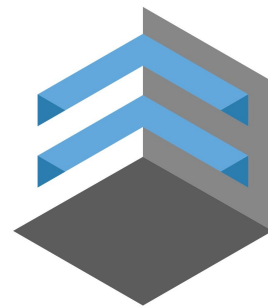


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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Jing Corpuz: 5 values for repairing the harms of colonialism | TED Talk

https://www.ted.com/talks/jing_corpuz_5_values_for_repairing_the_harms_of_colonialism

Advanced Words Only

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

greet

v. to say hello to someone; to express welcome on meeting someone

synonym: welcome, salute, acknowledge

(1) **greet** a customer, (2) **greet** an idea

He **greeted** his friends with a warm smile and a hug.

ancestor

n. a person from whom one is descended; a forefather

synonym: forebear, forefather, progenitor

(1) **ancestor** language, (2) earliest human **ancestor**

My remote **ancestor** immigrated to the United States from Ireland in the 1800s.

irrigate

v. to supply water to land to help plants grow

synonym: water, drench, soak

(1) **irrigate** fields, (2) **irrigate** the flowers and plants

The water shortage in the region has made it difficult for farmers to **irrigate** their crops.

conquer

v. to bring under control by force or authority

synonym: defeat, overpower, subdue

(1) **conquer** fatal disease, (2) **conquer** the world

You must **conquer** your anxiety about driving.

colonize

v. to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers

synonym: settle, occupy, inhabit

(1) **colonize** planets, (2) **colonize** for cultivation

European powers **colonized** much of the Americas in the 16th and 17th centuries.

nurture

v. to take care of, feed, and protect someone or something while they are growing and developing

synonym: boost, cultivate, enable

(1) **nurture** love, (2) **nurture** his talents

Schools should **nurture** children's mutual interest spirit.

headhunt

v. to search for and recruit talented individuals for a company

synonym: recruit, lure, entice

(1) **headhunt** talented employees, (2) **headhunt** the right candidate

The company decided to **headhunt** a top engineer from its competitor to improve its technology.

lifeblood

n. a vital or essential element or substance that is necessary for survival or success

synonym: essence, vitality, sustenance

(1) the **lifeblood** of every organization, (2) the **lifeblood** of the economy

The company's reputation is its **lifeblood**.

drown

v. to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater

synonym: douse, drench, overwhelm

(1) **drown** in a bath, (2) I was **drowned** in work

Floods have the potential to **drown** any subsurface animals easily.

manifestation

n. a visible or tangible form of something, especially a particular sign of a disease or condition

synonym: expression, embodiment, presentation

(1) **manifestation** of a deeper problem, (2) **manifestation** of psychological stress

The **manifestation** of his anxiety was evident in his shaking hands.

worldview

n. a particular philosophy or cognitive orientation of life or conception of the world

synonym: perspective, position, viewpoint

(1) mainstream **worldview**, (2) the **worldview** of the ancient civilization

The war between the two countries was also a battle between competing **worldviews**.

viol

n. a stringed instrument, typically with six strings and frets, played with a bow, also called a viola da gamba

synonym: viola, viola da gamba, string instrument

(1) **viol** instrument, (2) **viol** music

The **viol** player was rehearsing for an upcoming concert.

overproduction

n. the act of generating or producing a large quantity of something greater than the demand

synonym: surplus, excess, overabundance

(1) **overproduction** of gastric acid, (2) enzyme **overproduction**

The **overproduction** of goods led to a surplus in the market and lower prices.

overconsumption

n. the act of consuming too much of something, or the condition of consuming more than is necessary or advisable

(1) age of **overconsumption**, (2) **overconsumption** of alcohol

Overconsumption of sugar can contribute to obesity.

forebear

n. an ancestor or a precursor

synonym: ancestor, predecessor, forefather

(1) a **forebear** of one of the tribes, (2) **forebear** predecessor
His **forebear** was one of the first settlers in the area.

inundate

v. to flood or overwhelm with an excessive amount of something

synonym: flood, submerge, overwhelm

(1) **inundate** swaths of farmland, (2) **inundate** his entire body

The heavy rain **inundated** the low-lying areas and caused flooding.

denude

v. to strip or remove a covering from

synonym: strip, bare, divest

(1) **denude** the skin, (2) **denude** the countryside

The forest fire **denuded** the area, leaving only ashes and barren land.

pact

n. a formal agreement between two or more parties

synonym: agreement, treaty, covenant

(1) a nonaggression **pact**, (2) aviation **pact**

The two countries made a **pact** to reduce their carbon emissions.

bureaucracy

n. a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives

synonym: administration, government, system

(1) government **bureaucracy**, (2) arbitrary **bureaucracy**

The bumbling **bureaucracy** made it difficult to get the permits we needed.

taunt

v. to tease or ridicule in a challenging manner

synonym: tease, ridicule, jeer

(1) **taunt** him with cowardice, (2) **taunt** the losing team

She **taunted** him with sarcastic comments about his lack of success.

arrogance

n. excessive self-confidence or self-importance

synonym: hubris, haughtiness, conceit

(1) brazen **arrogance**, (2) **arrogance** of power

He acted with **arrogance** and was not well-liked by his colleagues.

outlive

v. to live longer than another person

synonym: continue, outlast, survive

(1) **outlive** its usefulness, (2) **outlive** our child

She **outlived** her husband for many years.

detriment

n. something that causes harm, injury, or damage

synonym: harm, damage, injury

(1) **detriment** of society, (2) bring great **detriment**

The new approach resulted in a significant **detriment** to the local economy.

grandparent

n. a parent of one's father or mother

(1) great- **grandparent**, (2) person of **grandparent** age

She was close to her paternal **grandparents** and often spent summers with them.

undercurrent

n. a concealed or underlying tendency or feeling; a flow below the surface of a fluid

synonym: subterranean flow, hidden emotion

(1) **undercurrent** of hostility, (2) economic **undercurrent**

The **undercurrent** of tension was palpable in the meeting.

deprive

v. to take away something from someone

synonym: deny, take away, divest

(1) **deprive** others of profit, (2) **deprive** him of his status

He was **deprived** of his freedom when sentenced to life in prison.

dishonor

n. the lack of honor or respect; a feeling of shame or disgrace

synonym: disgrace, shame, dishonorableness

(1) do him a **dishonor**, (2) **dishonor** of my family

His actions brought **dishonor** to the family, and he was disowned.

uneaten

adj. not eaten or consumed

synonym: untouched, unconsumed

(1) a fruit left **uneaten**, (2) **uneaten** leftovers

The **uneaten** food was thrown away and wasted.

reciprocity

n. a mutual exchange of help and advantages; privileges granted in return for similar privileges

synonym: mutuality, interchange, exchange

(1) **reciprocity** relationship, (2) **reciprocity** exchange

The policy of **reciprocity** between the two countries allowed for visa-free travel.

wildfire

n. a large, uncontrolled fire that spreads quickly through a natural area such as a forest, grassland, or mountain slope

synonym: blaze, bonfire, flame

(1) **wildfire** spread, (2) arson-caused **wildfire**

The **wildfire** destroyed hundreds of homes and forced thousands of people to evacuate.

tentacle

n. a flexible, mobile, and long arm-like organ used for feeling and holding things, catching food, or moving

(1) a squid's **tentacle**, (2) posterior **tentacle**

The police caught the fugitive criminal in the **tentacles** of an expanded investigation.

Session 2: Spelling

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. the li_____od of every organization | <i>n.</i> a vital or essential element or substance that is necessary for survival or success |
| 2. ta__t him with cowardice | <i>v.</i> to tease or ridicule in a challenging manner |
| 3. economic und_____ent | <i>n.</i> a concealed or underlying tendency or feeling; a flow below the surface of a fluid |
| 4. ove_____ion of gastric acid | <i>n.</i> the act of generating or producing a large quantity of something greater than the demand |
| 5. ou_____e our child | <i>v.</i> to live longer than another person |
| 6. in_____te his entire body | <i>v.</i> to flood or overwhelm with an excessive amount of something |
| 7. ir_____te fields | <i>v.</i> to supply water to land to help plants grow |
| 8. ove_____ion of alcohol | <i>n.</i> the act of consuming too much of something, or the condition of consuming more than is necessary or advisable |
| 9. he_____nt talented employees | <i>v.</i> to search for and recruit talented individuals for a company |
| 10. the wo_____ew of the ancient civilization | <i>n.</i> a particular philosophy or cognitive orientation of life or conception of the world |
| 11. ta__t the losing team | <i>v.</i> to tease or ridicule in a challenging manner |

ANSWERS: 1. lifeblood, 2. taunt, 3. undercurrent, 4. overproduction, 5. outlive, 6. inundate, 7. irrigate, 8. overconsumption, 9. headhunt, 10. worldview, 11. taunt

12. di____or of my family	<i>n.</i> the lack of honor or respect; a feeling of shame or disgrace
13. un____n leftovers	<i>adj.</i> not eaten or consumed
14. an____or language	<i>n.</i> a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
15. ou____e its usefulness	<i>v.</i> to live longer than another person
16. a fruit left un____n	<i>adj.</i> not eaten or consumed
17. de____e the countryside	<i>v.</i> to strip or remove a covering from
18. rec______ty exchange	<i>n.</i> a mutual exchange of help and advantages; privileges granted in return for similar privileges
19. dr__n in a bath	<i>v.</i> to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater
20. de____e the skin	<i>v.</i> to strip or remove a covering from
21. a fo____ar of one of the tribes	<i>n.</i> an ancestor or a precursor
22. in____te swaths of farmland	<i>v.</i> to flood or overwhelm with an excessive amount of something
23. de____e others of profit	<i>v.</i> to take away something from someone
24. man______ion of psychological stress	<i>n.</i> a visible or tangible form of something, especially a particular sign of a disease or condition
25. v__l instrument	<i>n.</i> a stringed instrument, typically with six strings and frets, played with a bow, also called a viola da gamba
26. co____r fatal disease	<i>v.</i> to bring under control by force or authority

ANSWERS: 12. dishonor, 13. uneaten, 14. ancestor, 15. outlive, 16. uneaten, 17. denude, 18. reciprocity, 19. drown, 20. denude, 21. forebear, 22. inundate, 23. deprive, 24. manifestation, 25. viol, 26. conquer

27. the li_____od of the economy	<i>n.</i> a vital or essential element or substance that is necessary for survival or success
28. co_____r the world	<i>v.</i> to bring under control by force or authority
29. ir_____te the flowers and plants	<i>v.</i> to supply water to land to help plants grow
30. age of ove_____ion	<i>n.</i> the act of consuming too much of something, or the condition of consuming more than is necessary or advisable
31. gr__t an idea	<i>v.</i> to say hello to someone; to express welcome on meeting someone
32. great-gra_____nt	<i>n.</i> a parent of one's father or mother
33. co_____ze for cultivation	<i>v.</i> to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers
34. man_____ion of a deeper problem	<i>n.</i> a visible or tangible form of something, especially a particular sign of a disease or condition
35. government bur_____cy	<i>n.</i> a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives
36. aviation p__t	<i>n.</i> a formal agreement between two or more parties
37. wi_____re spread	<i>n.</i> a large, uncontrolled fire that spreads quickly through a natural area such as a forest, grassland, or mountain slope

ANSWERS: 27. lifeblood, 28. conquer, 29. irrigate, 30. overconsumption, 31. greet, 32. grandparent, 33. colonize, 34. manifestation, 35. bureaucracy, 36. pact, 37. wildfire

38. de_____nt of society	<i>n.</i> something that causes harm, injury, or damage
39. nu_____e love	<i>v.</i> to take care of, feed, and protect someone or something while they are growing and developing
40. enzyme ove_____ion	<i>n.</i> the act of generating or producing a large quantity of something greater than the demand
41. a squid's te_____le	<i>n.</i> a flexible, mobile, and long arm-like organ used for feeling and holding things, catching food, or moving
42. a nonaggression p____t	<i>n.</i> a formal agreement between two or more parties
43. fo_____ar predecessor	<i>n.</i> an ancestor or a precursor
44. he_____nt the right candidate	<i>v.</i> to search for and recruit talented individuals for a company
45. v____l music	<i>n.</i> a stringed instrument, typically with six strings and frets, played with a bow, also called a viola da gamba
46. gr____t a customer	<i>v.</i> to say hello to someone; to express welcome on meeting someone
47. mainstream wo_____ew	<i>n.</i> a particular philosophy or cognitive orientation of life or conception of the world
48. arbitrary bur_____cy	<i>n.</i> a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives

ANSWERS: 38. detriment, 39. nurture, 40. overproduction, 41. tentacle, 42. pact, 43. forbear, 44. headhunt, 45. viol, 46. greet, 47. worldview, 48. bureaucracy

49. ar_____ce of power	<i>n.</i> excessive self-confidence or self-importance
50. und_____ent of hostility	<i>n.</i> a concealed or underlying tendency or feeling; a flow below the surface of a fluid
51. co_____ze planets	<i>v.</i> to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers
52. posterior te_____le	<i>n.</i> a flexible, mobile, and long arm-like organ used for feeling and holding things, catching food, or moving
53. brazen ar_____ce	<i>n.</i> excessive self-confidence or self-importance
54. earliest human an_____or	<i>n.</i> a person from whom one is descended; a forefather
55. bring great de_____nt	<i>n.</i> something that causes harm, injury, or damage
56. nu_____e his talents	<i>v.</i> to take care of, feed, and protect someone or something while they are growing and developing
57. rec_____ty relationship	<i>n.</i> a mutual exchange of help and advantages; privileges granted in return for similar privileges
58. de_____e him of his status	<i>v.</i> to take away something from someone
59. arson-caused wi_____re	<i>n.</i> a large, uncontrolled fire that spreads quickly through a natural area such as a forest, grassland, or mountain slope
60. do him a di_____or	<i>n.</i> the lack of honor or respect; a feeling of shame or disgrace

ANSWERS: 49. arrogance, 50. undercurrent, 51. colonize, 52. tentacle, 53. arrogance, 54. ancestor, 55. detriment, 56. nurture, 57. reciprocity, 58. deprive, 59. wildfire, 60. dishonor

61. person of gra_____nt age

n. a parent of one's father or mother

62. I was dr__ned in work

v. to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater

ANSWERS: 61. grandparent, 62. drown

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1. She _____ him with sarcastic comments about his lack of success.
v. to tease or ridicule in a challenging manner
2. The two countries made a _____ to reduce their carbon emissions.
n. a formal agreement between two or more parties
3. The company decided to _____ a top engineer from its competitor to improve its technology.
v. to search for and recruit talented individuals for a company
4. The policy of _____ between the two countries allowed for visa-free travel.
n. a mutual exchange of help and advantages; privileges granted in return for similar privileges
5. European powers _____ much of the Americas in the 16th and 17th centuries.
v. to establish a colony in or on a specific place; to settle or occupy in large numbers
6. She _____ her husband for many years.
v. to live longer than another person
7. His _____ was one of the first settlers in the area.
n. an ancestor or a precursor
8. The war between the two countries was also a battle between competing _____.
n. a particular philosophy or cognitive orientation of life or conception of the world

ANSWERS: 1. taunted, 2. pact, 3. headhunt, 4. reciprocity, 5. colonized, 6. outlived, 7. forebear, 8. worldviews

9. The company's reputation is its _____.
n. a vital or essential element or substance that is necessary for survival or success
10. The bumbling _____ made it difficult to get the permits we needed.
n. a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representatives
11. You must _____ your anxiety about driving.
v. to bring under control by force or authority
12. The heavy rain _____ the low-lying areas and caused flooding.
v. to flood or overwhelm with an excessive amount of something
13. The new approach resulted in a significant _____ to the local economy.
n. something that causes harm, injury, or damage
14. Floods have the potential to _____ any subsurface animals easily.
v. to die or cause to die by being unable to breathe underwater
15. The forest fire _____ the area, leaving only ashes and barren land.
v. to strip or remove a covering from
16. The _____ of tension was palpable in the meeting.
n. a concealed or underlying tendency or feeling; a flow below the surface of a fluid
17. He acted with _____ and was not well-liked by his colleagues.
n. excessive self-confidence or self-importance

ANSWERS: 9. lifeblood, 10. bureaucracy, 11. conquer, 12. inundated, 13. detriment, 14. drown, 15. denuded, 16. undercurrent, 17. arrogance

18. The _____ destroyed hundreds of homes and forced thousands of people to evacuate.

- n.* a large, uncontrolled fire that spreads quickly through a natural area such as a forest, grassland, or mountain slope

19. The _____ food was thrown away and wasted.

- adj.* not eaten or consumed

20. The _____ of goods led to a surplus in the market and lower prices.

- n.* the act of generating or producing a large quantity of something greater than the demand

21. _____ of sugar can contribute to obesity.

- n.* the act of consuming too much of something, or the condition of consuming more than is necessary or advisable

22. The police caught the fugitive criminal in the _____ of an expanded investigation.

- n.* a flexible, mobile, and long arm-like organ used for feeling and holding things, catching food, or moving

23. The _____ of his anxiety was evident in his shaking hands.

- n.* a visible or tangible form of something, especially a particular sign of a disease or condition

24. The water shortage in the region has made it difficult for farmers to _____ their crops.

- v.* to supply water to land to help plants grow

25. The _____ player was rehearsing for an upcoming concert.

- n.* a stringed instrument, typically with six strings and frets, played with a bow, also called a viola da gamba

ANSWERS: 18. wildfire, 19. uneaten, 20. overproduction, 21. Overconsumption, 22. tentacles, 23. manifestation, 24. irrigate, 25. viol

26. He was _____ of his freedom when sentenced to life in prison.

v. to take away something from someone

27. She was close to her paternal _____ and often spent summers with them.

n. a parent of one's father or mother

28. My remote _____ immigrated to the United States from Ireland in the 1800s.

n. a person from whom one is descended; a forefather

29. Schools should _____ children's mutual interest spirit.

v. to take care of, feed, and protect someone or something while they are growing and developing

30. He _____ his friends with a warm smile and a hug.

v. to say hello to someone; to express welcome on meeting someone

31. His actions brought _____ to the family, and he was disowned.

n. the lack of honor or respect; a feeling of shame or disgrace

ANSWERS: 26. deprived, 27. grandparents, 28. ancestor, 29. nurture, 30. greeted, 31. dishonor