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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

TED-Ed: 3 ways to end a virus | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/ted_ed_3_ways_to_end_a virus



Advanced Words Only

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

coronavirus

- a group of viruses that cause respiratory,
 gastrointestinal, and neurological diseases in humans
 and other animals
- (1) **coronavirus** antibody test kit, (2) **coronavirus** bankruptcy

Considering the situation of **coronavirus**, organized stopped this year's beer festival.

transmissible

adj. of or connected with something, such as a disease or trait, able to be passed or transmitted from one person or organism to another

synonym: contagious, infectious, transferable

(1) **transmissible** through contact, (2) maximum **transmissible** data size

The disease is highly **transmissible** and can be transmitted through close contact with infected individuals.

infect

v. to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism

synonym: pollute, contaminate, affect

(1) **infect** other animal species, (2) **infect** a computer with a virus

Children often infect parents with this head cold.

drastic

adj. radical and extreme; likely to have a significant or far-reaching impact

synonym: extreme, fierce, radical

(1) drastic measures, (2) make drastic revision

The global community is undergoing **drastic** changes at present.

observable

adj. that can be noticed or seen

synonym: visible, perceptible, detectable

(1) **observable** change, (2) experimentally **observable**Any theorem relies on both **observable** fact and assumption.

extinct

adj. no longer in existence

synonym: dead, obsolete, abolished

(1) **extinct** by human activity, (2) long- **extinct** volcano Many species have become **extinct** due to habitat destruction and other human activities.

lineage

n. the ancestry of a person, group, or species

synonym: ancestry, descent, heritage

(1) maternal lineage, (2) lineage tree

Scientists traced the **lineage** of the species back millions of years by studying fossils.

overrun

v. to invade or occupy a place or territory by force, especially in large numbers; (noun) the act of taking control or overwhelming something or someone

synonym: invade, conquer, occupy

(1) **overrun** an area, (2) garden **overrun** with weeds The invading army quickly may **overrun** the small country and took control of its capital city.

myxoma

- a benign (= noncancerous) tumor that is made up of connective tissue cells and contains a large amount of mucus (= a thick, slimy substance)
- (1) myxoma surgery, (2) infected myxoma

His **myxoma** tumor was discovered during a routine medical examination and was successfully removed through surgery.

vaccinate

ν. to treat with a vaccine, usually by injection, to produce immunity against a disease

synonym: immunize, inject, inoculate

(1) vaccinate against scarlet fever, (2) vaccinate every year

The nurse **vaccinated** the children in the school.

smallpox

a highly contagious viral disease characterized by fever, weakness, spots on the skin, and often death

synonym: variola

(1) **smallpox** epidemic, (2) **smallpox** vaccine An outbreak of **smallpox** occurred in the 1920s.

rinderpest

(also known as cattle plague) a viral disease that affects n. cloven-hoofed animals, including cattle, goats, and sheep, characterized by fever, diarrhea, and respiratory symptoms, and it can be fatal in severe cases

synonym: cattle plague, cattle fever

(1) rinderpest virus, (2) rinderpest control measures The **rinderpest** outbreak led to the loss of many livestock.

outcompete

to be more successful in competition than someone or something

synonym: outperform, outdo, surpass

- (1) **outcompete** peers, (2) **outcompete** domestic producers To **outcompete** its rivals, the company invested heavily in research and development.
- to create something by cutting wood or stone; to turn sharply

synonym: sculpt, engrave, cut

(1) carve a statue, (2) carve my name on the plate This statue is **carved** from a single tree trunk.

carve

norovirus

n. a virus that causes gastroenteritis (= inflammation of the stomach and intestines) that is highly contagious and is often spread through contaminated food or water or by close contact with an infected person

synonym: stomach flu, gastroenteritis, food poisoning

(1) **norovirus** outbreak, (2) suffer from **norovirus**

Proper hand hygiene is essential in preventing the spread of **norovirus**.

intestine

 a long, tube-like organ in the digestive system that is responsible for absorbing nutrients from food and eliminating waste products

synonym: gut, bowel, tract

(1) large intestine, (2) intestine wall

The small **intestine** is responsible for absorbing most of the nutrients from food.

coexist

v. to live or exist together at the same time in the same place

synonym: cohabit, accompany, synchronize

(1) **coexist** with nature, (2) **coexist** with diversity

The different species can **coexist** in the same ecosystem by filling different niches and using different resources.

cytoplasm

 the gel-like substance that fills the cell and surrounds the cell's organelles made up of water, ions, and organic molecules

synonym: cytosol, protoplasm

(1) the **cytoplasm** of muscle fiber, (2) a small cellular organ of **cytoplasm**

The cell's **cytoplasm** is filled with various organelles that perform different functions.

conceivable

adj. imaginable or possible to understand or believe in the mind

synonym: believable, imaginable, probable

(1) conceivable way, (2) conceivable emergency

It is challenging to defend every **conceivable** target.

cataclysm

- n. a sudden violent event that changes the earth's environment, such as a flood or a warsynonym: disaster, catastrophe, turmoil
- (1) global **cataclysm**, (2) existential **cataclysm**The earthquake was a **cataclysm** from which the local people never recovered.

Session 2: Spelling

1.	long-ext volcano	adj.	no longer in existence
2.	maternal lie	n.	the ancestry of a person, group, or species
3.	int other animal species	<i>v</i> .	to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
4.	a small cellular organ of cysm	n.	the gel-like substance that fills the cell and surrounds the cell's organelles made up of water, ions, and organic molecules
5.	infected mya	n.	a benign (= noncancerous) tumor that is made up of connective tissue cells and contains a large amount of mucus (= a thick, slimy substance)
6.	conle emergency	adj.	imaginable or possible to understand or believe in the mind
7.	outte domestic producers	<i>v</i> .	to be more successful in competition than someone or something
8.	conle way	adj.	imaginable or possible to understand or believe in the mind
9.	rinst virus	n.	(also known as cattle plague) a viral disease that affects cloven-hoofed animals, including cattle, goats, and sheep, characterized by fever, diarrhea, and respiratory symptoms, and it can be fatal in severe cases
10.	inne wall	n.	a long, tube-like organ in the digestive system that is responsible for absorbing nutrients from food and eliminating waste products

ANSWERS: 1. extinct, 2. lineage, 3. infect, 4. cytoplasm, 5. myxoma, 6. conceivable, 7. outcompete, 8. conceivable, 9. rinderpest, 10. intestine

11. experimentally obsle	adj.	that can be noticed or seen
12. int a computer with a virus	ν.	to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
13. make drc revision	adj.	radical and extreme; likely to have a significant or far-reaching impact
14. cae a statue	ν.	to create something by cutting wood or stone; to turn sharply
15. existential casm	n.	a sudden violent event that changes the earth's environment, such as a flood or a war
16. mya surgery	n.	a benign (= noncancerous) tumor that is made up of connective tissue cells and contains a large amount of mucus (= a thick, slimy substance)
17. corus antibody test kit	n.	a group of viruses that cause respiratory, gastrointestinal, and neurological diseases in humans and other animals
18. nous outbreak	n.	a virus that causes gastroenteritis (= inflammation of the stomach and intestines) that is highly contagious and is often spread through contaminated food or water or by close contact with an infected person
19. large inne	n.	a long, tube-like organ in the digestive system that is responsible for absorbing nutrients from food and eliminating waste products
20. garden ovn with weeds	v.	to invade or occupy a place or territory by force, especially in large numbers; (noun) the act of taking control or overwhelming something or someone

ANSWERS: 11. observable, 12. infect, 13. drastic, 14. carve, 15. cataclysm, 16. myxoma, 17. coronavirus, 18. norovirus, 19. intestine, 20. overrun

21.	maximum trable data size	adj.	of or connected with something, such as a disease or trait, able to be passed or transmitted from one person or organism to another
22.	obsle change	adj.	that can be noticed or seen
23.	outte peers	<i>v</i> .	to be more successful in competition than someone or something
24.	corus bankruptcy	n.	a group of viruses that cause respiratory, gastrointestinal, and neurological diseases in humans and other animals
25.	rinst control measures	n.	(also known as cattle plague) a viral disease that affects cloven-hoofed animals, including cattle, goats, and sheep, characterized by fever, diarrhea, and respiratory symptoms, and it can be fatal in severe cases
26.	cae my name on the plate	<i>v</i> .	to create something by cutting wood or stone; to turn sharply
27.	vate every year	ν.	to treat with a vaccine, usually by injection, to produce immunity against a disease
28.	smox epidemic	n.	a highly contagious viral disease characterized by fever, weakness, spots on the skin, and often death
29.	ext by human activity	adj.	no longer in existence
30.	trable through contact	adj.	of or connected with something, such as a disease or trait, able to be passed or transmitted from one person or organism to another

ANSWERS: 21. transmissible, 22. observable, 23. outcompete, 24. coronavirus, 25. rinderpest, 26. carve, 27. vaccinate, 28. smallpox, 29. extinct, 30. transmissible

31.	the cysm of muscle fiber	n.	the gel-like substance that fills the cell and surrounds the cell's organelles made up of water, ions, and organic molecules
32.	suffer from nous	n.	a virus that causes gastroenteritis (= inflammation of the stomach and intestines) that is highly contagious and is often spread through contaminated food or water or by close contact with an infected person
33.	drc measures	adj.	radical and extreme; likely to have a significant or far-reaching impact
34.	global casm	n.	a sudden violent event that changes the earth's environment, such as a flood or a war
35.	vate against scarlet fever	<i>v</i> .	to treat with a vaccine, usually by injection, to produce immunity against a disease
36.	cot with diversity	<i>v</i> .	to live or exist together at the same time in the same place
37.	smox vaccine	n.	a highly contagious viral disease characterized by fever, weakness, spots on the skin, and often death
38.	ovn an area	<i>v</i> .	to invade or occupy a place or territory by force, especially in large numbers; (noun) the act of taking control or overwhelming something or someone
39.	cot with nature	<i>v</i> .	to live or exist together at the same time in the same place

ANSWERS: 31. cytoplasm, 32. norovirus, 33. drastic, 34. cataclysm, 35. vaccinate, 36. coexist, 37. smallpox, 38. overrun, 39. coexist

40. li____e tree

n. the ancestry of a person, group, or species

ANSWERS: 40. lineage

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

1.	The earthquake was a from which the local people never recovered.
n.	a sudden violent event that changes the earth's environment, such as a flood or a war
2.	Proper hand hygiene is essential in preventing the spread of
n.	a virus that causes gastroenteritis (= inflammation of the stomach and intestines) that is highly contagious and is often spread through contaminated food or water or by close contact with an infected person
3.	Many species have become due to habitat destruction and other human activities.
adj	no longer in existence
4.	The different species can in the same ecosystem by filling different niches and using different resources.
ν.	to live or exist together at the same time in the same place
5.	His tumor was discovered during a routine medical examination and was successfully removed through surgery.
n.	a benign (= noncancerous) tumor that is made up of connective tissue cells and contains a large amount of mucus (= a thick, slimy substance)
6.	This statue is from a single tree trunk.
v.	to create something by cutting wood or stone; to turn sharply
7.	Considering the situation of organized stopped this year's beer festival.
n.	a group of viruses that cause respiratory, gastrointestinal, and neurological diseases in humans and other animals
	SWERS: 1. cataclysm, 2. norovirus, 3. extinct, 4. coexist, 5. myxoma, 6. carved, 7. onavirus,

8.	The nurse	the children in	the school.	
<i>v</i> .	to treat with a vaccii disease	ne, usually by inje	ection, to produce	immunity against a
9.	Any theorem relies or	n both	fact and assum	ption.
adj	dj. that can be noticed	or seen		
10.	. The invading army que capital city.	iickly may	the small coun	ry and took control of its
<i>v</i> .	to invade or occupy (noun) the act of tak	-		ially in large numbers; hing or someone
11.	. To its riv	als, the company	invested heavily	in research and
v.	to be more success	ful in competition	than someone or	something
12.	. The outl	oreak led to the lo	oss of many livesto	ock.
n.	(attle, goats, and	sheep, characteriz	zed by fever, diarrhea,
13.	. It is challenging to de	fend every	target.	
adj	dj. imaginable or possil	ble to understand	or believe in the	mind
14.	. The cell's functions.	is filled with vario	ous organelles tha	t perform different
n.	the gel-like substand made up of water, id			he cell's organelles
15.	. The small food.	$_{ extstyle }$ is responsible fo	or absorbing most	of the nutrients from
n.	a long, tube-like org nutrients from food	•	•	esponsible for absorbing
	NSWERS: 8. vaccinated			utcompete, 12.

16.	An outbreak of	occurred in the 1920s.					
n.	a highly contagious viral the skin, and often death	disease characterized by fever, weakness, spots on					
17.	Children often par	ents with this head cold.					
<i>v</i> .	to affect a person, an an	imal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism					
18.	Scientists traced thefossils.	of the species back millions of years by studying					
n.	the ancestry of a person	, group, or species					
19.	The disease is highly contact with infected indiv	and can be transmitted through close duals.					
adj	adj. of or connected with something, such as a disease or trait, able to be passed or transmitted from one person or organism to another						
20.	The global community is u	ndergoing changes at present.					
adj	radical and extreme; like	ly to have a significant or far-reaching impact					
AN:	SWERS: 16. smallpox, 17.	infect, 18. lineage, 19. transmissible, 20. drastic					