program, (2) **dam** collapsing

The break in the **dam** threatened the valley.

subscribe

v. to agree to receive or support something, often through payment or regular participation; to sign up for or enroll in something, such as a publication, service, or program

synonym : sign up, enroll, register

(1) **subscribe** to the service, (2) **subscribe** a petition

I want to **subscribe** to the newsletter to stay up-to-date on industry news.

argument

n. a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute

synonym : debate, discourse, discussion

(1) a blazing **argument**, (2) the **argument** against capital punishment

The **argument** between the two sides over the proposed policy was heated.

pollutant

n. a substance or agent that pollutes or contaminates the environment, typically through release into the air, water, or soil

synonym : contaminant, toxic substance

(1) noxious **pollutant**, (2) water **pollutant**

The factory's use of chemicals has made it a significant **pollutant** in the area.

infrastructure

n. the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies

synonym : foundation, framework

(1) IT **infrastructure**, (2) **infrastructure** cost

Aging societies tend to require huge costs for **infrastructure** maintenance.

spur

n. a thing that encourages someone to do something; any sharply pointed projection; (verb) to incite or stimulate someone or something

synonym : encouragement, motivation, stimulus

(1) **spur** of the moment, (2) **spur** a momentum of economic growth

The threat of losing his job was the **spur** he needed to work harder.

envision

v. to imagine or expect what a situation will be like in the future

synonym: anticipate, foresee, picture

(1) **envision** the future, (2) **envision** the project's success

We cannot **envision** her as President.

curtail

v. to reduce or restrict something; to shorten or truncate; to cut short or bring to an abrupt end

synonym: restrict, limit, cut back

(1) **curtail** spending, (2) **curtail** freedom

Due to budget constraints, the company had to **curtail** its marketing campaign for the new product.

slowdown

n. a reduction or decrease in the rate or pace of something; a delay or interruption in progress

synonym: deceleration, reduction, retardation

(1) **slowdown** in production, (2) abrupt **slowdown**

The economic **slowdown** has affected many businesses in the region.

compelling

adj. arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration

synonym: tempting, captivating, influential

(1) tell a **compelling** story, (2) new and **compelling** evidence

His **compelling** presentation deeply moved everyone.

sanction

n. official permission or approval for an action, especially an economic or political action by a government or international organization

synonym: approve, authorize, endorse

(1) Imperial **sanction**, (2) popular **sanction**

The government imposed economic **sanctions** on the country.

engage

v. to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something

synonym: confront, employ, amuse

(1) **engage** in environmental protection activities,

(2) **engage** a new employee

Many multinational companies are **engaged** in the reconstruction of that country.

diplomacy

n. the art and practice of conducting negotiations between nations, organizations, or people; the fine art of dealing with people in a sensitive and effective way

synonym: tact, negotiation, delicacy

(1) the language of **diplomacy**, (2) the art of **diplomacy**

Effective **diplomacy** is necessary to resolve conflicts and maintain relationships between countries.

reconcile

v. to find a way of dealing with two or more ideas, needs, etc. that are opposed to each other to agree and coexist

synonym: harmonize, moderate, conciliate

(1) **reconcile** these differences, (2) **reconcile** a dispute

Sometimes it is challenging to **reconcile** science and religion.

government

n. the group of people with authority to control a country or state

synonym: administration, regime, state

(1) **government** bureaucracy, (2) **government** funding

The federal **government** is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

depart

v. to go away or leave, especially to start a journey

synonym: go away, leave, vacate

(1) arrive and **depart** on time, (2) **depart** from the faith

We **departed** before the temperature fell below zero.

coal

n. a combustible black or brownish-black sedimentary rock that is found below the ground and burnt to produce heat

synonym : ember

(1) a **coal-fired** ship, (2) construction of new **coal** plants

We combust **coal** and other fossil fuels to generate electricity.

pursue

v. to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them

synonym : seek, hunt, chase

(1) **pursue** a goal, (2) **pursue** freedoms

She intends to **pursue** a political career.

vision

n. the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see

synonym : sight, image, concept

(1) a prodigious **vision**, (2) telescopic **vision**

Driving is difficult for me because of my poor **vision**.

leapfrog

n. a children's game in which players take turns jumping over each other's stooped backs

synonym : hopping, jumpfrog

(1) **leapfrog** game, (2) **leapfrog** technology

During recess, the children played a game of **leapfrog** in the schoolyard.

sustainable

adj. able to continue or be continued for a long time

synonym : continuable, endurable, tolerable

(1) **sustainable** alternative fuel, (2) principles of **sustainable** development

The government should do more to support environmentally **sustainable** agriculture.

expressway

n. a high-speed divided highway designed for fast traffic, typically with limited access points and no intersections

synonym: highway, express lane, motorway

(1) **expressway** exit, (2) **expressway** construction

The new **expressway** has eased traffic congestion in the city.

elite

adj. belonging to the wealthiest, most potent, best-educated, or best-trained group in a society

synonym: privileged, favored, elect

(1) earn **elite** status, (2) **elite** athlete

Very few educational **elites** go to Oxford or Cambridge.

dot

n. a very small circular mark, especially one that is printed

synonym: drop, dab, fleck

(1) connecting the **dots**, (2) **dot** blot method

The wallpaper had a pattern of pink **dots** on a white surface.

drought

n. a long period of time during which there is very little or no rain, leading to a shortage of water and often causing damage to crops and other vegetation

synonym: dryness, aridity, water shortage

(1) periods of **drought**, (2) **drought** conditions

The region has been experiencing a severe **drought**, leading to water shortages and crop failures.

calamity

n. a serious event that causes damage, injury, or loss

synonym: disaster, tragedy, misfortune

(1) financial **calamity**, (2) a dire **calamity**

The earthquake was a major **calamity** that left many homeless.

consequence

n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual

synonym: result, impact, outcome

(1) unintended **consequences**, (2) the **consequence** of an argument

These economic activities had disastrous environmental **consequences**.

govern

v. to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services

synonym : control, rule, preside

(1) a nation's right to **govern**, (2) **govern** a public enterprise

The regulations **governing** medical malpractice claims are rigorous.

inadequate

adj. not sufficient or enough

synonym : insufficient, lacking, lacking enough

(1) an **inadequate** income, (2) **inadequate** funding

The small budget was **inadequate** to cover all the necessary expenses for the project.

corruption

n. dishonest, harmful, or illegal behavior, especially of people in positions of power

synonym : depravity, bribery, degeneration

(1) **corruption** accusation, (2) federal **corruption** charges

Rampant **corruption** led to a loss of trust in the government.

acknowledge

v. to accept or admit the existence, reality, or truth of something; to accept that someone or something has a particular authority or quality; to express obligation, thanks, or gratitude for someone's help, commitment, etc.;

synonym : accept, agree, declare

(1) **acknowledge** the deed, (2) **acknowledge** his help

He never **acknowledged** his fault.

absolutely

adv. without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly

synonym : completely, utterly, definitely

(1) **absolutely** against, (2) **absolutely** obsessed with the girl

I am **absolutely** opposed to his idea because of morality.

transition

n. the process or period of changing from one state or circumstance to another

synonym : change, growth, shift

(1) **transition** phase, (2) ensure a smooth **transition**

The nation's healthcare system is in **transition** at the moment.

contract

n. a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law

synonym : agreement, deal, arrangement

(1) employment **contract**, (2) **contract** law

The company signed a **contract** with the supplier for the delivery of goods.

adopt

v. to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own

synonym : accept, assume, take on

(1) **adopt** a child, (2) **adopt** a bill

The national assembly has **adopted** the budget.

expansive

adj. large or wide in extent or scope; friendly and open and willing to talk

synonym : large, extensive, vast

(1) with an **expansive** spirit, (2) **expansive** ocean views

The company has an **expansive** network of offices and locations around the world.

definition

n. a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol

synonym : description, connotation, meaning

(1) a precise **definition**, (2) the **definition** of a word

Parallel lines are, by **definition**, lines on the same plane that never cross.

adaptation

n. the action or process of changing to suit different conditions

synonym : adaption, adjustment, transformation

(1) **adaptation** ability, (2) language **adaptation**

The company's **adaptation** approach has been highly effective.

tackle

v. to try to deal with a complex problem or situation

synonym : deal with, dive into, work on

(1) **tackle** the issue, (2) help **tackle** climate change

The government is determined to **tackle** sharp inflation.

drown

v. to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater

synonym : douse, drench, overwhelm

(1) **drown** in a bath, (2) I was **drowned** in work

Floods have the potential to **drown** any subsurface animals easily.

desperate

adj. feeling or showing a lack of hope and a willingness to do anything because of the problematic situation

synonym : anguish, frantic, hopeless

(1) her **desperate** screams, (2) **desperate** attempt

He was **desperate** when he lost all his money by gambling.

recognition

n. the action or process of recognizing or being recognized, especially by remembering; an agreement that something is true or legal

synonym : acknowledgement, identification, credit

(1) **recognition** award, (2) joint **recognition**

He was given **recognition** for his outstanding work in the field of medicine.

adapt

v. to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment

synonym : adjust, acclimate, accustom

(1) **adapt** fully to the environment, (2) **adapt** as needed

I advised him to **adapt** to his new surroundings.

mitigate

v. to make less severe or less intense; to alleviate or lessen the adverse effects of something

synonym: alleviate, relieve, reduce

(1) **mitigate** risk, (2) **mitigate** a natural disaster

Efforts to **mitigate** the effects of climate change require a coordinated and sustained effort by governments, businesses, and individuals.

resilient

adj. able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions

synonym: robust, sturdy, tough

(1) a hard and **resilient** steel, (2) **resilient** population

She is a **resilient** person and has always bounced back from setbacks.

introductory

adj. intended as an introduction or preliminary; serving as a base or starting point

synonym: beginning, preliminary, initial

(1) **introductory** biology text, (2) product **introductory** sale

The **introductory** class was designed to give students a basic understanding of the subject.

declaration

n. a formal or explicit statement or announcement

synonym: statement, announcement, proclamation

(1) **declaration** of independence, (2) unilateral **declaration**

The President made the **declaration** of war.

headline

n. a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page

synonym: title, caption

(1) **headline** article, (2) banner **headline**

The engagement of the two golf players became **headline** news.

cycle

n. an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle

synonym : revolution, rotation, bike

(1) the **cycle** of the seasons, (2) go to the workplace by **cycle**

The food chain causes a material **cycle**.

domestic

adj. relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international

synonym : endemic, private, household

(1) **domestic** airline, (2) a **domestic** animal

GDP stands for gross **domestic** product.

militant

n. willing to use force or violence to achieve a political or social goal

synonym : combative, aggressive, bellicose

(1) **militant** nations, (2) a **militant** reformer

The **militant** group launched a series of attacks on government buildings.

unfortunately

adv. by bad luck; unluckily

synonym : regrettably, unluckily, alas

(1) **unfortunately** caught in a shower, (2) even more **unfortunately**

The treatments were done but, **unfortunately**, were unsuccessful.

recede

v. to pull back or move away or backward

synonym : move back, retreat, downsize

(1) **recede** from view, (2) **recede** in the darkness

The king's political power **receded** even further.

aid

n. things sent to help countries in need, notably food or money; support

synonym : helper, resource, assistance

(1) financial **aid**, (2) country-by-country **aid** programs

Pakistan's **aid** budget was still being reviewed.

rehabilitate

v. to restore to good health or physical condition; to help someone return to a normal life, especially after a period of illness, addiction, or imprisonment

synonym : reform, restore, renovate

(1) **rehabilitate** prisoners, (2) **rehabilitate** wildlife

The organization works to **rehabilitate** drug addicts and help them rebuild their lives.

reconstruction

n. the process of rebuilding or repairing something that has been damaged or destroyed or of restoring something to its original condition

synonym : rebuilding, remodeling, renovation

(1) **reconstruction** aid, (2) **reconstruction** aid

The government announced a plan for the **reconstruction** of the city's infrastructure.

phase

n. any stage in a series of events, change, or development

synonym : degree, stage, step

(1) enter on the last **phase**, (2) two- **phase** structure

The era of the industrial revolution was a crucial **phase** of history.

launch

v. to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time

synonym : start, initiate, begin

(1) **launch** a spaceship into orbit, (2) **launch** a big attack

The company is set to **launch** its new product line next month.

appeal

n. a serious, earnest, or urgent request for money, information, or help; a quality that makes somebody or something attractive or interest

synonym : request, charm, attraction

(1) draw out your **appeal**, (2) an **appeal** for help

He needed to resolve the problem as soon as possible, so he made an **appeal** directly.

deter

v. to discourage or prevent someone from doing something

synonym : prevent, discourage, forestall

(1) **deter** aggression, (2) **deter** crime

The high fence was meant to **deter** intruders from entering the property.

absolute

adj. perfect or complete or to the most considerable degree possible

synonym : complete, infrangible, indisputable

(1) **absolute** loyalty, (2) an **absolute** must

Gandhi had an **absolute** zeal for nonviolence.

conversation

n. an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.

synonym : chat, discussion, dialogue

(1) **conversation** in English, (2) a friendly **conversation**

Your **conversation** reflects your thoughts.

structure

n. the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts

synonym : construction, architecture, establishment

(1) the **structure** of a machine, (2) **structure** and function of the brain

The organizational **structure** of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.

bump

v. to hit or knock against something hard, often with a dull sound; to meet with by accident

synonym : collide, hit, jolt

(1) **bump** against a wall, (2) **bump** up prices

She accidentally **bumped** into him in the crowded room.

electrify

v. to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something

synonym : wire, amaze, astonish

(1) **electrify** the audience, (2) **electrify** a manufacturing process

The product developed through years of research continues to **electrify** the market.

pylon

n. a tall, vertical structure used to support cables or wires, typically made of metal or concrete

synonym : tower, pillar, column

(1) **pylon** installation, (2) engine **pylon**

The transmission of electricity over long distances often requires the use of **pylons** to maintain the electrical cables.

advertise

v. to draw attention to something such as a product, service, or event in public to encourage people to buy, use, or attend it

synonym : publicize, announce, promote

(1) **advertise** the campaign, (2) **advertise** on social media

We want to **advertise** our company through your media.

symbol

n. something visible that is used to represent something else

synonym : mark, character, insignia

(1) **symbol** color, (2) **symbol** for happiness

The dragon is considered a **symbol** of bravery.

submerge

v. to put something under water or to go under water; to bury or hide something deeply or completely

synonym : deluge, drench, dunk

(1) **submerge** in a liquid, (2) **submerge** my head completely

The ship was **submerged** in the ocean for many years before it was finally discovered.

Session 2: Spelling

1. a fl__h of lightning *n.* a sudden intense burst of radiant energy; a momentary brightness
2. product int_____ory sale *adj.* intended as an introduction or preliminary; serving as a base or starting point
3. la___h a spaceship into orbit *v.* to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time
4. coast st__p *v.* to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc.
5. int_____ory biology text *adj.* intended as an introduction or preliminary; serving as a base or starting point
6. ind_____ize service *v.* to organize the production of something into an industry
7. cu_____l freedom *v.* to reduce or restrict something; to shorten or truncate; to cut short or bring to an abrupt end
8. with an ex_____ve spirit *adj.* large or wide in extent or scope; friendly and open and willing to talk
9. ch_____y work *n.* an organization that helps people in need, especially by providing food, shelter, or money; a kindly and sympathetic attitude toward people

ANSWERS: 1. flash, 2. introductory, 3. launch, 4. strip, 5. introductory, 6. industrialize, 7. curtail, 8. expansive, 9. charity

- | | |
|--|--|
| 10. po____ed air | <i>adj.</i> contaminated with harmful or poisonous substances |
| 11. em_____cy action | <i>n.</i> a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action |
| 12. re___e in the darkness | <i>v.</i> to pull back or move away or backward |
| 13. the ar_____nt against capital punishment | <i>n.</i> a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute |
| 14. a fo___l leaf | <i>n.</i> any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock |
| 15. liv_____od assistance | <i>n.</i> a means of earning money people need to pay for food, a place to live, clothing, etc. |
| 16. IT inf_____ure | <i>n.</i> the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies |
| 17. have dev_____ng effects | <i>adj.</i> causing a great deal of destruction or damage |
| 18. abs_____ly obsessed with the girl | <i>adv.</i> without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly |
| 19. the st_____re of a machine | <i>n.</i> the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts |
| 20. exotic plants in a gre_____se | <i>n.</i> a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in |

ANSWERS: 10. polluted, 11. emergency, 12. recede, 13. argument, 14. fossil, 15. livelihood, 16. infrastructure, 17. devastating, 18. absolutely, 19. structure, 20. greenhouse

32. unintended con_____ces *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
33. vul_____le parts of the body *adj.* capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally
34. financial ca_____ty *n.* a serious event that causes damage, injury, or loss
35. enter on the last ph__e *n.* any stage in a series of events, change, or development
36. I was dr__ned in work *v.* to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater
37. de___e mosquito *n.* a viral disease transmitted by mosquitoes, characterized by fever, severe joint and muscle pain, and a rash
38. ensure a smooth tra_____on *n.* the process or period of changing from one state or circumstance to another
39. wa_____og a field *v.* to saturate with water or become saturated with water; to cause something to be waterlogged or submerged in water
40. fl__d advisory *n.* a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount
41. mi_____te a natural disaster *v.* to make less severe or less intense; to alleviate or lessen the adverse effects of something
42. a c__l-fired ship *n.* a combustible black or brownish-black sedimentary rock that is found below the ground and burnt to produce heat

ANSWERS: 32. consequence, 33. vulnerable, 34. calamity, 35. phase, 36. drown, 37. dengue, 38. transition, 39. waterlog, 40. flood, 41. mitigate, 42. coal

43. go___n a public enterprise *v.* to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
44. the language of di_____cy *n.* the art and practice of conducting negotiations between nations, organizations, or people; the fine art of dealing with people in a sensitive and effective way
45. ad__t a bill *v.* to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own
46. em_____ng country *adj.* starting to exist, mature, or become well-known
47. a precise def_____on *n.* a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol
48. gl_____rs move tardily *n.* a slowly moving mass of ice formed from snow on mountains or near the North Pole or the South Pole
49. co_____ct law *n.* a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law
50. do on a con_____nt basis *adj.* always behaving or happening in the same way, or having the same thoughts, standards, etc.
51. mi_____nt nations *n.* willing to use force or violence to achieve a political or social goal

ANSWERS: 43. govern, 44. diplomacy, 45. adopt, 46. emerging, 47. definition, 48. glacier, 49. contract, 50. consistent, 51. militant

52. earn el__e status *adj.* belonging to the wealthiest, most potent, best-educated, or best-trained group in a society
53. wh__t crop *n.* a cereal plant that is the most important kind grown in temperate countries, the grain of which is ground to make flour for bread, pasta, pastry, etc
54. ho____y victims *v.* to shock or disgust greatly
55. ma____al cost *adj.* of, relating to, or situated at the edge or outer limit; of secondary or minor importance; barely satisfactory or effective
56. financial a_d *n.* things sent to help countries in need, notably food or money; support
57. lead to des____ve behavior *adj.* causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
58. s__r of the moment *n.* a thing that encourages someone to do something; any sharply pointed projection; (verb) to incite or stimulate someone or something
59. su____e a blizzard *v.* to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period
60. make a pr__t *n.* money that is earned in business or by selling things after deducting the costs involved
61. periods of dr____t *n.* a long period of time during which there is very little or no rain, leading to a shortage of water and often causing damage to crops and other vegetation

ANSWERS: 52. elite, 53. wheat, 54. horrify, 55. marginal, 56. aid, 57. destructive, 58. spur, 59. survive, 60. profit, 61. drought

62. gl____r retreat *n.* a slowly moving mass of ice formed from snow on mountains or near the North Pole or the South Pole
63. s__r a momentum of economic growth *n.* a thing that encourages someone to do something; any sharply pointed projection; (verb) to incite or stimulate someone or something
64. the co____ct between good and evil *n.* a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
65. mi____te risk *v.* to make less severe or less intense; to alleviate or lessen the adverse effects of something
66. en____e a new employee *v.* to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something
67. cu____l spending *v.* to reduce or restrict something; to shorten or truncate; to cut short or bring to an abrupt end
68. de____t from the faith *v.* to go away or leave, especially to start a journey
69. ad__t a child *v.* to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own
70. draw out your ap____l *n.* a serious, earnest, or urgent request for money, information, or help; a quality that makes somebody or something attractive or interest
71. joint rec____on *n.* the action or process of recognizing or being recognized, especially by remembering; an agreement that something is true or legal

ANSWERS: 62. glacier, 63. spur, 64. conflict, 65. mitigate, 66. engage, 67. curtail, 68. depart, 69. adopt, 70. appeal, 71. recognition

72. cadmium-po_____ed area	<i>adj.</i> contaminated with harmful or poisonous substances
73. two-ph__e structure	<i>n.</i> any stage in a series of events, change, or development
74. a passage from the Bi__e	<i>n.</i> the sacred writings of the Christian religions, consisting of the Old and New Testaments; a book regarded as authoritative in its field
75. mo_____n current	<i>n.</i> a seasonal wind system that brings heavy rainfall to a region, typically occurring in tropical areas
76. the longstanding co_____ct	<i>n.</i> a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals
77. go to the workplace by cy__e	<i>n.</i> an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle
78. biomass f__l	<i>n.</i> a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
79. le_____og technology	<i>n.</i> a children's game in which players take turns jumping over each other's stooped backs
80. d_m collapsing	<i>n.</i> a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy
81. ad_____se on social media	<i>v.</i> to draw attention to something such as a product, service, or event in public to encourage people to buy, use, or attend it

ANSWERS: 72. polluted, 73. phase, 74. bible, 75. monsoon, 76. conflict, 77. cycle, 78. fuel, 79. leapfrog, 80. dam, 81. advertise

82. rec_____on award *n.* the action or process of recognizing or being recognized, especially by remembering; an agreement that something is true or legal
83. noxious po_____nt *n.* a substance or agent that pollutes or contaminates the environment, typically through release into the air, water, or soil
84. en_____on the future *v.* to imagine or expect what a situation will be like in the future
85. treat this dev_____ng disease *adj.* causing a great deal of destruction or damage
86. dec_____on of independence *n.* a formal or explicit statement or announcement
87. ask ch_____y *n.* an organization that helps people in need, especially by providing food, shelter, or money; a kindly and sympathetic attitude toward people
88. el_____fy the audience *v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
89. c__p herbicide *n.* a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
90. le_____og game *n.* a children's game in which players take turns jumping over each other's stooped backs
91. emissions of gre_____se gases *n.* a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in

ANSWERS: 82. recognition, 83. pollutant, 84. envision, 85. devastating, 86. declaration, 87. charity, 88. electrify, 89. crop, 90. leapfrog, 91. greenhouse

92. financial cr___s *n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
93. fr_____nt use *adj.* happening constantly
94. the def_____on of a word *n.* a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol
95. employment co_____ct *n.* a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law
96. e__t air pollution *v.* to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.
97. mo_____ze cooperation *v.* to make something ready for action or use; to organize people or resources for a particular purpose
98. a com_____ed process *adj.* involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
99. su_____e a plane crash *v.* to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period
100. get con_____nt results *adj.* always behaving or happening in the same way, or having the same thoughts, standards, etc.
101. overseas mi_____on *n.* the movement of animals to a new location, frequently as the seasons change
102. exp_____ay construction *n.* a high-speed divided highway designed for fast traffic, typically with limited access points and no intersections

ANSWERS: 92. crisis, 93. frequent, 94. definition, 95. contract, 96. emit, 97. mobilize, 98. complicated, 99. survive, 100. consistent, 101. migration, 102. expressway

103. manage my fi_____es *n.* the management of money, credit, banking, and investments, especially by a government or commercial organization; the branch of economics that studies the management of money and other assets
104. di_____ea-related dehydration *n.* a common digestive disorder with the frequent passage of loose, watery stools that can be caused by various factors such as infections, food poisoning, and certain medications
105. st_____re and function of the brain *n.* the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts
106. in_____ce system *n.* a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society
107. a demonstration in lo__c *n.* a way of thinking or reasoning conducted or evaluated by strict validity principles; the study of correct reasoning or good arguments
108. the em_____on of light *n.* the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.
109. mo_____ze a stiff joint *v.* to make something ready for action or use; to organize people or resources for a particular purpose
110. py__n installation *n.* a tall, vertical structure used to support cables or wires, typically made of metal or concrete
111. res_____le action *adj.* answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management

ANSWERS: 103. finance, 104. diarrhea, 105. structure, 106. injustice, 107. logic, 108. emission, 109. mobilize, 110. pylon, 111. responsible

112. cr___s management	<i>n.</i>	a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
113. ta___e the issue	<i>v.</i>	to try to deal with a complex problem or situation
114. de__r aggression	<i>v.</i>	to discourage or prevent someone from doing something
115. di_____er recovery	<i>n.</i>	an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life
116. the cy___e of the seasons	<i>n.</i>	an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle
117. he_____ne article	<i>n.</i>	a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page
118. cat_____hic climate change	<i>adj.</i>	extremely harmful; causing physical or financial destruction
119. gross in_____ce	<i>n.</i>	a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society
120. gov_____nt funding	<i>n.</i>	the group of people with authority to control a country or state
121. a vul_____le bridge	<i>adj.</i>	capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally
122. reh_____ate prisoners	<i>v.</i>	to restore to good health or physical condition; to help someone return to a normal life, especially after a period of illness, addiction, or imprisonment
123. d_t blot method	<i>n.</i>	a very small circular mark, especially one that is printed

ANSWERS: 112. crisis, 113. tackle, 114. deter, 115. disaster, 116. cycle, 117. headline, 118. catastrophic, 119. injustice, 120. government, 121. vulnerable, 122. rehabilitate, 123. dot

124. a hard and re_____nt steel *adj.* able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions
125. harvesting wh__t *n.* a cereal plant that is the most important kind grown in temperate countries, the grain of which is ground to make flour for bread, pasta, pastry, etc
126. majority of his we___h *n.* a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
127. a blazing ar_____nt *n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute
128. ind_____al alcohol *adj.* of or relating to or resulting from industry
129. engine py__n *n.* a tall, vertical structure used to support cables or wires, typically made of metal or concrete
130. ack_____ge the deed *v.* to accept or admit the existence, reality, or truth of something; to accept that someone or something has a particular authority or quality; to express obligation, thanks, or gratitude for someone's help, commitment, etc.;
131. heir ap_____nt *adj.* able to see or understand easily or clearly
132. el__e athlete *adj.* belonging to the wealthiest, most potent, best-educated, or best-trained group in a society

ANSWERS: 124. resilient, 125. wheat, 126. wealth, 127. argument, 128. industrial, 129. pylon, 130. acknowledge, 131. apparent, 132. elite

133. death from sh__k *n.* a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant
134. believe Bi__e prophecy *n.* the sacred writings of the Christian religions, consisting of the Old and New Testaments; a book regarded as authoritative in its field
135. a dire ca____ty *n.* a serious event that causes damage, injury, or loss
136. unf_____ely caught in a shower *adv.* by bad luck; unluckily
137. su_____be a petition *v.* to agree to receive or support something, often through payment or regular participation; to sign up for or enroll in something, such as a publication, service, or program
138. ap_____nt contradiction *adj.* able to see or understand easily or clearly
139. ina_____te funding *adj.* not sufficient or enough
140. im_____l national security *v.* to put something or someone in danger or at risk; to threaten the safety or well-being of something or someone
141. water po_____nt *n.* a substance or agent that pollutes or contaminates the environment, typically through release into the air, water, or soil
142. do_____ic airline *adj.* relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international

ANSWERS: 133. shock, 134. bible, 135. calamity, 136. unfortunately, 137. subscribe, 138. apparent, 139. inadequate, 140. imperil, 141. pollutant, 142. domestic

143. su____ge my head completely *v.* to put something under water or to go under water; to bury or hide something deeply or completely
144. a cold cl____e *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
145. m__t down gold *v.* to turn from something solid into something soft or liquid as a result of heating
146. ma____a mosquitoes *n.* a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
147. su____ge in a liquid *v.* to put something under water or to go under water; to bury or hide something deeply or completely
148. principles of sus____le development *adj.* able to continue or be continued for a long time
149. fa____e relief *n.* a severe shortage of food, often caused by drought, war, or economic reasons
150. sl____wn in production *n.* a reduction or decrease in the rate or pace of something; a delay or interruption in progress
151. Imperial sa____on *n.* official permission or approval for an action, especially an economic or political action by a government or international organization
152. in____re attachment *adj.* not firm or firmly fixed; likely to fail or give way, or not assured of safety
153. tax re____f *n.* a feeling of happiness and relaxation that comes when something burdensome is removed or reduced

ANSWERS: 143. submerge, 144. climate, 145. melt, 146. malaria, 147. submerge, 148. sustainable, 149. famine, 150. slowdown, 151. sanction, 152. insecure, 153. relief

164. a means of liv_____od *n.* a means of earning money people need to pay for food, a place to live, clothing, etc.
165. war rep_____ons *n.* the act of repairing or making amends for damage, harm, or injury caused to someone or something
166. language ada_____on *n.* the action or process of changing to suit different conditions
167. a political rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
168. en___e in environmental protection activities *v.* to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something
169. federal cor_____on charges *n.* dishonest, harmful, or illegal behavior, especially of people in positions of power
170. an in_____re future *adj.* not firm or firmly fixed; likely to fail or give way, or not assured of safety
171. help ta___e climate change *v.* to try to deal with a complex problem or situation
172. the mi_____on of birds *n.* the movement of animals to a new location, frequently as the seasons change
173. eco_____al use of her time *adj.* providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary
174. construction of new c___l plants *n.* a combustible black or brownish-black sedimentary rock that is found below the ground and burnt to produce heat

ANSWERS: 164. livelihood, 165. reparation, 166. adaptation, 167. revolution, 168. engage, 169. corruption, 170. insecure, 171. tackle, 172. migration, 173. economical, 174. coal

175. wa_____og the roof *v.* to saturate with water or become saturated with water; to cause something to be waterlogged or submerged in water
176. con_____ial policy *adj.* causing a lot of hot public discussion and dispute
177. pu___e a goal *v.* to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them
178. victim of cat_____hic injuries *adj.* extremely harmful; causing physical or financial destruction
179. mo_____n season *n.* a seasonal wind system that brings heavy rainfall to a region, typically occurring in tropical areas
180. connecting the d_ts *n.* a very small circular mark, especially one that is printed
181. tra_____on phase *n.* the process or period of changing from one state or circumstance to another
182. seals sleep und_____er *adv.* below or under the surface of the water
183. b__p up prices *v.* to hit or knock against something hard, often with a dull sound; to meet with by accident
184. ho_____y audience *v.* to shock or disgust greatly
185. ad__t fully to the environment *v.* to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment
186. mo__t a counterattack *v.* to increase, go up, or advance gradually or continuously; to prepare and supply with the necessary equipment for execution or performance; to ride on something or someone

ANSWERS: 175. waterlog, 176. controversial, 177. pursue, 178. catastrophic, 179. monsoon, 180. dot, 181. transition, 182. underwater, 183. bump, 184. horrify, 185. adapt, 186. mount

187. de_____te attempt *adj.* feeling or showing a lack of hope and a willingness to do anything because of the problematic situation
188. st___e up a conversation *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
189. ex_____ve ocean views *adj.* large or wide in extent or scope; friendly and open and willing to talk
190. an indisputable lo__c *n.* a way of thinking or reasoning conducted or evaluated by strict validity principles; the study of correct reasoning or good arguments
191. res_____le for a customer service *adj.* answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management
192. st___e a blow *v.* to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
193. em_____ng technologies *adj.* starting to exist, mature, or become well-known
194. acute em_____cy *n.* a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action
195. country-by-country a_d programs *n.* things sent to help countries in need, notably food or money; support
196. a do_____ic animal *adj.* relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international
197. re_____le these differences *v.* to find a way of dealing with two or more ideas, needs, etc. that are opposed to each other to agree and coexist

ANSWERS: 187. desperate, 188. strike, 189. expansive, 190. logic, 191. responsible, 192. strike, 193. emerging, 194. emergency, 195. aid, 196. domestic, 197. reconcile

198. telescopic vi___n *n.* the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see
199. brilliant fl__h *n.* a sudden intense burst of radiant energy; a momentary brightness
200. global di_____er *n.* an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life
201. de__r crime *v.* to discourage or prevent someone from doing something
202. gov_____nt bureaucracy *n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state
203. global em_____ons of greenhouse gases *n.* the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.
204. sy___l for happiness *n.* something visible that is used to represent something else
205. b__p against a wall *v.* to hit or knock against something hard, often with a dull sound; to meet with by accident
206. com_____te a loss *v.* to make up for a loss, injury, or inconvenience by giving something of value
207. her de_____te screams *adj.* feeling or showing a lack of hope and a willingness to do anything because of the problematic situation
208. de___e outbreak *n.* a viral disease transmitted by mosquitoes, characterized by fever, severe joint and muscle pain, and a rash

ANSWERS: 198. vision, 199. flash, 200. disaster, 201. deter, 202. government, 203. emission, 204. symbol, 205. bump, 206. compensate, 207. desperate, 208. dengue

209. re_____nt population	<i>adj.</i> able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions
210. hold my breath und_____er	<i>adv.</i> below or under the surface of the water
211. burning of fo____l fuels	<i>n.</i> any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock
212. become increasingly com_____ed	<i>adj.</i> involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze
213. the cr_____or's claims	<i>n.</i> a person, company, etc. to whom a debtor owes money
214. fi_____e act	<i>n.</i> the management of money, credit, banking, and investments, especially by a government or commercial organization; the branch of economics that studies the management of money and other assets
215. popular sa_____on	<i>n.</i> official permission or approval for an action, especially an economic or political action by a government or international organization
216. dev_____on to life	<i>n.</i> the act of causing great destruction or damage, often on a large scale
217. an ina_____te income	<i>adj.</i> not sufficient or enough
218. material we____h	<i>n.</i> a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns
219. ack_____ge his help	<i>v.</i> to accept or admit the existence, reality, or truth of something; to accept that someone or something has a particular authority or quality; to express obligation, thanks, or gratitude for someone's help, commitment, etc.;

ANSWERS: 209. resilient, 210. underwater, 211. fossil, 212. complicated, 213. creditor, 214. finance, 215. sanction, 216. devastation, 217. inadequate, 218. wealth, 219. acknowledge

220. mo__t a hill *v.* to increase, go up, or advance gradually or continuously; to prepare and supply with the necessary equipment for execution or performance; to ride on something or someone
221. inf_____ure cost *n.* the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies
222. bankrupt cr____or *n.* a person, company, etc. to whom a debtor owes money
223. an attributive ad____ve *n.* a word that describes a noun or pronoun
224. ma____a-endemic area *n.* a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
225. tell a com_____ng story *adj.* arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration
226. st__p a tire off *v.* to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc.
227. acc_____te the car *v.* to make something faster or earlier; to cause to develop or progress more quickly
228. na___n-state *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
229. con_____ial book *adj.* causing a lot of hot public discussion and dispute

ANSWERS: 220. mount, 221. infrastructure, 222. creditor, 223. adjective, 224. malaria, 225. compelling, 226. strip, 227. accelerate, 228. nation, 229. controversial

230. ind_____ized textile production *v.* to organize the production of something into an industry
231. la___h a big attack *v.* to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time
232. financial dev_____on *n.* the act of causing great destruction or damage, often on a large scale
233. beginning of the industrial rev_____on *n.* a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;
234. c__p field *n.* a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
235. cor_____on accusation *n.* dishonest, harmful, or illegal behavior, especially of people in positions of power
236. con_____ion in English *n.* an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.
237. a seafaring na___n *n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
238. acc_____te a chemical reaction *v.* to make something faster or earlier; to cause to develop or progress more quickly
239. smokeless f__l *n.* a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
240. a habit des_____ve to health *adj.* causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage

ANSWERS: 230. industrialize, 231. launch, 232. devastation, 233. revolution, 234. crop, 235. corruption, 236. conversation, 237. nation, 238. accelerate, 239. fuel, 240. destructive

241. dr____t conditions *n.* a long period of time during which there is very little or no rain, leading to a shortage of water and often causing damage to crops and other vegetation
242. dr__n in a bath *v.* to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater
243. ad__t as needed *v.* to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment
244. the con_____ce of an argument *n.* the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual
245. sy___l color *n.* something visible that is used to represent something else
246. re___e from view *v.* to pull back or move away or backward
247. rep_____on for damages *n.* the act of repairing or making amends for damage, harm, or injury caused to someone or something
248. all_____ing flame *adj.* taking up all of a person's attention, energy, or resources; having a powerful or overwhelming impact or influence
249. the art of di_____cy *n.* the art and practice of conducting negotiations between nations, organizations, or people; the fine art of dealing with people in a sensitive and effective way
250. sh__k-resistant *n.* a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant

ANSWERS: 241. drought, 242. drown, 243. adapt, 244. consequence, 245. symbol, 246. recede, 247. reparation, 248. all-consuming, 249. diplomacy, 250. shock

251. new and com_____ng evidence *adj.* arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration
252. di_____ea with abdominal pain *n.* a common digestive disorder with the frequent passage of loose, watery stools that can be caused by various factors such as infections, food poisoning, and certain medications
253. ada_____on ability *n.* the action or process of changing to suit different conditions
254. abrupt sl_____wn *n.* a reduction or decrease in the rate or pace of something; a delay or interruption in progress
255. abs_____ly against *adv.* without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly
256. reh_____ate wildlife *v.* to restore to good health or physical condition; to help someone return to a normal life, especially after a period of illness, addiction, or imprisonment
257. exp_____ay exit *n.* a high-speed divided highway designed for fast traffic, typically with limited access points and no intersections
258. even more unf_____ely *adv.* by bad luck; unluckily
259. banner he_____ne *n.* a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page
260. effects of cl_____e change *n.* the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period
261. ad_____se the campaign *v.* to draw attention to something such as a product, service, or event in public to encourage people to buy, use, or attend it

ANSWERS: 251. compelling, 252. diarrhea, 253. adaptation, 254. slowdown, 255. absolutely, 256. rehabilitate, 257. expressway, 258. unfortunately, 259. headline, 260. climate, 261. advertise

262. sus_____le alternative fuel *adj.* able to continue or be continued for a long time
263. a nation's right to go___n *v.* to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services
264. en_____on the project's success *v.* to imagine or expect what a situation will be like in the future
265. all_____ing passion *adj.* taking up all of a person's attention, energy, or resources; having a powerful or overwhelming impact or influence
266. a mi_____nt reformer *n.* willing to use force or violence to achieve a political or social goal
267. gross pr___t *n.* money that is earned in business or by selling things after deducting the costs involved
268. unilateral dec_____on *n.* a formal or explicit statement or announcement
269. a fl__d of questions *n.* a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount
270. rec_____ion aid *n.* the process of rebuilding or repairing something that has been damaged or destroyed or of restoring something to its original condition
271. beginning of the ind_____al revolution *adj.* of or relating to or resulting from industry

ANSWERS: 262. sustainable, 263. govern, 264. envision, 265. all-consuming, 266. militant, 267. profit, 268. declaration, 269. flood, 270. reconstruction, 271. industrial

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The doctor advised him to _____ down for a check.
 - v.* to remove the surface from something; (noun) a sizeable narrow piece of something such as paper, metal, cloth, etc., or area of land, sea, etc.

2. We want to _____ our company through your media.
 - v.* to draw attention to something such as a product, service, or event in public to encourage people to buy, use, or attend it

3. Your _____ reflects your thoughts.
 - n.* an informal talk between two or more people to exchange their views, ideas, information, etc.

4. She volunteers at a local _____ every weekend to help those in need.
 - n.* an organization that helps people in need, especially by providing food, shelter, or money; a kindly and sympathetic attitude toward people

5. This business yields little _____.
 - n.* money that is earned in business or by selling things after deducting the costs involved

6. The era of the industrial revolution was a crucial _____ of history.
 - n.* any stage in a series of events, change, or development

7. _____ technologies have dramatically improved productivity in various industries.
 - adj.* starting to exist, mature, or become well-known

ANSWERS: 1. strip, 2. advertise, 3. conversation, 4. charity, 5. profit, 6. phase, 7. Emerging

8. The wallpaper had a pattern of pink _____ on a white surface.
- n.* a very small circular mark, especially one that is printed
9. Due to budget constraints, the company had to _____ its marketing campaign for the new product.
- v.* to reduce or restrict something; to shorten or truncate; to cut short or bring to an abrupt end
10. Many multinational companies are _____ in the reconstruction of that country.
- v.* to attract and keep someone's attention and interest; to participate in or obtain services of something
11. The Chinese word for _____ comprises two characters, one for danger and the other for opportunity.
- n.* a time of great disagreement, confusion, or danger when problems must be resolved or critical decisions must be taken
12. The government is determined to _____ sharp inflation.
- v.* to try to deal with a complex problem or situation
13. Our company decided to hire an advisor who specializes in _____.
- n.* the management of money, credit, banking, and investments, especially by a government or commercial organization; the branch of economics that studies the management of money and other assets
14. The regulations _____ medical malpractice claims are rigorous.
- v.* to legally control and direct a country, city, group of people, etc. and be responsible for introducing new laws, organizing and maintaining public services

ANSWERS: 8. dots, 9. curtail, 10. engaged, 11. crisis, 12. tackle, 13. finance, 14. governing

15. We cannot _____ her as President.

v. to imagine or expect what a situation will be like in the future

16. These heavy rains caused _____ floods on several islands.

n. a sudden intense burst of radiant energy; a momentary brightness

17. The transmission of electricity over long distances often requires the use of _____ to maintain the electrical cables.

n. a tall, vertical structure used to support cables or wires, typically made of metal or concrete

18. His _____ presentation deeply moved everyone.

adj. arousing strong and irresistible interest, attention, or admiration

19. We combust _____ and other fossil fuels to generate electricity.

n. a combustible black or brownish-black sedimentary rock that is found below the ground and burnt to produce heat

20. He and I often had _____ not only in personality but also in ideology.

n. a strong disagreement, argument, or a violent clash between two opposing groups or individuals

21. _____ and weather have an impact on every part of our lifestyles.

n. the weather in a particular location averaged over some long period

22. The _____ inequality was unavoidable.

n. a large amount of money, property, or other things that someone or an organization owns

ANSWERS: 15. envision, 16. flash, 17. pylons, 18. compelling, 19. coal, 20. conflicts, 21. Climate, 22. wealth

23. The extinction rate of aquatic animals was _____.
- adj.* extremely harmful; causing physical or financial destruction
24. The series of terrorist attacks _____ the entire nation.
- v.* to shock or disgust greatly
25. Students have loved this textbook for many years as a biology _____.
- n.* the sacred writings of the Christian religions, consisting of the Old and New Testaments; a book regarded as authoritative in its field
26. The company is set to _____ its new product line next month.
- v.* to send or propel something into the air or space using a device such as a rocket, missile, or spacecraft; to make something available or on sale for the first time
27. His _____ love for her made him forget about everything else in his life.
- adj.* taking up all of a person's attention, energy, or resources; having a powerful or overwhelming impact or influence
28. He was _____ when he lost all his money by gambling.
- adj.* feeling or showing a lack of hope and a willingness to do anything because of the problematic situation
29. The _____ of the court's decision angered many people and led to protests.
- n.* a violation of the rights of others or the laws of a society
30. The nations of South East Asia will quickly _____ and catch up with the West.
- v.* to organize the production of something into an industry

ANSWERS: 23. catastrophic, 24. horrify, 25. bible, 26. launch, 27. all-consuming, 28. desperate, 29. injustice, 30. industrialize

31. The government tried to _____ the commercialization of this development.
v. to make something faster or earlier; to cause to develop or progress more quickly
32. I advised him to _____ to his new surroundings.
v. to make fit for or change to suit a new purpose or environment
33. She is a _____ person and has always bounced back from setbacks.
adj. able to withstand or recover quickly from difficult conditions
34. The government imposed economic _____ on the country.
n. official permission or approval for an action, especially an economic or political action by a government or international organization
35. The president declared a state of _____.
n. a sudden unforeseen crisis usually involving danger that requires immediate action
36. They _____ pictures on the paper in preparation for the birthday card.
v. to increase, go up, or advance gradually or continuously; to prepare and supply with the necessary equipment for execution or performance; to ride on something or someone
37. The new _____ has eased traffic congestion in the city.
n. a high-speed divided highway designed for fast traffic, typically with limited access points and no intersections
38. You are not _____ in your behavior.
adj. always behaving or happening in the same way, or having the same thoughts, standards, etc.

ANSWERS: 31. accelerate, 32. adapt, 33. resilient, 34. sanctions, 35. emergency, 36. mounted, 37. expressway, 38. consistent

39. There's no _____ in his description.

- n.* a way of thinking or reasoning conducted or evaluated by strict validity principles; the study of correct reasoning or good arguments

40. The small budget was _____ to cover all the necessary expenses for the project.

- adj.* not sufficient or enough

41. It was the _____ of a dinosaur tooth.

- n.* any preserved remains, impression, or trace of any once-living thing that has become hard and turned into rock

42. The high fence was meant to _____ intruders from entering the property.

- v.* to discourage or prevent someone from doing something

43. Infants and pregnant women are particularly _____.

- adj.* capable of being hurt or influenced physically or mentally

44. The _____ between the two sides over the proposed policy was heated.

- n.* a set of statements or reasons used to support or refute a proposition or theory; a verbal or physical fight or dispute

45. The farmer grew _____ on his land.

- n.* a cereal plant that is the most important kind grown in temperate countries, the grain of which is ground to make flour for bread, pasta, pastry, etc

46. The _____ response team worked around the clock to aid those affected by the earthquake.

- n.* an unexpected event or series of events that cause widespread damage, destruction, or loss of life

ANSWERS: 39. logic, 40. inadequate, 41. fossil, 42. deter, 43. vulnerable, 44. argument, 45. wheat, 46. disaster

47. The President made the _____ of war.
n. a formal or explicit statement or announcement
48. Sow early for an early _____.
n. a plant that is cultivated in large amounts, particularly for food
49. The _____ group launched a series of attacks on government buildings.
n. willing to use force or violence to achieve a political or social goal
50. Ongoing pollution and deforestation _____ the survival of many species.
v. to put something or someone in danger or at risk; to threaten the safety or well-being of something or someone
51. I want to _____ to the newsletter to stay up-to-date on industry news.
v. to agree to receive or support something, often through payment or regular participation; to sign up for or enroll in something, such as a publication, service, or program
52. The _____ effect is a phenomenon that happens naturally.
n. a building with walls and roof made chiefly of transparent material, such as glass, for growing plants in
53. Pakistan's ___ budget was still being reviewed.
n. things sent to help countries in need, notably food or money; support
54. The issue of the death penalty is highly _____.
adj. causing a lot of hot public discussion and dispute
55. The company signed a _____ with the supplier for the delivery of goods.
n. a legally binding agreement between two or more parties, setting out their rights and obligations to each other, typically in writing and enforceable by law

ANSWERS: 47. declaration, 48. crop, 49. militant, 50. imperil, 51. subscribe, 52. greenhouse, 53. aid, 54. controversial, 55. contract

56. He was given _____ for his outstanding work in the field of medicine.
n. the action or process of recognizing or being recognized, especially by remembering; an agreement that something is true or legal
57. The king's political power _____ even further.
v. to pull back or move away or backward
58. The treatments were done but, _____ were unsuccessful.
adv. by bad luck; unluckily
59. The dragon is considered a _____ of bravery.
n. something visible that is used to represent something else
60. The nation's healthcare system is in _____ at the moment.
n. the process or period of changing from one state or circumstance to another
61. Very few educational _____ go to Oxford or Cambridge.
adj. belonging to the wealthiest, most potent, best-educated, or best-trained group in a society
62. Rampant _____ led to a loss of trust in the government.
n. dishonest, harmful, or illegal behavior, especially of people in positions of power
63. We _____ to achieve more wages and safer working conditions.
v. to wallop somebody or something with the hand, fist, or weapon; to have an emotional or cognitive impact upon
64. During the unloading, the container box _____ a clicking sound.
v. to give off or send out something such as light, heat, sound, gas, etc.

ANSWERS: 56. recognition, 57. receded, 58. unfortunately, 59. symbol, 60. transition, 61. elites, 62. corruption, 63. strike, 64. emits

65. Gandhi had an _____ zeal for nonviolence.

adj. perfect or complete or to the most considerable degree possible

66. Sometimes it is challenging to _____ science and religion.

v. to find a way of dealing with two or more ideas, needs, etc. that are opposed to each other to agree and coexist

67. The company has an _____ network of offices and locations around the world.

adj. large or wide in extent or scope; friendly and open and willing to talk

68. The heavy rainwater was enough to _____ the basement of the house.

v. to saturate with water or become saturated with water; to cause something to be waterlogged or submerged in water

69. The company offered financial _____ to those affected by their faulty product.

n. the act of repairing or making amends for damage, harm, or injury caused to someone or something

70. I am _____ opposed to his idea because of morality.

adv. without restriction or limitation; completely or utterly

71. The organizational _____ of start-ups is often flat and straightforward.

n. the way of construction of something and the arrangement of its parts, or a complex thing constructed of many parts

72. The company's profits have only been _____ this year, but they're hoping for a better year.

adj. of, relating to, or situated at the edge or outer limit; of secondary or minor importance; barely satisfactory or effective

ANSWERS: 65. absolute, 66. reconcile, 67. expansive, 68. waterlog, 69. reparations, 70. absolutely, 71. structure, 72. marginal

73. He did _____ pen-and-ink drawings in just a few days.

adj. involving a lot of different things or parts in a way that is difficult to understand or analyze

74. The _____ by the citizen resulted in a redistribution of wealth.

n. a large-scale attempt to overthrow the government of a country, often using violence or war;

75. There are five distinct _____ at five unique wavelengths.

n. the act of production or sending out gas, heat, light, etc.

76. The _____ "red" describes the color of the apple.

n. a word that describes a noun or pronoun

77. Floods have the potential to _____ any subsurface animals easily.

v. to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater

78. Efforts to _____ the effects of climate change require a coordinated and sustained effort by governments, businesses, and individuals.

v. to make less severe or less intense; to alleviate or lessen the adverse effects of something

79. These birds can only _____ in temperate climates.

v. to live or exist despite a dangerous event or period

80. She accidentally _____ into him in the crowded room.

v. to hit or knock against something hard, often with a dull sound; to meet with by accident

ANSWERS: 73. complicated, 74. revolution, 75. emissions, 76. adjective, 77. drown, 78. mitigate, 79. survive, 80. bumped

81. The region has been experiencing a severe _____ leading to water shortages and crop failures.
- n.* a long period of time during which there is very little or no rain, leading to a shortage of water and often causing damage to crops and other vegetation
82. The _____ scarcity most severely impacted the manufacturing sector
- n.* a substance that is typically burned to generate heat or energy
83. He never _____ his fault.
- v.* to accept or admit the existence, reality, or truth of something; to accept that someone or something has a particular authority or quality; to express obligation, thanks, or gratitude for someone's help, commitment, etc.;
84. The _____ of Japan is known for its unique culture and advanced technology.
- n.* a large organized community of people living in a particular country or region and having a particular culture
85. GDP stands for gross _____ product.
- adj.* relating to or inside a particular country, not foreign or international
86. The product developed through years of research continues to _____ the market.
- v.* to make a machine or system work by using electricity; to make someone extremely enthusiastic about or interested in something
87. He devoted his life to establishing a humanitarian _____ fund.
- n.* a feeling of happiness and relaxation that comes when something burdensome is removed or reduced
88. This star is _____ to the naked eye.
- adj.* able to see or understand easily or clearly

ANSWERS: 81. drought, 82. fuel, 83. acknowledged, 84. nation, 85. domestic, 86. electrify, 87. relief, 88. apparent

89. Effective _____ is necessary to resolve conflicts and maintain relationships between countries.
- n.* the art and practice of conducting negotiations between nations, organizations, or people; the fine art of dealing with people in a sensitive and effective way
90. The engagement of the two golf players became _____ news.
- n.* a heading at the top of a newspaper or magazine story or page
91. The military _____ troops to the border.
- v.* to make something ready for action or use; to organize people or resources for a particular purpose
92. The break in the ____ threatened the valley.
- n.* a wall constructed over a river to block the flow of water, mainly used to generate energy
93. Many people in tropical countries die from _____ every year.
- n.* a severe disease caused by a parasite that is spread by the bite of an infected mosquito
94. The severe _____ caused by the drought has left many people without food.
- n.* a severe shortage of food, often caused by drought, war, or economic reasons
95. Children in an unstructured environment often feel _____.
- adj.* not firm or firmly fixed; likely to fail or give way, or not assured of safety
96. The _____ class was designed to give students a basic understanding of the subject.
- adj.* intended as an introduction or preliminary; serving as a base or starting point

ANSWERS: 89. diplomacy, 90. headline, 91. mobilized, 92. dam, 93. malaria, 94. famine, 95. insecure, 96. introductory

97. The economic _____ has affected many businesses in the region.
n. a reduction or decrease in the rate or pace of something; a delay or interruption in progress
98. The threat of losing his job was the _____ he needed to work harder.
n. a thing that encourages someone to do something; any sharply pointed projection; (verb) to incite or stimulate someone or something
99. The earthquake was a major _____ that left many homeless.
n. a serious event that causes damage, injury, or loss
100. During recess, the children played a game of _____ in the schoolyard.
n. a children's game in which players take turns jumping over each other's stooped backs
101. _____ design has become more focused on human nature aspect than ever before.
adj. of or relating to or resulting from industry
102. It was the most _____ storm in decades.
adj. causing or able to cause tremendous and irreparable damage
103. The factory's use of chemicals has made it a significant _____ in the area.
n. a substance or agent that pollutes or contaminates the environment, typically through release into the air, water, or soil
104. The national assembly has _____ the budget.
v. to choose to follow something; to legally take a child from another family and care for them as if they were one's own

ANSWERS: 97. slowdown, 98. spur, 99. calamity, 100. leapfrog, 101. Industrial, 102. destructive, 103. pollutant, 104. adopted

105. He got an electric _____ at work.

- n.* a strong feeling or physical reaction to a sudden and unexpected event or experience, especially something unpleasant

106. The ship was _____ in the ocean for many years before it was finally discovered.

- v.* to put something under water or to go under water; to bury or hide something deeply or completely

107. The federal _____ is planning to increase taxes for the next fiscal year.

- n.* the group of people with authority to control a country or state

108. The _____ rains often bring relief to areas suffering from drought.

- n.* a seasonal wind system that brings heavy rainfall to a region, typically occurring in tropical areas

109. There was a _____ of impoverished farmers into the towns.

- n.* the movement of animals to a new location, frequently as the seasons change

110. I had a terrible case of _____ and couldn't stop going to the bathroom.

- n.* a common digestive disorder with the frequent passage of loose, watery stools that can be caused by various factors such as infections, food poisoning, and certain medications

111. Driving is difficult for me because of my poor _____.

- n.* the ability to think about or see the future with imagination and intelligence; the faculty of being able to see

112. The economic recession caused _____ in the housing market, with many people losing their homes.

- n.* the act of causing great destruction or damage, often on a large scale

ANSWERS: 105. shock, 106. submerged, 107. government, 108. monsoon, 109. migration, 110. diarrhea, 111. vision, 112. devastation

113. Her resistance _____ under his persuasion.

v. to turn from something solid into something soft or liquid as a result of heating

114. The organization works to _____ drug addicts and help them rebuild their lives.

v. to restore to good health or physical condition; to help someone return to a normal life, especially after a period of illness, addiction, or imprisonment

115. Aging societies tend to require huge costs for _____ maintenance.

n. the basic systems, services, or features that are necessary for an organization or country, such as transport and power supplies

116. The _____ of the ice age have shaped Fjord.

n. a slowly moving mass of ice formed from snow on mountains or near the North Pole or the South Pole

117. These heavy rains caused flash _____ on several islands.

n. a large amount of water flowing beyond its normal limits; an overwhelming number or amount

118. This typhoon was the most _____ in years.

adj. causing a great deal of destruction or damage

119. The food chain causes a material _____.

n. an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs; a bicycle or motorcycle

120. We _____ before the temperature fell below zero.

v. to go away or leave, especially to start a journey

ANSWERS: 113. melted, 114. rehabilitate, 115. infrastructure, 116. glaciers, 117. floods, 118. devastating, 119. cycle, 120. departed

121. Many people in this region have contracted _____ fever from mosquito bites.
n. a viral disease transmitted by mosquitoes, characterized by fever, severe joint and muscle pain, and a rash
122. Parallel lines are, by _____ lines on the same plane that never cross.
n. a concise explanation of the meaning of a word, phrase, or symbol
123. It is more _____ to wash your plastic bottle and reuse it.
adj. providing a satisfactory return on the money, time, or effort; not using more money, fuel, etc. than necessary
124. The company offered to _____ the employees for the overtime they worked.
v. to make up for a loss, injury, or inconvenience by giving something of value
125. The government announced a plan for the _____ of the city's infrastructure.
n. the process of rebuilding or repairing something that has been damaged or destroyed or of restoring something to its original condition
126. She's a _____ pet owner who ensures her dog gets enough exercise and a healthy diet.
adj. answerable or accountable for something within one's power, control, or management
127. His heartaches are less _____ now.
adj. happening constantly
128. She intends to _____ a political career.
v. to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them

ANSWERS: 121. dengue, 122. definition, 123. economical, 124. compensate, 125. reconstruction, 126. responsible, 127. frequent, 128. pursue

129. The company's _____ approach has been highly effective.

n. the action or process of changing to suit different conditions

130. The government should do more to support environmentally _____ agriculture.

adj. able to continue or be continued for a long time

131. I could no longer earn my own _____.

n. a means of earning money people need to pay for food, a place to live, clothing, etc.

132. He is good at swimming _____.

adv. below or under the surface of the water

133. These economic activities had disastrous environmental _____.

n. the outcome of a particular action or event, especially relative to an individual

134. He needed to resolve the problem as soon as possible, so he made an _____ directly.

n. a serious, earnest, or urgent request for money, information, or help; a quality that makes somebody or something attractive or interest

135. I asked the lawyer to initiate _____ negotiations for voluntary liquidation.

n. a person, company, etc. to whom a debtor owes money

136. The river was _____ with chemicals, causing harm to the wildlife.

adj. contaminated with harmful or poisonous substances

ANSWERS: 129. adaptation, 130. sustainable, 131. livelihood, 132. underwater, 133. consequences, 134. appeal, 135. creditor, 136. polluted