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## Vocabulary Builder Reference from...

TED-Ed: Could one vaccine protect against everything? | TED Talk https://www.ted.com/talks/ted\_ed\_could\_one\_vaccine \_protect\_against\_everything



### Advanced Words Only

#### IMPORTANT

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## Session 1: Word List

monumental	<ul> <li><i>adj.</i> great in importance or influence, size, extent, or solidity; massive</li> <li><i>synonym</i>: massive, awesome, enormous</li> <li>(1) monumental task, (2) monumental sculpture</li> <li>Everyone, even non-scholars, knows Einstein's monumental contributions to physics.</li> </ul>
hemagglutinin	<ul> <li><i>n</i>. a substance, such as a viral protein, which causes agglutination (= the coalescing of small particles) of red blood cells</li> <li>(1) hemagglutinin gene, (2) cold hemagglutinin disease The virus produces proteins, including hemagglutinin protein.</li> </ul>
attache	<ul> <li><i>n.</i> a person who works at an embassy, usually having a specialized area of responsibility; a shallow and rectangular briefcase</li> <li><i>synonym</i>: diplomat, envoy, briefcase</li> <li>(1) a commercial <b>attache</b>, (2) black <b>attache</b> case</li> <li>A prime minister talked with a military <b>attache</b> of the country's embassy.</li> </ul>

fuse	<ul> <li><i>n</i>. a small part in an electrical device or machinery that can interrupt the flow of electrical current when it is overloaded; (verb) to become plastic or fluid or liquefied from heat</li> <li><i>synonym</i>: (verb) melt, (verb) blend</li> <li>(1) fuse blows, (2) fuse with one another</li> <li>He has a short fuse.</li> </ul>
emperor	<i>n.</i> the male ruler of an empire <i>synonym</i> : ruler, king, dictator
	(1) <b>emperor</b> of Rome, (2) former <b>emperor</b>
	The <b>Emperor</b> once lived in the vast palace.
plaster	<ul> <li><i>n</i>. a substance made of lime that becomes hard as it dries and is used for the protective or decorative coating of walls and ceilings and for molding and casting decorative elements</li> <li><i>synonym</i>: cement, adhesive, mortar</li> </ul>
	(1) daub the ceiling with <b>plaster</b> , (2) cracks in the <b>plaster</b>
	Patience is the <b>plaster</b> of all sores.
mold	<ul> <li>n. a hollow container used to give shape to liquid or soft substance, which then becomes solid in the same shape as the container; a soft, green, or gray growth that forms on stale food or objects exposed to warm, moist air for too long</li> <li>synonym: cavity, cast, mildew</li> </ul>
	(1) a casting <b>mold</b> , (2) <b>mold</b> allergy
	Mushrooms and <b>mold</b> are fungi.
bloodstream	<i>n.</i> the blood flowing through the body
	(1) <b>bloodstream</b> in an artery, (2) <b>bloodstream</b> to the brain Cancer cells are often carried throughout the body by the <b>bloodstream</b> .
diminish	<ul> <li>v. to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc.</li> <li>synonym:</li> </ul>

decline, dwindle, lessen

	(1) <b>diminish</b> a reputation, (2) <b>diminish</b> swelling As people get old, their energies may <b>diminish</b> .
blueprint	<ul> <li>n. a photographic print of an early plan for a building or machine</li> <li>synonym: draft, prototype, sketch</li> </ul>
	(1) <b>blueprint</b> for economic reform, (2) architect's <b>blueprint</b>
	A business plan is a <b>blueprint</b> for your success.
invade	<ul> <li>v. to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation</li> <li>synonym: intrude, raid, overrun</li> </ul>
	(1) <b>invade</b> other tissues, (2) <b>invade</b> his privacy
	I have no intention to <b>invade</b> your privacy.
infect	<ul> <li>v. to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism</li> <li>synonym: pollute, contaminate, affect</li> </ul>
	(1) <b>infect</b> other animal species, (2) <b>infect</b> a computer with a virus
	Children often infect parents with this head cold.
recombine	<ul> <li>v. to combine or put together again or differently; to cause genetic recombination (= the process by which genetic material is broken and joined to other genetic material)</li> </ul>
	(1) <b>recombine</b> at the surface, (2) ability to <b>recombine</b>
	Some scientists argue that the genes in food should not be artificially <b>recombined</b> .
pandemic	n. an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area
	synonym: outbreak
	(1) flu <b>pandemic</b> , (2) global <b>pandemic</b>
	They fear a <b>pandemic</b> of a new type of virus.

conserve	<ul> <li>v. to protect something, especially the natural environment or culture, from change, damage, or destruction</li> </ul>					
	synonym: preserve, save, maintain					
	(1) means to <b>conserve</b> energy, (2) <b>conserve</b> coal					
	resources					
	Children must be taught to <b>conserve</b> our natural					
	environment.					
hinder	<ul> <li>v. to make it difficult for someone to do something; to limit the development of something</li> <li>synonym: frustrate, hamper, interfere</li> </ul>					
	(1) <b>hinder</b> athletic performance, (2) <b>hinder</b> international exchanges					
	The pandemic hindered the growth of the airline industry.					
subtype	<ul> <li><i>n</i>. a type that is a subdivision of a more general type; a subdivision of a type of microorganism</li> <li><i>synonym</i>: subdivision</li> </ul>					
	(1) tumor <b>subtype</b> , (2) avian influenza <b>subtype</b>					
	Scientists have classified the currently prevalent viruses into					
	subtypes to develop a highly effective vaccine.					
ferritin	n. a protein produced in mammalian metabolism that stores iron and releases it in a controlled fashion					
	(1) <b>ferritin</b> antibody, (2) serum <b>ferritin</b>					
	The higher the <b>ferritin</b> level, the greater the potential for severe organ damage.					
nanoparticle	n. a particle of matter that is between 1 and 100 nanometres (nm) in diameter					
	(1) aluminum nanoparticle, (2) atmospheric nanoparticle					
	For some creatures, carbon <b>nanoparticles</b> are deadly.					
vaccinate	<ul> <li>v. to treat with a vaccine, usually by injection, to produce immunity against a disease</li> <li>synonym: immunize, inject, inoculate</li> </ul>					
	synonym: IMMUNIZE, INJECT, INOCUIATE					

	<ul> <li>(1) vaccinate against scarlet fever, (2) vaccinate every year</li> <li>The nurse vaccinated the children in the school.</li> </ul>		
inject	<ul> <li>v. to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)</li> <li>synonym: shoot, infiltrate, insinuate</li> </ul>		
	(1) <b>inject</b> under the skin, (2) <b>inject</b> a personal opinion into a debate		
	Let's try to <b>inject</b> a bit of enthusiasm into your performance.		
coronavirus	<i>n.</i> a group of viruses that cause respiratory, gastrointestinal, and neurological diseases in humans and other animals		
	(1) <b>coronavirus</b> antibody test kit, (2) <b>coronavirus</b> bankruptcy		
	Considering the situation of <b>coronavirus</b> , organized stopped this year's beer festival.		
squarely	<i>adv.</i> directly and firmly; in a square shape <i>synonym</i> : honestly, justly, straightforwardly		
	(1) look <b>squarely</b> at reality, (2) a <b>squarely</b> cut piece of paper		
	We must <b>squarely</b> address the problem.		
groundbreaking	<i>adj.</i> producing fresh findings; using novel techniques <i>synonym</i> : innovative, revolutionary		
	(1) <b>groundbreaking</b> concept, (2) <b>groundbreaking</b> settlement		
	He has produced groundbreaking research on the subject.		

## **Session 2: Spelling**

1.	cracks in the plr	n.	a substance made of lime that becomes hard as it dries and is used for the protective or decorative coating of walls and ceilings and for molding and casting decorative elements
2.	bloam to the brain	n.	the blood flowing through the body
3.	avian influenza sue	n.	a type that is a subdivision of a more general type; a subdivision of a type of microorganism
4.	hir athletic performance	v.	to make it difficult for someone to do something; to limit the development of something
5.	vate against scarlet fever	v.	to treat with a vaccine, usually by injection, to produce immunity against a disease
6.	groing concept	adj.	producing fresh findings; using novel techniques
7.	a casting md	n.	a hollow container used to give shape to liquid or soft substance, which then becomes solid in the same shape as the container; a soft, green, or gray growth that forms on stale food or objects exposed to warm, moist air for too long
8.	architect's blnt	n.	a photographic print of an early plan for a building or machine

ANSWERS: 1. plaster, 2. bloodstream, 3. subtype, 4. hinder, 5. vaccinate, 6. groundbreaking, 7. mold, 8. blueprint

9. a sqly cut piece of paper	adv. directly and firmly; in a square shape
10. ine other tissues	<ul> <li>v. to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation</li> </ul>
11. tumor sue	<ul> <li>a type that is a subdivision of a more general type; a subdivision of a type of microorganism</li> </ul>
12. ability to rene	<ul> <li>v. to combine or put together again or differently; to cause genetic recombination (= the process by which genetic material is broken and joined to other genetic material)</li> </ul>
13. md allergy	<i>n</i> . a hollow container used to give shape to liquid or soft substance, which then becomes solid in the same shape as the container; a soft, green, or gray growth that forms on stale food or objects exposed to warm, moist air for too long
14. flu paic	<i>n.</i> an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area
15. global paic	<i>n.</i> an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area
16. fein antibody	n. a protein produced in mammalian metabolism that stores iron and releases it in a controlled fashion
17. monal sculpture	<i>adj.</i> great in importance or influence, size, extent, or solidity; massive
18. fe with one another	<ul> <li>a small part in an electrical device or machinery that can interrupt the flow of electrical current when it is overloaded; (verb) to become plastic or fluid or liquefied from heat</li> </ul>

ANSWERS: 9. squarely, 10. invade, 11. subtype, 12. recombine, 13. mold, 14. pandemic, 15. pandemic, 16. ferritin, 17. monumental, 18. fuse

19. means to cove energy	V.	to protect something, especially the natural environment or culture, from change, damage, or destruction
20. dish a reputation	v.	to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc.
21. groing settlement	adj.	producing fresh findings; using novel techniques
22. int under the skin	v.	to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)
23. rene at the surface	v.	to combine or put together again or differently; to cause genetic recombination (= the process by which genetic material is broken and joined to other genetic material)
24. a commercial ate	n.	a person who works at an embassy, usually having a specialized area of responsibility; a shallow and rectangular briefcase
25. fe blows	n.	a small part in an electrical device or machinery that can interrupt the flow of electrical current when it is overloaded; (verb) to become plastic or fluid or liquefied from heat
26. monal task	adj.	great in importance or influence, size, extent, or solidity; massive
27. dish swelling	v.	to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc.

ANSWERS: 19. conserve, 20. diminish, 21. groundbreaking, 22. inject, 23. recombine, 24. attache, 25. fuse, 26. monumental, 27. diminish

28. cold hemnin disease	n.	a substance, such as a viral protein, which causes agglutination (= the coalescing of small particles) of red blood cells
29. int other animal species	ν.	to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
30. emr of Rome	n.	the male ruler of an empire
31. corus bankruptcy	n.	a group of viruses that cause respiratory, gastrointestinal, and neurological diseases in humans and other animals
32. cove coal resources	v.	to protect something, especially the natural environment or culture, from change, damage, or destruction
33. corus antibody test kit	n.	a group of viruses that cause respiratory, gastrointestinal, and neurological diseases in humans and other animals
34. black ate case	n.	a person who works at an embassy, usually having a specialized area of responsibility; a shallow and rectangular briefcase
35. vate every year	v.	to treat with a vaccine, usually by injection, to produce immunity against a disease
36. bloam in an artery	n.	the blood flowing through the body
37. blnt for economic reform	n.	a photographic print of an early plan for a building or machine

ANSWERS: 28. hemagglutinin, 29. infect, 30. emperor, 31. coronavirus, 32. conserve, 33. coronavirus, 34. attache, 35. vaccinate, 36. bloodstream, 37. blueprint

38.	hir international exchanges	v.	to make it difficult for someone to do something; to limit the development of something
39.	daub the ceiling with plr	n.	a substance made of lime that becomes hard as it dries and is used for the protective or decorative coating of walls and ceilings and for molding and casting decorative elements
40.	former emr	n.	the male ruler of an empire
41.	int a personal opinion into a debate	v.	to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)
42.	hemnin gene	n.	a substance, such as a viral protein, which causes agglutination (= the coalescing of small particles) of red blood cells
43.	serum fein	n.	a protein produced in mammalian metabolism that stores iron and releases it in a controlled fashion
44.	look sqly at reality	adv.	directly and firmly; in a square shape
45.	atmospheric nancle	n.	a particle of matter that is between 1 and 100 nanometres (nm) in diameter
46.	int a computer with a virus	v.	to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
47.	ine his privacy	v.	to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation

ANSWERS: 38. hinder, 39. plaster, 40. emperor, 41. inject, 42. hemagglutinin, 43. ferritin, 44. squarely, 45. nanoparticle, 46. infect, 47. invade

48. aluminum nan\_\_\_\_cle

*n.* a particle of matter that is between 1 and 100 nanometres (nm) in diameter

ANSWERS: 48. nanoparticle

## Session 3: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. Some scientists argue that the genes in food should not be artificially
- v. to combine or put together again or differently; to cause genetic recombination (= the process by which genetic material is broken and joined to other genetic material)
- Considering the situation of \_\_\_\_\_\_ organized stopped this year's beer festival.
- *n*. a group of viruses that cause respiratory, gastrointestinal, and neurological diseases in humans and other animals
- 3. As people get old, their energies may \_\_\_\_\_.
- *v.* to reduce or be reduced in size, extent, or importance; to make something smaller, weaker, etc.
- 4. I have no intention to \_\_\_\_\_ your privacy.
- *v*. to enter aggressively into another's territory by military force for conquest and occupation
- 5. He has a short \_\_\_\_\_.
- *n.* a small part in an electrical device or machinery that can interrupt the flow of electrical current when it is overloaded; (verb) to become plastic or fluid or liquefied from heat
- 6. Cancer cells are often carried throughout the body by the \_\_\_\_\_.
- *n.* the blood flowing through the body
- 7. They fear a \_\_\_\_\_ of a new type of virus.
- *n.* an outbreak of a disease that affects many people over a very wide area

ANSWERS: 1. recombined, 2. coronavirus, 3. diminish, 4. invade, 5. fuse, 6. bloodstream, 7. pandemic

- 8. The higher the \_\_\_\_\_ level, the greater the potential for severe organ damage.
- *n.* a protein produced in mammalian metabolism that stores iron and releases it in a controlled fashion
- 9. Scientists have classified the currently prevalent viruses into \_\_\_\_\_\_ to develop a highly effective vaccine.
- *n.* a type that is a subdivision of a more general type; a subdivision of a type of microorganism
- 10. We must \_\_\_\_\_ address the problem.
- *adv.* directly and firmly; in a square shape
- 11. Patience is the \_\_\_\_\_ of all sores.
  - *n.* a substance made of lime that becomes hard as it dries and is used for the protective or decorative coating of walls and ceilings and for molding and casting decorative elements
- 12. A business plan is a \_\_\_\_\_ for your success.
- *n.* a photographic print of an early plan for a building or machine
- 13. Children often \_\_\_\_\_ parents with this head cold.
- v. to affect a person, an animal, or a plant with a disease-causing organism
- 14. He has produced \_\_\_\_\_\_ research on the subject.
- *adj.* producing fresh findings; using novel techniques
- 15. Let's try to \_\_\_\_\_ a bit of enthusiasm into your performance.
- *v.* to put a liquid such as a drug or other substance into a person's or an animal's body using a needle and syringe (= small tube)

ANSWERS: 8. ferritin, 9. subtypes, 10. squarely, 11. plaster, 12. blueprint, 13. infect, 14. groundbreaking, 15. inject

- 16. For some creatures, carbon \_\_\_\_\_\_ are deadly.
- *n.* a particle of matter that is between 1 and 100 nanometres (nm) in diameter
- 17. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ once lived in the vast palace.
- *n.* the male ruler of an empire
- 18. The nurse \_\_\_\_\_\_ the children in the school.
- *v.* to treat with a vaccine, usually by injection, to produce immunity against a disease
- 19. Mushrooms and \_\_\_\_\_ are fungi.
- *n*. a hollow container used to give shape to liquid or soft substance, which then becomes solid in the same shape as the container; a soft, green, or gray growth that forms on stale food or objects exposed to warm, moist air for too long
- 20. A prime minister talked with a military \_\_\_\_\_ of the country's embassy.
- *n.* a person who works at an embassy, usually having a specialized area of responsibility; a shallow and rectangular briefcase
- 21. The virus produces proteins, including \_\_\_\_\_\_ protein.
  - *n.* a substance, such as a viral protein, which causes agglutination (= the coalescing of small particles) of red blood cells
- 22. Children must be taught to \_\_\_\_\_ our natural environment.
- *v.* to protect something, especially the natural environment or culture, from change, damage, or destruction
- 23. The pandemic \_\_\_\_\_\_ the growth of the airline industry.
  - *v.* to make it difficult for someone to do something; to limit the development of something

ANSWERS: 16. nanoparticles, 17. Emperor, 18. vaccinated, 19. mold, 20. attache, 21. hemagglutinin, 22. conserve, 23. hindered

- 24. Everyone, even non-scholars, knows Einstein's \_\_\_\_\_ contributions to physics.
  - adj. great in importance or influence, size, extent, or solidity; massive

ANSWERS: 24. monumental