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Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

Kayla Mandel Sheets: You could have a secret twin (but not the way you think) | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/kayla_mandel_sheets_you _could_have_a_secret_twin_but_not_the_way_you_t hink



All Words

IMPORTANT

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Session 1: Word List

kidney	 n. either of a pair of small organs in the body that filter waste products, especially urea, from the blood and excrete them and water in urine
	(1) an artificial kidney , (2) chronic kidney disease
	The surgeon removed the healthy kidney from the donor.
donor	 <i>n</i>. a person or an organization that makes a gift of money, food, supplies, etc. to a cause or fund; in medicine, a person who gives blood or tissue or an organ to be used in another person <i>synonym</i>: contributor, patron, supporter
	(1) a transfusion of donor blood, (2) an unnamed donor
	His body rejected the liver of the donor .
stumble	<i>v.</i> to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily <i>synonym</i> : bumble, struggle, misstep
	(1) stumble financially, (2) stumble through life
	She stumbled over the tree root.
undergo	 v. to go through something unpleasant or that involves a change synonym: experience, suffer, endure

	(1) undergo surgery, (2) undergo a decrease
	The train has to undergo rigorous safety checks.
genetic	<i>adj.</i> of or relating to genes (= parts of the DNA in cells) or the science of genes
	synonym: hereditary, genetical, inborn
	(1) have genetic testing, (2) a genetic disorder
	Understanding protein folding is a vital step in deciphering the genetic code.
donation	 a voluntary gift of money, service, or ideas that are given to a person or an organization, or the act of giving them synonym: contribution, gift, subsidy
	(1) make a donation , (2) political donation
	He made a generous donation to the charity.
conceive	 v. to have or develop an idea, a plan, etc. in mind; to become pregnant
	synonym: imagine, envision, concoct
	(1) conceive of an idea, (2) conceive a child
	I can't conceive he'd want to harm us.
fig	 n. a sweet and soft edible fruit with many seeds or a tree on which these grow
	(1) fig marigold, (2) fig tree
	He ate the dried figs he had preserved.
pursue	 v. to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them
	synonym: seek, hunt, chase
	(1) pursue a goal, (2) pursue freedoms
	She intends to pursue a political career.
uncover	 v. to remove the cover from something; to discover something previously unseen or hidden synonym: disclose, reveal, unveil

	(1) uncover a potential problem, (2) uncover the truth He continued his investigation and soon uncovered another crime.
confuse	 v. to mistake one thing for another; to make somebody hard to understand synonym: confound, obscure, disorient
	(1) confuse the listener, (2) confuse fantasy with reality
	Her remarks confused the debate.
biology	<i>n.</i> the scientific study of life and the natural processes of living things
	(1) evolutionary biology , (2) cell and molecular biology
	In junior high school, we had to dissect a frog in biology class.
genome	n. the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things
	(1) sequencing of the human genome , (2) genome analyses
	The human genome contains approximately three billion chemical base pairs.
tissue	 <i>n</i>. an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function <i>synonym</i>: structure, texture, anatomy
	(1) a facial tissue , (2) loss of muscle tissue
	The researcher separated the nervous tissue for microscopic examinations.
gene	<i>n.</i> the fundamental unit of heredity and the sequence of nucleotides in DNA that codes for the creation of RNA or protein.
	synonym: factor, cistron
	(1) gene expression, (2) gene cloning
	A defective gene is responsible for the disease.

twin	<i>n</i> . either of two children born at the same time from the same mother
	(1) a twin-lens camera, (2) a twin roomIts twin brothers are difficult to tell apart except for their parents.
chimera	 n. (in Greek mythology) a fire-breathing creature with a lion's head, a goat's body, and a snake's tail; a thing that is illusory or impossible to achieve synonym: delusion, illusion, figment
	(1) chimera mouse, (2) interspecies chimeraAnimal chimeras are created by combining multiple fertilized eggs.
mythology	 <i>n</i>. a collection of myths (= traditional stories accepted as history) or the study of myths <i>synonym</i>: folklore, legend, fable
	(1) tale from mythology, (2) ancient mythologyHe studies Greek and Roman mythology.
amalgam	 <i>n</i>. an alloy of mercury with another metal, used especially to fill holes in teeth; a mixture or combination of diverse things <i>synonym</i>: mixture, alloy, admixture
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	(1) amalgam alloy, (2) an amalgam of hope and fearHis theory is an amalgam of earlier ideas.
visible	<i>adj.</i> capable of being seen; or open to easy view <i>synonym</i> : clear, observable, seeable
	(1) visible stars, (2) visible by X-ray
	My home is easily visible from the shore.
uterus	 n. a hollow muscular organ in the body of a woman or other female mammal in which a baby or young animal develops before birth synonym: womb
	(1) uterus cancer, (2) bleeding from uterus
	(1) uter us called, (2) biocounty norm uter us

	The physician prescribed medication to relieve the contraction of the uterus .
transplant	 v. to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another synonym: relocate, emigrate, graft
	(1) transplant a heart, (2) transplant my family to America
	He tried to transplant the seedling into a larger pot.
fetus	 an unborn or unhatched animal in the later stages of development showing the main recognizable features of the mature animal
	(1) development of the fetus , (2) an aborted fetus
	The female vagina is elastic enough to allow the passage of a fetus .
pregnant	<i>adj.</i> having a baby or young animal developing in the uterus <i>synonym</i> : expectant
	(1) needs of pregnant women, (2) a silence pregnant with suspense
	She vacated the position when she got pregnant.
swap	v. to give something and receive something in trade <i>synonym</i> : exchange, switch, trade
	(1) swap seats, (2) swap columns with rows
	Don't swap horses while crossing a stream.
nutrient	 <i>n.</i> any substance that is essential for the maintenance and growth of living things <i>synonym</i>: food, vitamin
	(1) nutrient medicine, (2) a nutrient for hair
	They used fast-acting nutrients on the flowers in the flower beds.

placenta	 a temporary organ that feeds a fetus (= unborn and developing baby) inside its mother's womb
	(1) placenta blood, (2) fetal placenta
	The placenta produces various hormones that help maintain
	the pregnancy.
inherit	<i>v</i> . to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died
	synonym: obtain, gain, acquire
	(1) inherit estate, (2) inherit ancestral property
	After his death, his sons inherited his business.
stem	 n. the central part of something from which other parts can develop or grow; the part of a word common to all its inflected variants; (verb) to grow out of, have roots in, or originate in synonym: branch, limb, (verb) come from
	(1) stem from a belief, (2) the stem of a matchstick
	A rose has thorns on its stem .
undifferentiated	<i>adj.</i> having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions <i>synonym</i> : uniform, identical, alike
	(1) undifferentiated cells, (2) undifferentiated market
	The infant makes undifferentiated reflex responses to stimuli.
initially	<i>adv.</i> at the beginning; at first <i>synonym</i> : originally, primarily, firstly
	(1) initially anticipated, (2) diagnosed initially as a tumor
	This train departed later than initially scheduled.
undetected	adj. not perceived or discovered
	synonym: undiscovered, hidden, concealed
	(1) undetected cancer, (2) leave the house undetected
	Doctors made mistakes, and diseases remained undetected.

immune	 adj. protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells synonym: resistant, unsusceptible, unaffected
	(1) immune from criminal prosecution, (2) the cell of the immune system
	The vaccination does not necessarily make you completely immune .
suppress	 v. to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force synonym: subdue, bury, stifle
	(1) suppress a yawn, (2) suppress a revolt
	The doctor prescribed medication to suppress the patient's appetite.
persist	 v. to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable synonym: endure, continue, carry on
	(1) persist over time, (2) persist in success
	Consult your doctor if the symptoms persist .
liver	n. a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins
	(1) liver disease, (2) fatty liver
	The patient will undergo liver transplant surgery tomorrow.
suddenly	adv. quickly and unexpectedly synonym: abruptly, unexpectedly, unawares
	(1) suddenly attacked by an enemy, (2) die suddenly
	Who answers suddenly knows little.
regenerate	 v. to improve or renew an area, institution, system, etc., especially by making it more active or successful synonym: renew, revive, improve
	(1) regenerate bone tissue, (2) a regenerate sinner

	The new CEO's primary mission is to regenerate the company on the verge of bankruptcy.
biopsy	<i>n.</i> the process of removing and examining tissue from the body of the sick person to determine the existence or cause of a disease
	synonym: examination, autopsy
	(1) biopsy of bone marrow, (2) liquid biopsy
	The doctor performed an excisional breast biopsy .
lodge	 n. a small country house where people stay when they want to participate in outdoor activities; (verb) officially present a complaint, appeal, claim, etc. to the appropriate authorities synonym: clubhouse, inn, (verb) file
	(1) lodged a complaint against him, (2) a ski lodge
	The final decision should be lodged with the chairman.
acquire	 v. to buy or obtain something such as an asset, object, knowledge, etc., for oneself synonym: attain, earn, catch
	 acquire knowledge, (2) acquire a new company Children acquire language at a fantastic rate.
fraternal	<i>adj.</i> relating to or like a brother or brothers; (of twins) derived from two separate fertilized ova (= the female reproductive cell)
	synonym: brotherly, congenial, biovular
	(1) fraternal twins, (2) a fraternal association
	He recommended that they take out fraternal life insurance.
embryo	 <i>n</i>. an animal organism in the early stages of growth, either in its mother's womb or in an egg, or a plant that is developing in a seed <i>synonym</i>: fetus, seed, origin
	(1) destruction of human embryos, (2) embryo cloningOur latest project is still at the embryo stage.

absorb	 v. to take in a fluid or other substance gradually synonym: consume, soak, ingest
	(1) absorb energy, (2) absorb a shock
	The sponge absorbs water well.
compose	 v. to write music, poetry, or formal writing; to constitute or make up a whole, or a specified part of it synonym: compile, constitute, build
	(1) compose an essay, (2) compose my thoughts
	The structure is composed of three main components.
vary	<i>v.</i> to become different in terms of size, shape, etc. <i>synonym</i> : alter, contrast, differ
	(1) vary according to the age, (2) vary directly with the price
	Maximum heart rates vary a lot for each individual.
ovary	 n. either of the pair of organs in the female reproductive system that produces eggs; (of a plant) the organ that bears the ovules of a flower
	(1) ovary atrophy, (2) salted ovary of walleye pollack
	They found ovary cancer in an early stage.
predict	 v. to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience synonym: forecast, anticipate, foresee
	(1) predict the future, (2) predict when she will arrive
	It's notoriously challenging to predict birth rates.
ancestry	<i>n.</i> the family or the ethnic descent that you come from <i>synonym</i> : ancestor, family, descent
	(1) a distinguished ancestry , (2) prehuman ancestry
	He looked down on the royal ancestry of the neighboring country.
sperm	<i>n.</i> the reproductive cell produced by a man or male animal <i>synonym</i> : seed, semen, seminal fluid

	(1) man with a low sperm count, (2) production of spermThe male sperm fertilizes the female egg.
embryonic	 adj. of or relating to an embryo (= an animal organism in the early stages of growth); in an early stage of development synonym: embryonal
	(1) embryonic stem cells, (2) embryonic development
	The project is still in its embryonic stage.
perception	 <i>n</i>. a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses <i>synonym</i>: understanding, idea, awareness
	(1) keen perception , (2) perception of a stimulus
	He is a man admired for the depth of his perception .
genetics	<i>n.</i> the branch of biology that studies genes, genetic variation, and heredity in organisms
	(1) the science of genetics , (2) genetics discrimination
	He is a specialist in the genetics of aging.
extent	<i>n.</i> the point or degree or area to which something extends <i>synonym</i> : amount, degree, intensity
	(1) certain extent , (2) the extent of the damage
	I was amazed at the extent of her generosity.
gut	<i>n.</i> the long tube in the body of a person or animal through which food passes when it leaves the stomach; the mental strength or bravery required to do something difficult or unpleasant
	synonym: belly, abdomen, courage
	(1) the blind gut , (2) gut feelings
	He told me a gut-wrenching truth about my parent's death.
bacteria	<i>n.</i> single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the

air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease *synonym*: microorganism, microbe

(1) pathogenic bacteria, (2) harmless bacteriaBacteria prevalent in hospitals are often resistant to antibiotics.

mitochondrian.(singular: mitochondrion) an organelle (= a specialized
part of a cell) found in large numbers in most cells that
produce energy for the cell by breaking down food

(1) a membrane of a **mitochondria**, (2) healthy **mitochondria**

Mitochondria DNA is used to trace human lineage and migration footprints.

Session 2: Spelling

1.	pet over time	v.	to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable
2.	cove a child	ν.	to have or develop an idea, a plan, etc. in mind; to become pregnant
3.	a ski loe	n.	a small country house where people stay when they want to participate in outdoor activities; (verb) officially present a complaint, appeal, claim, etc. to the appropriate authorities
4.	a membrane of a mitria	n.	(singular: mitochondrion) an organelle (= a specialized part of a cell) found in large numbers in most cells that produce energy for the cell by breaking down food
5.	ace knowledge	v.	to buy or obtain something such as an asset, object, knowledge, etc., for oneself
6.	loss of muscle tie	n.	an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function
7.	coe my thoughts	v.	to write music, poetry, or formal writing; to constitute or make up a whole, or a specified part of it
8.	unr a potential problem	v.	to remove the cover from something; to discover something previously unseen or hidden

ANSWERS: 1. persist, 2. conceive, 3. lodge, 4. mitochondria, 5. acquire, 6. tissue, 7. compose, 8. uncover

9. the cell of the ime system	adj.	protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
10. cell and molecular biy	n.	the scientific study of life and the natural processes of living things
11. a silence prnt with suspense	adj.	having a baby or young animal developing in the uterus
12. ge cloning	n.	the fundamental unit of heredity and the sequence of nucleotides in DNA that codes for the creation of RNA or protein.
13. gee analyses	n.	the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things
14. die suly	adv.	quickly and unexpectedly
15. ste through life	ν.	to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
16. chronic kiy disease	n.	either of a pair of small organs in the body that filter waste products, especially urea, from the blood and excrete them and water in urine
17. coe an essay	v.	to write music, poetry, or formal writing; to constitute or make up a whole, or a specified part of it
18. a fral association	adj.	relating to or like a brother or brothers; (of twins) derived from two separate fertilized ova (= the female reproductive cell)

ANSWERS: 9. immune, 10. biology, 11. pregnant, 12. gene, 13. genome, 14. suddenly, 15. stumble, 16. kidney, 17. compose, 18. fraternal

19. a tn-lens camera	n.	either of two children born at the same time from the same mother
20. unr the truth	v.	to remove the cover from something; to discover something previously unseen or hidden
21. an aborted fes	n.	an unborn or unhatched animal in the later stages of development showing the main recognizable features of the mature animal
22. a facial tie	n.	an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function
23. abb a shock	ν.	to take in a fluid or other substance gradually
24. ace a new company	v.	to buy or obtain something such as an asset, object, knowledge, etc., for oneself
25. destruction of human emos	n.	an animal organism in the early stages of growth, either in its mother's womb or in an egg, or a plant that is developing in a seed
26. uno surgery	v.	to go through something unpleasant or that involves a change
27. the blind g_t	n.	the long tube in the body of a person or animal through which food passes when it leaves the stomach; the mental strength or bravery required to do something difficult or unpleasant
28. amm alloy	n.	an alloy of mercury with another metal, used especially to fill holes in teeth; a mixture or combination of diverse things

ANSWERS: 19. twin, 20. uncover, 21. fetus, 22. tissue, 23. absorb, 24. acquire, 25. embryo, 26. undergo, 27. gut, 28. amalgam

29.	vy directly with the price	v.	to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.
30.	the sm of a matchstick	n.	the central part of something from which other parts can develop or grow; the part of a word common to all its inflected variants; (verb) to grow out of, have roots in, or originate in
31.	f_g tree	n.	a sweet and soft edible fruit with many seeds or a tree on which these grow
32.	inly anticipated	adv.	at the beginning; at first
33.	a transfusion of dor blood	n.	a person or an organization that makes a gift of money, food, supplies, etc. to a cause or fund; in medicine, a person who gives blood or tissue or an organ to be used in another person
34.	suss a yawn	v.	to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force
35.	interspecies cha	n.	(in Greek mythology) a fire-breathing creature with a lion's head, a goat's body, and a snake's tail; a thing that is illusory or impossible to achieve
36.	pue freedoms	v.	to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them
37.	pet in success	v.	to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable

ANSWERS: 29. vary, 30. stem, 31. fig, 32. initially, 33. donor, 34. suppress, 35. chimera, 36. pursue, 37. persist

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38. ancient mygy	n.	a collection of myths (= traditional stories accepted as history) or the study of myths
39. a distinguished anry	n.	the family or the ethnic descent that you come from
40. uno a decrease	v.	to go through something unpleasant or that involves a change
41. certain ext	n.	the point or degree or area to which something extends
42. harmless baia	n.	single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease
43. a regte sinner	v.	to improve or renew an area, institution, system, etc., especially by making it more active or successful
44. suly attacked by an enemy	adv	quickly and unexpectedly
45. pathogenic baia	n.	single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease
46. leave the house unded	adj.	not perceived or discovered
47. sm from a belief	n.	the central part of something from which other parts can develop or grow; the part of a word common to all its inflected variants; (verb) to grow out of, have roots in, or originate in

ANSWERS: 38. mythology, 39. ancestry, 40. undergo, 41. extent, 42. bacteria, 43. regenerate, 44. suddenly, 45. bacteria, 46. undetected, 47. stem

48. prehuman anry	n.	the family or the ethnic descent that you come from
49. lir disease	n.	a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins
50. trant my family to America	v.	to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another
51. vy according to the age	v.	to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.
52. ste financially	v.	to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
53. undted market	adj.	having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions
54. fetal plta	n.	a temporary organ that feeds a fetus (= unborn and developing baby) inside its mother's womb
55. ovy atrophy	n.	either of the pair of organs in the female reproductive system that produces eggs; (of a plant) the organ that bears the ovules of a flower
56. evolutionary biy	n.	the scientific study of life and the natural processes of living things
57. emic stem cells	adj.	of or relating to an embryo (= an animal organism in the early stages of growth); in an early stage of development

ANSWERS: 48. ancestry, 49. liver, 50. transplant, 51. vary, 52. stumble, 53. undifferentiated, 54. placenta, 55. ovary, 56. biology, 57. embryonic

58. coe the listener	ν.	to mistake one thing for another; to make somebody hard to understand
59. salted ovy of walleye pollack	n.	either of the pair of organs in the female reproductive system that produces eggs; (of a plant) the organ that bears the ovules of a flower
60. peron of a stimulus	n.	a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
61. regte bone tissue	v.	to improve or renew an area, institution, system, etc., especially by making it more active or successful
62. the science of gecs	n.	the branch of biology that studies genes, genetic variation, and heredity in organisms
63. trant a heart	v.	to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another
64. emo cloning	n.	an animal organism in the early stages of growth, either in its mother's womb or in an egg, or a plant that is developing in a seed
65. vie stars	adj.	capable of being seen; or open to easy view
66. tale from mygy	n.	a collection of myths (= traditional stories accepted as history) or the study of myths

ANSWERS: 58. confuse, 59. ovary, 60. perception, 61. regenerate, 62. genetics, 63. transplant, 64. embryo, 65. visible, 66. mythology

67. prt when she will arrive	v.	to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
68. sp seats	v.	to give something and receive something in trade
69. loed a complaint against him	n.	a small country house where people stay when they want to participate in outdoor activities; (verb) officially present a complaint, appeal, claim, etc. to the appropriate authorities
70. biy of bone marrow	n.	the process of removing and examining tissue from the body of the sick person to determine the existence or cause of a disease
71. suss a revolt	<i>v</i> .	to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force
72. an artificial kiy	n.	either of a pair of small organs in the body that filter waste products, especially urea, from the blood and excrete them and water in urine
73. an unnamed dor	n.	a person or an organization that makes a gift of money, food, supplies, etc. to a cause or fund; in medicine, a person who gives blood or tissue or an organ to be used in another person
74. g_t feelings	n.	the long tube in the body of a person or animal through which food passes when it leaves the stomach; the mental strength or bravery required to do something difficult or unpleasant

ANSWERS: 67. predict, 68. swap, 69. lodge, 70. biopsy, 71. suppress, 72. kidney, 73. donor, 74. gut

75. make a doon	n.	a voluntary gift of money, service, or ideas that are given to a person or an organization, or the act of giving them
76. sequencing of the human gee	n.	the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things
77. a nunt for hair	n.	any substance that is essential for the maintenance and growth of living things
78. an amm of hope and fear	n.	an alloy of mercury with another metal, used especially to fill holes in teeth; a mixture or combination of diverse things
79. a tn room	n.	either of two children born at the same time from the same mother
80. vie by X-ray	adj.	capable of being seen; or open to easy view
81. the ext of the damage	n.	the point or degree or area to which something extends
82. cha mouse	n.	(in Greek mythology) a fire-breathing creature with a lion's head, a goat's body, and a snake's tail; a thing that is illusory or impossible to achieve
83. healthy mitria	n.	(singular: mitochondrion) an organelle (= a specialized part of a cell) found in large numbers in most cells that produce energy for the cell by breaking down food
84. uts cancer	n.	a hollow muscular organ in the body of a woman or other female mammal in which a baby or young animal develops before birth

ANSWERS: 75. donation, 76. genome, 77. nutrient, 78. amalgam, 79. twin, 80. visible, 81. extent, 82. chimera, 83. mitochondria, 84. uterus

85. fral twins	adj.	relating to or like a brother or brothers; (of twins) derived from two separate fertilized ova (= the female reproductive cell)
86. plta blood	n.	a temporary organ that feeds a fetus (= unborn and developing baby) inside its mother's womb
87. ime from criminal prosecution	adj.	protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
88. fatty lir	n.	a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins
89. gecs discrimination	n.	the branch of biology that studies genes, genetic variation, and heredity in organisms
90. development of the fes	n.	an unborn or unhatched animal in the later stages of development showing the main recognizable features of the mature animal
91. bleeding from uts	n.	a hollow muscular organ in the body of a woman or other female mammal in which a baby or young animal develops before birth
92. prt the future	v.	to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
93. needs of prnt women	adj.	having a baby or young animal developing in the uterus

ANSWERS: 85. fraternal, 86. placenta, 87. immune, 88. liver, 89. genetics, 90. fetus, 91. uterus, 92. predict, 93. pregnant

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94. emic development	or	f or relating to an embryo (= an animal rganism in the early stages of growth); an early stage of development
95. int ancestral property		o receive money, property, or a title om someone after they have died
96. int estate		o receive money, property, or a title om someone after they have died
97. abb energy		take in a fluid or other substance radually
98. diagnosed inly as a tumor	adv. at	t the beginning; at first
99. political doon	ide	voluntary gift of money, service, or leas that are given to a person or an rganization, or the act of giving them
100. have gec testing		f or relating to genes (= parts of the NA in cells) or the science of genes
101. f_g marigold		sweet and soft edible fruit with many eeds or a tree on which these grow
102. coe fantasy with reality		mistake one thing for another; to take somebody hard to understand
103. nunt medicine		ny substance that is essential for the aintenance and growth of living things
104. man with a low spm count		e reproductive cell produced by a man r male animal
105. production of spm		e reproductive cell produced by a man r male animal
106. liquid biy	tis to	e process of removing and examining ssue from the body of the sick person determine the existence or cause of a sease

ANSWERS: 94. embryonic, 95. inherit, 96. inherit, 97. absorb, 98. initially, 99. donation, 100. genetic, 101. fig, 102. confuse, 103. nutrient, 104. sperm, 105. sperm, 106. biopsy

107. pue a goal	v.	to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them
108. a gec disorder	adj.	of or relating to genes (= parts of the DNA in cells) or the science of genes
109. cove of an idea	v.	to have or develop an idea, a plan, etc. in mind; to become pregnant
110. sp columns with rows	v.	to give something and receive something in trade
111. keen peron	n.	a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
112. undted cells	adj.	having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions
113. unded cancer	adj.	not perceived or discovered
114. ge expression	n.	the fundamental unit of heredity and the sequence of nucleotides in DNA that codes for the creation of RNA or protein.

ANSWERS: 107. pursue, 108. genetic, 109. conceive, 110. swap, 111. perception, 112. undifferentiated, 113. undetected, 114. gene

Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. He looked down on the royal ______ of the neighboring country.
- *n.* the family or the ethnic descent that you come from
- 2. The male _____ fertilizes the female egg.
- *n.* the reproductive cell produced by a man or male animal
- 3. My home is easily _____ from the shore.
 - *adj.* capable of being seen; or open to easy view
- 4. The doctor prescribed medication to ______ the patient's appetite.
- *v.* to bring something under control by force or authority; to put an end by force
- 5. She vacated the position when she got _____.

adj. having a baby or young animal developing in the uterus

- 6. They found _____ cancer in an early stage.
- *n.* either of the pair of organs in the female reproductive system that produces eggs; (of a plant) the organ that bears the ovules of a flower
- 7. _____ DNA is used to trace human lineage and migration footprints.
- *n*. (singular: mitochondrion) an organelle (= a specialized part of a cell) found in large numbers in most cells that produce energy for the cell by breaking down food
- 8. Children _____ language at a fantastic rate.
 - v. to buy or obtain something such as an asset, object, knowledge, etc., for oneself

ANSWERS: 1. ancestry, 2. sperm, 3. visible, 4. suppress, 5. pregnant, 6. ovary, 7. Mitochondria, 8. acquire

- 9. He recommended that they take out ______ life insurance.
- *adj.* relating to or like a brother or brothers; (of twins) derived from two separate fertilized ova (= the female reproductive cell)
- 10. Its _____ brothers are difficult to tell apart except for their parents.
- *n.* either of two children born at the same time from the same mother
- 11. He tried to ______ the seedling into a larger pot.
- v. to move or transfer something from one place or person to another; to take living tissue or an organ from one person, animal, part of the body, etc. and put it into or onto another
- 12. Who answers _____ knows little.
- adv. quickly and unexpectedly
- 13. The doctor performed an excisional breast _____.
- *n*. the process of removing and examining tissue from the body of the sick person to determine the existence or cause of a disease
- 14. It's notoriously challenging to _____ birth rates.
 - v. to state beforehand that something will happen in the future, mainly based on knowledge or experience
- 15. He is a man admired for the depth of his _____.
- *n.* a belief, opinion, or image you have based on how you regard, understand, or interpret something; the ability to see, hear, or notice something through the senses
- 16. The researcher separated the nervous ______ for microscopic examinations.
- *n.* an ensemble of similar cells of the animal or plant that together carry out a specific function

ANSWERS: 9. fraternal, 10. twin, 11. transplant, 12. suddenly, 13. biopsy, 14. predict, 15. perception, 16. tissue

- 17. The final decision should be _____ with the chairman.
 - *n.* a small country house where people stay when they want to participate in outdoor activities; (verb) officially present a complaint, appeal, claim, etc. to the appropriate authorities
- 18. _____ prevalent in hospitals are often resistant to antibiotics.
- *n.* single-celled or noncellular spherical or spiral or rod-shaped organisms that exist in large numbers in the air, water, and soil, and also in living and dead creatures and plants, and are often a cause of disease
- 19. The human ______ contains approximately three billion chemical base pairs.
- *n.* the complete set or sequence of genes of a human, animal, plant, or other living things
- 20. He told me a ______ truth about my parent's death.
 - *n.* the long tube in the body of a person or animal through which food passes when it leaves the stomach; the mental strength or bravery required to do something difficult or unpleasant
- 21. The patient will undergo _____ transplant surgery tomorrow.
- *n*. a large organ in the body, involved in many metabolic processes, such as detoxification of the organism, and the synthesis of proteins
- 22. She _____ over the tree root.
- *v.* to miss a step and fall or nearly fall; to walk unsteadily
- 23. The female vagina is elastic enough to allow the passage of a _____.
- *n.* an unborn or unhatched animal in the later stages of development showing the main recognizable features of the mature animal

ANSWERS: 17. lodged, 18. Bacteria, 19. genome, 20. gut-wrenching, 21. liver, 22. stumbled, 23. fetus

- 24. He studies Greek and Roman _____.
- *n*. a collection of myths (= traditional stories accepted as history) or the study of myths
- 25. Her remarks _____ the debate.
- v. to mistake one thing for another; to make somebody hard to understand
- 26. Animal ______ are created by combining multiple fertilized eggs.
- *n*. (in Greek mythology) a fire-breathing creature with a lion's head, a goat's body, and a snake's tail; a thing that is illusory or impossible to achieve
- 27. The infant makes ______ reflex responses to stimuli.
- *adj.* having few or no clear distinctive characters; (of cells) not having specialized or mature structures or functions
- 28. A defective _____ is responsible for the disease.
- *n.* the fundamental unit of heredity and the sequence of nucleotides in DNA that codes for the creation of RNA or protein.
- 29. Consult your doctor if the symptoms _____.
- v. to continue to do and refuse to stop something despite difficulties or opposition, even if it appears unreasonable
- 30. After his death, his sons _____ his business.
- v. to receive money, property, or a title from someone after they have died
- 31. Don't _____ horses while crossing a stream.
 - v. to give something and receive something in trade

ANSWERS: 24. mythology, 25. confused, 26. chimeras, 27. undifferentiated, 28. gene, 29. persist, 30. inherited, 31. swap

32. The train has to _____ rigorous safety checks.

- *v*. to go through something unpleasant or that involves a change
- His body rejected the liver of the _____.
- *n.* a person or an organization that makes a gift of money, food, supplies, etc. to a cause or fund; in medicine, a person who gives blood or tissue or an organ to be used in another person
- 34. He ate the dried _____ he had preserved.
- *n.* a sweet and soft edible fruit with many seeds or a tree on which these grow
- 35. In junior high school, we had to dissect a frog in _____ class.
- *n.* the scientific study of life and the natural processes of living things
- 36. This train departed later than ______ scheduled.
- adv. at the beginning; at first
- 37. The structure is ______ of three main components.
 - v. to write music, poetry, or formal writing; to constitute or make up a whole, or a specified part of it
- 38. Maximum heart rates _____ a lot for each individual.
- v. to become different in terms of size, shape, etc.
- 39. The physician prescribed medication to relieve the contraction of the _____.
- *n.* a hollow muscular organ in the body of a woman or other female mammal in which a baby or young animal develops before birth
- 40. The new CEO's primary mission is to ______ the company on the verge of bankruptcy.
 - *v.* to improve or renew an area, institution, system, etc., especially by making it more active or successful

ANSWERS: 32. undergo, 33. donor, 34. figs, 35. biology, 36. initially, 37. composed, 38. vary, 39. uterus, 40. regenerate

- 41. The sponge _____ water well.
- v. to take in a fluid or other substance gradually
- 42. The ______ produces various hormones that help maintain the pregnancy.
- *n.* a temporary organ that feeds a fetus (= unborn and developing baby) inside its mother's womb
- 43. Our latest project is still at the _____ stage.
- *n.* an animal organism in the early stages of growth, either in its mother's womb or in an egg, or a plant that is developing in a seed
- 44. He continued his investigation and soon ______ another crime.
 - *v.* to remove the cover from something; to discover something previously unseen or hidden
- 45. He is a specialist in the _____ of aging.
- *n.* the branch of biology that studies genes, genetic variation, and heredity in organisms
- 46. Doctors made mistakes, and diseases remained ______.
- adj. not perceived or discovered
- 47. The project is still in its ______ stage.
- *adj.* of or relating to an embryo (= an animal organism in the early stages of growth); in an early stage of development
- 48. They used fast-acting ______ on the flowers in the flower beds.
- *n.* any substance that is essential for the maintenance and growth of living things

ANSWERS: 41. absorbs, 42. placenta, 43. embryo, 44. uncovered, 45. genetics, 46. undetected, 47. embryonic, 48. nutrients

- 49. The surgeon removed the healthy _____ from the donor.
- *n.* either of a pair of small organs in the body that filter waste products, especially urea, from the blood and excrete them and water in urine
- 50. His theory is an _____ of earlier ideas.
- *n.* an alloy of mercury with another metal, used especially to fill holes in teeth; a mixture or combination of diverse things
- 51. He made a generous ______ to the charity.
- *n.* a voluntary gift of money, service, or ideas that are given to a person or an organization, or the act of giving them
- 52. Understanding protein folding is a vital step in deciphering the _____ code.
- *adj.* of or relating to genes (= parts of the DNA in cells) or the science of genes
- 53. I was amazed at the _____ of her generosity.
- *n.* the point or degree or area to which something extends
- 54. The vaccination does not necessarily make you completely _____.
- *adj.* protected against a particular disease or toxin due to the presence of specific antibodies or sensitized white blood cells
- 55. She intends to _____ a political career.
 - v. to do something or attempt to attain something over time; to follow or seek someone or something, especially in trying to catch them
- 56. I can't _____ he'd want to harm us.
 - v. to have or develop an idea, a plan, etc. in mind; to become pregnant

ANSWERS: 49. kidney, 50. amalgam, 51. donation, 52. genetic, 53. extent, 54. immune, 55. pursue, 56. conceive

57. A rose has thorns on its _____.

n. the central part of something from which other parts can develop or grow; the part of a word common to all its inflected variants; (verb) to grow out of, have roots in, or originate in

ANSWERS: 57. stem