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Advanced Words Only

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Session 1: Word List

afterlife

n. life after death, as believed in many cultures and religious traditions

synonym : eternal life, immortality, hereafter

(1) **afterlife** name, (2) corporate **afterlife**

The belief in an **afterlife** comforted those mourning the loss of their loved ones.

Christ

n. the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity

synonym : Savior, Jesus Christ, Jesus

(1) teaching of **Christ**, (2) before **Christ**

Christmas is the day to celebrate the birth of Christ.

cosmology

n. the scientific study of the nature and origin of the universe

synonym : cosmogony

(1) physical **cosmology**, (2) modern **cosmology**

Cosmology evolved from people's philosophical questions about the natural world.

exile

n. the state of being forced to leave one's country or home, typically for political or punitive reasons

synonym: banishment, expulsion, deportation

(1) **exile** community, (2) political **exile**

The **exiled** king lived in poverty in a foreign country for many years.

moniker

n. a name or nickname, especially one that is unconventional or adopted rather than given

synonym: name, nickname, alias

(1) royal **moniker**, (2) commonly used **moniker**

The **moniker** of The King of Pop will forever be associated with Michael Jackson.

trinity

n. the union of three people, especially the Christian doctrine of the three persons in one Godhead (the father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit)

synonym: triad, triune, three-in-one

(1) **trinity** doctrine, (2) the Blessed **Trinity**

The Christian doctrine of the Holy **Trinity** states that there is one God in three persons.

canto

n. a division of an epic poem, typically one of a series of songs or poems sung by a bard in ancient epic poetry

synonym: verse, song, poem

(1) **canto** part, (2) **canto** song

The singer performed a beautiful **canto** in her native language, accompanied by a traditional musical instrument.

prologue

n. an introduction to a literary work, typically one that sets the background or provides explanations of the events that follow

synonym: introduction, preface, opening

(1) **prologue** to the battle, (2) recite a **prologue**

The **prologue** of the play provides important background information for the audience.

interlocking

adj. fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole

synonym : connected, linked, joined

(1) **interlocking** braid, (2) **interlocking** mechanism

The **interlocking** puzzle pieces were difficult to separate.

rhyme

n. a word or phrase that has the same last sound as another word or phrase, often used in poetry and songwriting

synonym : verse, poetry, meter

(1) **rhyme** poem, (2) write in **rhyme**

The poem had a consistent **rhyme** scheme throughout.

protagonist

n. the main character in a literary work, film, or other stories

synonym : hero, central figure, leading character

(1) **protagonist** of drama, (2) play a **protagonist**

The **protagonist's** triumph over adversity was the theme of this play.

lament

v. to express sadness, grief, or disappointment about something, often by complaining or mourning

synonym : mourn, grieve, bemoan

(1) **lament** my misfortunes, (2) **lament** the situation

She **lamented** the loss of her beloved cat.

inscription

n. a message or design that is written or engraved on a surface of something, such as stone or metal

synonym : engraving, writing, script

(1) **inscription** on a plaque, (2) funerary **inscriptions**

The ancient coin had an **inscription** in Latin and a picture of the emperor on the other side.

intrata

n. a musical composition or introduction to a mass, especially in the Renaissance era

(1) write **intratas**, (2) a well-crafted **intrata**

The length of an **intrata** can vary from a few seconds to

several minutes.

terrifying

adj. very frightening or intimidating

synonym : frightening, intimidating, alarming

(1) **terrifying** experience, (2) **terrifying** events

Large earthquakes often generate **terrifying** tsunamis.

inferno

n. a place or condition of intense suffering, especially Hell, in traditional Christian beliefs

synonym : hell, fiery pit, furnace

(1) a raging **inferno**, (2) devastating **inferno**

The building was consumed by an **inferno**, reducing it to ashes.

culminate

v. to reach a peak or climax

synonym : end, finish, conclude

(1) **culminate** in a heart attack, (2) **culminate** in failure

The event will **culminate** in a grand fireworks display.

purgatory

n. a place or state of temporary punishment for the souls of those who die in a state of grace but have not fully atoned for their sins

(1) **purgatory** state, (2) **purgatory** existence

In Catholic theology, **purgatory** is a state of temporary punishment for sins.

pagan

n. a person who holds religious beliefs other than those of the main world religions, such as Christianity, Judaism, Islam, Hinduism, and Buddhism; (adjective) not following the main monotheistic religions

synonym : atheist, polytheist, agnostic

(1) **pagan** sites, (2) **pagan** belief

The temple was built by ancient **pagans** who worshiped multiple gods.

embody

v. to represent or exemplify something; to give tangible form to an abstract idea

synonym : represent, exemplify, personify

(1) **embody** my goal, (2) **embody** a spirit of charity

The company's new products **embody** the values of innovation and sustainability.

repentance

n. the feeling of regret and sadness for having done wrong and a desire to make up for it

synonym : regret, remorse, contrition

(1) pang of **repentance**, (2) act of **repentance**

She expressed her sincere **repentance** for the mistake she made.

vernacular

n. a language or dialect spoken by the ordinary people in a particular country or region

synonym : dialect, idiom, lingo

(1) **vernacular** language, (2) native **vernacular**

The poet wrote in the **vernacular** of ordinary people.

unify

v. to bring or join something together so that they form a single unit

synonym : bring together, consolidate, merge

(1) **unify** the system, (2) **unify** the party

The people believe that they can **unify** the country.

dialect

n. a form of a language that is spoken in a particular geographical area or by a particular group of people and has distinguishing characteristics

synonym : accent, language, vernacular

(1) a local **dialect**, (2) minority **dialect**

The **dialect** spoken in the region differed from other parts of the country.

underworld

n. the criminal world or the world of organized crime; the realm of the dead in various mythologies

synonym : hell, netherworld, underworld

(1) god of the **underworld**, (2) criminal **underworld**

The story of Orpheus and Eurydice is said to have taken place in the **underworld**, where Orpheus attempted to rescue his wife from the realm of the dead.

odyssey

n. a long wandering and eventful journey; a Greek epic poem attributed to Homer, describing the journey of Odysseus after the fall of Troy

(1) go on a serious **odyssey**, (2) cross-country **odyssey**
He continued the extraordinary **odyssey** with his brother.

Session 2: Spelling

1. pro_____st of drama *n.* the main character in a literary work, film, or other stories
2. pa__n belief *n.* a person who holds religious beliefs other than those of the main world religions, such as Christianity, Judaism, Islam, Hinduism, and Buddhism; (adjective) not following the main monotheistic religions
3. cu_____te in failure *v.* to reach a peak or climax
4. the Blessed Tr_____y *n.* the union of three people, especially the Christian doctrine of the three persons in one Godhead (the father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit)
5. a local di_____t *n.* a form of a language that is spoken in a particular geographical area or by a particular group of people and has distinguishing characteristics
6. pr_____ue to the battle *n.* an introduction to a literary work, typically one that sets the background or provides explanations of the events that follow
7. minority di_____t *n.* a form of a language that is spoken in a particular geographical area or by a particular group of people and has distinguishing characteristics
8. physical co_____gy *n.* the scientific study of the nature and origin of the universe

ANSWERS: 1. protagonist, 2. pagan, 3. culminate, 4. trinity, 5. dialect, 6. prologue, 7. dialect, 8. cosmology

9. funerary ins_____ons *n.* a message or design that is written or engraved on a surface of something, such as stone or metal
10. ca__o song *n.* a division of an epic poem, typically one of a series of songs or poems sung by a bard in ancient epic poetry
11. rh__e poem *n.* a word or phrase that has the same last sound as another word or phrase, often used in poetry and songwriting
12. pa__n sites *n.* a person who holds religious beliefs other than those of the main world religions, such as Christianity, Judaism, Islam, Hinduism, and Buddhism; (adjective) not following the main monotheistic religions
13. la___t the situation *v.* to express sadness, grief, or disappointment about something, often by complaining or mourning
14. devastating in____o *n.* a place or condition of intense suffering, especially Hell, in traditional Christian beliefs
15. a well-crafted in____a *n.* a musical composition or introduction to a mass, especially in the Renaissance era
16. em___y a spirit of charity *v.* to represent or exemplify something; to give tangible form to an abstract idea
17. go on a serious od____y *n.* a long wandering and eventful journey; a Greek epic poem attributed to Homer, describing the journey of Odysseus after the fall of Troy

ANSWERS: 9. inscription, 10. canto, 11. rhyme, 12. pagan, 13. lament, 14. inferno, 15. intrata, 16. embody, 17. odyssey

18. pu_____ry existence *n.* a place or state of temporary punishment for the souls of those who die in a state of grace but have not fully atoned for their sins
19. political ex__e *n.* the state of being forced to leave one's country or home, typically for political or punitive reasons
20. god of the und_____ld *n.* the criminal world or the world of organized crime; the realm of the dead in various mythologies
21. cross-country od_____y *n.* a long wandering and eventful journey; a Greek epic poem attributed to Homer, describing the journey of Odysseus after the fall of Troy
22. play a pro _____st *n.* the main character in a literary work, film, or other stories
23. a raging in_____o *n.* a place or condition of intense suffering, especially Hell, in traditional Christian beliefs
24. corporate af _____fe *n.* life after death, as believed in many cultures and religious traditions
25. recite a pr_____ue *n.* an introduction to a literary work, typically one that sets the background or provides explanations of the events that follow
26. ca__o part *n.* a division of an epic poem, typically one of a series of songs or poems sung by a bard in ancient epic poetry
27. teaching of Ch____t *n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity

ANSWERS: 18. purgatory, 19. exile, 20. underworld, 21. odyssey, 22. protagonist, 23. inferno, 24. afterlife, 25. prologue, 26. canto, 27. Christ

28. un__y the system *v.* to bring or join something together so that they form a single unit
29. un__y the party *v.* to bring or join something together so that they form a single unit
30. write in____as *n.* a musical composition or introduction to a mass, especially in the Renaissance era
31. criminal und_____ld *n.* the criminal world or the world of organized crime; the realm of the dead in various mythologies
32. before Ch____t *n.* the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity
33. act of rep_____ce *n.* the feeling of regret and sadness for having done wrong and a desire to make up for it
34. ins_____on on a plaque *n.* a message or design that is written or engraved on a surface of something, such as stone or metal
35. em____y my goal *v.* to represent or exemplify something; to give tangible form to an abstract idea
36. cu_____te in a heart attack *v.* to reach a peak or climax
37. la____t my misfortunes *v.* to express sadness, grief, or disappointment about something, often by complaining or mourning
38. royal mo_____r *n.* a name or nickname, especially one that is unconventional or adopted rather than given

ANSWERS: 28. unify, 29. unify, 30. intrata, 31. underworld, 32. Christ, 33. repentance, 34. inscription, 35. embody, 36. culminate, 37. lament, 38. moniker

39. ter_____ng experience *adj.* very frightening or intimidating
40. pu_____ry state *n.* a place or state of temporary punishment for the souls of those who die in a state of grace but have not fully atoned for their sins
41. native ver_____ar *n.* a language or dialect spoken by the ordinary people in a particular country or region
42. modern co_____gy *n.* the scientific study of the nature and origin of the universe
43. write in rh__e *n.* a word or phrase that has the same last sound as another word or phrase, often used in poetry and songwriting
44. af_____fe name *n.* life after death, as believed in many cultures and religious traditions
45. tr_____y doctrine *n.* the union of three people, especially the Christian doctrine of the three persons in one Godhead (the father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit)
46. commonly used mo_____r *n.* a name or nickname, especially one that is unconventional or adopted rather than given
47. ver_____ar language *n.* a language or dialect spoken by the ordinary people in a particular country or region
48. int_____ing braid *adj.* fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole
49. ter_____ng events *adj.* very frightening or intimidating

ANSWERS: 39. terrifying, 40. purgatory, 41. vernacular, 42. cosmology, 43. rhyme, 44. afterlife, 45. trinity, 46. moniker, 47. vernacular, 48. interlocking, 49. terrifying

50. ex__e community

n. the state of being forced to leave one's country or home, typically for political or punitive reasons

51. pang of rep_____ce

n. the feeling of regret and sadness for having done wrong and a desire to make up for it

52. int_____ing mechanism

adj. fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole

ANSWERS: 50. exile, 51. repentance, 52. interlocking

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. The company's new products _____ the values of innovation and sustainability.
v. to represent or exemplify something; to give tangible form to an abstract idea
2. The length of an _____ can vary from a few seconds to several minutes.
n. a musical composition or introduction to a mass, especially in the Renaissance era
3. She _____ the loss of her beloved cat.
v. to express sadness, grief, or disappointment about something, often by complaining or mourning
4. He continued the extraordinary _____ with his brother.
n. a long wandering and eventful journey; a Greek epic poem attributed to Homer, describing the journey of Odysseus after the fall of Troy
5. The temple was built by ancient _____ who worshiped multiple gods.
n. a person who holds religious beliefs other than those of the main world religions, such as Christianity, Judaism, Islam, Hinduism, and Buddhism; (adjective) not following the main monotheistic religions
6. The _____ king lived in poverty in a foreign country for many years.
n. the state of being forced to leave one's country or home, typically for political or punitive reasons
7. In Catholic theology, _____ is a state of temporary punishment for sins.
n. a place or state of temporary punishment for the souls of those who die in a state of grace but have not fully atoned for their sins

ANSWERS: 1. embody, 2. intrata, 3. lamented, 4. odyssey, 5. pagans, 6. exiled, 7. purgatory

8. The _____ of the play provides important background information for the audience.
- n.* an introduction to a literary work, typically one that sets the background or provides explanations of the events that follow
9. The people believe that they can _____ the country.
- v.* to bring or join something together so that they form a single unit
10. The poet wrote in the _____ of ordinary people.
- n.* a language or dialect spoken by the ordinary people in a particular country or region
11. The Christian doctrine of the Holy _____ states that there is one God in three persons.
- n.* the union of three people, especially the Christian doctrine of the three persons in one Godhead (the father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit)
12. The ancient coin had an _____ in Latin and a picture of the emperor on the other side.
- n.* a message or design that is written or engraved on a surface of something, such as stone or metal
13. The _____ spoken in the region differed from other parts of the country.
- n.* a form of a language that is spoken in a particular geographical area or by a particular group of people and has distinguishing characteristics
14. The _____ triumph over adversity was the theme of this play.
- n.* the main character in a literary work, film, or other stories
15. The story of Orpheus and Eurydice is said to have taken place in the _____ where Orpheus attempted to rescue his wife from the realm of the dead.
- n.* the criminal world or the world of organized crime; the realm of the dead in various mythologies

ANSWERS: 8. prologue, 9. unify, 10. vernacular, 11. Trinity, 12. inscription, 13.

dialect, 14. protagonist's, 15. underworld,

16. Large earthquakes often generate _____ tsunamis.

adj. very frightening or intimidating

17. The event will _____ in a grand fireworks display.

v. to reach a peak or climax

18. The _____ of The King of Pop will forever be associated with Michael Jackson.

n. a name or nickname, especially one that is unconventional or adopted rather than given

19. _____ evolved from people's philosophical questions about the natural world.

n. the scientific study of the nature and origin of the universe

20. The singer performed a beautiful _____ in her native language, accompanied by a traditional musical instrument.

n. a division of an epic poem, typically one of a series of songs or poems sung by a bard in ancient epic poetry

21. The _____ puzzle pieces were difficult to separate.

adj. fitting or locking together in a way that makes a continuous and secure whole

22. _____ is the day to celebrate the birth of Christ.

n. the man that Christians believe is the prophet and the son of God, and whose life and sermons form the basis for Christianity

23. The belief in an _____ comforted those mourning the loss of their loved ones.

n. life after death, as believed in many cultures and religious traditions

ANSWERS: 16. terrifying, 17. culminate, 18. moniker, 19. Cosmology, 20. canto, 21. interlocking, 22. Christmas, 23. afterlife

24. She expressed her sincere _____ for the mistake she made.
- n.* the feeling of regret and sadness for having done wrong and a desire to make up for it
25. The poem had a consistent _____ scheme throughout.
- n.* a word or phrase that has the same last sound as another word or phrase, often used in poetry and songwriting
26. The building was consumed by an _____ reducing it to ashes.
- n.* a place or condition of intense suffering, especially Hell, in traditional Christian beliefs

ANSWERS: 24. repentance, 25. rhyme, 26. inferno,